SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 2040

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVES FLOOK (Sponsor), RICHARD, BROWN (50), DOUGHERTY, POLLOCK, PEARCE, ERVIN, BOWMAN, CORCORAN AND NOLTE (Co-sponsors).

Read 1st time March 27, 2006 and copies ordered printed.

STEPHEN S. DAVIS, Chief Clerk

5586L.01I

AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.100, 32.105, 32.110, 32.115, 32.117, 32.120, 33.282, 99.845, 99.918, 99.960, 99.963, 99.975, 99.980, 99.1045, 99.1048, 99.1082, 99.1090, 99.1092, 100.255, 100.275, 100.281, 100.286, 100.297, 100.760, 135.403, 135.460, 135.700, 135.766, 135.800, 135.950, 135.967, 208.750, 208.755, 208.760, 208.765, 208.770, 208.775, 447.708, 620.495, 620.1100, 620.1103, 620.1878, 620.1881, and 620.1900, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty-six new sections relating to economic development.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.100, 32.105, 32.110, 32.115, 32.117, 32.120, 33.282, 99.845, 2 99.918, 99.960, 99.963, 99.975, 99.980, 99.1045, 99.1048, 99.1082, 99.1090, 99.1092, 100.255, 100.275, 100.281, 100.286, 100.297, 100.760, 135.403, 135.460, 135.700, 135.766, 135.800, 3 4 135.950, 135.967, 208.750, 208.755, 208.760, 208.765, 208.770, 208.775, 447.708, 620.495, 620.1100, 620.1103, 620.1878, 620.1881, and 620.1900, RSMo, are repealed and thirty-six new 5 6 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 32.100, 32.105, 32.115, 33.282, 99.845, 7 99.918, 99.960, 99.963, 99.975, 99.980, 99.1045, 99.1048, 99.1082, 99.1090, 99.1092, 100.255, 100.275, 100.281, 100.286, 100.297, 100.760, 135.403, 135.440, 135.442, 135.444, 135.446, 8 135.448, 135.449, 135.700, 135.800, 135.950, 135.967, 447.708, 620.1878, 620.1881, and 9 10 620.1900, to read as follows:

32.100. Sections 32.100 to 32.125 shall be known and may be cited as the 2 ["Neighborhood Assistance Act"] "Affordable Housing Assistance Act".

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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32.105. As used in sections 32.100 to 32.125, the following terms mean:

4 (1) "Affordable housing assistance activities", money, real or personal property, or 5 professional services expended or devoted to the construction, or rehabilitation of affordable 6 housing units;

7 (2) "Affordable housing unit", a residential unit generally occupied by persons and families with incomes at or below the levels described in this subdivision and bearing a cost to 8 the occupant no greater than thirty percent of the maximum eligible household income for the 9 10 affordable housing unit. In the case of owner-occupied units, the cost to the occupant shall be 11 considered the amount of the gross monthly mortgage payment, including casualty insurance, mortgage insurance, and taxes. In the case of rental units, the cost to the occupant shall be 12 13 considered the amount of the gross rent. The cost to the occupant shall include the cost of any 14 utilities, other than telephone. If any utilities are paid directly by the occupant, the maximum cost that may be paid by the occupant is to be reduced by a utility allowance prescribed by the 15 16 commission. Persons or families are eligible occupants of affordable housing units if the household combined, adjusted gross income as defined by the commission is equal to or less than 17 18 the following percentages of the median family income for the geographic area in which the 19 residential unit is located, or the median family income for the state of Missouri, whichever is 20 larger; ("geographic area" means the metropolitan area or county designated as an area by the 21 federal Department of Housing and Urban Development under Section 8 of the United States 22 Housing Act of 1937, as amended, for purposes of determining fair market rental rates): 23 Percent of State or

23	refeelit of State of		
24	Geographic A	Geographic Area Family	
25	Size of Household	Median Income	
26	One Person	35%	
27	Two Persons	40%	
28	Three Persons	45%	
29	Four Persons	50%	
30	Five Persons	54%	
31	Six Persons	58%	
32	Seven Persons	62%	
33	Eight Persons	66%	
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(3) "Business firm", person, firm, a partner in a firm, corporation or a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, RSMo, or a corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 147, RSMo, or an insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this state, or other financial institution paying

39 taxes to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this state pursuant to the provisions

of chapter 148, RSMo, or an express company which pays an annual tax on its gross receipts inthis state;

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(4) "Commission", the Missouri housing development commission;

(5) ["Community services", any type of counseling and advice, emergency assistance or
medical care furnished to individuals or groups in the state of Missouri or transportation services
at below-cost rates as provided in sections 208.250 to 208.275, RSMo;

(6) "Crime prevention", any activity which aids in the reduction of crime in the state ofMissouri;

(7) "Defense industry contractor", a person, corporation or other entity which will be or has been negatively impacted as a result of its status as a prime contractor of the Department of Defense or as a second or third tier contractor. A "second tier contractor" means a person, corporation or other entity which contracts to perform manufacturing, maintenance or repair services for a prime contractor of the Department of Defense, and a "third tier contractor" means a person, corporation or other entity which contracts with a person, corporation or other entity which contracts with a prime contractor of the Department of Defense;

(8)] "Doing business", among other methods of doing business in the state of Missouri, a partner in a firm or a shareholder in an S corporation shall be deemed to be doing business in the state of Missouri if such firm or S corporation, as the case may be, is doing business in the state of Missouri;

59 [(9)] (6) "Economic development", the acquisition, renovation, improvement, or the 60 furnishing or equipping of existing buildings and real estate [in distressed or blighted areas of 61 the state] when such acquisition, renovation, improvement, or the furnishing or equipping of the business development projects will result in the creation or retention of jobs within the state; [or, 62 63 until June 30, 1996, a defense conversion pilot project located in a standard metropolitan statistical area which contains a city with a population of at least three hundred fifty thousand 64 inhabitants, which will assist Missouri-based defense industry contractors in their conversion 65 66 from predominately defense-related contracting to nondefense-oriented manufacturing. Only 67 neighborhood organizations, as defined in subdivision (13) of this section, may apply to conduct economic development projects. Prior to the approval of an economic development project, the 68 69 neighborhood organization shall enter into a contractual agreement with the department of 70 economic development. Credits approved for economic development projects may not exceed four million dollars from within any one fiscal year's allocation, except that for fiscal years 2005, 71 72 2006, and 2007 credits approved for economic development projects shall not exceed six million 73 dollars. Neighborhood assistance program tax credits for economic development projects and

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affordable housing assistance as defined in section 32.111 may be transferred, sold or assigned
by a notarized endorsement thereof naming the transferee;

(10)] (7) "Education", any type of scholastic instruction or scholarship assistance to an
individual who resides in the state of Missouri that enables the individual to prepare himself or
herself for better opportunities or community awareness activities rendered by a statewide
organization established for the purpose of archeological education and preservation;

80 [(11) "Homeless assistance pilot project", the program established pursuant to section 81 32.117;

(12) "Job training", any type of instruction to an individual who resides in the state of
Missouri that enables the individual to acquire vocational skills so that the individual can
become employable or be able to seek a higher grade of employment;

85 (13)](8) "Neighborhood organization", any organization performing community services
 86 or economic development activities in the state of Missouri and:

(a) Holding a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service of the United States Department
of the Treasury that the organization is exempt from income taxation pursuant to the provisions
of the Internal Revenue Code; or

90 (b) Incorporated in the state of Missouri as a not-for-profit corporation pursuant to the 91 provisions of chapter 355, RSMo; or

92 (c) Designated as a community development corporation by the United States
93 government pursuant to the provisions of Title VII of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964;
94 [(14) "Physical revitalization", furnishing financial assistance, labor, material, or
95 technical advice to aid in the physical improvement or rehabilitation of any part or all of a

96 neighborhood area;

97 (15)] (9) "S corporation", a corporation described in Section 1361(a)(1) of the United
98 States Internal Revenue Code and not subject to the taxes imposed by section 143.071, RSMo,
99 by reason of section 143.471, RSMo;

100 [(16)] (10) "Workfare renovation project", any project initiated pursuant to sections
101 215.340 to 215.355, RSMo.

32.115. 1. The department of revenue shall grant a tax credit, to be applied in the 2 following order until used, against:

3 (1) The annual tax on gross premium receipts of insurance companies in chapter 148,
4 RSMo;

5 (2) The tax on banks determined pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of section
6 148.030, RSMo;

7 (3) The tax on banks determined in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 148.030,8 RSMo;

- 9 (4) The tax on other financial institutions in chapter 148, RSMo;
- 10 (5) The corporation franchise tax in chapter 147, RSMo;
- 11 (6) The state income tax in chapter 143, RSMo; and
- 12 (7) The annual tax on gross receipts of express companies in chapter 153, RSMo.
- 13 2. [For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.110:

(1) The amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty percent of the total amount
contributed during the taxable year by the business firm or, in the case of a financial institution,
where applicable, during the relevant income period in programs approved pursuant to section
32.110;

18 (2) Except as provided in subsection 2 or 5 of this section, a tax credit of up to seventy 19 percent may be allowed for contributions to programs where activities fall within the scope of 20 special program priorities as defined with the approval of the governor in regulations 21 promulgated by the director of the department of economic development;

(3) Except as provided in subsection 2 or 5 of this section, the tax credit allowed for contributions to programs located in any community shall be equal to seventy percent of the total amount contributed where such community is a city, town or village which has fifteen thousand or less inhabitants as of the last decennial census and is located in a county which is either located in:

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(a) An area that is not part of a standard metropolitan statistical area;

(b) A standard metropolitan statistical area but such county has only one city, town orvillage which has more than fifteen thousand inhabitants; or

30 (c) A standard metropolitan statistical area and a substantial number of persons in such
 31 county derive their income from agriculture.

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Such community may also be in an unincorporated area in such county as provided in subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection. Except in no case shall the total economic benefit of the combined federal and state tax savings to the taxpayer exceed the amount contributed by the taxpayer during the tax year;

37 (4) Such tax credit allocation, equal to seventy percent of the total amount contributed, shall not exceed four million dollars in fiscal year 1999 and six million dollars in fiscal year 2000 38 39 and any subsequent fiscal year. When the maximum dollar limit on the seventy percent tax credit 40 allocation is committed, the tax credit allocation for such programs shall then be equal to fifty 41 percent credit of the total amount contributed. Regulations establishing special program 42 priorities are to be promulgated during the first month of each fiscal year and at such times 43 during the year as the public interest dictates. Such credit shall not exceed two hundred and fifty 44 thousand dollars annually except as provided in subdivision (5) of this subsection. No tax credit

45 shall be approved for any bank, bank and trust company, insurance company, trust company, national bank, savings association, or building and loan association for activities that are a part 46 of its normal course of business. Any tax credit not used in the period the contribution was made 47 48 may be carried over the next five succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been 49 claimed. Except as otherwise provided for proposals approved pursuant to section 32.111, 32.112 or 32.117, in no event shall the total amount of all other tax credits allowed pursuant to 50 sections 32.100 to 32.125 exceed thirty-two million dollars in any one fiscal year, of which six 51 52 million shall be credits allowed pursuant to section 135.460, RSMo. If six million dollars in 53 credits are not approved, then the remaining credits may be used for programs approved pursuant 54 to sections 32.100 to 32.125;

55 (5) The credit may exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars annually and shall not be 56 limited if community services, crime prevention, education, job training, physical revitalization or economic development, as defined by section 32.105, is rendered in an area defined by federal 57 58 or state law as an impoverished, economically distressed, or blighted area or as a neighborhood 59 experiencing problems endangering its existence as a viable and stable neighborhood, or if the 60 community services, crime prevention, education, job training, physical revitalization or 61 economic development is limited to impoverished persons] The total amount of tax credit 62 granted for programs approved under sections 32.100 to 32.125 shall not exceed twenty-six 63 million dollars in any fiscal year, except as otherwise provided for proposals approved 64 under section 32.111 or 32.112. All tax credits authorized under the provisions of sections 65 32.100 to 32.125 may be used as a state match to secure additional federal funding.

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3. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.111:

67 (1) The amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty-five percent of the total amount invested in affordable housing assistance activities or market rate housing in distressed 68 69 communities as defined in section 135.530, RSMo, by a business firm. Whenever such 70 investment is made in the form of an equity investment or a loan, as opposed to a donation alone, 71 tax credits may be claimed only where the loan or equity investment is accompanied by a 72 donation which is eligible for federal income tax charitable deduction, and where the total value 73 of the tax credits herein plus the value of the federal income tax charitable deduction is less than 74 or equal to the value of the donation. Any tax credit not used in the period for which the credit 75 was approved may be carried over the next ten succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been allowed. If the affordable housing units or market rate housing units in distressed 76 77 communities for which a tax is claimed are within a larger structure, parts of which are not the 78 subject of a tax credit claim, then expenditures applicable to the entire structure shall be reduced 79 on a prorated basis in proportion to the ratio of the number of square feet devoted to the 80 affordable housing units or market rate housing units in distressed communities, for purposes of

determining the amount of the tax credit. The total amount of tax credit granted for programs approved pursuant to section 32.111 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1991, shall not exceed two million dollars, to be increased by no more than two million dollars each succeeding fiscal year, until the total tax credits that may be approved reaches ten million dollars in any fiscal year;

85 (2) For any year during the compliance period indicated in the land use restriction 86 agreement, the owner of the affordable housing rental units for which a credit is being claimed 87 shall certify to the commission that all tenants renting claimed units are income eligible for 88 affordable housing units and that the rentals for each claimed unit are in compliance with the 89 provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125. The commission is authorized, in its discretion, to audit 90 the records and accounts of the owner to verify such certification;

91 (3) In the case of owner-occupied affordable housing units, the qualifying owner 92 occupant shall, before the end of the first year in which credits are claimed, certify to the 93 commission that the occupant is income eligible during the preceding two years, and at the time 94 of the initial purchase contract, but not thereafter. The qualifying owner occupant shall further 95 certify to the commission, before the end of the first year in which credits are claimed, that 96 during the compliance period indicated in the land use restriction agreement, the cost of the 97 affordable housing unit to the occupant for the claimed unit can reasonably be projected to be in compliance with the provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125. Any succeeding owner occupant 98 99 acquiring the affordable housing unit during the compliance period indicated in the land use 100 restriction agreement shall make the same certification;

101 (4) If at any time during the compliance period the commission determines a project for 102 which a proposal has been approved is not in compliance with the applicable provisions of 103 sections 32.100 to 32.125 or rules promulgated therefor, the commission may within one 104 hundred fifty days of notice to the owner either seek injunctive enforcement action against the 105 owner, or seek legal damages against the owner representing the value of the tax credits, or 106 foreclose on the lien in the land use restriction agreement, selling the project at a public sale, and 107 paying to the owner the proceeds of the sale, less the costs of the sale and less the value of all tax 108 credits allowed herein. The commission shall remit to the director of revenue the portion of the 109 legal damages collected or the sale proceeds representing the value of the tax credits. However, 110 except in the event of intentional fraud by the taxpayer, the proposal's certificate of eligibility for 111 tax credits shall not be revoked.

4. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.112, the amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty-five percent of the total amount contributed to a neighborhood organization by business firms. Any tax credit not used in the period for which the credit was approved may be carried over the next ten succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been allowed.

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116 The total amount of tax credit granted for programs approved pursuant to section 32.112 shall

117 not exceed one million dollars for each fiscal year.

5. The total amount of tax credits used for market rate housing in distressed communities
pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125 shall not exceed thirty percent of the total amount of all
tax credits authorized pursuant to sections 32.111 and 32.112.

33.282. 1. Subject to appropriation the office of administration shall develop a tax expenditure budget for submission to the general assembly in conjunction with the submission of the state budget as required in section 33.280. The tax expenditure budget shall indicate, on an annual basis, the reduction in revenue collections for each fiscal year as a result of each deduction, exemption, credit or other tax preference as may be authorized by law, and shall indicate, where appropriate, the tax source of each state-funded program. Periodically the tax expenditure budget shall include a cost-benefit analysis of the following:

(1) The neighborhood assistance program, sections 32.100 to 32.125, RSMo;

(2) Tax increment financing, sections 99.800 to 99.865, RSMo;

10 (3) Export and infrastructure funding, sections 100.250 to 100.297, RSMo;

11 (4) Credit for new expanded business facility, sections 135.100 to 135.150, RSMo;

- 12 (5) Enterprise zones, sections 135.200 to 135.256, RSMo;
- 13 (6) Main street program, sections 251.470 to 251.485, RSMo;
- 14 (7) Economic development districts, sections 251.500 to 251.510, RSMo;
- 15 (8) Rural economic development, sections 620.155 to 620.165, RSMo;

16 (9) Export development, sections 620.170 to 620.174, RSMo; and

17 (10) [Small business incubator program, section 620.495, RSMo; and

(11)] Other programs as may be practical. Pursuant to the provisions of section 32.057,
RSMo, the department of revenue shall not release information as part of the tax expenditure
budget in a manner that would allow the identification of any individual taxpayer.

2. On or before October first of each year each state department authorized by law to 22 offer deductions, exemptions, credits or other tax preferences shall submit to the budget director 23 the estimated amount of such tax expenditures for the fiscal year beginning July first of the 24 following year and a cost/benefit analysis of such tax expenditures for the preceding fiscal year. 25 Such estimates and analysis shall be in the manner and form prescribed by the budget director 26 and shall be submitted by the budget director to the chairman of the senate appropriations 27 committee and the chairman of the house budget committee by January first of each year.

3. No new tax credits, except the senior citizens property tax credit as referenced in chapter 135, RSMo, shall be issued or certified for any tax year beginning after July first of the following year unless the estimate of such credits have been reviewed and approved by a majority of the senate appropriations committee and the house budget committee.

99.845. 1. A municipality, either at the time a redevelopment project is approved or, in 2 the event a municipality has undertaken acts establishing a redevelopment plan and redevelopment project and has designated a redevelopment area after the passage and approval 3 4 of sections 99.800 to 99.865 but prior to August 13, 1982, which acts are in conformance with 5 the procedures of sections 99.800 to 99.865, may adopt tax increment allocation financing by 6 passing an ordinance providing that after the total equalized assessed valuation of the taxable real 7 property in a redevelopment project exceeds the certified total initial equalized assessed 8 valuation of the taxable real property in the redevelopment project, the ad valorem taxes, and 9 payments in lieu of taxes, if any, arising from the levies upon taxable real property in such redevelopment project by taxing districts and tax rates determined in the manner provided in 10 subsection 2 of section 99.855 each year after the effective date of the ordinance until 11 12 redevelopment costs have been paid shall be divided as follows:

(1) That portion of taxes, penalties and interest levied upon each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property which is attributable to the initial equalized assessed value of each such taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the area selected for the redevelopment project shall be allocated to and, when collected, shall be paid by the county collector to the respective affected taxing districts in the manner required by law in the absence of the adoption of tax increment allocation financing;

19 (2) (a) Payments in lieu of taxes attributable to the increase in the current equalized 20 assessed valuation of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the area selected 21 for the redevelopment project and any applicable penalty and interest over and above the initial 22 equalized assessed value of each such unit of property in the area selected for the redevelopment 23 project shall be allocated to and, when collected, shall be paid to the municipal treasurer who 24 shall deposit such payment in lieu of taxes into a special fund called the "Special Allocation 25 Fund" of the municipality for the purpose of paying redevelopment costs and obligations incurred 26 in the payment thereof. Payments in lieu of taxes which are due and owing shall constitute a lien 27 against the real estate of the redevelopment project from which they are derived and shall be 28 collected in the same manner as the real property tax, including the assessment of penalties and 29 interest where applicable. The municipality may, in the ordinance, pledge the funds in the 30 special allocation fund for the payment of such costs and obligations and provide for the 31 collection of payments in lieu of taxes, the lien of which may be foreclosed in the same manner 32 as a special assessment lien as provided in section 88.861, RSMo. No part of the current 33 equalized assessed valuation of each lot, block, tract, or parcel of property in the area selected 34 for the redevelopment project attributable to any increase above the total initial equalized 35 assessed value of such properties shall be used in calculating the general state school aid formula

provided for in section 163.031, RSMo, until such time as all redevelopment costs have beenpaid as provided for in this section and section 99.850;

38 (b) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section to the contrary, for purposes of 39 determining the limitation on indebtedness of local government pursuant to article VI, section 40 26(b) of the Missouri Constitution, the current equalized assessed value of the property in an area 41 selected for redevelopment attributable to the increase above the total initial equalized assessed 42 valuation shall be included in the value of taxable tangible property as shown on the last 43 completed assessment for state or county purposes;

(c) The county assessor shall include the current assessed value of all property within
the taxing district in the aggregate valuation of assessed property entered upon the assessor's
book and verified pursuant to section 137.245, RSMo, and such value shall be utilized for the
purpose of the debt limitation on local government pursuant to article VI, section 26(b) of the
Missouri Constitution;

49 (3) For purposes of this section, "levies upon taxable real property in such redevelopment 50 project by taxing districts" shall not include the blind pension fund tax levied under the authority 51 of article III, section 38(b) of the Missouri Constitution, or the merchants' and manufacturers' 52 inventory replacement tax levied under the authority of subsection 2 of section 6 of article X of 53 the Missouri Constitution, except in redevelopment project areas in which tax increment 54 financing has been adopted by ordinance pursuant to a plan approved by vote of the governing 55 body of the municipality taken after August 13, 1982, and before January 1, 1998.

56 2. In addition to the payments in lieu of taxes described in subdivision (2) of subsection 57 1 of this section, for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or redevelopment projects 58 approved by ordinance after July 12, 1990, and prior to August 31, 1991, fifty percent of the total 59 additional revenue from taxes, penalties and interest imposed by the municipality, or other taxing districts, which are generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project 60 over the amount of such taxes generated by economic activities within the area of the 61 62 redevelopment project in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the redevelopment project by 63 ordinance, while tax increment financing remains in effect, but excluding taxes imposed on sales 64 or charges for sleeping rooms paid by transient guests of hotels and motels, taxes levied pursuant 65 to section 70.500, RSMo, licenses, fees or special assessments other than payments in lieu of 66 taxes and any penalty and interest thereon, or, effective January 1, 1998, taxes levied pursuant 67 to section 94.660, RSMo, for the purpose of public transportation, shall be allocated to, and paid 68 by the local political subdivision collecting officer to the treasurer or other designated financial 69 officer of the municipality, who shall deposit such funds in a separate segregated account within 70 the special allocation fund. Any provision of an agreement, contract or covenant entered into 71 prior to July 12, 1990, between a municipality and any other political subdivision which provides

for an appropriation of other municipal revenues to the special allocation fund shall be andremain enforceable.

74 3. In addition to the payments in lieu of taxes described in subdivision (2) of subsection 75 1 of this section, for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or redevelopment projects 76 approved by ordinance after August 31, 1991, fifty percent of the total additional revenue from 77 taxes, penalties and interest which are imposed by the municipality or other taxing districts, and which are generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project over the 78 79 amount of such taxes generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment 80 project in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the redevelopment project by ordinance, while tax increment financing remains in effect, but excluding personal property taxes, taxes 81 82 imposed on sales or charges for sleeping rooms paid by transient guests of hotels and motels, 83 taxes levied pursuant to section 70.500, RSMo, or effective January 1, 1998, taxes levied for the 84 purpose of public transportation pursuant to section 94.660, RSMo, licenses, fees or special 85 assessments other than payments in lieu of taxes and penalties and interest thereon, shall be allocated to, and paid by the local political subdivision collecting officer to the treasurer or other 86 87 designated financial officer of the municipality, who shall deposit such funds in a separate 88 segregated account within the special allocation fund.

89 4. Beginning January 1, 1998, for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or redevelopment projects approved by ordinance and which have complied with subsections 4 to 90 91 12 of this section, in addition to the payments in lieu of taxes and economic activity taxes 92 described in subsections 1, 2 and 3 of this section, up to fifty percent of the new state revenues, 93 as defined in subsection 8 of this section, estimated for the businesses within the project area and 94 identified by the municipality in the application required by subsection 10 of this section, over 95 and above the amount of such taxes reported by businesses within the project area as identified by the municipality in their application prior to the approval of the redevelopment project by 96 97 ordinance, while tax increment financing remains in effect, may be available for appropriation 98 by the general assembly as provided in subsection 10 of this section to the department of 99 economic development supplemental tax increment financing fund, from the general revenue 100 fund, for distribution to the treasurer or other designated financial officer of the municipality 101 with approved plans or projects.

5. The treasurer or other designated financial officer of the municipality with approved
plans or projects shall deposit such funds in a separate segregated account within the special
allocation fund established pursuant to section 99.805.

6. No transfer from the general revenue fund to the Missouri supplemental tax increment
 financing fund shall be made unless an appropriation is made from the general revenue fund for
 that purpose. No municipality shall commit any state revenues prior to an appropriation being

108 made for that project. For all redevelopment plans or projects adopted or approved after 109 December 23, 1997, appropriations from the new state revenues shall not be distributed from the 110 Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund into the special allocation fund unless the 111 municipality's redevelopment plan ensures that one hundred percent of payments in lieu of taxes 112 and fifty percent of economic activity taxes generated by the project shall be used for eligible 113 redevelopment project costs while tax increment financing remains in effect. This account shall 114 be separate from the account into which payments in lieu of taxes are deposited, and separate 115 from the account into which economic activity taxes are deposited.

116 7. In order for the redevelopment plan or project to be eligible to receive the revenue 117 described in subsection 4 of this section, the municipality shall comply with the requirements of 118 subsection 10 of this section prior to the time the project or plan is adopted or approved by 119 ordinance. The director of the department of economic development and the commissioner of 120 the office of administration may waive the requirement that the municipality's application be 121 submitted prior to the redevelopment plan's or project's adoption or the redevelopment plan's or 122 project's approval by ordinance.

