

COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH
OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 0478-02
Bill No.: HCS for HB 40, 116, and 367
Subject: Health Care; Insurance - Medical; Nursing and Boarding Homes
Type: Original
Date: February 8, 2007

Bill Summary: Would increase the income tax deductibility of long-term care insurance premiums and establish a long-term care public-private partnership program.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010
General Revenue	(Approximately \$2,880,000)	(Approximately \$2,880,000)	(Approximately \$2,880,000)
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund	(Approximately \$2,880,000)	(Approximately \$2,880,000)	(Approximately \$2,880,000)

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other</u> State Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.
This fiscal note contains 6 pages.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	0	0	0

☐ Estimated Total Net Effect on All funds expected to exceed \$100,000 savings or (cost).

☒ Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund expected to exceed \$100,000 (cost).

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Officials from the **University of Missouri, Economic Policy and Research Center** stated that they were unable to estimate the fiscal impact of a previous version of this proposal.

In response to a similar proposal (HB 367 LR 1234-01) officials from the **Office of Administration, Division of Budget and Planning** (BAP) assumed the proposal would have no fiscal impact to their organization. Further, BAP stated that the proposal would double the deduction for long-term care insurance premiums from 50% to 100% of premium amounts. BAP estimates this proposal will reduce general and total state revenues by \$2.7 million.

Officials from the **Department of Health and Senior Services** and the **Department of Social Services** assume the proposal would have no fiscal impact to their organizations.

In response to a previous version of the proposal, officials from the **Office of the Secretary of State** (SOS) stated that many bills considered by the General Assembly include provisions allowing or requiring agencies to submit rules and regulations to implement the act. SOS is provided with core funding to handle a certain amount of normal activity resulting from each year's legislative session. The fiscal impact for this fiscal note to SOS for Administrative Rules is less than \$2,500. SOS recognizes that this is a small amount and does not expect that additional funding would be required to meet these costs. However, we also recognize that many such bills may be passed by the General Assembly in a given year and that collectively the costs may be in excess of what our office can sustain with our core budget. Therefore, we reserve the right to request funding for the cost of supporting administrative rules requirements should the need arise based on a review of the finally approved bills signed by the governor.

Officials from the **Department of Revenue** assumed a previous version of this proposal would have no fiscal impact on their organization.

According to the Department of Revenue's Tax Credit Analysis for the Long Term Care Tax Credit (Deduction), \$64 million in deductions were claimed in Fiscal Year 2006. Couple this with a 4.5% marginal tax rate, and General Revenue was reduced by \$2,880,000 from the 50% deduction.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

Oversight assumes that General Revenue Fund tax revenues would be reduced an additional \$2,880,000 if the deduction was increased from 50% to 100%. Since the new deduction rate would be effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, Oversight assumes a full year's worth of deductions would apply in FY 2008.

Oversight is not able to estimate the potential for revenue reductions as a result of additional taxpayers filing returns who would not have filed a tax return under existing conditions, and Oversight is not able to determine the potential for revenue reductions due to the impact of this proposal on the existing Circuit Breaker and Homestead Exemption provisions.

Officials from the **Department of Insurance, Finance Institutions, and Professional Registration** (DIFP), stated that a previous version of this proposal would implement the "Missouri Long-Term Care Partnership Act". A long-term care (LTC) partnership program is a public-private program that coordinates qualified LTC insurance with Medicaid spend-down rules. The proposed legislation requires the Department of Insurance, Financial and Professional Regulation, and the Department of Social Services to coordinate and draft a State Plan Amendment and implement the described program.

The proposal would require the director to promulgate rules to implement applicable provisions of a qualified state long term care partnership, and to report to the legislature each year on the status of the program, including its overall success, number of policies and insured persons. DIFP assumed the proposed legislation would create the need for 1.0 FTE Insurance Product Analyst II. This analyst would focus on all LTC contracts, in addition to those required to be pre-certified for compliance with the Partnership Program as described in this legislation. The analyst would also track LTC rates, draft a report for the department to present to the legislature, and coordinate with other state agencies in the Partnership Program. DIFP stated that additional actuarial assistance may be needed as the evaluation and development of the program progresses.

Approximately 100 insurers may be required to submit amendments to their policies to comply with legislation. Policy amendments are submitted to the department for review along with a \$50 filing fee. One-time additional revenues to the Insurance Dedicated Fund are estimated to be \$0 - \$5,000.

DIFP submitted a cost estimate to implement this program including the additional FTE and related equipment and expense totaling \$42,683 for FY 2008, \$50,020 for FY 2009, and \$51,288 for FY 2010.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

Oversight assumes that any fiscal impact to the Department of Insurance, Finance Institutions, and Professional Registration, and the Department of Social Services would be minimal and could be absorbed with existing resources. Because of the uncertainty as to potential policy revisions which might be required for insurance carriers to comply with the proposal's requirements, the revenues have not been included in this fiscal note.

This legislation would reduce Total State Revenue.

<u>FISCAL IMPACT - State Government</u>	FY 2008 (10 Mo.)	FY 2009	FY 2010
-----------------------------------------	---------------------	---------	---------

GENERAL REVENUE FUND

<u>Loss – Decreased Income Tax Receipts</u> from increasing the long-term care insurance premium deduction from 50% to 100%	(Approximately \$2,880,000)	(Approximately \$2,880,000)	(Approximately \$2,880,000)
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------------------------

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND	(Approximately \$2,880,000)	(Approximately \$2,880,000)	(Approximately \$2,880,000)
---------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------------------------

<u>FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government</u>	FY 2008 (10 Mo.)	FY 2009	FY 2010
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

This proposal could have a positive fiscal impact to small businesses which sell long-term care insurance policies.

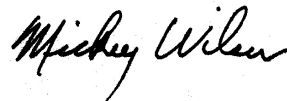
FISCAL DESCRIPTION

The proposal would allow Missouri residents to deduct from their taxable income 100% of all non-reimbursed amounts paid for long-term care insurance premiums.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Office of the Secretary of State
Department of Health and Senior Services
Department of Insurance, Finance Institutions, and Professional Registration
Department of Revenue
Department of Social Services
University of Missouri
Economic Policy and Research Center



Mickey Wilson, CPA
Director
February 8, 2007