## FIRST REGULAR SESSION [CORRECTED] HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE NO. 2 FOR SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 333

## 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Health Care Policy May 7, 2007 with recommendation that House Committee Substitute No. 2 for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 333 Do Pass. Referred to the Committee on Rules pursuant to Rule 25(21)(f).

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

#### 1511L.07C

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 58.451, 58.720, 192.667, 192.745, 192.925, 194.210, 194.220, 194.230, 194.233, 194.240, 194.250, 194.260, 194.270, 194.280, 194.290, 194.304, 197.500, 198.006, 198.070, 198.090, 198.097, 198.532, 199.001, 199.003, 199.007, 199.009, 199.010, 199.029, 199.031, 199.037, 199.039, 199.041, 199.043, 199.051, 208.909, 208.912, 208.915, 210.900, 210.906, 210.933, 302.171, 304.028, 559.100, 565.180, 565.182, 565.184, 565.188, 565.200, 570.145, 660.010, 660.050, 660.053, 660.054, 660.055, 660.057, 660.058, 660.060, 660.062, 660.067, 660.069, 660.070, 660.099, 660.250, 660.255, 660.260, 660.261, 660.263, 660.265, 660.270, 660.275, 660.280, 660.285, 660.290, 660.295, 660.300, 660.305, 660.310, 660.315, 660.317, 660.320, 660.321, 660.400, 660.403, 660.403, 660.407, 660.409, 660.411, 660.414, 660.416, 660.418, 660.420, 660.512, 660.620, 660.625, 660.600, 660.603, 660.605, and 660.608, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one hundred twenty-one new sections relating to the department of health and senior services, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 58.451, 58.720, 192.667, 192.745, 192.925, 194.210, 194.220, 2 194.230, 194.233, 194.240, 194.250, 194.260, 194.270, 194.280, 194.290, 194.304, 197.500,

3 198.006, 198.070, 198.090, 198.097, 198.532, 199.001, 199.003, 199.007, 199.009, 199.010,

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

199.029, 199.031, 199.037, 199.039, 199.041, 199.043, 199.051, 208.909, 208.912, 208.915, 4 210.900, 210.906, 210.933, 302.171, 304.028, 559.100, 565.180, 565.182, 565.184, 565.188, 5 565.200, 570.145, 660.010, 660.050, 660.053, 660.054, 660.055, 660.057, 660.058, 660.060, 6 660.062, 660.067, 660.069, 660.070, 660.099, 660.250, 660.255, 660.260, 660.261, 660.263, 7 660.265, 660.270, 660.275, 660.280, 660.285, 660.290, 660.295, 660.300, 660.305, 660.310, 8 660.315, 660.317, 660.320, 660.321, 660.400, 660.403, 660.405, 660.407, 660.409, 660.411, 9 660.414, 660.416, 660.418, 660.420, 660.512, 660.620, 660.625, 660.600, 660.603, 660.605, and 10 11 660.608, RSMo, are repealed and one hundred twenty-one new sections enacted in lieu thereof, 12 to be known as sections 58.451, 58.720, 58.775, 58.780, 58.785, 192.632, 192.667, 192.745, 192.925, 192.2000, 192.2001, 192.2003, 192.2006, 192.2009, 192.2012, 192.2015, 192.2025, 13 14 192.2030, 192.2033, 192.2035, 192.2040, 192.2100, 192.2103, 192.2106, 192.2109, 192.2112, 15 192.2115, 192.2118, 192.2121, 192.2124, 192.2127, 192.2130, 192.2150, 192.2153, 192.2175, 192.2178, 192.2181, 192.2184, 192.2187, 192.2200, 192.2203, 192.2206, 192.2209, 192.2212, 16 17 192.2215, 192.2218, 192.2221, 192.2224, 192.2227, 192.2250, 192.2253, 194.210, 194.215, 194.220, 194.225, 194.230, 194.235, 194.240, 194.245, 194.250, 194.255, 194.260, 194.263, 18 19 194.265, 194.270, 194.275, 194.280, 194.285, 194.290, 194.292, 194.293, 194.294, 194.304, 20 197.551, 197.554, 197.557, 197.560, 197.563, 197.566, 197.569, 197.572, 197.575, 197.578, 21 197.581, 197.584, 197.587, 198.006, 198.090, 198.097, 198.532, 198.700, 198.703, 198.705, 22 198.708, 199.001, 199.003, 199.007, 199.009, 199.010, 199.029, 199.031, 199.037, 199.039, 23 199.041, 199.043, 199.051, 208.909, 210.900, 210.906, 302.171, 304.028, 559.100, 565.180, 565.182, 565.184, 565.188, 565.200, 565.320, 570.145, 620.510, and 660.010, to read as 24 25 follows:

58.451. 1. When any person, in any county in which a coroner is required by section 2 58.010, dies and there is reasonable ground to believe that such person died as a result of:

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(1) Violence by homicide, suicide, or accident;

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(2) Criminal abortions, including those self-induced;

5 (3) Some unforeseen sudden occurrence and the deceased had not been attended by a
6 physician during the thirty-six-hour period preceding the death;

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(4) In any unusual or suspicious manner;

8 (5) Any injury or illness while in the custody of the law or while an inmate in a public 9 institution; the police, sheriff, law enforcement officer or official, or any person having 10 knowledge of such a death shall immediately notify the coroner of the known facts concerning 11 the time, place, manner and circumstances of the death. Immediately upon receipt of 12 notification, the coroner or [his] deputy **coroner** shall take charge of the dead body and fully 13 investigate the essential facts concerning the medical causes of death, including whether by the 14 act of man, and the manner of death. [He] **The coroner or deputy coroner** may take the names

and addresses of witnesses to the death and shall file this information in [his] the coroner's office. The coroner or [his] deputy coroner shall take possession of all property of value found on the body, making exact inventory of such property on [his] the report and shall direct the return of such property to the person entitled to its custody or possession. The coroner or [his] deputy coroner shall take possession of any object or article which, in [his] the coroner or the deputy coroner's opinion, may be useful in establishing the cause of death, and deliver it to the prosecuting attorney of the county.

