FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 91

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVES JOHNSON (47) (Sponsor) AND DEMPSEY (Co-sponsor).

Pre-filed December 15, 2004 and copies ordered printed.

STEPHEN S. DAVIS, Chief Clerk

0587L.01I

AN ACT

To repeal sections 99.805 and 99.810, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to tax increment financing.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 99.805 and 99.810, RSMo, are repealed and three new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 99.805, 99.810, and 99.866, to read as follows: 99.805. As used in sections 99.800 to 99.865, unless the context clearly requires

2 otherwise, the following terms shall mean:

3 (1) "Blighted area", an area which, by reason of the predominance of defective or 4 inadequate street layout, unsanitary or unsafe conditions, deterioration of site improvements, 5 improper subdivision or obsolete platting, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or 6 property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, retards the provision of 7 housing accommodations or constitutes an economic or social liability or a menace to the public 8 health, safety, morals, or welfare in its present condition and use;

9 (2) "Collecting officer", the officer of the municipality responsible for receiving and 10 processing payments in lieu of taxes or economic activity taxes from taxpayers or the department 11 of revenue;

(3) "Conservation area", any improved area within the boundaries of a redevelopment area located within the territorial limits of a municipality in which fifty percent or more of the structures in the area have an age of thirty-five years or more. Such an area is not yet a blighted area but is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare and may become a blighted area because of any one or more of the following factors: dilapidation; obsolescence;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

deterioration; illegal use of individual structures; presence of structures below minimum code standards; abandonment; excessive vacancies; overcrowding of structures and community facilities; lack of ventilation, light or sanitary facilities; inadequate utilities; excessive land coverage; deleterious land use or layout; depreciation of physical maintenance; and lack of community planning. A conservation area shall meet at least three of the factors provided in this subdivision for projects approved on or after December 23, 1997;

23 (4) "Economic activity taxes", the total additional revenue from taxes which are imposed 24 by a municipality and other taxing districts, and which are generated by economic activities 25 within a redevelopment area over the amount of such taxes generated by economic activities 26 within such redevelopment area in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the ordinance 27 designating such a redevelopment area, while tax increment financing remains in effect, but 28 excluding personal property taxes, taxes imposed on sales or charges for sleeping rooms paid by 29 transient guests of hotels and motels, licenses, fees or special assessments. For redevelopment 30 projects or redevelopment plans approved after December 23, 1997, if a retail establishment relocates within one year from one facility to another facility within the same county and the 31 32 governing body of the municipality finds that the relocation is a direct beneficiary of tax 33 increment financing, then for purposes of this definition, the economic activity taxes generated by the retail establishment shall equal the total additional revenues from economic activity taxes 34 35 which are imposed by a municipality or other taxing district over the amount of economic 36 activity taxes generated by the retail establishment in the calendar year prior to its relocation to 37 the redevelopment area;

38 (5) "Economic development area", any area or portion of an area located within the 39 territorial limits of a municipality, which does not meet the requirements of subdivisions (1) and 40 (3) of this section, and in which the governing body of the municipality finds that redevelopment 41 will not be solely used for development of commercial businesses which unfairly compete in the 42 local economy and is in the public interest because it will:

43 (a) Discourage commerce, industry or manufacturing from moving their operations to44 another state; or

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(b) Result in increased employment in the municipality; or

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(c) Result in preservation or enhancement of the tax base of the municipality;

(6) "Gambling establishment", an excursion gambling boat as defined in section 313.800, RSMo, and any related business facility including any real property improvements which are directly and solely related to such business facility, whose sole purpose is to provide goods or services to an excursion gambling boat and whose majority ownership interest is held by a person licensed to conduct gambling games on an excursion gambling boat or licensed to operate an excursion gambling boat as provided in sections 313.800 to 313.850, RSMo. This subdivision

shall be applicable only to a redevelopment area designated by ordinance adopted after December
 23, 1997;

(7) "Municipality", a city, village, or incorporated town or any county of this state. For
redevelopment areas or projects approved on or after December 23, 1997, "municipality" applies
only to cities, villages, incorporated towns or counties established for at least one year prior to
such date;

(8) "Obligations", bonds, loans, debentures, notes, special certificates, or other evidences
of indebtedness issued by a municipality to carry out a redevelopment project or to refund
outstanding obligations;

62 (9) "Ordinance", an ordinance enacted by the governing body of a city, town, or village
63 or a county or an order of the governing body of a county whose governing body is not
64 authorized to enact ordinances;