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8. For purposes of this section, "new state revenues" means:

124 (1) The incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues [received pursuant to section 144.020, RSMo] in the redevelopment project area, excluding 125 126 sales taxes that are constitutionally dedicated, taxes deposited to the school district trust fund in 127 accordance with section 144.701, RSMo, sales and use taxes on motor vehicles, trailers, boats 128 and outboard motors and future sales taxes earmarked by law. The incremental increase shall 129 be calculated by first adding the state sales tax revenues generated in the redevelopment 130 project area in the calendar year prior to the adoption of an ordinance by the municipality 131 approving a redevelopment project and the state sales tax revenue generated by businesses 132 that have relocated into the project area from within the state in the calendar year prior 133 to their relocation. The resulting sum shall be subtracted from the current year's state 134 sales tax revenue generated in the redevelopment project area. In no event shall the 135 incremental increase include any amounts attributable to retail sales generated by businesses 136 that were not located in the project area in the calendar year prior to the adoption of an 137 ordinance by the municipality approving a redevelopment project, unless the municipality 138 or authority has proven to the [Missouri development finance board and the] department of 139 economic development and [such entities have made a finding that the sales tax increment 140 attributable to retail sales is from new sources which did not exist in the state during the baseline 141 year. The incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues for an 142 existing or relocated facility shall be the amount that current state sales tax revenue exceeds the 143 state sales tax revenue in the base year as stated in the redevelopment plan as provided in subsection 10 of this section] the department has made a finding that the retail sales do not
 consist of retail sales displaced from existing businesses within the state; or

(2) The state income tax withheld on behalf of new employees by the employer pursuant to section 143.221, RSMo, at the business located within the project as identified by the municipality. The state income tax withholding allowed by this section shall be the municipality's estimate of the amount of state income tax withheld by the employer within the redevelopment area for new employees who fill new jobs directly created by the tax increment financing project.

9. Subsection 4 of this section shall apply only to blighted areas located in enterprise zones, pursuant to sections 135.200 to 135.256, RSMo, blighted areas located in federal empowerment zones, or to blighted areas located in central business districts or urban core areas of cities which districts or urban core areas at the time of approval of the project by ordinance, provided that the enterprise zones, federal empowerment zones or blighted areas contained one or more buildings at least fifty years old; and

(1) Suffered from generally declining population or property taxes over the twenty-yearperiod immediately preceding the area's designation as a project area by ordinance; or

(2) Was a historic hotel located in a county of the first classification without a charter
form of government with a population according to the most recent federal decennial census in
excess of one hundred fifty thousand and containing a portion of a city with a population
according to the most recent federal decennial census in excess of three hundred fifty thousand.

164 10. The initial appropriation of up to fifty percent of the new state revenues authorized 165 pursuant to subsections 4 and 5 of this section shall not be made to or distributed by the 166 department of economic development to a municipality until all of the following conditions have 167 been satisfied:

(1) The director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee have approved a tax increment financing application made by the municipality for the appropriation of the new state revenues. The municipality shall include in the application the following items in addition to the items in section 99.810:

(a) The tax increment financing district or redevelopment area, including the businessesidentified within the redevelopment area;

(b) The base year of state sales tax revenues or the base year of state income tax withheld
on behalf of existing employees, reported by existing businesses within the project area prior to
approval of the redevelopment project;

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tax revenue or the estimate for the state income tax withheld by the employer on behalf of new

(c) The estimate of the incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales

employees expected to fill new jobs created within the redevelopment area after redevelopment; 180 181 (d) The official statement of any bond issue pursuant to this subsection after December 182 23, 1997; 183 (e) An affidavit that is signed by the developer or developers attesting that the provisions 184 of subdivision (1) of section 99.810 have been met and specifying that the redevelopment area 185 would not be reasonably anticipated to be developed without the appropriation of the new state 186 revenues: 187 (f) The cost-benefit analysis required by section 99.810 includes a study of the fiscal 188 impact on the state of Missouri; and 189 (g) The statement of election between the use of the incremental increase of the general revenue portion of the state sales tax revenues or the state income tax withheld by employers on 190 191 behalf of new employees who fill new jobs created in the redevelopment area; 192 (h) The name, street and mailing address, and phone number of the mayor or chief 193 executive officer of the municipality; 194 (i) The street address of the development site; 195 (j) The three-digit North American Industry Classification System number or numbers 196 characterizing the development project; 197 (k) The estimated development project costs; 198 (1) The anticipated sources of funds to pay such development project costs; 199 (m) Evidence of the commitments to finance such development project costs; 200 (n) The anticipated type and term of the sources of funds to pay such development 201 project costs; 202 (o) The anticipated type and terms of the obligations to be issued; 203 (p) The most recent equalized assessed valuation of the property within the development 204 project area; 205 (q) An estimate as to the equalized assessed valuation after the development project area 206 is developed in accordance with a development plan; 207 (r) The general land uses to apply in the development area; (s) The total number of individuals employed in the development area, broken down by 208 209 full-time, part-time, and temporary positions; 210 (t) The total number of full-time equivalent positions in the development area; 211 (u) The current gross wages, state income tax withholdings, and federal income tax 212 withholdings for individuals employed in the development area;

(v) The total number of individuals employed in this state by the corporate parent of any
business benefiting from public expenditures in the development area, and all subsidiaries
thereof, as of December thirty-first of the prior fiscal year, broken down by full-time, part-time,
and temporary positions;

(w) The number of new jobs to be created by any business benefiting from public
 expenditures in the development area, broken down by full-time, part-time, and temporary
 positions;

(x) The average hourly wage to be paid to all current and new employees at the project
 site, broken down by full-time, part-time, and temporary positions;

(y) For project sites located in a metropolitan statistical area, as defined by the federal
Office of Management and Budget, the average hourly wage paid to nonmanagerial employees
in this state for the industries involved at the project, as established by the United States Bureau
of Labor Statistics;

(z) For project sites located outside of metropolitan statistical areas, the average weekly
 wage paid to nonmanagerial employees in the county for industries involved at the project, as
 established by the United States Department of Commerce;

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(aa) A list of other community and economic benefits to result from the project;

(bb) A list of all development subsidies that any business benefiting from public
expenditures in the development area has previously received for the project, and the name of
any other granting body from which such subsidies are sought;

(cc) A list of all other public investments made or to be made by this state or units of
 local government to support infrastructure or other needs generated by the project for which the
 funding pursuant to this section is being sought;

(dd) A statement as to whether the development project may reduce employment at any
other site, within or without the state, resulting from automation, merger, acquisition, corporate
restructuring, relocation, or other business activity;

(ee) A statement as to whether or not the project involves the relocation of work from
another address and if so, the number of jobs to be relocated and the address from which they
are to be relocated;

(ff) A list of competing businesses in the county containing the development area andin each contiguous county;

244 (gg) A market study for the development area;

245 (hh) A certification by the chief officer of the applicant as to the accuracy of the 246 development plan;

(2) The methodologies used in the application for determining the base year anddetermining the estimate of the incremental increase in the general revenue portion of the state

sales tax revenues or the state income tax withheld by employers on behalf of new employees who fill new jobs created in the redevelopment area shall be approved by the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee. Upon approval of the application, the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee shall issue a certificate of approval. The department of economic development may request the appropriation following application approval;

256 (3) The appropriation shall be either a portion of the estimate of the incremental increase 257 in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues in the redevelopment area or a portion 258 of the estimate of the state income tax withheld by the employer on behalf of new employees 259 who fill new jobs created in the redevelopment area as indicated in the municipality's application, 260 approved by the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and 261 the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee. At no time shall the 262 annual amount of the new state revenues approved for disbursements from the Missouri 263 supplemental tax increment financing fund exceed [thirty-two] **fifty** million dollars;

(4) Redevelopment plans and projects receiving new state revenues shall have a duration of up to fifteen years, unless prior approval for a longer term is given by the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee; except that, in no case shall the duration exceed twenty-three years.

11. In addition to the areas authorized in subsection 9 of this section, the funding authorized pursuant to subsection 4 of this section shall also be available in a federally approved levee district, where construction of a levee begins after December 23, 1997, and which is contained within a county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population between fifty thousand and one hundred thousand inhabitants which contains all or part of a city with a population in excess of four hundred thousand or more inhabitants.

27512. There is hereby established within the state treasury a special fund to be known as 276 the "Missouri Supplemental Tax Increment Financing Fund", to be administered by the 277 department of economic development. The department shall annually distribute from the 278 Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund the amount of the new state revenues as 279 appropriated as provided in the provisions of subsections 4 and 5 of this section if and only if the 280 conditions of subsection 10 of this section are met. The fund shall also consist of any gifts, 281 contributions, grants or bequests received from federal, private or other sources. Moneys in the 282 Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund shall be disbursed per project pursuant to 283 state appropriations.

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13. Redevelopment project costs may include, at the prerogative of the state, the portion of salaries and expenses of the department of economic development and the department of

of salaries and expenses of the department of economic development and the department of revenue reasonably allocable to each redevelopment project approved for disbursements from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund for the ongoing administrative functions associated with such redevelopment project. Such amounts shall be recovered from new state revenues deposited into the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund created under this section.

291 14. For redevelopment plans or projects approved by ordinance that result in net new 292 jobs from the relocation of a national headquarters from another state to the area of the 293 redevelopment project, the economic activity taxes and new state tax revenues shall not be based on a calculation of the incremental increase in taxes as compared to the base year or prior 294 295 calendar year for such redevelopment project, rather the incremental increase shall be the amount 296 of total taxes generated from the net new jobs brought in by the national headquarters from 297 another state. In no event shall this subsection be construed to allow a redevelopment project 298 to receive an appropriation in excess of up to fifty percent of the new state revenues.

99.918. As used in sections 99.915 to 99.980, unless the context clearly requires 2 otherwise, the following terms shall mean:

3 (1) "Authority", the downtown economic stimulus authority for a municipality, created
4 pursuant to section 99.921;

5 (2) "Baseline year", the calendar year prior to the adoption of an ordinance by the municipality approving a development project; provided, however, if economic activity taxes or 6 state sales tax revenues, from businesses other than any out-of-state business or businesses 7 8 locating in the development project area, decrease in the development project area in the year 9 following the year in which the ordinance approving a development project is approved by a 10 municipality, the baseline year may, at the option of the municipality approving the development project, be the year following the year of the adoption of the ordinance approving the 11 12 development project. When a development project area is located within a county for which public and individual assistance has been requested by the governor pursuant to Section 401 of 13 14 the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq., 15 for an emergency proclaimed by the governor pursuant to section 44.100, RSMo, due to a natural 16 disaster of major proportions that occurred after May 1, 2003, but prior to May 10, 2003, and the 17 development project area is a central business district that sustained severe damage as a result 18 of such natural disaster, as determined by the state emergency management agency, the baseline 19 year may, at the option of the municipality approving the development project, be the calendar 20 year in which the natural disaster occurred or the year following the year in which the natural

disaster occurred, provided that the municipality adopts an ordinance approving the development
 project within one year after the occurrence of the natural disaster;

(3) "Blighted area", an area which, by reason of the predominance of defective or
inadequate street layout, unsanitary or unsafe conditions, deterioration of site improvements,
improper subdivision or obsolete platting, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or
property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, retards the provision of
housing accommodations or constitutes an economic or social liability or a menace to the public
health, safety, morals, or welfare in its present condition and use;

29 (4) "Central business district", the area at or near the historic core that is locally known 30 as the "downtown" of a municipality that has a median household income of sixty-two thousand 31 dollars or less, according to the last decennial census. In addition, at least fifty percent of 32 existing buildings in this area will have been built in excess of thirty-five years prior or vacant 33 lots that had prior structures built in excess of thirty-five years prior to the adoption of the 34 ordinance approving the redevelopment plan. The historical land use emphasis of a central 35 business district prior to redevelopment will have been a mixed use of business, commercial, 36 financial, transportation, government, and multifamily residential uses;

(5) "Collecting officer", the officer of the municipality responsible for receiving and
processing payments in lieu of taxes, economic activity taxes other than economic activity taxes
which are local sales taxes, and other local taxes other than local sales taxes, and, for local sales
taxes and state taxes, the director of revenue;

41 (6) "Conservation area", any improved area within the boundaries of a redevelopment area located within the territorial limits of a municipality in which fifty percent or more of the 42 43 structures in the area have an age of thirty-five years or more, and such an area is not yet a 44 blighted area but is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare and may become 45 a blighted area because of any one or more of the following factors: dilapidation; obsolescence; 46 deterioration; illegal use of individual structures; presence of structures below minimum code 47 standards; abandonment; excessive vacancies; overcrowding of structures and community facilities; lack of ventilation, light or sanitary facilities; inadequate utilities; excessive land 48 49 coverage; deleterious land use or layout; depreciation of physical maintenance; and lack of 50 community planning;

51 (7) "Development area", an area designated by a municipality in respect to which the 52 municipality has made a finding that there exist conditions which cause the area to be classified 53 as a blighted area or a conservation area, which area shall have the following characteristics:

(a) It includes only those parcels of real property directly and substantially benefited bythe proposed development plan;

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(b) It can be renovated through one or more development projects;

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(c) It is located in the central business district;

(d) It has generally suffered from declining population or property taxes for the
twenty-year period immediately preceding the area's designation as a development area or has
structures in the area fifty percent or more of which have an age of thirty-five years or more;

(e) It is contiguous, provided, however that a development area may include up to three
noncontiguous areas selected for development projects, provided that each noncontiguous area
meets the requirements of paragraphs (a) to (g) herein;

64 (f) The development area shall not exceed ten percent of the entire area of the 65 municipality; and

(g) The development area shall not include any property that is located within the one
hundred year flood plain, as designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency flood
delineation maps, unless such property is protected by a structure that is inspected and certified
by the United States Army Corps of Engineers.

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71 This subdivision shall not apply to property within the one hundred year flood plain if the 72 buildings on the property have been or will be flood proofed in accordance with the Federal 73 Emergency Management Agency's standards for flood proofing and the property is located in a 74 home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred but fewer than one 75 hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred inhabitants. Only those buildings certified as being flood 76 proofed in accordance with the Federal Emergency Management Agency's standards for flood proofing by the authority shall be eligible for the state sales tax increment and the state income 77 78 tax increment. Subject to the limitation set forth in this subdivision, the development area can 79 be enlarged or modified as provided in section 99.951;

80 (8) "Development plan", the comprehensive program of a municipality to reduce or 81 eliminate those conditions which qualified a development area as a blighted area or a 82 conservation area, and to thereby enhance the tax bases of the taxing districts which extend into 83 the development area through the reimbursement, payment, or other financing of development 84 project costs in accordance with sections 99.915 to 99.980 and through the exercise of the 85 powers set forth in sections 99.915 to 99.980. The development plan shall conform to the 86 requirements of section 99.942;

(9) "Development project", any development project within a development area which
constitutes a major initiative in furtherance of the objectives of the development plan, and any
such development project shall include a legal description of the area selected for such
development project;

91 (10) "Development project area", the area located within a development area selected92 for a development project;

(11) "Development project costs" include such costs to the development plan or a
development project, as applicable, which are expended on public property, buildings, or
rights-of-ways for public purposes to provide infrastructure to support for a development project.
Such costs shall only be allowed as an initial expense which, to be recoverable, must be included
in the costs of a development plan or development project, except in circumstances of plan
amendments approved by the [Missouri development finance board and the] department of
economic development. Such infrastructure costs include, but are not limited to, the following:

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(a) Costs of studies, appraisals, surveys, plans, and specifications;

(b) Professional service costs, including, but not limited to, architectural, engineering,legal, marketing, financial, planning, or special services;

(c) Property assembly costs, including, but not limited to, acquisition of land and other
 property, real or personal, or rights or interests therein, demolition of buildings, and the clearing
 and grading of land;

106 (d) Costs of rehabilitation, reconstruction, repair, or remodeling of existing public107 buildings and fixtures;

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(e) Costs of construction of public works or improvements;

(f) Financing costs, including, but not limited to, all necessary expenses related to the
 issuance of obligations issued to finance all or any portion of the infrastructure costs of one or
 more development projects, and which may include capitalized interest on any such obligations
 and reasonable reserves related to any such obligations;

(g) All or a portion of a taxing district's capital costs resulting from any development project necessarily incurred or to be incurred in furtherance of the objectives of the development plan, to the extent the municipality by written agreement accepts and approves such infrastructure costs;

(h) Payments to taxing districts on a pro rata basis to partially reimburse taxes divertedby approval of a development project;

(i) State government costs, including, but not limited to, the reasonable costs incurred
by the department of economic development, the department of revenue and the office of
administration in evaluating an application for and administering state supplemental downtown
development financing for a development project; and

(j) Endowment of positions at an institution of higher education which has a designation
as a Carnegie Research I University including any campus of such university system, subject to
the provisions of section 99.958.

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127 In addition, economic activity taxes and payment in lieu of taxes may be expended on or used 128 to reimburse any reasonable or necessary costs incurred or estimated to be incurred in furtherance 129 of a development plan or a development project;

130 (12) "Economic activity taxes", the total additional revenue from taxes which are 131 imposed by the municipality and other taxing districts, and which are generated by economic 132 activities within each development project area, which are not related to the relocation of any 133 out-of-state business into the development project area, which exceed the amount of such taxes 134 generated by economic activities within such development project area in the baseline year plus, 135 in development project areas where the baseline year is the year following the year in which the 136 development project is approved by the municipality pursuant to subdivision (2) of this section, 137 the total revenue from taxes which are imposed by the municipality and other taxing districts 138 which is generated by economic activities within the development project area resulting from the 139 relocation of an out-of-state business or out-of-state businesses to the development project area 140 pursuant to section 99.919; but excluding personal property taxes, taxes imposed on sales or 141 charges for sleeping rooms paid by transient guests of hotels and motels, licenses, fees, or special 142 assessments. If a retail establishment relocates within one year from one facility to another 143 facility within the same county and the municipality or authority finds that the retail 144 establishment is a direct beneficiary of development financing, then for purposes of this 145 definition, the economic activity taxes generated by the retail establishment shall equal the total 146 additional revenues from taxes which are imposed by the municipality and other taxing districts 147 which are generated by the economic activities within the development project area which 148 exceed the amount of taxes which are imposed by the municipality and other taxing districts 149 which are generated by economic activities within the development project area generated by the 150 retail establishment in the baseline year;

151 (13) "Gambling establishment", an excursion gambling boat as defined in section 152 313.800, RSMo, and any related business facility including any real property improvements 153 which are directly and solely related to such business facility, whose sole purpose is to provide 154 goods or services to an excursion gambling boat and whose majority ownership interest is held 155 by a person licensed to conduct gambling games on an excursion gambling boat or licensed to 156 operate an excursion gambling boat as provided in sections 313.800 to 313.850, RSMo;

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(14) "Major initiative", a development project within a central business district that: 158 (a) Promotes tourism, cultural activities, arts, entertainment, education, research, arenas, 159 multipurpose facilities, libraries, ports, mass transit, museums, or conventions, the estimated cost 160 of which is in excess of the amount set forth below for the municipality, as applicable; or

(b) Promotes business location or expansion, the estimated cost of which is in excess of
the amount set forth below for the municipality, and is estimated to create at least as many new
jobs as set forth below within three years of such location or expansion:

164	Population of	Estimated	New Jobs Municipality
165		Project Cost	Created
166	300,000 or more	\$10,000,000	at least 100 100,000 to 299,999
167		\$5,000,000	at least 50 50,001 to 99,999
168		\$1,000,000	at least 10 50,000 or less
169		\$500,000	at least 5;

(15) "Municipality", any city, village, incorporated town, or any county of this state
established on or prior to January 1, 2001, or a census-designated place in any county designated
by the county for purposes of sections 99.915 to 99.1060;

173 (16) "New job", any job defined as a new job pursuant to subdivision (11) of section174 100.710, RSMo;

(17) "Obligations", bonds, loans, debentures, notes, special certificates, or other
evidences of indebtedness issued by the municipality or authority, or other public entity
authorized to issue such obligations pursuant to sections 99.915 to 99.980 to carry out a
development project or to refund outstanding obligations;

(18) "Ordinance", an ordinance enacted by the governing body of any municipality or
an order of the governing body of such a municipal entity whose governing body is not
authorized to enact ordinances;

(19) "Other net new revenues", the amount of state sales tax increment or state income
tax increment or the combination of the amount of each such increment as determined under
section 99.960;

(20) "Out-of-state business", a business entity or operation that has been located outside
of the state of Missouri prior to the time it relocates to a development project area;

187 (21) "Payment in lieu of taxes", those revenues from real property in each development project area, which taxing districts would have received had the municipality not adopted a 188 189 development plan and the municipality not adopted development financing, and which would 190 result from levies made after the time of the adoption of development financing during the time 191 the current equalized value of real property in such development project area exceeds the total 192 equalized value of real property in such development project area during the baseline year until 193 development financing for such development project area expires or is terminated pursuant to sections 99.915 to 99.980; 194

(22) "Special allocation fund", the fund of the municipality or its authority required to
 be established pursuant to section 99.957 which special allocation fund shall contain at least four

197 separate segregated accounts into which payments in lieu of taxes are deposited in one account,

198 economic activity taxes are deposited in a second account, other net new revenues are deposited 199 in a third account, and other revenues, if any, received by the authority or the municipality for 200 the purpose of implementing a development plan or a development project are deposited in a 201 fourth account;

202 (23) "State income tax increment", up to fifty percent of the estimate of the income tax 203 due the state for salaries or wages paid to new employees in new jobs at a business located in the 204 development project area and created by the development project. The estimate shall be a 205 percentage of the gross payroll which percentage shall be based upon an analysis by the 206 department of revenue of the practical tax rate on gross payroll as a factor in overall taxable 207 income;

208 (24) "State sales tax increment", up to one-half of the incremental increase in the state 209 sales tax revenue in the [development] redevelopment project area. [In no event shall the 210 incremental increase include any amounts attributable to retail sales unless the Missouri 211 development finance board and the department of economic development are satisfied based on 212 information provided by the municipality or authority, and such entities have made a finding that 213 a substantial portion of all but a de minimus portion of the sales tax increment attributable to 214 retail sales is from new sources which did not exist in the state during the baseline year. The 215 incremental increase for an existing facility shall be the amount by which the state sales tax 216 revenue generated at the facility exceeds the state sales tax revenue generated at the facility in 217 the baseline year. The incremental increase in development project areas where the baseline year 218 is the year following the year in which the development project is approved by the municipality 219 pursuant to subdivision (2) of this section shall be the state sales tax revenue generated by 220 out-of-state businesses relocating into a development project area. The incremental increase for 221 a Missouri facility which relocates to a development project area shall be the amount by which 222 the state sales tax revenue of the facility exceeds the state sales tax revenue for the facility in the 223 calendar year prior to relocation] The incremental increase shall be calculated by first adding 224 the state sales tax revenues generated in the redevelopment project area in the calendar 225 year prior to the adoption of an ordinance by the municipality approving a redevelopment 226 project and the state sales tax revenue generated by businesses that have relocated into the 227 project area from within the state in the calendar year prior to their relocation. The 228 resulting sum shall be subtracted from the current year's state sales tax revenue generated 229 in the redevelopment project area. In no event shall the incremental increase include any 230 amounts attributable to retail sales generated by businesses that were not located in the 231 project area in the calendar year prior to the adoption of an ordinance by the municipality 232 approving a redevelopment project, unless the municipality or authority has proven to the

department of economic development and the department has made a finding that the retail sales do not consist of retail sales displaced from existing businesses within the state;

(25) "State sales tax revenues", the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues
received pursuant to section 144.020, RSMo, excluding sales taxes that are constitutionally
dedicated, taxes deposited to the school district trust fund in accordance with section 144.701,
RSMo, sales and use taxes on motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors and future sales
taxes earmarked by law;

(26) "Taxing district's capital costs", those costs of taxing districts for capital
 improvements that are found by the municipal governing bodies to be necessary and to directly
 result from a development project; and

(27) "Taxing districts", any political subdivision of this state having the power to levytaxes.

99.960. 1. A municipality shall submit an application to the department of economic development for review and [submission of an analysis and recommendation to the Missouri 2 3 development finance board for a determination as to] approval of the disbursement of the project costs of one or more development projects from the state supplemental downtown development 4 5 fund. [The department of economic development shall forward the application to the Missouri development finance board with the analysis and recommendation.] In no event shall any 6 7 approval authorize a disbursement of one or more development projects from the state supplemental downtown development fund which exceeds the allowable amount of other net 8 9 new revenues derived from the development area. An application submitted to the department 10 of economic development shall contain the following, in addition to the items set forth in section 11 99.942:

(1) An estimate that one hundred percent of the payments in lieu of taxes and economic activity taxes deposited to the special allocation fund must and will be used to pay development project costs or obligations issued to finance development project costs to achieve the objectives of the development plan. Contributions to the development project from any private not-for-profit organization or local contributions from tax abatement or other sources may be substituted on a dollar-for-dollar basis for the local match of one hundred percent of payments in lieu of taxes and economic activity taxes from the fund;

(2) Identification of the existing businesses located within the development project areaand the development area;

(3) The aggregate baseline year amount of state sales tax revenues and the aggregate baseline year amount of state income tax withheld on behalf of existing employees, reported by existing businesses within the development project area. Provisions of section 32.057, RSMo, notwithstanding, municipalities will provide this information to the department of revenue for verification. The department of revenue will verify the information provided by the
municipalities within forty-five days of receiving a request for such verification from a
municipality;

(4) An estimate of the state sales tax increment and state income tax increment withinthe development project area after redevelopment;

(5) An affidavit that is signed by the developer or developers attesting that the provision
of subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of section 99.942 has been met and specifying that the
development area would not be reasonably anticipated to be developed without the appropriation
of the other net new revenues;

(6) The amounts and types of other net new revenues sought by the applicant to be
 disbursed from the state supplemental downtown development fund over the term of the
 development plan;

(7) The methodologies and underlying assumptions used in determining the estimate ofthe state sales tax increment and the state income tax increment; and

39 (8) Any other information reasonably requested by the department of economic40 development [and the Missouri development finance board].

2. The department of economic development shall make all reasonable efforts to processapplications within sixty days of receipt of the application.

43 3. The Missouri department of economic development [finance board] shall make a 44 determination regarding the application for a certificate allowing disbursements from the state supplemental downtown development fund [and shall forward such determination to the director 45 of the department of economic development]. In no event shall the amount of disbursements 46 47 from the state supplemental downtown development fund approved for a project, in addition to 48 any other state economic development funding or other state incentives, exceed the projected 49 state benefit of the development project, as determined by the department of economic 50 development through a cost-benefit analysis. Any political subdivision located either wholly or partially within the development area shall be permitted to submit information to the department 51 of economic development for consideration in its cost-benefit analysis. Upon approval of state 52 53 supplemental downtown development financing, a certificate of approval shall be issued by the 54 department of economic development containing the terms and limitations of the disbursement.

