HOUSE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 968

AND

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 969

AN ACT

2 To repeal sections 105.454, 160.254, 160.261, 3 160.570, 162.081, 162.261, 163.031, 163.036, 165.301, 167.020, 167.031, 167.051, 167.171, 4 5 168.110, 168.124, 168.126, 168.211, 168.515, 6 172.360, 209.321, 210.145, 302.272, and 7 393.310, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof 8 thirty-one new sections relating to 9 elementary and secondary education, with 10 penalty provisions and an emergency clause 11 for certain sections.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

14Section A.Sections 105.454, 160.254, 160.261, 160.570,15162.081, 162.261, 163.031, 163.036, 165.301, 167.020, 167.031,

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in boldface type in the above law is new proposed language.

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1 167.051, 167.171, 168.110, 168.124, 168.126, 168.211, 168.515, 2 172.360, 209.321, 210.145, 302.272, and 393.310, RSMo, are 3 repealed and thirty-one new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 105.454, 160.254, 160.261, 160.570, 161.089, 4 5 161.209, 162.032, 162.081, 162.261, 163.031, 163.036, 165.301, 167.020, 167.031, 167.051, 167.052, 167.166, 167.171, 168.110, 6 7 168.124, 168.126, 168.211, 168.515, 172.360, 209.321, 210.145, 302.272, 393.310, 1, 2, and 3, to read as follows: 8

9 105.454. No elected or appointed official or employee of 10 the state or any political subdivision thereof, serving in an 11 executive or administrative capacity, shall:

12 Perform any service for any agency of the state, or for (1)13 any political subdivision thereof in which he or she is an 14 officer or employee or over which he or she has supervisory power 15 for receipt or payment of any compensation, other than of the 16 compensation provided for the performance of his or her official 17 duties, in excess of five hundred dollars per transaction or one 18 thousand five hundred dollars per annum, or in the case of a 19 school board five thousand dollars per annum, except on 20 transactions made pursuant to an award on a contract let or sale 21 made after public notice and competitive bidding, provided that the bid or offer is the lowest received. 22

23 (2) Sell, rent or lease any property to any agency of the
24 state, or to any political subdivision thereof in which he or she

1 is an officer or employee or over which he or she has supervisory 2 power and received consideration therefor in excess of five 3 hundred dollars per transaction or one thousand five hundred dollars per year, or in the case of a school board five thousand 4 5 dollars per annum, unless the transaction is made pursuant to an award on a contract let or sale made after public notice and in 6 7 the case of property other than real property, competitive bidding, provided that the bid or offer accepted is the lowest 8 received; 9

10 (3) Participate in any matter, directly or indirectly, in which he or she attempts to influence any decision of any agency 11 of the state, or political subdivision thereof in which he or she 12 13 is an officer or employee or over which he or she has supervisory power, when he or she knows the result of such decision may be 14 15 the acceptance of the performance of a service or the sale, 16 rental, or lease of any property to that agency for consideration 17 in excess of five hundred dollars' value per transaction or one thousand five hundred dollars' value per annum to him or her, to 18 19 his or her spouse, to a dependent child in his or her custody or 20 to any business with which he or she is associated unless the 21 transaction is made pursuant to an award on a contract let or 22 sale made after public notice and in the case of property other 23 than real property, competitive bidding, provided that the bid or offer accepted is the lowest received; 24

1 (4) Perform any services during the time of his or her 2 office or employment for any consideration from any person, firm 3 or corporation, other than the compensation provided for the 4 performance of his or her official duties, by which service he or 5 she attempts to influence a decision of any agency of the state, 6 or of any political subdivision in which he or she is an officer 7 or employee or over which he or she has supervisory power;

(5) Perform any service for consideration, during one year 8 after termination of his or her office or employment, by which 9 10 performance he or she attempts to influence a decision of any agency of the state, or a decision of any political subdivision 11 in which he or she was an officer or employee or over which he or 12 13 she had supervisory power, except that this provision shall not be construed to prohibit any person from performing such service 14 15 and receiving compensation therefor, in any adversary proceeding 16 or in the preparation or filing of any public document or to 17 prohibit an employee of the executive department from being 18 employed by any other department, division or agency of the 19 executive branch of state government. For purposes of this 20 subdivision, within ninety days after assuming office, the 21 governor shall by executive order designate those members of his 22 or her staff who have supervisory authority over each department, 23 division or agency of state government for purposes of application of this subdivision. The executive order shall be 24

amended within ninety days of any change in the supervisory assignments of the governor's staff. The governor shall designate not less than three staff members pursuant to this subdivision;

5 (6) Perform any service for any consideration for any 6 person, firm or corporation after termination of his or her 7 office or employment in relation to any case, decision, 8 proceeding or application with respect to which he or she was 9 directly concerned or in which he or she personally participated 10 during the period of his or her service or employment.

160.254. 1. There is hereby established a joint committee 11 12 of the general assembly, which shall be known as the "Joint Committee on Education", which shall be composed of [five] seven 13 14 members of the senate and [five] seven members of the house of The senate members of the committee shall be 15 representatives. 16 appointed by the president pro tem of the senate and the house 17 members by the speaker of the house.

2. The committee [shall only] <u>may</u> meet and function in [the year 1988 and each fourth year thereafter. Members shall be appointed on the first day of the legislative session in January of every year in which the committee is to meet and function, and shall serve for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year] <u>any year that the president pro tem of the senate</u> and the speaker of the house of representatives appoint members

to serve on the committee. In the event of three consecutive
 absences on the part of any member, such member may be removed
 from the committee.

3. The committee shall [be first convened ten days after
its appointment and shall] select either a chairman or
cochairmen, one of whom shall be a member of the senate and one a
member of the house. A majority of the members shall constitute
a quorum. Meetings of the committee may be called at such time
and place as the chairman or chairmen designate.

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4. The committee shall:

11 (1) Review and monitor the progress of education in the 12 state's public schools;

13 (2) Receive reports from the commissioner of education14 concerning the public schools;

15 (3) Conduct a study and analysis of the public school16 system;

17 (4) Make recommendations to the general assembly for
 18 legislative action; and

19 <u>(5) Conduct an in-depth study concerning all issues</u>

20 <u>relating to the equity and adequacy of the distribution of state</u>

21 <u>school aid, teachers' salaries, funding for school buildings, and</u>

22 <u>overall funding levels for schools and any other education</u>

23 <u>funding-related issues the committee deems relevant</u>.

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5. The committee may make reasonable requests for staff

1 assistance from the research and appropriations staffs of the 2 house and senate and the committee on legislative research, as 3 well as the department of elementary and secondary education [and], the department of higher education, the coordinating board 4 for higher education, the state tax commission, all school 5 districts and other political subdivisions of this state, б teachers and teacher groups, business and other commercial 7 interests and any other interested persons. 8

9 6. Members of the committee shall receive no compensation 10 but may be reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses 11 associated with the performance of their official duties.

12 160.261. 1. The local board of education of each school 13 district shall clearly establish a written policy of discipline, 14 including the district's determination on the use of corporal 15 punishment and the procedures in which punishment will be 16 applied. A written copy of the district's discipline policy and corporal punishment procedures, if applicable, shall be provided 17 18 to the pupil and parent or legal guardian of every pupil enrolled 19 in the district at the beginning of each school year and also made available in the office of the superintendent of such 20 district, during normal business hours, for public inspection. 21 22 All employees of the district shall annually receive instruction 23 related to the specific contents of the policy of discipline and 24 any interpretations necessary to implement the provisions of the

policy in the course of their duties, including but not limited to approved methods of dealing with acts of school violence, disciplining students with disabilities and instruction in the necessity and requirements for confidentiality.

5 The policy shall require school administrators to report 2. acts of school violence to teachers and other school district 6 7 employees with a need to know. For the purposes of this chapter or chapter 167, RSMo, "need to know" is defined as school 8 9 personnel who are directly responsible for the student's 10 education or who otherwise interact with the student on a 11 professional basis while acting within the scope of their 12 assigned duties. As used in this section, the phrase "act of 13 school violence" or "violent behavior" means the exertion of physical force by a student with the intent to do serious 14 15 physical injury as defined in subdivision (6) of section 565.002, 16 RSMo, to another person while on school property, including a 17 school bus in service on behalf of the district, or while 18 involved in school activities. The policy shall at a minimum 19 require school administrators to report, as soon as reasonably 20 practical, to the appropriate law enforcement agency any of the 21 following felonies, or any act which if committed by an adult would be one of the following felonies: 22

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(1) First degree murder under section 565.020, RSMo;(2) Second degree murder under section 565.021, RSMo;

Kidnapping under section 565.110, RSMo; 1 (3) First degree assault under section 565.050, RSMo; 2 (4) Forcible rape under section 566.030, RSMo; 3 (5) Forcible sodomy under section 566.060, RSMo; 4 (6) 5 Burglary in the first degree under section 569.160, (7) RSMo; 6 7 (8) Burglary in the second degree under section 569.170, RSMo; 8 9 (9) Robbery in the first degree under section 569.020, 10 RSMo; 11 Distribution of drugs under section 195.211, RSMo; (10)Distribution of drugs to a minor under section 12 (11)13 195.212, RSMo; Arson in the first degree under section 569.040, RSMo; 14 (12)15 Voluntary manslaughter under section 565.023, RSMo; (13)16 Involuntary manslaughter under section 565.024, RSMo; (14)17 (15) Second degree assault under section 565.060, RSMo; 18 Sexual assault under section 566.040, RSMo; (16) 19 (17)Felonious restraint under section 565.120, RSMo; 20 (18) Property damage in the first degree under section 569.100, RSMo; 21 22 The possession of a weapon under chapter 571, RSMo; (19)23 Child molestation in the first degree pursuant to (20) 24 section 566.067, RSMo;

(21) Deviate sexual assault pursuant to section 566.070,
 RSMo;

3 (22) Sexual misconduct involving a child pursuant to
4 section 566.083, RSMo; or

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(23) Sexual abuse pursuant to section 566.100, RSMo;

б committed on school property, including but not limited to 7 actions on any school bus in service on behalf of the district or while involved in school activities. The policy shall require 8 9 that any portion of a student's individualized education program that is related to demonstrated or potentially violent behavior 10 shall be provided to any teacher and other school district 11 12 employees who are directly responsible for the student's 13 education or who otherwise interact with the student on an 14 educational basis while acting within the scope of their assigned 15 duties. The policy shall also contain the consequences of 16 failure to obey standards of conduct set by the local board of 17 education, and the importance of the standards to the maintenance 18 of an atmosphere where orderly learning is possible and 19 encouraged.

3. The policy shall provide that any student who is on
 suspension for any of the offenses listed in subsection 2 of this
 section or any act of violence or drug-related activity defined
 by school district policy as a serious violation of school

1 discipline pursuant to subsection 9 of this section shall have as 2 a condition of his or her suspension the requirement that such student is not allowed, while on such suspension, to be within 3 one thousand feet of any public school in the school district 4 5 where such student attended school unless: (1) Such student is under the direct supervision of the 6 7 student's parent, legal guardian, or custodian; (2) Such student is under the direct supervision of another 8 adult designated by the student's parent, legal quardian, or 9 custodian, in advance, in writing, to the principal of the school 10 11 which suspended the student; (3) Such student is in an alternative school that is 12 13 located within one thousand feet of a public school in the school district where such student attended school; or 14 15 (4) Such student resides within one thousand feet of any 16 public school in the school district where such student attended 17 school in which case such student may be on the property of his 18 or her residence without direct adult supervision. 19 4. Any student who violates the condition of suspension 20 required pursuant to subsection 3 of this section may be subject to expulsion or further suspension pursuant to the provisions of 21 sections 167.161, 167.164, and 167.171, RSMo. In making this 22 23 determination consideration shall be given to whether the student poses a threat to the safety of any child or school employee and 24

whether such student's unsupervised presence within one thousand
 feet of the school is disruptive to the educational process or
 undermines the effectiveness of the school's disciplinary policy.
 Removal of any pupil who is a student with a disability is
 subject to state and federal procedural rights.

6 [3.] <u>5.</u> The policy shall provide for a suspension for a 7 period of not less than one year, or expulsion, for a student who 8 is determined to have brought a weapon to school, including but 9 not limited to the school playground or the school parking lot, 10 brought a weapon on a school bus or brought a weapon to a school 11 activity whether on or off of the school property in violation of 12 district policy, except that:

(1) The superintendent, or in a school district with no
high school, the principal of the school which such child attends
may modify such suspension on a case-by-case basis; and

16 (2) This section shall not prevent the school district from
 17 providing educational services in an alternative setting to a
 18 student suspended under the provisions of this section.

19 [4.] <u>6.</u> For the purpose of this section, the term "weapon" 20 shall mean a firearm as defined under 18 U.S.C. 921 and the 21 following items, as defined in section 571.010, RSMo: a 22 blackjack, a concealable firearm, an explosive weapon, a firearm, 23 a firearm silencer, a gas gun, a knife, knuckles, a machine gun, 24 a projectile weapon, a rifle, a shotgun, a spring gun or a

switchblade knife; except that this section shall not be construed to prohibit a school board from adopting a policy to allow a Civil War reenactor to carry a Civil War era weapon on school property for educational purposes so long as the firearm is unloaded. The local board of education shall define weapon in the discipline policy. Such definition shall include the weapons defined in this subsection but may also include other weapons.

