SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 1744

92ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVES WALTON (Sponsor) AND WHORTON (Co-sponsor).

Read 1st time April 20, 2004, and copies ordered printed.

STEPHEN S. DAVIS, Chief Clerk

4992L.01I

AN ACT

To repeal sections 115.045, 115.051, 115.076, 115.115, 115.225, 115.227, 115.229, 115.231, 115.233, 115.235, 115.237, 115.249, 115.251, 115.253, 115.255, 115.257, 115.259, 115.261, 115.263, 115.265, 115.267, 115.269, 115.271, 115.273, 115.301, 115.383, 115.395, 115.415, 115.417, 115.419, 115.420, 115.421, 115.423, 115.430, 115.436, 115.439, 115.443, 115.447, 115.467, 115.469, 115.471, 115.473, 115.475, 115.477, 115.479, 115.481, 115.483, 115.485, 115.487, 115.489, 115.493, 115.495, 115.501, 115.503, 115.541, 115.585, 115.631, 115.633, and 115.655, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twenty-four new sections relating to the use of paper ballots for all elections, with a penalty clause for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 115.045, 115.051, 115.076, 115.115, 115.225, 115.227, 115.229,

- 2 115.231, 115.233, 115.235, 115.237, 115.249, 115.251, 115.253, 115.255, 115.257, 115.259,
- 3 115.261, 115.263, 115.265, 115.267, 115.269, 115.271, 115.273, 115.301, 115.383, 115.395,
- 4 115.415, 115.417, 115.419, 115.420, 115.421, 115.423, 115.430, 115.436, 115.439, 115.443,
- 5 115.447, 115.467, 115.469, 115.471, 115.473, 115.475, 115.477, 115.479, 115.481, 115.483,
- 6 115.485, 115.487, 115.489, 115.493, 115.495, 115.501, 115.503, 115.541, 115.585, 115.631,
- 7 115.633, and 115.655, RSMo, are repealed and twenty-four new sections enacted in lieu thereof,
- 8 to be known as sections 115.014, 115.045, 115.051, 115.076, 115.115, 115.383, 115.395,
- 9 115.415, 115.417, 115.419, 115.421, 115.423, 115.430, 115.436, 115.439, 115.443, 115.447,
- 10 115.493, 115.501, 115.541, 115.585, 115.631, 115.633, and 115.655, to read as follows:

115.014. After August 28, 2004, all elections conducted in this state shall use only

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law. Matter in boldface type in the above law is proposed language.

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2 paper ballots, and no voting shall be done by ballot card, electronic voting system, marking

- 3 device, or any machine, nor shall any vote be counted electronically or by any machine.
- 4 All such ballots shall be counted in accordance with the procedures established for
- 5 counting paper ballots in this chapter. Each voter shall be provided with a copy of the
- 6 voter's completed ballot for the voter to retain as a voting record.
- other employees as may be necessary to promptly and correctly perform the duties of the election authority. [Where an electronic voting system or voting machines are used, the election authority shall designate competent employees to have custody of and supervise maintenance of the voting equipment.] Board of election commissioners' employees shall be subject to the same restrictions and subscribe the same oath as members of the board of election commissioners, except that no employee of a board of election commissioners shall be required to post bond unless directed to do so by the board. Employee oaths and any bonds shall be filed and preserved in the office of the board.
 - 115.051. 1. In each county which does not have a board of election commissioners, the county clerk shall have the right to employ such deputies and assistants as are necessary to promptly and correctly register voters and conduct elections. [Where an electronic voting system or voting machines are used, the county clerk shall designate competent employees to have custody of and supervise maintenance of the voting equipment.] Each deputy shall be subject to the same restrictions and subscribe the same oath as the county clerk, except that no employee shall be required to post bond unless directed to do so by the clerk. Employee oaths and any bonds shall be filed and preserved in the office of the county clerk.
- 9 2. Within the total amount for deputies and assistants approved by the county 10 commission, the salary of each deputy and assistant shall be set by the county clerk.
 - 115.076. 1. Subject to appropriation of federal funds, the secretary of state shall administer a grant, loan, or other aid program for the purpose of providing funds to election authorities:
 - (1) [To purchase electronic voting machines that are accessible to all individuals with disabilities, including people who are blind or visually impaired;
 - (2)] To make polling places, including path of travel, entrances, exits and voting areas of each polling facility accessible to individuals with disabilities, including the blind and visually impaired, in a manner that provides the same opportunity for access and secret, independent and verifiable participation, including privacy and independence, as for other voters;
 - [(3)] (2) To provide individuals with disabilities and individuals who are blind and visually impaired with information about the accessibility of polling places, including outreach programs to inform individuals about the availability of accessible polling places and to train

13 election officials, poll workers, and election volunteers on how to best promote the access and

- 14 participation of individuals in elections, and to provide assistance in all accommodations needed
- 15 by voters with disabilities.

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Such funding may be in the form of matching grants. The secretary of state when awarding grants shall give priority to jurisdictions which have the highest number of residents, according to the most recent federal census, with an income below the federal poverty level as established by the federal Department of Health and Human Services or its successor agency. The secretary

of state may promulgate rules to effectuate the provisions of this section.

- 2. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void.
- 115.115. 1. Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section or in section 115.436, for each election within its jurisdiction, the election authority shall designate a polling place for each precinct within which any voter is entitled to vote at the election.
- 2. For any election, the election authority shall have the right to consolidate two or more adjoining precincts for voting at a single polling place and to designate one set of judges to conduct the election for such precincts. Voters shall be notified of the place for voting in the manner provided in section 115.127 or 115.129.
- 3. No person shall be required to go to more than one polling place to vote on the same day.
- 4. Prior to the opening of the polling places on any election day, if candidates or issues for more than one political subdivision or district are to be voted for at one precinct, the election authority for that precinct shall provide color-coded ballots, or ballots with other distinguishing codes, to show what candidates and issues the voter is eligible to vote, based on the voter's place of residence, so that on election day no voter will have an opportunity to vote for candidates or issues for which the voter is not entitled to vote. If such ballots are not available, the election authority shall be notified and voting at that precinct shall not begin until appropriate ballots are available.
- 5. Each local election authority shall designate one common site and may designate up to four additional common sites as election day central polling places designed for accessibility

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to voters who have physical disabilities, the elderly, and any other registered voter authorized by law to vote at a central polling place. Such sites shall conform to nationally accepted accessibility standards. In addition to being able to supply such voters with their appropriate ballots, and being open during regular voting hours, such a polling place shall otherwise be staffed and operated in accordance with law, especially as provided in subsection [3] 2 of section 115.436 and subsection 3 of section 115.445, and like any other polling place, insofar as possible.

- 6. Subject to receipt of sufficient Section 261 funds authorized by the Help America Vote Act of 2002, the secretary of state shall develop a comprehensive plan for increased polling place accessibility. The secretary of state shall apply for funds pursuant to Section 261 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 and may allocate Section 101 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 funding after reaching full compliance of Title III of the Help America Vote Act of 2002. Any funds received pursuant to Section 291 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 may be used for provisions of this section. The plan shall include:
- (1) Completion of a comprehensive audit of current polling place accessibility using nationally accepted standards for architectural accessibility such as the Federal Election Commission Polling Place Accessibility Survey or other survey developed using the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines. Audits shall be completed no later than twelve months after receipt of Section 261 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 funds. The audit shall include recommendations and cost estimates for each polling place to achieve accessibility and shall be procured in accordance with chapter 34, RSMo;
- (2) Development of the plan, including time lines for barrier removal and funding needed to achieve one hundred percent polling place accessibility within twenty-four months after the completion of the audit. The implementation plan may be used by local election authorities in applying for any available federal and state funds available to improve polling place accessibility and shall be submitted to the general assembly by the secretary of state for use in determining future requirements and funding needs for polling place accessibility;
- (3) Establishment of an oversight committee made up of individuals with disabilities, disability organizations, advocates, and election officials to assist the activities pursuant to this section.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of local election authorities to apply

- 52 for and receive grants for polling place accessibility pursuant to Section 261 of the Help America
- 53 Vote Act of 2002 prior to the completion of the survey authorized pursuant to this section.
- 54 Improvements to polling places made with grants received pursuant to Section 261 of the Help
- 55 America Vote Act of 2002 shall be used to meet standards as outlined in this section unless the

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56 requirements of the grant exceed these requirements.

ballot or that a new candidate has been selected shall have the proper corrections made on the ballot before the ballot is delivered to or while it is in the hands of the printer. If time does not permit correction of the printed ballot, the election authority shall have prepared small pasters, suitable for covering the name to be removed on the ballots[,] or ballot labels [or on the protective covering of each voting machine]. If a candidate is replaced by a candidate pursuant to the provisions of sections 115.361 to 115.377, the paster shall contain the name to be substituted in letters of the same size and type as all other names on the ballot. The appropriate election authorities shall see that such pasters are properly applied to the ballots[,] or ballot labels [or voting machines] before they are used for voting.

115.395. 1. At each primary election, there shall be as many separate ballots as there are parties entitled to participate in the election.

