SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1742

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Pensions, Veterans' Affairs and General Laws, April 20, 2006, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal section 208.151, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to medical assistance eligibility for certain persons, with an emergency clause and expiration date.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 208.151, RSMo, is repealed and two new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 208.146 and 208.151, to read as 3 follows:

208.146. 1. Subject to appropriations and in accordance with the
federal Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999
(TWWIIA), Public Law 106-170, the medical assistance provided for in
section 208.151 may be paid for a person who is employed and who:

5 (1) Except for earnings, meets the definition of disabled under 6 the Supplemental Security Income Program or meets the definition of 7 an employed individual with a medically improved disability under 8 TWWIIA;

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(2) Has earned income, as defined in subsection 2 of this section;

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(3) Meets the asset limits in subsection 3 of this section;

(4) Has net income, as defined in subsection 3 of this section,
that does not exceed the limit for permanent and totally disabled (PTD)
individuals to receive nonspenddown Medicaid under subdivision (24)
of subsection 1 of section 208.151; and

(5) Has a gross income of two hundred fifty percent or less of the
federal poverty level. For purposes of this subdivision, "gross income"
includes all income of the person and the person's spouse that would

18 be considered in determining Medicaid eligibility for permanent and
19 totally disabled (PTD) individuals under subdivision (24) of subsection
20 1 of section 208.151. Individuals with gross incomes in excess of one
21 hundred percent of the federal poverty level shall pay a premium for
22 participation in accordance with subsection 4 of this section.

23 2. For income to be considered earned income for purposes of 24 this section, the department of social services shall document that 25 Medicare and Social Security taxes are withheld from such 26 income. Self-employed persons shall provide proof of payment of 27 Medicare and Social Security taxes for income to be considered earned.

3. (1) For purposes of determining eligibility under this section, the available asset limit and the definition of available assets shall be the same as those used to determine Medicaid eligibility for permanent and totally disabled (PTD) individuals under subdivision (24) of subsection 1 of section 208.151 except for:

(a) Medical savings accounts limited to deposits of earned
income and earnings on such income while a participant in the
program created under this section with a value not to exceed five
thousand dollars per year;

(b) Independent living accounts limited to deposits of earned 37 income and earnings on such income while a participant in the 38 39 program created under this section with a value not to exceed five 40 thousand dollars per year. For purposes of this section, an "independent living account" means an account established and 41 42 maintained to provide savings for transportation, housing, home 43 modification, and personal care services and assistive devices associated with such person's disability. 44

45 (2) To determine net income, the following shall be disregarded:

46 (a) All earned income of the disabled worker;

47 (b) The first sixty-five dollars and one-half of the remaining48 earned income of a nondisabled spouse's earned income;

49 (c) A twenty-dollar standard deduction;

50 (d) Health insurance premiums;

51 (e) All Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments;

(f) A standard deduction for impairment-related employmentexpenses equal to one-half of the disabled worker's earned income.

54 4. Any person whose gross income exceeds one hundred percent

of the federal poverty level shall pay a premium for participation in themedical assistance provided in this section. Such premium shall be:

57 (1) For a person whose gross income is more than one hundred
58 percent but less than one hundred fifty percent of the federal poverty
59 level, seven and one-half percent of income at one hundred percent of
60 the federal poverty level;

61 (2) For a person whose gross income equals or exceeds one
62 hundred fifty percent but is less than two hundred percent of the
63 federal poverty level, seven and one-half percent of income at one
64 hundred fifty percent of the federal poverty level;

65 (3) For a person whose gross income equals or exceeds two
66 hundred percent of the federal poverty level, seven and one-half
67 percent of income at two hundred percent of the federal poverty level.

5. If an eligible person's employer offers employer-sponsored health insurance and the department of social services determines that it is more cost effective, such person shall participate in the employersponsored insurance. The department shall pay such person's portion of the premiums, co-payments, and any other costs associated with participation in the employer-sponsored health insurance.

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6. The provisions of this section shall expire on June 30, 2008.

