# SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 1519

# 92ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVES HOLAND (Sponsor), VILLA AND SHOEMAKER (Co-sponsors). Read 1<sup>st</sup> time February 19, 2004, and copies ordered printed.

4230L.01I

#### STEPHEN S. DAVIS, Chief Clerk

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 163.036 and 167.131, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof ten new sections relating to equal opportunity education contract program.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

	Section A. Sections 163.036 and 167.131, RSMo, are repealed and ten new sections
2	enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 160.740, 160.745, 160.750, 160.755, 160.760,
3	160.765, 160.770, 160.775, 163.036, and 167.131, to read as follows:
	160.740. As used in sections 160.740 to 160.775, the following terms mean:
2	(1) "Charter school", a school operating pursuant to sections 160.400 to 160.420;
3	(2) "Commissioner", the commissioner of education;
4	(3) "Eligible student", includes income-eligible students and otherwise eligible
5	students, defined as follows:
6	(a) "Income eligible student", any elementary or secondary school student who:
7	a. Attends a government-established school in a school district that is currently
8	unaccredited or provisionally accredited; or
9	b. Attends an individual government-established school that is in the third or
10	subsequent consecutive year of failure to achieve adequate yearly progress under the terms
11	of the no child left behind act; or
12	c. Attends an individual government-established school that has been designated
13	as academically deficient pursuant to section 160.538, and whose parents' income is no
14	more than one hundred twenty-five percent of the level that would make the student
15	eligible for a reduced price school lunch pursuant to the national school lunch act;
16	provided that:
17	(i) Once a student has begun attending a qualified school and the student's school

district of residence has regained accredited status or the student's assigned government-18

- 19 established school has concluded its status as not meeting adequate yearly progress or academically deficient, the student may finish his or her education under the equal 20 21 opportunity education contract program established pursuant to this section; and
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(ii) A subsequent increase in a student's parents' income to more than the level 23 prescribed in this subsection shall not disqualify the student from finishing his or her 24 education under the equal opportunity education contract program established pursuant 25 to this section.

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27 Children with disabilities who are receiving special education services under an individualized education plan pursuant to section 162.670 to 162.999, RSMo, are not 28 29 required to meet the income eligible student definition if the child's parents have 30 unreimbursed medical expenses in excess of seven and one-half percent of their federal 31 adjusted gross income;

32 (b) "Otherwise eligible student", any elementary or secondary school student in a 33 government-established school whose parent is currently incarcerated or has been 34 incarcerated in a state penal institution in this state or under the authority of this state;

35 (4) "Equal opportunity education contract", a contract entered into by a parent for 36 a qualified student to attend a qualified school;

37 "Government-established school", any elementary or secondary school (5) operating under the authority of a school board elected pursuant to chapter 162, RSMo; 38

39 (6) "Parent" means a qualified student's parent or legal guardian, or person who 40 holds a power of attorney relating to a qualified student for educational purposes;

41 (7) "Qualified school", any elementary or secondary school situated in this state 42 which is not a government-established school or charter school, which a child may attend 43 to satisfy the requirements of section 167.031, RSMo, and which:

(a) Is not in violation of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964;

(b) Has at least ten regular full-time students for the majority of the academic year

who are not related to each other within the third degree of affinity or consanguinity; 46 47 (c) Maintains an academic year that includes no fewer hours of instructional time

48 than the number of hours required in a school term, as such term is defined in section 49 160.011;

50 (d) Conducts a criminal background check on any employee in a position that 51 permits regular student contact;

52 (e) Supplies the information required of such schools pursuant to subsection 5 of this section for its initial qualification and annually meets the requirements for 53

54 requalification by the required date;

(f) Agrees to calculate the difference between the tuition charged per pupil and the amount of the equal opportunity education contract amount and return any difference to the school district; and

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(g) Demonstrates fiscal soundness by:

59 a. Being in operation without a planned or operational deficit for one complete 60 school year before the year in which it seeks initial qualification; or

61 **b.** Providing:

(i) A statement by a certified public accountant confirming that the school desiring
to qualify is insured against errors and omissions, loss and damage, and the owner has
sufficient capital or credit to operate the school for the upcoming year serving the number
of students anticipated with expected revenues from tuition and other sources that may be
reasonably expected; or, in lieu of such statement;

67 (ii) A surety bond or letter of credit equal to the amount of tuition expected to be 68 generated from the equal opportunity education contracts for that school;

(8) "Qualified student", an eligible student who in the previous school year was enrolled in a government-established or charter school and is not enrolled in a governmentestablished or charter school in the school year for which the parent has signed an equal opportunity education contract or a student who attended a qualified school during the previous school year by using an equal opportunity education contract who has completed the qualification process for an initial contract or who has renewed a previous contract. Qualified student shall include incoming kindergarten students.