3 2. The names of the candidates for each office on each party ballot shall be listed in the 4 order in which they are filed, except that, in the case of candidates who file a declaration of 5 candidacy with the secretary of state prior to 5:00 p.m. on the first day for filing, the secretary of state shall determine by random drawing the order in which such candidates' names shall 6 appear on the ballot. The drawing shall be conducted so that each candidate may draw a number at random at the time of filing. The secretary of state shall record the number drawn with the 9 candidate's declaration of candidacy. The names of candidates filing on the first day for filing for each office on each party ballot shall be listed in ascending order of the numbers so drawn. For the purposes of this subsection, the election authority responsible for oversight of the filing 11 12 of candidates, other than candidates that file with the secretary of state, shall clearly designate 13 where candidates shall form a line to effectuate such filings and determine the order of such 14 filings; except that, in the case of candidates who file a declaration of candidacy with the election authority prior to 5:00 p.m. on the first day for filing, the election authority may determine by 15 random drawing the order in which such candidates' names shall appear on the ballot. If a 16 17 drawing is conducted pursuant to this subsection, it shall be conducted so that each candidate 18 may draw a number at random at the time of filing. If such drawing is conducted, the election 19 authority shall record the number drawn with the candidate's declaration of candidacy. If such 20 drawing is conducted, the names of candidates filing on the first day for filing for each office on 21 each party ballot shall be listed in ascending order of the numbers so drawn.

3. Insofar as applicable, the provisions of sections [115.237,] 115.241 and 115.245 shall apply to each ballot prepared for a primary election, except that the ballot information may be placed in vertical or horizontal rows, no circle shall appear under any party name and no write-in lines shall appear under the name of any office for which a candidate is to be nominated at the

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26 primary. At a primary election, write-in votes shall be counted only for persons who can be 27 elected to an office at the primary.

115.415. Before the time fixed by law for the opening of the polls, the election authority shall deliver to the authorized election officials or to the polling place the appropriate ballots, ballot boxes, precinct registers, voting booths, [voting machines] and all other supplies, material and equipment necessary and appropriate for the polling place. The election authority shall make and preserve a record of each delivery.

- 115.417. 1. Before the time fixed by law for the opening of the polls, the election authority shall deliver to each polling place a sufficient number of voter instruction cards which include [the following information:
- (1) If paper ballots or an electronic voting system is used, the instructions [shall inform] **informing** the voter on how to obtain a ballot for voting, how to vote and prepare the ballot for deposit in the ballot box and how to obtain a new ballot to replace one accidentally spoiled[;
- (2) If voting machines are used, the instructions shall inform the voter how to operate the machine in such a manner that the voter may vote as the voter wishes].
- 2. The election authority at each polling place shall post in a conspicuous place voting 10 instructions on a poster no smaller than twenty-four inches by thirty inches. Such instructions shall also inform the voter that the voting equipment can be demonstrated upon request of the voter. The election authority shall also publicly post during the period of time in which a person 12 may cast an absentee ballot and on election day a sample version of the ballot that will be used for that election, the date of the election, the hours during which the polling place will be open, instructions for mail-in registrants and first-time voters, general information on voting rights in 15 accordance with the state plan filed by the secretary of state pursuant to the Help America Vote Act of 2002, general information on the right to cast a provisional ballot and instructions for provisional ballots, how to contact appropriate authorities if voting rights have been violated, and general information on federal and Missouri law regarding prohibitions on acts of fraud and misrepresentation. The secretary of state may promulgate rules to execute this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo.
 - 3. [If marking devices or voting machines are used, the election authority shall also provide to each polling place a model of a marking device or portion of the face of a voting machine. If requested to do so by a voter, the election judges shall give instructions on operation of the marking device or voting machine by use of the model.
 - 4.] The secretary of state may develop multilingual voting instructions to be made available to election authorities.
 - 115.419. Before the time fixed by law for the opening of the polls, the election authority

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2 shall deliver to each polling place a sufficient number of sample ballots[, ballot cards] or ballot

- 3 labels which shall be a different color but otherwise exact copies of the official ballot. The
- 4 samples shall be printed in the form of a diagram, showing the form of the ballot [or the front
- 5 of the marking device or voting machine as it will appear on election day. The secretary of state
- 6 may develop multilingual sample ballots to be made available to election authorities.
- 115.421. Before the time fixed by law for the opening of the polls, the election judges 2 shall:
 - (1) Set up the voting equipment, arrange the furniture, supplies and records and make all other arrangements necessary to open the polls at the time fixed by law;
 - (2) Post a voter instruction card in each voting booth or machine and in at least one other conspicuous place within the polling place and post a sample ballot in a conspicuous place near the voting booths;
 - (3) Certify the number of ballots received at each polling place. In each polling place using voting machines, the election judges shall, in lieu of certifying the number of ballots received, certify the number on each voting machine received at the polling place, the number on the seal of each voting machine, the number on the protective counter of each voting machine and that all recording counters on all voting machines at the polling place are set at zero. If a recording counter on any voting machine is not set at zero, the election judges shall immediately notify the election authority and proceed as it directs];
 - (4) Compare the ballot[, ballot label] or [ballot card and] ballot label with the sample ballots, see that the names, numbers and letters agree and certify thereto in the tally book. If the names, numbers or letters do not agree, the election judges shall immediately notify the election authority and proceed as it directs;
 - (5) Sign the tally book in the manner provided in the form for tally books in section 115.461[, 115.473 or 115.487]. If any election judge, challenger or watcher has not been previously sworn as the law directs, [he] **the election judge** shall take and subscribe the oath of [his] office as provided in section 115.091 or 115.109, and the oath shall be returned to the election authority with the tally book.
- 115.423. After the time fixed by law for the opening of the polls but before the voting begins, the election judges shall open the ballot box and show to all present that it is empty. The ballot box shall then be locked and the key kept by one of the election judges. The ballot box shall not be opened or removed from public view from the time it is shown to be empty until the polls close or until the ballot box is delivered for counting pursuant to section 115.451. [If voting machines are used, the election judges shall call attention to the counter on the face of each voting machine and show to all present that it is set at zero.]
 - 115.430. 1. This section shall apply to primary and general elections where candidates

for federal or statewide offices are nominated or elected and any election where statewide issue 3 or issues are submitted to the voters.

- 4 2. A voter claiming to be properly registered in the jurisdiction of the election authority and eligible to vote in an election, but whose eligibility cannot be immediately established upon 5 examination of the precinct register or upon examination of the records on file with the election authority, shall be entitled to vote a provisional ballot after providing a form of personal identification required pursuant to section 115.427, or may vote at a central polling place as established in section 115.115 where they may vote their appropriate ballot upon verification of 9 10 eligibility or vote a provisional ballot if eligibility cannot be determined. The provisional ballot contained in this section shall contain the statewide candidates and issues, and federal candidates. 12 The congressional district on the provisional ballot shall be for the address contained on the 13 affidavit provided for in this section. If the voter declares that the voter is eligible to vote and the election authority determines that the voter is eligible to vote at another polling place, the 15 voter shall be directed to the correct polling place or a central polling place as established by the election authority pursuant to subsection 5 of section 115.115. If the voter refuses to go to the 16 17 correct polling place or a central polling place, the voter shall be permitted to vote a provisional 18 ballot at the incorrect polling place, but such ballot shall not be counted.
- 19 3. Once voted, the provisional ballot shall be placed and sealed in a provisional ballot 20 envelope. The provisional ballot in its envelope shall be deposited in the ballot box. The provisional ballot envelope shall be completed by the voter for use in determining eligibility. 22 The provisional ballot envelope specified in this section shall contain a voter's certificate which 23 shall be in substantially the following form:

STATE OF COUNTY OF I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that my name is; that my date of birth is; that the last four digits of my Social Security Number are; that I am registered to vote in County or City (if a City not within a County), Missouri; that I am a qualified voter of said County (or City not within a County); that I am eligible to vote at this polling place; and that I have not voted in this election. I understand that if the above-provided information is not correct and the election authority determines that I am not registered and eligible to vote, my vote will not be counted. I further understand that knowingly providing false information is a violation of law and subjects

34 me to possible criminal prosecution. 35 ••••• 36 (Signature of Voter) 37

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38	(Current Address)		
39	Subscribed and affirmed before me this	day of	, 20
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41	(Signature of Election Official)		

The voter may provide additional information to further assist the election authority in determining eligibility, including the place and date the voter registered to vote, if known.

- 4. Prior to certification of the election, the election authority shall determine if the voter is registered and entitled to vote and if the vote was properly cast. The provisional ballot shall be counted only if the election authority determines that the voter is registered and entitled to vote. Provisional ballots voted in the wrong polling place shall not be counted. If the voter is not registered but is qualified to register for future elections, the affidavit shall be considered a mail application to register to vote pursuant to this chapter.
- 5. [In counties where the voting system does not utilize a paper ballot, the election authority shall provide the appropriate provisional ballots to each polling place.
- 6.] The secretary of state may promulgate rules for purposes of ensuring the uniform application of this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo.
- [7.] **6.** The secretary of state shall design and provide to the election authorities the envelopes and forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- [8.] 7. Pursuant to the Help America Vote Act of 2002, the secretary of state shall ensure a free access system is established, such as a toll-free number or an Internet web site, that any individual who casts a provisional ballot may access to discover whether the vote of that individual was counted, and, if the vote was not counted, the reason that the vote was not counted. At the time an individual casts a provisional ballot, the election authority shall give the voter written information that states that any individual who casts a provisional ballot will be able to ascertain under such free access system whether the vote was counted, and if the vote was not counted, the reason that the vote was not counted.
- [9.] **8.** In accordance with the Help America Vote Act of 2002, any individual who votes in an election as a result of a court order or any other order extending the time established for closing the polls in section 115.407 may vote only by using a provisional ballot, and such provisional ballot shall be separated and held apart from other provisional ballots cast by those not affected by the order. Such ballots shall not be counted until such time as the ballots are determined to be valid.
 - 115.436. 1. [In jurisdictions using paper ballots and electronic voting systems,] When

any physically disabled voter within two hundred feet of a polling place is unable to enter the polling place, two election judges, one of each major political party, shall, when time permits, take a ballot, equipment and materials necessary for voting to the voter. The voter shall mark the ballot, and the election judges shall place the ballot in an envelope, seal it and place it in the ballot box.