8 [5.] 7. All school district personnel responsible for the 9 care and supervision of students are authorized to hold every 10 pupil strictly accountable for any disorderly conduct in school 11 or on any property of the school, on any school bus going to or 12 returning from school, during school-sponsored activities, or 13 during intermission or recess periods.

14 [6.] <u>8.</u> Teachers and other authorized district personnel in public schools responsible for the care, supervision, and 15 16 discipline of schoolchildren, including volunteers selected with 17 reasonable care by the school district, shall not be civilly 18 liable when acting in conformity with the established policy of 19 discipline developed by each board under this section, or when 20 reporting to his or her supervisor or other person as mandated by state law, acts of school violence or threatened acts of school 21 22 violence, within the course and scope of the duties of the 23 teacher, authorized district personnel or volunteer, when such 24 individual is acting in conformity with the established policies

developed by the board. Nothing in this section shall be
 construed to create a new cause of action against such school
 district, or to relieve the school district from liability for
 the negligent acts of such persons.

5 [7.] 9. Each school board shall define in its discipline policy acts of violence and any other acts that constitute a 6 serious violation of that policy. Acts of violence as defined by 7 school boards shall include but not be limited to exertion of 8 9 physical force by a student with the intent to do serious bodily 10 harm to another person while on school property, including a 11 school bus in service on behalf of the district, or while 12 involved in school activities. School districts shall for each 13 student enrolled in the school district compile and maintain 14 records of any serious violation of the district's discipline 15 policy. Such records shall be made available to teachers and 16 other school district employees with a need to know while acting within the scope of their assigned duties, and shall be provided 17 18 as required in section 167.020, RSMo, to any school district in which the student subsequently attempts to enroll. 19

[8.] <u>10.</u> Spanking, when administered by certificated
personnel of a school district in a reasonable manner in
accordance with the local board of education's written policy of
discipline, is not abuse within the meaning of chapter 210, RSMo.
The provisions of sections 210.110 to 210.165, RSMo,

notwithstanding, the division of family services shall not have 1 jurisdiction over or investigate any report of alleged child 2 3 abuse arising out of or related to any spanking administered in a reasonable manner by any certificated school personnel pursuant 4 5 to a written policy of discipline established by the board of education of the school district. Upon receipt of any reports of 6 7 child abuse by the division of family services pursuant to sections 210.110 to 210.165, RSMo, which allegedly involves 8 personnel of a school district, the division of family services 9 10 shall notify the superintendent of schools of the district or, if 11 the person named in the alleged incident is the superintendent of schools, the president of the school board of the school district 12 13 where the alleged incident occurred. If, after an initial investigation, the superintendent of schools or the president of 14 15 the school board finds that the report involves an alleged 16 incident of child abuse other than the administration of a 17 spanking by certificated school personnel pursuant to a written policy of discipline or a report made for the sole purpose of 18 19 harassing a public school employee, the superintendent of schools 20 or the president of the school board shall immediately refer the matter back to the division of family services and take no 21 further action. In all matters referred back to the division of 22 23 family services, the division of family services shall treat the report in the same manner as other reports of alleged child abuse 24

received by the division. If the report pertains to an alleged 1 2 incident which arose out of or is related to a spanking administered by certificated personnel of a school district 3 pursuant to a written policy of discipline or a report made for 4 5 the sole purpose of harassing a public school employee, a notification of the reported child abuse shall be sent by the 6 7 superintendent of schools or the president of the school board to the juvenile officer of the county in which the alleged incident 8 9 occurred. The report shall be jointly investigated by the 10 juvenile officer or a law enforcement officer designated by the 11 juvenile officer and the superintendent of schools or, if the subject of the report is the superintendent of schools, by the 12 13 juvenile officer or a law enforcement officer designated by the juvenile officer and the president of the school board or such 14 15 president's designee. The investigation shall begin no later 16 than forty-eight hours after notification from the division of 17 family services is received, and shall consist of, but need not 18 be limited to, interviewing and recording statements of the child 19 and the child's parents or quardian within two working days after 20 the start of the investigation, of the school district personnel allegedly involved in the report, and of any witnesses to the 21 alleged incident. The juvenile officer or a law enforcement 22 23 officer designated by the juvenile officer and the investigating school district personnel shall issue separate reports of their 24

1 findings and recommendations after the conclusion of the investigation to the school board of the school district within 2 3 seven days after receiving notice from the division of family The reports shall contain a statement of conclusion as 4 services. to whether the report of alleged child abuse is substantiated or 5 is unsubstantiated. The school board shall consider the separate 6 7 reports and shall issue its findings and conclusions and the action to be taken, if any, within seven days after receiving the 8 last of the two reports. The findings and conclusions shall be 9 10 made in substantially the following form:

(1) The report of the alleged child abuse is unsubstantiated. The juvenile officer or a law enforcement officer designated by the juvenile officer and the investigating school board personnel agree that the evidence shows that no abuse occurred;

16 (2) The report of the alleged child abuse is substantiated.
17 The juvenile officer or a law enforcement officer designated by
18 the juvenile officer and the investigating school district
19 personnel agree that the evidence is sufficient to support a
20 finding that the alleged incident of child abuse did occur;

(3) The issue involved in the alleged incident of child
abuse is unresolved. The juvenile officer or a law enforcement
officer designated by the juvenile officer and the investigating
school personnel are unable to agree on their findings and

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conclusions on the alleged incident.

2 [9.] 11. The findings and conclusions of the school board 3 shall be sent to the division of family services. If the findings and conclusions of the school board are that the report 4 5 of the alleged child abuse is unsubstantiated, the investigation shall be terminated, the case closed, and no record shall be 6 entered in the division of family services' central registry. 7 Ιf the findings and conclusions of the school board are that the 8 9 report of the alleged child abuse is substantiated, the division of family services shall report the incident to the prosecuting 10 11 attorney of the appropriate county along with the findings and 12 conclusions of the school district and shall include the 13 information in the division's central registry. If the findings 14 and conclusions of the school board are that the issue involved 15 in the alleged incident of child abuse is unresolved, the 16 division of family services shall report the incident to the 17 prosecuting attorney of the appropriate county along with the 18 findings and conclusions of the school board, however, the incident and the names of the parties allegedly involved shall 19 not be entered into the central registry of the division of 20 family services unless and until the alleged child abuse is 21 22 substantiated by a court of competent jurisdiction.

[10.] <u>12.</u> Any superintendent of schools, president of a
school board or such person's designee or juvenile officer who

1 knowingly falsifies any report of any matter pursuant to this
2 section or who knowingly withholds any information relative to
3 any investigation or report pursuant to this section is guilty of
4 a class A misdemeanor.

5 <u>13.</u> In order to ensure the safety of all students, should a 6 student be expelled for bringing a weapon to school, violent 7 behavior, or for an act of school violence, that student shall 8 not, for the purposes of the accreditation process of the 9 Missouri school improvement plan, be considered a dropout or be 10 included in the calculation of that district's educational 11 persistence ratio.

12 160.570. <u>1.</u> Nothing in this section or section 105.1209, 13 RSMo, shall be construed to affect or limit any state agency's 14 authority regarding professional registration, licensing or 15 issuance of professional certificates, nor shall this section be 16 construed to limit or affect the authority of the state board of 17 education to examine applicants and issue high school equivalency 18 certificates[; except that].

2. The school board of each school district shall establish
 a written policy on student participation in statewide
 assessments. The policy shall be provided to each student and
 the parent, guardian or other person responsible for every
 student under eighteen years of age at the beginning of each
 school year and a copy of the policy shall be maintained in the

district office and shall be available for viewing by the public during business hours of the district office. [The policy] <u>A</u> <u>school board</u> may establish a [system of rewards and punishments] <u>policy</u> designed to encourage students to give their best efforts on each portion of any statewide assessment established pursuant to section 160.518, RSMo, which may include but is not limited to <u>incentives or supplementary work as a consequence of performance</u>.

8 <u>3.</u> In no case shall the state board of education or any 9 other state agency establish any single test or group of tests as 10 a condition or requirement for high school graduation or as a 11 requirement for a state-approved diploma.

12 <u>161.089.</u> 1. The Missouri school improvement program or 13 <u>successor accreditation program shall not use a scoring rubric on</u> 14 <u>performance that requires a score for Parents as Teachers; except</u> 15 <u>that, if on review deficiencies are noted, such deficiencies</u> 16 shall be listed as an area of concern.

17 2. The scoring rubric for advanced placement courses in the 18 Missouri school improvement program or successor accreditation 19 program shall recognize the difficulty of providing such courses in districts that have a sparse population. The department of 20 21 elementary and secondary education shall develop such a rubric, 22 taking into account population density in districts and localized 23 teacher shortages in academic specializations, and differentially rewarding districts for accomplishing delivery of such courses 24

through electronic media under such circumstances.

2	161.209. The department of elementary and secondary
3	education has an affirmative duty to seek comment on its rules,
4	regulations, and policies after their final approval or
5	implementation. The department shall undertake such review on
6	existing rules, regulations, and policies on an ad hoc, periodic
7	basis with a priority given to such rules, regulations, and
8	policies that could successfully be revised without affecting
9	student achievement to accommodate periods when there is no
10	increase in the appropriation for basic state aid funding
11	pursuant to section 163.031, RSMo, from one fiscal year to the
12	next or when withholdings of appropriated funds result in a
13	situation equivalent to no increase in such appropriation.
14	162.032. If a school district is annexed to an existing
15	district or divided into two or more districts by a vote of the
16	citizens, or is dissolved under the lapse procedures in section
17	162.081, court action, or any other authority of Missouri or
18	federal laws, the successor school district shall become
19	responsible for ensuring access to continuation of health
20	insurance coverage for retired teachers and employees of the
21	district if the original district offers health insurance
22	coverage to its retirees at the time of its loss of corporate
23	structure. If an original district is divided into multiple
24	successor districts, such responsibility shall be assigned to the

1 successor district with the largest eligible pupil count in the 2 most recently completed school year.

3 162.081. 1. Whenever any school district in this state fails or refuses in any school year to provide for the minimum 4 5 school term required by section 163.021, RSMo, or is classified unaccredited for two successive school years by the state board 6 7 of education, its corporate organization shall lapse. The corporate organization of any school district that is classified 8 9 as unaccredited shall lapse on June thirtieth of the second full 10 school year of such unaccredited classification after the school year during which the unaccredited classification is initially 11 12 assigned, or at a later date as determined by the state board of 13 education under the circumstances described in subsection 2 of this section. 14

15 2. If a school district which has been declared 16 unaccredited achieves provisional accreditation within the 17 initial time period before lapse as stated in subsection 1 of this section, the state board of education may establish a 18 19 subsequent date, not earlier than one full school year nor more 20 than two full school years after the date on which the district achieves provisional accreditation, after which the provisionally 21 accredited district shall lapse unless it achieves full 22 23 accreditation before the date set by the state board for lapse. 3. Except as provided in subsection 13 of this section, 24

1 the territory theretofore embraced within any district that 2 lapses pursuant to this section or any portion thereof may be 3 attached to any district for school purposes by the state board of education[; but no school district, except a district 4 5 classified as unaccredited pursuant to section 163.023, RSMo, and section 160.538, RSMo, shall lapse where provision is lawfully 6 made for the attendance of the pupils of the district at another 7 school district that is classified as provisionally accredited or 8 9 accredited by the state board of education].

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[2. Prior to or at the time any school district in this state shall lapse, but]

12 4. After the school district has been classified as 13 unaccredited but no later than sixty days after the date upon which the district was classified as unaccredited, the department 14 15 of elementary and secondary education shall conduct a public hearing that includes district officials at a location in the 16 17 unaccredited school district for purposes that include, but are 18 not limited to, explaining the technical assistance that the 19 department is prepared to offer the district, to take public 20 comments on the district's preliminary plans to return to 21 accredited status, and to provide information to the patrons of 22 the district regarding the continuation of the educational programs within the district. The hearing site shall be selected 23 24 by the department to accommodate as many participants as may

reasonably be expected. The hearing shall be held at a time that 1 2 permits the largest possible participation of parents and 3 teachers. The notice for the hearing shall be given pursuant to the requirements of chapter 610, RSMo, for open meetings, and in 4 5 addition the department and the district shall take reasonable steps to ensure that notice includes at least one television and 6 7 one radio public service announcement and one posting in a newspaper of general circulation in the district. [The purpose of 8 9 the hearing shall be to:

10 (1) Review any plan by the district to return to accredited 11 status; or

12 (2) Offer any technical assistance that can be provided to13 the district.

