SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 1979

91ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE BARTLE.

Read 1st time February 19, 2002, and 1000 copies ordered printed.

TED WEDEL, Chief Clerk

4749L.01I

AN ACT

To repeal sections 64.560, 143.105, 143.106, 143.107, 143.431, 172.273, 211.453, 260.204, 295.180, and 537.053, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections for the purpose of repealing provisions of law declared to be unconstitutional.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 64.560, 143.105, 143.106, 143.107, 143.431, 172.273, 211.453,

- 2 260.204, 295.180, and 537.053, RSMo, are repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu
- 3 thereof, to be known as sections 143.431, 172.273, 211.453, and 537.053, to read as follows:
 - 143.431. 1. The Missouri taxable income of a corporation taxable [under] pursuant to
- 2 sections 143.011 to 143.996 shall be so much of its federal taxable income for the taxable year,
- 3 with the modifications specified in subsections 2 and 3 of this section, as is derived from sources
- 4 within Missouri as provided in section 143.451. The tax of a corporation shall be computed on
- 5 its Missouri taxable income at the rates provided in section 143.071.
- 6 2. There shall be added to or subtracted from federal taxable income, the modifications
- 7 to adjusted gross income provided in section 143.121 and the applicable modifications to
- 8 itemized deductions provided in section 143.141. There shall be subtracted the federal income
- 9 tax deduction provided in section 143.171. There shall be subtracted, to the extent included in
- 10 federal taxable income, corporate dividends from sources within Missouri.
- 3. (1) If an affiliated group of corporations files a consolidated income tax return for the
- 12 taxable year for federal income tax purposes [and fifty percent or more of its income is derived
- 13 from sources within this state as determined in accordance with section 143.451], then it may
- 14 elect to file a Missouri consolidated income tax return. The federal consolidated taxable income

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15 of the electing affiliated group for the taxable year shall be its federal taxable income.

- (2) So long as a federal consolidated income tax return is filed, an election made by an affiliated group of corporations to file a Missouri consolidated income tax return may be withdrawn or revoked only upon substantial change in the law or regulations adversely changing tax liability [under] **pursuant to** this chapter; or, with permission of the director of revenue upon the showing of good cause for such action. After such a withdrawal or revocation with respect to an affiliated group, it may not file a Missouri consolidated income tax return for five years thereafter, except with the approval of the director of revenue, and subject to such terms and conditions as he may prescribe.
- (3) No corporation which is part of an affiliated group of corporations filing a Missouri consolidated income tax return shall be required to file a separate Missouri corporate income tax return for the taxable year.
- (4) For each taxable year an affiliated group of corporations filing a federal consolidated income tax return does not file a Missouri consolidated income tax return, for purposes of computing the Missouri income tax, the federal taxable income of each member of the affiliated group shall be determined as if a separate federal income tax return had been filed by each such member.
- (5) The director of revenue may prescribe such regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter as he may deem necessary in order that the tax liability of any affiliated group of corporations making a Missouri consolidated income tax return, and of each corporation in the group, before, during, and after the period of affiliation, may be returned, determined, computed, assessed, collected, and adjusted, in such manner as clearly to reflect the Missouri taxable income derived from sources within this state and in order to prevent avoidance of such tax liability.
- 172.273. 1. The curators of the University of Missouri may establish research, development and office park projects, in order to promote cooperative relationships and to provide for shared resources between private individuals, companies and corporations, and the University of Missouri, for the advancement of the university in carrying out its educational mission and such projects are declared to be in furtherance of the purposes of the university.
- 2. The curators may, in connection with such projects, enter into written, mutually binding leases or agreements with individuals, businesses, corporations, and professional firms participating in the project for the purpose of expanding business and professional opportunities for students, faculty and graduates of the university and of the area it serves, and for making available to the university the resources and expertise of the business and professional entities participating in the project.
 - 3. The curators may purchase necessary land and may purchase and construct or arrange

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for or permit the construction of any necessary facilities for such projects, may utilize the power 14 of eminent domain, and may in any other manner acquire and accept in the name of the curators 15 of the University of Missouri suitable land and facilities for such projects, and may enter into business arrangements, including long-term leases, for the development thereof. The curators 16 17 may also acquire options upon lands to be purchased. Lands and improvements utilized as a part 18 of such projects, so long as they remain a part of a project, shall not be subject to local zoning 19 or local regulatory ordinances; provided that if the project is located within a city or county, the 20 university is required to consult with the city or county, prior to board of curators' approval of 21 the master development plan or substantial amendments thereto. The city or county plan 22 commission may hold and complete a public hearing on such plan within forty-five days of 23 submission to the city or county and the city or county within fifteen days thereafter may issue 24 its advisory recommendations to the curators. The curators may in their sole discretion require 25 that project development conform to the planning, transportation, environmental, health and 26 safety requirements of such city or county. Interests in property included in such projects may 27 be conveyed as needed, without passage of a concurrent resolution as provided by the provisions 28 of section 172.020. The utilization of the real property, as provided in subsection 1 of this 29 section, is hereby deemed to be a public purpose and in furtherance of the purposes of the university. [Provided such land is owned by the university, no leasehold or other interest therein, 30 31 by whomsoever held, shall be separately assessed or taxed, and such real property as a whole 32 shall be deemed the property of the curators of the University of Missouri and be exempt from 33 all forms of property tax.]