- 2. [In jurisdictions using voting machines, when any physically disabled voter within two hundred feet of a polling place is unable to enter the polling place, two election judges, one of each major political party, shall, when time permits, take an absentee ballot to the voter. The voter shall mark the ballot, and the election judges shall place the ballot in an envelope, seal it and place it in the ballot box.
- 3.] Upon request to the election authority, the election authority in any jurisdiction shall designate a polling place accessible to any physically disabled voter other than the polling place to which that voter would normally be assigned to vote, provided that the candidates and issues voted on are consistent for both the designated location and the voting location for the voter's precinct. Upon request, the election authority may also assign members of the physically disabled voter's household and such voter's caregiver to the same voting location as the physically disabled voter. In no event shall a voter be assigned under this section to a designated location apart from the established voting location for the voter's precinct if the voter objects to the assignment to another location.
- 115.439. 1. [If paper ballots or ballot cards are used,] The voter shall, immediately upon receiving [his] a ballot, go alone to a voting booth and vote [his] the ballot in the following manner:
- (1) If the voter desires to vote a straight party ticket, [he] the voter may place a cross (X) mark in the circle directly below the party name at the head of the column, or [he] may place cross (X) marks in the squares directly to the left of the names of candidates on one party ticket;
- (2) If the voter desires to vote a split party ticket, [he] **the voter** may place a cross (X) mark in the circle directly below one party name at the head of the column and cross (X) marks in the squares directly to the left of the names of candidates on other party tickets, or [he] may place cross (X) marks in the squares directly to the left of the names of candidates on different party tickets;
- (3) If the voter desires to vote for a person whose name does not appear on the ballot, [he] **the voter** may cross out a name which appears on the ballot for the office and write the name of the person for whom [he] **the voter** wishes to vote above or below the crossed-out name and place a cross (X) mark in the square directly to the left of the crossed-out name. If a write-in line appears on the ballot, [he] **the voter** may write the name of the person for whom [he] **the voter** wishes to vote on the line and place a cross (X) mark in the square directly to the left of

18 the name;

- (4) If the ballot does not contain any party designations, the voter shall place a cross (X) mark in the squares directly to the left of the names of the candidates for whom [he] **the voter** desires to vote;
- (5) If the ballot is one which contains no candidates, the voter shall place a cross (X) mark in the square directly to the left of each "yes" or "no" [he] **the voter** desires to vote.

25 No voter shall vote for the same person more than once for the same office at the same election.

- 2. [For purposes of this section, a punch or sensor mark or any other mark clearly indicating that the voter intends to mark that particular square shall be equivalent to a cross (X) mark.
- 3. If voting machines are used, the voter shall, immediately upon direction by the judges, go alone to a voting machine, close the curtain and vote in substantially the same manner provided in subsection 1 of this section. Rather than placing cross (X) marks on the ballot, however, the voter shall cause the designations to appear on the face of the voting machine, cast any write-in votes and register his votes as directed in the instructions for use of the machine.
- 4.] If the voter accidentally spoils [his] **the** ballot or [ballot card or] makes an error, [he] **the voter** may return it to an election judge and receive another. The election judge shall mark "SPOILED" across the ballot [or ballot card] and place it in an envelope marked "SPOILED BALLOTS". After another ballot has been prepared in the manner provided in section 115.433, the ballot shall be given to the voter for voting.
- [5.] 3. The election authority may authorize the use of a sticker or other item containing a write-in candidate's name, in lieu of a handwritten name. All such stickers and items used by election authorities shall conform to rules and regulations promulgated by the secretary of state regarding the form of such stickers and items. The secretary of state shall promulgate rules and regulations to prescribe uniform specifications for the form of such stickers and items. If authorized, such sticker or item shall contain a cross (X) mark, or other mark as described in subsection 2 of this section, in the square directly left of the candidate's name and the office for which the candidate is a write-in candidate. A write-in vote that does not meet the requirements of this subsection which appears on a ballot shall not be counted pursuant to sections 115.447 to 115.525. [In those jurisdictions using an electronic voting system which utilizes mark sense or optical scan technology and if the election authority authorizes the use of stickers for write-ins, such system shall be programmed to identify and separate those ballots which contain an office in which write-in candidates are eligible to receive votes, and which contain less votes than a voter is entitled to cast.] In addition, such sticker shall be considered "printed matter" as defined in subsection 8 of section 130.031, RSMo, and as such shall contain the designation

54 required by subsection 8 of section 130.031, RSMo.

- [6.] **4.** Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void.
- 115.443. [1. Where paper ballots are used,] The voter shall, before leaving the voting booth, fold [his] **the** ballot so that the cross (X) marks are concealed. The voter shall place [his] **the** ballot in the ballot box and leave the polling place immediately.
- [2. Where ballot cards with envelopes are used, the voter shall, immediately before leaving the voting booth, place his ballot card in the ballot envelope. Where ballot cards with stubs are used, the voter shall, immediately after leaving the voting booth, hand his ballot card or envelope containing his ballot card to an election judge. The election judge shall remove the stub from the ballot card and, where ballot envelopes are used, replace the ballot card in the envelope and return the ballot card or envelope containing the ballot card to the voter. The voter shall place the ballot card or envelope containing the ballot card in the ballot box and leave the polling place immediately. Where ballot cards without stubs are used, the voter shall, immediately after leaving the voting booth, place the ballot card or ballot envelope containing the ballot card in the ballot box and leave the polling place immediately.
- 3. Where voting machines are used, the voter shall register his vote as directed in the instructions for use of the machine and leave the polling place immediately.]
 - 115.447. 1. As used in this subchapter, unless the context clearly implies otherwise, the following terms shall mean:
 - (1) "Counting judges" are the two judges, one from each major political party, who read each vote received by all candidates and each vote for and against all questions at a polling place;
 - (2) "Receiving judges" are the two judges, one from each major political party, who initial each voter's ballot at a polling place;
 - (3) "Recording judges" are the two judges, one from each major political party, who tally the votes received by each candidate and for and against each question at a polling place. These terms describe functions rather than individuals, and any election judge may perform more than one function at a polling place on election day.
- 2. As used in this subchapter, unless the context clearly implies otherwise, the following terms shall mean:

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(1) "Defective ballot" is any ballot card on which the number of write-in votes and votes cast on the ballot card for any office exceed the number allowed by law, and any ballot card which is bent or damaged so that it cannot be properly counted by automatic tabulating equipment;

- (2) "Rejected ballot" is any ballot on which no votes are counted because the ballot fails to have the initials of the proper election judges, because the number of votes for all offices and on all questions exceeds the number authorized by law, because the voter is deemed by the election judges to be unqualified, because it is an absentee ballot not accompanied by a completed and signed affidavit, or because the ballot was voted with unlawful assistance;
- (3) "Spoiled ballot" is any ballot accidentally spoiled by a voter and replaced by election judges in the manner provided in subsection [4] 2 of section 115.439.

ballot materials in electronic form and] write-in forms, and all applications, statements, certificates, **and** affidavits [and computer programs] relating to each election for twelve months after the date of the election. During the time that voted ballots[, ballot cards, processed ballot materials in electronic form] and write-in forms are kept by the election authority, it shall not open or inspect them or allow anyone else to do so, except upon order of a legislative body trying an election contest, a court or a grand jury. After twelve months, the ballots, [ballot cards, processed ballot materials in electronic form,] write-in forms, applications, statements, certificates, **and** affidavits [and computer programs] relating to each election may be destroyed. If an election contest, grand jury investigation or civil or criminal case relating to the election is pending at the time, however, the materials shall not be destroyed until the contest, investigation or case is finally determined.

115.501. As soon as possible after an election in which paper ballots [or ballot cards] are used, the verification board shall meet and check the addition and figures on all tally sheets and 2 statements of returns and shall compare its record with the returns made by the election judges and the election authority on the day of the election. Before meeting, the verification board shall 5 give notice of the time and place of the meeting to each independent and new party candidate and the chairman of the county committee of each political party named on the ballot at the election. 7 The meeting and proceedings of the verification board shall be open to a representative of each independent candidate and political party named on the ballot. If there is a discrepancy between the returns of the election judges and the election authority and the record of the verification board, the verification board shall correct the returns made by the judges and election authority 10 to conform to its record. The corrected returns shall supersede the returns made by the election 11 12 judges and the election authority on election day. Both the record and the returns shall be 13 retained by the election authority as provided in section 115.493.