14 3.] <u>5.</u> Except as otherwise provided in section 162.1100, [in a metropolitan school district or an urban school district 15 containing most or all of a city with a population greater than 16 17 three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and in any other school district if the local board of education does not anticipate a 18 19 return to accredited status,] the state board of education may 20 appoint a special administrative board to [supervise] monitor the 21 financial operations, maintain and preserve the financial assets 22 or, if warranted, continue operation of the educational programs 23 within the district or what provisions might otherwise be made in 24 the best interest of the education of the children of the

1 district. The special administrative board shall consist of two 2 persons who are residents of the school district, who shall serve without compensation, and a professional administrator, who shall 3 be a resident of Missouri or shall establish a residence in 4 Missouri within ninety days of appointment and shall chair the 5 board and [shall] be compensated, as determined by the state 6 board of education, in whole or in part with funds from the 7 district. A majority of the members of a special administrative 8 9 board shall be deemed to have standing in a court of competent 10 jurisdiction to enjoin any action of the school board of the 11 unaccredited district to prevent wastage of the assets of the 12 <u>district.</u>

[4.] <u>6.</u> Upon lapse of the district, the state board of
education may:

(1) Appoint a special administrative board, if such a board
has not already been appointed, and authorize the special
administrative board to retain the authority granted to a board
of education for the operation of all or part of the district;

19 (2) <u>Within the limits prescribed in subsection 13 of this</u>
 20 <u>section</u>, attach the territory of the lapsed district to another
 21 district or districts for school purposes; [or]

(3) Establish one or more school districts within the
territory of the lapsed district, with a governance structure
consistent with the laws applicable to districts of a similar

size, with the option of permitting a district to remain intact 1 2 for the purposes of assessing, collecting, and distributing 3 property taxes, to be distributed equitably on a per eligible pupil basis, but to be divided for operational purposes, which 4 5 shall take effect sixty days after the adjournment of the regular session of the general assembly next following the state board's 6 7 decision unless a statute or concurrent resolution is enacted to nullify the state board's decision prior to such effective date; 8 9 or

10 (4) Continue operation of the school district under the
 11 existing governance structure under terms and conditions
 12 established by the state board of education.

13 <u>7.</u> The special administrative board may retain the 14 authority granted to a board of education for the operation of 15 the lapsed school district under the laws of the state in effect 16 at the time of the lapse.

17 [5.] 8. The authority of the special administrative board 18 shall expire at the end of the third full school year following its appointment, unless extended by the state board of education. 19 If the lapsed district is reassigned, the special administrative 20 board shall provide an accounting of all funds, assets and 21 22 liabilities of the lapsed district and transfer such funds, 23 assets, and liabilities of the lapsed district as determined by the state board of education. 24

[6.] <u>9.</u> Upon recommendation of the special administrative board, the state board of education may assign the funds, assets and liabilities of the lapsed district to another district or districts. Upon assignment, all authority of the special administrative board shall transfer to the assigned districts.

6 [7.] <u>10.</u> Neither the special administrative board nor any 7 district or other entity assigned territory, assets or funds from 8 a lapsed district shall be considered a successor entity for the 9 purpose of employment contracts, unemployment compensation 10 payment pursuant to section 288.110, RSMo, or any other purpose.

11 [8.] <u>11.</u> If additional teachers are needed by a district as 12 a result of increased enrollment due to the annexation of 13 territory of a lapsed or dissolved district, such district shall 14 grant an employment interview to any permanent teacher of the 15 lapsed or dissolved district upon the request of such permanent 16 teacher.

[9.] <u>12.</u> (1) The governing body of a school district, upon 17 18 an initial declaration by the state board of education that such 19 district is provisionally accredited, may, and, upon an initial 20 declaration by the state board of education that such district is unaccredited, shall develop a plan to be submitted to the voters 21 of the school district to divide the school district if the 22 23 district cannot attain accreditation within three years of the 24 initial declaration that such district is unaccredited. In the

case of such a district being declared unaccredited, such plan shall be presented to the voters of the district before the district lapses. In the case of such a district being declared provisionally accredited, such plan may be presented before the close of the current accreditation cycle.

6 (2) The plan may provide that the school district shall 7 remain intact for the purposes of assessing, collecting and 8 distributing taxes for support of the schools, and the governing 9 body of the district shall develop a plan for the distribution of 10 such taxes equitably on a per pupil basis if the district selects 11 this option.

12 (3) The makeup of the new districts shall be racially13 balanced as far as the proportions of students allow.

14 (4) If a majority of the district's voters approve the 15 plan, the state board of education shall cooperate with the local 16 board of education to implement the plan, which may include use 17 of the provisions of this section to provide an orderly 18 transition to new school districts and achievement of accredited 19 status for such districts.

[10.] <u>13.</u> In the event that a school district with an enrollment in excess of five thousand pupils lapses, no school district shall have all or any part of such lapsed school district attached without the approval of the board of the receiving school district.

The government and control of a seven-director 1 162.261. 1. 2 school district, other than an urban district, is vested in a 3 board of education of seven members, who hold their office for three years, except as provided in section 162.241, and until 4 5 their successors are duly elected and qualified. Any vacancy occurring in the board shall be filled by the remaining members 6 7 of the board; except that if there are more than two vacancies at any one time, the county commission upon receiving written notice 8 of the vacancies shall fill the vacancies by appointment. 9 The 10 person appointed shall hold office until the next municipal election, when a director shall be elected for the unexpired 11 12 term.

13 2. No seven-director, urban, or metropolitan school district board of education shall hire a spouse of any member of 14 such board for a vacant or newly created position unless the 15 16 position has been advertised pursuant to board policy and the 17 superintendent of schools submits a written recommendation for the employment of the spouse to the board of education. 18 The 19 names of all applicants as well as the name of the applicant 20 hired for the position are to be included in the board minutes.

21 <u>3. The provisions of article VII, section 6 of the Missouri</u>
 22 <u>Constitution apply to school districts.</u>

23 163.031. 1. School districts which meet the requirements
24 of section 163.021 shall be entitled to an amount computed as

1 follows: an amount determined by multiplying the number of 2 eligible pupils by the lesser of the district's equalized 3 operating levy for school purposes as defined in section 163.011 or two dollars and seventy-five cents per one hundred dollars 4 assessed valuation multiplied by the guaranteed tax base per 5 eligible pupil times the proration factor plus an amount 6 7 determined by multiplying the number of eligible pupils by the greater of zero or the district's equalized operating levy for 8 school purposes as defined in section 163.011 minus two dollars 9 10 and seventy-five cents per one hundred dollars assessed valuation multiplied by the guaranteed tax base per eligible pupil times 11 12 the proration factor. For the purposes of this section, the 13 proration factor shall be equal to the sum of the total appropriation for distribution under subsections 1 and 2 of this 14 15 section; and the state total of the deductions as calculated in 16 subsection 2 of this section which do not exceed the district 17 entitlements as adjusted by the same proration factor; divided by the amount of the state total of district entitlements before 18 19 proration as calculated pursuant to this subsection; provided 20 that, if the proration factor so calculated is greater than one, 21 the proration factor for line 1(b) shall be the greater of one or the proration factor for line 1(a) minus five hundredths, and 22 23 provided that if the proration factor so calculated is less than one, the proration factor for line 1(a) shall be the lesser of 24

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one or the proration factor for line 1(b) plus five hundredths.

2 2. From the district entitlement for each district there 3 shall be deducted the following amounts: an amount determined by multiplying the district equalized assessed valuation by the 4 district's equalized operating levy for school purposes times the 5 district income factor plus ninety percent of any payment 6 7 received the current year of protested taxes due in prior years no earlier than the 1997 tax year minus the amount of any 8 9 protested taxes due in the current year and for which notice of 10 protest was received during the current year; one hundred percent of the amount received the previous year for school purposes from 11 intangible taxes, fines, forfeitures and escheats, payments in 12 13 lieu of taxes and receipts from state assessed railroad and 14 utility tax, except that any penalty paid after July 1, 1995, by 15 a concentrated animal feeding operation as defined by the 16 department of natural resources rule shall not be included; one 17 hundred percent of the amounts received the previous year for 18 school purposes from federal properties pursuant to sections 19 12.070 and 12.080, RSMo; federal impact aid received the previous 20 year for school purposes pursuant to P.L. 81-874 less fifty 21 thousand dollars multiplied by ninety percent or the maximum 22 percentage allowed by federal regulation if that percentage is 23 less than ninety; fifty percent, or the percentage otherwise provided in section 163.087 of Proposition C revenues received 24

the previous year for school purposes from the school district trust fund pursuant to section 163.087; one hundred percent of the amount received the previous year for school purposes from the fair share fund pursuant to section 149.015, RSMo; and one hundred percent of the amount received the previous year for school purposes from the free textbook fund, pursuant to section 148.360, RSMo.

3. School districts which meet the requirements of section 8 163.021 shall receive categorical add-on revenue as provided in 9 10 this subsection. There shall be individual proration factors for each categorical entitlement provided for in this subsection, and 11 each proration factor shall be determined by annual 12 13 appropriations, but no categorical proration factor shall exceed 14 the entitlement proration factor established pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, except that the career ladder 15 16 entitlement proration factor established pursuant to line 15 of 17 subsection 6 of this section, the vocational education entitlement proration factor established pursuant to line 16 of 18 19 subsection 6 of this section, and the educational and screening 20 program entitlements proration factor established pursuant to 21 line 17 of subsection 6 of this section may exceed the 22 entitlement proration factor established pursuant to subsection 1 The categorical add-on for the district shall 23 of this section. 24 be the sum of: seventy-five percent of the costs of adopting and

1 providing a violence prevention program pursuant to section 2 161.650, RSMo, multiplied by the proration factor; seventy-five 3 percent of the district allowable transportation costs pursuant to section 163.161 multiplied by the proration factor; the 4 special education approved or allowed cost entitlement for the 5 district, provided for by section 162.975, RSMo, multiplied by 6 7 the proration factor; seventy-five percent of the district gifted education approved or allowable cost entitlement as determined 8 pursuant to section 162.975, RSMo, multiplied by the proration 9 10 factor; the free and reduced lunch eligible pupil count for the district, as defined in section 163.011, multiplied by twenty 11 12 percent, for a district with an operating levy in excess of two 13 dollars and seventy-five cents per one hundred dollars assessed valuation, or twenty-two percent, otherwise times the guaranteed 14 15 tax base per eligible pupil times two dollars and seventy-five 16 cents per one hundred dollars assessed valuation times the 17 proration factor plus the free and reduced lunch eligible pupil 18 count for the district, as defined in section 163.011, times 19 thirty percent times the guaranteed tax base per eligible pupil 20 times the following quantity: ((the greater of zero or the 21 district's operating levy for school purposes minus two dollars 22 and seventy-five cents per one hundred dollars assessed 23 valuation) times one or, beginning in the fifth year following the effective date of this section, the quotient of the 24

district's fiscal instructional ratio of efficiency for the prior 1 2 year divided by the fiscal year 1998 statewide average fiscal instructional ratio of efficiency, if the district's prior year 3 fiscal instructional ratio of efficiency is at least five percent 4 5 below the fiscal year 1998 statewide average) times the proration factor, minus court-ordered state desegregation aid received by 6 7 the district for operating purposes; the career ladder entitlement for the district, as provided for in sections 168.500 8 9 to 168.515, RSMo, [multiplied by the proration factor]; the 10 vocational education entitlement for the district, as provided 11 for in section 167.332, RSMo, multiplied by the proration factor 12 and the district educational and screening program entitlements 13 as provided for in sections 178.691 to 178.699, RSMo, times the 14 proration factor.

Each district's apportionment shall be the prorated
 categorical add-ons plus the greater of the district's prorated
 entitlement minus the total deductions for the district or zero.

18 5. (1)In the 1993-94 school year and all subsequent school years, pursuant to section 10(c) of article X of the state 19 constitution, a school district shall adjust upward its operating 20 levy for school purposes to the extent necessary for the district 21 22 to at least maintain the current operating expenditures per pupil 23 received by the district from all sources in the 1992-93 school year, except that its operating levy for school purposes shall 24

not exceed the highest tax rate in effect subsequent to the 1980
 tax year, or the minimum rate required by subsection 2 of section
 163.021, whichever is less.

The revenue per eligible pupil received by a district 4 (2) 5 from the following sources: line 1 minus line 10, or zero if line 1 minus line 10 is less than zero, plus line 14 of 6 7 subsection 6 of this section, shall not be less than the revenue per eligible pupil received by a district in the 1992-93 school 8 9 year from the foundation formula entitlement payment amount plus 10 the amount of line 14 per eligible pupil that exceeds the line 14 per pupil amount from the 1997-98 school year, or the revenue per 11 eligible pupil received by a district in the 1992-93 school year 12 13 from the foundation formula entitlement payment amount plus the amount of line 14(a) per eligible pupil times the quotient of 14 15 line 1 minus line 10, divided by the number of eligible pupils, 16 or zero if line 1 minus line 10 is less than zero, divided by the 17 revenue per eligible pupil received by the district in the 18 1992-93 school year from the foundation formula entitlement 19 payment amount, whichever is greater. The department of 20 elementary and secondary education shall make an addition in the 21 payment amount of line 19 of subsection 6 of this section to 22 assure compliance with the provisions contained in this section.

(3) For any school district which meets the eligibility
 criteria for state aid as established in section 163.021, but

which under subsections 1 to 4 of this section, receives no state 1 2 aid for two successive school years, other than categorical 3 add-ons, by August first following the second such school year, the commissioner of education shall present a plan to the 4 superintendent of the school district for the waiver of rules and 5 the duration of said waivers, in order to promote flexibility in 6 7 the operations of the district and to enhance and encourage efficiency in the delivery of instructional services. 8 The 9 provisions of other law to the contrary notwithstanding, the plan 10 presented to the superintendent shall provide a summary waiver, with no conditions, for the pupil testing requirements pursuant 11 to section 160.257, RSMo. Further, the provisions of other law 12 13 to the contrary notwithstanding, the plan shall detail a means 14 for the waiver of requirements otherwise imposed on the school district related to the authority of the state board of education 15 16 to classify school districts pursuant to section 161.092, RSMo, 17 and such other rules as determined by the commissioner of education, except that such waivers shall not include the 18 19 provisions established pursuant to sections 160.514 and 160.518, 20 RSMo.

