SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1092

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

 $Reported from the Committee \ on \ Ways \ and \ Means, \ May \ 4, \ 2006, with \ recommendation \ that \ the \ Senate \ Committee \ Substitute \ do \ pass.$

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TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 144.030 and 144.062, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof six new sections relating to tax incentives.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 144.030 and 144.062, RSMo, are repealed and six new

2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 135.710, 143.114,

3 143.128, 144.030, 144.051, and 144.062, to read as follows:

135.710. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Alternative fuels", any motor fuel at least seventy percent of 3 the volume of which consists of one or more of the following:
- 4 (a) Ethanol;
- 5 (b) Natural gas;
- 6 (c) Compressed natural gas;
- 7 (d) Liquified natural gas;
- 8 (e) Liquified petroleum gas;
- 9 (f) Any mixture of biodiesel and diesel fuel, without regard to10 any use of kerosene;
- 11 (2) "Department", the department of natural resources;
- 12 (3) "Eligible applicant", a business entity that is the owner of a13 qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property;

(4) "Qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property",
property in this state owned by a firm or corporation and used for
storing alternative fuels and for dispensing such alternative fuels into

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17 fuel tanks of motor vehicles owned by such firm or corporation or18 private citizens.

19 2. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, but before January 1, 2010, any eligible applicant who installs and operates 20 a qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property shall be allowed 21 a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, RSMo, 22 excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, 23 RSMo, or due under chapter 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, for any 24tax year in which the applicant is constructing the refueling 25 property. The credit allowed in this section per eligible applicant shall 26 not exceed the lesser of twenty thousand dollars or twenty percent of 27the total costs directly associated with the purchase and installation of 28 any alternative fuel storage and dispensing equipment on any qualified 29alternative fuel vehicle refueling property, which shall not include the 30 following: 31

32 (1) Costs associated with the purchase of land upon which to33 place a qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property;

34 (2) Costs associated with the purchase of an existing qualified35 alternative fuel vehicle refueling property; or

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(3) Costs for the construction or purchase of any structure.

3. The tax credits allowed by this section shall be claimed by the 37 38 eligible applicant at the time such applicant files a return for the tax 39 year in which the storage and dispensing facilities were placed in service at a qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property, and 40 41 shall be applied against the income tax liability imposed by chapter 42 143, RSMo, chapter 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, after all other credits provided by law have been applied. The cumulative amount of 43 tax credits which may be claimed by eligible applicants claiming all 44 credits authorized in this section shall not exceed the following 45 amounts: 46

47 (1) In taxable year 2007, three million dollars;

48 (2) In taxable year 2008, two million dollars; and

49 (3) In taxable year 2009, one million dollars.

50 4. If the amount of the tax credit exceeds the eligible applicant's 51 tax liability, the difference shall not be refundable. Any amount of 52 credit that an eligible applicant is prohibited by this section from 53 claiming in a taxable year may be carried forward to any of such applicant's two subsequent taxable years. Tax credits allowed underthis section may be assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed.

56 5. The director of revenue shall establish the procedure by which the tax credits in this section may be claimed, and shall establish a 57 procedure by which the cumulative amount of tax credits is 58 59 apportioned equally among all eligible applicants claiming the credit. To the maximum extent possible, the director of revenue shall establish 60 the procedure described in this subsection in such a manner as to 61 62 ensure that eligible applicants can claim all the tax credits possible up 63 to the cumulative amount of tax credits available for the taxable year. No eligible applicant claiming a tax credit under this section shall be 64 liable for any interest or penalty for filing a tax return after the date 65 fixed for filing such return as a result of the apportionment procedure 66 under this subsection. 67

68 6. Any eligible applicant desiring to claim a tax credit under this 69 section shall submit the appropriate application for such credit with 70 the department. The application for a tax credit under this section 71 shall include any information required by the department. The 72 department shall review the applications and certify to the department 73 of revenue each eligible applicant that qualifies for the tax credit.

74 7. The department and the department of revenue may 75 promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule 76 or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, 77 that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 78 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 79 provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any 80 of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 81 82 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 83 84 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void. 85

86 8. Pursuant to section 23.253, RSMo, of the Missouri sunset act: 87 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this 88 section shall automatically sunset six years after the effective date of 89 this section unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and 90 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized

91 under this section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the92 effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and

93 (3) This section shall terminate on December thirty-first of the
94 calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the
95 program authorized under this section is sunset.