115.541. 1. Whenever a recount is ordered pursuant to section 115.539, the court shall order all materials and records relating to the contest brought before it, so that the court has the same materials and records as the election judges had while making the count and statements of returns. The court shall have authority to pass upon the form and determine the legality of the votes brought into question and to determine the qualifications of any voter whose vote is brought into question, provided that the name of a voter upon a precinct register for the polling place shall be prima facie evidence of the proper qualifications of the voter. A comparison may be made between the signatures on the identification certificates and those which appear in the precinct registers, and no votes shall be counted except the votes of registered voters and those entitled to vote as provided in section 115.277 without being registered. No votes of any person found by the court to be unqualified to vote at the primary election shall be counted.

- 2. Whenever a recount of votes cast on paper ballots is ordered pursuant to section 115.539 or 115.601, the court shall proceed to open and count the votes and, after the count has been completed, shall tabulate by voting district the votes cast for the contestant and the contestee.
- [3. Whenever a recount of votes cast on any voting machine is ordered pursuant to section 115.539 or 115.601, the court shall make visible the registering counters of the machine and, without unlocking the machine against voting, shall record the votes cast on the machine.
- 4. Whenever a recount of votes cast on ballot cards is ordered pursuant to section 115.539 or 115.601, the court shall supervise a test of the automatic tabulating equipment conducted in the manner provided in section 115.233 and shall cause the votes to be recounted automatically or may order a hand count of the votes. In its discretion, the court may order a new computer program to be made, which shall be tested in the manner provided in section 115.233 before the votes in question are recounted automatically.]
- 115.585. 1. Whenever a recount is ordered pursuant to section 115.583 or 115.601, the court or legislative body trying the contest shall issue a writ to each election authority responsible for conducting the election in any area in which an alleged irregularity occurred, commanding the election authority to prepare its office and all records and materials relating to the contested election for the recount. Such writ shall be served immediately on the election authority by the sheriff of the county. Upon receipt of a writ, each election authority shall set a day, not more than twenty days after receiving the writ, on which it will have its office and all records and materials relating to the contested election prepared. Immediately upon setting the day, the election authority shall send by certified or registered mail a notice to the court or legislative body issuing the writ. The notice shall set forth the day selected by the election authority for the recount.
 - 2. Whenever a recount is ordered pursuant to section 115.583, the court or legislative

body shall have authority to pass upon the form and determine the legality of the votes brought into question and to determine the qualifications of any voter whose vote is brought into question, provided that the name of a voter upon a precinct register for the polling place shall be prima facie evidence of the proper qualifications of the voter. A comparison may be made between the signatures on the identification certificates and those which appear in the precinct registers, and no votes shall be counted except the votes of registered voters and those entitled to vote as provided in subsection 2 of section 115.137 and section 115.277 without being registered. No votes of any person found by the court to be unqualified to vote at the election shall be counted.

- 3. Whenever a recount of votes cast on paper ballots is ordered pursuant to section 115.583 or 115.601, the court or legislative body shall proceed to open and count the votes and, after the count has been completed, shall tabulate by voting district the votes cast for the contestant and the contestee.
- [4. Whenever a recount of votes cast on any voting machine is ordered pursuant to section 115.583 or 115.601, the court or legislative body shall make visible the registering counters of the machine and, without unlocking the machine against voting, shall record the votes cast on the machine.
- 5. Whenever a recount of votes cast on ballot cards is ordered pursuant to section 115.583 or 115.601, the court or legislative body shall supervise a test of the automatic tabulating equipment conducted in the manner provided in section 115.233 and shall cause the votes to be recounted automatically, or may order a hand count of the votes. In its discretion, the court or legislative body may order a new computer program to be made, which shall be tested in the manner provided in section 115.233 before the votes in question are recounted automatically.]
- 115.631. The following offenses, and any others specifically so described by law, shall be class one election offenses and are deemed felonies connected with the exercise of the right of suffrage. Conviction for any of these offenses shall be punished by imprisonment of not more than five years or by fine of not less than two thousand five hundred dollars but not more than ten thousand dollars or by both such imprisonment and fine:
- (1) Willfully and falsely making any certificate, affidavit, or statement required to be made pursuant to any provision of sections 115.001 to 115.641 and sections 51.450 and 51.460, RSMo, including but not limited to statements specifically required to be made "under penalty of perjury"; or in any other manner knowingly furnishing false information to an election authority or election official engaged in any lawful duty or action in such a way as to hinder or mislead the authority or official in the performance of official duties;
 - (2) Voting more than once or voting at any election knowing that the person is not

entitled to vote or that the person has already voted on the same day at another location inside or outside the state of Missouri;

- (3) Procuring any person to vote knowing the person is not lawfully entitled to vote or knowingly procuring an illegal vote to be cast at any election;
- (4) Applying for a ballot in the name of any other person, whether the name be that of a person living or dead or of a fictitious person, or applying for a ballot in his own or any other name after having once voted at the election inside or outside the state of Missouri;
- (5) Aiding, abetting or advising another person to vote knowing the person is not legally entitled to vote or knowingly aiding, abetting or advising another person to cast an illegal vote;
- (6) An election judge knowingly causing or permitting any ballot to be in the ballot box at the opening of the polls and before the voting commences;
- (7) Knowingly furnishing any voter with a false or fraudulent or bogus ballot, or knowingly practicing any fraud upon a voter to induce him to cast a vote which will be rejected, or otherwise defrauding him of his vote;
- (8) An election judge knowingly placing or attempting to place or permitting any ballot, or paper having the semblance of a ballot, to be placed in a ballot box at any election unless the ballot is offered by a qualified voter as provided by law;
- (9) Knowingly placing or attempting to place or causing to be placed any false or fraudulent or bogus ballot in a ballot box at any election;
- (10) Knowingly removing any legal ballot from a ballot box for the purpose of changing the true and lawful count of any election or in any other manner knowingly changing the true and lawful count of any election;
- (11) Knowingly altering, defacing, damaging, destroying or concealing any ballot after it has been voted for the purpose of changing the lawful count of any election;
- (12) Knowingly altering, defacing, damaging, destroying or concealing any poll list, report, affidavit, return or certificate for the purpose of changing the lawful count of any election;
- (13) On the part of any person authorized to receive, tally or count a poll list, tally sheet or election return, receiving, tallying or counting a poll list, tally sheet or election return the person knows is fraudulent, forged or counterfeit, or knowingly making an incorrect account of any election;
- (14) On the part of any person whose duty it is to grant certificates of election, or in any manner declare the result of an election, granting a certificate to a person the person knows is not entitled to receive the certificate, or declaring any election result the person knows is based upon fraudulent, fictitious or illegal votes or returns;
- 47 (15) Willfully destroying or damaging any official ballots, whether marked or unmarked, 48 after the ballots have been prepared for use at an election and during the time they are required

49 by law to be preserved in the custody of the election judges or the election authority;

- (16) [Willfully tampering with, disarranging, altering the information on, defacing, impairing or destroying any voting machine or marking device after the machine or marking device has been prepared for use at an election and during the time it is required by law to remain locked and sealed with intent to impair the functioning of the machine or marking device at an election, mislead any voter at the election, or to destroy or change the count or record of votes on such machine;
- (17)] Registering to vote knowing the person is not legally entitled to register or registering in the name of another person, whether the name be that of a person living or dead or of a fictitious person;
- [(18)] (17) Procuring any other person to register knowing the person is not legally entitled to register, or aiding, abetting or advising another person to register knowing the person is not legally entitled to register;
- [(19) Knowingly preparing, altering or substituting any computer program or other counting equipment to give an untrue or unlawful result of an election;
- (20)] (18) On the part of any person assisting a blind or disabled person to vote, knowingly failing to cast such person's vote as such person directs;
- [(21)] (19) On the part of any registration or election official, permitting any person to register to vote or to vote when such official knows the person is not legally entitled to register or not legally entitled to vote;
- [(22)] (20) On the part of a notary public acting in his official capacity, knowingly violating any of the provisions of sections 115.001 to 115.627 or any provision of law pertaining to elections;
- [(23)] (21) Violation of any of the provisions of sections 115.275 to 115.303, or of any provision of law pertaining to absentee voting;
- [(24)] (22) Assisting a person to vote knowing such person is not legally entitled to such assistance, or while assisting a person to vote who is legally entitled to such assistance, in any manner coercing, requesting or suggesting that the voter vote for or against, or refrain from voting on any question, ticket or candidate.
- 115.633. The following offenses, and any others specifically so described by law, shall be class two election offenses and are deemed felonies not connected with the exercise of the right of suffrage. Conviction for any of these offenses shall be punished by imprisonment of not more than five years or by fine of not less than two thousand five hundred dollars but not more than ten thousand dollars or by both such imprisonment and fine:
- [(1)] On the day of election or before the counting of votes is completed, willfully concealing, breaking, or destroying any ballot box used or intended to be used at such election

or willfully or fraudulently concealing or removing any ballot box from the custody of the 9 election judges[;

- (2) Willfully tampering with, disarranging, defacing, materially altering, impairing, or destroying any voting machine or automatic tabulating equipment owned or leased by or loaned 11 to an election authority.
- 115.655. 1. The election authority shall provide for the delivery of official ballots to 2 each qualified voter:
- (1) By first class mail to the mailing address of each voter as it appears on the 4 registration records of the election authority on the deadline specified in subsection 1 of section 115.135 for registration. Each ballot so mailed shall be placed by the election authority in an envelope which is prominently marked "Do Not Forward" and mailed not later than the tenth day prior to the election; or
 - (2) By delivering the ballot to the residential address of the voter as it appears on the registration records of the election authority on the deadline specified in subsection 1 of section 115.135 for registration. Such delivery shall be made by a bi-partisan team appointed by the election authority from lists submitted under the provisions of section 115.087.