65 (10) "Payment in lieu of taxes", those estimated revenues from real property in the area 66 selected for a redevelopment project, which revenues according to the redevelopment project or plan are to be used for a private use, which taxing districts would have received had a 67 68 municipality not adopted tax increment allocation financing, and which would result from levies made after the time of the adoption of tax increment allocation financing during the time the 69 current equalized value of real property in the area selected for the redevelopment project 70 71 exceeds the total initial equalized value of real property in such area until the designation is 72 terminated pursuant to subsection 2 of section 99.850;

(11) "Redevelopment area", an area designated by a municipality, in respect to which the municipality has made a finding that there exist conditions which cause the area to be classified as a blighted area, a conservation area, an economic development area, an enterprise zone pursuant to sections 135.200 to 135.256, RSMo, or a combination thereof, which area includes only those parcels of real property directly and substantially benefited by the proposed redevelopment project;

(12) "Redevelopment plan", the comprehensive program of a municipality for redevelopment intended by the payment of redevelopment costs to reduce or eliminate those conditions, the existence of which qualified the redevelopment area as a blighted area, conservation area, economic development area, or combination thereof, and to thereby enhance the tax bases of the taxing districts which extend into the redevelopment area. Each redevelopment plan shall conform to the requirements of section 99.810;

(13) "Redevelopment project", any development project within a redevelopment area in
furtherance of the objectives of the redevelopment plan; any such redevelopment project shall
include a legal description of the area selected for the redevelopment project;

88 (14) "Redevelopment project costs" include the sum total of all reasonable or necessary

89 costs incurred or estimated to be incurred, and any such costs incidental to a redevelopment plan

90 or redevelopment project, as applicable. Such costs include, but are not limited to, the following:

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(a) Costs of studies, surveys, plans, and specifications;

(b) Professional service costs, including, but not limited to, architectural, engineering,
legal, marketing, financial, planning or special services. Except the reasonable costs incurred
by the commission established in section 99.820 for the administration of sections 99.800 to
99.865, such costs shall be allowed only as an initial expense which, to be recoverable, shall be
included in the costs of a redevelopment plan or project;

97 (c) Property assembly costs, including, but not limited to, acquisition of land and other
98 property, real or personal, or rights or interests therein, demolition of buildings, and the clearing
99 and grading of land;

100 (d) Costs of rehabilitation, reconstruction, or repair or remodeling of existing buildings101 and fixtures;

102 (e) Initial costs for an economic development area;

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(f) Costs of construction of public works or improvements;

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(g) Financing costs, including, but not limited to, all necessary and incidental expenses

related to the issuance of obligations, and which may include payment of interest on any obligations issued pursuant to sections 99.800 to 99.865 accruing during the estimated period of construction of any redevelopment project for which such obligations are issued and for not more than eighteen months thereafter, and including reasonable reserves related thereto;

(h) All or a portion of a taxing district's capital costs resulting from the redevelopment
project necessarily incurred or to be incurred in furtherance of the objectives of the
redevelopment plan and project, to the extent the municipality by written agreement accepts and
approves such costs;

(i) Relocation costs to the extent that a municipality determines that relocation costs shallbe paid or are required to be paid by federal or state law;

(j) Payments in lieu of taxes;

(15) "Retail project", any development project where more than fifty percent of the
 total estimated redevelopment project costs are devoted to the construction, reconstruction,
 or expansion of retail establishments or infrastructure or facilities ancillary to sales at

119 **retail**;

(16) "Special allocation fund", the fund of a municipality or its commission which contains at least two separate segregated accounts for each redevelopment plan, maintained by the treasurer of the municipality or the treasurer of the commission into which payments in lieu of taxes are deposited in one account, and economic activity taxes and other revenues are deposited in the other account;

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125 [(16)] (17) "Taxing districts", any political subdivision of this state having the power to 126 levy taxes;

[(17)] (18) "Taxing districts' capital costs", those costs of taxing districts for capital
improvements that are found by the municipal governing bodies to be necessary and to directly
result from the redevelopment project; and

[(18)] (19) "Vacant land", any parcel or combination of parcels of real property not used
for industrial, commercial, or residential buildings.