160.745. 1. For all school years beginning on or after July 1, 2005, any parent of an eligible student may enter a contract with a qualified school for the upcoming school year in an amount equal to fifty percent of the average amount per pupil expended by the school district of residence of the eligible student during the last completed school year, which amount shall be certified by the commissioner of education. Any grant funds attributable to a grant application by a teacher for one particular classroom project shall not be included in calculating the average amount per pupil.

8 2. Any eligible student who receives special education services under an 9 individualized education plan pursuant to sections 162.670 to 162.999, RSMo, may enter 10 into a contract for an amount equal to the cost of services provided under the student's 11 individualized education plan as calculated by the district and reported to the 12 commissioner of education or fifty percent of the average amount per pupil expended by 13 the school district of residence during the last completed school year if the cost of services 14 does not exceed fifty percent of the average amount per pupil expended by the district.

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3. No parent shall sign a contract pursuant to this section for any qualified student
 when that parent's children constitute a majority of the students in the qualified school.

160.750. 1. School districts shall notify their patrons of the district's or an individual school's eligibility for participation in the program by November fifteenth, using 2 a standard notice form developed by the commissioner of education that clearly states the 3 4 reason for eligibility. The parent of a student who seeks initially to participate in the equal opportunity education contract program shall apply to the school district in which the 5 6 student resides by January fifteenth preceding the school year in which the student intends to attend a qualified school. The school district shall notify each applying parent whose 7 child meets the criteria of subdivision (a) or (b) of subdivision (3) of section 160.740 by 8 February twenty-eighth that the child meets eligibility criteria. The parent of an eligible 9 10 student shall provide annual written notice of intent to participate for the upcoming school year and to renew the contract by a date set by the local board of education. 11

12 2. On or after April first but prior to June first, a parent shall submit an 13 application to the qualified school on a form supplied by the school district. If the qualified 14 school has an application procedure with an earlier deadline, a parent shall submit a 15 separate application to the qualified school by the school's deadline. A qualified school shall notify the applicant within thirty days after receiving the application of its acceptance 16 17 or rejection of the application. The qualified school shall determine which eligible students 18 are accepted on the basis of the order in which their applications are received. The 19 qualified school shall use a lottery if the number of applications exceeds the number of 20 available spaces.

3. The parent of an eligible student who is accepted by a qualified school may enter into an equal opportunity education contract with the school district. The contract shall set forth the responsibilities of the parties, which shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(1) The terms and procedures of the payment made by the school district to the
parent, which shall be sent to the qualified school where the parent shall endorse the
payment for the sole use of the qualified school;

(2) The consequences of failure to abide by the terms of the contract by eitherparty.

160.755. The parent of an eligible student shall be deemed to have relinquished the
right to receive tuition payments pursuant to the equal opportunity education contract
program if:

4 (1) The parent voluntarily notifies the school district in writing of his or her intent 5 to relinquish the right;

6 (2) The parent fails to submit an initial application or a renewal application to a 7 qualified school by August first of the school year;

8 (3) The eligible student does not enroll in a qualified school by August first of the 9 school year;

10 (4) The qualified student fails to attend the qualified school on at least ninety 11 percent of the school days in two payment periods, unless the lack of attendance is caused 12 by illness, injury, or other reason mutually acceptable to the qualified school and school 13 district;

(5) The qualified student moves outside the school district to a district that does not
 meet the conditions for eligibility of its students; or

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meet the conditions for eligibility of its students; or (6) The qualified student fails to take the assessment required in section 160.760.

160.760. The commissioner shall determine annually which schools may be classified as qualified schools. The commissioner may require a school seeking classification as a qualified school to provide any information reasonably necessary to make such a determination, not to exceed the equivalent information provided by charter schools or government-established schools. A qualified school shall provide at least the following information:

7 (1) The legal and, if different, operating name of the school, the address of the 8 principal place of instruction and all other permanent locations of instruction;

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(2) A description of the academic program;

10 (3) What methods of evaluation the school uses. A school shall provide at least one standardized assessment yearly, which may include the statewide assessment developed 11 pursuant to section 160.518, either administered by the qualified school at the expense of 12 13 the qualified school as a regular part of the qualified school's assessment program or administered at the government-established school that student would have attended, at 14 15 the expense of the government-established school. A parent may instead choose to have the 16 statewide assessment administered at the qualified school at the parent's expense if the 17 qualified school does not offer to administer the statewide assessment to all its students;