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- 13 Voters shall also be provided with a return identification envelope, a secrecy envelope, and 14 instructions sufficient to describe the voting process.
 - 2. Upon receipt of the ballot, the voter shall mark it, place and seal the marked ballot in the secrecy envelope supplied with the ballot, place and seal the sealed secrecy envelope containing the marked ballot in the return identification envelope supplied with the ballot which has been signed by the voter and then return the marked ballot to the election authority by either:
 - (1) United States mail; or
 - (2) Personally delivering the ballot to the office of the election authority.
 - 3. The election authority may provide additional sites for return delivery of ballots. The election authority may provide for the payment of postage on the return of ballots.
 - 4. The return identification envelope shall be in substantially the following form:

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25 PLEASE PRINT:

26

28 29

30

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27 NAME

> I declare under penalty of perjury, a felony, that I am a resident and a qualified voter for this election as shown on voter registration records and that I have voted the enclosed ballot and am returning it in compliance with sections 115.650 to 115.660, RSMo, and have not and will not vote more than one ballot in this election.

32	I also understand that failure to complete the information below will invalidate my ballot.
33	
34	
35	Signature
36	
37	Residence Address
38	
39	Mailing Address (if different)

- 5. If the ballot is destroyed, spoiled, lost or not received by the voter, the voter may obtain a replacement ballot from the election authority as provided in this subsection. A voter seeking a replacement ballot shall sign a statement verified on oath or affirmation, on a form prescribed by the election authority that the ballot was destroyed, spoiled, lost or not received. The applicant shall deliver the statement to the election authority before noon on the date of the election. The applicant may mail the statement to the election authority; but, no election authority shall transmit a ballot by mail under this subsection unless the application is received prior to the close of business on the fifth day prior to the election. When an application is timely received under this subsection, the election authority shall deliver the ballot to the voter if the voter is present in the office of the election authority, or promptly transmit the ballot by mail to the voter at the address contained in the application, except when prohibited in this subsection. The election authority shall keep a record of each replacement ballot provided under this subsection.
- 6. A ballot must be returned by mail or received in the office of the election authority or at a site provided for receipt of ballots by the election authority no later than 7:00 p.m. on election day. The election authority shall transmit all return identification envelopes to a team or teams of judges of not less than four, with an equal number from each major political party. The judges shall be selected by the election authority from lists submitted under the provisions of section 115.087, and subscribe to the oath provided in section 115.091. Upon receipt of such envelopes the judges shall verify the signature of each voter on the return identification envelope with the signature of the voter on the voter registration records. Such verification may commence at time prior to the day of the election. The election authority shall adopt procedures for securing and accounting for all verified return identification envelopes. The secrecy envelope shall not be separated from the return identification envelope before ballots are counted. Ballots may be counted at any time on election day provided the results are not released before 7:00 p.m. on that day. Counting of ballots [may] shall be done by hand [or through the utilization of automatic tabulating equipment] and shall be governed by the applicable sections of this chapter.

the secretary of state shall approve the marking devices and the automatic tabulating equipment used in electronic voting systems and may promulgate rules and regulations to implement the intent of sections 115.225 to 115.235.

- 2. No electronic voting system shall be approved unless it:
- (1) Permits voting in absolute secrecy;
- (2) Permits each voter to vote for as many candidates for each office as a voter is lawfully entitled to vote for;
- (3) Permits each voter to vote for or against as many questions as a voter is lawfully entitled to vote on, and no more;
- (4) Provides facilities for each voter to cast as many write-in votes for each office as a voter is lawfully entitled to cast;
- (5) Permits each voter at a general election to vote for all candidates of one party by one punch or mark or to vote a split ticket, as a voter desires;
- (6) Permits each voter in a primary election to vote for the candidates of only one party announced by the voter in advance;
- (7) Permits each voter at a presidential election to vote by use of a single punch or mark for the candidates of one party or group of petitioners for president, vice president and their presidential electors;
- (8) Accurately counts all proper votes cast for each candidate and for and against each question;
- (9) Is set to reject all votes, except write-in votes, for any office and on any question when the number of votes exceeds the number a voter is lawfully entitled to cast;
- (10) Permits each voter, while voting, to clearly see the ballot label;
- (11) Has been tested and is certified by an independent authority that meets the voting system standards developed by the Federal Election Commission or its successor agency. The provisions of this subdivision shall not be required for any system purchased prior to August 28, 2002.
- 3. The secretary of state shall promulgate rules and regulations to allow the use of a computerized voting system. The procedures shall provide for the use of a computerized voting system with the ability to provide a paper audit trail. Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, such a system may allow for the storage of processed ballot materials in an electronic form.
- 4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536,

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45 RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay 46 the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 47 48 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any 49 rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void.1 50 51 [115.227. All provisions of law not inconsistent with sections 2 8.001 to 8.040 shall apply with full force and effect to elections in 3 each jurisdiction using an electronic voting system.] 4 [115.229. 1. An electronic voting system may be used at any 2 primary election if it has been approved by the secretary of state, 3 complies with the provisions of section 115.225, and if the automatic 4 tabulating equipment will reject each vote on which a voter has voted 5 for candidates of more than one party. 2. An electronic voting system may be used at any other 6 7 election if it has been approved by the secretary of state and complies 8 with the provisions of section 115.225.] 9 [115.231. 1. In polling places using electronic voting systems, the ballot information, whether placed on the ballot card or 2 3 on the marking device, may be arranged in vertical or horizontal 4 rows, or on a number of separate pages. In any event, the name of 5 each candidate, the candidate's party, the office for which he or she is a candidate and each question shall be indicated clearly on the ballot 6 7 card or marking device. 2. Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed as prohibiting 8 9 the use of a separate paper ballot for questions or for the presidential 10 preference primary in any polling place using an electronic voting 11 system. 12 3. Where electronic voting systems are used and when write-in votes are authorized by law, a write-in ballot, which may be 13 14 in the form of a separate paper ballot, card or envelope shall be 15 provided to permit each voter to write in the names of persons whose 16 names do not appear on the ballot.] 17 [115.233. Within fourteen days prior to an election at which 2 an electronic voting system is to be used, the election authority shall 3 have the automatic tabulating equipment tested to ascertain that the 4 equipment is in compliance with the law and that it will correctly

count the votes cast for all offices and on all questions. At least

forty-eight hours prior to the test, notice of the time and place of the

approved.]

test shall be mailed to each independent and new party candidate and the chairman of the county committee of each established political party named on the ballot. The test shall be observed by at least two persons designated by the election authority, one from each major political party, and shall be open to representatives of the political parties, candidates, the news media and the public. The test shall be conducted by processing a preaudited group of ballots. If any error is detected, the cause shall be ascertained and corrected, and an errorless count shall be made before the tabulating equipment is

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[115.235. In jurisdictions where electronic voting systems are used, the election authority shall cause the marking devices to be put in order, set, adjusted and made ready for voting, before they are delivered to polling places on election day.]

[115.237. 1. Each ballot printed or designed for use with an electronic voting system for any election pursuant to this chapter shall contain all questions and the names of all offices and candidates certified or filed pursuant to this chapter and no other. As far as practicable, all questions and the names of all offices and candidates for which each voter is entitled to vote shall be printed on one page except for the ballot for political party committee persons in polling places not utilizing an electronic voting system which may be printed separately and in conformity with the requirements contained in this section. As far as practicable, ballots containing only questions and the names of nonpartisan offices and candidates shall be printed in accordance with the provisions of this section, except that the ballot information may be listed in vertical or horizontal rows. The names of candidates for each office shall be listed in the order in which they are filed.

2. Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, each ballot shall have:

(1) Each party name printed in capital letters not less than eighteen point in size;

 (2) A circle one-half inch in diameter immediately below each party name;

(3) The name of each office printed in capital letters not less than eight point in size;

(4) The name of each candidate printed in capital letters not less than ten point in size;

(5) A small square, the sides of which shall not be less than one-fourth inch in length, printed directly to the left of each

candidate's name and on the same line as the candidate's name. When write-in votes are authorized and no candidate's name is to be printed under the name of an office in a party or nonpartisan column, under the name of the office in the column shall be printed a square. Directly to the right of the square shall be printed a horizontal line on which the voter may vote for a person whose name does not appear on the ballot. When more than one position is to be filled for an office, and the number of candidates' names under the office in a column is less than the number of positions to be filled, the number of squares and write-in lines printed in the column shall equal the difference between the number of candidates' names and the number of positions to be filled;

- (6) The list of candidates of each party and all nonpartisan candidates placed in separate columns with a heavy vertical line between each list;
- (7) A horizontal line extending across the ballot three-eighths of an inch below the last name or write-in line under each office in such a manner that the names of all candidates and all write-in lines for the same office appear between the same horizontal lines. If write-in votes are not authorized, the horizontal line shall extend across the ballot three-eighths of an inch below the name of the last candidate under each office;
- (8) In a separate column or beneath a heavy horizontal line under all names and write-in lines, all questions;
- (9) At least three-eighths of an inch below all other matter on the ballot, printed in ten-point Gothic type, the words "Instructions to Voters" followed by directions to the voter on marking the ballot as provided in section 115.439;
- (10) Printed at the top on the face of the ballot the words "Official Ballot" followed by the date of the election and the statement "Instruction to Voters: Place an X in the square opposite the name of the person for whom you wish to vote.".
- 3. As nearly as practicable, each ballot shall be in substantially the following form: OFFICIAL BALLOT

DATE

REPUBLICAN

For President and Vice President

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 DEMOCRATIC

71	For President and Vice President
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73	THIRD PARTY
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75	For President and Vice President
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77	INDEPENDENT
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79	For President and Vice President
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82	For United States
83	Senator
84	For United States Senator
85	For United States Senator
86	For United States Senator
87	
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91	For Governor
92	For Governor
93	For Governor
94	For Governor
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99	For Lieutenant Governor
100	For Lieutenant Governor
101	For Lieutenant Governor
102	For Lieutenant Governor
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107	For Secretary
108	of State
109	For Secretary
110	of State
111	For Secretary
112	of State
113	For Secretary

111	of Chaha
114	of State
115 116	
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118	Ган Тизалинан
119	For Treasurer
120	For Treasurer
121	For Treasurer
122	For Treasurer
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126	F A44
127	For Attorney General
128	For Attorney General
129	For Attorney General
130	For Attorney General
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134	E H' 10 P
135	For United States Representative
136	For United States Representative
137	For United States Representative
138	For United States Representative
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142	F. G G
143	For State Senator
144	For State Senator
145	For State Senator
146	For State Senator
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152	For State Representative
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154	For State Representative
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156	For State Representative

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158	For State Representative
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163	For Circuit Judge
164	For Circuit Judge
165	For Circuit Judge
166	For Circuit Judge
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170	4. The secretary of state shall promulgate rules that specify
171	uniform standards for ballot layout for each electronic or
172	computerized ballot counting system approved under the provisions
173	of section 115.225 so that the ballot used with any counting system
174	is, where possible, consistent with the intent of this section. Nothing
175	in this section shall be construed to require the format specified in
176	this section if it does not meet the requirements of the ballot counting
177	system used by the election authority.
178	5. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in
179	section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated
180	in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is
181	subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if
182	applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536,
183	RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the
184	general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay
185	the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently
186	held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any
187	rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and
188	void.]
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	[115.249. No voting machine shall be used unless it
2	(1) Permits voting in absolute secrecy;
3	(2) Permits each voter to vote for as many candidates for each
3 4 5	office as he is lawfully entitled to vote for, and no other;
	(3) Permits each voter to vote for or against as many
6	questions as he is lawfully entitled to vote on, and no more;
7	(4) Provides facilities for each voter to cast as many write-in
8	votes for each office as he is lawfully entitled to cast;
9	(5) Permits each voter at a general election to vote for all
10	candidates of one party by use of a single lever or to vote a split

11	ticket, as he desires;
12	(6) Permits each voter in a primary election to vote for the
13	candidates of only one party announced by the voter in advance;
14	(7) Permits each voter at a presidential election to vote by use
15	of a single lever for the candidates of one party or group of petitioners
16	for president, vice president and their presidential electors;
17	(8) Correctly registers or records and accurately counts all
18	votes cast for each candidate and for and against each question;
19	(9) Is provided with a lock or locks which prevent any
20	movement of the voting or registering mechanism and any tampering
21	with the mechanism;
22	(10) Is provided with a protective counter or other device
23	whereby any operation of the machine before or after an election will
24	be detected;
25	(11) Is provided with a counter which shows at all times
26	during the election how many people have voted on the machine;
27	(12) Is provided with a proper light which enables each voter,
28	while voting, to clearly see the ballot labels;
29	(13) Is provided with a mechanical model, illustrating the
30	manner of voting on the machine, suitable for the instruction of
31	voters.]
32	,
	[115.251. Any voting machine may be provided with a device
2	for printing, embossing or photographing the recording counters
3	before the polls open and after the polls close. "Recording counters"
4	are the counters which show the total number of votes cast for each
5	candidate and for and against each question at any particular time.]
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	[115.253. Prior to every election at which voting machines
2	are used, the election authority shall insert ballot labels into the voting
3	machines. The ballot labels shall be printed in black on white
4	material of uniform size and shall fit the ballot frames of the
5	machines. In its discretion, the election authority may print the names
6	of the offices in red. The part of the ballot labels pertaining only to
7	questions may be printed in black upon material tinted red. After the
8	ballot labels have been inserted into the machines, the face of each
9	ballot label shall be completely covered with a protective covering of
10	smooth, hard, transparent material so that it is impossible to alter the
11	face of the ballot label without removing or breaking the covering.]
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	[115.255. 1. In polling places using voting machines, the
2	ballot information may be arranged in vertical or horizontal rows. In

any event, the name of each candidate, his party, the office for which
he is a candidate and each question shall be indicated clearly on the
ballot label. All ballot labels shall be placed to indicate clearly to the
voter which key lever or other device to operate in order to vote on
questions and for the candidates of his choice.

Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed as prohibiting

- 2. Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed as prohibiting the use of a separate paper ballot for questions in polling places where voting machines are used.]
- [115.257. 1. In jurisdictions where voting machines are used, the election authority shall cause the voting machines to be put in order, set, adjusted and made ready for voting before they are delivered to polling places. Before delivery to the polling places, the election authority shall have all recording counters, except the protective counter on each voting machine set at zero (000).
- 2. At least five days before preparing voting machines for any election, notice of the time and place of such preparation shall be mailed to each independent candidate and the chairman of the county committee of each established political party named on the ballot. The preparation shall be watched by two observers designated by the election authority, one from each major political party, and shall be open to representatives of the political parties, candidates, the news media and the public.
- 3. When a machine has been examined by such observers and shown to be in good working order, the machine shall be locked against voting and sealed in their presence with a numbered metal seal. The observers shall certify the number on each machine, the number on each protective counter, the number on each seal and that each recording counter is set at zero.
- 4. After a voting machine has been properly prepared, locked and sealed, its keys shall be retained by the election authority and delivered to the election judges along with the other election supplies.
- 5. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the on-site storage of voting machines and the preparation of the machines for voting, provided the voting machines are put in order, set, adjusted and made ready for voting as provided in subsections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of this section.]

[115.259. At each polling place using voting machines, the exterior of the voting machines shall be in plain view of the election judges. Each voting machine shall be so placed that, unless its construction requires otherwise, the ballot labels can be plainly seen by the election judges when not in use by voters. The election judges

shall not be nor permit any other person to be in any position, or near any position, that enables them to see how any voter votes or has voted. The election judges may inspect any machine as necessary to make sure the ballot label is in its proper place and that the machine has not been damaged.]

[115.261. During an election, no door or other counter compartment covering shall be unlocked or opened or the counters exposed, except by direction of the election authority, and then only for good and sufficient reason. If the door or other counter compartment covering on any machine is opened by the election authority or his representative, the reason for such opening shall be stated in writing, signed by the election authority or his representative and attached to one statement of returns.]

[115.263. After the opening of the polls, the election judges shall not permit any person to handle any voting machine, except voters while they are voting and others expressly authorized by the election authority.]

 [115.265. If any voting machine at a polling place becomes inoperative, the election judges shall immediately notify the election authority. If possible, the election authority shall repair or replace the machine. If a voting machine is replaced with another machine, the votes on both machines shall be recorded at the close of the polls and shall be added together in determining the results of the election. If the inoperative machine cannot be repaired, and no other machine is available for use, paper ballots, made as nearly as practicable to the official ballot may be used. At the close of the polls, the votes on paper ballots and the votes on the voting machines shall be recorded and shall be added together in determining the results of the election. All paper ballots used pursuant to this section shall be used in accordance with the laws affecting paper ballots and shall be returned to the election authority as paper ballots are returned with a statement describing how and why the paper ballots were voted.]

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[115.267. Any election authority may adopt, experiment with or abandon any voting machine meeting the requirements of this subchapter or any electronic voting system approved for use in the state, or may lease one or more voting machines or other equipment, either with or without option to purchase, and may use any authorized voting equipment at any polling place in its jurisdiction.]

[115.269. For the purpose of giving instructions on their use, any election authority may designate suitable times and places for the exhibition and demonstration of its voting machines or marking devices. During such instructions, the voting machines and marking devices may contain sample ballot labels which show the names of offices and fictitious candidates. No voting machine shall be used for instruction after it has been prepared and sealed for use at an election, unless it is prepared again and resealed prior to the election. During the instructions, no counting mechanism on any voting machine shall be exposed to view.]

- [115.271. 1. While its voting machines or marking devices are not in use, the election authority may permit civic or educational organizations to use the machines or devices for the purpose of giving instructions on their use.
- 2. Any election authority may rent its voting machines or marking devices to any other group for use in its elections.
- 3. At the discretion of the election authority, the machines or devices may be transported at the expense of the organizations using them. The president or secretary of each organization using such machines or devices shall sign a receipt therefor and shall agree in writing that the organization assumes liability for any damage or loss occurring to the machines or devices up to the time they are returned to the election authority and will return the machines or devices by a designated time.]