22 2. When a death occurs outside a licensed health care facility, the first licensed medical 23 professional or law enforcement official learning of such death shall contact the county coroner. 24 Immediately upon receipt of such notification, the coroner or the coroner's deputy shall make the 25 determination if further investigation is necessary, based on information provided by the 26 individual contacting the coroner, and immediately advise such individual of the coroner's 27 intentions.

28 3. Upon taking charge of the dead body and before moving the body the coroner shall 29 notify the police department of any city in which the dead body is found, or if the dead body is 30 found in the unincorporated area of a county governed by the provisions of sections 58.451 to 31 58.457, the coroner shall notify the county sheriff [and] or the highway patrol and cause the body 32 to remain unmoved until the police department, sheriff or the highway patrol has inspected the 33 body and the surrounding circumstances and carefully noted the appearance, the condition and 34 position of the body and recorded every fact and circumstance tending to show the cause and 35 manner of death, with the names and addresses of all known witnesses, and shall subscribe the same and make such record a part of [his] the coroner's report. 36

4. In any case of sudden, violent or suspicious death after which the body was buried
without any investigation or autopsy, the coroner, upon being advised of such facts, may at [his]
the coroner's own discretion request that the prosecuting attorney apply for a court order
requiring the body to be exhumed.

5. The coroner shall certify the cause of death in any case under [his] the coroner'scharge when a physician is unavailable to sign a certificate of death.

43 6. When the cause of death is established by the coroner, [he] the coroner shall file a
44 copy of [his] the coroner's findings in [his] the coroner's office within thirty days.

45 7. If on view of the dead body and after personal inquiry into the cause and manner of 46 death, the coroner determines that a further examination is necessary in the public interest, the 47 coroner on [his] **the coroner's** own authority may make or cause to be made an autopsy on the 48 body. The coroner may on [his] **the coroner's** own authority employ the services of a 49 pathologist, chemist, or other expert to aid in the examination of the body or of substances 50 supposed to have caused or contributed to death, and if the pathologist, chemist, or other expert

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51 is not already employed by the city or county for the discharge of such services, [he] the 52 pathologist, chemist, or other expert shall, upon written authorization of the coroner, be 53 allowed reasonable compensation, payable by the city or county, in the manner provided in 54 section 58.530. The coroner shall, at the time of the autopsy, record or cause to be recorded each 55 fact and circumstance tending to show the condition of the body and the cause and manner of 56 death.

8. If on view of the dead body and after personal inquiry into the cause and manner of death, the coroner considers a further inquiry and examination necessary in the public interest, [he] **the coroner** shall make out [his] **the coroner's** warrant directed to the sheriff of the city or county requiring [him] **the sheriff** forthwith to summon six good and lawful citizens of the county to appear before the coroner, at the time and place expressed in the warrant, and to inquire how and by whom the deceased [came to his death] **died**.

9. (1) When a person is being transferred from one county to another county for medical treatment and such person dies while being transferred, or dies while being treated in the emergency room of the receiving facility the [county] place from which the person is first removed shall be considered the place of death and the county coroner or medical examiner of the county from which the person was being transferred shall be responsible for the Missouri certificate of death and for investigating the cause and manner of the death. [If]

69 (2) The coroner or medical examiner in the county in which the person [died believes 70 that further investigation is warranted and a postmortem examination is needed, such coroner or 71 medical examiner shall have the right to further investigate and perform the postmortem 72 examination] is determined to be dead may with authorization of the coroner or medical 73 examiner from the transferring county, investigate and conduct postmortem examinations 74 at the expense of [such] the coroner or medical examiner [and shall be] from the transferring 75 county. The coroner or medical examiner from the transferring county shall be responsible 76 for the **Missouri** certificate of death and for investigating the cause and manner of the death. 77 [Such] The coroner or medical examiner, from the county where a person is determined to 78 be dead shall immediately notify the coroner or medical examiner of the county from which the 79 person was being transferred of the death of such person [and after an investigation is completed 80 shall notify such coroner or medical examiner of his findings], and shall make available 81 information and records necessary for investigation of the death.

(3) If a person does not die while being transferred and is institutionalized as a regularly
admitted patient after such transfer and subsequently dies while in such institution, the coroner
or medical examiner of the county in which the person [dies] is determined to be dead shall
immediately notify the coroner or medical examiner of the county from which such person was

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transferred of the death of such person. In such cases, the county in which the deceased wasinstitutionalized shall be considered the place of death.

(4) In the cases of death by homicide, suicide, accident, criminal abortion including
 those that are self-induced, child fatality, or any unusual or suspicious manner, the
 investigation of the cause and manner of death shall revert to the county of origin, and the
 coroner or medical examiner shall be responsible for the Missouri certificate of death.

92 (5) There shall not be any statute of limitations or time limits on the cause of death 93 when death is the final result or determined to be caused by homicide, suicide, accident, 94 child fatality, criminal abortion including those self-induced, or any unusual or suspicious 95 manner. The place of death shall be the place in which the person is determined to be 96 dead. The final investigation of death in determining the cause and matter of death shall 97 revert to the county of origin, and the coroner or medical examiner of such county shall be 98 responsible for the Missouri certificate of death.

99 10. Except as provided in subsection 9 of this section, if a person dies in one county and
100 [his] the body is subsequently transferred to another county, or into the state of Missouri, for
101 burial or other reasons, the county coroner or medical examiner where the death occurred shall
102 be responsible for the certificate of death and for investigating the cause and manner of the death.

103 11. In performing [his] the duties of the office, the coroner or medical examiner shall
104 make reasonable efforts to accommodate organ or tissue donation.

58.720. 1. When any person dies within a county having a medical examiner as a result

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- (1) Violence by homicide, suicide, or accident;
- (2) Thermal, chemical, electrical, or radiation injury;
- (3) Criminal abortions, including those self-induced;
- 6 (4) Disease thought to be of a hazardous and contagious nature or which might constitute 7 a threat to public health; or when any person dies:

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(a) Suddenly when in apparent good health;

- 9 (b) When unattended by a physician, chiropractor, or an accredited Christian Science 10 practitioner, during the period of thirty-six hours immediately preceding his death;
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- (c) While in the custody of the law, or while an inmate in a public institution;
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- (d) In any unusual or suspicious manner;
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the police, sheriff, law enforcement officer or official, or any person having knowledge of such
a death shall immediately notify the office of the medical examiner of the known facts
concerning the time, place, manner and circumstances of the death.