4. At no time shall the annual amount of other net new revenues approved for disbursements from the state supplemental downtown development fund **combined with other net new revenues approved for disbursement from the state supplemental rural development fund created under section 99.1048** exceed [one hundred eight] **fifty-eight** million dollars. 5. Development projects receiving disbursements from the state supplemental downtown development fund shall be limited to receiving such disbursements for fifteen years, unless specific approval for a longer term is given by the director of the department of economic development, as set forth in the certificate of approval; except that, in no case shall the duration exceed twenty-five years. The approved term notwithstanding, state supplemental downtown development financing shall terminate when development financing for a development project is terminated by a municipality.

67 6. The municipality shall deposit payments received from the state supplemental 68 downtown development fund in a separate segregated account for other net new revenues within 69 the special allocation fund.

70 7. Development project costs may include, at the prerogative of the state, the portion of 71 salaries and expenses of the department of economic development[, the Missouri development 72 finance board,] and the department of revenue reasonably allocable to each development project 73 approved for disbursements from the state supplemental downtown development fund for the 74 ongoing administrative functions associated with such development project. Such amounts shall 75 be recovered from other net new revenues deposited into the state supplemental downtown 76 development fund created pursuant to section 99.963.

8. A development project approved for state supplemental downtown development financing may not thereafter elect to receive tax increment financing pursuant to the real property tax increment allocation redevelopment act, sections 99.800 to 99.865, and continue to receive state supplemental downtown development financing pursuant to sections 99.915 to 99.980.

9. The department of economic development[, in conjunction with the Missouri development finance board,] may establish the procedures and standards for the determination and approval of applications by the promulgation of rules and regulations and publish forms to implement the provisions of this section and section 99.963.

85 10. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section and section 99.963 shall become effective 86 87 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if 88 applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section, section 99.963, and chapter 536, RSMo, are 89 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, 90 RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 91 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted 92 after August 28, 2003, shall be invalid and void.

11. The Missouri department of economic development [finance board] shall consider
parity based on population and geography of the state among the regions of the state in making
determinations on applications pursuant to this section.

99.963. 1. There is hereby established within the state treasury a special fund to be known as the "State Supplemental Downtown Development Fund", to be administered by the 2 department of economic development. Any unexpended balance and any interest in the fund at 3 the end of the biennium shall be exempt from the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, relating 4 5 to the transfer of unexpended balances to the general revenue fund. The fund shall consist of: 6 (1) The [first one hundred fifty million dollars of] other net new revenues generated 7 annually by the development projects, up to the amount approved by the department of 8 economic development; 9 (2) Money received from costs charged pursuant to subsection 7 of section 99.960; and

10 (3) Gifts, contributions, grants, or bequests received from federal, private, or other 11 sources.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 144.700, RSMo, to the contrary, the department of revenue shall annually submit the [first one hundred fifty million of] other net new revenues generated by the development projects, **up to the amount approved by the department of economic development,** to the treasurer for deposit in the state supplemental downtown development fund.

17 3. The department of economic development shall annually disburse funds from the state supplemental downtown development fund in amounts determined pursuant to the certificates 18 19 of approval for projects, providing that the amounts of other net new revenues generated from 20 the development area have been verified and all of the conditions of sections 99.915 to 99.980 21 are met. If the revenues appropriated from the state supplemental downtown development fund 22 are not sufficient to equal the amounts determined to be disbursed pursuant to such certificates 23 of approval, the department of economic development shall disburse the revenues on a pro rata 24 basis to all such projects and other costs approved pursuant to section 99.960.

4. In no event shall the amounts distributed to a project from the state supplemental
downtown development fund exceed the lessor of the amount of the certificates of approval for
projects or the actual other net new revenues generated by the projects.

5. The department of economic development shall not disburse any moneys from the state supplemental downtown development fund for any project which has not complied with the annual reporting requirements of section 99.980.

6. Money in the state supplemental downtown development fund may be spent for the reasonable and necessary costs associated with the administration of the program authorized under sections 99.915 to 99.980.

7. No municipality shall obligate or commit the expenditure of disbursements received
from the state supplemental downtown development fund prior to receiving a certificate of
approval for the development project generating other net new revenues.

8. Taxpayers in any development area who are required to remit sales taxes pursuant to chapter 144, RSMo, or income tax withholdings pursuant to chapter 143, RSMo, shall provide additional information to the department of revenue in a form prescribed by the department by rule. Such information shall include but shall not be limited to information upon which other net new revenues can be calculated, and shall include the number of new jobs, the gross payroll for such jobs, and sales tax generated in the development area by such taxpayer in the baseline year and during the time period related to the withholding or sales tax remittance.

44 9. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that 45 is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 46 47 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers 48 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 49 50 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2003, shall be 51 invalid and void.

99.975. 1. No new applications made pursuant to sections 99.915 to 99.980 shall be 2 approved after January 1, 2013.

3 2. No applications made pursuant to sections 99.915 to 99.980 shall be approved prior 4 to August 28, 2003, except for applications for projects that are located within a county for which 5 public and individual assistance has been requested by the governor pursuant to section 401 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq., 6 for an emergency proclaimed by the governor pursuant to section 44.100, RSMo, due to a natural 7 8 disaster of major proportions that occurred after May 1, 2003, but prior to May 10, 2003, and the 9 development project area is a central business district that sustained severe damage as a result 3. 10 of such natural disaster, as determined by the state emergency management agency. Prior to December 31, 2006, the Missouri department of economic development [finance 11 12 board] may approve up to two applications made pursuant to sections 99.915 to 99.980 in a home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county 13 14 in which the state sales tax increment for such projects approved pursuant to the provisions of 15 this subsection shall be up to one-half of the incremental increase in all sales taxes levied 16 pursuant to section 144.020, RSMo. In no event shall the incremental increase include any 17 amounts attributable to retail sales unless the [Missouri development finance board and the] 18 department of economic development [are] is satisfied based on information provided by the 19 municipality or authority, and such [entities have] entity has made a finding that a substantial 20 portion of all but a de minimus portion of the sales tax increment attributable to retail sales is 21 from new sources which did not exist in the state during the baseline year. The incremental

22 increase for an existing facility shall be the amount of all state sales taxes generated pursuant to 23 section 144.020, RSMo, at the facility in excess of the amount of all state sales taxes generated pursuant to section 144.020, RSMo, at the facility in the baseline year. The incremental increase 24 25 in development project areas where the baseline year is the year following the year in which the 26 development project is approved by the municipality pursuant to subdivision (2) of section 27 99.918 shall be the state sales tax revenue generated by out-of-state businesses relocating into 28 a development project area. The incremental increase for a Missouri facility which relocates to 29 a development project area shall be the amount by which the state sales tax revenue of the facility 30 exceeds the state sales tax revenue for the facility in the calendar year prior to relocation. 99.980. 1. By the last day of February each year, the municipality or authority shall report to the director of the department of economic development the name, address, phone 2 3 number, and primary line of business of any business which relocates to the development area. 4 2. Each year the governing body of the municipality, or its designee, shall prepare a 5 report concerning the status of the development plan, the development area, and the included development projects, and shall submit a copy of such report to the director of the department 6 7 of economic development. The report shall include the following: 8 (1) The name, street and mailing addresses, phone number, and chief officer of the 9 granting body; 10 (2) The name, street and mailing addresses, phone number, and chief officer of any 11 business benefiting from public expenditures in such development plans and projects; 12 (3) The amount and source of revenue in the special allocation fund; 13 (4) The amount and purpose of expenditures from the special allocation fund; 14 (5) The amount of any pledge of revenues, including principal and interest on any outstanding bonded indebtedness; 15 16 (6) The original equalized assessed value of the development area; 17 (7) The assessed valuation added to the development area; (8) Payments made in lieu of taxes received and expended; 18 19 (9) The economic activity taxes generated within the development area in the baseline 20 year; 21 (10) The economic activity taxes generated within the development area after the 22 baseline year; 23 (11) Reports on contracts made incident to the implementation and furtherance of a 24 development area, the development plan, and the included development projects; 25 (12) A copy of the development plan;

26 (13) The cost of any property acquired, disposed of, rehabilitated, reconstructed,
27 repaired, or remodeled;

(14) The number of parcels acquired by or through initiation of eminent domainproceedings;

30 (15) For municipalities with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located 31 in more than one county, any county with a charter form of government and with more than one 32 million inhabitants, any city not within a county, and any county of the first classification with 33 more than one hundred thirty-five thousand four hundred but less than one hundred thirty-five thousand five hundred inhabitants and any municipality located therein, the number of 34 35 development projects developed in connection with community development corporations and 36 the amount of funds generated pursuant to section 99.957 which are expended in connection with 37 such project;

(16) A summary of the number of net new jobs created, categorized by full-time,part-time, and temporary positions, and by wage groups;

40 (17) The comparison of the total employment in this state by any business, including any
41 corporate parent, benefiting from public expenditures in the development area on the date of the
42 application compared to such employment on the date of the report, categorized by full-time,
43 part-time, and temporary positions;

(18) A statement as to whether public expenditures on any development project during the previous fiscal year have reduced employment at any other site controlled by any business benefiting from public expenditures in the development area or its corporate parent, within or without of this state as a result of automation, merger, acquisition, corporate restructuring, or other business activity;

49 (19) A summary of the other community and economic benefits resulting from the50 project, consistent with those identified in the application;

51 (20) A signed certification by the chief officer of the authority or municipality as to the 52 accuracy of the progress report; and

53 (21) Any additional reasonable information the department of economic development54 deems necessary.

55 3. The report shall include an analysis of the distribution of state supplemental 56 downtown development financing by municipality and by economic development region, as 57 defined by the department of economic development.

4. The department shall compile and publish all data from the progress reports in bothwritten and electronic form, including the department's Internet web site.

5. The department shall have access at all reasonable times to the project site and the records of any authority or municipality in order to monitor the development project or projects and to prepare progress reports.

6. Data contained in the report required pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of this 64 section and any information regarding amounts disbursed to municipalities pursuant to the 65 provisions of sections 99.957 and 99.963 shall be deemed a public record, as defined in section 66 610.010, RSMo.

7. Any municipality failing to file an annual report as required pursuant to this section
shall be ineligible to receive any disbursements from the state supplemental downtown
development fund pursuant to section 99.963.

8. The [Missouri development finance board and the] department of economic
development shall annually review the reports provided pursuant to this section.

9. The director of the department of economic development shall submit a report to the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, and the president pro tempore of the senate no later than April thirtieth of each year. The report shall contain a summary of all information received by the director of economic development pursuant to subsection 2 of this section.

10. An annual statement showing the payments made in lieu of taxes received and expended in that year, the status of the development area, the development plan, the development projects in the development plan, the amount of outstanding obligations, and any additional information that the municipality deems necessary shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality.

81 11. Five years after the establishment of the development area and the development plan 82 and every five years thereafter the governing body of the municipality or authority shall hold a 83 public hearing regarding the development area and the development plan and the development projects adopted pursuant to sections 99.915 to 99.980. The purpose of the hearing shall be to 84 determine if the development area, development plan, and the included development projects are 85 86 making satisfactory progress under the proposed time schedule contained within the approved development plan for completion of such development projects. Notice of such public hearing 87 88 shall be given in a newspaper of general circulation in the area served by the municipality or 89 authority once each week for four weeks immediately prior to the hearing.

99.1045. 1. A municipality shall submit an application to the Missouri agricultural and small business development authority created pursuant to section 348.020, RSMo, for approval of the disbursement of the project costs of one or more development projects from the state supplemental rural development fund. In no event shall any approval authorize a disbursement of one or more development projects from the state supplemental rural development fund which exceeds the allowable amount of other net new revenues derived from the development area. An application submitted to the Missouri agricultural and small business development authority shall contain the following, in addition to the items set forth in section 99.1027:

9 (1) An estimate that one hundred percent of the payments in lieu of taxes and economic 10 activity taxes deposited to the special allocation fund must and will be used to pay development 11 project costs or obligations issued to finance development project costs to achieve the objectives 12 of the development plan. Contributions to the development project from any private 13 not-for-profit organization or local contributions from tax abatement or other sources may be 14 substituted on a dollar-for-dollar basis for the local match of one hundred percent of payments 15 in lieu of taxes and economic activity taxes from the fund;

16 (2) Identification of the existing businesses located within the development project area17 and the development area;

(3) The aggregate baseline year amount of state sales tax revenues and the aggregate baseline year amount of state income tax withheld on behalf of existing employees, reported by existing businesses within the development project area. Provisions of section 32.057, RSMo, notwithstanding, municipalities will provide this information to the department of revenue for verification. The department of revenue will verify the information provided by the municipalities within forty-five days of receiving a request for such verification from a municipality;

(4) An estimate of the state sales tax increment and state income tax increment withinthe development project area after redevelopment;

(5) An affidavit that is signed by the developer or developers attesting that the provision
of subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of section 99.1027 has been met and specifying that the
development area would not be reasonably anticipated to be developed without the appropriation
of the other net new revenues;

(6) The amounts and types of other net new revenues sought by the applicant to be
disbursed from state supplemental rural development fund over the term of the development
plan;

(7) The methodologies and underlying assumptions used in determining the estimate ofthe state sales tax increment and the state income tax increment;

36 (8) Any other information reasonably requested by the Missouri agricultural and small37 business development authority.

2. The Missouri agricultural and small business development authority shall make allreasonable efforts to process applications within sixty days of receipt of the application.

40 3. The Missouri agricultural and small business development authority shall make a 41 determination regarding the application for a disbursement from the state supplemental rural 42 development fund and shall forward such determination to the director of the department of 43 economic development. In no event shall the amount of disbursements from the state 44 supplemental rural development fund approved for a project, in addition to any other state 45 economic development funding or other state incentives, exceed the projected state benefit of 46 the development project, as determined by the department of economic development through a 47 cost-benefit analysis. Any political subdivision located either wholly or partially within the 48 development area shall be permitted to submit information to the department of economic 49 development for consideration in its cost-benefit analysis. Upon approval of state supplemental 50 rural development financing, a certificate of approval shall be issued by the department of 51 economic development containing the terms and limitations of the disbursement.

4. At no time shall the annual amount of other net new revenues approved for disbursements from the state supplemental rural development fund **combined with other net new revenues approved from disbursement from the state supplemental downtown development fund created under section 99.963** exceed [twelve] **fifty-eight** million dollars.

56 5. Development projects receiving disbursements from the state supplemental rural 57 development fund shall be limited to receiving such disbursements for fifteen years, unless 58 specific approval for a longer term is given by the director of the department of economic 59 development, as set forth in the certificate of approval; except that, in no case shall the duration 60 exceed twenty-five years. The approved term notwithstanding, state supplemental rural 61 development financing shall terminate when development financing for a development project 62 is terminated by a municipality.

6. The municipality shall deposit payments received from the state supplemental rural
development fund in a separate segregated account for other net new revenues within the special
allocation fund.

66 7. Development project costs may include, at the prerogative of the state, the portion of 67 salaries and expenses of the department of economic development, the Missouri agricultural and 68 small business development authority, and the department of revenue reasonably allocable to 69 each development project approved for disbursements from the state supplemental rural 70 development fund for the ongoing administrative functions associated with such development 71 project. Such amounts shall be recovered from other net new revenues into the state 72 supplemental rural development fund created pursuant to section 99.1048.

8. A development project approved for state supplemental rural development financing
may not thereafter elect to receive tax increment financing pursuant to the real property tax
increment allocation redevelopment act, sections 99.800 to 99.865, and continue to receive state
supplemental rural development financing pursuant to sections 99.1000 to 99.1060.

9. The Missouri agricultural and small business development authority shall promulgate
rules and regulations and publish forms to implement the provisions of this section and section
99.1048.

80 10. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that 81 is created under the authority delegated in this section and section 99.1048 shall become 82 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, 83 and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section, section 99.1048, and chapter 536, 84 RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to 85 chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are 86 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed 87 or adopted after August 28, 2003, shall be invalid and void.

99.1048. 1. There is hereby established within the state treasury a special fund to be known as the "State Supplemental Rural Development Fund", to be administered by the 2 department of economic development. Any unexpended balance and any interest in the fund at 3 4 the end of the biennium shall be exempt from the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, relating 5 to the transfer of unexpended balances to the general revenue fund. The fund shall consist of: 6 (1) The [first twelve million dollars of] other net new revenues generated annually by 7 the development projects, up to the amount approved by the department of economic 8 development;

9

(2) Money received from fees charged pursuant to subsection 7 of section 99.1045; and 10 (3) Gifts, contributions, grants, or bequests received from federal, private, or other 11 sources.

12 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 144.700, RSMo, to the contrary, the department of revenue shall annually submit the first twelve million of other net new revenues 13 generated by the development projects to the treasurer for deposit in the state supplemental rural 14 15 development fund.

16 3. The department of economic development shall annually disburse funds from the state 17 supplemental rural development fund in amounts determined pursuant to the certificates of approval for projects, providing that the amounts of other net new revenues generated from the 18 19 development area have been verified and all of the conditions of sections 99.1000 to 99.1060 are 20 met. If the revenues appropriated from the state supplemental rural development fund are not 21 sufficient to equal the amounts determined to be disbursed pursuant to such certificates of 22 approval, the department of economic development shall disburse the revenues on a pro rata 23 basis to all such projects and other costs approved pursuant to section 5 of this section.

24 4. In no event shall the amounts distributed to a project from the state supplemental rural 25 development fund exceed the lessor of the amount of the certificates of approval for projects or 26 the actual other net new revenues generated by the projects.

5. The department of economic development shall not disburse any moneys from the state supplemental rural development fund for any project which has not complied with the annual reporting requirements of section 99.1060.

30 6. Money in the state supplemental rural development fund may be spent for the
31 reasonable and necessary costs associated with the administration of the program authorized
32 under sections 99.1000 to 99.1060.

7. No municipality shall obligate or commit the expenditure of disbursements received
from the state supplemental rural development fund prior to receiving a certificate of approval
for the development project generating other net new revenues.

8. Taxpayers in any development area who are required to remit sales taxes pursuant to chapter 144, RSMo, or income tax withholdings pursuant to chapter 143, RSMo, shall provide additional information to the department of revenue in a form prescribed by the department by rule. Such information shall include but shall not be limited to information upon which other net new revenues can be calculated, and shall include the number of new jobs, the gross payroll for such jobs, and sales tax generated in the development area by such taxpayer in the baseline year and during the time period related to the withholding or sales tax remittance.

43 9. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that 44 is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies 45 with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 46 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers 47 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the 48 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 49 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2003, shall be 50 invalid and void.

99.1082. As used in sections 99.1080 to 99.1092, unless the context clearly requiresotherwise, the following terms shall mean:

3 (1) "Baseline year", the calendar year prior to the adoption of an ordinance by the 4 municipality approving a redevelopment project; provided, however, if local sales tax revenues or state sales tax revenues, from businesses other than any out-of-state business or businesses 5 locating in the redevelopment project area, decrease in the redevelopment project area in the year 6 7 following the year in which the ordinance approving a redevelopment project is approved by a 8 municipality, the baseline year may, at the option of the municipality approving the 9 redevelopment project, be the year following the year of the adoption of the ordinance approving 10 the redevelopment project. When a redevelopment project area is located within a county for 11 which public and individual assistance has been requested by the governor under Section 401 12 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121, et seq.,

for an emergency proclaimed by the governor under section 44.100, RSMo, due to a natural 13 disaster of major proportions and the redevelopment project area is a central business district that 14 sustained severe damage as a result of such natural disaster, as determined by the state 15 emergency management agency, the baseline year may, at the option of the municipality 16 17 approving the redevelopment project, be the calendar year in which the natural disaster occurred 18 or the year following the year in which the natural disaster occurred, provided that the 19 municipality adopts an ordinance approving the redevelopment project within one year after the 20 occurrence of the natural disaster;

(2) "Blighted area", an area which, by reason of the predominance of defective or
inadequate street layout, unsanitary or unsafe conditions, deterioration of site improvements,
improper subdivision or obsolete platting, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or
property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, retards the provision of
housing accommodations or constitutes an economic or social liability or a menace to the public
health, safety, morals, or welfare in its present condition and use;

27 (3) "Central business district", the area at or near the historic core that is locally known 28 as the "downtown" of a municipality that has a median household income of sixty-two thousand 29 dollars or less, according to the last decennial census. In addition, at least fifty percent of 30 existing buildings in this area will have been built in excess of thirty-five years prior or vacant 31 lots that had prior structures built in excess of thirty-five years prior to the adoption of the ordinance approving the redevelopment plan. The historical land use emphasis of a central 32 33 business district prior to redevelopment will have been a mixed use of business, commercial, 34 financial, transportation, government, and multifamily residential uses;

35 (4) "Conservation area", any improved area within the boundaries of a redevelopment 36 area located within the territorial limits of a municipality in which fifty percent or more of the structures in the area have an age of thirty-five years or more, and such an area is not yet a 37 blighted area but is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare and may become 38 39 a blighted area because of any one or more of the following factors: dilapidation; obsolescence; 40 deterioration; illegal use of individual structures; presence of structures below minimum code 41 standards; abandonment; excessive vacancies; overcrowding of structures and community 42 facilities; lack of ventilation, light or sanitary facilities; inadequate utilities; excessive land 43 coverage; deleterious land use or layout; depreciation of physical maintenance; and lack of community planning; 44

(5) "Gambling establishment", an excursion gambling boat as defined in section 313.800,
RSMo, and any related business facility including any real property improvements which are
directly and solely related to such business facility, whose sole purpose is to provide goods or
services to an excursion gambling boat and whose majority ownership interest is held by a person
licensed to conduct gambling games on an excursion gambling boat or licensed to operate anexcursion gambling boat as provided in sections 313.800 to 313.850, RSMo;

51 (6) "Local sales tax increment", at least fifty percent of the **additional revenue from** 52 local sales [tax revenue from] taxes that are imposed by a municipality and its county, [and that 53 are generated by economic activities within a redevelopment area] over the amount of such 54 [taxes generated by economic activities within such a redevelopment area] local sales tax 55 revenue in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the ordinance designating such a 56 redevelopment area while financing under sections 99.1080 to 99.1092 remains in effect, but excluding personal property taxes, taxes imposed on sales or charges for sleeping rooms paid by 57 58 transient guests of hotels and motels, licenses, fees, or special assessments; provided however, 59 the governing body of any county may, by resolution, exclude any portion of any countywide 60 sales tax of such county. For redevelopment projects or redevelopment plans approved after August 28, 2005, if a retail establishment relocates within one year from one facility within the 61 62 same county and the governing body of the municipality finds that the retail establishment is a 63 direct beneficiary of tax increment financing, then for the purposes of this subdivision, the 64 [economic activity taxes] local sales tax increment generated by the retail establishment shall 65 equal the total additional local sales tax revenues [from economic activity taxes that are imposed by a municipality or other taxing district] generated over the amount of [economic activity 66 taxes] local sales tax revenues generated by the retail establishment in the calendar year prior 67 68 to its relocation to the redevelopment area;

(7) "Local sales tax revenue", city sales tax revenues received under sections 94.500 to
94.550, RSMo, and county sales tax revenues received under sections 67.500 to 67.594, RSMo;

(8) "Major initiative", a development project within a central business district which promotes tourism, cultural activities, arts, entertainment, education, research, arenas, multipurpose facilities, libraries, ports, mass transit, museums, economic development, or conventions for the municipality, and where the capital investment within the redevelopment project area is:

(a) At least five million dollars for a project area within a city having a population of one
 hundred thousand to one hundred ninety-nine thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine inhabitants;

(b) At least one million dollars for a project area within a city having a population offifty thousand to ninety-nine thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine inhabitants;

80 (c) At least five hundred thousand dollars for a project area within a city having a 81 population of ten thousand to forty-nine thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine inhabitants; or

(d) At least two hundred fifty thousand dollars for a project area within a city having a
population of one to nine thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine inhabitants;

84 (9) "Municipality", any city or county of this state having fewer than two hundred 85 thousand inhabitants;

86 (10) "Obligations", bonds, loans, debentures, notes, special certificates, or other 87 evidences of indebtedness issued by the municipality or authority, or other public entity 88 authorized to issue such obligations under sections 99.1080 to 99.1092 to carry out a 89 redevelopment project or to refund outstanding obligations;

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(11) "Ordinance", an ordinance enacted by the governing body of any municipality;

(12) "Redevelopment area", an area designated by a municipality in respect to which the
 municipality has made a finding that there exist conditions which cause the area to be classified
 as a blighted area or a conservation area, which area shall have the following characteristics:

94 (a) It can be renovated through one or more redevelopment projects;

95

(b) It is located in the central business district;

96 (c) The redevelopment area shall not exceed ten percent of the entire geographic area of97 the municipality.