99.810. 1. Each redevelopment plan shall set forth in writing a general description of 2 the program to be undertaken to accomplish the objectives and shall include, but need not be 3 limited to, the estimated redevelopment project costs, the anticipated sources of funds to pay the costs, evidence of the commitments to finance the project costs, the anticipated type and term 4 of the sources of funds to pay costs, the anticipated type and terms of the obligations to be issued, 5 6 the most recent equalized assessed valuation of the property within the redevelopment area 7 which is to be subjected to payments in lieu of taxes and economic activity taxes pursuant to 8 section 99.845, an estimate as to the equalized assessed valuation after redevelopment, and the 9 general land uses to apply in the redevelopment area. No redevelopment plan shall be adopted 10 by a municipality without findings that:

(1) The redevelopment area on the whole is a blighted area, a conservation area, or an economic development area, and has not been subject to growth and development through investment by private enterprise and would not reasonably be anticipated to be developed without the adoption of tax increment financing. Such a finding shall include, but not be limited to, a detailed description of the factors that qualify the redevelopment area or project pursuant to this subdivision and an affidavit, signed by the developer or developers and submitted with the redevelopment plan, attesting that the provisions of this subdivision have been met;

(2) The redevelopment plan conforms to the comprehensive plan for the developmentof the municipality as a whole;

20 (3) The estimated dates, which shall not be more than twenty-three years from the 21 adoption of the ordinance approving a redevelopment project within a redevelopment area, of 22 completion of any redevelopment project and retirement of obligations incurred to finance 23 redevelopment project costs have been stated, provided that no ordinance approving a 24 redevelopment project shall be adopted later than ten years from the adoption of the ordinance 25 approving the redevelopment plan under which such project is authorized and provided that no property for a redevelopment project shall be acquired by eminent domain later than five years 26 27 from the adoption of the ordinance approving such redevelopment project;

(4) A plan has been developed for relocation assistance for businesses and residences;
(5) A cost-benefit analysis showing the economic impact of the plan on each taxing

district which is at least partially within the boundaries of the redevelopment area. The analysis shall show the impact on the economy if the project is not built, and is built pursuant to the redevelopment plan under consideration. The cost-benefit analysis shall include a fiscal impact study on every affected political subdivision, and sufficient information from the developer for the commission established in section 99.820 to evaluate whether the project as proposed is financially feasible;

(6) A finding that the plan does not include the initial development or redevelopment of
any gambling establishment, provided however, that this subdivision shall be applicable only to
a redevelopment plan adopted for a redevelopment area designated by ordinance after December
23, 1997.

40 2. Implementation of a plan shall be postponed pending the outcome of the vote on 41 the matter upon the filing with the county clerk of a petition signed by registered voters of the municipality or county in the case of an unincorporated area, totaling at least five 42 43 percent of the number of total votes cast in such subdivision in the most recent 44 gubernatorial election and requesting that the plan be disapproved. Upon filing of such 45 petition, the county clerk shall place the issue on the ballot at the next municipal, primary, or general election, whichever occurs first, and no such plan shall become effective unless 46 47 and until a majority of those voting on the question vote to approve the plan.

3. By the last day of February each year, each commission shall report to the director of economic development the name, address, phone number and primary line of business of any business which relocates to the district. The director of the department of economic development shall compile and report the same to the governor, the speaker of the house and the president pro tempore of the senate on the last day of April each year.

99.866. 1. For all redevelopment areas, redevelopment plans, and redevelopment 2 projects designated and approved after December 31, 2005, tax increment financing shall 3 not be used for more than fifteen percent of the total estimated redevelopment costs of a 4 project that is primarily retail. Tax increment financing shall not be used to develop sites in which twenty-five percent or more of the area is vacant and has not previously been 5 developed or qualifies as "open space" pursuant to section 67.900, RSMo, or is presently 6 7 being used for agricultural or horticultural purposes, except where the redevelopment 8 project is contained in the municipality's comprehensive plan which was adopted prior to 9 January 1, 2002.

2. Commencing with the first fiscal year in which any municipality receives any payments in lieu of taxes from a redevelopment project and continuing through the last fiscal year in which the municipality receives such payments, the municipality shall pay to any other taxing entities entitled to receive revenue from levies on real property in such

14 municipality, an amount equal to twenty-five percent of the payments in lieu of taxes

15 received by the municipality. This amount shall be divided among the other affected

16 taxing entities on a basis that is proportional to the collections of revenue from real

17 property in the development area to which each such taxing district is entitled during that 18 tax year. When a tax increment financing project includes residential uses, absent a

18 tax year. When a tax increment financing project includes residential uses, absent a 19 recommendation to the contrary from commission members representing the affected

20 school board or boards, real property tax levies attributable to the residential portion of

21 the development shall pass through to the school district or districts.