[115.273. All provisions of law not inconsistent with the provisions of sections 115.249 to 115.271 shall apply with full force and effect to elections in jurisdictions using voting machines.]

[115.301. If ballot cards are used as absentee ballots, the teams shall meet on election day at a time and place designated by the election authority and shall proceed to separate the ballot cards from the write-in forms and to count the write-in votes as provided in section 115.467. The returns shall be made as provided in sections 115.471 and 115.473, and the ballot cards and other designated election materials shall be delivered to the counting location and tabulated in the manner provided in section 115.475, but no ballot card shall be tabulated before the time fixed by law for the closing of the polls.]

[115.420. 1. An election authority operating a voting system that uses ballot cards shall not use a butterfly ballot unless the

secretary of state provides written approval to the election authority for the use of a butterfly ballot in the particular election.

- 2. For purposes of this section, "butterfly ballot" means a ballot where two ballot pages are used side by side and where voters must vote on candidates or issues on both sides of the pages.
- 3. The secretary of state may approve the use of a butterfly ballot in a particular election when a large number of candidates and issues are to be decided, no alternative ballot is reasonable under the circumstances, and the election authority submits to the secretary of state a written explanation of the need for using a butterfly ballot. The secretary of state shall respond to such written request within two business days.]

[115.467. 1. As soon as the polls close in each polling place using an electronic voting system, the election judges shall secure the marking devices against further voting and begin to count the write-in votes. If earlier counting of write-in votes is begun pursuant to section 115.469, the election judges shall complete the count in the manner provided in this section. Once begun, the count shall not be adjourned or postponed until all proper write-in votes in the ballot box have been counted.

- 2. The election judges shall remove the ballot cards from the ballot box and separate the ballots with write-in votes from those without write-in votes. If there is a separate form for write-in votes, all forms on which write-in votes have been recorded shall be consecutively numbered, starting with the number one, and the same number shall be placed on the ballot card of the voter. Where tallying of write-in votes is to be done at the polling place, the election judges shall compare the write-in votes with the votes cast on the ballot card. If the total number of votes including write-in votes for any office exceeds the number allowed by law, or if a voter has voted more than once for the same person for the same office at the same election, a notation of the fact shall be noted on the back of the ballot card, and it shall be returned with the write-in form, if any, to the counting location in an envelope marked "DEFECTIVE BALLOTS".
- 3. All proper write-in votes shall be read, recorded and counted as provided in sections 115.449 and 115.453. No write-in vote shall be counted for any candidate for any office whose name appears on the ballot label as a candidate for the office, except when more than one person is to be nominated or elected to an office. When more than one person is to be nominated or elected to an office, the voter may write in the names of one or more persons whose names do not appear on the ballot label with or without the

names of one or more persons whose names do appear.

4. If any ballot card is damaged so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, the fact shall be noted on the back of the ballot card and it shall be returned to the counting location in the envelope marked "DEFECTIVE BALLOTS".]

> [115.469. 1. If authorized by the election authority, the election judges at any polling place using an electronic voting system may read and record write-in votes before the close of the polls and may send other voted ballots to the counting place. If so authorized, the election judges shall use one ballot box for the deposit of ballots during the first five hours of voting. Between eleven o'clock in the morning and twelve noon, the receiving judges shall deliver the ballot box to the counting and recording judges, who shall give the receiving judges a second empty ballot box. The second ballot box shall be shown to be empty and locked in the manner provided in section 115.423. The second ballot box shall not be opened or removed from public view from the time it is shown to be empty until the time the polls close. The ballot box containing the voted ballots shall be taken to a private area within the polling place, and the write-in votes shall be read and recorded in the manner provided in section 115.467.

> 2. If early counting of write-in votes is begun pursuant to this section, the election judges shall, after counting and recording all proper write-in votes, separate all ballot cards, except defective ballot cards, from the write-in forms if any. The ballots which do not have write-in votes shall then be sent to the counting place in the same manner as ballots are sent upon the close of the polls. The election judges shall enclose the ballot cards, the envelope marked "DEFECTIVE BALLOTS", and all write-in forms containing proper votes, in a container designated by the election authority. The container shall be securely sealed in such a manner that if the container is opened, the seal will be broken beyond repair. On the outside of the container, the location of the polling place and the date of the election shall be printed. After sealing, the container shall be closely watched by the election judges until it is delivered to the counting location.

3. If early counting of write-in votes is begun pursuant to this section, the election authority shall appoint a team of employees or election judges who shall, between the hours of eleven o'clock in the morning and three o'clock in the afternoon, receive the ballot container from the election judges at the polling place and immediately deliver it to the counting location. Each team appointed

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38 pursuant to this subsection shall consist of two members, one from 39 each major political party. If any ballot container is not sealed when it is delivered to the counting location, the election official receiving 40 the container shall make a statement of the fact which includes the 41 42 location of the polling place and the date of the election printed on the 43 container and the reason the container is not sealed, if known. 44 4. After delivery to the counting location, any ballot which is 45 damaged and cannot be properly counted by the automatic tabulating equipment may be handcounted or duplicated in the manner provided 46 47 in subsection 3 of section 115.477. 48 5. After delivery to the counting location, the proper votes on each ballot card may be transferred to magnetic tapes. Under no 49 circumstances shall any such tape be read or interpreted until after the 50 51 time fixed by law for the close of the polls and then only in the manner provided in section 115.477. 52 53 6. Write-in ballots may also be counted as provided in section 54 115.451.] 55 [115.471. At each polling place using an electronic voting 2 system, after the polling place is closed, the election judges shall 3 (1) Certify in the tally book: the number of ballots cast by 4 reconciling the ballot stubs against the number of identification 5 certificates signed; the number of defective and spoiled ballots; the 6 number of ballots with write-in votes; and the number of ballots 7 received at the polling place which were not cast at the election. If the number of signed identification certificates is not the same as the 8 9 number of ballots cast, the judges shall make a signed statement of the fact and the reasons therefor, if known, and shall return the 10 statement with the statements of returns: 11 12 (2) Where tallying of write-in votes is to be done at the polling place, certify on two statements of returns the number of 13 14 write-in votes received by each candidate. No returns shall be signed 15 in blank or before the polls have closed and all proper write-in votes cast at the polling place have been counted; 16 (3) Certify that each statement made in the tally book and on 17 each statement of returns is correct. If any judge declines to certify 18 19 that all such statements are correct, he shall state his reasons in 20 writing, which shall be attached to each statement of returns and 21 returned with the statement to the election authority. 22 [115.473. 1. The tally book for each polling place using an 2 electronic voting system shall be in substantially the following form:

Tally book for precincts, at the general (special,

4	primary) election held on the day of, 20 AB, CD, EF,
5	and XP judges; and ZR and LT, watchers; and BH and SP,
6	challengers, at this polling place, were sworn as the law directs before
7	beginning their duties.
8	We hereby certify:
9	The number of ballots received at this polling place is;
10	The information on the ballot cards and ballot labels received
11	at this polling place is the same as the information on the sample
12	ballots received at this polling place.
13	AB
14	CD Election Judges
15	EF
16	XP We hereby certify:
17	The number of ballots cast at this polling place is;
18	The number of identification certificates signed at this polling
19	place is;
20	The number of defective ballots at this polling place is;
21	The number of spoiled ballots at this polling place is;
2.2.	The number of voters casting proper write-in votes at this
22 23	polling place is;
24	The number of ballots received at this polling place which
25	were not cast at this election is;
26	AB
27	CD Election Judges
28	EF
29	XP
30	2. Where tallying of write-in votes is to be done at the polling
31	place, at each polling place using an electronic voting system, two
32	tally sheets shall be included in each tally book. The tally sheets shall
33	be used to record the proper write-in votes and shall be in
34	substantially the same form provided in subsection 2 of section
35	115.461.
36	3. Where tallying of write-in votes is to be done at the polling
37	place, at each polling place using an electronic voting system, two
38	statements of returns shall be provided to the election judges. The
39	statements of returns shall be in substantially the following form:
40	We hereby certify that BK had write-in votes for
41	governor, and SF had write-in votes for governor, that JH had
12	write-in votes for representative in Congress, etc. We, the duly
43	qualified and acting judges of the polling place for precincts, a
14 14	the general (special, primary) election held on the day of
45	20, in County (City of St. Louis, Kansas City), Missouri
46	do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full and accurate return of all
. ~	as meres person print and the responsibility to a rain and account to tall the all

write-in votes cast at this polling place for all candidates. AB CD Election Judges EF XP]

[115.475. 1. Immediately after signing the statements of returns, or earlier if convenient, the election judges shall separate all ballot cards, except defective ballot cards, from the write-in forms if any. As soon as possible after signing the statements of returns, the election judges shall enclose the ballot cards, the envelope marked "DEFECTIVE BALLOTS", all write-in forms containing proper votes, and the tally book, tally sheets and statements of returns in a container designated by the election authority. The container shall be securely sealed in such a manner that if the container is opened, the seal will be broken beyond repair. On the outside of the container, the location of the polling place and date of the election shall be printed.