208.151. 1. For the purpose of paying medical assistance on behalf of needy persons and to comply with Title XIX, Public Law 89-97, 1965 amendments to the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Section 301 et seq.) as amended, the following needy persons shall be eligible to receive medical assistance to the sextent and in the manner hereinafter provided:

6 (1) All recipients of state supplemental payments for the aged, blind and 7 disabled;

8 (2) All recipients of aid to families with dependent children benefits, 9 including all persons under nineteen years of age who would be classified as 10 dependent children except for the requirements of subdivision (1) of subsection 11 1 of section 208.040;

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(3) All recipients of blind pension benefits;

(4) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for old age
assistance benefits, permanent and total disability benefits, or aid to the blind
benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31, 1973, or less
restrictive standards as established by rule of the family support division, who

17 are sixty-five years of age or over and are patients in state institutions for mental18 diseases or tuberculosis;

19 (5) All persons under the age of twenty-one years who would be eligible 20 for aid to families with dependent children except for the requirements of 21 subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 208.040, and who are residing in an 22 intermediate care facility, or receiving active treatment as inpatients in 23 psychiatric facilities or programs, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1396d, as amended;

(6) All persons under the age of twenty-one years who would be eligible
for aid to families with dependent children benefits except for the requirement of
deprivation of parental support as provided for in subdivision (2) of subsection 1
of section 208.040;

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(7) All persons eligible to receive nursing care benefits;

(8) All recipients of family foster home or nonprofit private child-care
institution care, subsidized adoption benefits and parental school care wherein
state funds are used as partial or full payment for such care;

(9) All persons who were recipients of old age assistance benefits, aid to
the permanently and totally disabled, or aid to the blind benefits on December 31,
1973, and who continue to meet the eligibility requirements, except income, for
these assistance categories, but who are no longer receiving such benefits because
of the implementation of Title XVI of the federal Social Security Act, as amended;

37 (10) Pregnant women who meet the requirements for aid to families with38 dependent children, except for the existence of a dependent child in the home;

(11) Pregnant women who meet the requirements for aid to families with
dependent children, except for the existence of a dependent child who is deprived
of parental support as provided for in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section
208.040;

(12) Pregnant women or infants under one year of age, or both, whose
family income does not exceed an income eligibility standard equal to one
hundred eighty-five percent of the federal poverty level as established and
amended by the federal Department of Health and Human Services, or its
successor agency;

(13) Children who have attained one year of age but have not attained six
years of age who are eligible for medical assistance under 6401 of P.L. 101-239
(Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989). The family support division shall
use an income eligibility standard equal to one hundred thirty-three percent of
the federal poverty level established by the Department of Health and Human

53 Services, or its successor agency;

54 (14) Children who have attained six years of age but have not attained nineteen years of age. For children who have attained six years of age but have 55 not attained nineteen years of age, the family support division shall use an 56 income assessment methodology which provides for eligibility when family income 57 58 is equal to or less than equal to one hundred percent of the federal poverty level established by the Department of Health and Human Services, or its successor 59 60 agency. As necessary to provide Medicaid coverage under this subdivision, the department of social services may revise the state Medicaid plan to extend 61 62 coverage under 42 U.S.C. 1396a (a)(10)(A)(i)(III) to children who have attained 63 six years of age but have not attained nineteen years of age as permitted by 64 paragraph (2) of subsection (n) of 42 U.S.C. 1396d using a more liberal income 65 assessment methodology as authorized by paragraph (2) of subsection (r) of 42 U.S.C. 1396a; 66

67 (15) The family support division shall not establish a resource eligibility 68 standard in assessing eligibility for persons under subdivision (12), (13) or (14) 69 of this subsection. The division of medical services shall define the amount and 70 scope of benefits which are available to individuals eligible under each of the 71 subdivisions (12), (13), and (14) of this subsection, in accordance with the 72 requirements of federal law and regulations promulgated thereunder;

(16) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary,
ambulatory prenatal care shall be made available to pregnant women during a
period of presumptive eligibility pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-1, as
amended;

77 (17) A child born to a woman eligible for and receiving medical assistance under this section on the date of the child's birth shall be deemed to have applied 78 for medical assistance and to have been found eligible for such assistance under 79 80 such plan on the date of such birth and to remain eligible for such assistance for a period of time determined in accordance with applicable federal and state law 81 82 and regulations so long as the child is a member of the woman's household and either the woman remains eligible for such assistance or for children born on or 83 after January 1, 1991, the woman would remain eligible for such assistance if she 84 85 were still pregnant. Upon notification of such child's birth, the family support 86 division shall assign a medical assistance eligibility identification number to the child so that claims may be submitted and paid under such child's identification 87 88 number:

89 (18) Pregnant women and children eligible for medical assistance 90 pursuant to subdivision (12), (13) or (14) of this subsection shall not as a 91 condition of eligibility for medical assistance benefits be required to apply for aid 92 to families with dependent children. The family support division shall utilize an 93 application for eligibility for such persons which eliminates information requirements other than those necessary to apply for medical assistance. The 94 division shall provide such application forms to applicants whose preliminary 95 96 income information indicates that they are ineligible for aid to families with 97 dependent children. Applicants for medical assistance benefits under subdivision 98 (12), (13) or (14) shall be informed of the aid to families with dependent children 99 program and that they are entitled to apply for such benefits. Any forms utilized 100 by the family support division for assessing eligibility under this chapter shall be 101 as simple as practicable;

102 (19) Subject to appropriations necessary to recruit and train such staff, 103 the family support division shall provide one or more full-time, permanent case workers to process applications for medical assistance at the site of a health care 104 105 provider, if the health care provider requests the placement of such case workers and reimburses the division for the expenses including but not limited to salaries. 106 benefits, travel, training, telephone, supplies, and equipment, of such case 107 108 workers. The division may provide a health care provider with a part-time or 109 temporary case worker at the site of a health care provider if the health care 110 provider requests the placement of such a case worker and reimburses the 111 division for the expenses, including but not limited to the salary, benefits, travel, 112 training, telephone, supplies, and equipment, of such a case worker. The division 113 may seek to employ such case workers who are otherwise qualified for such 114 positions and who are current or former welfare recipients. The division may 115 consider training such current or former welfare recipients as case workers for 116 this program;

(20) Pregnant women who are eligible for, have applied for and have
received medical assistance under subdivision (2), (10), (11) or (12) of this
subsection shall continue to be considered eligible for all pregnancy-related and
postpartum medical assistance provided under section 208.152 until the end of
the sixty-day period beginning on the last day of their pregnancy;

(21) Case management services for pregnant women and young children
at risk shall be a covered service. To the greatest extent possible, and in
compliance with federal law and regulations, the department of health and senior

125 services shall provide case management services to pregnant women by contract 126 or agreement with the department of social services through local health 127 departments organized under the provisions of chapter 192, RSMo, or chapter 128 205, RSMo, or a city health department operated under a city charter or a 129 combined city-county health department or other department of health and senior 130 services designees. To the greatest extent possible the department of social 131 services and the department of health and senior services shall mutually 132 coordinate all services for pregnant women and children with the crippled 133 children's program, the prevention of mental retardation program and the 134 prenatal care program administered by the department of health and senior 135 services. The department of social services shall by regulation establish the 136 methodology for reimbursement for case management services provided by the 137 department of health and senior services. For purposes of this section, the term 138 "case management" shall mean those activities of local public health personnel 139 to identify prospective Medicaid-eligible high-risk mothers and enroll them in the 140 state's Medicaid program, refer them to local physicians or local health 141 departments who provide prenatal care under physician protocol and who 142 participate in the Medicaid program for prenatal care and to ensure that said 143 high-risk mothers receive support from all private and public programs for which 144 they are eligible and shall not include involvement in any Medicaid prepaid, 145 case-managed programs;

146 (22) By January 1, 1988, the department of social services and the 147 department of health and senior services shall study all significant aspects of 148 presumptive eligibility for pregnant women and submit a joint report on the 149 subject, including projected costs and the time needed for implementation, to the 150 general assembly. The department of social services, at the direction of the 151 general assembly, may implement presumptive eligibility by regulation 152 promulgated pursuant to chapter 207, RSMo;

(23) All recipients who would be eligible for aid to families with dependent
children benefits except for the requirements of paragraph (d) of subdivision (1)
of section 208.150;