(4) In the 1993-94 school year and each school year
thereafter for two years, those districts which are entitled to
receive state aid under subsections 1 to 4 of this section, shall
receive state aid in an amount per eligible pupil as provided in
this subsection. For the 1993-94 school year, the amount per 1 2 eligible pupil shall be twenty-five percent of the amount of 3 state aid per eligible pupil calculated for the district for the 1993-94 school year pursuant to subsections 1 to 4 of this 4 5 section plus seventy-five percent of the total amount of state aid received by the district from all sources for the 1992-93 6 7 school year for which the district is entitled and which are distributed in the 1993-94 school year pursuant to subsections 1 8 to 4 of this section. For the 1994-95 school year, the amount 9 10 per eligible pupil shall be fifty percent of the amount of state aid per eligible pupil calculated for the district for the 11 1994-95 school year pursuant to subsections 1 to 4 of this 12 13 section plus fifty percent of the total amount of state aid received by the district from all sources for the 1992-93 school 14 15 year for which the district is entitled and which are distributed 16 in the 1994-95 school year pursuant to subsections 1 to 4 of this 17 section. For the 1995-96 school year, the amount of state aid 18 per eligible pupil shall be seventy-five percent of the amount of 19 state aid per eligible pupil calculated for the district for the 20 1995-96 school year pursuant to subsections 1 to 4 of this 21 section plus twenty-five percent of the total amount of state aid 22 received by the district from all sources for the 1992-93 school 23 year for which the district is entitled and which are distributed 24 in the 1995-96 school year pursuant to subsections 1 to 4 of this

section. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to limit
 the authority of a school district to raise its district
 operating levy pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.

If the total of state aid apportionments to all 4 (5) districts pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection is less 5 than the total of state aid apportionments calculated pursuant to 6 7 subsections 1 to 4 of this section, then the difference shall be deposited in the outstanding schools trust fund. If the total of 8 9 state aid apportionments to all districts pursuant to subdivision 10 (1) of this subsection is greater than the total of state aid apportionments calculated pursuant to subsections 1 to 4 of this 11 section, then funds shall be transferred from the outstanding 12 13 schools trust fund to the state school moneys fund to the extent necessary to fund the district entitlements as modified by 14 15 subdivision (4) of this subsection for that school year with a 16 district entitlement proration factor no less than one and such 17 transfer shall be given priority over all other uses for the 18 outstanding schools trust fund as otherwise provided by law.

19 6. State aid shall be determined as follows:

20

District Entitlement

21 1(a). Number of eligible pupils x (lesser of
22 district's equalized operating levy for
23 school purposes or two dollars
24 and seventy-five cents per one hundred

1		dollars assessed valuation) x (proration
2		x GTB per EP) \$
3	1(b)	. Number of eligible pupils x (greater of:
4		0, or district's equalized operating levy
5		for school purposes minus two dollars
б		and seventy-five cents per one hundred
7		dollars assessed valuation) x (proration
8		x GTB per EP) \$
9		Deductions
10	2.	District equalized assessed valuation x
11		district income factor x district's equalized
12		operating levy for school purposes
13		plus ninety percent of any payment
14		received the current year of protested
15		taxes due in prior years no earlier than
16		the 1997 tax year minus the amount of
17		any protested taxes due in the current
18		year and for which notice of protest was
19		received during the current
20		year\$\$
21	3.	Intangible taxes, fines, forfeitures,
22		escheats, payments in lieu of
23		taxes, etc. (100% of the amount
24		received the previous year for school

1		purposes) \$	
2	4.	Receipts from state assessed railroad	
3		and utility tax (100% of the amount	
4		received the previous year for school	
5		purposes) \$	
б	5.	Receipts from federal properties pursuant	
7		to sections 12.070 and 12.080, RSMo (100%	
8		of the amount received the previous year	
9		for school purposes) \$	
10	6.	(Federal impact aid received the previous	
11		year for school purposes pursuant to	
12		P.L. 81-874 less \$50,000) x 90% or the	
13		maximum percentage allowed by federal	
14		regulations if less than 90%\$	
15	7.	Fifty percent or the percentage otherwise	
16		provided in section 163.087 of Proposition	
17		C receipts from the school district trust	
18		fund received the previous year for	
19		school purposes pursuant to section 163.087 \$	
20	8.	One hundred percent of the amount	
21		received the previous year for	
22		school purposes from the fair share	
23		fund pursuant to section 149.015, RSMo \$	
24	9.	One hundred percent of the amount	

1		received the previous year for	
2		school purposes from the free textbook	
3		fund pursuant to section 148.360, RSMo \$	•••
4	10.	Total deductions (sum of lines 2-9) \$	•••
5		Categorical Add-ons	
6	11.	The amount distributed pursuant to	
7		section 163.161 x proration \$	•••
8	12.	Special education approved or allowed	
9		cost entitlement for the district	
10		pursuant to section 162.975, RSMo,	
11		x proration \$	•••
12	13.	Seventy-five percent of the gifted	
13		education approved or allowable cost	
14		entitlement as determined pursuant to	
15		section 162.975, RSMo, x proration \$	•••
16	14(a). Free and reduced lunch eligible pupil	
17		count for the district, as defined in	
18		section 163.011, x .20, if operating	
19		levy in excess of \$2.75, or .22,	
20		otherwise x GTB per EP x \$2.75 per	
21		\$100 AV x proration \$	•••
22	14(b). Free and reduced lunch eligible pupil	
23		count for the district, as defined in	
24		section 163.011 x .30 x GTB x ((the	

greater of zero or the district's 1 2 adjusted operating levy minus \$2.75 per \$100 AV) x (1.0 or, beginning in 3 the fifth year following the effective 4 date of this section, the district's 5 FIRE for the prior year/statewide 6 7 average FIRE for FY 1998, if the district's prior year FIRE is at 8 least five percent below the FY 1998 9 10 statewide average FIRE) x proration) - court-ordered state desegregation 11 aid received by the district for 12 13 operating purposes \$.... 15. Career ladder entitlement for the district 14 as provided for in sections 168.500 to 168.515, 15 RSMo, [x proration] 16 \$.... 17 16. Vocational education entitlements for 18 the district as provided in section 167.332, RSMo, x proration \$..... 19 Educational and screening program 20 17. 21 entitlements for the district as 22 provided in sections 178.691 \$.... 23 to 178.699, RSMo, x proration 18. Sum of categorical add-ons for the district 24

1(sum of lines 11-17)\$.....219. District apportionment (line 18 plus the

greater of line 1 minus line 10 or zero)

\$....

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7. Revenue received for school purposes by each school district pursuant to this section shall be placed in each of the incidental and teachers' funds based on the ratio of the property tax rate in the district for that fund to the total tax rate in the district for the two funds.

In addition to the penalty for line 14 described in 9 8. 10 subsection 6 of this section, beginning in school year 2004-05, any increase in a school district's funds received pursuant to 11 line 14 of subsection 6 of this section over the 1997-98 school 12 13 year shall be reduced by one percent for each full percentage point the percentage of the district's pupils scoring at or above 14 15 five percent below the statewide average level on either 16 mathematics or reading is less than sixty-five percent.

17 9. If a school district's annual audit discloses that students were inappropriately identified as eligible for free or 18 19 reduced-price lunch and the district does not resolve the audit 20 finding, the department of elementary and secondary education 21 shall require that the amount of line 14 aid paid on the 22 inappropriately identified pupils be repaid by the district in 23 the next school year and shall additionally impose a penalty of one hundred percent of the line 14 aid paid on such pupils, which 24

penalty shall also be paid within the next school year. Such
 amounts may be repaid by the district through the withholding of
 the amount of state aid.

163.036. 1. In computing the amount of state aid a school 4 5 district is entitled to receive for the minimum school term only under section 163.031, a school district may use an estimate 6 7 of the number of eligible pupils for the [ensuing] current year, the number of eligible pupils for the immediately preceding year 8 9 or the number of eligible pupils for the second preceding school 10 year, whichever is greater. Beginning with the 2005-2006 school year, the summer school add-on for eligible pupils as defined in 11 12 subdivision (8) of section 163.011 shall include only those 13 eligible pupils that attend summer school in the current year. 14 Beginning with the 2004-2005 school year, when a district's 15 official calendar for the current year contributes to a more than 16 ten percent reduction in the average daily attendance for kindergarten compared to the immediately preceding year, the 17 18 eligible pupil payment attributable to kindergarten shall include 19 only the current year kindergarten average daily attendance. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of this section, any 20 21 error made in the apportionment of state aid because of a 22 difference between the actual number of eligible pupils and the 23 estimated number of eligible pupils shall be corrected as provided in section 163.091, except that if the amount paid to a 24

district estimating eligible pupils exceeds the amount to which the district was actually entitled by more than five percent, interest at the rate of six percent shall be charged on the excess and shall be added to the amount to be deducted from the district's apportionment the next succeeding year.

Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this 6 2. 7 section or any other provision of law, the state board of education shall make an adjustment for the immediately preceding 8 year for any increase in the actual number of eligible pupils 9 10 above the number on which the state aid in section 163.031 was Said adjustment shall be made in the manner 11 calculated. providing for correction of errors under subsection 1 of this 12 13 section.

For any district which has, for at least five years 14 3. (1)15 immediately preceding the year in which the error is discovered, 16 adopted a calendar for the school term in which elementary 17 schools are in session for twelve months of each calendar year, 18 any error made in the apportionment of state aid to such district 19 because of a difference between the actual number of eligible pupils and the estimated number of eligible pupils shall be 20 21 corrected as provided in section 163.091 and subsection 1 of this 22 section, except that if the amount paid exceeds the amount to 23 which the district was actually entitled by more than five 24 percent and the district provides written application to the

state board requesting that the deductions be made pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, then the amounts shall be deducted pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection.

For deductions made pursuant to this subdivision, (2) 4 interest at the rate of six percent shall be charged on the 5 excess and shall be included in the amount deducted and the total 6 7 amount of such excess plus accrued interest shall be deducted from the district's apportionment in equal monthly amounts 8 9 beginning with the succeeding school year and extending for a 10 period of months specified by the district in its written request and no longer than sixty months. 11

For the purposes of distribution of state school aid 12 4. 13 pursuant to section 163.031, a school district may elect to use 14 the district's equalized assessed valuation for the preceding 15 year, or an estimate of the current year's assessed valuation if 16 the current year's equalized assessed valuation is estimated to 17 be more than ten percent less than the district's equalized assessed valuation for the preceding year. A district shall give 18 19 prior notice to the department of its intention to use the 20 current year's assessed valuation pursuant to this subsection. 21 Any error made in the apportionment of state aid because of a 22 difference between the actual equalized assessed valuation for 23 the current year and the estimated equalized assessed valuation 24 for the current year shall be corrected as provided in section

1 163.091, except that if the amount paid to a district estimating 2 current equalized assessed valuation exceeds the amount to which 3 the district was actually entitled, interest at the rate of six 4 percent shall be charged on the excess and shall be added to the 5 amount to be deducted from the district's apportionment the next 6 succeeding year.

7 5. For the purposes of distribution of state school aid pursuant to section 163.031, a school district with ten percent 8 or more of its assessed valuation that is owned by one person or 9 10 corporation as commercial or personal property who is delinquent in a property tax payment may elect, after receiving notice from 11 the county clerk on or before March fifteenth, except in the year 12 13 enacted, that more than ten percent of its current taxes due the 14 preceding December thirty-first by a single property owner are 15 delinquent, to use on line 2 of the state aid formula the 16 district's equalized assessed valuation for the preceding year or 17 the actual assessed valuation of the year for which the taxes are delinquent less the assessed valuation of property for which the 18 19 current year's property tax is delinquent. To qualify for use of 20 the actual assessed valuation of the year for which the taxes are 21 delinquent less the assessed valuation of property for which the 22 current year's property tax is delinguent, a district must notify 23 the department of elementary and secondary education on or before April first, except in the year enacted, of the current year 24

amount of delinquent taxes, the assessed valuation of such 1 2 property for which delinquent taxes are owed and the total 3 assessed valuation of the district for the year in which the taxes were due but not paid. Any district giving such notice to 4 the department of elementary and secondary education shall 5 present verification of the accuracy of such notice obtained from 6 7 the clerk of the county levying delinguent taxes. When any of the delinquent taxes identified by such notice are paid during a 8 four-year period following the due date, the county clerk shall 9 10 give notice to the district and the department of elementary and secondary education, and state aid paid to the district shall be 11 12 reduced by an amount equal to the delinquent taxes received plus 13 interest. The reduction in state aid shall occur over a period 14 not to exceed five years and the interest rate on excess state 15 aid not refunded shall be six percent annually.