- 4. For the purpose of developing and operating the project, the curators may enter into cooperative agreements, including leases, in the same manner and to the same extent that political subdivisions are authorized to enter into such agreements by the provisions of section 70.220, RSMo.
- 5. Whenever the curators' acquisition of land for such a research, development and office park project will result in displacement, relocation assistance and monetary benefits identical to those provided by subchapter II of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, 42 U.S.C. 4621 et seq., and its implementing regulations shall be afforded to each displaced occupant or entity.
- 6. Notwithstanding the exemption of the curators of the University of Missouri from municipal regulation and the provisions of subsection 3 of this section, any entity acting pursuant to a lease or cooperative agreement with the curators may request that permits, licenses and certificates be issued by a city or county where a project is to be located in order to aid in the construction, operation and financing of such project. Such permits, licenses and certificates may be issued by the city or county after review and approval of plans submitted by an architect or

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49 engineer licensed to practice in the state of Missouri. Any entity may also request that 50 inspections be conducted by such city or county if such activities are normally performed by the 51 city or county in the enforcement of its building code.

- 7. Such doctrines of sovereign and official immunity and the public duty doctrines as now exist for the issuance of permits, licenses, certificates and performance of inspections shall apply to any city, county or official or employee thereof issuing permits, licenses, and certificates or performing inspections pursuant thereto with respect to any claim brought for damages as a result of the wrongful or negligent issuance of such permit, license or certificate or the performance of inspections.
- [8. The exemption from assessment and taxation provided by subsection 3 of this section for leaseholds in property owned by the university in a research park project shall not be available for leases entered into from and after August 28, 1996. Notwithstanding the foregoing and any provision of this section to the contrary, all leaseholds in property in such parks leased by the university to tenants for research, development, office or any other nonrecreational use prior to August 28, 1996, including leaseholds created after August 28, 1996, under options or similar rights which were granted prior to January 1, 1996, shall be exempt from assessment and taxation for the term of such lease, provided that leaseholds in property used for recreational purposes shall be subject to assessment and taxation as determined by the assessor of the local political subdivision, and all lands and improvements in such parks, by whomsoever owned.]
- 211.453. 1. Service of summons shall be made as in other civil cases in the manner prescribed in section 506.150, RSMo. However, if service cannot be made as prescribed in section 506.150, RSMo, and it is not waived, then the service shall be made by mail or publication as provided in section 506.160, RSMo.
 - 2. Persons who shall be summoned and receive a copy of the petition shall include:
- (1) The parent of the child, including a putative father who has acknowledged the child as his own by affirmatively asserting his paternity;
 - (2) The guardian of the person of the child;
 - (3) The person, agency or organization having custody of the child;
- (4) The foster parent, relative or other person with whom the child has been placed; and
- 11 (5) Any other person whose presence the court deems necessary.
- 3. [The court shall not require service in the case of a parent whose identity is unknown and cannot be ascertained, or cannot be located.
- 4.] Any person required to receive summons may waive appearance or service of summons.
- 537.053. 1. Since the repeal of the Missouri Dram Shop Act in 1934 (Laws of 1933-34, extra session, page 77), it has been and continues to be the policy of this state to follow the

3 common law of England, as declared in section 1.010, RSMo, to prohibit dram shop liability and 4 to follow the common law rule that furnishing alcoholic beverages is not the proximate cause 5 of injuries inflicted by intoxicated persons.

- 2. The legislature hereby declares that this section shall be interpreted so that the holdings in cases such as Carver v. Schafer, 647 S.W.2d 570 (Mo. App. 1983); Sampson v. W. F. Enterprises, Inc., 611 S.W.2d 333 (Mo. App. 1980); and Nesbitt v. Westport Square, Ltd., 624 S.W.2d 519 (Mo. App. 1981) be abrogated in favor of prior judicial interpretation finding the consumption of alcoholic beverages, rather than the furnishing of alcoholic beverages, to be the proximate cause of injuries inflicted upon another by an intoxicated person.
 - [3. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2 of this section, a cause of action may be brought by or on behalf of any person who has suffered personal injury or death against any person licensed to sell intoxicating liquor by the drink for consumption on the premises who, pursuant to section 311.310, RSMo, has been convicted, or has received a suspended imposition of the sentence arising from the conviction, of the sale of intoxicating liquor to a person under the age of twenty-one years or an obviously intoxicated person if the sale of such intoxicating liquor is the proximate cause of the personal injury or death sustained by such person.]

