FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 549

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Conservation and Natural Resources April 21, 2005, with recommendation that House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 549 Do Pass. Referred to the Committee on Rules pursuant to Rule 25(26)(f).

STEPHEN S. DAVIS, Chief Clerk

1413L.03C

AN ACT

To repeal section 253.420, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to shipwreck site protection, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 253.420, RSMo, is repealed and two new sections enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as sections 253.420 and 253.421, to read as follows: 253.420. 1. As used in sections 253.420 and 253.421, the following words and 2 phrases mean: 3 (1) "Department", the department of natural resources, state historic preservation 4 office; 5 (2) "Embedded", firmly affixed in lands such that the use of excavation tools is required in order to gain access to historic shipwreck materials; 6 7 "Historic shipwreck", a vessel or wreck, its cargo, and other contents, (3) reasonably believed to have wrecked or been abandoned at least fifty years prior to any 8 9 permit application; (4) "Historic shipwreck materials", artifacts and remains of historic shipwreck 10 sites which are over fifty years in age, including but not limited to a ship's structure and 11 rigging, machinery, hardware, tools, utensils, cargo, personal items of crew passengers, and 12 13 monetary or treasure trove; 14 (5) "Lands beneath navigable waters":

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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15 (a) All lands within the boundaries of this state which are covered by nontidal 16 waters that are now navigable, or were navigable under the laws of the United States at the time this state became a member of the Union or acquired sovereignty over such lands and 17 waters thereafter, up to the ordinary high water mark as heretofore or hereafter modified 18 by accretion, erosion, river channel shifts, and reliction; 19

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(b) All filled in, made, or reclaimed lands which formerly were lands beneath 21 navigable waters;

22 (6) "National Register", the National Register of Historic Places maintained by the 23 Secretary of the Interior under 16 U.S.C. Section 470a;

24 (7) "Professional archaeologist", an individual who has a graduate degree in 25 archaeology, anthropology, or closely related field, at least one year of supervised field and 26 analytic experience, and at least four years of full-time professional supervisory experience 27 in archaeological research or field work;

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(8) "Salvage", recovering historic shipwreck materials;

29 (9) "Visitation", the act of visiting the location of a shipwreck for the purposes of 30 viewing and taking of photographs without disturbance to the site or its environment.

31 2. Pursuant to the Abandoned Shipwreck Act of 1987, 43 U.S.C. Sections 2101-32 2106, all historic shipwreck materials and such objects having intrinsic or historical and 33 archaeological value which have been abandoned on lands beneath navigable waters shall 34 belong to the state with jurisdiction thereto vested in the department for the purposes of 35 administration and protection. The department shall have the authority to promulgate rules and regulations for the acceptable visitation, study, and salvage of such historic 36 37 shipwreck materials.

38 3. After August 28, 1991, no person, corporation, partnership, proprietorship or 39 organization shall initiate salvage operations, excavation or similar ground disturbing activities 40 of any [submerged or embedded abandoned] historic shipwreck materials in this state which 41 meets the national register of historic places criteria without obtaining [a] the required permit 42 from the department [of natural resources] as provided in this section. [As used in this section, the term "embedded" means firmly affixed in lands such that the use of excavation tools is 43 44 required in order to gain access to any part of the shipwreck or its cargo.

45 2. The department of natural resources shall not issue a permit under this section unless the applicant submits a detailed plan of the activities regulated by this section to be made by the 46 applicant and such plan is approved by the department. The department is authorized to 47 promulgate appropriate regulations for the administration of this section. All recovery and 48 49 investigation plans shall meet the current professional standards for such activities, which 50 minimize the risk of loss or damage to the shipwreck or its cargo. An applicant shall be a

51 professional archaeologist, as defined in section 194.400, RSMo, or shall hire a professional 52 archaeologist as a staff member or consultant to the activities regulated by this section. Upon approval of a permit application] 4. The state shall require reasonably positive identification 53 54 of each specific historic shipwreck location for a salvage permit. The department shall not 55 issue a permit under this section unless the applicant submits a detailed excavation, 56 conservation, and preservation plan of the activities regulated by this section to be made 57 by the applicant and a detailed agreement between the property owner and the applicant 58 describing the parties' liabilities under sections 537.348 and 537.600, RSMo, and such plan 59 and agreement are approved by the department. The department is authorized to 60 promulgate appropriate regulations for the administration of this section. All excavation, conservation, and preservation plans shall meet the current professional standards for such 61 62 activities, which minimize the risk of loss or damage to the historic shipwreck or its historic shipwreck materials. An applicant shall be a professional archaeologist, as defined in this 63 64 section, or shall hire a professional archaeologist as a staff member or consultant to the 65 activities regulated by this section. The professional archaeologist shall direct, on site, all aspects of the proposed excavations. The salvage permit shall not grant access to private 66 or public property. The permit holder shall be responsible for obtaining permission from 67 68 the owner of such property for proper access.