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Immediately upon receipt of notification, the medical examiner or his designated assistant shall 18 19 take charge of the dead body and fully investigate the essential facts concerning the medical 20 causes of death. He may take the names and addresses of witnesses to the death and shall file 21 this information in his office. The medical examiner or his designated assistant shall take 22 possession of all property of value found on the body, making exact inventory thereof on his 23 report and shall direct the return of such property to the person entitled to its custody or possession. The medical examiner or his designated assistant examiner shall take possession of 24 25 any object or article which, in his opinion, may be useful in establishing the cause of death, and 26 deliver it to the prosecuting attorney of the county.

27 2. When a death occurs outside a licensed health care facility, the first licensed medical 28 professional or law enforcement official learning of such death shall contact the county medical 29 examiner. Immediately upon receipt of such notification, the medical examiner or the medical 30 examiner's deputy shall make a determination if further investigation is necessary, based on 31 information provided by the individual contacting the medical examiner, and immediately advise 32 such individual of the medical examiner's intentions.

33 3. In any case of sudden, violent or suspicious death after which the body was buried
34 without any investigation or autopsy, the medical examiner, upon being advised of such facts,
35 may at his own discretion request that the prosecuting attorney apply for a court order requiring
36 the body to be exhumed.

4. The medical examiner shall certify the cause of death in any case where death
occurred without medical attendance or where an attending physician refuses to sign a certificate
of death, and may sign a certificate of death in the case of any death.

5. When the cause of death is established by the medical examiner, he shall file a copyof his findings in his office within thirty days after notification of the death.

6. (1) When a person is being transferred from one county to another county for medical treatment and such person dies while being transferred, or dies while being treated in the emergency room of the receiving facility, the [county] place from which the person is first removed shall be considered the place of death and the county coroner or medical examiner of the county from which the person was being transferred shall be responsible for the Missouri certificate of death and for investigating the cause and manner of the death. [If]

(2) The coroner or medical examiner in the county in which the person [died believes that further investigation is warranted and a postmortem examination is needed, such coroner or medical examiner shall have the right to further investigate and perform the postmortem examination] is determined to be dead may, with authorization of the coroner or medical examiner from the transferring county, investigate and conduct postmortem examinations at the expense of [such] the coroner or medical examiner [and shall be] from the transferring

54 county. The coroner or medical examiner from the transferring county, shall be 55 responsible for the Missouri certificate of death and for investigating the cause and manner of 56 the death. [Such] The coroner or medical examiner, from the county where a person is 57 determined to be dead shall immediately notify the coroner or medical examiner of the county 58 from which the person was being transferred of the death of such person [and after an 59 investigation is completed shall notify such coroner or medical examiner of his findings.], and 60 shall make available information and records necessary for investigation of the death.

61 (3) If a person does not die while being transferred and is institutionalized as a regularly 62 admitted patient after such transfer and subsequently dies while in such institution, the coroner 63 or medical examiner of the county in which the person [dies] is determined to be dead shall 64 immediately notify the coroner or medical examiner of the county from which such person was 65 transferred of the death of such person. In such cases, the county in which the deceased was 66 institutionalized shall be considered the place of death.

(4) In the cases of death by homicide, suicide, accident, criminal abortion including
those that are self-induced, child fatality, or any unusual or suspicious manner, the
investigation of the cause and manner of death shall revert to the county of origin, and the
coroner or medical examiner shall be responsible for the Missouri certificate of death.

(5) There shall not be any statute of limitations or time limits on the cause of death when death is the final result or determined to be caused by homicide, suicide, accident, child fatality, criminal abortion including those self-induced, or any unusual or suspicious manner. The place of death shall be the place in which the person is determined to be dead. The final investigation of death in determining the cause and matter of death shall revert to the county of origin, and the coroner or medical examiner of such county shall be responsible for the Missouri certificate of death.

78 7. Except as provided in subsection 6 of this section, if a person dies in one county and 79 [his] **the** body is subsequently transferred to another county, **for burial or other reasons** the 80 county coroner or medical examiner where the death occurred shall be responsible for the 81 certificate of death and for investigating the cause and manner of the death.

8. In performing his duties, the coroner or medical examiner shall [make reasonable
efforts to accommodate organ donation] comply with sections 58.775 to 58.785 with respect
to organ donation.

58.775. For the purpose of sections 58.775 to 58.785, the definitions in section 2 194.210 are applicable.

58.780. 1. A coroner or medical examiner shall cooperate with a procurement organization to maximize the opportunity to recover anatomical gifts for the purpose of transplantation, therapy, research, or education.

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4 2. If a coroner or medical examiner receives notice from a procurement 5 organization that an anatomical gift might be available or was made with respect to a 6 decedent whose body is under the jurisdiction of the coroner or medical examiner and a 7 post-mortem examination is going to be performed, unless the coroner or medical examiner 8 denies recovery in accordance with section 58.785, the coroner or medical examiner or 9 designee shall conduct a post-mortem examination of the body or the part in a manner and 10 within a time period compatible with its preservation for the purposes of the gift.

11 3. A part may not be removed from the body of a decedent under the jurisdiction 12 of a coroner or medical examiner for transplantation, therapy, research, or education 13 unless the part is the subject of an anatomical gift. The body of a decedent under the 14 jurisdiction of the coroner or medical examiner may not be delivered to a person for 15 research or education unless the body is the subject of an anatomical gift. This subsection does not preclude a coroner or medical examiner from performing the medicolegal 16 17 investigation upon the body or parts of a decedent under the jurisdiction of the coroner or medical examiner. 18

58.785. 1. Upon request of a procurement organization, a coroner or medical examiner shall release to the procurement organization the name, contact information, and 2 available medical and social history of a decedent whose body is under the jurisdiction of 3 4 the coroner or medical examiner. If the decedent's body or part is medically suitable for transplantation, therapy, research, or education, the coroner or medical examiner shall 5 release post-mortem examination results to the procurement organization. 6 The procurement organization may make a subsequent disclosure of the post-mortem 7 8 examination results or other information received from the corner or medical examiner 9 only if relevant to transplantation or therapy.