(4) Whether the school has conducted the required criminal background checks on
 its employees;

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(5) The qualifications of the school's teachers and administrators;

21 (6) The school's policy on refunds of tuition fees and any other charges and fees;

(7) A brief history of the school, including the number of years the school has been
in operation;

(8) The number of eligible students for which the school has space in each gradelevel;

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(9) Whether the financial statements of the school are available to the parent who
 is considering enrolling or has enrolled a student in the school; and

(10) An assurance that a school that provides separate classes in denominational doctrine instruction will permit the qualified student, upon request, to be exempt from such instruction; provided that such exemption shall not operate to lower the number of credits required for promotion or graduation.

160.765. Within ninety days of receipt of the required information, the 2 commissioner shall:

3 (1) Provide certification to the qualified school when such school meets the 4 qualifications specified in section 160.760;

5 (2) Notify the school district in which the qualified school is located of the school's
6 qualification for the program; and

7 (3) Post a list of qualified schools on the Internet on the web page of the department
 8 of elementary and secondary education.

160.770. Any school district not meeting the conditions specified in subdivision (a)
of subdivision (3) of section 160.740 may opt to participate in the equal opportunity
education contract program authorized in this section upon the adoption of a resolution
by the school board and submission of the resolution to the department of elementary and
secondary education, if the district meets one of the following criteria:

6 (1) A cumulative decrease in enrollment of five percent or more over a period of 7 two years;

8 (2) A cumulative increase in enrollment of five percent or more over a period of two
9 years;

10 (3) An average class size for kindergarten through grade 3 in excess of the 11 acceptable levels prescribed for the Missouri school improvement program or successor 12 accreditation program; or

(4) A failure of the patrons of the district to pass two consecutive proposed
 operational or capital funding tax increases within the last three years.

160.775. The department of elementary and secondary education may promulgate rules for the administration of sections 160.740 to 160.770. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in sections 160.740 to 160.770 shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. Sections 160.740 to 160.770 and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held

### $9 \quad \text{unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted}$

10 after August 28, 2004, shall be invalid and void.

163.036. 1. In computing the amount of state aid a school district is entitled to receive under section 163.031, a school district may use an estimate of the number of eligible pupils for 2 the ensuing year, the number of eligible pupils for the immediately preceding year or the number 3 of eligible pupils for the second preceding school year, whichever is greater; except that the 4 eligible pupil count shall be adjusted such that a school district shall continue to receive aid 5 6 for any pupil who is no longer enrolled in the school district as the result of using the proceeds of an equal opportunity education contract to transfer to a qualified school 7 pursuant to sections 160.740 to 160.775, RSMo, for the length of time the pupil remains in 8 9 the equal opportunity education contract program. Except as otherwise provided in 10 subsection 3 of this section, any error made in the apportionment of state aid because of a 11 difference between the actual number of eligible pupils and the estimated number of eligible 12 pupils shall be corrected as provided in section 163.091, except that if the amount paid to a district estimating eligible pupils exceeds the amount to which the district was actually entitled 13 14 by more than five percent, interest at the rate of six percent shall be charged on the excess and shall be added to the amount to be deducted from the district's apportionment the next 15 16 succeeding year.

Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section or any other provision
 of law, the state board of education shall make an adjustment for the immediately preceding year
 for any increase in the actual number of eligible pupils above the number on which the state aid
 in section 163.031 was calculated. Said adjustment shall be made in the manner providing for
 correction of errors under subsection 1 of this section.

22 3. (1) For any district which has, for at least five years immediately preceding the year 23 in which the error is discovered, adopted a calendar for the school term in which elementary schools are in session for twelve months of each calendar year, any error made in the 24 apportionment of state aid to such district because of a difference between the actual number of 25 eligible pupils and the estimated number of eligible pupils shall be corrected as provided in 26 section 163.091 and subsection 1 of this section, except that if the amount paid exceeds the 27 28 amount to which the district was actually entitled by more than five percent and the district 29 provides written application to the state board requesting that the deductions be made pursuant 30 to subdivision (2) of this subsection, then the amounts shall be deducted pursuant to subdivision 31 (2) of this subsection.

(2) For deductions made pursuant to this subdivision, interest at the rate of six percent
 shall be charged on the excess and shall be included in the amount deducted and the total amount
 of such excess plus accrued interest shall be deducted from the district's apportionment in equal

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monthly amounts beginning with the succeeding school year and extending for a period ofmonths specified by the district in its written request and no longer than sixty months.

