COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

<u>L.R. No.</u>: 4015-03

Bill No.: SCS for HCS for HB 1182

Subject: Insurance Dept.; Taxation and Revenue - General

<u>Type</u>: Original

<u>Date</u>: March 8, 2004

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON STATE FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	
Total Estimated Net Effect on All State Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

This fiscal note contains 7 pages.

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ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Officials from the **Department of Economic Development** and **Department of Agriculture** assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their organizations.

Officials from the **Office of State Treasurer (STO)** assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their organization. However, the STO defers to the Office of Administration for the impact the proposal may have on the state.

Officials from the **Office of Administration - Division of Budget and Planning (BAP)** provide the following assumptions for the proposal:

148.330.2: Brings the County Stock Insurance Fund back into the State Treasury. This could impact total state revenue. This fund receives approximately \$5 million per year plus earned interest.

148.330.4: Holds any county treasurer and school district in which the principal office of the company paying premiums is located, harmless from utilization of new generation cooperative and agricultural product utilization tax credits in addition to certified capitol company (CAPCO) tax credits.

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<u>ASSUMPTION</u> (continued)

348.430.3: Establishes January 1, 1999 and all years thereafter as eligible to claim tax credits on a quarterly basis. This could increase utilization of tax credits and reduce general revenue.

348.430.4 Allows for the immediate use of tax credits by a contributor and allows for tax credits to be carried back three years. This could generate refunds of general revenue which could be substantial (in excess of \$1 million).

348.432.4: Adds eligible new generation processing entity or Limited Liability Corporations (LLC) to those cooperatives that participate in the new generation cooperative tax credit program. Also, allows for utilization of tax credits on a quarterly basis. (See impact above) This section also allows insurance companies who pay premiums instead of corporate taxes to participate in the program.

Oversight assumes this proposal has no net impact on the state since the proposal does not increase or reduce the amount of tax credits available.

Officials from the **Department of Revenue (DOR)** provide the following assumptions related to the administrative impact of the proposal on their organization:

Corporate Tax -

Section 348.430 will allow the Agricultural Products Utilization Contributor tax credit to be used to offset quarterly estimated tax payments. DOR already allows this procedure; therefore, there is no fiscal impact. The section was also changed to allow the credit to be claimed in the initial year of contribution or in a carry-back year. The credit will no longer have to be utilized first in the year of contribution. This will be a change to DOR procedures. Changes to forms and programming will be needed.

Section 348.432 will allow the New Generation Cooperative Incentive tax credit to be used to offset quarterly estimated tax payments. DOR already allows this procedure; therefore, there is no fiscal impact. The section was also changed to allow the credit to be claimed in the initial year of contribution or in a carry-back year. The credit will no longer have to be utilized first in the year of contribution. This will be a change to DOR procedures. Changes to forms and programming will be needed.

It is estimated that 173 hours of programming (\$5,771) will be needed to change the computer systems to handle the implementation of this proposal.

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<u>ASSUMPTION</u> (continued)

Insurance Tax -

Section 148.330.4 adds Agricultural Product Utilization Credit and New Generation Cooperative Credit to the list of Insurance Tax credits that will not affect the distribution amounts to the schools. In addition, now the county treasurers are also to be held harmless.

This will require programming to the Insurance Tax system both by DOR and the Division of Insurance. Forms will also need to be revised. Programming should be minimal or approximately 87 hours at a cost of \$2,902.

Therefore, the DOR estimates the total fiscal impact of this proposal to be one-time programming and form changes costs of \$8,673.

Oversight assumes the DOR could absorb these minimal costs within current funding levels.

Officials from the **Department of Insurance (INS)** state currently the tax credits are allowed to be taken annually and are applied against the County Stock Fund. No funds collected in the county stock fund are deposited into General Revenue (GR). All funds are distributed to the county treasurer and school district in which the principal office of the company is located. This change shifts the liability of the tax credits to GR, which previously was not impacted by the redeemed credits against County Stock Funds.

In 2002, there were no agricultural, new generation cooperative or new generation processing entity tax credits taken against the County Stock Fund. In 2001, there were \$303,633 in agricultural utilization credits taken by county stock companies. Legislation allows these tax credits to now immediately apply to three prior tax years. The INS anticipates, at a minimum, an amount equal to that used in 2001 would be used against prior tax years. This would create a tax liability to General Revenue of approximately \$300,000, which had not been calculated before. The INS also anticipates that future tax burdens would be increased to General Revenue. It is anticipated that more entities would purchase and use these tax credits if allowed to take them against quarterly taxes. The fiscal impact is estimated at a range of \$300,000 loss of revenue to GR to an unknown loss of revenue to GR. The State would also lose interest earned on premium tax collected through the year if credits are allowed on a quarterly basis.

The INS would require contract computer programming of \$54,400 (640 hours @ \$84/hour) to make modifications to the premium tax system so credits could be processed quarterly.

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<u>ASSUMPTION</u> (continued)

Oversight assumes this proposal has no net impact on the state since the proposal does not increase or reduce the amount of tax credits available. Also, **Oversight** assumes that a small number of insurance companies would claim the tax credits quarterly. INS could absorb costs related to this proposal by maintaining a manual or personal computer based system for the insurance companies that take the tax credits rather than reprogramming their system. Should more than a few insurance companies take the quarterly tax credit or should other existing premium tax credits be allowed to be taken quarterly, the INS could request additional funding through the appropriation process.

This proposal may increase Total State Revenue. As of July 1, 2004, the County Stock Fund will be included in the calculation of Total State Revenue.

FISCAL IMPACT - State Government	FY 2005 (10 Mo.)	FY 2006	FY 2007
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government	FY 2005 (10 Mo.)	FY 2006	FY 2007
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

DESCRIPTION

This proposal allows the following tax credits to be taken against estimated quarterly taxes paid:

- (1) Credits for investments in eligible new generation cooperatives or eligible new generation processing entities; and
- (2) Credits received for contributions to the Agricultural Product Utilization Grant Fund.

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DESCRIPTION (continued)

The proposal adds eligible new generation cooperatives, eligible new generation processing entities, and agricultural product utilization contributor tax credits to the restriction that the tax credits taken against insurance premiums will not reduce moneys transferred to the county stock insurance fund.

The proposal decreases the required number of employees in an employee-qualified capital project from 100 to 60 for investors to receive a New Generation Cooperative Incentive Tax Credit.

The proposal provides that for all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2004, the county stock insurance fund will be included in the calculation of total state revenue.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Department of Agriculture
Office of Administration Division of Budget and Planning
Department of Economic Development
Department of Revenue
Department of Insurance
Office of State Treasurer

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