2. The coroner or medical examiner may conduct a medicolegal examination by reviewing all medical records, laboratory test results, x-rays, other diagnostic results, and other information that any person possesses about a prospective donor or a donor whose body is under the jurisdiction of the coroner or medical examiner which the coroner or medical examiner determines may be relevant to the investigation.

3. A person that has any information requested by a coroner or medical examiner under subsection 2 of this section shall provide that information as expeditiously as possible to allow the coroner or medical examiner to conduct the medicolegal investigation within a period compatible with the preservation of parts for purposes of transplantation, therapy, research, or education.

4. If an anatomical gift has been or might be made of a part of a decedent whose
body is under the jurisdiction of the coroner or medical examiner and a post-mortem

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examination is not required, or the coroner or medical examiner determines that a post-22

23 mortem examination is required but that the recovery of the part that is the subject of an anatomical gift will not interfere with the examination, the coroner or medical examiner 24 25 and procurement organization shall cooperate in the timely removal of the part from the 26 decedent for purposes of transplantation, therapy, research, or education.

27 5. If an anatomical gift of a part from the decedent under the jurisdiction of the 28 coroner or medical examiner has been or might be made, but the coroner or medical 29 examiner initially believes that the recovery of the part could interfere with the post-30 mortem investigation into the decedent's cause or manner of death, the coroner or medical 31 examiner shall consult with the procurement organization or physician or technician 32 designated by the procurement organization about the proposed recovery. After 33 consultation, the coroner or medical examiner may allow recovery.

34 6. Following the consultation under subsection 5 of this section, in the absence of 35 mutually agreed upon protocols to resolve conflict between the coroner or medical examiner and the procurement organization, if the coroner or medical examiner intends 36 37 to deny recovery, the coroner or medical examiner or designee, at the request of the 38 procurement organization, shall attend the removal procedure for the part before making 39 a final determination not to allow the procurement organization to recover the part. 40 During the removal procedure, the coroner or medical examiner or designee may allow 41 recovery by the procurement organization to proceed, or, if the coroner or medical examiner or designee reasonably believes that the part may be involved in determining the 42 decedent's cause or manner of death, deny recovery by the procurement organization. 43

44 7. If the coroner or medical examiner or designee denies recovery under subsection 45 6 of this section, the coroner or medical examiner or designee shall:

(1) Explain in a record the specific reasons for not allowing recovery of the part; 46 47 (2) Include the specific reasons in the records of the coroner or medical examiner; 48 and

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(3) Provide a record with the specific reasons to the procurement organization.

50 8. If the coroner or medical examiner or designee allows recovery of a part under 51 subsection 4, 5, or 6 of this section, upon request the procurement organization shall cause 52 the physician or technician who removes the part to provide the coroner or medical 53 examiner with a record describing the condition of the part, a biopsy, photograph, and any 54 other information and observations that would assist in the post-mortem examination.

55 9. If a coroner or medical examiner or designee is required to be present at a 56 removal procedure under subsection 6 of this section, upon request the procurement 57 organization requesting the recovery of the part shall reimburse the coroner or medical

examiner or designee for the additional costs incurred in complying with subsection 6 of
 this section.

192.632. 1. There is hereby created a "Chronic Kidney Disease Task Force". Unless otherwise stated, members shall be appointed by the director of the department of 2 3 health and senior services and shall include, but not be limited to, the following members: 4 (1) Two physicians appointed from lists submitted by the Missouri State Medical 5 Association: 6 (2) Two nephrologists; 7 (3) Two family physicians; 8 (4) Two pathologists; 9 (5) One member who represents owners or operators of clinical laboratories in the 10 state; (6) One member who represents a private renal care provider; 11 12 (7) One member who has a chronic kidney disease; (8) One member who represents the state affiliate of the National Kidney 13 14 Foundation; 15 (9) One member who represents the Missouri Kidney Program; 16 (10) Two members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives; 17 18 (11) Two members of the senate appointed by the president pro tem of the senate; 19 (12) Additional members may be chosen to represent public health clinics, 20 community health centers, and private health insurers. 21 2. A chairperson and a vice chairperson shall be elected by the members of the task 22 force. 23 3. The chronic kidney disease task force shall: (1) Develop a plan to educate the public and health care professionals about the 24 advantages and methods of early screening, diagnosis, and treatment of chronic kidney 25 disease and its complications based on kidney disease outcomes, quality initiative clinical 26 27 practice guidelines for chronic kidney disease, or other medically recognized clinical practice guidelines; 28 29 (2) Make recommendations on the implementation of a cost-effective plan for early screening, diagnosis, and treatment of chronic kidney disease for the state's population; 30 31 (3) Identify barriers to adoption of best practices and potential public policy 32 options to address these barriers; 33 (4) Submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the general assembly

34 by August 30, 2008.

# 4. The department of health and senior services shall provide all necessary staff, research, and meeting facilities for the chronic kidney disease task force.

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#### 5. The provisions of this section shall expire August 30, 2008.

192.667. 1. All health care providers shall at least annually provide to the department
charge data as required by the department. All hospitals shall at least annually provide patient
abstract data and financial data as required by the department. Hospitals as defined in section
197.020, RSMo, shall report patient abstract data for outpatients and inpatients. Within one year
of August 28, 1992, ambulatory surgical centers as defined in section 197.200, RSMo, shall
provide patient abstract data to the department. The department shall specify by rule the types
of information which shall be submitted and the method of submission.

8 2. The department shall collect data on required nosocomial infection incidence rates 9 from hospitals, ambulatory surgical centers, and other facilities as necessary to generate the 10 reports required by this section. Hospitals, ambulatory surgical centers, and other facilities shall 11 provide such data in compliance with this section.