143.114. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Motor vehicle", any self-propelled vehicle not operated3 exclusively upon tracks, except farm tractors;

4 (2) "Qualified hybrid motor vehicle", any motor vehicle licensed 5 under chapter 301, RSMo, and:

6 (a) Which meets the definition of new qualified hybrid motor
7 vehicle in section 30B(d)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
8 amended;

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(b) The original use of which commences with the taxpayer; and

(c) Which is acquired for use by the taxpayer and not for resale. 10 2. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, any 11 taxpayer who purchases a qualified hybrid vehicle shall be allowed to 12 subtract from the taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income to 13 determine Missouri taxable income, for the tax year in which the 14 taxpayer purchases the vehicle, an amount equal to one thousand five 15 hundred dollars or ten percent of the purchase price of the vehicle, 16 17 whichever is less.

3. The director of revenue shall establish the procedure by which
the deduction in this section may be claimed, and shall promulgate
rules to provide for the submission of documents by the taxpayer
proving the purchase price and date of the qualified hybrid motor
vehicle and to implement the provisions of this section.

23 4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this 24 section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to 25all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 26 27 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to 28 chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to 29 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, 30 then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or 31 adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void. 32

143.128. For purposes of this section the term "E-85 gasoline" 2 shall mean ethanol blended gasoline formulated with a minimum 3 percentage of between seventy-five and eighty-five percent by volume 4 of ethanol. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, a 5 taxpayer who purchases E-85 gasoline in a tax year shall be allowed to 6 claim a tax credit against the tax otherwise due under this chapter, 7 excluding sections 143.191 to 143.265, in the following amounts:

8 (1) For calendar year 2007, the amount of the credit shall be 9 equal to twenty-five cents per gallon of E-85 gasoline purchased by the 10 taxpayer;

(2) For calendar years 2008 and 2009, the amount of the credit
shall be equal to twenty cents per gallon of E-85 gasoline purchased by
the taxpayer;

(3) For calendar year 2010 and each subsequent calendar year,
the amount of the credit shall be equal to fifteen cents per gallon of E85 gasoline purchased by the taxpayer.

17 2. The amount of credits claimed per taxpayer annually shall not exceed eight hundred dollars. The minimum amount of tax credits a 18 taxpayer may claim shall not be less than fifty dollars. A taxpayer shall 19 claim the credit allowed by this section at the time such taxpayer files 20 a return. The tax credit allowed under this section shall not be 21 22 refundable, but may be carried forward over the next five succeeding 23 taxable years until the full credit has been claimed. The aggregate 24 amount of tax credits which may be redeemed in any fiscal year shall 25 not exceed five hundred thousand dollars. The tax credit shall be 26 available regardless of whether the taxpayer opts to take a standard deduction. The department of revenue is authorized to adopt any rule 27 or regulations deemed necessary for the effective administration of this 28 29 section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this 30 section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to 31 32 all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable 33 34 and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to 35 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, 36 then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or 37

38 adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void.

39 3. Pursuant to section 23.253, RSMo, of the Missouri sunset act:
40 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this
41 section shall sunset automatically six years after the effective date of
42 this section unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and
43 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized

44 under this section shall sunset automatically twelve years after the
45 effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and

46 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the
47 calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the
48 program authorized under this section is sunset.

144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed 2 or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be 3 made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, 4 or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state 5 6 of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property 7 which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or 8 9 further taxing by the constitution of this state.

2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, section 238.235, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, section 238.235, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:

16 (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless 17 all or part of such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824, RSMo; or 18 upon the sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at 19 retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs 20 which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or 21 fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when 22harvested will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold 23 24 ultimately in processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to the provisions of the Missouri pesticide registration law (sections 281.220 to 25

281.310, RSMo) which are to be used in connection with the growth or production
of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop
of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs
which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

30 (2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used 31 in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting 32 from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or 33 fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for 34 35 final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases and 36 manufactured goods, including without limitation, slagging materials and 37 firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by 38 blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately 39 40 for final use or consumption;

(3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly
upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles,
watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of
persons or property;