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Subject to the limitation set forth in this subdivision, the redevelopment area can be enlarged ormodified as provided in section 99.1088;

101 (13) "Redevelopment plan", the comprehensive program of a municipality to reduce or 102 eliminate those conditions which qualify a redevelopment area as a blighted area or a 103 conservation area, and to thereby enhance the tax bases of the taxing districts which extend into 104 the redevelopment area through the reimbursement, payment, or other financing of 105 redevelopment project costs in accordance with sections 99.1080 to 99.1092 and through 106 application for and administration of downtown revitalization preservation program financing 107 under sections 99.1080 to 99.1092;

(14) "Redevelopment project", any redevelopment project within a redevelopment area
which constitutes a major initiative in furtherance of the objectives of the redevelopment plan,
and any such redevelopment project shall include a legal description of the area selected for such
redevelopment project;

(15) "Redevelopment project area", the area located within a redevelopment area selectedfor a redevelopment project;

(16) "Redevelopment project costs" include such costs to the redevelopment plan or a redevelopment project, as applicable, which are expended on public property, buildings, or rights-of-way for public purposes to provide infrastructure to support a redevelopment project, including facades. Such costs shall only be allowed as an initial expense which, to be recoverable, must be included in the costs of a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project,

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119 except in circumstances of plan amendments approved by the department of economic120 development. Such infrastructure costs include, but are not limited to, the following:

121 (a) Costs of studies, appraisals, surveys, plans, and specifications;

(b) Professional service costs, including, but not limited to, architectural, engineering,legal, marketing, financial, planning, or special services;

(c) Property assembly costs, including, but not limited to, acquisition of land and other
 property, real or personal, or rights or interests therein, demolition of buildings, and the clearing
 and grading of land;

127 (d) Costs of rehabilitation, reconstruction, repair, or remodeling of existing public128 buildings and fixtures;

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(e) Costs of construction of public works or improvements;

(f) Financing costs, including, but not limited to, all necessary expenses related to the
issuance of obligations issued to finance all or any portion of the infrastructure costs of one or
more redevelopment projects, and which may include capitalized interest on any such obligations
and reasonable reserves related to any such obligations;

(g) All or a portion of a taxing district's capital costs resulting from any redevelopment
 project necessarily incurred or to be incurred in furtherance of the objectives of the
 redevelopment plan, to the extent the municipality by written agreement accepts and approves
 such infrastructure costs;

(h) Payments to taxing districts on a pro rata basis to partially reimburse taxes divertedby approval of a redevelopment project when all debt is retired;

(i) State government costs, including, but not limited to, the reasonable costs incurred
by the department of economic development and the department of revenue in evaluating an
application for and administering downtown revitalization preservation financing for a
redevelopment project;

144 (17) "State sales tax increment", up to one-half of the incremental increase in the state 145 sales tax revenue in the redevelopment project area provided the local taxing jurisdictions 146 commit one-half of their local sales tax **increment** to paying for redevelopment project costs. 147 The incremental increase shall be the amount by which the state sales tax revenue generated at 148 the facility or within the redevelopment project area exceeds the state sales tax revenue generated 149 at the facility or within the redevelopment project area in the baseline year. For redevelopment 150 projects or redevelopment plans approved after August 28, 2005, if a retail establishment 151 relocates within one year from one facility to another facility within the same county and the 152 governing body of the municipality finds that the retail establishment is a direct beneficiary of 153 tax increment financing, then for the purposes of this subdivision, the economic activity taxes 154 generated by the retail establishment shall equal the total additional revenues from economic

155 activity taxes that are imposed by a municipality or other taxing district over the amount of economic activity taxes generated by the retail establishment in the calendar year prior to the 156 relocation to the redevelopment area] The incremental increase shall be calculated by first 157 adding the state sales tax revenues generated in the redevelopment project area in the 158 159 calendar year prior to the adoption of an ordinance by the municipality approving a 160 redevelopment project and the state sales tax revenue generated by businesses that have 161 relocated into the project area from within the state in the calendar year prior to their 162 relocation. The resulting sum shall be subtracted from the current year's state sales tax revenue generated in the redevelopment project area. However, in no event shall the 163 164 incremental increase include any amounts attributable to retail sales generated by 165 businesses that were not located in the project area in the calendar year prior to the 166 adoption of an ordinance by the municipality approving a redevelopment project, unless the municipality or authority has proven to the department of economic development and 167 168 the department has made a finding that the retail sales do not consist of retail sales 169 displaced from existing businesses within the state;

(18) "State sales tax revenues", the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues
received under section 144.020, RSMo, excluding sales taxes that are constitutionally dedicated,
taxes deposited to the school district trust fund in accordance with section 144.701, RSMo, sales
and use taxes on motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors and future sales taxes
earmarked by law;

(19) "Taxing district's capital costs", those costs of taxing districts for capital
improvements that are found by the municipal governing bodies to be necessary and to directly
result from a redevelopment project;

(20) "Taxing districts", any political subdivision of this state having the power to levytaxes.

99.1090. 1. A municipality shall submit an application to the department of economic 2 development for review and determination as to approval of the disbursement of the project costs 3 of one or more redevelopment projects from the downtown revitalization preservation fund. The 4 department of economic development shall forward the application to the commissioner of the 5 office of administration for approval. In no event shall any approval authorize a disbursement 6 of one or more redevelopment projects from the downtown revitalization preservation fund which exceeds the allowable amount of [other net new revenues] state sales tax increment 7 derived from the redevelopment area. An application submitted to the department of economic 8 9 development shall contain the following, in addition to the items set forth in section 99.1086: 10 (1) An estimate that one hundred percent of the local sales tax increment deposited to the special allocation fund must and will be used to pay redevelopment project costs or 11

obligations issued to finance redevelopment project costs to achieve the objectives of theredevelopment plan;

14 (2) Identification of the existing businesses located within the redevelopment project15 area and the redevelopment area;

16 (3) The aggregate baseline year amount of state sales tax revenues reported by existing 17 businesses within the redevelopment project area. Provisions of section 32.057, RSMo, 18 notwithstanding, municipalities will provide this information to the department of revenue for 19 verification. The department of revenue will verify the information provided by the 20 municipalities within forty-five days of receiving a request for such verification from a 21 municipality;

(4) An estimate of the state sales tax increment within the redevelopment project area
 after redevelopment. The department of economic development shall have the discretion to
 exempt smaller projects from this requirement;

(5) An affidavit that is signed by the developer or developers attesting that the provision
of subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of section 99.1086 has been met;

(6) The [amounts and types] amount of [other net new revenues] state sales tax
increment sought by the applicant to be disbursed from the downtown revitalization preservation
fund over the term of the redevelopment plan;

30 (7) The methodologies and underlying assumptions used in determining the estimate of31 the state sales tax increment; and

32 (8) Any other information reasonably requested by the department of economic 33 development.

34 2. The department of economic development shall make all reasonable efforts to process35 applications within a reasonable amount of time.

36 3. The department of economic development shall make a determination regarding the application for a certificate allowing disbursements from the downtown revitalization 37 38 preservation fund and shall forward such determination to the commissioner of the office of 39 administration. In no event shall the amount of disbursements from the downtown revitalization 40 preservation fund approved for a project, in addition to any other state economic redevelopment funding or other state incentives, exceed the projected state benefit of the redevelopment project, 41 42 as determined by the department of economic development through a cost-benefit analysis. Any 43 political subdivision located either wholly or partially within the redevelopment area shall be 44 permitted to submit information to the department of economic development for consideration in its cost-benefit analysis. Upon approval of downtown revitalization preservation financing, 45 a certificate of approval shall be issued by the department of economic development containing 46 the terms and limitations of the disbursement. 47

48 4. At no time shall the annual amount of [other net new revenues] state sales tax
49 increment approved for disbursements from the downtown revitalization preservation fund
50 exceed fifteen million dollars.

5. Redevelopment projects receiving disbursements from the downtown revitalization 52 preservation fund shall be limited to receiving such disbursements for twenty-five years. The 53 approved term notwithstanding, downtown revitalization preservation financing shall terminate 54 when redevelopment financing for a redevelopment project is terminated by a municipality.

6. The municipality shall deposit payments received from the downtown revitalization
preservation redevelopment fund in a separate segregated account for other net new revenues
within the special allocation fund.

58 7. Redevelopment project costs may include, at the prerogative of the state, the portion 59 of salaries and expenses of the department of economic development and the department of 60 revenue reasonably allocable to each redevelopment project approved for disbursements from 61 the downtown revitalization preservation fund for the ongoing administrative functions 62 associated with such redevelopment project. Such amounts shall be recovered from new state 63 revenues deposited into the downtown revitalization preservation fund created under section 64 99.1092.

8. A redevelopment project approved for downtown revitalization preservation financing
shall not thereafter elect to receive tax increment financing under the real property tax increment
allocation redevelopment act, sections 99.800 to 99.865, and continue to receive downtown
revitalization financing under sections 99.1080 to 99.1092.

9. The department of economic development may establish the procedures and standards
for the determination and approval of applications by the promulgation of rules and publish
forms to implement the provisions of this section and section 99.1092.

72 10. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that 73 is created under the authority delegated in this section and section 99.1092 shall become 74 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, 75 and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section, section 99.1092, and chapter 536, 76 RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly under chapter 77 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are 78 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed 79 or adopted after August 28, 2005, shall be invalid and void.

99.1092. 1. There is hereby established within the state treasury a special fund to be
2 known as the "Downtown Revitalization Preservation Fund", to be administered by the
3 department of economic development. Any unexpended balance and any interest in the fund at

- 4 the end of the biennium shall be exempt from the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, relating
- 5 to the transfer of unexpended balances to the general revenue fund. The fund shall consist of:

6 (1) The first fifteen million dollars of [other net new revenues] state sales tax increment
7 generated annually by the redevelopment projects;

8

(2) Money received from costs charged under subsection 7 of section 99.1090; and

9 (3) Gifts, contributions, grants, or bequests received from federal, private, or other 10 sources.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 144.700, RSMo, to the contrary, the
 department of revenue shall annually submit the first fifteen million dollars of [other net new
 revenues] state sales tax increment generated by the redevelopment projects to the treasurer for
 deposit in the downtown revitalization preservation fund.

15 3. The department of economic development shall annually disburse funds from the 16 downtown revitalization preservation fund in amounts determined under the certificates of 17 approval for projects, providing that the amounts of [other net new revenues] state sales tax increment generated from the redevelopment area have been verified and all of the conditions 18 19 of sections 99.1080 to 99.1092 are met. If the revenues appropriated from the downtown 20 revitalization preservation fund are not sufficient to equal the amounts determined to be 21 disbursed under such certificates of approval, the department of economic development shall 22 disburse the revenues on a pro rata basis to all such projects and other costs approved under section 99.1090. 23

4. In no event shall the amounts distributed to a project from the downtown revitalization
preservation fund exceed the lessor of the amount of the certificates of approval for projects or
the actual [other net new revenues] state sales tax increment generated by the projects.

5. The department of economic development shall not disburse any moneys from the downtown revitalization preservation fund for any project which has not complied with the annual reporting requirements determined by the department of economic development.

6. Money in the downtown revitalization preservation fund may be spent for the reasonable and necessary costs associated with the administration of the program authorized under sections 99.1080 to 99.1092.

7. No municipality shall obligate or commit the expenditure of disbursements received
from the downtown revitalization preservation fund prior to receiving a certificate of approval
for the redevelopment project generating [other net new revenues] state sales tax increment.
In addition, no municipality shall commence work on a redevelopment project prior to receiving
a certificate of approval for the redevelopment project.

38 8. Taxpayers in any redevelopment area who are required to remit sales taxes under
 39 chapter 144, RSMo, shall provide additional information to the department of revenue in a form

40 prescribed by the department by rule. Such information shall include, but shall not be limited

to, information upon which [other net new revenues] state sales tax increment can be calculated
and sales tax generated in the redevelopment area by such taxpayer in the baseline year and
during the time period related to the sales tax remittance.

9. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that 44 45 is created pursuant to the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 46 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, 47 section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of 48 the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay 49 the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2003, shall 50 51 be invalid and void.

100.255. As used in sections 100.250 to 100.297, the following terms mean:

2

(1) "Board", the Missouri development finance board created by section 100.265;

- 3 (2) "Borrower", any person, partnership, public or private corporation, association,
 4 development agency or any other entity eligible for funding under sections 100.250 to 100.297;
- 5 6

(3) "Development agency", any of the following:(a) A port authority established pursuant to chapter 68, RSMo;

7 (b) The bi-state development agencies established pursuant to sections 70.370 to 8 [70.440] **70.441**, RSMo, and sections 238.010 to 238.100, RSMo;

9 (c) A land clearance for redevelopment authority established pursuant to sections 99.300
10 to 99.660, RSMo;

(d) A county, city, incorporated town or village or other political subdivision or publicbody of this state;

(e) A planned industrial expansion authority established pursuant to sections 100.300to 100.620;

(f) An industrial development corporation established pursuant to sections 349.010 to349.105, RSMo;

(g) A real property tax increment financing commission established pursuant to sections99.800 to 99.865, RSMo;

(h) Any other governmental, quasi-governmental or quasi-public corporation or entity
created by state law or by resolution adopted by the governing body of a development agency
otherwise described in paragraphs (a) through (g) of this subdivision;

(4) "Development and reserve fund", the industrial development and reserve fund
 established pursuant to section 100.260;

(5) "Export finance fund", the Missouri export finance fund established pursuant tosection 100.260;

(6) "Export trade activities" includes, but is not limited to, consulting, international
market research, advertising, marketing, insurance, product research and design, legal assistance,
transportation, including trade documentation and freight forwarding, communication, and
processing of foreign orders to and for exporters and foreign purchases and warehousing, when
undertaken to export or facilitate the export of goods or services produced or assembled in this
state;

(7) "Guarantee fund", the industrial development guarantee fund established by section
100.260;

(8) "Infrastructure development fund", the infrastructure development fund established
 under section 100.263;

(9) "Infrastructure facilities", the highways, streets, bridges, water supply and distribution systems, mass transportation facilities and equipment, telecommunication facilities, jails and prisons, sewers and sewage treatment facilities, wastewater treatment facilities, airports, railroads, reservoirs, dams and waterways in this state, acquisition of blighted real estate and the improvements thereon, demolition of existing structures and preparation of sites in anticipation of development, public facilities, and any other improvements provided by any form of government or development agency;

43

(10) "Jobs now fund", the jobs now fund established under section 100.260;

44 (11) "Jobs now projects", the purchase, construction, extension, and improvement of real estate, plants, buildings, structures, or facilities, whether or not now in existence, used or to be 45 46 used primarily as infrastructure facilities or public facilities. When any entity provides a certified 47 design or operation plan which is demonstrably less than the usual and customary average industry determination of cost for installation, construction, purchasing, extension, and 48 49 improvement of real estate, manufacturing facilities, buildings, structures or facilities, including 50 public facilities, then the entity or company providing such service may receive payment in an amount equal to the usual and customary fee for such project plus additional compensation equal 51 to two times the percentage by which the cost of such aforementioned criteria of such facility is 52 53 less than the usual and customary average industrial determination of cost for installation, 54 construction, materials, extension and improvement of real estate, manufacturing facilities, 55 buildings, structures, or facilities, including public facilities. Such entity shall also pay to such 56 company providing such aforementioned service compensation equal to twenty-five percent of 57 the amount of any annual operational costs which are lower than the customary average industry 58 determination of cost for operation for such facility, procedure, or service for a period of time 59 equal to one-fourth the design lifetime of such entity or five years whichever is less;

60 (12) "Participating lender", a lender authorized by the board to participate with the board 61 in the making of a loan or to make loans the repayment of which is secured by the development 62 and reserve fund;

63 (13) "Project", the purchase, construction, extension, and improvement of real estate, 64 plants, buildings, structures or facilities, whether or not now in existence, used or to be used primarily as a factory, assembly plant, manufacturing plant, fabricating plant, distribution center, 65 warehouse building, office building, port terminal or facility, transportation and transfer facility, 66 67 industrial plant, processing plant, commercial or agricultural facility, nursing or retirement 68 facility or combination thereof, recreational facility, cultural facility, public facilities, job training or other vocational training facility, infrastructure facility, video-audio telecommunication 69 70 conferencing facility, office building, facility for the prevention, reduction, disposal or control 71 of pollution, sewage or solid waste, facility for conducting export trade activities, or research and 72 development building in connection with any of the facilities defined as a project in this 73 subdivision. The term "project" shall also include any improvements, including, but not limited to, road or rail construction, alteration or relocation, and construction of facilities to provide 74 75 utility service for any of the facilities defined as a project under this subdivision, along with any 76 fixtures, equipment, and machinery, and any demolition and relocation expenses used in 77 connection with any such projects and any capital used to promote and facilitate such facilities 78 and notes payable from anticipated revenue issued by any development agency;

(14) "Public facility", any facility or improvements available for use by the generalpublic including facilities for which user or other fees are charged on a nondiscriminatory basis;

(15) "Taxpayer", any individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability
 company, trust, or association which files a return with the Internal Revenue Service or
 the department of revenue.

100.275. 1. The board may at any time issue revenue bonds for the purpose of paying any part of the cost of any project or projects, or part thereof, and for the purpose of refunding 2 3 any of its bonds or the bonds of any development agency. Every issue of its bonds shall be payable out of the revenues of the board which may be pledged for such payment, without 4 5 preference or priority of the first bonds issued, subject to any agreement with the holders of any 6 other bonds or pledging any specified revenues. The bonds shall be authorized by resolution of 7 the board, shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times, but not in excess of [thirty] forty years, as the resolution of the board shall specify. The bonds shall be in such 8 9 denominations, bear interest at such rates, be in such form, either coupon or registered, be issued 10 in such manner, be payable in such place or places and be subject to redemption as such 11 resolution may provide. The bonds of the board may be sold at public or private sale, as the 12 board may specify, at such price or prices as the board shall determine, but at not less than

ninety-five percent of the principal amount thereof, and at such interest rate as the board shalldetermine, notwithstanding the provisions of section 108.170, RSMo.

2. The board may issue notes payable from the proceeds of bonds to be issued in the future or from such other sources as the board may specify as in the case of bonds. Such notes shall mature in not more than five years and shall be sold at public or private sale, as the board may specify, at not less than ninety-five percent of the principal amount thereof and at such interest rate as the board shall determine, notwithstanding the provisions of section 108.170, RSMo. The other details with respect to such notes shall be determined by the board as in the case of bonds.

3. The state shall not be liable on any notes or bonds of the board. Such notes or bonds shall not be a debt of the state and shall contain on the faces thereof a statement to such effect.

4. No member of the board nor any person authorized to execute notes or bonds of the
board shall be liable personally on such notes or bonds or shall be subject to any personal
liability or accountability by reason of the issuance thereof.

5. The notes and bonds of the board are securities in which all public bodies and political subdivisions of this state; all insurance companies and associations and all other persons carrying on an insurance business; all banks, trust companies, saving associations, savings and loan associations, credit unions, and investment companies; all administrators, guardians, executors, trustees, and other fiduciaries; and all other persons who now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in notes and bonds or other obligations of this state may properly and legally invest funds, including capital, in their control or belonging to them.

6. The board shall not be required to pay any taxes or any assessments whatsoever to this state, any political subdivision of this state, or any other governmental agency of this state. The notes and bonds of the board, and the income therefrom, shall, at all times, be exempt from any taxes and any assessments, except for estate taxes, gift taxes, and taxes on transfers.

7. Nothing contained in sections 100.250 to 100.297 shall be deemed to constitute a use
of state funds or credit in violation of the provisions of article III, sections 37, 38(a) and 39, of
the Missouri Constitution.

41 8. The board shall have the power to contract with any development agency to perform 42 any governmental service, activity or undertaking which the contracting development agency is 43 authorized by law to perform or to issue any bonds or notes which the contracting development 44 agency is authorized by law to issue. Any such contract shall be authorized by the governing 45 body of the development agency and by the board and shall state the purpose of the contract and 46 the powers and duties of the parties thereunder. Any bonds or notes issued by the board on 47 behalf of a development agency shall be entitled to the same security as if such bonds or notes 48 were issued directly by the development agency. In addition to any other security for such bonds or notes, the board may secure such bonds, notes or other indebtedness in the manner describedin section 100.297.

51 9. Any proceedings involving the validity or enforceability of any security for any 52 bond or note issued by the board, including any proceedings relating to any security 53 provided by any development agency in connection with any loan, lease, or financing agreement executed by the board, shall be conclusively deemed to have been completed by 54 55 the development agency in accordance with the laws under which such proceedings were 56 authorized notwithstanding any technical or other defects or omissions in such 57 proceedings, and such proceedings shall not be subject to legal challenge on and after the date the board issues bonds or notes on behalf of such development agency unless such 58 challenge is brought within ninety days following the completion of the proceedings of the 59 60 development agency or such shorter period as may be prescribed in any law authorizing 61 such proceedings. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the security for 62 any bond or note issued by the board may include a pledge of payments in lieu of taxes or a pledge or appropriation of economic activity tax revenues generated within a 63 redevelopment area designated by any development agency under the provisions of sections 64 65 99.800 to 99.865, RSMo, whether or not the infrastructure facilities to be financed with the proceeds of bonds or notes issued by the board are located within the boundaries of said 66 67 redevelopment area generating such taxes or revenues.

100.281. 1. A request for a loan from the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund to fund export trade activities or to carry out a project shall be in the form of an application for the project to the board, which application shall be in such form as the board may specify. After reviewing the application and such other information as the board may require, the board may grant all or a part of the loan request, provided the board determines that:

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(1) The project will be a benefit to the economy or infrastructure of the state; and

8 (2) The project will generate sufficient revenues or the borrower will otherwise have 9 sufficient revenues available to enable the borrower to repay the loan to the development and 10 reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund, along with any 11 interest to be charged[; and

12 (3) In the case of an infrastructure facility project, the loan will not exceed ten million13 dollars].

2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, all development agencies,
as defined in section 100.255, shall have the power to borrow funds from the board for any
project, to contract with the board, and to furnish a security interest in any of their revenues or

properties to the board to secure a loan from the board and to issue notes in evidence thereof 17

18 upon such terms as such development agencies shall determine.

19 3. When the board issues bonds to provide loans for more than one infrastructure project, 20 the board shall make a reasonable effort to sell the bonds to a purchaser that represents a group 21 consisting of more than one underwriter.

100.286. 1. Within the discretion of the board, the development and reserve fund, the 2 infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund may be pledged to secure the payment 3 of any bonds or notes issued by the board, or to secure the payment of any loan made by the 4 board or a participating lender which loan:

(1) Is requested to finance any project or export trade activity;

5 6

(2) Is requested by a borrower who is demonstrated to be financially responsible;

7

(3) Can reasonably be expected to provide a benefit to the economy of this state;

8 (4) Is otherwise secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on real or personal property or 9 other security satisfactory to the board; provided that loans to finance export trade activities may be secured by export accounts receivable or inventories of exportable goods satisfactory to the 10 11 board;

12

(5) Does not exceed five million dollars;

13 (6) Does not have a term longer than five years if such loan is made to finance export trade activities; and 14

15 (7) Is, when used to finance export trade activities, made to small or medium size 16 businesses or agricultural businesses, as may be defined by the board.

17 2. The board shall prescribe standards for the evaluation of the financial condition, 18 business history, and qualifications of each borrower and the terms and conditions of loans which 19 may be secured, and may require each application to include a financial report and evaluation 20 by an independent certified public accounting firm, in addition to such examination and 21 evaluation as may be conducted by any participating lender.

22 3. Each application for a loan secured by the development and reserve fund, the 23 infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund shall be reviewed in the first instance 24 by any participating lender to whom the application was submitted. If satisfied that the standards 25 prescribed by the board are met and that the loan is otherwise eligible to be secured by the 26 development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund, 27 the participating lender shall certify the same and forward the application for final approval to 28 the board.

29 4. The securing of any loans by the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure 30 development fund or the export finance fund shall be conditioned upon approval of the application by the board, and receipt of an annual reserve participation fee, as prescribed by theboard, submitted by or on behalf of the borrower.

5. The securing of any loan by the export finance fund for export trade activities shall be conditioned upon the board's compliance with any applicable treaties and international agreements, such as the general agreement on tariffs and trade and the subsidies code, to which the United States is then a party.

37 6. Any taxpayer shall be entitled to a tax credit against any tax otherwise due under the 38 provisions of chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 39 143.261, RSMo, chapter 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, in the amount of fifty percent of 40 any amount contributed in money or property by the taxpayer to the development and reserve 41 fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund during the taxpayer's tax 42 year, provided, however, the total tax credits awarded in any calendar year beginning after 43 January 1, 1994, shall not be the greater of [ten] twenty million dollars or five percent of the 44 average growth in general revenue receipts in the preceding three fiscal years. This limit may 45 be exceeded only upon joint agreement by the commissioner of administration, the director of the department of economic development, and the director of the department of revenue that such 46 47 action is essential to ensure retention or attraction of investment in Missouri. If the board receives, as a contribution, real property, the contributor at such contributor's own expense shall 48 49 have two independent appraisals conducted by appraisers certified by the Master Appraisal 50 Institute. Both appraisals shall be submitted to the board, and the tax credit certified by the board 51 to the contributor shall be based upon the value of the lower of the two appraisals. The board 52 shall not certify the tax credit until the property is deeded to the board. Such credit shall not 53 apply to reserve participation fees paid by borrowers under sections 100.250 to 100.297. The 54 portion of earned tax credits which exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward 55 for up to five years.

56 7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any taxpayer may sell, assign, 57 exchange, convey or otherwise transfer tax credits allowed in subsection 6 of this section under 58 the terms and conditions prescribed in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. Such taxpayer, 59 hereinafter the assignor for the purpose of this subsection, may sell, assign, exchange or 60 otherwise transfer earned tax credits:

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(1) For no less than seventy-five percent of the par value of such credits; and

- (2) In an amount not to exceed one hundred percent of annual earned credits.
- 63

The taxpayer acquiring earned credits, hereinafter the assignee for the purpose of this subsection,
may use the acquired credits to offset up to one hundred percent of the tax liabilities otherwise

66 imposed by chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to

67 143.261, RSMo, chapter 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo. Unused credits in the hands of the 68 assignee may be carried forward for up to five years, provided all such credits shall be claimed within ten years following the tax years in which the contribution was made. The assignor shall 69 70 enter into a written agreement with the assignee establishing the terms and conditions of the 71 agreement and shall perfect such transfer by notifying the board in writing within thirty calendar 72 days following the effective day of the transfer and shall provide any information as may be 73 required by the board to administer and carry out the provisions of this section. Notwithstanding 74 any other provision of law to the contrary, the amount received by the assignor of such tax credit 75 shall be taxable as income of the assignor, and the excess of the par value of such credit over the 76 amount paid by the assignee for such credit shall be taxable as income of the assignee.

100.297. 1. The board may authorize a tax credit, as described in this section, to the
owner of any revenue bonds or notes issued by the board pursuant to the provisions of sections
100.250 to 100.297, for infrastructure facilities as defined in subdivision (9) of section 100.255,
if, prior to the issuance of such bonds or notes, the board determines that:

5 (1) The availability of such tax credit is a material inducement to the undertaking of the 6 project in the state of Missouri and to the sale of the bonds or notes;

7 (2) The loan with respect to the project is adequately secured by a first deed of trust or
8 mortgage or comparable lien, or other security satisfactory to the board.

9 2. Upon making the determinations specified in subsection 1 of this section, the board 10 may declare that each owner of an issue of revenue bonds or notes shall be entitled, in lieu of any 11 other deduction with respect to such bonds or notes, to a tax credit against any tax otherwise due by such owner pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding tax 12 13 imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.261, RSMo, chapter 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, in 14 the amount of one hundred percent of the unpaid principal of and unpaid interest on such bonds 15 or notes held by such owner in the taxable year of such owner following the calendar year of the default of the loan by the borrower with respect to the project. The occurrence of a default shall 16 17 be governed by documents authorizing the issuance of the bonds. The tax credit allowed 18 pursuant to this section shall be available to the original owners of the bonds or notes or any 19 subsequent owner or owners thereof. Once an owner is entitled to a claim, any such tax credits 20 shall be transferable as provided in subsection 7 of section 100.286. Notwithstanding any 21 provision of Missouri law to the contrary, any portion of the tax credit to which any owner of a 22 revenue bond or note is entitled pursuant to this section which exceeds the total income tax 23 liability of such owner of a revenue bond or note shall be carried forward and allowed as a credit 24 against any future taxes imposed on such owner within the next ten years pursuant to the 25 provisions of chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 26 143.261, RSMo, chapter 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo. The eligibility of the owner of any

27 revenue bond or note issued pursuant to the provisions of sections 100.250 to 100.297 for the 28 tax credit provided by this section shall be expressly stated on the face of each such bond or note.