3. No later than July 1, 2005, the department shall promulgate rules specifying the standards and procedures for the collection, analysis, risk adjustment, and reporting of nosocomial infection incidence rates and the types of infections and procedures to be monitored pursuant to subsection 12 of this section. In promulgating such rules, the department shall:

(1) Use methodologies and systems for data collection established by the federal Centers
 for Disease Control and Prevention National Nosocomial Infection Surveillance System, or its
 successor; and

(2) Consider the findings and recommendations of the infection control advisory panelestablished pursuant to section 197.165, RSMo.

4. The infection control advisory panel created by section 197.165, RSMo, shall make a recommendation to the department regarding the appropriateness of implementing all or part of the nosocomial infection data collection, analysis, and public reporting requirements of this act by authorizing hospitals, ambulatory surgical centers, and other facilities to participate in the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National Nosocomial Infection Surveillance System, or its successor. The advisory panel shall consider the following factors in developing its recommendation:

(1) Whether the public is afforded the same or greater access to facility-specific infection
control indicators and rates than would be provided under subsections 2, 3, and 6 to 12 of this
section;

(2) Whether the data provided to the public are subject to the same or greater accuracyof risk adjustment than would be provided under subsections 2, 3, and 6 to 12 of this section;

(3) Whether the public is provided with the same or greater specificity of reporting of
infections by type of facility infections and procedures than would be provided under subsections
2, 3, and 6 to 12 of this section;

(4) Whether the data are subject to the same or greater level of confidentiality of the
identity of an individual patient than would be provided under subsections 2, 3, and 6 to 12 of
this section;

(5) Whether the National Nosocomial Infection Surveillance System, or its successor,has the capacity to receive, analyze, and report the required data for all facilities;

41 (6) Whether the cost to implement the nosocomial infection data collection and reporting
42 system is the same or less than under subsections 2, 3, and 6 to 12 of this section.

43 5. Based on the affirmative recommendation of the infection control advisory panel, and 44 provided that the requirements of subsection 12 of this section can be met, the department may 45 or may not implement the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Nosocomial 46 Infection Surveillance System, or its successor, as an alternative means of complying with the requirements of subsections 2, 3, and 6 to 12 of this section. If the department chooses to 47 48 implement the use of the federal Centers for Disease Control Prevention Nosocomial Infection 49 Surveillance System, or its successor, as an alternative means of complying with the requirements of subsections 2, 3, and 6 to 12 of this section, it shall be a condition of licensure 50 51 for hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers which opt to participate in the federal program to 52 permit the federal program to disclose facility-specific data to the department as necessary to 53 provide the public reports required by the department. Any hospital or ambulatory surgical 54 center which does not voluntarily participate in the National Nosocomial Infection Surveillance 55 System, or its successor, shall be required to abide by all of the requirements of subsections 2, 56 3, and 6 to 12 of this section.

6. The department shall not require the resubmission of data which has been submitted to the department of health and senior services or the department of social services under any other provision of law. The department of health and senior services shall accept data submitted by associations or related organizations on behalf of health care providers by entering into binding agreements negotiated with such associations or related organizations to obtain data required pursuant to section 192.665 and this section. A health care provider shall submit the required information to the department of health and senior services:

64 (1) If the provider does not submit the required data through such associations or related65 organizations;

(2) If no binding agreement has been reached within ninety days of August 28, 1992,
between the department of health and senior services and such associations or related
organizations; or

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(3) If a binding agreement has expired for more than ninety days.

70 7. Information obtained by the department under the provisions of section 192.665 and 71 this section shall not be public information. Reports and studies prepared by the department 72 based upon such information shall be public information and may identify individual health care 73 providers. The department of health and senior services may authorize the use of the data by 74 other research organizations pursuant to the provisions of section 192.067. The department shall 75 not use or release any information provided under section 192.665 and this section which would 76 enable any person to determine any health care provider's negotiated discounts with specific 77 preferred provider organizations or other managed care organizations. The department shall not 78 release data in a form which could be used to identify a patient. Any violation of this subsection 79 is a class A misdemeanor.

80 8. The department shall undertake a reasonable number of studies and publish 81 information, including at least an annual consumer guide, in collaboration with health care 82 providers, business coalitions and consumers based upon the information obtained pursuant to 83 the provisions of section 192.665 and this section. The department shall allow all health care 84 providers and associations and related organizations who have submitted data which will be used 85 in any report to review and comment on the report prior to its publication or release for general use. The department shall include any comments of a health care provider, at the option of the 86 87 provider, and associations and related organizations in the publication if the department does not 88 change the publication based upon those comments. The report shall be made available to the 89 public for a reasonable charge.

90 9. Any health care provider which continually and substantially, as these terms are 91 defined by rule, fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall not be allowed to 92 participate in any program administered by the state or to receive any moneys from the state.

10. A hospital, as defined in section 197.020, RSMo, aggrieved by the department's
determination of ineligibility for state moneys pursuant to subsection 9 of this section may appeal
as provided in section 197.071, RSMo. An ambulatory surgical center as defined in section
197.200, RSMo, aggrieved by the department's determination of ineligibility for state moneys
pursuant to subsection 9 of this section may appeal as provided in section 197.221, RSMo.

98 11. The department of health may promulgate rules providing for collection of data and 99 publication of nosocomial infection incidence rates for other types of health facilities determined 100 to be sources of infections; except that, physicians' offices shall be exempt from reporting and 101 disclosure of infection incidence rates.

102 12. In consultation with the infection control advisory panel established pursuant to
 103 section 197.165, RSMo, the department shall develop and disseminate to the public reports based
 104 on data compiled for a period of twelve months. Such reports shall be updated quarterly and

shall show for each hospital, ambulatory surgical center, and other facility a risk- adjustednosocomial infection incidence rate for the following types of infection:

107

(1) Class I surgical site infections;

(2) Ventilator-associated pneumonia; provided that, upon the recommendation of the
 infection control advisory panel, one or more quality indicators designed to better measure
 the risk of transmission of ventilator-associated pneumonia from one patient to another
 may be substituted for a risk-adjusted nosocomial infection incidence rate;

- (3) Central line-related bloodstream infections;
- (4) Other categories of infections that may be established by rule by the department.
- 114

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The department, in consultation with the advisory panel, shall be authorized to collect and reportdata on subsets of each type of infection described in this subsection.