45 (4) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and 46 supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, 47 fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for 48 49 final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and 50 supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or 51 expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the 52 purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a 53 facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of materials into a useable 54 product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and shall 55 include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of 56 57 recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall 58 not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the 59 terms "motor vehicle" and "highway" shall have the same meaning pursuant to 60 section 301.010, RSMo. Material recovery is not the reuse of materials within a 61 manufacturing process or the use of a product previously recovered. The material

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62 recovery processing plant shall qualify under the provisions of this section63 regardless of ownership of the material being recovered;

64 (5) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies 65 solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and 66 equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing 67 manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and 68 equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product 69 which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;

(6) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the
manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the
United States government or to any agency of the United States government;

(7) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes;

(8) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner,
printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies
used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general
public;

(9) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picturetranscriptions for public commercial display;

80 (10) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered81 by pipelines engaged as common carriers;

(11) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in
interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four
thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in
section 390.020, RSMo, solely in the transportation of persons or property in
interstate commerce;

(12) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, 87 compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the 88 actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery 89 processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection, in facilities 90 owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used 91 exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, 92 exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in 93 94 such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as 95 defined in section 260.200, RSMo. There shall be a rebuttable presumption 96 that the raw materials used in the primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials. For purposes 97

98 of this subdivision, "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of
99 acts performed upon materials to transform and reduce them to a different state
100 or thing, including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing
101 by the producer at the production facility;

(13) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing,
compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of
less than one year;

(14) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices, and so certified as such by the director of the department of natural resources, except that any action by the director pursuant to this subdivision may be appealed to the air conservation commission which may uphold or reverse such action;

112 (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased 113 and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water 114 pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, 115 construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and 116 devices, and so certified as such by the director of the department of natural 117 resources, except that any action by the director pursuant to this subdivision may 118 be appealed to the Missouri clean water commission which may uphold or reverse 119 such action;

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(16) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;

(17) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or corporation;

(18) All sales of insulin and prosthetic or orthopedic devices as defined on
January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the
Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12)
of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies
and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed pharmacist
only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those

134 items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may 135 be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such samples and all sales 136 of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories, hospital beds and 137 accessories and ambulatory aids, all sales of manual and powered wheelchairs, 138 stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased by 139 or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable 140 them to function more independently, all sales of scooters, reading machines, 141 electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative 142 communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to permit 143 the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities or sales of 144 over-the-counter or nonprescription drugs to individuals with disabilities;

(19) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and
institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities
and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at
public expense in their educational functions and activities;

149 (20) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in 150 interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service 151 or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been 152 declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 153 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or charitable functions 154 and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution 155 156 of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (19) of this 157 subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and 158 all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and 159 activities;

160 (21) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational 161 associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of 162 163 animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are 164 exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code 165 and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair 166 conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and 167 operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530, RSMo;

168 (22) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary169 school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to

170 livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used 171 in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of 172 bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales 173 of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying 174 agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of 175 fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, RSMo, natural gas, propane, and 176 electricity used by an eligible new generation cooperative or an eligible new 177 generation processing entity as defined in section 348.432, RSMo, and all sales 178 of farm machinery and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and 179 trailers. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed additives" means tangible 180 personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be 181 used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term 182 "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, surfactants, wetting agents and 183 other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a 184 pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of pesticides and herbicides 185 for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new or used farm tractors and such 186 other new or used farm machinery and equipment and repair or replacement 187 188 parts thereon, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and directly 189 for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, pheasants, 190 chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, including field 191 drain tile, and [one-half of each purchaser's] the purchase of [diesel] motor fuel, 192 as defined in section 142.800, RSMo, therefor which is:

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(a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;

(b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farmproducts; and

(c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in
processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to
livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

(23) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered
water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas,
wood, coal or home heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within a
county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use;

(a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service,
electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or
home heating oil, and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered

water service, which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;

212 (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases 213 are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate 214 classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri 215 public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate 216 classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the 217 occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master 218 meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall 219 be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from 220 sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases 221 classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility service rate classification and 222 the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the 223 utility must charge sales tax;