5. The applicant may apply for a salvage permit for historic shipwrecks that have
been previously and positively identified and located by the state site files. Salvage permits
shall not be available for historic shipwrecks located in state parks or historic sites.

72 6. At the time of application for a salvage permit, the applicant shall pay [a permit fee 73 of one] an amount to cover the costs incurred by the department of natural resources but 74 **not to exceed fifteen** hundred dollars to the director of the department [of revenue], who shall 75 deposit all funds received pursuant to this section in the state treasury to the credit of the [general 76 revenue] historic preservation revolving fund. The department [of natural resources] shall 77 [approve or deny] comment on any application for a permit under this section within [thirty] 78 sixty days of receipt of application. The applicant shall have prepared an excavation, 79 preservation, and conservation plan available at the time of application for a salvage 80 permit.

7. Upon completion of the primary tasks in the excavation, conservation, and preservation plans, property interests in the shipwreck materials shall transfer to the permit holder. A permit holder, whether a person, corporation, partnership, proprietorship, or organization, who does not fulfill the primary tasks in the excavation, conservation, and preservation plans shall forfeit all recovered historic shipwreck materials and all generated data and related information to the state.

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87 8. Professional archaeologists and accredited museums with established work 88 experience with historic shipwreck materials, shall apply for a research permit for the purposes of performing any activity associated with any survey or research project, or 89 90 student training field school. The department shall not issue a permit under this section 91 unless the applicant submits a detailed excavation, conservation, and preservation plan of 92 the activities regulated by this section to be made by the applicant and such plan is 93 approved by the department. All excavation, conservation, and preservation plans shall 94 meet the current professional standards for such activities, which minimize the risk of loss 95 or damage to the historic shipwreck and historic shipwreck materials. The applicant shall 96 pay a nonrefundable one hundred dollar application fee to the director of the department, 97 who shall deposit all funds received under this subsection in the state treasury to the credit 98 of the historic preservation revolving fund. The department shall make a decision on any 99 application for a permit under this section within sixty days of receipt of application.

9. For historic shipwrecks upon which ongoing professional archaeological research
is taking place, or upon which professional archaeological research has taken place and
where additional research can reasonably be expected, an applicant shall not be allowed
to apply for a salvage permit.

104 [3.] **10.** In the event there is a sale, at least fifty percent of each class, category or type 105 of all artifacts or recovered materials shall be donated or offered for sale at fair market value to 106 public or private museums or to other public institutions in this state. Such museums and 107 institutions shall **have to agree to** study, interpret and display such materials or artifacts **before** 108 **the transfer of the items shall be approved by the department**. To the maximum extent 109 possible, such artifacts shall remain in Missouri.

110 [4.] **11.** Any person, corporation, partnership, proprietorship or organization who violates 111 the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor. Upon conviction, all 112 specimens, objects and materials collected or excavated by such person, together with all 113 photographs and records relating to such material, are property of the state. Each day of a 114 continuing violation of [subsection 1] **the provisions** of this section shall constitute a separate 115 offense.

116 [5. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this section shall 117 become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024, 118 RSMo.] 12. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, 119 that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if 120 it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if 121 applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable 122 and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo,

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123 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently

- 124 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or
- 125 adopted after August 28, 2005, shall be invalid and void.
- 126 13. Any person or entity that holds a valid permit issued prior to the effective date 127 of this section shall not be required to obtain a new permit for the specific historic 128 preservation site for which the original permit was issued.
- 129 253.421. 1. The state shall not limit visitation to historic shipwrecks unless threats
 130 are apparent to any of the following:
- 131 (1) Natural resources or habitats;
- 132 (2) The historic shipwreck site itself; and
- 133 (3) Visitors of the historic shipwreck site.

Any possible threat to a historic shipwreck site shall be reviewed by the
 department in consultation with other appropriate state and federal agencies; except that,
 a landowner shall not be considered a possible threat to a historic shipwreck if the
 landowner is engaging in the normal or customary use of such property. The state shall
 make available upon request information on the dangers of diving on submerged historic
 shipwrecks.
 Any person who knowingly takes historic shipwreck materials from the

- 141 navigable waters of the state or destroys or vandalizes a shipwreck in violation of sections
- 142 **253.420** to **253.422** is guilty of a class A misdemeanor for a first offense, and is guilty of a
- 143 class D felony for a second or subsequent offense.