117 13. In the event the provisions of this act are implemented by requiring hospitals,
ambulatory surgical centers, and other facilities to participate in the federal Centers for Disease
Control and Prevention National Nosocomial Infection Surveillance System, or its successor, the
types of infections to be publicly reported shall be determined by the department by rule and
shall be consistent with the infections tracked by the National Nosocomial Infection Surveillance
System, or its successor.
123 14. Reports published pursuant to subsection 12 of this section shall be published on the

department's Internet web site. The initial report shall be issued by the department not later than December 31, 2006. The reports shall be distributed at least annually to the governor and members of the general assembly.

127 15. The Hospital Industry Data Institute shall publish a report of Missouri hospitals' and 128 ambulatory surgical centers' compliance with standardized quality of care measures established 129 by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for prevention of infections related 130 to surgical procedures. If the Hospital Industry Data Institute fails to do so by July 31, 2008, and 131 annually thereafter, the department shall be authorized to collect information from the Centers 132 for Medicare and Medicaid Services or from hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers and 133 publish such information in accordance with subsection 14 of this section.

134 16. The data collected or published pursuant to this section shall be available to the 135 department for purposes of licensing hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers pursuant to 136 chapter 197, RSMo.

137 17. The department shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of section 138 192.131 and sections 197.150 to 197.160, RSMo. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is 139 defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section 140 shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter

141 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo,

are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter
536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are
subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed
or adopted after August 28, 2004, shall be invalid and void.

192.745. 1. The "Missouri [Head] Brain Injury Advisory Council" [is hereby 2 established] as created by executive order of the governor on March 5, 1985 is hereby 3 transferred to the department of health and senior services by executive order 05-09 issued 4 on February 2, 2005. The council shall consist of twenty-five members. The members of the 5 council that are serving on [August 13, 1986] February 2, 2005, shall continue [serving on the following basis: the two members of the council who are members of the house of 6 7 representatives and appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives shall serve for the 8 remainder of their terms; the two members of the council who are members of the senate 9 appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate shall serve for the remainder of their terms; and the remaining twenty-one members shall determine by lot which seven are to have a one-year 10 11 term, which seven are to have a two-year term, and which seven are to have a three-year term] 12 to fulfill their current terms. Through attrition, the council will decrease from the present twenty-five members to eighteen members. Thereafter, the successors to each of these 13 14 [twenty-one] members shall be appointed by the director of the department of health and 15 senior services to serve a three-year term and [until the member's successor is appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. In addition, two members who are members 16 17 of the house of representatives shall be appointed by the speaker of the house and two members 18 who are members of the senate shall be appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate. 19 The members appointed by the governor shall represent] shall be appointed on the following 20 basis: four people with [head] brain injuries[,] or relatives of persons with [head] brain 21 injuries, [proprietary schools as defined in section 173.600, RSMo,] and fourteen others from 22 professional groups, health institutions, [or] community groups, private industry and state 23 agencies which administer programs regarding mental health, education, public health, public safety, insurance, and Medicaid. The appointment of individuals representing state agencies 24 25 shall be conditioned on their continued employment with their respective agencies.

2. The Missouri [head] **brain** injury advisory council is assigned to the [division of 2. general services in the office of administration] **department of health and senior services**. The 28 [office of administration] **department** shall submit estimates of requirements for appropriations 29 on behalf of the council for the necessary staff and expenses to carry out the duties and 30 responsibilities assigned by the council. [Such staff shall consist of a director and other support 31 staff.] 32 3. Meetings of the full council shall be held at least [every ninety days] twice a year or
33 at the call of the council chairperson, who shall be elected by the council. Subcommittees may
34 meet on an as needed basis.

4. [Each member shall, subject to appropriations, be reimbursed for reasonable and
 necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of the member's official duties.]
 Members of the council shall not receive any compensation for their services, but they
 shall, subject to appropriations, be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred
 in the performance of their duties from funds appropriated for this purpose.

5. The council shall adopt written procedures to govern its activities. [Staff and
consultants shall be provided for the council from appropriations requested by the commissioner
of the office of administration for such purpose.]

6. The council, under the direction of the department, shall make recommendations
to the [governor] director of the department of health and senior services for developing and
administering a state plan to provide services for [head] brain injured persons.

7. No member of the council may participate in or seek to influence a decision or vote
of the council if the member would be directly involved with the matter or if the member would
derive income from it. A violation of the prohibition contained herein shall be grounds for a
person to be removed as a member of the council by the [governor] director of the department
of health and services

### 50 of health and senior services.

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#### 8. The council shall be advisory and shall:

(1) Promote meetings and programs for the discussion of reducing the debilitating effects
of [head] brain injuries and disseminate information in cooperation with any other department,
agency or entity on the prevention, evaluation, care, treatment and rehabilitation of persons
affected by [head] brain injuries;

56 (2) Study and review current prevention, evaluation, care, treatment and rehabilitation 57 technologies and recommend appropriate preparation, training, retraining and distribution of 58 manpower and resources in the provision of services to [head-injured] **brain-injured** persons 59 through private and public residential facilities, day programs and other specialized services;

60 (3) Recommend [what] specific methods, means and procedures [should be adopted] to
61 improve and upgrade the state's service delivery system for [head-injured] brain-injured citizens
62 of this state;

(4) Participate in developing and disseminating criteria and standards which may be
 required for future funding or licensing of facilities, day programs and other specialized services
 for [head-injured] brain-injured persons in this state;

66 (5) Report annually to the [commissioner of administration] director of the department

of health and senior services, the governor, and the general assembly on its activities, and onthe results of its studies and the recommendations of the council.

9. The [office of administration] department of health and senior services may accept
on behalf of the council federal funds, gifts and donations from individuals, private organizations
and foundations, and any other funds that may become available.