16 б. If a district receives state aid based on equalized 17 assessed valuation as determined by subsection 5 of this section and if prior to such notice the district was paid state aid 18 19 pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 5 of section 163.031, 20 the amount of state aid paid during the year of such notice and 21 the first year following shall equal the sum of state aid paid 22 pursuant to line 1 minus line 10 as defined in subsections 1, 2, 23 3 and 6 of section 163.031 plus the difference between the state aid amount being paid after such notice minus the amount of state 24

aid the district would have received pursuant to line 1 minus 1 2 line 10 as defined in subsections 1, 2, 3 and 6 of section 3 163.031 before such notice. To be eligible to receive state aid based on this provision the district must levy during the first 4 year following such notice at least the maximum levy permitted 5 school districts by article X, section 11(b) of the Missouri 6 7 Constitution and have a voluntary rollback of its tax rate which is no greater than one cent per one hundred dollars assessed 8 9 valuation.

10 165.301. 1. Subject to the provisions of section 110.030, 11 RSMo, the board of education in each metropolitan district [in 12 each year] shall at least once every five years advertise for 13 bids from the banking institutions in the city for the deposits 14 of the board of education [for the succeeding fiscal year,] to be 15 secured as provided in sections 110.010 and 110.020, RSMo. The 16 bids shall specify the rate of interest to be allowed to the 17 board on the deposits and the nature of the security offered. 18 The deposits shall be awarded [annually] to the banking 19 institutions that offer, with the required security, the highest rate of interest therefor. The board may select as many 20 21 depositaries for its deposits as it deems necessary and the board 22 shall cause contracts [for the ensuing year] to be made with the banking institutions receiving award of deposits. 23 The board 24 shall cause all funds received to be paid into the designated

depositaries, allocating funds to the depositaries, if more than one depositary has been designated, as the board deems proper.

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2. The president of the board, [each year] immediately 3 after the selection of the depositary or depositaries of the 4 school moneys [for the succeeding year,] shall notify the 5 treasurer of the state of Missouri and the collector of school б 7 taxes in the city of the name of the depositary to which they are to make all payments of money apportioned, belonging to or 8 9 distributed to the board; and the officers upon making deposits 10 shall take from the depositary duplicate receipts therefor, one 11 of which shall be retained by the officer making the deposits and 12 one delivered to the treasurer of the board.

13 167.020. 1. As used in this section, the term "homeless 14 child" shall mean a person less than twenty-one years of age who 15 lacks a fixed, regular and adequate nighttime residence, 16 including a child who:

17 (1) Is living on the street, in a car, tent, abandoned
18 building or some other form of shelter not designed as a
19 permanent home;

(2) Is living in a community shelter facility;

(3) Is living in transitional housing for less than onefull year.

23 2. In order to register a pupil, the parent or legal24 guardian of the pupil or the pupil himself or herself shall

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provide, at the time of registration, one of the following:

(1) Proof of residency in the district. Except as
otherwise provided in section 167.151, the term "residency" shall
mean that a person both physically resides within a school
district and is domiciled within that district. The domicile of
a minor child shall be the domicile of a parent, military
guardian pursuant to a military-issued guardianship or
court-appointed legal guardian; or

9 Proof that the person registering the student has (2) 10 requested a waiver under subsection 3 of this section within the 11 last forty-five days. In instances where there is reason to suspect that admission of the pupil will create an immediate 12 13 danger to the safety of other pupils and employees of the district, the superintendent or the superintendent's designee may 14 15 convene a hearing within [three] five working days of the request 16 to register and determine whether or not the pupil may register.

17 3. Any person subject to the requirements of subsection 2 18 of this section may request a waiver from the district board of any of those requirements on the basis of hardship or good cause. 19 Under no circumstances shall athletic ability be a valid basis of 20 21 hardship or good cause for the issuance of a waiver of the 22 requirements of subsection 2 of this section. The district board 23 shall convene a hearing as soon as possible, but no later than forty-five days after receipt of the waiver request made under 24

1 this subsection or the waiver request shall be granted. The district board may grant the request for a waiver of any 2 requirement of subsection 2 of this section. 3 The district board may also reject the request for a waiver in which case the pupil 4 5 shall not be allowed to register. Any person aggrieved by a decision of a district board on a request for a waiver under this 6 7 subsection may appeal such decision to the circuit court in the county where the school district is located. 8

9 4. Any person who knowingly submits false information to 10 satisfy any requirement of subsection 2 of this section is guilty 11 of a class A misdemeanor.

5. In addition to any other penalties authorized by law, a district board may file a civil action to recover, from the parent, military guardian or legal guardian of the pupil, the costs of school attendance for any pupil who was enrolled at a school in the district and whose parent, military guardian or legal guardian filed false information to satisfy any requirement of subsection 2 of this section.

6. Subsection 2 of this section shall not apply to a pupil who is a homeless child or a pupil attending a school not in the pupil's district of residence as a participant in an interdistrict transfer program established under a court-ordered desegregation program, a pupil who is a ward of the state and has been placed in a residential care facility by state officials, a

1 pupil who has been placed in a residential care facility due to a mental illness or developmental disability, a pupil attending a 2 3 school pursuant to sections 167.121 and 167.151, a pupil placed in a residential facility by a juvenile court, a pupil with a 4 5 disability identified under state eligibility criteria if the student is in the district for reasons other than accessing the 6 7 district's educational program, or a pupil attending a regional or cooperative alternative education program or an alternative 8 education program on a contractual basis. 9

10 7. Within two business days of enrolling a pupil, the school official enrolling a pupil, including any special 11 education pupil, shall request those records required by district 12 13 policy for student transfer and those discipline records required by subsection 7 of section 160.261, RSMo, from all schools 14 15 previously attended by the pupil within the last twelve months. 16 Any school district that receives a request for such records from 17 another school district enrolling a pupil that had previously 18 attended a school in such district shall respond to such request 19 within five business days of receiving the request. School 20 districts may report or disclose education records to law 21 enforcement and juvenile justice authorities if the disclosure 22 concerns law enforcement's or juvenile justice authorities' 23 ability to effectively serve, prior to adjudication, the student whose records are released. The officials and authorities to 24

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whom such information is disclosed must comply with applicable restrictions set forth in 20 U.S.C. Section 1232g (b)(1)(E).

3 167.031. 1. Every parent, guardian or other person in this state having charge, control or custody of a child not enrolled 4 5 in a public, private, parochial, parish school or full-time equivalent attendance in a combination of such schools and 6 7 between the ages of seven [and sixteen] years and the compulsory attendance age for the district is responsible for enrolling the 8 9 child in a program of academic instruction which complies with subsection 2 of this section. Any parent, guardian or other 10 11 person who enrolls a child between the ages of five and seven 12 years in a public school program of academic instruction shall 13 cause such child to attend the academic program on a regular 14 basis, according to this section. Nonattendance by such child 15 shall cause such parent, guardian or other responsible person to 16 be in violation of the provisions of section 167.061, except as provided by this section. A parent, guardian or other person in 17 18 this state having charge, control, or custody of a child between 19 the ages of seven [and sixteen] years of age and the compulsory attendance age for the district shall cause the child to attend 20 21 regularly some public, private, parochial, parish, home school or 22 a combination of such schools not less than the entire school term of the school which the child attends; except that 23

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(1)

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A child who, to the satisfaction of the superintendent

of public schools of the district in which he resides, or if there is no superintendent then the chief school officer, is determined to be mentally or physically incapacitated may be excused from attendance at school for the full time required, or any part thereof;

(2) A child between fourteen [and sixteen] years of age and 6 the compulsory attendance age for the district may be excused 7 from attendance at school for the full time required, or any part 8 9 thereof, by the superintendent of public schools of the district, 10 or if there is none then by a court of competent jurisdiction, 11 when legal employment has been obtained by the child and found to 12 be desirable, and after the parents or guardian of the child have 13 been advised of the pending action; or

14 (3) A child between five and seven years of age shall be 15 excused from attendance at school if a parent, guardian or other 16 person having charge, control or custody of the child makes a 17 written request that the child be dropped from the school's 18 rolls.

19 2. (1) As used in sections 167.031 to 167.071, a "home 20 school" is a school, whether incorporated or unincorporated, 21 that:

(a) Has as its primary purpose the provision of private or
 religious-based instruction;

24

(b) Enrolls pupils between the ages of seven [and sixteen]

1 years and the compulsory attendance age for the district, of 2 which no more than four are unrelated by affinity or 3 consanguinity in the third degree; and (c) Does not charge or receive consideration in the form of 4 tuition, fees, or other remuneration in a genuine and fair 5 exchange for provision of instruction; 6 7 (2) As evidence that a child is receiving regular instruction, the parent shall, except as otherwise provided in 8 this subsection: 9 (a) Maintain the following records: 10 A plan book, diary, or other written record indicating 11 a. subjects taught and activities engaged in; and 12 13 b. A portfolio of samples of the child's academic work; and A record of evaluations of the child's academic 14 с. 15 progress; or d. 16 Other written, or credible evidence equivalent to 17 subparagraphs a., b. and c.; and 18 Offer at least one thousand hours of instruction, at (b) 19 least six hundred hours of which will be in reading, language 20 arts, mathematics, social studies and science or academic courses that are related to the aforementioned subject areas and 21 22 consonant with the pupil's age and ability. At least four 23 hundred of the six hundred hours shall occur at the regular home school location; 24

(3) The requirements of subdivision (2) of this subsection
 shall not apply to any pupil above the age of sixteen years.

Nothing in this section shall require a private, 3 3. parochial, parish or home school to include in its curriculum any 4 5 concept, topic, or practice in conflict with the school's religious doctrines or to exclude from its curriculum any 6 7 concept, topic, or practice consistent with the school's religious doctrines. Any other provision of the law to the 8 contrary notwithstanding, all departments or agencies of the 9 10 state of Missouri shall be prohibited from dictating through rule, regulation or other device any statewide curriculum for 11 private, parochial, parish or home schools. 12

4. A school year begins on the first day of July and ends
on the thirtieth day of June following.

15 The production by a parent of a daily log showing that a 5. home school has a course of instruction which satisfies the 16 17 requirements of this section or, in the case of a pupil over the 18 age of sixteen years who attended a metropolitan school district 19 the previous year, a written statement that the pupil is 20 attending home school in compliance with this section shall be a defense to any prosecution under this section and to any charge 21 22 or action for educational neglect brought pursuant to chapter 23 210, RSMo.

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6. As used in sections 167.031 to 167.051, the term

1 "compulsory attendance age for the district" shall mean: 2 (1) Seventeen years of age for any metropolitan school 3 district for which the school board adopts a resolution to establish such compulsory attendance age; provided that such 4 5 resolution shall take effect no earlier than the school year next following the school year during which the resolution is adopted; 6 7 and (2) Sixteen years of age in all other cases. 8

9 The school board of a metropolitan school district for which the

10 <u>compulsory attendance age is seventeen years may adopt a</u>

11 resolution to lower the compulsory attendance age to sixteen

12 years; provided that such resolution shall take effect no earlier

13 <u>than the school year next following the school year during which</u> 14 <u>the resolution is adopted.</u>

15 167.051. 1. If a school board establishes part-time schools or classes for children under [sixteen] seventeen years 16 17 of age, lawfully engaged in any regular employment, every parent, guardian or other person having charge, control or custody of 18 such a child shall cause the child to attend the school not less 19 than four hours a week between the hours of eight o'clock in the 20 21 morning and five o'clock in the evening during the school year of 22 the part-time classes.

23

2. All children who are under eighteen years of age, who

have not completed the elementary school course in the public schools of Missouri, or its equivalent, and who are not attending regularly any day school shall be required to attend regularly the part-time classes not less than four hours a week between the hours of eight o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon during the entire year of the part-time classes.

7 <u>167.052. The provisions of sections 167.031 and 167.051</u>
 8 <u>affecting a metropolitan school district shall be effective for</u>
 9 <u>the school year beginning 2007-2008 and shall terminate after the</u>
 10 <u>school year ending 2011-2012.</u>

11 <u>167.166.</u> 1. Except as provided in subsections 2 and 3 of 12 this section, no employee of any public school or charter school 13 within this state shall perform a strip search, as that term is 14 defined in section 544.193, RSMo, of any student of any such 15 school. However, strip searches may be conducted by, or under 16 the authority of, a commissioned law enforcement officer.

