FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 356

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVES LIPKE (Sponsor), CUNNINGHAM (86), FRASER, BROWN (30) AND NIEVES (Co-sponsors).

Read 1st time January 26, 2005 and copies ordered printed.

STEPHEN S. DAVIS, Chief Clerk

0155L.01I

AN ACT

To repeal section 211.031, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to juvenile court jurisdiction.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 211.031, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as section 211.031, to read as follows:

211.031. 1. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the juvenile court or the family
court in circuits that have a family court as provided in sections 487.010 to 487.190, RSMo, shall
have exclusive original jurisdiction in proceedings:

4 (1) Involving any child or person seventeen years of age who may be a resident of or 5 found within the county and who is alleged to be in need of care and treatment because:

6 (a) The parents, or other persons legally responsible for the care and support of the child 7 or person seventeen years of age, neglect or refuse to provide proper support, education which 8 is required by law, medical, surgical or other care necessary for his or her well-being; except that 9 reliance by a parent, guardian or custodian upon remedial treatment other than medical or 10 surgical treatment for a child or person seventeen years of age shall not be construed as neglect 11 when the treatment is recognized or permitted pursuant to the laws of this state; 12 (b) The shild or person seventeen years of age is otherwise without proper care sustedy

(b) The child or person seventeen years of age is otherwise without proper care, custodyor support; or

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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(c) The child or person seventeen years of age was living in a room, building or other
structure at the time such dwelling was found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be a public
nuisance pursuant to section 195.130, RSMo;

(d) The child or person seventeen years of age is a child in need of mental health services
and the parent, guardian or custodian is unable to afford or access appropriate mental health
treatment or care for the child;

20 (2) Involving any child who may be a resident of or found within the county and who is21 alleged to be in need of care and treatment because:

(a) The child while subject to compulsory school attendance is repeatedly and withoutjustification absent from school; or

(b) The child disobeys the reasonable and lawful directions of his or her parents or othercustodian and is beyond their control; or

(c) The child is habitually absent from his or her home without sufficient cause,permission, or justification; or

(d) The behavior or associations of the child are otherwise injurious to his or her welfareor to the welfare of others; or

30 (e) The child is charged with an offense not classified as criminal, or with an offense 31 applicable only to children; except that, the juvenile court shall not have jurisdiction over any 32 child fifteen and one-half years of age who is alleged to have violated a state or municipal traffic 33 ordinance or regulation, the violation of which does not constitute a felony, or any child who is 34 alleged to have violated a state or municipal ordinance or regulation prohibiting possession or 35 use of any tobacco product;

36 (3) Involving any child who is alleged to have violated a state law or municipal 37 ordinance, or any person who is alleged to have violated a state law or municipal ordinance prior 38 to attaining the age of seventeen years, in which cases jurisdiction may be taken by the court of 39 the circuit in which the child or person resides or may be found or in which the violation is 40 alleged to have occurred; except that, the juvenile court shall not have jurisdiction over any child 41 fifteen and one-half years of age who is alleged to have violated a state or municipal traffic 42 ordinance or regulation, the violation of which does not constitute a felony[, or any child who 43 is alleged to have violated a state or municipal ordinance or regulation prohibiting possession 44 or use of any tobacco product], and except that the juvenile court shall have concurrent 45 jurisdiction with the municipal court over any child who is alleged to have violated a municipal curfew ordinance; 46

47 (4) For the adoption of a person;

48 (5) For the commitment of a child or person seventeen years of age to the guardianship49 of the department of social services as provided by law.

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50 2. Transfer of a matter, proceeding, jurisdiction or supervision for a child or person 51 seventeen years of age who resides in a county of this state shall be made as follows:

(1) Prior to the filing of a petition and upon request of any party or at the discretion of the juvenile officer, the matter in the interest of a child or person seventeen years of age may be transferred by the juvenile officer, with the prior consent of the juvenile officer of the receiving court, to the county of the child's residence or the residence of the person seventeen years of age for future action;

57 (2) Upon the motion of any party or on its own motion prior to final disposition on the 58 pending matter, the court in which a proceeding is commenced may transfer the proceeding of 59 a child or person seventeen years of age to the court located in the county of the child's residence 60 or the residence of the person seventeen years of age, or the county in which the offense pursuant 61 to subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section is alleged to have occurred for further action;

(3) Upon motion of any party or on its own motion, the court in which jurisdiction has
been taken pursuant to subsection 1 of this section may at any time thereafter transfer jurisdiction
of a child or person seventeen years of age to the court located in the county of the child's
residence or the residence of the person seventeen years of age for further action with the prior
consent of the receiving court;

67 (4) Upon motion of any party or upon its own motion at any time following a judgment 68 of disposition or treatment pursuant to section 211.181, the court having jurisdiction of the cause 69 may place the child or person seventeen years of age under the supervision of another juvenile 70 court within or without the state pursuant to section 210.570, RSMo, with the consent of the 71 receiving court;

(5) Upon motion of any child or person seventeen years of age or his or her parent, the
court having jurisdiction shall grant one change of judge pursuant to Missouri Supreme Court
Rules;

(6) Upon the transfer of any matter, proceeding, jurisdiction or supervision of a child or
person seventeen years of age, certified copies of all legal and social documents and records
pertaining to the case on file with the clerk of the transferring juvenile court shall accompany the
transfer.

3. In any proceeding involving any child or person seventeen years of age taken into custody in a county other than the county of the child's residence or the residence of a person seventeen years of age, the juvenile court of the county of the child's residence or the residence of a person seventeen years of age shall be notified of such taking into custody within seventy-two hours.

4. When an investigation by a juvenile officer pursuant to this section reveals that the only basis for action involves an alleged violation of section 167.031, RSMo, involving a child

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- 86 who alleges to be home schooled, the juvenile officer shall contact a parent or parents of such
- 87 child to verify that the child is being home schooled and not in violation of section 167.031,
- 88 RSMo, before making a report of such a violation. Any report of a violation of section 167.031,
- 89 RSMo, made by a juvenile officer regarding a child who is being home schooled shall be made
- 90 to the prosecuting attorney of the county where the child legally resides.