[64.560. That nothing herein shall affect the recovery of natural resources by strip or open cut mining; provided that commercial structures shall be permitted in all districts except those zoned for residential or recreational use.]

[143.105. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 143.071, to the contrary, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Missouri taxable income of corporations in an amount equal to five percent of Missouri taxable income.]

- [143.106. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 143.171, to the contrary, a taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for his federal income tax liability under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code for the same taxable year for which the Missouri return is being filed after reduction for all credits thereon, except the credit for payments of federal estimated tax, the credit for the overpayment of any federal tax, and the credits allowed by the Internal Revenue Code by section 31 (tax withheld on wages), section 27 (tax of foreign country and United States possessions), and section 34 (tax on certain uses of gasoline, special fuels, and lubricating oils).
- 2. If a federal income tax liability for a tax year prior to the applicability of sections 143.011 to 143.996 for which he was not previously entitled to a Missouri deduction is later paid or accrued, he may deduct the federal tax in the later year to the extent it would have been deductible if paid or accrued in the prior year.]
- [143.107. 1. Sections 143.105 and 143.106 shall become effective only if the question prescribed in subsection 2 of this section is submitted to a statewide vote and a majority of the qualified voters voting on the issue approve such question, and not otherwise.
- 2. If the supreme court of Missouri does not affirm in whole or in part the decision in the case of COMMITTEE FOR EDUCATION EQUALITY, et al., v.

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STATE OF MISSOURI, et al., No. CV 190-1371CC, and LEE'S SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT R-VII, et al., v. STATE OF MISSOURI, et al., No. CV 190-510CC, a statewide election shall be held on the first regularly scheduled statewide election date after such a ruling at which an election can be held pursuant to chapter 115, RSMo. At such election the qualified voters of this state shall vote on the question of whether the taxes prescribed in sections 143.105 and 143.106 shall be applied to all taxable years beginning on or after the date of such election and not otherwise. If the voters approve such question, sections 160.500 to 160.538, sections 160.545 and 160.550, sections 161.099 and 161.610, RSMo, sections 162.203 and 162.1010, RSMo, section 163.023, RSMo, sections 166.275 and 166.300, RSMo, section 170.254, RSMo, section 173.750, RSMo, and sections 178.585 and 178.698, RSMo, shall expire thirty days after certification of the results of the election.]

[260.204. No person shall be issued a permit to operate a facility for the treatment of infectious waste who in 1987 received a clean air permit and thereafter operated a facility for the treatment of infectious waste by incineration without applying for and receiving a permit as a solid waste processing facility permitted pursuant to section 260.203 or a hazardous waste facility permitted pursuant to sections 260.350 to 260.430.]

[295.180. 1. Should either the utility or its employees refuse to accept and abide by the recommendations made pursuant to the provisions of this chapter and as a result thereof the effective operation of a public utility be threatened or interrupted, or should either party in a labor dispute between a utility and its employees, after having given sixty days' notice thereof, or failing to give such notice, engage in any strike, work stoppage or lockout which, in the opinion of the governor, will result in the failure to continue the operation of the public utility, and threatens the public interest, health and welfare, or in the event that neither side has given notice to the other of an intention to seek a change in working conditions, and there occurs a lockout, strike or work stoppage which, in the opinion of the governor, threatens to impair the operation of the utility so as to interfere with the public interest, health and welfare, then and in that case he is authorized to take immediate possession of the plant, equipment or facility for the use and operation by the state of Missouri in the public interest.

2. Such power and authority may be exercised by the governor through such department or agency of the government as he may designate and may be exercised after his investigation and proclamation that there is a threatened or actual interruption of the operation of such public utility as the result of a labor dispute, a threatened or actual strike, a lockout or other labor disturbance, and that the public interest, health and welfare are jeopardized, and that the exercise of such authority is necessary to insure the operation of such public utility; provided, that whenever such public utility, its plant, equipment or facility has been or is thereafter so taken by reason of a strike, lockout, threatened strike, threatened lockout, work stoppage or slowdown, or other cause, such utility, plant, equipment or facility shall be returned to the owners thereof as soon as practicable after the settlement of said labor

26	dispute, and it shall thereupon be the duty of such utility to continue the operation of
27	the plant facility, or equipment in accordance with its franchise and certificate of
28	public convenience and necessity.]