A student may be strip searched by a school employee
 only if a commissioned law enforcement officer is not immediately
 available and if the school employee reasonably believes that a
 student possesses a weapon, explosive, or substance probable to
 cause physical harm to himself or herself or another person.
 For the purposes of this section, the term "strip

23 <u>search</u>" shall not include the removal of clothing in order to 24 <u>investigate the potential abuse or neglect of a student; give</u>

1	medical attention to a student; provide health services to a
2	student; or screen a student for medical conditions.
3	4. If a student is strip searched by an employee of a
4	school or a commissioned law enforcement officer, the district
5	will attempt to notify the student's parent or guardian as soon
6	<u>as possible.</u>
7	5. Any employee of a public school or charter school who
8	violates the provisions of subsections 1 to 4 of this section
9	shall be disciplined immediately in accordance with applicable
10	law.
11	6. For the purposes of subsections 1 to 5 of this section,
12	the term "employee" shall include all temporary, part-time, and
13	full-time employees of a public school or charter school.
14	7. No employee of or volunteer in or school board member of
15	or school district administrator of a public school or charter
16	school shall direct a student to remove a religious emblem,
17	<u>insignia, or garment, as long as such emblem, insignia, or</u>
18	garment is worn in a manner that does not promote disruptive
19	behavior.
20	167.171. 1. The school board in any district, by general
21	rule and for the causes provided in section 167.161, may
22	authorize the summary suspension of pupils by principals of

24 superintendent of schools for a period not to exceed one hundred

schools for a period not to exceed ten school days and by the

23

1 and eighty school days. In case of a suspension by the 2 superintendent for more than ten school days, the pupil, the pupil's parents or others having such pupil's custodial care may 3 appeal the decision of the superintendent to the board or to a 4 5 committee of board members appointed by the president of the board which shall have full authority to act in lieu of the 6 7 board. Any suspension by a principal shall be immediately reported to the superintendent who may revoke the suspension at 8 any time. In event of an appeal to the board, the superintendent 9 10 shall promptly transmit to it a full report in writing of the 11 facts relating to the suspension, the action taken by the 12 superintendent and the reasons therefor and the board, upon 13 request, shall grant a hearing to the appealing party to be conducted as provided in section 167.161. 14

15

2. No pupil shall be suspended unless:

16 (1) The pupil shall be given oral or written notice of the17 charges against such pupil;

18 (2) If the pupil denies the charges, such pupil shall be
19 given an oral or written explanation of the facts which form the
20 basis of the proposed suspension;

(3) The pupil shall be given an opportunity to present such
 pupil's version of the incident; and

(4) In the event of a suspension for more than ten schooldays, where the pupil gives notice that such pupil wishes to

appeal the suspension to the board, the suspension shall be 1 stayed until the board renders its decision, unless in the 2 3 judgment of the superintendent of schools, or of the district 4 superintendent, the pupil's presence poses a continuing danger to 5 persons or property or an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process, in which case the pupil may be immediately 6 removed from school, and the notice and hearing shall follow as 7 soon as practicable. 8

No school board shall readmit or enroll a pupil properly 9 3. 10 suspended for more than ten consecutive school days for an act of 11 school violence as defined in subsection 2 of section 160.261, RSMo, regardless of whether or not such act was committed at a 12 13 public school or at a private school in this state, provided that such act shall have resulted in the suspension or expulsion of 14 15 such pupil in the case of a private school, or otherwise permit 16 such pupil to attend school without first holding a conference to 17 review the conduct that resulted in the expulsion or suspension and any remedial actions needed to prevent any future occurrences 18 19 of such or related conduct. The conference shall include the appropriate school officials including any teacher employed in 20 21 that school or district directly involved with the conduct that 22 resulted in the suspension or expulsion, the pupil, the parent or 23 guardian of the pupil or any agency having legal jurisdiction, care, custody or control of the pupil. The school board shall 24

notify in writing the parents or guardians and all other parties of the time, place, and agenda of any such conference. Failure of any party to attend this conference shall not preclude holding the conference. Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection to the contrary, no pupil shall be readmitted or enrolled to a regular program of instruction if:

7

(1) Such pupil has been convicted of; or

8 (2) An indictment or information has been filed alleging 9 that the pupil has committed one of the acts enumerated in 10 subdivision (4) of this subsection to which there has been no 11 final judgment; or

(3) A petition has been filed pursuant to section 211.091,
RSMo, alleging that the pupil has committed one of the acts
enumerated in subdivision (4) of this subsection to which there
has been no final judgment; or

16 (4) The pupil has been adjudicated to have committed an act
17 which if committed by an adult would be one of the following:

18 First degree murder under section 565.020, RSMo; (a) 19 Second degree murder under section 565.021, RSMo; (b) 20 (C) First degree assault under section 565.050, RSMo; 21 (d) Forcible rape under section 566.030, RSMo; 22 Forcible sodomy under section 566.060, RSMo; (e) 23 Statutory rape under section 566.032, RSMo; (f) (g) Statutory sodomy under section 566.062, RSMo; 24

(h) Robbery in the first degree under section 569.020,
 RSMo;

3 [(g)] (i) Distribution of drugs to a minor under section
4 195.212, RSMo;

5 [(h)] (j) Arson in the first degree under section 569.040,
6 RSMo;

7 [(i)] (k) Kidnapping, when classified as a class A felony
8 under section 565.110, RSMo.

9 Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the readmittance or 10 enrollment of any pupil if a petition has been dismissed, or when 11 a pupil has been acquitted or adjudicated not to have committed 12 any of the above acts. This subsection shall not apply to a 13 student with a disability, as identified under state eligibility 14 criteria, who is convicted or adjudicated guilty as a result of 15 an action related to the student's disability. Nothing in this 16 subsection shall be construed to prohibit a school district which 17 provides an alternative education program from enrolling a pupil 18 in an alternative education program if the district determines 19 such enrollment is appropriate.

If a pupil is attempting to enroll in a school district
 during a suspension or expulsion from another in-state or
 out-of-state school district including a private, charter or
 parochial school or school district, a conference with the

superintendent or the superintendent's designee may be held at 1 2 the request of the parent, court-appointed legal guardian, someone acting as a parent as defined by rule in the case of a 3 special education student, or the pupil to consider if the 4 5 conduct of the pupil would have resulted in a suspension or expulsion in the district in which the pupil is enrolling. Upon 6 7 a determination by the superintendent or the superintendent's designee that such conduct would have resulted in a suspension or 8 expulsion in the district in which the pupil is enrolling or 9 10 attempting to enroll, the school district may make such 11 suspension or expulsion from another school or district effective in the district in which the pupil is enrolling or attempting to 12 13 enroll. Upon a determination by the superintendent or the superintendent's designee that such conduct would not have 14 15 resulted in a suspension or expulsion in the district in which 16 the student is enrolling or attempting to enroll, the school 17 district shall not make such suspension or expulsion effective in 18 its district in which the student is enrolling or attempting to 19 enroll.

20 168.110. The board of education of a school district may 21 modify an indefinite contract annually on or before the fifteenth 22 day of May in the following particulars:

23 (1) Determination of the date of beginning and length of24 the next school year;

1 (2) Fixing the amount of annual compensation for the 2 following school year as provided by the salary schedule adopted 3 by the board of education applicable to all teachers. Districts may provide a salary that includes salary schedule modifications 4 5 to retain teachers based upon demonstrated need for teachers certified in shortage areas. Districts may also provide such 6 schedule modifications to retain teachers with qualities, 7 experience, or credentials that are exceptionally well suited to 8 a district's needs for academic improvement. In exchange for 9 10 such modifications, teachers may be required to teach in the district offering the modification for a period of up to three 11 school years. Districts shall have the decision-making authority 12 13 on whether to provide such modifications within the limits of this section. The modifications shall be effective at the 14 15 beginning of the next school year. All teachers affected by the 16 modification shall be furnished written copies of the 17 modifications within thirty days after their adoption by the board of education. 18

19 168.124. <u>1.</u> The board of education of a school district 20 may place on leave of absence as many teachers as may be 21 necessary because of a decrease in pupil enrollment, school 22 district reorganization or the financial condition of the school 23 district. In placing teachers on leave, the board of education 24 shall be governed by the following provisions:

(1) No permanent teacher shall be placed on leave of
 absence while probationary teachers are retained in positions for
 which a permanent teacher is qualified;

4 (2) Permanent teachers shall be retained on the basis of
5 performance-based evaluations and seniority (however, seniority
6 shall not be controlling) within the field of specialization;

7 (3) Permanent teachers shall be reinstated to the positions
8 from which they have been given leaves of absence, or if not
9 available, to positions requiring like training and experience,
10 or to other positions in the school system for which they are
11 qualified by training and experience;

12 (4) No appointment of new teachers shall be made while 13 there are available teachers on unrequested leave of absence who 14 are properly qualified to fill such vacancies;

15 (5) A teacher placed on leave of absence may engage in
 16 teaching or another occupation during the period of such leave;

17 (6) The leave of absence shall not impair the tenure of a18 teacher;

19 (7) The leave of absence shall continue for a period of not20 more than three years unless extended by the board.

21 <u>2. Should a board of education choose to utilize the</u>
 22 <u>mechanism for reducing teacher forces as provided in subsection 1</u>
 23 <u>of this section in an attempt to manage adverse financial</u>
 24 <u>conditions caused at least partially by a withholding of, or a</u>

1decrease or less than expected increase in, education2appropriations, then the district additionally shall follow the

provisions of subsection 3 of this section.

3

3. If a school district has an unrestricted combined ending 4 5 fund balance of more than ten percent of current expenditures in its teachers' and incidental funds, and in the subsequent fiscal 6 year such district, because of state appropriations, places a 7 contracted teacher on <u>leave of absence after forty days</u> 8 subsequent to the governor signing the elementary and secondary 9 education appropriation bill, the district shall pay the affected 10 teacher the greater of his or her salary for any days worked 11 under the contract, or a sum equal to three thousand dollars. 12

13 168.126. 1. A board of education at a regular or special meeting may contract with and employ by a majority vote legally 14 15 qualified probationary teachers for the school district. The 16 contract shall be made by order of the board; shall specify the 17 number of months school is to be taught and the wages per month to be paid, including hiring incentives or salary schedule 18 19 modifications pursuant to subsection 2 of this section; shall be 20 signed by the probationary teacher and the president of the 21 board, or a facsimile signature of the president may be affixed 22 at his discretion; and the contract shall be attested by the 23 secretary of the board by signature or facsimile. The board 24 shall not employ one of its members as a teacher; nor shall any

person be employed as a teacher who is related within the fourth degree to any board member, either by consanguinity or affinity, where the vote of the board member is necessary to the selection of the person.

Districts may provide a salary that includes hiring 5 2. incentives or salary schedule modifications to attract teachers 6 7 based upon demonstrated need for teachers certified in shortage areas. Districts may also provide such incentives or 8 modifications to attract teachers with qualities, experience, or 9 10 credentials that are exceptionally well-suited to a district's needs for academic improvement. In exchange for such incentives 11 or modifications, teachers may be required to teach in the 12 13 district offering the incentive or modification for a period of up to three school years. Districts shall have the decision-14 making authority on whether to provide such incentives and 15 modifications within the limits of this section. 16

17 3. If in the opinion of the board of education any probationary teacher has been doing unsatisfactory work, the 18 19 board of education, through its authorized administrative 20 representative, shall provide the teacher with a written 21 statement definitely setting forth his alleged incompetency and specifying the nature thereof, in order to furnish the teacher an 22 23 opportunity to correct his fault and overcome his incompetency. If improvement satisfactory to the board of education has not 24

been made within ninety days of the receipt of the notification, 1 the board of education may terminate the employment of the 2 3 probationary teacher immediately or at the end of the school Any motion to terminate the employment of a probationary 4 year. 5 teacher shall include only one person and must be approved by a majority of the members of the board of education. A tie vote 6 7 thereon constitutes termination. On or before the fifteenth day of April in each school year, the board of education shall notify 8 9 in writing a probationary teacher who will not be retained by the 10 school district of the termination of his employment. Upon request, the notice shall contain a concise statement of the 11 reason or reasons the employment of the probationary teacher is 12 13 being terminated. If the reason for the termination is due to a decrease in pupil enrollment, school district reorganization, or 14 the financial condition of the school district, then the district 15 16 shall in all cases issue notice to the teacher expressly 17 declaring such as the reason for such termination. Nothing contained in this section shall give rise to a cause of action 18 19 not currently cognizant at law by a probationary teacher for any 20 reason given in said writing so long as the board issues the 21 letter in good faith without malice, but an action for actual 22 damages may be maintained by any person for the deprivation of a 23 right conferred by this act.

24

[3.] <u>4.</u> Any probationary teacher who is not notified of the

termination of his employment shall be deemed to have been 1 appointed for the next school year, under the terms of the 2 3 contract for the preceding year. A probationary teacher who is informed of reemployment by written notice shall be tendered a 4 5 contract on or before the fifteenth day of May, and shall within fifteen days thereafter present to the employing board of 6 7 education a written acceptance or rejection of the employment tendered, and failure of such teachers to present the acceptance 8 within such time constitutes a rejection of the board's offer. A 9 10 contract between a probationary teacher and a board of education may be terminated or modified at any time by the mutual consent 11 12 of the parties thereto.

13 168.211. 1. In metropolitan districts the superintendent of schools shall be appointed by the board of education for a 14 term of one to four years, during which term his compensation 15 shall not be reduced. [In the event the board shall dismiss the 16 17 superintendent during said term, he shall be paid compensation 18 only for the balance of the current year.] The superintendent of 19 schools shall appoint, with the approval of the board, a 20 treasurer, a commissioner of school buildings and he shall serve 21 at the pleasure of the superintendent of schools and as many 22 associate and assistant superintendents as he deems necessary, 23 whose compensation shall be fixed by the board. The 24 superintendent of schools shall give bond in the sum that the

board requires but not less than fifty thousand dollars. No
 employee or agent of the board shall be a member of the board.

The superintendent of schools shall have general 3 2. supervision, subject to the control of the board, of the school 4 5 system, including its various departments and physical properties, courses of instruction, discipline and conduct of the 6 7 schools, textbooks and studies. All appointments, promotions and transfers of teachers, and introduction and changes of textbooks 8 and apparatus, shall be made by the superintendent with the 9 10 approval of the board. All appointments and promotions of 11 teachers shall be made upon the basis of merit, to be ascertained, as far as practicable, in cases of appointment, by 12 13 examination, and in cases of promotion, by length and character of service. Examinations for appointment shall be conducted by 14 15 the superintendent under regulations to be made by the board. He 16 shall make such reports to the board that it directs or the rules 17 provide.

