## FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 548

## 93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVES FRASER (Sponsor), YOUNG, CHAPPELLE-NADAL, MOORE, CUNNINGHAM (86) AND BAKER (25) (Co-sponsors).

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STEPHEN S. DAVIS, Chief Clerk

1488L.01I

## AN ACT

To amend chapter 209, RSMo, by adding thereto three new sections relating to rights of persons with service animals, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 209, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto three new sections, to be 2 known as sections 209.200, 209.202, and 209.204, to read as follows:

209.200. 1. As used in sections 209.200 to 209.206, the following terms shall mean:

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- (1) "Disability", as defined in section 213.010, RSMo;
- 3 (2) "Service animal", an animal that is being or has been specially trained to do
  4 work or perform tasks which benefit a particular person with a disability. Service animal
- 5 includes:
- 6 (a) "Guide animal", an animal that is being or has been specially trained to assist
  7 a particular blind or visually impaired person;
- 8 (b) "Hearing animal", an animal that is being or has been specially trained to assist
  9 a particular deaf or hearing-impaired person;
- 10 (c) "Medical alert/respond animal", an animal that is being or has been trained to
- 11 alert a person with a disability that a particular medical event is about to occur and/or to
- 12 respond to a medical event that has occurred;
- 13 (d) "Mobility animal", an animal that is being or has been specially trained to assist
  14 a person with a disability caused by physical impairments.

209.202. 1. Any person who knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly causes substantial physical injury to or the death of a service animal is guilty of a class A 2 misdemeanor. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to the destruction of a 3 4 service animal for humane purposes.

5 2. Any person who knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly fails to exercise sufficient control over an animal such person owns, keeps, harbors, or exercises control over to 6 prevent the animal from causing the substantial physical injury to or death of a service 7 8 animal, or the subsequent inability to function as a service animal as a result of the 9 animal's attacking, chasing, or harassing the service animal is guilty of a class A 10 misdemeanor.

11 3. Any person who harasses or chases a service animal is guilty of a class B 12 misdemeanor.

13 4. Any person who owns, keeps, harbors, or exercises control over an animal and 14 who knowingly or intentionally fails to exercise sufficient control over the animal to prevent such animal from chasing or harassing a service animal while such animal is 15 carrying out the animal's function as a service animal, to the extent that the animal 16 temporarily interferes with the service animal's ability to carry out the animal's function 17 is guilty of a class B misdemeanor. 18

19 5. An owner of a service animal or a person with a disability who uses a service 20 animal may file a cause of action to recover civil damages against any person who:

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(1) Violates the provisions of subsection 1 or 2 of this section; or

(2) Steals a service animal resulting in the loss of the services of the service animal.

23 6. Any civil damages awarded under subsection 5 of this section shall be based on 24 the following:

25 (1) The replacement value of an equally trained service animal, without any differentiation for the age or experience of the service animal; 26

27 (2) The cost and expenses incurred by the owner of a service animal or the person 28 with a disability who used the service animal, including:

29 (a) The cost of temporary replacement services, whether provided by another service animal or by a person; 30

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(b) The reasonable costs incurred in efforts to recover a stolen service animal; and

32 (c) Court costs and attorney's fees incurred in bringing a civil action under 33 subsection 5 of this section.

34 7. An owner of a service animal or a person with a disability who uses a service 35 animal may file a cause of action to recover civil damages against a person who:

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(1) Violates the provisions of subsections 1 to 4 of this section resulting in injury
 from which the service animal recovers to an extent that the animal is able to function as
 a service animal for the person with a disability; or

39 (2) Steals a service animal and the service animal is recovered resulting in the
 40 service animal being able to function as a service animal for the person with a disability.

8. Any civil damages awarded under subsection 7 of this section shall be based on
the following:

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(1) Veterinary medical expenses;

44 (2) Retraining expenses;

45 (3) The cost of temporary replacement services, whether provided by another
 46 service animal or by a person;

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(4) Reasonable costs incurred in the recovery of the service animal; and

48 (5) Court costs and attorney's fees incurred in bringing the civil action under
 49 subsection 7 of this section.

9. The provisions of this section shall not apply if a person with a disability, an
owner, or a person having custody or supervision of a service animal commits criminal or
civil trespass.

53 **10.** Nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude any other remedies 54 available at law.

209.204. Any person who intentionally impersonates a person with a disability is
guilty of a class B misdemeanor and shall also be civilly liable for the amount of any actual
damages resulting from such impersonation. For purposes of this section, "impersonates

4 a person with a disability'' means a representation by word or action as a person with a

5 disability or a representation of a animal by word or action as a service animal.