224 (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of services or property 225 and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a 226 nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year 227 of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and pay 228 sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making 229 nondomestic purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the 230 services or property so purchased for domestic use, and each person making 231 domestic purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or 232 condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate 233 234 classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day 235 of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund to the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes 236 237 paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such 238 purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums shall 239 have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund;

(24) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouseif the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total

gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual grossincome of the seller;

(25) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041,
4061, 4071, 4081, 4091, 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United
States Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter
536, RSMo, to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;

(26) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such river;

(27) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to
sections 70.370 to 70.441, RSMo, or sections 238.010 to 238.100, RSMo, in the
exercise of the functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the
compact;

258 (28) Computers, computer software and computer security systems 259 purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this 260 state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means 261 the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities 262 operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;

(29) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing,
producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of
buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;

266 (30) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the267 transportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;

(31) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water,
or other utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the
manufacturing of cellular glass products or in any material recovery processing
plant as defined in subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of this section;

(32) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of
pesticides or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or
poultry;

(33) Tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption directly
or exclusively in the research and development of prescription pharmaceuticals
consumed by humans or animals;

278 (34) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;

(35) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of
pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial
breeder, as defined in section 273.325, RSMo, and licensed pursuant to sections
273.325 to 273.357, RSMo;

283 (36) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another 284 state, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for 285 purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes 286 of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document 287 evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases 288 pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor 289 making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's 290 exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate 291 issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director 292 of revenue to be invalid for any reason and the contractor has accepted the 293 certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable 294 for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the 295 invalid exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating 296 tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose 297 298 of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:

(a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those
entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the
provisions of section 144.062; or

302 (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is
303 authorized to issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the
304 provisions of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this section;

305 (37) Tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption directly 306 or exclusively in research or experimentation activities performed by life science 307 companies and so certified as such by the director of the department of economic 308 development or the director's designees; except that, the total amount of 309 exemptions certified pursuant to this section shall not exceed one million three 310 hundred thousand dollars in state and local taxes per fiscal year. For purposes 311 of this subdivision, the term "life science companies" means companies whose 312 primary research activities are in agriculture, pharmaceuticals, biomedical or food 313 ingredients, and whose North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)

Codes fall under industry 541710 (biotech research or development laboratories),
621511 (medical laboratories) or 541940 (veterinary services). The exemption
provided by this subdivision shall expire on June 30, 2003;

(38) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor
who leases the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect
at the time of the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact agency created
pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441, RSMo, or sections 238.010 to 238.100,
RSMo; [and]

322 (39) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is 323 held in a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, 324 a quasi-governmental agency, a state university or college or by the state or any 325 political subdivision thereof, including a municipality, and that is played on a 326 neutral site and may reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" means any site that is 327 328 not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the 329 event: and

(40) Sales of new motor vehicles designed to operate on eighty-five percent ethanol fuel.

144.051. 1. In addition to the exemptions granted in section 144.030, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of 2 any state tax levied and imposed in this chapter all sales of new motor 3 4 vehicles assembled and sold in the state of Missouri on or after January 5 1, 2007. For purposes of this section, "motor vehicle" means any selfpropelled vehicle not operated exclusively upon tracks, except farm 6 7 tractors. This section shall not be construed to prohibit the levy of any 8 local sales tax, as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, on any sales of new 9 motor vehicles assembled and sold in the state on or after January 1, 10 2007. In the event that any political subdivision has enacted a local 11 sales tax on such sales, the political subdivision may, by order or 12 ordinance, exempt such sales from the local sales tax law.

2. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to

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19 chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to
20 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional,
21 then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or
22 adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void.

