This bill changes the laws regarding banking. In its main provisions, the bill:

- (1) Removes the requirement that bank examiners be members of a political party;
- (2) Defines "financial institution" as any entity subject to chartering, licensing, or regulation by the Division of Finance within the Department of Economic Development;
- (3) Authorizes the division director to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents and electronic records in an examination or investigation. The division director may seek judicial enforcement of a subpoena by application to an appropriate court;
- (4) Removes the requirement that the division director must petition the circuit court where a bank is located for an order appointing the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as the liquidating agent of a bank;
- (5) Allows a bank when restating its articles of agreement to amend its articles of incorporation at the same time;
- (6) Specifies that a drop box for deposit purposes is not considered a branch bank;
- (7) Requires that loans or other extensions of credit to officers and directors of banks be made in accordance with Federal Reserve Board regulations;
- (8) Revises the provision requiring banks and trust companies to maintain reserves against aggregate deposits as provided by the Federal Reserve Act. A bank's required surplus fund cannot be created or increased by the net earnings of the bank, and banks must account for every item of income and expense to determine the amount of net income or loss for a dividend period;
- (9) Requires that a notice be posted in the lobby, on the entrances, and given to the division director for a branch office of a bank to temporarily be closed for any reasonable period of time for repairs or purposes decided by the bank's board of directors; and
- (10) Changes the term "foreign corporation" to "out-of-state bank or trust company" and includes any thrift institution under the jurisdiction of the Office of Thrift Supervision in the United States Department of the Treasury. Unless the

out-of-state bank or trust company verifies to the division that it satisfies certain capital requirements and maintains a bond for faithful performance of fiduciary duties, the division director may require a bond of at least \$1 million.