37 4. For the purposes of distribution of state school aid pursuant to section 163.031, a 38 school district may elect to use the district's equalized assessed valuation for the preceding year, 39 or an estimate of the current year's assessed valuation if the current year's equalized assessed 40 valuation is estimated to be more than ten percent less than the district's equalized assessed 41 valuation for the preceding year. A district shall give prior notice to the department of its intention to use the current year's assessed valuation pursuant to this subsection. Any error made 42 43 in the apportionment of state aid because of a difference between the actual equalized assessed valuation for the current year and the estimated equalized assessed valuation for the current year 44 45 shall be corrected as provided in section 163.091, except that if the amount paid to a district 46 estimating current equalized assessed valuation exceeds the amount to which the district was 47 actually entitled, interest at the rate of six percent shall be charged on the excess and shall be 48 added to the amount to be deducted from the district's apportionment the next succeeding year.

49 5. For the purposes of distribution of state school aid pursuant to section 163.031, a 50 school district with ten percent or more of its assessed valuation that is owned by one person or 51 corporation as commercial or personal property who is delinquent in a property tax payment may 52 elect, after receiving notice from the county clerk on or before March fifteenth, except in the year 53 enacted, that more than ten percent of its current taxes due the preceding December thirty-first 54 by a single property owner are delinquent, to use on line 2 of the state aid formula the district's 55 equalized assessed valuation for the preceding year or the actual assessed valuation of the year for which the taxes are delinquent less the assessed valuation of property for which the current 56 57 year's property tax is delinquent. To qualify for use of the actual assessed valuation of the year 58 for which the taxes are delinquent less the assessed valuation of property for which the current 59 year's property tax is delinquent, a district must notify the department of elementary and 60 secondary education on or before April first, except in the year enacted, of the current year 61 amount of delinquent taxes, the assessed valuation of such property for which delinquent taxes 62 are owed and the total assessed valuation of the district for the year in which the taxes were due 63 but not paid. Any district giving such notice to the department of elementary and secondary 64 education shall present verification of the accuracy of such notice obtained from the clerk of the 65 county levying delinquent taxes. When any of the delinquent taxes identified by such notice are 66 paid during a four- year period following the due date, the county clerk shall give notice to the 67 district and the department of elementary and secondary education, and state aid paid to the 68 district shall be reduced by an amount equal to the delinquent taxes received plus interest. The 69 reduction in state aid shall occur over a period not to exceed five years and the interest rate on 70 excess state aid not refunded shall be six percent annually.

71 6. If a district receives state aid based on equalized assessed valuation as determined by 72 subsection 5 of this section and if prior to such notice the district was paid state aid pursuant to 73 subdivision (2) of subsection 5 of section 163.031, the amount of state aid paid during the year 74 of such notice and the first year following shall equal the sum of state aid paid pursuant to line 1 minus line 10 as defined in subsections 1, 2, 3 and 6 of section 163.031 plus the difference 75 76 between the state aid amount being paid after such notice minus the amount of state aid the 77 district would have received pursuant to line 1 minus line 10 as defined in subsections 1, 2, 3 and 6 of section 163.031 before such notice. To be eligible to receive state aid based on this 78 79 provision the district must levy during the first year following such notice at least the maximum levy permitted school districts by article X, section 11(b) of the Missouri Constitution and have 80 81 a voluntary rollback of its tax rate which is no greater than one cent per one hundred dollars 82 assessed valuation.

167.131. 1. The board of education of each district in this state that does not maintain
an accredited school pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to classify schools
as established in section 161.092, RSMo, shall pay the tuition of and provide transportation
consistent with the provisions of section 167.241, RSMo, for each pupil resident therein who
attends an accredited school in another district of the same or an adjoining county, except as
further provided in sections 160.740 to 160.775.

7 2. The rate of tuition to be charged by the district attended and paid by the sending 8 district is the per pupil cost of maintaining the district's grade level grouping which includes the school attended. The cost of maintaining a grade level grouping shall be determined by the board 9 of education of the district but in no case shall it exceed all amounts spent for teachers' wages, 10 incidental purposes, debt service, maintenance and replacements. The term "debt service", as 11 12 used in this section, means expenditures for the retirement of bonded indebtedness and expenditures for interest on bonded indebtedness. Per pupil cost of the grade level grouping 13 shall be determined by dividing the cost of maintaining the grade level grouping by the average 14 15 daily pupil attendance. If there is disagreement as to the amount of tuition to be paid, the facts shall be submitted to the state board of education, and its decision in the matter shall be final. 16 17 Subject to the limitations of this section, each pupil shall be free to attend the public school of 18 his or her choice.