144.062. 1. With respect to exempt sales at retail of tangible personal property and materials for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling 2 facilities for: (1) a county, other political subdivision or instrumentality thereof 3 exempt from taxation under subdivision (10) of section 39 of article III of the 4 Constitution of Missouri; or (2) an organization sales to which are exempt from 5 taxation under the provisions of subdivision (19) of subsection 2 of section 6 7 144.030; or (3) any institution of higher education supported by public funds or 8 any private not-for-profit institution of higher education, exempt from taxation 9 under subdivision (20) of subsection 2 of section 144.030; or (4) any private 10 not-for-profit elementary or secondary school exempt from taxation under subdivision (22) of subsection 2 of section 144.030; or (5) after June 30, 2007: 11 (a) the department of transportation; or (b) the state highways and 12 transportation commission, hereinafter collectively referred to as exempt 13 14 entities, such exemptions shall be allowed for such purchases if the purchases are related to the entities' exempt functions and activities. In addition, the sales 15 shall not be rendered nonexempt nor shall any material supplier or contractor be 16 obligated to pay, collect or remit sales tax with respect to such purchases made 17 by or on behalf of an exempt entity due to such purchases being billed to or paid 18 for by a contractor or the exempt entity contracting with any entity to render any 19 services in relation to such purchases, including but not limited to selection of 20 21 materials, ordering, pickup, delivery, approval on delivery, taking of delivery, 22transportation, storage, assumption of risk of loss to materials or providing 23 warranties on materials as specified by contract, use of materials or other 24 purchases for construction of the building or other facility, providing labor, management services, administrative services, design or technical services or 2526 advice to the exempt entity, whether or not the contractor or other entity exercises dominion or control in any other manner over the materials in 27 conjunction with services or labor provided to the exempt entity. 28

29 2. When any exempt entity contracts for the purpose of constructing, 30 repairing or remodeling facilities, and purchases of tangible personal property 31 and materials to be incorporated into or consumed in the construction of the 32 project are to be made on a tax-exempt basis, such entity shall furnish to the 33 contractor an exemption certificate authorizing such purchases for the
34 construction, repair or remodeling project. The form and content of such project
35 exemption certificate shall be approved by the director of revenue. The project
36 exemption certificate shall include but not be limited to:

37 (1) The exempt entity's name, address, Missouri tax identification number
38 and signature of authorized representative;

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(2) The project location, description, and unique identification number;

40 (3) The date the contract is entered into, which is the earliest date41 materials may be purchased for the project on a tax-exempt basis;

(4) The estimated project completion date; and

43 (5) The certificate expiration date.

44 Such certificate is renewable for a given project at the option of the exempt
45 entity, only for the purpose of revising the certificate expiration date as necessary
46 to complete the project.

47 3. The contractor shall furnish the certificate prescribed in subsection 2 48 of this section to all subcontractors, and any contractor purchasing materials 49 shall present such certificate to all material suppliers as authorization to purchase, on behalf of the exempt entity, all tangible personal property and 50 51 materials to be incorporated into or consumed in the construction of that project and no other on a tax-exempt basis. Such suppliers shall execute to the 52 53 purchasing contractor invoices bearing the name of the exempt entity and the 54 project identification number. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in 55 constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the exempt entity. All invoices 56 57 for all personal property and materials purchased under a project exemption certificate shall be retained by the purchasing contractor for a period of five years 58 and shall be subject to audit by the director of revenue. 59

60 4. Any excess resalable tangible personal property or materials which were purchased for the project by a contractor under a project exemption 61 certificate but which were not incorporated into or consumed in the construction 62 63 of the project shall either be returned to the supplier for credit or the appropriate sales or use tax on such excess property or materials shall be reported on a 64 65 return and paid by such contractor not later than the due date of the contractor's 66 Missouri sales or use tax return following the month in which it was determined that the materials were not to be used in the project. 67

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5. No contractor or material supplier shall, upon audit, be required to pay

69 tax on tangible personal property and materials incorporated into or consumed 70 in the construction of the project, due to the failure of the exempt entity to revise 71 the certificate expiration date as necessary to complete any work required by the 72 contract. If it is determined that tax is owed on such property and materials due 73 to the failure of the exempt entity to revise such certificate expiration date, the 74 exempt entity shall be liable for the tax owed.

6. If an entity issues exemption certificates for the purchase of tangible 75 personal property and materials which are incorporated into or consumed in the 76 construction of its project and such entity is found not to have had the authority 77 granted by this section to issue such exemption certificates, then such entity shall 78 be liable for the tax owed on such personal property and materials. In addition, 79 80 if an entity which does have the authority granted by this section to issue 81 exemption certificates issues such certificates for the purchase of tangible 82 personal property and materials which are incorporated into or consumed in the 83 construction of a project, or part of a project, which is found not to be related to such entity's exempt functions and activities, then such entity shall be liable for 84 85 the tax owed on such personal property and materials.