29 The tax credit allowed pursuant to this section shall also be available to any financial institution

30 or guarantor which executes any credit facility as security for bonds issued pursuant to this 31 section to the same extent as if such financial institution or guarantor was an owner of the bonds 32 or notes, provided however, in such case the tax credits provided by this section shall be 33 available immediately following any default of the loan by the borrower with respect to the 34 project. In addition to reimbursing the financial institution or guarantor for claims relating to 35 unpaid principal and interest, such claim may include payment of any unpaid fees imposed by 36 such financial institution or guarantor for use of the credit facility.

37 3. The aggregate principal amount of revenue bonds or notes outstanding at any time 38 with respect to which the tax credit provided in this section shall be available shall not exceed 39 [fifty] **seventy-five** million dollars.

100.760. After receipt of an application, the board may, with the approval of the
department, enter into an agreement with an eligible industry for a credit pursuant to sections
100.700 to 100.850 if the board determines that all of the following conditions exist:

4 (1) The applicant's project will create new jobs that were not jobs previously performed 5 by employees of the applicant in Missouri;

6 (2) The applicant's project is economically sound and will benefit the people of Missouri
7 by increasing opportunities for employment and strengthening the economy of Missouri;

8 (3) Significant local incentives with respect to the project or eligible industry have been 9 committed, which incentives may consist of:

(a) Cash or in-kind incentives derived from any nonstate source, including incentives
 provided by the affected political subdivisions, private industry and/or local chambers of
 commerce or similar such organizations; and/or

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(b) Relief from local taxes, in either case as acceptable to the board;

(4) Receiving the credit is a major factor in the applicant's decision to go forward with
the project and not receiving the credit will result in the applicant not creating new jobs in
Missouri;

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(5) Awarding the credit will result in an overall positive fiscal impact to the state[;

(6) There is at least one other state that the applicant verifies is being considered for theproject; and

(7) A significant disparity is identified, using best available data in the projected costs
for the applicant's project compared to the costs in the competing state, including the impact of
the competing state's incentive programs. The competing state's incentive program shall include
state, local, private and federal funds].

135.403. 1. Any investor who makes a qualified investment in a Missouri small business shall be entitled to receive a tax credit equal to forty percent of the amount of the investment or, 2 in the case of a qualified investment in a Missouri small business in a distressed community as 3 defined by section 135.530, a credit equal to sixty percent of the amount of the investment, and 4 any investor who makes a qualified investment in a community bank or a community 5 development corporation shall be entitled to receive a tax credit equal to fifty percent of the 6 amount of the investment if the investment is made in a community bank or community 7 8 development corporation for direct investment. The total amount of tax credits available for 9 qualified investments in Missouri small businesses shall not exceed thirteen million dollars and at least four million dollars of the amount authorized by this section and certified by the 10 department of economic development shall be for investment in Missouri small businesses in 11 12 distressed communities. Authorization for all or any part of this four-million-dollar amount shall in no way restrict the eligibility of Missouri small businesses in distressed communities, as 13 14 defined in section 135.530, for the remaining amounts authorized within this section. No more than twenty percent of the tax credits available each year for investments in community banks 15 16 or community development corporations for direct investment shall be certified for any one project, as defined in section 135.400. The tax credit shall be evidenced by a tax credit 17 certificate in accordance with the provisions of sections 135.400 to 135.430 and may be used to 18 19 satisfy the state tax liability of the owner of the certificate that becomes due in the tax year in 20 which the qualified investment is made, or in any of the ten tax years thereafter. When the qualified small business is in a distressed community, as defined in section 135.530, the tax 21 22 credit may also be used to satisfy the state tax liability of the owner of the certificate that was due 23 during each of the previous three years in addition to the year in which the investment is made and any of the ten years thereafter. No investor may receive a tax credit pursuant to sections 24 25 135.400 to 135.430 unless that person presents a tax credit certificate to the department of 26 revenue for payment of such state tax liability. The department of revenue shall grant tax credits 27 in the same order as established by subsection 1 of section 32.115, RSMo. Subject to the 28 provisions of sections 135.400 to 135.430, certificates of tax credit issued in accordance with 29 these sections may be transferred, sold or assigned by notarized endorsement thereof which names the transferee. 30

2. Five hundred thousand dollars in tax credits shall be available annually from the total
 amount of tax credits [authorized by section 32.110, RSMo, and subdivision (4) of subsection
 2 of section 32.115, RSMo,] as a result of investments in community banks or community
 development corporations. Aggregate investments eligible for tax credits in any one Missouri
 small business shall not be more than one million dollars. Aggregate investments eligible for

36 tax credits in any one Missouri small business shall not be less than five thousand dollars as of

- 37 the date of issuance of the first tax credit certificate for investment in that business.
- 38

3. This section and section 620.1039, RSMo, shall become effective January 1, 2001.

135.440. As used in sections 135.440 to 135.448, the following words and terms 2 mean:

(1) "Business firm", person, firm, a partner in a firm, corporation or a shareholder
in an S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state income
tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, RSMo, or a corporation subject to the annual
corporation franchise tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 147, RSMo, or an insurance
company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this state, or other
financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this
state under the provisions of chapter 148, RSMo;

(2) "Community development", new construction or rehabilitation of buildings or
 properties and community services that have a measurable impact on the local or state
 economy;

- (3) "Economic development", the acquisition, renovation, improvement, or the
 furnishing or equipping of existing buildings and real estate when such acquisition,
 renovation, improvement, or the furnishing or equipping of such buildings and real estate
 will result in the creation or retention of jobs within the state;
- (4) "Education", includes programs which encourage Missouri residents who are
 high school dropouts to either reenter and graduate from high school or earn a graduate
 equivalency degree, and scholarship assistance in the areas of math and science to residents
 of the state of Missouri attending schools located in the state;

(5) "Incubator", a program in which small units of space may be leased by a tenant
and in which management maintains or provides access to business development services
for use by tenants or a program without infrastructure in which participants avail
themselves of business development services to assist in the growth of their start-up small
businesses;

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(6) "In-kind contribution", a donation of nonmonetary property or services;

- (7) "Job training", any type of instruction to an individual who resides in the state
 of Missouri that enables the individual to acquire vocational skills so that the individual
 can become employable or be able to seek a higher grade of employment;
- 30

(8) "Local government", any Missouri county, city, town, or village;

31 (9) "Local sponsor" or "sponsor", an organization which enters into a written 32 agreement with the department of economic development to establish, operate, and

administer a small business incubator program or to provide funding to an organization

34 which operates such a program;

(10) "Not-for-profit organization", a corporation incorporated in the state of
 Missouri under the provisions of chapter 355, RSMo, or any organization that has obtained
 an exemption from the payment of federal income taxes as provided in section 501(c)(3) of
 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

(11) "Participant", a sole proprietorship, business partnership or corporation
 operating a business for profit through which the owner avails himself or herself of
 business development services in an incubator program;

42 (12) "Physical revitalization", furnishing financial assistance, labor, material, or
 43 technical advice to aid in the physical improvement or rehabilitation of any part or all of
 44 a neighborhood area;

(13) "Program participant", any local government, not-for-profit organization, or
 school approved by the director of the department of economic development to participate
 in the community assistance program;

48 (14) "Quality job", an employed position in which the employee works an average
49 of at least thirty-five hours per week for an employer that offers health insurance and at
50 a wage that meets or exceeds the county average wage;

(15) "Rural community project", a project located in any community where such
community is a city, town, or village which has fifteen thousand or fewer inhabitants as of
the last decennial census and is located in a county which is either located in:

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(a) An area that is not part of a standard metropolitan statistical area; or

(b) A standard metropolitan statistical area but such county has only one city,
 town, or village which has more than fifteen thousand inhabitants;

(16) "S corporation", a corporation described in section 1361(a)(1) of the Internal
Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and not subject to the taxes imposed by section
143.071, RSMo, by reason of section 143.471, RSMo;

(17) "School", any public elementary or high school, as those terms are defined in
 section 160.011, RSMo, located within the state of Missouri, and any institution of
 postsecondary education, including universities, colleges, vocational and technical schools,
 located within the state of Missouri;

64 (18) "Taxpayer", corporations, as defined in section 143.441, RSMo, individuals,
65 sole proprietorships, partnerships, and S corporations;

66 (19) "Tenant", a sole proprietorship, business partnership, or corporation 67 operating a business for profit and leasing or otherwise occupying space in an incubator;

68 (20) "Youth development", projects serving youths ages twenty-one and under, including but not limited to, high school degree completion, employment, and youth 69 activity centers. 70 135.442. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Community Assistance Program". 2 3 2. The tax credits allowed under the community assistance program shall be in an 4 amount equal to: 5 (1) Thirty percent of the contribution for in-kind contributions; 6 (2) Fifty percent of the contribution for monetary contributions; or 7 (3) Seventy percent of the contribution for monetary contributions to a rural 8 community project. 9 3. Program participants shall administer projects including but not limited to the 10 areas of community development, education, physical revitalization, job training, and youth development. 11 4. The department of economic development shall give priority to program 12 participants whose projects benefit a community or region with a demonstrated need for 13 public investment in its infrastructure which may include, but not be limited to, local 14 information on: 15 16 (1) Median household income; 17 (2) Unemployment or stresses resulting from rapid employment growth; 18 (3) Other labor demographics; 19 (4) Educational attainment or education expansion opportunities; 20 (5) Population loss or rapid population growth; 21 (6) Underemployment; 22 (7) Depletion of natural resources; 23 (8) Job loss or company closure, or company expansion or attraction; 24 (9) Tax or fee revenue circumstances; or 25 (10) Other statistics that adequately portray the circumstances of the community 26 or region. 135.444. 1. This section shall be known as the "Small Business Incubators Act". 2 2. There is hereby established under the direction of the department of economic 3 development a loan, loan guarantee, and grant program for the establishment, operation, 4 and administration of small business incubators, to be known as the "Small Business Incubator Program". A local sponsor may submit an application to the department of 5 economic development to obtain a loan, loan guarantee, or grant to establish an incubator. 6

7 Each application shall:

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8 (1) Demonstrate that a program exists that can be transformed into an incubator
9 at a specified cost;
10 (2) Demonstrate the ability to directly provide or arrange for the provision of

business development services for tenants and participants of the incubator. These services
shall include, but need not be limited to, financial consulting assistance, management and
marketing assistance, business education, and physical services;

(3) Demonstrate a potential for sustained use of the incubator program by eligible
 tenants and participants through a market study or other means;

(4) Demonstrate the ability to manage and operate the incubator program;

17 (5) Include such other information as the department of economic development
 18 may require through its guidelines.

3. The department of economic development shall review and accept applications
 based on the following criteria:

(1) Ability of the local sponsor to carry out the provisions of this section;

(2) Economic impact of the incubator on the community;

23 (3) Conformance with areawide and local economic development plans, if such
24 exist;

(4) Location of the incubator, in order to encourage geographic distribution of
 incubators across the state.

4. Loans, loan guarantees, and grants shall be administered in the followingmanner:

(1) Loans awarded or guaranteed and grants awarded shall be used only for the acquisition and leasing of land and existing buildings, the rehabilitation of buildings or other facilities, construction of new facilities, the purchase of equipment and furnishings which are necessary for the creation and operation of the incubator, and business development services including, but not limited to, business management advising and business education;

(2) Loans, loan guarantees, and grants shall not exceed fifty percent of total eligible
 project costs;

(3) Payment of interest and principal on loans may be deferred at the discretion of
 the department of economic development.

39 5. A local sponsor, or the organization receiving assistance through the local
40 sponsor, shall have the following responsibilities and duties in establishing and operating
41 an incubator with assistance from the small business incubator program:

42 (1) Secure title on a facility for the program or a lease of a facility for the program;

43 (2) Manage the physical development of the incubator program, including the 44 provision of common conference or meeting space;

45 (3) Furnish and equip the program to provide business services to the tenants and participants; 46

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(4) Market the program and secure eligible tenants and participants;

(5) Provide financial consulting, marketing, and management assistance services 48 or arrange for the provision of these services for tenants and participants of the incubator, 49 50 including assistance in accessing private financial markets;

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(6) Set rental and service fees;

52 (7) Encourage the sharing of ideas between tenants and participants and otherwise 53 aid the tenants and participants in an innovative manner while they are within the 54 incubator;

55 (8) Establish policies and criteria for the acceptance of tenants and participants 56 into the incubator and for the termination of occupancy of tenants so as to maximize the opportunity to succeed for the greatest number of tenants, consistent with those specified 57 58 in this section.

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6. The department of economic development:

(1) May adopt such rules, statements of policy, procedures, forms and guidelines 60 as may be necessary for the implementation of this section; 61

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(2) May make loans, loan guarantees, and grants to local sponsors for incubators;

63 (3) Shall ensure that local sponsors receiving loans, loan guarantees or grants meet the conditions of this section; 64

(4) Shall receive and evaluate annual reports from local sponsors. Such annual 65 reports shall include, but need not be limited to, a financial statement for the incubator, 66 evidence that all tenants and participants in the program are eligible under the terms of 67 68 this section, and a list of companies in the incubator.

69 7. The department of economic development is also hereby authorized to review 70 any previous loans made under this program and, where appropriate in the department's 71 judgment, convert such loans to grant status.

72 8. On or before January first of each year, the department of economic 73 development shall provide a report to the governor, the chief clerk of the house of 74 representatives, and the secretary of the senate which shall include, but need not be limited 75 to:

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(1) The number of applications for incubators submitted to the department;

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(2) The number of applications for incubators approved by the department;

78 (3) The number of incubators created through the small business incubator
 79 program;

(4) The number of tenants and participants engaged in each incubator;

(5) The number of jobs provided by each incubator and tenants and participant of
 each incubator;

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(6) The occupancy rate of each incubator;

(7) The number of firms still operating in the state after leaving incubators and the
 number of jobs they have provided.

86 9. There is hereby established in the state treasury a special fund to be known as the "Missouri Small Business Incubators Fund", which shall consist of all moneys which 87 88 may be appropriated to it by the general assembly, and also any gifts, contributions, 89 grants, or bequests received from federal, private, or other sources. Moneys for loans, loan guarantees, and grants under the small business incubator program may be obtained from 90 91 appropriations made by the general assembly from the Missouri small business incubators fund. Any moneys remaining in the Missouri small business incubators fund at the end of 92 93 any fiscal year shall not lapse to the general revenue fund, as provided in section 33.080, RSMo, but shall remain in the Missouri small business incubators fund. 94 95 10. A taxpayer shall be entitled to a tax credit under this section in an amount equal

to fifty percent of any amount contributed by the taxpayer to the Missouri small business
incubators fund during the taxpayer's tax year or any contribution by the taxpayer to a
local sponsor after the local sponsor's application has been accepted and approved by the
department of economic development.

135.446. 1. This section may be cited as the "Development Tax Credit Program".

2 2. Any business firm may apply to the department of economic development to 3 conduct economic development projects. The department of economic development shall approve applications on an individual case-by-case basis, giving priority to manufacturing, 4 5 processing or assembly, corporate headquarters, services in interstate commerce, and warehouse or distribution business projects proposing wages above the average for the 6 7 area and which provide health benefits. Credits approved for an economic development project shall be limited to the least of ten thousand dollars per quality job created or 8 9 retained, fifty percent of the purchase price of new capital improvements or equipment, 10 five hundred thousand dollars per project, or the least amount needed to cause the project 11 to occur. Credits approved for all economic development projects authorized under this 12 section shall not exceed six million dollars in any one fiscal year.

135.448. 1. A taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit against the tax otherwise due 2 under chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 3 143.265, RSMo, chapter 147, or 148, RSMo, for contributions under sections 135.442 to
4 135.446.

5 2. The tax credits allowed by sections 135.442 to 135.446 shall be claimed by the 6 taxpayer to offset the taxes that become due in the taxpayer's tax period in which the 7 contribution was made. Any tax credit not used in such tax period may be carried over the 8 next five succeeding tax periods.

9 3. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any taxpayer, for the 10 purpose of this subsection referred to as assignor, may assign, sell, or transfer, in whole or in part, the tax credits issued under sections 135.442 to 135.446 to any other taxpayer, for 11 12 the purpose of this subsection referred to as assignee, for no less than seventy-five percent 13 of the par value of such credits and in an amount not to exceed one hundred percent of 14 annual earned credits. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice 15 to the department of economic development of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax 16 credits to the assignee, the date the transfer is effective, the assignee's name, address, and the assignee's tax period, and the amount of tax credits to be transferred. 17

18 4. The department of economic development may adopt such rules, statements of 19 policy, procedures, forms, and guidelines as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 135.442 to 135.446. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in 20 21 section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 22 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 23 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, 24 RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly under 25 chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule 26 are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void. 27

5. The total amount of tax credits granted under the community assistance program and the small business incubator program shall not exceed twenty-six million dollars for state fiscal year 2008 and any subsequent fiscal years. Of that amount, up to six million dollars shall be allocated to youth development and up to eight million dollars shall be allocated to rural community projects.

6. In the event that a program participant, in the case of a community assistance program project, a local sponsor, in the case of a small business incubator program project, or a business firm, in the case of development tax credit program project, fails to complete a project authorized under sections 135.440 to 135.446, or otherwise fails to abide by the conditions of participation in such three programs as set forth by statute, rule, or agreement, the department of economic development may terminate participation in the

39 program, require refund of donations, and require repayment to the state of Missouri in

an amount equivalent to the amount of tax credits for project donations that have already
been redeemed.

135.449. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, no tax credits shall 2 be approved, awarded, or issued to any person or entity claiming any tax credit under 3 section 135.460, sections 208.750 to 208.775, RSMo, and section 620.495, RSMo. If an 4 organization has been allocated credits for contribution-based credits prior to January 1, 5 2007, the organization may issue such credits prior to January 1, 2011, for qualified 6 contributions.

135.700. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a grape grower or wine producer shall be allowed a tax credit against the state tax liability incurred pursuant to chapter 2 143, RSMo, exclusive of the provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided in sections 3 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, in an amount equal to twenty-five percent of the purchase price of 4 all new equipment and materials used directly in the growing of grapes or the production of wine 5 in the state. [Each] Activities qualifying the grower or producer for the tax credit under this 6 section shall be preapproved by the Missouri agriculture and small business development 7 authority based on established priority criteria. Once approved, the grower or producer 8 9 shall apply to the [department of economic development] Missouri agriculture and small business development authority and specify the total amount of such new equipment and 10 materials purchased during the calendar year. The [department of economic development] 11 12 Missouri agriculture and small business development authority shall certify to the department of revenue the amount of such tax credit to which a grape grower or wine producer 13 is entitled pursuant to this section. The provisions of this section notwithstanding, a grower or 14 producer may only apply for and receive the credit authorized by this section for five tax periods. 15 16 Tax credits authorized by this section may be transferred, sold, or assigned by filing a notarized endorsement thereof with the Missouri agriculture and small business 17 development authority that names the transferee, the amount of tax credit transferred, and 18 19 the value received for the credit, as well as any other information reasonably requested by 20 the Missouri agriculture and small business development authority. Tax credits issued 21 under this section shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars per calendar year. 135.800. 1. The provisions of sections 135.800 to 135.830 shall be known and may be cited as the "Tax Credit Accountability Act of 2004". 2

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2. As used in sections 135.800 to 135.830, the following terms mean:

4 (1) "Administering agency", the state agency or department charged with administering 5 a particular tax credit program, as set forth by the program's enacting statute; where no 6 department or agency is set forth, the department of revenue;

7 (2) "Agricultural tax credits", the agricultural product utilization contributor tax credit 8 created pursuant to section 348.430, RSMo, the new generation cooperative incentive tax credit 9 created pursuant to section 348.432, RSMo, and the wine and grape production tax credit created 10 pursuant to section 135.700;

(3) "All tax credit programs", the tax credit programs included in the definitions of
agricultural tax credits, business recruitment tax credits, community development tax credits,
domestic and social tax credits, entrepreneurial tax credits, environmental tax credits, housing
tax credits, redevelopment tax credits, and training and educational tax credits;

(4) "Business recruitment tax credits", the business facility tax credit created pursuant to sections 135.110 to 135.150 and section 135.258, the enterprise zone tax benefits created pursuant to sections 135.200 to 135.270, the business use incentives for large-scale development programs created pursuant to sections 100.700 to 100.850, RSMo, the development tax credits created pursuant to [sections 32.100 to 32.125, RSMo] **section 135.446**, the rebuilding communities tax credit created pursuant to section 135.535, and the film production tax credit created pursuant to section 135.750;

(5) "Community development tax credits", [the neighborhood assistance tax credit
created pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125, RSMo, the family development account tax credit
created pursuant to sections 208.750 to 208.775, RSMo] the community tax credit created
under section 135.442, the dry fire hydrant tax credit created pursuant to section 320.093,
RSMo, and the transportation development tax credit created pursuant to section 135.545;

(6) "Domestic and social tax credits", [the youth opportunities tax credit created pursuant
to section 135.460 and sections 620.1100 to 620.1103, RSMo,] the shelter for victims of
domestic violence created pursuant to section 135.550, the senior citizen or disabled person
property tax credit created pursuant to sections 135.010 to 135.035, the special needs adoption
tax credit created pursuant to sections 135.325 to 135.339, the maternity home tax credit created
pursuant to section 135.600, and the shared care tax credit created pursuant to section 660.055,
RSMo;

34 (7) "Entrepreneurial tax credits", the capital tax credit created pursuant to sections 35 135.400 to 135.429, the certified capital company tax credit created pursuant to sections 135.500 to 135.529, the seed capital tax credit created pursuant to sections 348.300 to 348.318, RSMo, 36 37 the new enterprise creation tax credit created pursuant to sections 620.635 to 620.653, RSMo, 38 the research tax credit created pursuant to section 620.1039, RSMo, the small business incubator 39 tax credit created pursuant to section [620.495, RSMo, the guarantee fee tax credit created 40 pursuant to section 135.766] 135.444, and the new generation cooperative tax credit created 41 pursuant to sections 32.105 to 32.125, RSMo;

42 (8) "Environmental tax credits", the charcoal producer tax credit created pursuant to 43 section 135.313, the wood energy tax credit created pursuant to sections 135.300 to 135.311, and 44 the manufacturing and recycling flexible cellulose casing tax credit created pursuant to section 45 260.285, RSMo;

46 (9) "Housing tax credits", the neighborhood preservation tax credit created pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487, the low-income housing tax credit created pursuant to sections 47 48 135.350 to 135.363, and the affordable housing tax credit created pursuant to sections 32.105 to 49 32.125, RSMo;

50 (10) "Recipient", the individual or entity who is the original applicant for and who 51 receives proceeds from a tax credit program directly from the administering agency, the person 52 or entity responsible for the reporting requirements established in section 135.805;

53 (11) "Redevelopment tax credits", the historic preservation tax credit created pursuant 54 to sections 253.545 to 253.561, RSMo, the brownfield redevelopment program tax credit created 55 pursuant to sections 447.700 to 447.718, RSMo, the community development corporations tax credit created pursuant to sections 135.400 to 135.430, the infrastructure tax credit created 56 57 pursuant to subsection 6 of section 100.286, RSMo, the bond guarantee tax credit created 58 pursuant to section 100.297, RSMo, and the disabled access tax credit created pursuant to section 59 135.490;

60 (12) "Training and educational tax credits", the community college new jobs tax credit 61 created pursuant to sections 178.892 to 178.896, RSMo, the skills development account tax 62 credit created pursuant to sections 620.1400 to 620.1460, RSMo, the mature worker tax credit created pursuant to section 620.1560, RSMo, and the sponsorship and mentoring tax credit 63 64 created pursuant to section 135.348.

