## FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

#### SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# SENATE BILL NOS. 199 & 207

### 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Ways and Means April 26, 2007 with recommendation that House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 199 & 207 Do Pass. Referred to the Committee on Rules pursuant to Rule 25(21)(f).

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

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### **ANACT**

To repeal sections 144.062 and 155.010, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to transportation tax exemptions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

- Section A. Sections 144.062 and 155.010, RSMo, are repealed and five new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 142.814, 142.817, 144.062, 155.010, and 1, to 3 read as follows:
  - 142.814. 1. Motor fuel sold to be used to operate school buses to transport students to or from school or to transport students to or from any place for educational purposes is exempt from the fuel tax imposed by this chapter. As used in this section, "school buses" shall have the same meaning as in subdivision (19) of section 302.010, RSMo.
- 2. The department shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently

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held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

142.817. Motor fuel sold to be used to operate public mass transportation service by a city transit authority, a city utilities board, or an interstate transportation authority, 2 as such terms are defined in section 94.600, RSMo, a city, or an agency receiving funding from either the Federal Transit Administration's urban or nonurban formula transit 5 programs is exempt from the fuel tax imposed by this chapter. The department shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 10 11 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or 12 to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 13 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be 14 invalid and void.

- 144.062. 1. With respect to exempt sales at retail of tangible personal property and materials for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for:
  - (1) A county, other political subdivision or instrumentality thereof exempt from taxation under subdivision (10) of section 39 of article III of the Constitution of Missouri; or
- (2) An organization sales to which are exempt from taxation under the provisions of subdivision (19) of subsection 2 of section 144.030; or
- (3) Any institution of higher education supported by public funds or any private not-for-profit institution of higher education, exempt from taxation under subdivision (20) of subsection 2 of section 144.030; or
- (4) Any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school exempt from taxation under subdivision (22) of subsection 2 of section 144.030; or
- (5) After June 30, 2008, the department of transportation or the state highways and transportation commission,

hereinafter collectively referred to as exempt entities, such exemptions shall be allowed for such purchases if the purchases are related to the entities' exempt functions and activities. In addition, the sales shall not be rendered nonexempt nor shall any material supplier or contractor be obligated to pay, collect or remit sales tax with respect to such purchases made by or on behalf of an exempt entity due to such purchases being billed to or paid for by a contractor or the exempt entity contracting with any entity to render any services in relation to such purchases,

20 including but not limited to selection of materials, ordering, pickup, delivery, approval on

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- delivery, taking of delivery, transportation, storage, assumption of risk of loss to materials or 22 providing warranties on materials as specified by contract, use of materials or other purchases for construction of the building or other facility, providing labor, management services, 24 administrative services, design or technical services or advice to the exempt entity, whether or 25 not the contractor or other entity exercises dominion or control in any other manner over the 26 materials in conjunction with services or labor provided to the exempt entity.
  - 2. When any exempt entity contracts for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities, and purchases of tangible personal property and materials to be incorporated into or consumed in the construction of the project are to be made on a tax-exempt basis, such entity shall furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate authorizing such purchases for the construction, repair or remodeling project. The form and content of such project exemption certificate shall be approved by the director of revenue. The project exemption certificate shall include but not be limited to:
  - (1) The exempt entity's name, address, Missouri tax identification number and signature of authorized representative;
    - (2) The project location, description, and unique identification number;
  - (3) The date the contract is entered into, which is the earliest date materials may be purchased for the project on a tax-exempt basis;
    - (4) The estimated project completion date; and
    - (5) The certificate expiration date.

subject to audit by the director of revenue.

- Such certificate is renewable for a given project at the option of the exempt entity, only for the purpose of revising the certificate expiration date as necessary to complete the project.
- 3. The contractor shall furnish the certificate prescribed in subsection 2 of this section to all subcontractors, and any contractor purchasing materials shall present such certificate to all material suppliers as authorization to purchase, on behalf of the exempt entity, all tangible personal property and materials to be incorporated into or consumed in the construction of that project and no other on a tax-exempt basis. Such suppliers shall execute to the purchasing contractor invoices bearing the name of the exempt entity and the project identification number. 48 Nothing in this section shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the exempt entity. All invoices for all personal property and materials purchased under a project exemption certificate shall be retained by the purchasing contractor for a period of five years and shall be
  - 4. Any excess resalable tangible personal property or materials which were purchased for the project by a contractor under a project exemption certificate but which were not incorporated into or consumed in the construction of the project shall either be returned to the

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supplier for credit or the appropriate sales or use tax on such excess property or materials shall be reported on a return and paid by such contractor not later than the due date of the contractor's Missouri sales or use tax return following the month in which it was determined that the materials were not to be used in the project.

- 5. No contractor or material supplier shall, upon audit, be required to pay tax on tangible personal property and materials incorporated into or consumed in the construction of the project, due to the failure of the exempt entity to revise the certificate expiration date as necessary to complete any work required by the contract. If it is determined that tax is owed on such property and materials due to the failure of the exempt entity to revise such certificate expiration date, the exempt entity shall be liable for the tax owed.
- 6. If an entity issues exemption certificates for the purchase of tangible personal property and materials which are incorporated into or consumed in the construction of its project and such entity is found not to have had the authority granted by this section to issue such exemption certificates, then such entity shall be liable for the tax owed on such personal property and materials. In addition, if an entity which does have the authority granted by this section to issue exemption certificates issues such certificates for the purchase of tangible personal property and materials which are incorporated into or consumed in the construction of a project, or part of a project, which is found not to be related to such entity's exempt functions and activities, then such entity shall be liable for the tax owed on such personal property and materials.

155.010. As used in this chapter, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Aircraft", any contrivance now known, or hereafter invented, used or designed for navigation of, or flight in, the air;
- (2) "Airline company", any person, firm, partnership, corporation, trustee, receiver or assignee, and all other persons, whether or not in a representative capacity, undertaking to engage in the carriage of persons or cargo for hire by commercial aircraft pursuant to certificates of convenience and necessity issued by the federal Civil Aeronautics Board, or successor thereof, or any noncertificated air carrier authorized to engage in irregular and infrequent air transportation by the federal Civil Aeronautics Board, or successor thereof;
- 10 (3) "Aviation fuel", any fuel specifically compounded for use in reciprocating aircraft engines;
- 12 (4) "Commercial aircraft", aircraft fully equipped for flight and of more than [seven] 13 **three** thousand **five hundred** pounds maximum certified gross take-off weight.
  - Section 1. 1. Notwithstanding any rule or law to the contrary, the department of revenue shall promulgate a uniform and simplified rule for all motor fuel tax exemptions.

    This uniform and simplified rule shall preempt all similar existing rules, shall minimize,
  - 4 if applicable, the time between requesting a refund and receiving a refund, and shall

5 ensure that any document and administrative burdens be kept to a minimum and be 6 shared equitably by the fuel wholesaler or fuel retailer and the tax exempt entity.

2. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly under chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