192.925. 1. To increase public awareness of the problem of elder abuse and neglect and financial exploitation of the elderly, the department of health and senior services shall implement an education and awareness program. Such program shall have the goal of reducing the incidences of elder abuse and neglect and financial exploitation of the elderly, and may focus on:

6 (1) The education and awareness of mandatory reporters on their responsibility to report
7 elder abuse and neglect and financial exploitation of the elderly;

8 (2) Targeted education and awareness for the public on the problem, identification and 9 reporting of elder abuse and neglect **and financial exploitation of the elderly**;

10

(3) Publicizing the elder abuse and neglect hot line telephone number;

(4) Education and awareness for law enforcement agencies and prosecutors on the
 problem and identification of elder abuse and neglect and financial exploitation of the elderly,
 and the importance of prosecuting cases pursuant to chapter 565, RSMo; and

(5) Publicizing the availability of background checks prior to hiring an individual forcaregiving purposes.

2. The department of social services and facilities licensed pursuant to chapters 197 and
198, RSMo, shall cooperate fully with the department of health and senior services in the
distribution of information pursuant to this program.

[660.050.] 192.2000. 1. The "Division of Aging" is hereby transferred from the 2 department of social services to the department of health and senior services by a type I transfer 3 as defined in the Omnibus State Reorganization Act of 1974. All references in the revised statutes of Missouri to the division of aging shall include any division or divisions 4 5 established by the department as a successor division or divisions to the division of aging. The division shall aid and assist the elderly and low-income [handicapped] adults with 6 disabilities living in the state of Missouri to secure and maintain maximum economic and 7 personal independence and dignity. The division shall regulate adult long-term care facilities 8 9 pursuant to the laws of this state and rules and regulations of federal and state agencies, to 10 safeguard the lives and rights of residents in these facilities.

2. In addition to its duties and responsibilities enumerated pursuant to other provisionsof law, the division shall:

(1) Serve as advocate for the elderly by promoting a comprehensive, coordinated service
program through administration of Older Americans Act (OAA) programs (Title III) P.L. 89-73,
(42 U.S.C. 3001, et seq.), as amended;

16 (2) Assure that an information and referral system is developed and operated for the 17 elderly, including information on the Missouri care options program;

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(3) Provide technical assistance, planning and training to local area agencies on aging;

(4) Contract with the federal government to conduct surveys of long-term care facilitiescertified for participation in the Title XVIII program;

(5) Serve as liaison between the department of health and senior services and the Federal
Health Standards and Quality Bureau, as well as the Medicare and Medicaid portions of the
United States Department of Health and Human Services;

(6) Conduct medical review (inspections of care) activities such as utilization reviews,
independent professional reviews, and periodic medical reviews to determine medical and social
needs for the purpose of eligibility for Title XIX, and for level of care determination;

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(7) Certify long-term care facilities for participation in the Title XIX program;

(8) Conduct a survey and review of compliance with P.L. 96-566 Sec. 505(d) for
Supplemental Security Income recipients in long-term care facilities and serve as the liaison
between the Social Security Administration and the department of health and senior services
concerning Supplemental Security Income beneficiaries;

(9) Review plans of proposed long-term care facilities before they are constructed to
 determine if they meet applicable state and federal construction standards;

(10) Provide consultation to long-term care facilities in all areas governed by state andfederal regulations;

(11) Serve as the central state agency with primary responsibility for the planning,
coordination, development, and evaluation of policy, programs, and services for elderly persons
in Missouri consistent with the provisions of subsection 1 of this section and serve as the
designated state unit on aging, as defined in the Older Americans Act of 1965;

40 (12) With the advice of the governor's advisory council on aging, develop long-range 41 state plans for programs, services, and activities for elderly [and handicapped] persons, **and** 42 **long-term care options for elderly persons and adults with disabilities**. State plans should 43 be revised annually and should be based on area agency on aging plans, statewide priorities, and 44 state and federal requirements;

(13) Receive and disburse all federal and state funds allocated to the division and solicit,
accept, and administer grants, including federal grants, or gifts made to the division or to the
state for the benefit of elderly persons in this state;

48 (14) Serve, within government and in the state at large, as an advocate for elderly 49 persons by holding hearings and conducting studies or investigations concerning matters 50 affecting the health, safety, and welfare of elderly persons and by assisting elderly persons to 51 assure their rights to apply for and receive services and to be given fair hearings when such 52 services are denied;

53 (15) Provide information and technical assistance to the governor's advisory council on 54 aging and keep the council continually informed of the activities of the division;

55

(16)After consultation with the governor's advisory council on aging, make 56 recommendations for legislative action to the governor and to the general assembly;

57 (17) Conduct research and other appropriate activities to determine the needs of elderly persons in this state, including, but not limited to, their needs for social and health services, and 58 59 to determine what existing services and facilities, private and public, are available to elderly 60 persons to meet those needs;

61 (18) Maintain [and serve as a clearinghouse for] information regarding resources that 62 **provide** up-to-date information and technical assistance related to the needs and interests of elderly persons and persons with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias, including information 63 64 on the Missouri care options program, dementia-specific training materials and dementia-specific 65 trainers. Such dementia-specific information and technical assistance shall be [maintained and] provided in consultation with agencies, organizations and/or institutions of higher learning with 66 67 expertise in dementia care;

68 (19) Provide area agencies on aging with assistance in applying for federal, state, and private grants and identifying new funding sources; 69

70 (20) Determine area agencies on aging annual allocations for Title XX and Title III of 71 the Older Americans Act expenditures;

72 (21) Provide transportation services, home-delivered and congregate meals, in-home 73 services, counseling and other services to the elderly and low-income handicapped adults as 74 designated in the Social Services Block Grant Report, through contract with other agencies, and 75 shall monitor such agencies to ensure that services contracted for are delivered and meet 76 standards of quality set by the division;

77 (22) Monitor the process pursuant to the federal Patient Self-determination Act, 42 78 U.S.C. 1396a (w), in long-term care facilities by which information is provided to patients 79 concerning durable powers of attorney and living wills.

80 3. The division director, subject to the supervision of the director of the department of 81 health and senior services, shall be the chief administrative officer of the division and shall 82 exercise for the division the powers and duties of an appointing authority pursuant to chapter 36,

RSMo, to employ such administrative, technical and other personnel as may be necessary for the
performance of the duties and responsibilities of the division.