135.950. The following terms, whenever used in sections 135.950 to 135.970 mean:

2 (1) "Blighted area", an area which, by reason of the predominance of defective or inadequate street layout, unsanitary or unsafe conditions, deterioration of site improvements, 3 4 improper subdivision or obsolete platting, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, retards the provision of 5 6 housing accommodations or constitutes an economic or social liability or a menace to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare in its present condition and use; 7

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(2) "Board", an enhanced enterprise zone board established pursuant to section 135.957; 9 (3) "Commencement of commercial operations" shall be deemed to occur during the first 10 taxable year for which the new business facility is first put into use by the taxpayer in the 11 enhanced business enterprise in which the taxpayer intends to use the new business facility;

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(4) "Department", the department of economic development;

13 (5) "Director", the director of the department of economic development;

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(6) "Employee", [a person employed by the enhanced business enterprise on:

15 (a) A regular, full-time basis;

(b) A part-time basis, provided such person is customarily performing such duties anaverage of at least twenty hours per week; or

- (c) A seasonal basis, provided such person performs such duties for at least eighty
 percent of the season customary for the position in which such person is employed] a person
 that is scheduled to work an average of at least thirty-five hours per week for a twelvemonth period;
- (7) "Enhanced business enterprise", an industry or one of a cluster of industries that iseither:
- (a) Identified by the department as critical to the state's economic security and growth;or

(b) Will have an impact on industry cluster development, as identified by the governing authority in its application for designation of an enhanced enterprise zone and approved by the department; but excluding gambling establishments (NAICS industry group 7132), retail trade (NAICS sectors 44 and 45) and food and drinking places (NAICS subsector 722). Service industries may be eligible only if a majority of its annual revenues will be derived from services provided out of the state;

(8) "Existing business facility", any facility in this state which was employed by the
taxpayer claiming the credit in the operation of an enhanced business enterprise immediately
prior to an expansion, acquisition, addition, or replacement;

(9) "Facility", any building used as an enhanced business enterprise located within an
enhanced enterprise zone, including the land on which the facility is located and all machinery,
equipment, and other real and depreciable tangible personal property acquired for use at and
located at or within such facility and used in connection with the operation of such facility;

39 (10) "Facility base employment", the greater of the number of full-time employees 40 located at the facility on the date of the notice of intent, or for the twelve-month period 41 prior to the date of the notice of intent, the average number of employees located at the 42 facility or in the event the project facility has not been in operation for a full twelve-month 43 period, the average number of employees for the number of months the facility has been 44 in operation prior to the date of the notice of intent;

(11) "Facility base payroll", the total amount of taxable wages paid by the enhanced business enterprise to employees of the enhanced business enterprise located at the facility in the twelve months prior to the notice of intent, not including the payroll of owners of the enhanced business enterprise unless the enhanced business enterprise is participating in an employee stock ownership plan. For the purposes of calculating the

50 benefits under this program, the amount of base payroll shall increase each year based on

51 the Consumer Price Index, or other comparable measure, as determined by the 52 department;

53 (12) "Governing authority", the body holding primary legislative authority over a county 54 or incorporated municipality;

55 [(11)] (13) "NAICS", the 1997 edition of the North American Industry Classification 56 System as prepared by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget. 57 Any NAICS sector, subsector, industry group or industry identified in this section shall include 58 its corresponding classification in subsequent federal industry classification systems;

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[(12)] (14) "New business facility", a facility that satisfies the following requirements: (a) Such facility is employed by the taxpayer in the operation of an enhanced business 60 61 enterprise. Such facility shall not be considered a new business facility in the hands of the 62 taxpayer if the taxpayer's only activity with respect to such facility is to lease it to another person 63 or persons. If the taxpayer employs only a portion of such facility in the operation of an enhanced business enterprise, and leases another portion of such facility to another person or 64 65 persons or does not otherwise use such other portions in the operation of an enhanced business 66 enterprise, the portion employed by the taxpayer in the operation of an enhanced business 67 enterprise shall be considered a new business facility, if the requirements of paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this subdivision are satisfied; 68

69 (b) Such facility is acquired by, or leased to, the taxpayer after December 31, 2004. A 70 facility shall be deemed to have been acquired by, or leased to, the taxpayer after December 31, 2004, if the transfer of title to the taxpayer, the transfer of possession pursuant to a binding 71 72 contract to transfer title to the taxpayer, or the commencement of the term of the lease to the 73 taxpayer occurs after December 31, 2004;

74 (c) If such facility was acquired by the taxpayer from another taxpayer and such facility was employed immediately prior to the acquisition by another taxpayer in the operation of an 75 76 enhanced business enterprise, the operation of the same or a substantially similar enhanced 77 business enterprise is not continued by the taxpayer at such facility; and

78 (d) Such facility is not a replacement business facility, as defined in subdivision [(16)] 79 (22) of this section;

80 [(13)] (15) "New business facility employee", an employee of the taxpayer in the 81 operation of a new business facility during the taxable year for which the credit allowed by 82 section 135.967 is claimed, except that truck drivers and rail and barge vehicle operators and 83 other operators of rolling stock for hire shall not constitute new business facility employees;

84 [(14)] (16) "New business facility investment", the value of real and depreciable tangible 85 personal property, acquired by the taxpayer as part of the new business facility, which is used by

the taxpayer in the operation of the new business facility, during the taxable year for which the 86

87 credit allowed by 135.967 is claimed, except that trucks, truck-trailers, truck semitrailers, rail vehicles, barge vehicles, aircraft and other rolling stock for hire, track, switches, barges, bridges, 88 89 tunnels, and rail yards and spurs shall not constitute new business facility investments. The total 90 value of such property during such taxable year shall be:

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(a) Its original cost if owned by the taxpayer; or

92 (b) Eight times the net annual rental rate, if leased by the taxpayer. The net annual rental 93 rate shall be the annual rental rate paid by the taxpayer less any annual rental rate received by the 94 taxpayer from subrentals. The new business facility investment shall be determined by dividing by twelve the sum of the total value of such property on the last business day of each calendar 95 month of the taxable year. If the new business facility is in operation for less than an entire 96 97 taxable year, the new business facility investment shall be determined by dividing the sum of the 98 total value of such property on the last business day of each full calendar month during the 99 portion of such taxable year during which the new business facility was in operation by the number of full calendar months during such period; 100

101 (17) "New job", the number of employees located at the facility that exceeds the 102 facility base employment less any decrease in the number of employees at related facilities below the related facility base employment. No job that was created prior to the date of 103 104 the notice of intent shall be deemed a new job;

105 (18) "Notice of intent", a form developed by the department, completed by the 106 enhanced business enterprise, and submitted to the department which states the enhanced 107 business enterprise's intent to hire new jobs and request benefits under this program;

108 (19) "Related facility", a facility operated by the enhanced business enterprise or 109 a related company located in this state that is directly related to the operations of the 110 project facility;

111

(20) "Related facility base employment", the greater of:

112 (a) The number of employees located at all related facilities on the date of the notice 113 of intent; or

114 (b) For the twelve-month period prior to the date of the notice of intent, the average 115 number of employees located at all related facilities of the enhanced business enterprise or 116 a related company located in this state;

117 (21) "Related taxpayer":

118 (a) A corporation, partnership, trust, or association controlled by the taxpayer;

119 (b) An individual, corporation, partnership, trust, or association in control of the 120 taxpayer; or

121 A corporation, partnership, trust or association controlled by an individual, (c) 122 corporation, partnership, trust or association in control of the taxpayer. "Control of a 123 corporation" shall mean ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing at least fifty 124 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote, "control of a 125 partnership or association" shall mean ownership of at least fifty percent of the capital or profits 126 interest in such partnership or association, and "control of a trust" shall mean ownership, directly 127 or indirectly, of at least fifty percent of the beneficial interest in the principal or income of such 128 trust; ownership shall be determined as provided in Section 318 of the Internal Revenue Code 129 of 1986, as amended;

[(16)] (22) "Replacement business facility", a facility otherwise described in subdivision (12) of this section, hereafter referred to in this subdivision as "new facility", which replaces another facility, hereafter referred to in this subdivision as "old facility", located within the state, which the taxpayer or a related taxpayer previously operated but discontinued operating on or before the close of the first taxable year for which the credit allowed by this section is claimed. A new facility shall be deemed to replace an old facility if the following conditions are met:

(a) The old facility was operated by the taxpayer or a related taxpayer during the
 taxpayer's or related taxpayer's taxable period immediately preceding the taxable year in which
 commencement of commercial operations occurs at the new facility; and

(b) The old facility was employed by the taxpayer or a related taxpayer in the operation
of an enhanced business enterprise and the taxpayer continues the operation of the same or
substantially similar enhanced business enterprise at the new facility.

142

143 Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this subdivision, a facility shall not be considered 144 a replacement business facility if the taxpayer's new business facility investment, as computed 145 in subdivision (14) of this section, in the new facility during the tax period for which the credits 146 allowed in section 135.967 are claimed exceed one million dollars and if the total number of 147 employees at the new facility exceeds the total number of employees at the old facility by at least 148 two;

[(17)] (23) "Same or substantially similar enhanced business enterprise", an enhanced business enterprise in which the nature of the products produced or sold, or activities conducted, are similar in character and use or are produced, sold, performed, or conducted in the same or similar manner as in another enhanced business enterprise.

135.967. 1. A taxpayer who establishes a new business facility may, upon approval by
the department, be allowed a credit, each tax year for up to ten tax years, in an amount
determined as set forth in this section, against the tax imposed by chapter 143, RSMo, excluding

4 withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo. No taxpayer shall receive
5 multiple ten-year periods for subsequent expansions at the same facility.

2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any taxpayer who establishes
a new business facility in an enhanced enterprise zone and is awarded state tax credits under this
section may not also receive tax credits under sections 135.100 to 135.150, sections 135.200 to
135.268, or section 135.535.

10

3. No credit shall be issued pursuant to this section unless:

(1) The number of new business facility employees engaged or maintained in
employment at the new business facility for the taxable year for which the credit is claimed
equals or exceeds two; and

14 (2) The new business facility investment for the taxable year for which the credit is 15 claimed equals or exceeds one hundred thousand dollars.

4. The annual amount of credits allowed for an approved enhanced business enterpriseshall be the lesser of:

(1) The annual amount authorized by the department for the enhanced business
 enterprise, which shall be limited to the projected state economic benefit, as determined by the
 department; or

21

(2) The sum calculated based upon the following:

(a) A credit of four hundred dollars for each new business facility employee employedwithin an enhanced enterprise zone;

(b) An additional credit of four hundred dollars for each new business facility employeewho is a resident of an enhanced enterprise zone;

(c) An additional credit of four hundred dollars for each new business facility employee
who is paid by the enhanced business enterprise a wage that exceeds the average wage paid
within the county in which the facility is located, as determined by the department; and

(d) A credit equal to two percent of new business facility investment within an enhancedenterprise zone.

5. Prior to January 1, 2007, in no event shall the department authorize more than four million dollars annually to be issued for all enhanced business enterprises. After December 31, 2006, in no event shall the department authorize more than seven million dollars annually to be issued for all enhanced business enterprises.

6. If a facility, which does not constitute a new business facility, is expanded by the taxpayer, the expansion shall be considered eligible for the credit allowed by this section if:

(1) The taxpayer's new business facility investment in the expansion during the tax
 period in which the credits allowed in this section are claimed exceeds one hundred thousand
 dollars and if the number of new business facility employees engaged or maintained in

- 40 employment at the expansion facility for the taxable year for which credit is claimed equals or
- 41 exceeds two, and the total number of employees at the facility after the expansion is at least two
- 42 greater than the total number of employees before the expansion; and
- 43 (2) The taxpayer's investment in the expansion and in the original facility prior to 44 expansion shall be determined in the manner provided in subdivision (12) of section 135.950.

45 7. The number of new business facility employees during any taxable year shall be determined by dividing by twelve the sum of the number of individuals employed on the last 46 47 business day of each month of such taxable year. If the new business facility is in operation for 48 less than the entire taxable year, the number of new business facility employees shall be 49 determined by dividing the sum of the number of individuals employed on the last business day of each full calendar month during the portion of such taxable year during which the new 50 51 business facility was in operation by the number of full calendar months during such period. For 52 the purpose of computing the credit allowed by this section in the case of a facility which 53 qualifies as a new business facility under subsection 6 of this section, and in the case of a new 54 business facility which satisfies the requirements of paragraph (c) of subdivision (12) of section 55 135.950, or subdivision [(16)] (22) of section 135.950, the number of new business facility 56 employees at such facility shall be reduced by the average number of individuals employed, computed as provided in this subsection, at the facility during the taxable year immediately 57 58 preceding the taxable year in which such expansion, acquisition, or replacement occurred and 59 shall further be reduced by the number of individuals employed by the taxpayer or related 60 taxpayer that was subsequently transferred to the new business facility from another Missouri 61 facility and for which credits authorized in this section are not being earned, whether such credits 62 are earned because of an expansion, acquisition, relocation, or the establishment of a new 63 facility.

8. In the case where a new business facility employee who is a resident of an enhanced enterprise zone for less than a twelve-month period is employed for less than a twelve-month period, the credits allowed by paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of subsection 4 of this section shall be determined by multiplying four hundred dollars by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of calendar days during the taxpayer's tax year for which such credits are claimed, in which the employee was a resident of an enhanced enterprise zone, and the denominator of which is three hundred sixty-five.

9. For the purpose of computing the credit allowed by this section in the case of a facility which qualifies as a new business facility pursuant to subsection 6 of this section, and in the case of a new business facility which satisfies the requirements of paragraph (c) of subdivision (12) of section 135.950 or subdivision [(16)] (22) of section 135.950, the amount of the taxpayer's new business facility investment in such facility shall be reduced by the average amount,

computed as provided in subdivision (12) of section 135.950 for new business facility 76 investment, of the investment of the taxpayer, or related taxpayer immediately preceding such 77 expansion or replacement or at the time of acquisition. Furthermore, the amount of the 78 79 taxpayer's new business facility investment shall also be reduced by the amount of investment 80 employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer which was subsequently transferred to the new business facility from another Missouri facility and for which credits authorized in this section 81 82 are not being earned, whether such credits are earned because of an expansion, acquisition, 83 relocation, or the establishment of a new facility.

10. For a taxpayer with flow-through tax treatment to its members, partners, or shareholders, the credit shall be allowed to members, partners, or shareholders in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of the taxpayer's tax period.

87 11. Credits may not be carried forward but shall be claimed for the taxable year during 88 which commencement of commercial operations occurs at such new business facility, and for 89 each of the nine succeeding taxable years for which the credit is issued. 12. Certificates of tax credit authorized by this section may be transferred, sold, or assigned by filing a notarized 90 91 endorsement thereof with the department that names the transferee, the amount of tax credit 92 transferred, and the value received for the credit, as well as any other information reasonably requested by the department. The sale price cannot be less than seventy-five percent of the par 93 94 value of such credits.

13. The director of revenue shall issue a refund to the taxpayer to the extent that theamount of credits allowed in this section exceeds the amount of the taxpayer's income tax.

97 14. Prior to the issuance of any tax credits, the department shall verify through the 98 department of revenue that the tax credit applicant does not owe any delinquent income, 99 sales, or use taxes, or interest or penalties on such taxes, and through the department of 100 insurance that the applicant does not owe any delinquent insurance taxes. Such 101 delinquency shall not affect the authorization of the application for such tax credits, except 102 that the amount of credits issued shall be reduced by the applicant's tax delinquency. If 103 the department of revenue or the department of insurance concludes that a taxpayer is 104 delinquent after June fifteenth but before July first of any year, and the application of tax 105 credits to such delinquency causes a tax deficiency on behalf of the taxpayer to arise, then 106 the taxpayer shall be granted thirty days to satisfy the deficiency in which interest, 107 penalties, and additions to tax shall be tolled. After applying all available credits towards 108 a tax delinquency, the administering agency shall notify the appropriate department, and 109 that department shall update the amount of outstanding delinquent tax owed by the 110 applicant. If any credits remain after satisfying all insurance, income, sales, and use tax

111 delinquencies, the remaining credits shall be issued to the applicant, subject to the 112 restrictions of other provisions of the law.

1. For eligible projects, the director of the department of economic 447.708. development, with notice to the directors of the departments of natural resources and revenue, 2 3 and subject to the other provisions of sections 447.700 to 447.718, may not create a new enterprise zone but may decide that a prospective operator of a facility being remedied and 4 renovated pursuant to sections 447.700 to 447.718 may receive the tax credits and exemptions 5 6 pursuant to sections 135.100 to 135.150, RSMo, and sections 135.200 to 135.257, RSMo. The 7 tax credits allowed pursuant to this subsection shall be used to offset the tax imposed by chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, or the 8 tax otherwise imposed by chapter 147, RSMo, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 148, 9 10 RSMo. For purposes of this subsection:

(1) For receipt of the ad valorem tax abatement pursuant to section 135.215, RSMo, the eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs. The city, or county if the eligible project is not located in a city, must provide ad valorem tax abatement of at least fifty percent for a period not less than ten years and not more than twenty-five years;

16 (2) For receipt of the income tax exemption pursuant to section 135.220, RSMo, and tax 17 credit for new or expanded business facilities pursuant to sections 135.100 to 135.150, and 18 135.225, RSMo, the eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which 19 supply at least twenty-five existing jobs, or combination thereof. For purposes of sections 20 447.700 to 447.718, the tax credits described in section 135.225, RSMo, are modified as follows: 21 the tax credit shall be four hundred dollars per employee per year, an additional four hundred 22 dollars per year for each employee exceeding the minimum employment thresholds of ten and 23 twenty-five jobs for new and existing businesses, respectively, an additional four hundred dollars 24 per year for each person who is "a person difficult to employ" as defined by section 135.240, 25 RSMo, and investment tax credits at the same amounts and levels as provided in subdivision (4) 26 of subsection 1 of section 135.225, RSMo;

(3) For eligibility to receive the income tax refund pursuant to section 135.245, RSMo,
the eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which supply at least
twenty-five existing jobs, or combination thereof, and otherwise comply with the provisions of
section 135.245, RSMo, for application and use of the refund and the eligibility requirements of
this section;

(4) The eligible project operates in compliance with applicable environmental laws and
 regulations, including permitting and registration requirements, of this state as well as the federal
 and local requirements;

(5) The eligible project operator shall file such reports as may be required by the director
 of economic development or the director's designee;

(6) The taxpayer may claim the state tax credits authorized by this subsection and the state income exemption for a period not in excess of ten consecutive tax years. For the purpose of this section, "taxpayer" means an individual proprietorship, partnership or corporation described in section 143.441 or 143.471, RSMo, who operates an eligible project. The director shall determine the number of years the taxpayer may claim the state tax credits and the state income exemption based on the projected net state economic benefits attributed to the eligible project;

44 (7) For the purpose of meeting the new job requirement prescribed in subdivisions (1), 45 (2) and (3) of this subsection, it shall be required that at least ten new jobs be created and 46 maintained during the taxpayer's tax period for which the credits are earned, in the case of an eligible project that does not replace a similar facility in Missouri. "New job" means a person 47 48 who was not previously employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer within the twelve-month 49 period immediately preceding the time the person was employed by that taxpayer to work at, or 50 in connection with, the eligible project on a full-time basis. "Full-time basis" means the 51 employee works an average of at least thirty-five hours per week during the taxpayer's tax period 52 for which the tax credits are earned. For the purposes of this section, "related taxpayer" has the 53 same meaning as defined in subdivision (9) of section 135.100, RSMo;

54 (8) For the purpose of meeting the existing job retention requirement, if the eligible project replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the 55 taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, it shall be required that at least 56 57 twenty-five existing jobs be retained at, and in connection with the eligible project, on a full-time basis during the taxpayer's tax period for which the credits are earned. "Retained job" means a 58 59 person who was previously employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer, at a facility similar to 60 the eligible project that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period 61 in which the tax credits are earned, within the tax period immediately preceding the time the 62 person was employed by the taxpayer to work at, or in connection with, the eligible project on 63 a full-time basis. "Full-time basis" means the employee works an average of at least thirty-five 64 hours per week during the taxpayer's tax period for which the tax credits are earned;

65 (9) In the case where an eligible project replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere 66 in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, the 67 owner and operator of the eligible project shall provide the director with a written statement 68 explaining the reason for discontinuing operations at the closed facility. The statement shall 69 include a comparison of the activities performed at the closed facility prior to the date the facility 70 ceased operating, to the activities performed at the eligible project, and a detailed account
71 describing the need and rationale for relocating to the eligible project. If the director finds the

relocation to the eligible project significantly impaired the economic stability of the area in which the closed facility was located, and that such move was detrimental to the overall economic development efforts of the state, the director may deny the taxpayer's request to claim tax benefits;

- 76 (10) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, for the purpose of this 77 section, the number of new jobs created and maintained, the number of existing jobs retained, 78 and the value of new qualified investment used at the eligible project during any tax year shall 79 be determined by dividing by twelve, in the case of jobs, the sum of the number of individuals 80 employed at the eligible project, or in the case of new qualified investment, the value of new 81 qualified investment used at the eligible project, on the last business day of each full calendar 82 month of the tax year. If the eligible project is in operation for less than the entire tax year, the number of new jobs created and maintained, the number of existing jobs retained, and the value 83 84 of new qualified investment created at the eligible project during any tax year shall be 85 determined by dividing the sum of the number of individuals employed at the eligible project, 86 or in the case of new qualified investment, the value of new qualified investment used at the 87 eligible project, on the last business day of each full calendar month during the portion of the tax year during which the eligible project was in operation, by the number of full calendar months 88 89 during such period;
- 90 (11) For the purpose of this section, "new qualified investment" means new business
 91 facility investment as defined and as determined in subdivision (7) of section 135.100, RSMo,
 92 which is used at and in connection with the eligible project. "New qualified investment" shall
 93 not include small tools, supplies and inventory. "Small tools" means tools that are portable and
 94 can be hand held.
- 2. The determination of the director of economic development pursuant to subsection
 1 of this section, shall not affect requirements for the prospective purchaser to obtain the
 approval of the granting of real property tax abatement by the municipal or county government
 where the eligible project is located.

99 3. (1) The director of the department of economic development, with the approval of 100 the director of the department of natural resources, may, in addition to the tax credits allowed 101 in subsection 1 of this section, grant a remediation tax credit to the applicant for up to one 102 hundred percent of the costs of materials, supplies, equipment, labor, professional engineering, 103 consulting and architectural fees, permitting fees and expenses, demolition, asbestos abatement, 104 and direct utility charges for performing the voluntary remediation activities for the preexisting 105 hazardous substance contamination and releases, including, but not limited to, the costs of 106 performing operation and maintenance of the remediation equipment at the property beyond the

107 year in which the systems and equipment are built and installed at the eligible project and the 108 costs of performing the voluntary remediation activities over a period not in excess of four tax years following the taxpayer's tax year in which the system and equipment were first put into use 109 110 at the eligible project, provided the remediation activities are the subject of a plan submitted to, 111 and approved by, the director of natural resources pursuant to sections 260.565 to 260.575, 112 RSMo. The tax credit may also include up to one hundred percent of the costs of 113 demolition that are not directly part of the remediation activities, provided that the 114 demolition is either on the property where the voluntary remediation activities are occurring or an adjacent property, the demolition is necessary to accomplish the planned 115 116 use of the facility where the remediation activities are occurring, and the demolition is part 117 of a redevelopment plan approved by the municipal or county government and the 118 department of economic development.

(2) [The director of the department of economic development, with the approval of the director of the department of natural resources, may, in addition to the tax credits otherwise allowed in this section, grant a demolition tax credit to the applicant for up to one hundred percent of the costs of demolition that are not part of the voluntary remediation activities, provided that the demolition is either on the property where the voluntary remediation activities are occurring or on any adjacent property, and that the demolition is part of a redevelopment plan approved by the municipal or county government and the department of economic development.

(3)] The amount of remediation [and demolition] tax credits issued shall be limited to
the least amount necessary to cause the project to occur, as determined by the director of the
department of economic development.

129 [(4)] (3) The director may, with the approval of the director of natural resources, extend 130 the tax credits allowed for performing voluntary remediation maintenance activities, in 131 increments of three-year periods, not to exceed five consecutive three-year periods. The tax 132 credits allowed in this subsection shall be used to offset the tax imposed by chapter 143, RSMo, 133 excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, or the tax otherwise 134 imposed by chapter 147, RSMo, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 148, RSMo. The 135 remediation [and demolition] tax credit may be taken in the same tax year in which the tax 136 credits are received or may be taken over a period not to exceed twenty years.

[(5)] (4) The project facility shall be projected to create at least ten new jobs or at least twenty-five retained jobs, or a combination thereof, as determined by the department of economic development, to be eligible for tax credits pursuant to this section.

[(6)] (5) No more than seventy-five percent of earned remediation tax credits may be
issued when the remediation costs were paid, and the remaining percentage may be issued when
the department of natural resources issues a "Letter of Completion" letter or covenant not to sue

143 following completion of the voluntary remediation activities. It shall not include any costs 144 associated with ongoing operational environmental compliance of the facility or remediation 145 costs arising out of spills, leaks, or other releases arising out of the ongoing business operations 146 of the facility.

147 4. In the exercise of the sound discretion of the director of the department of economic development or the director's designee, the tax credits and exemptions described in this section 148 149 may be terminated, suspended or revoked, if the eligible project fails to continue to meet the 150 conditions set forth in this section. In making such a determination, the director shall consider 151 the severity of the condition violation, actions taken to correct the violation, the frequency of any 152 condition violations and whether the actions exhibit a pattern of conduct by the eligible facility 153 owner and operator. The director shall also consider changes in general economic conditions and 154 the recommendation of the director of the department of natural resources, or his or her designee, 155 concerning the severity, scope, nature, frequency and extent of any violations of the 156 environmental compliance conditions. The taxpayer or person claiming the tax credits or 157 exemptions may appeal the decision regarding termination, suspension or revocation of any tax 158 credit or exemption in accordance with the procedures outlined in subsections 4 to 6 of section 159 135.250, RSMo. The director of the department of economic development shall notify the 160 directors of the departments of natural resources and revenue of the termination, suspension or 161 revocation of any tax credits as determined in this section or pursuant to the provisions of section 162 447.716.

5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no taxpayer shall earn the tax credits, exemptions or refund otherwise allowed in subdivisions (2), (3) and (4) of subsection 1 of this section and the tax credits otherwise allowed in section 135.110, RSMo, or the tax credits, exemptions and refund otherwise allowed in sections 135.215, 135.220, 135.225 and 135.245, RSMo, respectively, for the same facility for the same tax period.

168 6. The total amount of the tax credits allowed in subsection 1 of this section may not169 exceed the greater of:

170

(1) That portion of the taxpayer's income attributed to the eligible project; or

171 (2) One hundred percent of the total business' income tax if the eligible facility does not 172 replace a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax 173 period in which the tax credits are earned, and further provided the taxpayer does not operate any 174 other facilities besides the eligible project in Missouri; fifty percent of the total business' income 175 tax if the eligible facility replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the 176 end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the credits are earned, and further provided the taxpayer 177 does not operate any other facilities besides the eligible project in Missouri; or twenty-five 178 percent of the total business income if the taxpayer operates, in addition to the eligible facility,

179 any other facilities in Missouri. In no case shall a taxpayer operating more than one eligible 180 project in Missouri be allowed to offset more than twenty-five percent of the taxpayer's business 181 income in any tax period. That portion of the taxpayer's income attributed to the eligible project 182 as referenced in subdivision (1) of this subsection, for which the credits allowed in sections 183 135.110 and 135.225, RSMo, and subsection 3 of this section, may apply, shall be determined 184 in the same manner as prescribed in subdivision (6) of section 135.100, RSMo. That portion of 185 the taxpayer's franchise tax attributed to the eligible project for which the remediation tax credit 186 may offset, shall be determined in the same manner as prescribed in paragraph (a) of subdivision 187 (6) of section 135.100, RSMo.

188 7. Taxpayers claiming the state tax benefits allowed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of 189 subsection 1 of this section shall be required to file all applicable tax credit applications, forms 190 and schedules prescribed by the director during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the 191 tax period in which the eligible project was first put into use. Otherwise, the taxpayer's right to 192 claim such state tax benefits shall be forfeited. Unused business facility and enterprise zone tax 193 credits shall not be carried forward but shall be initially claimed for the tax period during which 194 the eligible project was first capable of being used, and during any applicable subsequent tax 195 periods.

8. Taxpayers claiming the remediation tax credit allowed in subsection 3 of this section shall be required to file all applicable tax credit applications, forms and schedules prescribed by the director during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the eligible project was first put into use, or during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the voluntary remediation activities were performed.