3. The superintendent of schools shall have general supervision, subject to the approval of the board, of all school buildings, apparatus, equipment and school grounds and of their construction, installation, operation, repair, care and maintenance; the purchasing of all supplies and equipment; the operation of the school lunchrooms; the administration of examinations for the appointment and promotion of all employees
of the school system; and the preparation and administration of the annual budget for the school system. Subject to the approval of the board of education as to number and salaries, the superintendent may appoint as many employees as are necessary for the proper performance of his duties.

4. The board may grant a leave of absence to the
superintendent of schools, and may remove him from office by vote
of a majority of its members.

The commissioner of school buildings shall be a person 9 5. 10 qualified by reason of education, experience and general 11 familiarity with buildings and personnel to assume the following responsibilities and duties. Subject to the control of the 12 13 superintendent of schools, he shall exercise supervision over all school buildings, machinery, heating systems, equipment, school 14 15 grounds and other buildings and premises of the board of 16 education and the construction, installation, operation, repair, 17 care and maintenance related thereto and the personnel connected therewith; the purchasing of building supplies and equipment and 18 19 such other duties as may be assigned to him by board rules or 20 regulations, provided that this provision shall not apply to any 21 commissioner of school buildings serving on October 13, 1967.

168.515. 1. Each teacher selected to participate in a
 career plan established under sections 168.500 to 168.515, who
 meets the requirements of such plan, shall receive a salary

supplement, the state's share of which shall be distributed under section 163.031, RSMo, equal to the following amounts [multiplied by the proration factor] applied to the career ladder entitlement of line 15 of subsection 6 of section 163.031, RSMo:

5 (1) Career stage I teachers may receive up to an additional
6 one thousand five hundred dollars per school year;

7 (2) Career stage II teachers may receive up to an additional
8 three thousand dollars per school year;

9 (3) Career stage III teachers may receive up to an
10 additional five thousand dollars per school year.

All teachers within each stage within the same school districtshall receive equal salary supplements.

The state shall make payments pursuant to section 13 2. 163.031, RSMo, to the local school district for the purpose of 14 15 reimbursing the local school district for the payment of any 16 salary supplements provided for in this section, subject to the 17 availability of funds as appropriated each year and distributed 18 on a variable match formula which shall be based on equalized assessed valuation of the district for the second preceding 19 20 school year. A district's equalized assessed valuation shall be 21 multiplied by the district income factor defined in section 22 163.011, RSMo, and shall be known as the adjusted equalized 23 assessed valuation.

1 In distributing these matching funds, school districts 3. 2 shall be ranked by the adjusted equalized assessed valuation for 3 the second preceding school year per eligible pupil from the highest to the lowest and divided into three groups. Group one 4 5 shall contain the highest twenty-five percent of all public school districts, groups two and three combined shall contain the 6 7 remaining seventy-five percent of all public school districts. The districts in groups two and three shall be rank ordered from 8 largest to smallest based on enrollment as of the last Wednesday 9 10 in September during the second preceding school year, group two 11 shall contain twenty-five percent of all public school districts that are larger on the enrollment based rank ordered list and 12 13 group three shall contain the remaining fifty percent of all public school districts. Pursuant to subsection 4 of this 14 15 section, districts in group one shall receive forty percent state 16 funding and shall contribute sixty percent local funding, group 17 two shall receive fifty percent state funding and shall contribute fifty percent local funding and group three shall 18 19 receive sixty percent state funding and shall contribute forty 20 percent local funding.

21

4. The incremental groups are as follows:

22		Percentage	Percentage	Percentage		
23	Group	of Districts	of State Funding	of Local Funding		
24	1	25%	40%	60%		

1	2	25%	50%	50%
2	3	50%	60%	40%

Beginning in the 1996-97 school year, any school 3 5. district in any group which participated in the career ladder 4 5 program in 1995-96 and paid less than the local funding percentage required by subsection 4 of this section shall 6 7 increase its local share of career ladder costs by five percentage points from the preceding year until the district pays 8 the percentage share of cost required by subsection 4 of this 9 10 section, and in no case shall the local funding percentage be 11 increased by a greater amount for any year. For any district, the state payment shall not exceed the local payment times the 12 13 state percentage share divided by the local percentage share. Any district not participating in the 1995-96 school year or any 14 15 district which interrupts its career ladder program for any 16 subsequent year shall enter the program on the cost-sharing basis 17 required by subsection 4 of this section.

6. Not less than every fourth year, beginning with calendar year 1988, the general assembly, through the joint committee established under section 160.254, RSMo, shall review the amount of the career pay provided for in this section to determine if any increases are necessary to reflect the increases in the cost of living which have occurred since the salary supplements were last reviewed or set.

1 7. To participate in the salary supplement program 2 established under this section, a school district may submit to 3 the voters of the district a proposition to increase taxes for this purpose. If a school district's current tax rate ceiling is 4 5 at or above the rate from which an increase would require a two-thirds majority, the school board may submit to the voters of 6 7 the district a proposition to reduce or eliminate the amount of the levy reduction resulting from section 164.013, RSMo. If a 8 9 majority of the voters voting thereon vote in favor of the 10 proposition, the board may certify that seventy-five percent of the revenue generated from this source shall be used to implement 11 the salary supplement program established under this section. 12

8. In no case shall a school district use state funds
received under this section nor local revenue generated from a
tax established under subsection 7 of this section to comply with
the minimum salary requirements for teachers established pursuant
to section 163.172, RSMo.

9. Beginning in the 1996-97 school year, for any teacher who participated in the career program in the 1995-96 school year, continues to participate in the program thereafter, and remains qualified to receive career pay pursuant to section 168.510, the state's share of the teacher's salary supplement shall continue to be the percentage paid by the state in the 1995-96 school year, notwithstanding any provisions of subsection

4 of this section to the contrary, and the state shall continue
 to pay such percentage of the teacher's salary supplement until
 any of the following occurs:

4 (1) The teacher ceases his or her participation in the 5 program; or

6 (2) The teacher suspends his or her participation in the 7 program for any school year after the 1995-96 school year. If 8 the teacher later resumes participation in the program, the state 9 funding shall be subject to the provisions of subsection 4 of 10 this section.

172.360. All youths, resident of the state of Missouri, 11 12 [over the age of sixteen years,] shall be admitted to all the 13 privileges and advantages of the various classes of all the 14 departments of the University of the State of Missouri; provided, 15 that each applicant for admission therein shall possess such 16 scholastic attainments and mental and moral qualifications as 17 shall be prescribed in rules adopted and established by the board 18 of curators; and provided further, that the board of curators may charge and collect reasonable tuition and other fees necessary 19 for the maintenance and operation of all departments of the 20 university, as they may deem necessary. 21

22 209.321. 1. No person shall represent himself or herself 23 as an interpreter or engage in the practice of interpreting as 24 defined in section 209.285 in the state of Missouri unless such

person is licensed as required by the provisions of sections
 209.319 to 209.339.

3 2. A person registered, certified or licensed by this state, another state or any recognized national certification 4 5 agent, acceptable to the committee that allows that person to practice any other occupation or profession in this state, is not 6 7 considered to be interpreting if he or she is in performance of the occupation or profession for which he or she is registered, 8 certified or licensed. The professions referred to in this 9 10 subsection include, but are not limited to, physicians, psychologists, nurses, certified public accountants, architects 11 12 and attorneys.

13 3. A licensed interpreter shall limit his or her practice to demonstrated areas of competence as documented by relevant 14 professional education, training, experience and certification. 15 16 An interpreter not trained in an area shall not practice in that 17 area without obtaining additional relevant professional education, training and experience through an acceptable program 18 19 as defined by rule by the Missouri commission for the deaf and 20 hard of hearing.

4. A person is not considered to be interpreting pursuant
to the provisions of this section if, in a casual setting and as
defined by rule, a person is acting as an interpreter
gratuitously or is engaged in interpreting incidental to

1 traveling.

5. A person is not considered to be interpreting pursuant to the provisions of this section if a person is engaged as a telecommunications operator providing deaf relay service or operator services for the deaf.

6. A person is not considered to be interpreting under the 6 7 provisions of this section if the person is currently enrolled in an interpreter training program which has been accredited by a 8 9 certifying agency and approved by the committee. The training 10 program shall offer a degree in interpreting from an accredited institution of higher education. Persons exempted under this 11 provision shall engage only in activities and services that 12 13 constitute part of a supervised course of study and shall clearly designate themselves by a title of the student, practicum 14 student, student interpreter, trainee, or intern. 15 16 7. A person holding a current certification of license from

167. A person holding a current certification of ficense from17another state or recognized national certification system deemed18acceptable by the committee is not considered to be interpreting19as defined in this chapter when temporarily present in the state20for the purpose of providing interpreting services for a21convention, conference, meeting, professional group, or

22 <u>educational field trip.</u>

23		<u>8.</u>	А	person	who	is	an	employ	ee o	or :	independent	contractor	of
24	<u>a</u> N	lissour	i	public	scho	ol	dis	trict	and	is	providing	interpreting	q

as part of special education, related services, or supplementary
 aids and services for students with disabilities, subject to the
 requirements of state and federal law, shall be exempt from the
 provisions of sections 209.321 to 209.339. The provisions of
 this subsection shall expire, and be of no effect, on August 28,
 2006.

9. A person who is providing interpreting in a hospital, as
defined in section 197.020, RSMo, subject to the requirements of
state and federal law, shall be exempt from the provisions of
sections 209.321 to 209.339. The provisions of this subsection
shall expire, and be of no effect, on August 28, 2006.

12 210.145. 1. The division shall establish and maintain an 13 information system operating at all times, capable of receiving 14 and maintaining reports. This information system shall have the 15 ability to receive reports over a single, statewide toll-free 16 number. Such information system shall maintain the results of 17 all investigations, family assessments and services, and other 18 relevant information.

2. Upon receipt of a report, the division shall immediately communicate such report to its appropriate local office and any relevant information as may be contained in the information system. The local division staff shall determine, through the use of protocols developed by the division, whether an investigation or the family assessment and services approach

should be used to respond to the allegation. The protocols
 developed by the division shall give priority to ensuring the
 well-being and safety of the child.

The local office shall contact the appropriate law 4 3. enforcement agency immediately upon receipt of a report which 5 division personnel determine merits an investigation, or, which, 6 7 if true, would constitute a suspected violation of any of the following: section 565.020, 565.021, 565.023, 565.024 or 8 565.050, RSMo, if the victim is a child less than eighteen years 9 10 of age, section 566.030 or 566.060, RSMo, if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age, or other crime under 11 chapter 566, RSMo, if the victim is a child less than eighteen 12 13 years of age and the perpetrator is twenty-one years of age or older, section 567.050, RSMo, if the victim is a child less than 14 15 eighteen years of age, section 568.020, 568.030, 568.045, 16 568.050, 568.060, 568.080, or 568.090, RSMo, section 573.025, 17 573.037 or 573.045, RSMo, or an attempt to commit any such 18 The local office shall provide such agency with a crimes. 19 detailed description of the report received. In such cases the 20 local division office shall request the assistance of the local 21 law enforcement agency in all aspects of the investigation of the 22 complaint. The appropriate law enforcement agency shall either 23 assist the division in the investigation or provide the division, within twenty-four hours, an explanation in writing detailing the 24

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reasons why it is unable to assist.

2 4. The local office of the division shall cause an 3 investigation or family assessment and services approach to be initiated immediately or no later than within twenty-four hours 4 of receipt of the report from the division, except in cases where 5 the sole basis for the report is educational neglect. If the 6 7 report indicates that educational neglect is the only complaint and there is no suspicion of other neglect or abuse, the 8 9 investigation shall be initiated within seventy-two hours of 10 receipt of the report. If the report indicates the child is in danger of serious physical harm or threat to life, an 11 investigation shall include direct observation of the subject 12 13 child within twenty-four hours of the receipt of the report. 14 Local law enforcement shall take all necessary steps to 15 facilitate such direct observation. If the parents of the child 16 are not the alleged abusers, a parent of the child must be 17 notified prior to the child being interviewed by the division. 18 The division shall not meet with the child [at the child's school 19 or child-care facility] in any school building or child care facility building where abuse of such child is alleged to have 20 21 occurred. When the child is reported absent from the residence, 22 the location and the well-being of the child shall be verified.

5. The director of the division shall name at least one
chief investigator for each local division office, who shall

1 direct the division response on any case involving a second or 2 subsequent incident regarding the same subject child or The duties of a chief investigator shall include 3 perpetrator. verification of direct observation of the subject child by the 4 division and shall ensure information regarding the status of an 5 investigation is provided to the public school district liaison. 6 7 The public school district liaison shall develop protocol in conjunction with the chief investigator to ensure information 8 regarding an investigation is shared with appropriate school 9 10 personnel. The superintendent of each school district shall 11 designate a specific person or persons to act as the public school district liaison. Should the subject child attend a 12 13 nonpublic school the chief investigator shall notify the school principal of the investigation. Upon notification of an 14 15 investigation, all information received by the public school 16 district liaison or the school shall be subject to the provisions 17 of the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 18 20 U.S.C., Section 1232q, and federal rule 34 C.F.R., Part 99.

19 6. The investigation shall include but not be limited to 20 the nature, extent, and cause of the abuse or neglect; the 21 identity and age of the person responsible for the abuse or 22 neglect; the names and conditions of other children in the home, 23 if any; the home environment and the relationship of the subject 24 child to the parents or other persons responsible for the child's

care; any indication of incidents of physical violence against any other household or family member; and other pertinent data.