(24) (a) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for old age
assistance benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31, 1973,
as authorized by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(f), or less restrictive methodologies as
contained in the Medicaid state plan as of January 1, 2005; except that, on or
after July 1, 2005, less restrictive income methodologies, as authorized in 42

161 U.S.C. Section 1396a(r)(2), may be used to change the income limit if authorized162 by annual appropriation;

(b) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for aid to the blind benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31, 1973, as authorized by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(f), or less restrictive methodologies as contained in the Medicaid state plan as of January 1, 2005, except that less restrictive income methodologies, as authorized in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(r)(2), shall be used to raise the income limit to one hundred percent of the federal poverty level;

169 (c) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for permanent and total disability benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31, 170 171 1973, as authorized by 42 U.S.C. 1396a(f); or less restrictive methodologies as 172 contained in the Medicaid state plan as of January 1, 2005; except that, on or 173 after July 1, 2005, less restrictive income methodologies, as authorized in 42 174 U.S.C. Section 1396a(r)(2), may be used to change the income limit if authorized 175 by annual appropriations. Eligibility standards for permanent and total 176 disability benefits shall not be limited by age.

177 Any income earned through certified extended employment at a
178 sheltered workshop under chapter 178, RSMo, shall not be considered
179 as income for purposes of determining eligibility under this
180 subdivision;

(25) Persons who have been diagnosed with breast or cervical cancer and
who are eligible for coverage pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1396a
(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XVIII). Such persons shall be eligible during a period of
presumptive eligibility in accordance with 42 U.S.C. 1396r-1.

185 2. Rules and regulations to implement this section shall be promulgated 186 in accordance with section 431.064, RSMo, and chapter 536, RSMo. Any rule or 187 portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created 188 under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 189 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, 190 if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant 191 192 to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 193 194 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, 195 shall be invalid and void.

196 3. After December 31, 1973, and before April 1, 1990, any family eligible

197 for assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 601 et seq., as amended, in at least three of 198 the last six months immediately preceding the month in which such family 199 became ineligible for such assistance because of increased income from 200 employment shall, while a member of such family is employed, remain eligible for 201 medical assistance for four calendar months following the month in which such 202 family would otherwise be determined to be ineligible for such assistance because 203 of income and resource limitation. After April 1, 1990, any family receiving aid 204 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 601 et seq., as amended, in at least three of the six months 205 immediately preceding the month in which such family becomes ineligible for 206 such aid, because of hours of employment or income from employment of the 207 caretaker relative, shall remain eligible for medical assistance for six calendar 208 months following the month of such ineligibility as long as such family includes 209 a child as provided in 42 U.S.C. 1396r-6. Each family which has received such 210 medical assistance during the entire six-month period described in this section 211 and which meets reporting requirements and income tests established by the 212 division and continues to include a child as provided in 42 U.S.C. 1396r-6 shall 213 receive medical assistance without fee for an additional six months. The division 214 of medical services may provide by rule and as authorized by annual 215 appropriation the scope of medical assistance coverage to be granted to such 216 families.

4. When any individual has been determined to be eligible for medical assistance, such medical assistance will be made available to him or her for care and services furnished in or after the third month before the month in which he made application for such assistance if such individual was, or upon application would have been, eligible for such assistance at the time such care and services were furnished; provided, further, that such medical expenses remain unpaid.

223 5. The department of social services may apply to the federal Department 224 of Health and Human Services for a Medicaid waiver amendment to the Section 225 1115 demonstration waiver or for any additional Medicaid waivers necessary not 226 to exceed one million dollars in additional costs to the state. A request for such 227 a waiver so submitted shall only become effective by executive order not sooner 228 than ninety days after the final adjournment of the session of the general 229 assembly to which it is submitted, unless it is disapproved within sixty days of 230 its submission to a regular session by a senate or house resolution adopted by a 231 majority vote of the respective elected members thereof.

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6. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in any

given fiscal year, any persons made eligible for medical assistance benefits under
subdivisions (1) to (22) of subsection 1 of this section shall only be eligible if
annual appropriations are made for such eligibility. This subsection shall not
apply to classes of individuals listed in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i).

Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to provide assistance to the employed disabled, section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and section A of this act shall be in full force and effect on July 1, 2006, upon its passage and approval, whichever later occurs.

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