201 9. The recipient of remediation tax credits, for the purpose of this subsection referred to 202 as assignor, may assign, sell or transfer, in whole or in part, the remediation tax credit allowed 203 in subsection 3 of this section, to any other person, for the purpose of this subsection referred to 204 as assignee. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice to the director of 205 the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the assignee, the date the transfer is effective, 206 the assignee's name, address and the assignee's tax period and the amount of tax credits to be 207 transferred. The number of tax periods during which the assignee may subsequently claim the 208 tax credits shall not exceed twenty tax periods, less the number of tax periods the assignor 209 previously claimed the credits before the transfer occurred.

10. In the case where an operator and assignor of an eligible project has been certified to claim state tax benefits allowed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section, and sells or otherwise transfers title of the eligible project to another taxpayer or assignee who continues the same or substantially similar operations at the eligible project, the director shall allow the assignee to claim the credits for a period of time to be determined by the director; 215 except that, the total number of tax periods the tax credits may be earned by the assignor and the 216 assignee shall not exceed ten. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice 217 to the director of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the assignee, the date the 218 transfer is effective, the assignee's name, address, and the assignee's tax period, and the amount 219 of tax credits to be transferred. 220 11. For the purpose of the state tax benefits described in this section, in the case of a 221 corporation described in section 143.471, RSMo, or partnership, in computing Missouri's tax 222 liability, such state benefits shall be allowed to the following: 223 (1) The shareholders of the corporation described in section 143.471, RSMo; 224 (2) The partners of the partnership. 225 226 The credit provided in this subsection shall be apportioned to the entities described in 227 subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection in proportion to their share of ownership on the last 228 day of the taxpayer's tax period. 229 620.1878. For the purposes of sections 620.1875 to 620.1890, the following terms shall 230 mean: 231 (1) "Approval", a document submitted by the department to the qualified company 232 that states the benefits that may be provided by this program; 233 (2) "Average wage", the new payroll divided by the number of new jobs; 234 [(2)] (3) "Commencement of operations", the starting date for the qualified company's 235 first new employee, which must be no later than twelve months from the date of the [proposal] 236 approval; 237 [(3)] (4) "County average wage", the average wages in each county as determined by the 238 department for the most recently completed full calendar year. However, if the computed county 239 average wage is above the statewide average wage, the statewide average wage shall be deemed 240 the county average wage for such county for the purpose of determining eligibility. The 241 actual county average wage, and not the statewide average, shall be used for the purposes 242 of determining if a company qualifies for a wage bonus for meeting one hundred twenty 243 percent or one hundred forty percent of the county average wage. The department shall 244 publish the county average wage for each county at least annually. Notwithstanding this 245 subdivision to the contrary, for any qualified company that in conjunction with their 246 project is relocating employees from a Missouri county with a higher county average wage, 247 the company shall obtain the endorsement of the governing body of the community from 248 which jobs are being relocated, or the county average wage for their project shall be the 249 county average wage for the county from which employees are being relocated; 250 [(4)] (5) "Department", the Missouri department of economic development;

251 [(5)] (6) "Director", the director of the department of economic development;

[(6)] (7) "Employee", a person employed by a qualified company;

[(7) "Full-time equivalent employees", employees of the qualified company converted to reflect an equivalent of the number of full-time, year-round employees. The method for converting part-time and seasonal employees into an equivalent number of full-time, year-round employees shall be published in a rule promulgated by the department as authorized in section 620.1884;]

(8) "Full-time[, year-round] employee", an employee of the qualified company that
[works] is scheduled to work an average of at least thirty-five hours per week for a
twelve-month period, and one for which the qualified company offers health insurance and pays
at least fifty percent of such insurance premiums;

262 (9) "High-impact project", a qualified company that, within two years from 263 commencement of operations, creates one hundred or more new jobs;

(10) "Local incentives", the present value of the dollar amount of direct benefit received
by a qualified company for a project facility from one or more local political subdivisions, but
shall not include loans or other funds provided to the qualified company that must be repaid by
the qualified company to the political subdivision;

(11) "NAICS", the 1997 edition of the North American Industry Classification System
 as prepared by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget. Any
 NAICS sector, subsector, industry group or industry identified in this section shall include its
 corresponding classification in subsequent federal industry classification systems;

(12) "New direct local revenue", the present value of the dollar amount of direct net new tax revenues of the local political subdivisions likely to be produced by the project over a ten-year period as calculated by the department and net new utility revenues, provided the local incentives include a discount or other direct incentives from utilities owned or operated by the political subdivision;

(13) "New investment", the purchase or leasing of new tangible assets to be placed inoperation at the project facility, which will be directly related to the new jobs;

279 (14) "New job", the number of full-time, year-round employees located at the project 280 facility that exceeds the project facility base employment less any decrease in the number of 281 full-time equivalent employees at related facilities below the related facility base employment. 282 No job that was created prior to the date of the notice of intent shall be deemed a new job; 283 (15) "New payroll", [the amount of wages paid by a qualified company to employees in 284 new jobs] the amount of taxable wages of full-time employees, excluding owners, located 285 at the project facility that exceeds the project facility base payroll. If full-time employment 286 at related facilities is below the related facility base employment, any decrease in payroll

for full-time employees at the related facilities below the related facility base payroll shall
also be subtracted to determine new payroll;

(16) "Notice of intent", a form developed by the department, completed by the qualified
company and submitted to the department which states the qualified company's intent to hire new
jobs and request benefits under this program;

(17) "Percent of local incentives", the amount of local incentives divided by the amountof new direct local revenue;

(18) "Program", the Missouri quality jobs program provided in sections 620.1875 to
620.1890;

(19) "Project facility", the building used by a qualified company at which the new jobs
and new investment will be located. A project facility may include separate buildings that are
located within one mile of each other such that their purpose and operations are interrelated;

(20) "Project facility base employment", the greater of the number of full-time employees located at the project facility on the date of the notice of intent or for the twelve-month period prior to the date of the [proposal] notice of intent, the average number of full-time [equivalent] employees located at the project facility. In the event the project facility has not been in operation for a full twelve-month period, [project facility base employment is] the average number of full-time [equivalent] employees for the number of months the project facility has been in operation prior to the date of the [proposal] notice of intent;

306 (21) "Project facility base payroll", the total amount of taxable wages paid by the 307 qualified company to full-time employees of the qualified company located at the project 308 facility in the twelve months prior to the notice of intent, not including the payroll of 309 owners of the qualified company unless the qualified company is participating in an 310 employee stock ownership plan. For the purposes of calculating the benefits under this 311 program, the amount of base payroll shall increase each year based on the Consumer Price 312 Index, or other comparable measure, as determined by the department;

313 (22) "Project period", the time period that the benefits are provided to a qualified314 company;

[(22) "Proposal", a document submitted by the department to the qualified company that states the benefits that may be provided by this program. The effective date of such proposal cannot be prior to the commencement of operations. The proposal shall not offer benefits regarding any jobs created prior to its effective date unless the proposal is for a job retention project;]

(23) "Qualified company", a firm, partnership, joint venture, association, private or
 public corporation whether organized for profit or not, or headquarters of such entity registered
 to do business in Missouri that is the owner or operator of a project facility, offers health

- 323 insurance to all full-time employees of all facilities located in this state, and pays at least
- 324 fifty percent of such insurance premiums. For the purposes of sections 620.1875 to 620.1890,
- 325 the term "qualified company" shall not include:
- 326 (a) Gambling establishments (NAICS industry group 7132);
- 327 (b) Retail trade establishments (NAICS sectors 44 and 45);
- 328 (c) Food and drinking places (NAICS subsector 722);
- 329 (d) Utilities [regulated by the Missouri public service commission] services including
- 330 but not limited to electric, gas, water, sewer, cable, and telephone;
- 331 (e) Any company that is delinquent in the payment of any nonprotested taxes or any 332 other amounts due the state or federal government or any other political subdivision of this state; 333 [or]
- 334 (f) Any company that has filed for or has publicly announced its intention to file for 335 bankruptcy protection;
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- (g) Educational services (NAIC sector 61);
- 337 (h) Religious organizations (NAIC industry group 8131); or
- 338 (i) Public administration (NAIC sector 92);
- 339 (24) "Related company" means:
- 340 (a) A corporation, partnership, trust, or association controlled by the qualified company;
- 341 (b) An individual, corporation, partnership, trust, or association in control of the 342 qualified company; or

343 (c) Corporations, partnerships, trusts or associations controlled by an individual, 344 corporation, partnership, trust or association in control of the qualified company. As used in this 345 subdivision, ["]control of a corporation["] shall mean ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock 346 possessing at least fifty percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled 347 to vote, ["]control of a partnership or association["] shall mean ownership of at least fifty percent of the capital or profits interest in such partnership or association, ["]control of a trust["] shall 348 349 mean ownership, directly or indirectly, of at least fifty percent of the beneficial interest in the 350 principal or income of such trust, and ownership shall be determined as provided in Section 318 351 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

352 (25) "Related facility", a facility operated by the qualified company or a related company 353 located in this state that is directly related to the operations of the project facility;

354 (26) "Related facility base employment", the greater of the number of full-time 355 employees located at all related facilities on the date of the notice of intent or for the 356 twelve-month period prior to the date of the [proposal] **notice of intent**, the average number of 357 full-time [equivalent] employees located at all related facilities of the qualified company or a 358 related company located in this state;

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363 364 (27) "Related facility base payroll", the total amount of taxable wages paid by the qualified company to full-time employees of the qualified company located at a related facility in the twelve months prior to the filing of the notice of intent, not including the payroll of owners of the qualified company unless the qualified company is participating in an employee stock ownership plan. For the purposes of calculating the benefits under

this program, the amount of related facility base payroll shall increase each year based on

the consumer price index, or other comparable measure, as determined by the department;
(28) "Rural area", a county in Missouri with a population less than seventy-five thousand
or that does not contain an individual city with a population greater than fifty thousand according
to the most recent federal decennial census;

369 [(28)] (29) "Small and expanding business project", a qualified company that within two 370 years of the date of the [proposal] approval creates a minimum of twenty new jobs if the project 371 facility is located in a rural area or a minimum of forty new jobs if the project facility is not 372 located in a rural area and creates fewer than one hundred new jobs regardless of the location of 373 the project facility;

[(29)] (30) "Tax credits", tax credits issued by the department to offset the state income
taxes imposed by chapter 143 and 148, RSMo, or which may be sold or refunded as provided
for in this program;

[(30)] (31) "Technology business project", a qualified company that within two years of the date of the [proposal] **approval** creates a minimum of ten new jobs [with at least seventy-five percent of the new jobs directly involved] in the operations of a technology company as determined by a regulation promulgated by the department under the provisions of section 620.1884 and classified by NAICS codes;

[(31)] (32) "Withholding tax", the state tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265,
RSMo. For purposes of this program, the withholding tax shall be computed using a
schedule, as determined by the department based on average wages.

620.1881. 1. The department of economic development shall respond within thirty days to a company who provides a notice of intent with either [a proposal] an approval or a rejection 2 of the notice of intent. Failure to respond on behalf of the department of economic development 3 4 shall result in the notice of intent being deemed [a proposal] an approval for the purposes of this section. A qualified company who is provided [a proposal] an approval for a project shall be 5 allowed a benefit as provided in this program in the amount and duration provided in this 6 7 section. A qualified company may receive additional periods for subsequent new jobs at the 8 same facility after the full initial period if the minimum thresholds are met as set forth in sections 9 620.1875 to 620.1890. There is no limit on the number of periods a qualified company may 10 participate in the program, as long as the minimum thresholds are achieved and the qualified

company provides the department with the required reporting and is in proper compliance for this 11 program or other state programs. A qualified company may elect to file a notice of intent to start 12 a new project period concurrent with an existing project period if the minimum thresholds are 13 14 achieved and the qualified company provides the department with the required reporting and is in proper compliance for this program and other state programs; however, the qualified company 15 16 may not receive any further benefit under the original [proposal] **approval** for jobs created after 17 the date of the new notice of intent, and any jobs created before the new notice of intent may not 18 be included as new jobs for the purpose of benefit calculation in relation to the new [proposal] 19 approval.

20 2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any qualified company that is 21 awarded benefits under this program may not [also] simultaneously receive tax credits or 22 exemptions under sections 135.100 to 135.150, sections 135.200 to 135.286, section 135.535, 23 or sections 135.900 to 135.906, RSMo[, for the same new jobs at the project facility]. The 24 benefits available to the company under any other state programs for which the company is 25 eligible and which utilize withholding tax from the new jobs of the company must first be 26 credited to the other state program before the withholding retention level applicable under the 27 Missouri quality jobs act will begin to accrue. These other state programs include, but are not 28 limited to, the new jobs training program under sections 178.892 to 178.896, RSMo, the job 29 retention program under sections 178.760 to 178.764, RSMo, the real property tax increment 30 allocation redevelopment act, sections 99.800 to 99.865, RSMo, or the Missouri downtown and 31 rural economic stimulus act under sections 99.915 to 99.980, RSMo. If any qualified company 32 also participates in the new jobs training program in sections 178.892 to 178.896, RSMo, the 33 company shall retain no withholding tax, but the department shall issue a refundable tax credit 34 for the full amount of benefit allowed under this subdivision.

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3. The types of projects and the amount of benefits to be provided are:

36 (1) Small and expanding business projects: in exchange for the consideration provided 37 by the new tax revenues and other economic stimulus that will be generated by the new jobs 38 created by the program, a qualified company may retain an amount equal to the withholding tax 39 from the new jobs that would otherwise be withheld and remitted by the qualified company 40 under the provisions of sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, for a period of three years from the 41 date the required number of new jobs were created if the average wage of the new payroll equals 42 or exceeds the county average wage or for a period of five years from the date the required 43 number of new jobs were created if the average wage of the new payroll equals or exceeds one 44 hundred twenty percent of the county average wage;

45 (2) Technology business projects: in exchange for the consideration provided by the new
 46 tax revenues and other economic stimulus that will be generated by the new jobs created by the

program, a qualified company may retain an amount equal to a maximum of five percent of new 47 48 payroll for a period of five years from the date the required number of jobs were created from 49 the withholding tax of the new jobs that would otherwise be withheld and remitted by the 50 qualified company under the provisions of sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, if the average 51 wage of the new payroll equals or exceeds the county average wage. An additional one-half 52 percent of new payroll may be added to the five percent maximum if the average wage of the 53 new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred twenty percent of the county average wage in the 54 county in which the project facility is located, plus an additional one-half percent of new payroll 55 may be added if the average wage of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred forty 56 percent of the average wage in the county in which the project facility is located. The department shall issue a refundable tax credit for any difference between the amount of benefit allowed 57 58 under this subdivision and the amount of withholding tax retained by the company, in the event 59 the withholding tax is not sufficient to provide the entire amount of benefit due to the qualified 60 company under this subdivision. The calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credits that may be issued to any qualified company for a project or combination of projects is five hundred 61 62 thousand dollars;

63 (3) High impact projects: in exchange for the consideration provided by the new tax 64 revenues and other economic stimulus that will be generated by the new jobs created by the program, a qualified company may retain an amount from the withholding tax of the new jobs 65 66 that would otherwise be withheld and remitted by the qualified company under the provisions 67 of sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, equal to three percent of new payroll for a period of five years from the date the required number of jobs were created if the average wage of the new 68 69 payroll equals or exceeds the county average wage of the county in which the project facility is 70 located. The percentage of payroll allowed under this subdivision shall be three and one-half percent of new payroll if the average wage of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred 71 72 twenty percent of the county average wage in the county in which the project facility is located. 73 The percentage of payroll allowed under this subdivision shall be four percent of new payroll if 74 the average wage of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred forty percent of the county 75 average wage in the county in which the project facility is located. An additional one percent 76 of new payroll may be added to these percentages if local incentives equal between ten percent 77 and twenty-four percent of the new direct local revenue; an additional two percent of new payroll 78 is added to these percentages if the local incentives equal between twenty-five percent and 79 forty-nine percent of the new direct local revenue; or an additional three percent of payroll is 80 added to these percentages if the local incentives equal fifty percent or more of the new direct 81 local revenue. The department shall issue a refundable tax credit for any difference between the 82 amount of benefit allowed under this subdivision and the amount of withholding tax retained by

83 the company, in the event the withholding tax is not sufficient to provide the entire amount of 84 benefit due to the qualified company under this subdivision. The calendar year annual maximum 85 amount of tax credits that may be issued to any qualified company for a project or combination of projects is seven hundred fifty thousand dollars. The calendar year annual maximum amount 86 87 of tax credit that may be issued to any qualified company for a project or combination of projects 88 may be increased up to one million dollars if the number of new jobs will exceed five hundred 89 and if such action is proposed by the department and approved by the quality jobs advisory task 90 force established in section 620.1887; provided, however, until such time as the initial at-large 91 members of the quality jobs advisory task force are appointed, this determination shall be made by the director of the department of economic development. In considering such a request, the 92 93 task force shall rely on economic modeling and other information supplied by the department 94 when requesting the increased limit on behalf of the project;

95 (4) Job retention projects: a qualified company may receive a tax credit for the retention
96 of jobs in this state, provided the qualified company and the project meets all of the following
97 conditions:

(a) For each of the twenty-four months preceding the year in which application for the
program is made the qualified company must have maintained at least one thousand full-time[,
year-round] employees at the employer's site in the state at which the jobs are based, and the
average wage of such employees must meet or exceed the county average wage;

(b) The qualified company retained at the project facility the level of full-time[,
year-round] employees that existed in the taxable year immediately preceding the year in which
application for the program is made;

105 (c) The qualified company is considered to have a significant statewide effect on the 106 economy, and has been determined to represent a substantial risk of relocation from the state by 107 the quality jobs advisory task force established in section 620.1887; provided, however, until 108 such time as the initial at-large members of the quality jobs advisory task force are appointed, 109 this determination shall be made by the director of the department of economic development;

(d) The qualified company in the project facility will cause to be invested a minimum of seventy million dollars in new investment prior to the end of two years or will cause to be invested a minimum of thirty million dollars in new investment prior to the end of two years and maintain an annual payroll of at least seventy million dollars during each of the years for which a credit is claimed; and

(e) The local taxing entities shall provide local incentives of at least fifty percent of thenew direct local revenues created by the project over a ten-year period.

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118 The quality jobs advisory task force may recommend to the department of economic 119 development that appropriate penalties be applied to the company for violating the agreement. 120 The amount of the job retention credit granted may be equal to up to fifty percent of the amount 121 of withholding tax generated by the full-time[, year-round] jobs at the project facility for a period 122 of five years. The calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credit that may be issued to any 123 qualified company for a job retention project or combination of job retention projects shall be 124 seven hundred fifty thousand dollars per year, but the maximum amount may be increased up to 125 one million dollars if such action is proposed by the department and approved by the quality jobs 126 advisory task force established in section 620.1887; provided, however, until such time as the 127 initial at-large members of the quality jobs advisory task force are appointed, this determination 128 shall be made by the director of the department of economic development. In considering such 129 a request, the task force shall rely on economic modeling and other information supplied by the 130 department when requesting the increased limit on behalf of the job retention project. In no 131 event shall the total amount of all tax credits issued for the entire job retention program under 132 this subdivision exceed three million dollars annually. Notwithstanding the above, no tax credits 133 shall be issued for job retention projects approved by the department after August 30, 2007.

134 4. The qualified company shall provide an annual report of the number of jobs and such 135 other information as may be required by the department to document the basis for the benefits 136 of this program. The department may withhold the approval of any benefits until it is satisfied 137 that proper documentation has been provided, and shall reduce the benefits to reflect any 138 reduction in full-time, year-round employees or new payroll. Upon approval by the 139 department, the qualified company may begin the retention of the withholding taxes when 140 it reaches the minimum number of new jobs and the average wage exceeds the county 141 average wage. Tax credits, if any, may be issued upon satisfaction by the department that 142 the qualified company has exceeded the county average wage and the minimum number 143 of new jobs. In such annual report, if the average wage is below the county average wage, 144 the qualified company has not maintained the employee insurance as required, or if the 145 number of new jobs is below the minimum, the qualified company shall not receive tax 146 credits or retain the withholding tax for the balance of the benefit period. In the case of 147 a qualified company that initially filed a notice of intent and received an approval from the 148 department for high impact benefits, and the minimum number of new jobs in an annual 149 report is below the minimum for high impact projects, the company shall not receive tax 150 credits for the balance of the benefit period, but may continue to retain the withholding 151 taxes if it otherwise meets the requirements of a small and expanding business under this 152 program.

5. The maximum calendar year annual tax credits issued for the entire program shall not exceed [twelve] **twenty-four** million dollars. [Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the maximum annual tax credits authorized under section 135.535, RSMo, are hereby reduced from ten million dollars to eight million dollars, with the balance of two million dollars transferred to this program.] There shall be no limit on the amount of withholding taxes that may be retained by approved companies under this program.

159 6. The department shall allocate the annual tax credits based on the date of the [proposal] 160 approval, reserving such tax credits based on the department's best estimate of new jobs and new payroll of the project, and the other factors in the determination of benefits of this program. 161 162 However, the annual issuance of tax credits is subject to the annual verification of the actual new 163 payroll. The allocation of tax credits for the period assigned to a project shall expire if, within 164 two years from the date of commencement of operations, or [proposal] **approval** if applicable, the minimum thresholds have not been achieved. The qualified company may retain authorized 165 166 amounts from the withholding tax under this section once the minimum new jobs thresholds are 167 met for the duration of the project period. No benefits shall be provided under this program until 168 the qualified company meets the minimum new jobs thresholds. In the event the qualified 169 company does not meet the minimum new job threshold, the qualified company may submit a 170 new notice of intent or the department may provide a new [proposal] approval for a new project 171 of the qualified company at the project facility or other facilities.

172 7. For a qualified company with flow-through tax treatment to its members, partners, or
173 shareholders, the tax credit shall be allowed to members, partners, or shareholders in proportion
174 to their share of ownership on the last day of the qualified company's tax period.

175 8. Tax credits may be claimed against taxes otherwise imposed by chapters 143 and 148,
176 RSMo, and may not be carried forward but shall be claimed within one year of the close of the
177 taxable year for which they were issued.

9. Tax credits authorized by this section may be transferred, sold, or assigned by filing a notarized endorsement thereof with the department that names the transferee, the amount of tax credit transferred, and the value received for the credit, as well as any other information reasonably requested by the department.

182 10. Prior to the issuance of any tax credits, the department shall verify through the 183 department of revenue that the tax credit applicant does not owe any delinquent income, 184 sales, or use taxes, or interest or penalties on such taxes, and through the department of 185 insurance that the applicant does not owe any delinquent insurance taxes. Such 186 delinquency shall not affect the authorization of the application for such tax credits, except 187 that the amount of credits issued shall be reduced by the applicant's tax delinquency. If 188 the department of revenue or the department of insurance concludes that a taxpayer is

189 delinquent after June fifteenth but before July first of any year, and the application of tax 190 credits to such delinquency causes a tax deficiency on behalf of the taxpayer to arise, then 191 the taxpayer shall be granted thirty days to satisfy the deficiency in which interest, 192 penalties, and additions to tax shall be tolled. After applying all available credits towards 193 a tax delinquency, the administering agency shall notify the appropriate department, and 194 that department shall update the amount of outstanding delinquent tax owed by the 195 applicant. If any credits remain after satisfying all insurance, income, sales, and use tax 196 delinquencies, the remaining credits shall be issued to the applicant, subject to the 197 restrictions of other provisions of the law.

198 11. The director of revenue shall issue a refund to the qualified company to the extent
199 that the amount of credits allowed in this section exceeds the amount of the qualified company's
200 income tax.

[11.] **12.** An employee of a qualified company will receive full credit for the amount of tax withheld as provided in section 143.221, RSMo.

[12.] **13.** If any provision of sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 or application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or application of these sections which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end, the provisions of sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 are hereby declared severable.

620.1900. 1. The department of economic development may charge a fee to the recipient
of any tax credits issued by the department, in an amount up to two and one-half percent of the
amount of tax credits issued. The fee shall be paid by the recipient upon the issuance of the tax
credits. However, no fee shall be charged for the tax credits issued under section [135.460] **135.442**, RSMo, [or section 208.770, RSMo,] or under sections 32.100 to 32.125, RSMo[, if
issued for community services, crime prevention, education, job training, or physical
revitalization].

8 2. All fees received by the department of economic development under this section shall
9 be deposited solely to the credit of the economic development advancement fund, created under
10 subsection 3 of this section.

3. There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Economic Development Advancement Fund", which shall consist of money collected under this section. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund and shall approve disbursements from the fund in accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, RSMo. Upon appropriation, money in the fund shall be used solely for the administration of this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest andmoneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

4. Such fund shall consist of any fees charged under subsection 1 of this section, any gifts, contributions, grants, or bequests received from federal, private, or other sources, fees or administrative charges from private activity bond allocations, moneys transferred or paid to the department in return for goods or services provided by the department, and any appropriations to the fund.

5. At least fifty percent of the fees and other moneys deposited in the fund shall be appropriated for marketing, technical assistance, and training, contracts for specialized economic development services, and new initiatives and pilot programming to address economic trends. The remainder may be appropriated toward the costs of staffing and operating expenses for the program activities of the department of economic development, and for accountability functions.

[32.110. Any business firm which engages in the activities of providing 2 physical revitalization, economic development, job training or education for individuals, community services, or crime prevention in the state of Missouri 3 4 shall receive a tax credit as provided in section 32.115 if the director of the 5 department of economic development annually approves the proposal of the 6 business firm; except that, no proposal shall be approved which does not have the 7 endorsement of the agency of local government within the area in which the 8 business firm is engaging in such activities which has adopted an overall 9 community or neighborhood development plan that the proposal is consistent with such plan. The proposal shall set forth the program to be conducted, the 10 neighborhood area to be served, why the program is needed, the estimated 11 amount to be contributed to the program and the plans for implementing the 12 13 program. If, in the opinion of the director of the department of economic 14 development, a business firm's contribution can more consistently with the purposes of sections 32.100 to 32.125 be made through contributions to a 15 16 neighborhood organization as defined in subdivision (13) of section 32.105, tax 17 credits may be allowed as provided in section 32.115. The director of the 18 department of economic development is hereby authorized to promulgate rules and regulations for establishing criteria for evaluating such proposals by business 19 firms for approval or disapproval and for establishing priorities for approval or 20 disapproval of such proposals by business firms with the assistance and approval 21 22 of the director of the department of revenue. The total amount of tax credit 23 granted for programs approved pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125 shall not exceed fourteen million dollars in fiscal year 1999 and twenty-six million dollars 24 in fiscal year 2000, and any subsequent fiscal year, except as otherwise provided 25 26 for proposals approved pursuant to section 32.111, 32.112 or 32.117. All tax 27 credits authorized pursuant to the provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125 may 28 be used as a state match to secure additional federal funding.]