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7. When a report has been made by a person required to report under section 210.115, the division shall contact the person who made such report within forty-eight hours of the receipt of the report in order to ensure that full information has been received and to obtain any additional information or medical records, or both, that may be pertinent.

9 8. Upon completion of the investigation, if the division 10 suspects that the report was made maliciously or for the purpose 11 of harassment, the division shall refer the report and any 12 evidence of malice or harassment to the local prosecuting or 13 circuit attorney.

9. Multidisciplinary teams shall be used whenever conducting the investigation as determined by the division in conjunction with local law enforcement. Multidisciplinary teams shall be used in providing protective or preventive social services, including the services of law enforcement, a liaison of the local public school, the juvenile officer, the juvenile court, and other agencies, both public and private.

21 10. If the appropriate local division personnel determine 22 after an investigation has begun that completing an investigation 23 is not appropriate, the division shall conduct a family 24 assessment and services approach. The division shall provide

written notification to local law enforcement prior to terminating any investigative process. The reason for the termination of the investigative process shall be documented in the record of the division and the written notification submitted to local law enforcement. Such notification shall not preclude nor prevent any investigation by law enforcement.

7 11. If the appropriate local division personnel determines
8 to use a family assessment and services approach, the division
9 shall:

(1) Assess any service needs of the family. The assessment
 of risk and service needs shall be based on information gathered
 from the family and other sources;

13 (2) Provide services which are voluntary and time-limited unless it is determined by the division based on the assessment 14 of risk that there will be a high risk of abuse or neglect if the 15 16 family refuses to accept the services. The division shall 17 identify services for families where it is determined that the child is at high risk of future abuse or neglect. The division 18 19 shall thoroughly document in the record its attempt to provide 20 voluntary services and the reasons these services are important 21 to reduce the risk of future abuse or neglect to the child. If 22 the family continues to refuse voluntary services or the child 23 needs to be protected, the division may commence an 24 investigation;

1 (3) Commence an immediate investigation if at any time 2 during the family assessment and services approach the division 3 determines that an investigation, as delineated in sections 4 210.109 to 210.183, is required. The division staff who have 5 conducted the assessment may remain involved in the provision of 6 services to the child and family;

7 (4) Document at the time the case is closed, the outcome of 8 the family assessment and services approach, any service provided 9 and the removal of risk to the child, if it existed.

10 Within thirty days of an oral report of abuse or 12. neglect, the local office shall update the information in the 11 information system. The information system shall contain, at a 12 13 minimum, the determination made by the division as a result of the investigation, identifying information on the subjects of the 14 15 report, those responsible for the care of the subject child and 16 other relevant dispositional information. The division shall 17 complete all investigations within thirty days, unless good cause 18 for the failure to complete the investigation is documented in 19 the information system. If the investigation is not completed 20 within thirty days, the information system shall be updated at 21 regular intervals and upon the completion of the investigation. 22 The information in the information system shall be updated to 23 reflect any subsequent findings, including any changes to the findings based on an administrative or judicial hearing on the 24

1 matter.

2 13. A person required to report under section 210.115 to 3 the division shall be informed by the division of his right to obtain information concerning the disposition of his or her 4 Such person shall receive, from the local office, if 5 report. requested, information on the general disposition of his or her 6 7 report. A person required to report to the division pursuant to section 210.115 may receive, if requested, findings and 8 information concerning the case. Such release of information 9 10 shall be at the discretion of the director based upon a review of the mandated reporter's ability to assist in protecting the child 11 or the potential harm to the child or other children within the 12 13 family. The local office shall respond to the request within The findings shall be made available to the 14 forty-five days. 15 mandated reporter within five days of the outcome of the 16 investigation.

17 14. In any judicial proceeding involving the custody of a 18 child the fact that a report may have been made pursuant to 19 sections 210.109 to 210.183 shall not be admissible. However, 20 nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the introduction of 21 evidence from independent sources to support the allegations that 22 may have caused a report to have been made.

15. In any judicial proceeding involving the custody of achild where the court determines that the child is in need of

services pursuant to subdivision (d) of subsection 1 of section
 211.031, RSMo, and has taken jurisdiction, the child's parent,
 guardian or custodian shall not be entered into the registry.

4 16. The division of family services is hereby granted the 5 authority to promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the 6 provisions of section 207.021, RSMo, and chapter 536, RSMo, to 7 carry out the provisions of sections 210.109 to 210.183.

Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined 8 17. in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority 9 10 delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 11 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. 12 This 13 section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the 14 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, 15 RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and 16 annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 17 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2000, shall be invalid and void. 18

19 302.272. 1. No person shall operate any school bus owned 20 by or under contract with a public school or the state board of 21 education unless such driver has qualified for a school bus 22 permit under this section and complied with the pertinent rules 23 and regulations of the department of revenue. A school bus 24 permit shall be issued to any applicant who meets the following

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qualifications:

2 (1) The applicant has a valid state license issued under
3 this chapter or has a license valid in any other state;

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(2) The applicant is at least twenty-one years of age;

5 (3) The applicant has passed a medical examination, 6 including vision and hearing tests, as prescribed by the director 7 of revenue and, if the applicant is at least seventy years of 8 age, the applicant shall pass the medical examination annually to 9 maintain or renew the permit; and

10 The applicant has successfully passed an examination (4) for the operation of a school bus as prescribed by the director 11 The examination shall include, but need not be 12 of revenue. 13 limited to, a written skills examination of applicable laws, rules and procedures, and a driving test in the type of vehicle 14 15 to be operated. The test shall be completed in the appropriate 16 class of vehicle to be driven. For purposes of this section 17 classes of school buses shall comply with the Commercial Motor 18 Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (Title XII of Pub. Law 99-570).

2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a school bus permit shall be renewed every three years and shall require the applicant to provide a medical examination as specified in subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section and to successfully pass a written skills examination as prescribed by the director of revenue in consultation with the department of

elementary and secondary education. If the applicant is at least 1 2 seventy years of age, the school bus permit shall be renewed 3 annually, and the applicant shall successfully pass the examination prescribed in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this 4 5 section prior to receiving the renewed permit, provided that the background check, as contemplated by subsections 5 and 6 of this 6 7 section, shall continue to be conducted on a renewing applicant's previously established three-year renewal schedule. The director 8 may waive the written skills examination on renewal of a school 9 10 bus permit upon verification of the applicant's successful 11 completion within the preceding twelve months of a training 12 program which has been approved by the director in consultation 13 with the department of elementary and secondary education and which is at least eight hours in duration with special 14 15 instruction in school bus driving.

16 3. The fee for a new or renewed school bus permit shall be17 three dollars.

4. Upon the applicant's completion of the requirements of subsections 1, 2 and 3 of this section, the director of revenue shall issue a temporary school bus permit to the applicant until such time as a permanent school bus permit shall be issued following the record clearance as provided in subsection 6 of this section.

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5. The director of revenue, to the best of the director's

1 knowledge, shall not issue or renew a school bus permit to any 2 applicant:

3 (1) Whose driving record shows that such applicant's
4 privilege to operate a motor vehicle has been suspended, revoked
5 or disqualified or whose driving record shows a history of moving
6 vehicle violations;

7 (2) Who has pled guilty to or been found guilty of any felony or misdemeanor for violation of drug regulations as 8 defined in chapter 195, RSMo; of any felony for an offense 9 10 against the person as defined by chapter 565, RSMo, or any other 11 offense against the person involving the endangerment of a child as prescribed by law; of any misdemeanor or felony for a sexual 12 13 offense as defined by chapter 566, RSMo; of any misdemeanor or felony for prostitution as defined by chapter 567, RSMo; of any 14 15 misdemeanor or felony for an offense against the family as defined in chapter 568, RSMo; of any felony or misdemeanor for a 16 17 weapons offense as defined by chapter 571, RSMo; of any 18 misdemeanor or felony for pornography or related offense as 19 defined by chapter 573, RSMo; or of any similar crime in any 20 federal, state, municipal or other court of similar jurisdiction of which the director has knowledge; 21

(3) Who has pled guilty to or been found guilty of any
felony involving robbery, arson, burglary or a related offense as
defined by chapter 569, RSMo; or any similar crime in any

federal, state, municipal or other court of similar jurisdiction
 within the preceding ten years of which the director has
 knowledge.

The department of social services or the Missouri 4 6. highway patrol, whichever has access to applicable records, shall 5 provide a record of clearance or denial of clearance for any 6 7 applicant for a school bus permit for the convictions specified in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 5 of this section. 8 The 9 Missouri highway patrol in providing the record of clearance or 10 denial of clearance for any such applicant is authorized to obtain from the Federal Bureau of Investigation any information 11 which might aid the Missouri highway patrol in providing such 12 record of clearance or denial of clearance. The department of 13 social services or the Missouri highway patrol shall provide the 14 15 record of clearance or denial of clearance within thirty days of 16 the date requested, relying on information available at that 17 time, except that the department of social services or the 18 Missouri highway patrol shall provide any information 19 subsequently discovered to the department of revenue.

393.310. 1. This section shall only apply to gas
corporations as defined in section 386.020, RSMo. This section
shall not affect any existing laws and shall only apply to the
program established pursuant to this section.

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2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

1 (1) "Aggregate", the combination of natural gas supply and 2 transportation services, including storage, requirements of 3 eligible school entities served through a Missouri gas 4 corporation's delivery system;

5 (2) "Commission", the Missouri public service commission; 6 and

7 (3) "Eligible school entity" shall include any
8 seven-director, urban or metropolitan school district as defined
9 pursuant to section 160.011, RSMo, and shall also include, one
10 year after July 11, 2002, and thereafter, any school for
11 elementary or secondary education situated in this state, whether
12 a charter, private, or parochial school or school district.

Each Missouri gas corporation shall file with the
 commission, by August 1, 2002, a set of experimental tariffs
 applicable the first year to public school districts and
 applicable to all school districts, whether charter, private,
 public, or parochial, thereafter.

18 4. The tariffs required pursuant to subsection 3 of this19 section shall, at a minimum:

20 (1) Provide for the aggregate purchasing of natural gas
21 supplies and pipeline transportation services on behalf of
22 eligible school entities in accordance with aggregate purchasing
23 contracts negotiated by and through a not-for-profit school
24 association;

1 (2) Provide for the resale of such natural gas supplies, 2 including related transportation service costs, to the eligible 3 school entities at the gas corporation's cost of purchasing of 4 such gas supplies and transportation, plus all applicable 5 distribution costs, plus an aggregation and balancing fee to be 6 determined by the commission, not to exceed four-tenths of one 7 cent per therm delivered during the first year; and

8 (3) Not require telemetry or special metering, except for 9 individual school meters over one hundred thousand therms 10 annually.

5. The commission may suspend the tariff as required 11 pursuant to subsection 3 of this section for a period ending no 12 13 later than November 1, 2002, and shall approve such tariffs upon finding that implementation of the aggregation program set forth 14 15 in such tariffs will not have any negative financial impact on 16 the gas corporation, its other customers or local taxing 17 authorities, and that the aggregation charge is sufficient to 18 generate revenue at least equal to all incremental costs caused 19 by the experimental aggregation program. Except as may be 20 mutually agreed by the gas corporation and eligible school entities and approved by the commission, such tariffs shall not 21 22 require eligible school entities to be responsible for pipeline 23 capacity charges for longer than is required by the gas corporation's tariff for large industrial or commercial basic 24

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transportation customers.

2 6. The commission shall treat the gas corporation's 3 pipeline capacity costs for associated eligible school entities in the same manner as for large industrial or commercial basic 4 transportation customers, which shall not be considered a 5 negative financial impact on the gas corporation, its other 6 7 customers, or local taxing authorities, and the commission may adopt by order such other procedures not inconsistent with this 8 section which the commission determines are reasonable or 9 10 necessary to administer the experimental program. 11 7. This section shall terminate June 30, [2005] 2007.

12 <u>8. Tariffs in effect as of August 28, 2004, shall be</u>
 13 <u>extended until the termination date set in subsection 7 of this</u>
 14 <u>section.</u>

15 Section 1. The department of elementary and secondary 16 education shall not reimburse a school district for more than one A+ program coordinator per one thousand two hundred fifty 17 18 students; however a school with up to one thousand five hundred students shall be reimbursed for only one A+ program coordinator. 19 Section 2. Professional development requirements pursuant 20 21 to section 168.021, RSMo, for vocational-technical certification 22 or successor certification may include contact hours spent in 23 class in an appropriate college curriculum relating to the specific vocational-technical subject area for which the educator 24

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seeks certification.

Section 3. If any public school district hosts a district-2 sponsored Internet web site, that district shall post the 3 following on such site: 4 5 (1) A current version of that district's policy manual and all related documents; and 6 7 (2) A current version of that district's handbook, or, if the district has more than one handbook, a current version of all 8 of that district's handbooks. 9 10 Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to 11 adequately protect children being interviewed by the state and to aid school finances, the repeal and reenactment of sections 12 13 163.031, 163.036, 168.515, and 210.145 of section A of this act 14 is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 15 health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be 16 an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the 17 repeal and reenactment of sections 163.031, 163.036, 168.515, and 210.145 of section A of this act shall be in full force and 18 19 effect upon its passage and approval.