- 2. As soon as possible after signing the statements of returns, the election judges shall enclose the write-in forms containing no votes, the unused ballots and other election supplies in containers designated by the election authority.
- 3. Immediately after the ballot cards and other election materials have been placed in the proper containers, the two supervisory judges shall together deliver the containers to the counting location or other place designated by the election authority. If any ballot card container is not sealed when it is delivered to the counting location or other place designated by the election authority, the election official receiving the container shall make a statement of the fact which includes the location of the polling place and the date of the election printed on the container and the reason the container is not sealed, if known.
- 4. If the election authority has directed the supervisory judges to deliver election materials to a place other than the counting location, the election authority shall appoint at least one team of election judges who shall receive the ballot containers from the supervisory judges and immediately deliver them to the counting location. Each team appointed pursuant to this subsection shall consist of two election judges or employees of the election authority, one from each major political party.
- 5. The election authority may authorize the delivery of ballots voted prior to 11:00 a.m. to the counting location prior to the closing of the polls.]

[115.477. 1. In each jurisdiction using an electronic voting system, all proceedings at the counting location shall be under the

direction of the election authority. The election authority shall appoint two judges, one from each major political party, to be present and observe the count. The counting shall be open to the public, but no persons, except those employed and authorized for the purpose, shall touch any ballot, ballot container or return.

- 2. All ballot cards shall be counted in order by polling place. The automatic tabulating equipment shall produce a return showing the total number of votes cast for each candidate and on each question at each polling place and in the jurisdiction as a whole.
- 3. If any ballot is damaged and cannot be properly counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, it may be handcounted in the manner provided for absentee ballots, or a true duplicate copy may be made of the defective ballot. If any ballot contains a number of votes and write-in votes for any office which exceeds the number allowed by law, it may be handcounted in the manner provided for absentee ballots, a true duplicate copy be made which does not include the invalid votes or, at the discretion of the election judges, a self-adhesive removable label, sensitized, may be placed over any mark to allow the ballot to be processed through the automatic tabulating equipment. The duplication of each ballot shall be closely observed by two election judges or employees of the election authority, one from each major political party. Each duplicate ballot shall be clearly labeled "duplicate", shall bear a serial number which shall be recorded on the defective ballot, and shall be counted in lieu of the defective ballot.]

[115.479. In each jurisdiction using an electronic voting system, the election authority shall, after the count has been completed and the results received, have the automatic tabulating equipment tested to ascertain that the equipment has correctly counted the votes for all offices and on all questions. The test shall be observed by at least two persons designated by the election authority, one from each major political party, and shall be open to the public. The test shall be conducted by processing the same preaudited group of ballot cards used in the preelection test provided for in section 115.233. If any error is detected, the cause shall be ascertained and corrected, and an errorless count shall be made before the final results are announced. After the completion of an errorless count, the programs and the ballot cards shall be sealed, retained and disposed of as provided for paper ballots.]

[115.481. The final and correct return printed by the automatic tabulating equipment added to the write-in, absentee and

handcounted votes shall be the official return of each polling place and the jurisdiction.]

[115.483. 1. As soon as the polls close in each polling place using voting machines, the election judges shall lock and seal each voting machine against further voting and proceed to count the votes. Once begun, the count shall not be adjourned or postponed until all proper votes have been counted.

2. The election judges shall open the counting compartment

on each voting machine or, if a machine is equipped with a device for printing, embossing or photographing the registering counters, the judges shall operate the machine to produce a record of the counters. One counting judge shall read the total vote cast for each candidate and for and against each question on each machine. The other counting judge shall watch and verify each total as it is being read from the recording counters or from the record of the counters. The two recording judges shall each record the votes cast for each candidate and for and against each question as they are called out and

verified by the counting judges.

3. All proper write-in votes shall be read, recorded and counted as provided in sections 115.449 and 115.453. No write-in vote shall be counted for any candidate for any office whose name appears on the ballot label as a candidate for the office, except when more than one person is to be nominated or elected to an office. When more than one person is to be nominated or elected to an office, the voter may write in the names of one or more persons whose names do not appear on the ballot label with or without the names of one or more persons whose names do appear. No write-in vote shall be counted unless it is cast in the appropriate place on the machine.

4. If more than one voting machine is used in a polling place, the election judges shall read, verify and record all the totals from the first machine before proceeding to the second, and so on, until all of the totals on each machine in the polling place have been read, verified and recorded. The total number of votes from each machine shall be added to the write-in votes to determine the total vote for each candidate and for and against each question.]

[115.485. At each polling place using voting machines, after the polling place is closed, the judges shall

(1) Certify in the tally book the number on the protective counter of each machine, the number of identification certificates signed and the number of proper write-in votes cast at the polling

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6 place. If the number of signed identification certificates is not the 7 same as the number of votes cast as registered on the protective 8 counters, the judges shall make a signed statement of the fact and the 9 reasons therefor if known and shall return the statement with the statements of returns; 10 11 (2) Certify on two statements of returns the total number of 12 votes cast for each candidate and for and against each question at the 13 polling place; 14 (3) Certify that each statement made in the tally book and on 15 each statement of returns is correct. If any judge declines to certify 16 that all such statements are correct, he shall state his reasons in writing, which shall be attached to each statement of returns and 17 returned to the election authority.] 18 19 [115.487. 1. The tally book for each polling place using 2 voting machines shall be in substantially the following form: 3 Tally book for precincts, at the general (special, primary) 4 election held on the day of, 20.... AB, CD, EF, and XP 5 judges, and ZR and LT, watchers and BH and SP challengers at this polling place, were sworn as the law directs before beginning their 6 7 duties. We hereby certify: This polling place received voting 8 machines numbered and; The number on the seal of voting 9 machine number is; the number on its protective counter is 10; The number on the seal of voting machine number is; the number on its protective counter is; All recording counters on all 11 voting machines received at this polling place are set at zero; The 12 information on the ballot labels on all voting machines received at 13 this polling place is the same as the information on the sample ballots 14 received at this polling place. 15 16 AB 17 CD 18 EF Election Judges 19 XP We hereby certify: The number on the protective counter of voting machine number is; The number on the protective 20 counter of voting machine number is; The number of 21 identification certificates signed at this polling place is; The 22 23 number of proper write-in votes cast at this polling place is 24 AB 25 CD 26 EF 27 XP 28 2. At each polling place using voting machines, two tally

sheets shall be included in each tally book. The tally sheets shall be

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31	each question as they are called out and verified by the counting
32	judges. The tally sheets shall be in substantially the following form
33	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR AND FOR WHAT
34	OFFICE
35	AND THE NUMBER OF VOTES CAST FOR EACH
36	PERSON
37	Voting Voting
38	Machine Machine
39	Write-in Total Office
40	Candidates Number Number Votes Votes
41	MC Governor HK
42	EH
43	SS Representative
44	RK in Congress
45	СВ
46	VOTES FOR AND AGAINST EACH QUESTION
47	Voting Voting
48	Machine Machine
49	Question Number Number
50	Total Total
51	Number of Number of
52	Votes Votes Votes Votes Votes
53	FOR AGAINST FOR AGAINST FOR
54	AGAINST 1. To 2. To
55	3. At each polling place using voting machines, two
56	statements of returns shall be provided to the election judges. The
57	statements of returns shall be in substantially the form provided in
58	subsection 3 of section 115.461.]
59	•
	[115.489. 1. Immediately after signing the statements of
2	returns, the election judges shall enclose the write-in votes, tally
3	books, statements of returns and other election supplies in containers
4	designated by the election authority.
5	2. In each jurisdiction using voting machines, the election
6	authority may direct the supervisory judges to place the precinc
7	registers, identification certificates and other election supplies inside
8	the voting machines and lock them for return to the election
9	authority.]
10	7.4
	[115.495. After being locked and sealed against further
2	voting by the election judges, voting machines shall remain locked for
3	the period provided by law for filing an election contest and as much
-	1r

used to record the votes cast for each candidate and for and against

longer as may be necessary or advisable because of any threatened or pending contest, grand jury investigation, or civil or criminal case relating to the election. During this time, the voting machines shall not be unlocked, except upon order of a court, grand jury or legislative body trying an election contest.]

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[115.503. 1. As soon as possible after an election in which voting machines are used, the verification board, or a bipartisan committee appointed by the verification board, shall inspect each voting machine not equipped with printed election return mechanisms used at the election and shall make a record of the number on the seal and protective counter of each machine, open the counter compartment of the machine and, without unlocking the machine against voting, record the votes cast on the machine. In precincts where voting machines equipped with printed election returns mechanisms are used, the counter compartment shall not be opened and the original and duplicate originals of the printed return sheets of the votes cast on questions and for candidates regularly nominated, or who have duly filed, together with the tabulation and inclusion of any votes written in on the paper roll for those not regularly nominated, or who have not filed, shall constitute the official return sheet for the votes cast on that machine, when properly certified by the precinct election officers. One copy of such printed return sheet shall be posted on the outside of the polling place for the information of the public. One copy shall be returned to the election authority and retained by it for not less than one year. Any bipartisan committee appointed pursuant to this subsection shall consist of at least two people, one from each major political party, who shall be appointed in the same manner and possess the same qualifications as election judges.

2. After the verification board or committee has completed its inspection and record, it shall compare the record with the returns made by the election judges on election day. If there is a discrepancy between the returns of the election judges and the record of the verification board or committee, the verification board shall correct the returns made by the judges to conform to its record. The corrected returns shall supersede the returns made by the election judges on election day. Both the record and the returns shall be retained by the election authority as provided in section 115.493.]