	[32.117. 1. Any business firm which engages in the activity of providing
2	a homeless assistance project for low-income persons in the state of Missouri
3	shall receive a tax credit as provided in section 32.115, if the division of
4	community development within the department of economic development
5	annually approves the proposal of the business firm. The proposal shall only be
6	approved if the project is located in a city with a population of four hundred
7	thousand or more inhabitants which is located in more than one county and which
8	serves a mix of rural and urban counties.
9	2. For purposes of this section "low-income persons" shall mean families
10	or persons with incomes of fifty percent or less of median income adjusted for
11	family size as allowed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development
12	(HUD) under section 8.
13	3. The purpose of a homeless assistance project shall be to serve
14	low-income families or persons who are experiencing economic crisis caused by
15	one or more of the following:
16	(1) Loss of employment;
17	(2) Medical disability or emergency;
18	(3) Loss or delay of some form of public assistance benefits;
19	(4) Natural disaster;
20	(5) Substantial change in household composition;
21	(6) Victimization by criminal activity;
22	(7) Illegal action by a landlord;
23	(8) Displacement by government or private action; or
24	(9) Some other condition which constitutes a hardship.
25	4. The amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty-five percent of the
26	value of the proposal benefits, which shall include one or more of the following
27	types of benefits to low-income persons in order to be eligible:
28	(1) Payment of rent or mortgage for not more than three months during
29	any twelve-month period;
30	(2) Payment to a landlord of a rent deposit or a security deposit for not
31	more than two months during any twelve-month period;
32	(3) Case management services which shall include support services such
33	as child care, education resource assistance, job resource assistance, counseling,
34	and resource and referral;
35	(4) Outreach services to low-income persons to prevent homelessness;
36	(5) Transitional housing facilities with support services.
37	5. The homeless assistance program shall give priority to the following
38	types of low-income families or individuals:
39	(1) Families with minor children who are in imminent danger of removal
40	from the family because of a lack of suitable housing accommodation;
41	(2) Single parent household;
42	(3) Other households with children;

43 (4) Households with a disabled household member or a household
44 member who is at least sixty-five years of age;

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(5) All other households.

6. The organization implementing a homeless assistance program pursuant to this section shall make annual reports identifying the goal of the program, the number of recipients served, the type of services rendered, and moneys expended to provide the program. The program report shall be submitted to the governor, speaker of the house of representatives and the president pro tem of the senate. These reports shall also be available to the general public upon request.

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7. For each of the fiscal years beginning on July 1, 1991, and July 1, 1992, one million dollars in tax credits may be allowed to be used for the homeless assistance pilot project, pursuant to this section.]

[32.120. The decision of the director of the department of economic development to approve or disapprove a proposal pursuant to section 32.110 shall be in writing, and if he approves the proposal, he shall state the maximum credit allowable to the business firm. A copy of the decision of the director of the department of economic development shall be transmitted to the director of revenue and to the governor.]

[135.460. 1. Section 135.460 and sections 620.1100 and 620.1103, RSMo, shall be known and may be cited as the "Youth Opportunities and Violence Prevention Act".

2. As used in this section, the term "taxpayer" shall include corporations as defined in section 143.441 or 143.471, RSMo, and individuals, individual proprietorships and partnerships.

7 3. A taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit against the tax otherwise due 8 pursuant to chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 9 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, chapter 147, RSMo, chapter 148, RSMo, or chapter 10 153, RSMo, in an amount equal to thirty percent for property contributions and fifty percent for monetary contributions of the amount such taxpayer contributed 11 12 to the programs described in subsection 5 of this section, not to exceed two 13 hundred thousand dollars per taxable year, per taxpayer; except as otherwise 14 provided in subdivision (5) of subsection 5 of this section. The department of 15 economic development shall prescribe the method for claiming the tax credits allowed in this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the 16 17 authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated 18 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo. All rulemaking authority 19 delegated prior to June 27, 1997, is of no force and effect and repealed; however, 20 nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the validity of any 21 rule filed or adopted prior to June 27, 1997, if such rule complied with the 22 provisions of chapter 536, RSMo. The provisions of this section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general
assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, including the ability to review, to delay
the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule or portion of a rule, are
subsequently held unconstitutional, then the purported grant of rulemaking
authority and any rule so proposed and contained in the order of rulemaking shall
be invalid and void.

4. The tax credits allowed by this section shall be claimed by the taxpayer
to offset the taxes that become due in the taxpayer's tax period in which the
contribution was made. Any tax credit not used in such tax period may be carried
over the next five succeeding tax periods.

5. The tax credit allowed by this section may only be claimed for monetary or property contributions to public or private programs authorized to participate pursuant to this section by the department of economic development and may be claimed for the development, establishment, implementation, operation, and expansion of the following activities and programs:

(1) An adopt-a-school program. Components of the adopt-a-school
program shall include donations for school activities, seminars, and functions;
school-business employment programs; and the donation of property and
equipment of the corporation to the school;

42 (2) Expansion of programs to encourage school dropouts to reenter and
 43 complete high school or to complete a graduate equivalency degree program;

44 (3) Employment programs. Such programs shall initially, but not
45 exclusively, target unemployed youth living in poverty and youth living in areas
46 with a high incidence of crime;

(4) New or existing youth clubs or associations;

48 (5) Employment/internship/apprenticeship programs in business or trades 49 for persons less than twenty years of age, in which case the tax credit claimed 50 pursuant to this section shall be equal to one-half of the amount paid to the intern 51 or apprentice in that tax year, except that such credit shall not exceed ten 52 thousand dollars per person;

(6) Mentor and role model programs;

(7) Drug and alcohol abuse prevention training programs for youth;

55 (8) Donation of property or equipment of the taxpayer to schools, 56 including schools which primarily educate children who have been expelled from 57 other schools, or donation of the same to municipalities, or not-for-profit 58 corporations or other not-for-profit organizations which offer programs dedicated 59 to youth violence prevention as authorized by the department;

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(9) Not-for-profit, private or public youth activity centers;

61 62 (10) Nonviolent conflict resolution and mediation programs;

(11) Youth outreach and counseling programs.

63 6. Any program authorized in subsection 5 of this section shall, at least
64 annually, submit a report to the department of economic development outlining
65 the purpose and objectives of such program, the number of youth served, the

66 specific activities provided pursuant to such program, the duration of such program and recorded youth attendance where applicable. 67

68 7. The department of economic development shall, at least annually 69 submit a report to the Missouri general assembly listing the organizations 70 participating, services offered and the number of youth served as the result of the implementation of this section. 71

8. The tax credit allowed by this section shall apply to all taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995.

9. For the purposes of the credits described in this section, in the case of a corporation described in section 143.471, RSMo, partnership, limited liability company described in section 347.015, RSMo, cooperative, marketing enterprise, or partnership, in computing Missouri's tax liability, such credits shall be allowed to the following:

(1) The shareholders of the corporation described in section 143.471, 80 **RSMo:**

(2) The partners of the partnership;

(3) The members of the limited liability company; and

(4) Individual members of the cooperative or marketing enterprise.

84 Such credits shall be apportioned to the entities described in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of 85 the taxpayer's tax period.] 86

[135.766. An eligible small business, as defined in Section 44 of the 2 Internal Revenue Code, shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due 3 pursuant to chapter 143, RSMo, not including sections 143.191 to 143.265, 4 RSMo, in an amount equal to any amount paid by the eligible small business to 5 the United States Small Business Administration as a guaranty fee pursuant to 6 obtaining Small Business Administration guaranteed financing and to programs 7 administered by the United States Department of Agriculture for rural 8 development or farm service agencies.]

[208.750. 1. Sections 208.750 to 208.775 shall be known and may be cited as the "Family Development Account Program".

2. For purposes of sections 208.750 to 208.775, the following terms mean:

(1) "Account holder", a person who is the owner of a family development account;

7 "Community-based organization", any religious or charitable (2)8 association formed pursuant to chapter 352, RSMo, that is approved by the 9 director of the department of economic development to implement the family development account program; 10

11 12 (3) "Department", the department of economic development;

(4) "Director", the director of the department of economic development;

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pursuant to section 208.760;

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(5) "Family development account", a financial instrument established

(6) "Family development account reserve fund", the fund created by an 15 16 approved community-based organization for the purposes of funding the costs 17 incurred in the administration of the program and for providing matching funds for moneys in family development accounts; 18 (7) "Federal poverty level", the most recent poverty income guidelines 19 20 published in the calendar year by the United States Department of Health and 21 Human Services; 22 (8) "Financial institution", any bank, trust company, savings bank, credit 23 union or savings and loan association as defined in chapter 362, 369 or 370, 24 RSMo, and with an office in Missouri which is approved by the director for 25 participation in the program; 26 "Program", the Missouri family development account program (9) 27 established in sections 208.750 to 208.775; 28 (10) "Program contributor", a person or entity who makes a contribution 29 to a family development account reserve fund and is not the account holder.] 30 [208.755. 1. There is hereby established within the department of 2 economic development a program to be known as the "Family Development 3 Account Program". The program shall provide eligible families and individuals 4 with an opportunity to establish special savings accounts for moneys which may 5 be used by such families and individuals for education, home ownership or small 6 business capitalization. 7 The department shall solicit proposals from community-based 2. 8 organizations seeking to administer the accounts on a not-for-profit basis. 9 Community-based organization proposals shall include: 10 (1) A requirement that the individual account holder or the family of an

10 (1) A requirement that the individual account holder of the family of an 11 account holder match the contributions of a community-based organization 12 member by contributing cash;

13 (2) A process for including account holders in decision making regarding
the investment of funds in the accounts;

(3) Specifications of the population or populations targeted for priorityparticipation in the program;

(4) A requirement that the individual account holder or the family of an account holder attend economic literacy seminars;

(5) A process for including economic literacy seminars in the familydevelopment account program; and

(6) A process for regular evaluation and review of family development
 accounts to ensure program compliance by account holders.

3. In reviewing the proposals of community-based organizations, the
department shall consider the following factors:

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(1) The not-for-profit status of such organization;

- 26 (2) The fiscal accountability of the community-based organization; 27 (3) The ability of the community-based organization to provide or raise 28 moneys for matching contributions; 29 (4) The ability of the community-based organization to establish and administer a reserve fund account which shall receive all contributions from 30 31 program contributors; and 32 (5) The significance and quality of proposed auxiliary services, including 33 economic literacy seminars, and their relationship to the goals of the family 34 development account program. 35 4. No more than twenty percent of all funds in the reserve fund account 36 may be used for administrative costs of the program in each of the first two years 37 of the program, and no more than fifteen percent of such funds may be used for administrative costs for any subsequent year. Funds deposited by account holders 38 39 shall not be used for administrative costs. 40 5. The department shall promulgate rules and regulations to implement 41 and administer the provisions of sections 208.750 to 208.775. No rule or portion 42 of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of sections 208.750 to 208.775 43 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions 44 of chapter 536, RSMo.] 45 [208.760. 1. A family or individual whose household income is less than 2 or equal to two hundred percent of the federal poverty level may open a family 3 development account for the purpose of accumulating and withdrawing moneys 4 for specified expenditures. The account holder may withdraw moneys from the 5 account on the approval of the community-based organization, without penalty, 6 for any of the following expenditures: 7 (1) Educational costs for any family member at an accredited institution 8 of higher education; 9 (2) Job training costs for any family member eighteen years of age or 10 older, at an accredited or licensed training program; (3) Purchase of a primary residence; 11 12 (4) Major repairs or improvements to a primary residence; or 13 (5) Start-up capitalization of a small business for any family member 14 eighteen years of age or older. 2. Financial institutions approved by the department shall be permitted 15 to establish family development accounts pursuant to sections 208.750 to 16 17 208.775. The financial institution shall certify to the department, on forms prescribed by the department and accompanied by any documentation required 18 19 by the department, that such accounts have been established pursuant to the 20 provisions of sections 208.750 to 208.775 and that deposits have been made on 21 behalf of the account holder. 22 3. A financial institution establishing a family development account 23
 - shall:

24 (1) Keep the account in the name of the account holder; 25 (2) Permit deposits to be made in the account by the following, subject to the indicated conditions: 26 27 (a) The account holder; or 28 (b) A community-based organization on behalf of the account holder. 29 Such a deposit may include moneys to match the account holder's deposits, up to 30 a three-to-one match rate; 31 (3) Require the account to earn at least the market rate of interest; and 32 (4) Permit the account holder to withdraw moneys from the account for 33 any of the purposes listed in subsection 1 of this section. 34 The total of all deposits by the account holder into a family 4. development account in a calendar year shall not exceed two thousand dollars. 35 The total balance in a family development account shall not exceed fifty thousand 36 37 dollars.] 38 [208.765. 1. Account holders who withdraw moneys from a family 2 development account not in accordance with subsection 1 of section 208.760 shall forfeit all matching moneys in the account. 3 2. All moneys forfeited by 4 an account holder pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall be returned to the 5 family development account reserve fund of the community-based organization. 6 In the event of an account holder's death, the account may be 3. 7 transferred to the ownership of a contingent beneficiary. An account holder shall name contingent beneficiaries at the time the account is established and may 8 9 change such beneficiaries at any time. If the named beneficiary is deceased or 10 otherwise cannot accept the transfer, the moneys shall be transferred to the family development account reserve fund of the community-based organization.] 11 12 [208.770. 1. Moneys deposited in or withdrawn pursuant to subsection 2 1 of section 208.760 from a family development account by an account holder are 3 exempted from taxation pursuant to chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding 4 tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, and chapter 147, 148 or 153, 5 RSMo, provided, however, that any money withdrawn for an unapproved use 6 should be subject to tax as required by law. 7 2. Interest earned by a family development account is exempted from 8 taxation pursuant to chapter 143, RSMo. 9 3. Any funds in a family development account, including accrued 10 interest, shall be disregarded when determining eligibility to receive, or the amount of, any public assistance or benefits. 11 12 4. A program contributor shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 13 14 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, and chapter 147, 148 or 153, RSMo, pursuant to 15 sections 208.750 to 208.775. Contributions up to fifty thousand dollars per

program contributor are eligible for the tax credit which shall not exceed fifty
 percent of the contribution amount.

18 5. The department of economic development shall verify all tax credit claims by contributors. The administrator of the community-based organization, 19 with the cooperation of the participating financial institutions, shall submit the 20 names of contributors and the total amount each contributor contributes to a 21 22 family development account reserve fund for the calendar year. The director 23 shall determine the date by which such information shall be submitted to the department by the local administrator. The department shall submit verification 24 25 of qualified tax credits pursuant to sections 208.750 to 208.775 to the department 26 of revenue.

27 6. The total tax credits authorized pursuant to sections 208.750 to
28 208.775 shall not exceed four million dollars in any fiscal year.]

[208.775. Subject to appropriations and to the provisions of chapter 34, RSMo, the department shall annually award up to one hundred thousand dollars for an independent evaluation of the program. Based on this program evaluation, the department shall provide a comprehensive report on the program to the speaker of the house and the president pro tem of the senate by March first of each year, beginning in 2000.]

[620.495. 1. This section shall be known as the "Small Business Incubators Act".

3 2. As used in this section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise,
the following words and phrases shall mean:

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(1) "Department", the department of economic development;

6 (2) "Incubator", a program in which small units of space may be leased 7 by a tenant and in which management maintains or provides access to business 8 development services for use by tenants or a program without infrastructure in 9 which participants avail themselves of business development services to assist 10 in the growth of their start-up small businesses;

(3) "Local sponsor" or "sponsor", an organization which enters into a
written agreement with the department to establish, operate and administer a
small business incubator program or to provide funding to an organization which
operates such a program;

(4) "Participant", a sole proprietorship, business partnership or
corporation operating a business for profit through which the owner avails
himself or herself of business development services in an incubator program;

(5) "Tenant", a sole proprietorship, business partnership or corporation
 operating a business for profit and leasing or otherwise occupying space in an
 incubator.

3. There is hereby established under the direction of the department a
loan, loan guarantee and grant program for the establishment, operation and

23 administration of small business incubators, to be known as the "Small Business 24 Incubator Program". A local sponsor may submit an application to the 25 department to obtain a loan, loan guarantee or grant to establish an incubator. 26 Each application shall: 27 (1) Demonstrate that a program exists that can be transformed into an incubator at a specified cost; 28 29 (2) Demonstrate the ability to directly provide or arrange for the 30 provision of business development services for tenants and participants of the incubator. These services shall include, but need not be limited to, financial 31 32 consulting assistance, management and marketing assistance, business education, 33 and physical services; 34 (3) Demonstrate a potential for sustained use of the incubator program by eligible tenants and participants, through a market study or other means; 35 (4) Demonstrate the ability to manage and operate the incubator program; 36 (5) Include such other information as the department may require through 37 38 its guidelines. 39 4. The department shall review and accept applications based on the 40 following criteria: 41 (1) Ability of the local sponsor to carry out the provisions of this section; (2) Economic impact of the incubator on the community; 42 43 (3) Conformance with areawide and local economic development plans, 44 if such exist: 45 (4) Location of the incubator, in order to encourage geographic 46 distribution of incubators across the state. 47 5. Loans, loan guarantees and grants shall be administered in the 48 following manner: 49 (1) Loans awarded or guaranteed and grants awarded shall be used only 50 for the acquisition and leasing of land and existing buildings, the rehabilitation of buildings or other facilities, construction of new facilities, the purchase of 51 52 equipment and furnishings which are necessary for the creation and operation of the incubator, and business development services including, but not limited to, 53 54 business management advising and business education; 55 (2) Loans, loan guarantees and grants may not exceed fifty percent of 56 total eligible project costs; (3) Payment of interest and principal on loans may be deferred at the 57 58 discretion of the department. 59 6. A local sponsor, or the organization receiving assistance through the 60 local sponsor, shall have the following responsibilities and duties in establishing and operating an incubator with assistance from the small business incubator 61 62 program: 63 (1) Secure title on a facility for the program or a lease of a facility for the 64 program;

65	(2) Manage the physical development of the incubator program,
66	including the provision of common conference or meeting space;
67	(3) Furnish and equip the program to provide business services to the
68	tenants and participants;
69	(4) Market the program and secure eligible tenants and participants;
70	(5) Provide financial consulting, marketing and management assistance
70	services or arrange for the provision of these services for tenants and participants
72	of the incubator, including assistance in accessing private financial markets;
73	(6) Set rental and service fees;
73 74	(7) Encourage the sharing of ideas between tenants and participants and
75	otherwise aid the tenants and participants in an innovative manner while they are
76	within the incubator;
77	(8) Establish policies and criteria for the acceptance of tenants and
78	participants into the incubator and for the termination of occupancy of tenants so
79	as to maximize the opportunity to succeed for the greatest number of tenants,
80	consistent with those specified in this section.
81	7. The department:
82	(1) May adopt such rules, statements of policy, procedures, forms and
83	guidelines as may be necessary for the implementation of this section;
84	(2) May make loans, loan guarantees and grants to local sponsors for
85	incubators;
86	(3) Shall ensure that local sponsors receiving loans, loan guarantees or
87	grants meet the conditions of this section;
88	(4) Shall receive and evaluate annual reports from local sponsors. Such
89	annual reports shall include, but need not be limited to, a financial statement for
90	the incubator, evidence that all tenants and participants in the program are
91	eligible under the terms of this section, and a list of companies in the incubator.
92	8. The department of economic development is also hereby authorized
93	to review any previous loans made under this program and, where appropriate in
94	the department's judgment, convert such loans to grant status.
95	9. On or before January first of each year, the department shall provide
96	a report to the governor, the chief clerk of the house of representatives and the
97	secretary of the senate which shall include, but need not be limited to:
98	(1) The number of applications for incubators submitted to the
99	department;
100	(2) The number of applications for incubators approved by the
101	department;
102	(3) The number of incubators created through the small business
103	incubator program;
104	(4) The number of tenants and participants engaged in each incubator;
105	(5) The number of jobs provided by each incubator and tenants and
106	participant of each incubator;
107	(6) The occupancy rate of each incubator;

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108 (7) The number of firms still operating in the state after leaving 109 incubators and the number of jobs they have provided.

110 10. There is hereby established in the state treasury a special fund to be 111 known as the "Missouri Small Business Incubators Fund", which shall consist of 112 all moneys which may be appropriated to it by the general assembly, and also any gifts, contributions, grants or bequests received from federal, private or other 113 sources. Moneys for loans, loan guarantees and grants under the small business 114 incubator program may be obtained from appropriations made by the general 115 assembly from the Missouri small business incubators fund. Any moneys 116 117 remaining in the Missouri small business incubators fund at the end of any fiscal 118 year shall not lapse to the general revenue fund, as provided in section 33.080, 119 RSMo, but shall remain in the Missouri small business incubators fund.

11. For any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1989, a taxpayer 120 121 shall be entitled to a tax credit against any tax otherwise due under the provisions of chapter 143, RSMo, or chapter 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, excluding 122 123 withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, in the amount 124 of fifty percent of any amount contributed by the taxpayer to the Missouri small 125 business incubators fund during the taxpayer's tax year or any contribution by the 126 taxpayer to a local sponsor after the local sponsor's application has been accepted and approved by the department. The tax credit allowed by this subsection shall 127 be claimed by the taxpayer at the time he files his return and shall be applied 128 against the income tax liability imposed by chapter 143, RSMo, or chapter 147, 129 RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, after all other credits provided by law have been 130 131 applied. That portion of earned tax credits which exceeds the taxpayer's tax 132 liability may be carried forward for up to five years. The aggregate of all tax credits authorized under this section shall not exceed five hundred thousand 133 134 dollars in any taxable year.

135 12. Notwithstanding any provision of Missouri law to the contrary, any 136 taxpayer may sell, assign, exchange, convey or otherwise transfer tax credits 137 allowed in subsection 11 of this section under the terms and conditions 138 prescribed in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. Such taxpayer, 139 hereinafter the assignor for the purpose of this subsection, may sell, assign, 140 exchange or otherwise transfer earned tax credits:

141 (1) For no less than seventy-five percent of the par value of such credits;142 and

143 (2) In an amount not to exceed one hundred percent of annual earned144 credits.

The taxpayer acquiring earned credits, hereinafter the assignee for the purpose of
this subsection, may use the acquired credits to offset up to one hundred percent
of the tax liabilities otherwise imposed by chapter 143, RSMo, or chapter 147,
RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections
143.191 to 143.265, RSMo. Unused credits in the hands of the assignee may be

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151 carried forward for up to five years. The assignor shall enter into a written agreement with the assignee establishing the terms and conditions of the 152 agreement and shall perfect such transfer by notifying the department of 153 154 economic development in writing within thirty calendar days following the effective day of the transfer and shall provide any information as may be required 155 by the department of economic development to administer and carry out the 156 The director of the department of economic provisions of this section. 157 development shall prescribe the method for submitting applications for claiming 158 the tax credit allowed under subsection 11 of this section and shall, if the 159 160 application is approved, certify to the director of revenue that the taxpayer 161 claiming the credit has satisfied all the requirements specified in this section and is eligible to claim the credit.] 162

[620.1100. 1. The "Youth Opportunities and Violence Prevention 2 Program" is hereby established in the division of community and economic 3 development of the department of economic development to broaden and 4 strengthen opportunities for positive development and participation in community 5 life for youth, and to discourage such persons from engaging in criminal and 6 violent behavior. For the purposes of section 135.460, RSMo, this section and 7 section 620.1103, the term "advisory committee" shall mean an advisory 8 committee to the division of community and economic development established 9 pursuant to this section composed of ten members of the public. The ten 10 members of the advisory committee shall include members of the private sector 11 with expertise in youth programs, and at least one person under the age of twenty-one. Such members shall be appointed for two-year terms by the director 12 13 of the department of economic development.

2. The "Youth Opportunities and Violence Prevention Fund" is hereby 14 15 established in the state treasury and shall be administered by the department of economic development. The department may accept for deposit into the fund any 16 17 grants, bequests, gifts, devises, contributions, appropriations, federal funds, and any other funds from whatever source derived. Moneys in the fund shall be used 18 19 solely for purposes provided in section 135.460, RSMo, this section and section 20 620.1103. Any unexpended balance in the fund at the end of a fiscal year shall be exempt from the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, relating to the transfer 21 22 of unexpended balances to the general revenue fund.

23 3. The department of economic development in conjunction with the 24 advisory committee shall establish program criteria and evaluation methods for tax credits claimed pursuant to section 135.460, RSMo. Such criteria and 25 26 evaluation methods shall measure program effectiveness and outcomes, and shall give priority to local, neighborhood, community-based programs. 27 The 28 department shall monitor and evaluate all programs funded pursuant to section 29 135.460, RSMo, this section and section 620.1103. Such programs shall provide 30 a priority for applications from areas of the state which have statistically higher 42

incidence of crime, violence and poverty and such programs shall be funded
 before the programs which have applied from areas which do not exhibit crime,
 violence, and poverty to the same degree. The committee shall focus and support
 specific programs designed to generate self-esteem and a positive self-reliance
 in youth and which abate youth violence.

4. The department shall develop and operate a database which lists all
participating and related programs. The database shall include indexes and cross
references and shall be accessible by the public by computer-modem connection.
The division of data processing and telecommunications of the office of
administration and the department of economic development shall cooperate with
the advisory committee in the development and operation of the program.]

[620.1103. 1. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the 2 department may in its discretion assign moneys from the youth opportunities and 3 violence prevention fund to any entity designated by the department, for 4 programs designated in section 135.460, RSMo, section 620.1100 and this 5 section, including, but not limited to, schools, state agencies, political 6 subdivisions and agencies thereof, not-for-profit corporations or not-for-profit 7 organizations, the Missouri youth conservation corps, community action 8 agencies, caring community programs, or any other entity or program such as any 9 early childhood program, including, but not limited to, the parents as teachers 10 program or similar programs; provided that, such assignment of funds does not exceed fifteen percent of the total value of the fund, and provided further that no 11 12 more than ten percent of such funds assigned shall be used for administrative 13 purposes.

14 2. Any entity receiving funds pursuant to the youth opportunities and violence prevention act shall sign an agreement to utilize such funds for the 15 programs designated in section 135.460, RSMo, section 620.1100 and this 16 17 section. The state auditor may conduct an audit to monitor the utilization of 18 funds assigned by the department. If an entity uses funds for purposes other than 19 for the programs designated in section 135.460, RSMo, section 620.1100 and this 20 section, the department shall require the entity to repay such funds to the 21 department.]

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