85 4. The division may withdraw designation of an area agency on aging only when it can 86 be shown the federal or state laws or rules have not been complied with, state or federal funds 87 are not being expended for the purposes for which they were intended, or the elderly are not 88 receiving appropriate services within available resources, and after consultation with the director 89 of the area agency on aging and the area agency board. Withdrawal of any particular program of services may be appealed to the director of the department of health and senior services and 90 91 the governor. In the event that the division withdraws the area agency on aging designation in 92 accordance with the Older Americans Act, the division shall administer the services to clients 93 previously performed by the area agency on aging until a new area agency on aging is designated.

94 5. Any person hired by the department of health and senior services after August 13, 95 1988, to conduct or supervise inspections, surveys or investigations pursuant to chapter 198, 96 RSMo, shall complete at least one hundred hours of basic orientation regarding the inspection 97 process and applicable rules and statutes during the first six months of employment. Any such 98 person shall annually, on the anniversary date of employment, present to the department evidence 99 of having completed at least twenty hours of continuing education in at least two of the following 100 categories: communication techniques, skills development, resident care, or policy update. The 101 department of health and senior services shall by rule describe the curriculum and structure of 102 such continuing education.

103 6. The division may issue and promulgate rules to enforce, implement and effectuate the 104 powers and duties established in this section [and sections 198.070 and 198.090, RSMo, and 105 sections 660.250 and 660.300 to 660.320], section 192.2100, sections 192.2175 to 192.2187, and section 198.090, RSMo. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 106 107 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become 108 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, 109 and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are 110 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, 111 RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 112 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted 113 after August 28, 2001, shall be invalid and void.

114 7. Missouri care options is a program, operated and coordinated by the [division of 115 aging] **department**, which informs individuals of the variety of care options available to them 116 when they may need long-term care.

8. The division shall, by January 1, 2002, establish minimum dementia-specific training
requirements for employees involved in the delivery of care to persons with Alzheimer's disease

119 or related dementias who are employed by skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities,

residential care facilities, agencies providing in-home care services authorized by the [division of aging] **department**, adult day-care programs, independent contractors providing direct care

122 to persons with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias and the [division of aging] department. 123 Such training shall be incorporated into new employee orientation and ongoing in-service 124 curricula for all employees involved in the care of persons with dementia. The department of 125 health and senior services shall, by January 1, 2002, establish minimum dementia-specific 126 training requirements for employees involved in the delivery of care to persons with Alzheimer's 127 disease or related dementias who are employed by home health and hospice agencies licensed 128 by chapter 197, RSMo. Such training shall be incorporated into the home health and hospice 129 agency's new employee orientation and ongoing in-service curricula for all employees involved 130 in the care of persons with dementia. The dementia training need not require additional hours

131 of orientation or ongoing in-service. Training shall include at a minimum, the following:

(1) For employees providing direct care to persons with Alzheimer's disease or related
dementias, the training shall include an overview of Alzheimer's disease and related dementias,
communicating with persons with dementia, behavior management, promoting independence in
activities of daily living, and understanding and dealing with family issues;

(2) For other employees who do not provide direct care for, but may have daily contact
with, persons with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias, the training shall include an
overview of dementias and communicating with persons with dementia.

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140 As used in this subsection, the term "employee" includes persons hired as independent 141 contractors. The training requirements of this subsection shall not be construed as superceding 142 any other laws or rules regarding dementia-specific training.

9. All powers, duties, and functions of the board of nursing home administrators
contained in chapter 344, RSMo, are transferred by type I transfer to the department of
health and senior services. The public members of the board shall be appointed by the
director of the department of health and senior services.

[660.060.] 192.2001. All authority, powers, duties, functions, records, personnel,
property, contracts, budgets, matters pending and other pertinent vestiges of the division of aging
shall be transferred to the department of health and senior services.

[660.053.] **192.2003.** As used in [section 199.025, RSMo, and sections 660.050 to

2 660.057 and 660.400 to 660.420] sections 192.2000 to 192.2040 and sections 192.2200 to

3 **192.2227**, the following terms mean:

4 (1) "Area agency on aging", the agency designated by the division in a planning and 5 service area to develop and administer a plan and administer available funds for a comprehensive

similar services;

6 7

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and coordinated system of services for the elderly and persons with disabilities who require

(2) "Area agency board", the local policy-making board which directs the actions of the

9 area agency on aging under state and federal laws and regulations; 10 (3) "Department", the department of health and senior services; 11 (4) "Director", the director [of the division of aging] of the Missouri department of [social] health and senior services, or designee; 12 13 [(4) "Division", the division of aging of the Missouri department of social services; 14 (5)] (5) "Elderly" or "elderly persons", persons who are sixty years of age or older; 15 [(6)] (6) "Disability", a mental or physical impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, whether the impairment is congenital or acquired by accident, injury 16 17 or disease, where such impairment is verified by medical findings; [(7)] (7) "Local government", a political subdivision of the state whose authority is 18 general or a combination of units of general purpose local governments; 19 20 [(8)] (8) "Major life activities", functions such as caring for one's self, performing 21 manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and working; 22 [(9)] (9) "Medicaid", medical assistance provided under section 208.151, RSMo, et seq., 23 in compliance with Title XIX, Public Law 89-97, 1965 amendments to the Social Security Act 24 (42 U.S.C. 301 et seq.), as amended; 25 [(10)] (10) "Protective services", a service provided by the [Missouri division of aging] department in response to the need for protection from harm or neglect to eligible adults under 26 27 sections [660.250 to 660.295] 192.2100 to 192.2130; 28 [(11)] (11) "Registered caregiver", a person who provides primary long-term care for an 29 elderly person and wishes to receive information, services or support from the shared care 30 program; 31 [(12)] (12) "Shared care", a program administered by the [division of aging] department in which Missouri families who provide primary long-term care for an elderly person and register 32 33 as a shared care member with the [division of aging] department shall receive access to certain 34 supportive services and may receive a state tax credit; 35 [(13)] (13) "Shared care community project", a project in a community that offers to help 36 support shared care participation through development of programs; 37 [(14)] (14) "Shared care member", a registered caregiver or shared care provider who registers with the [division of aging] department in order to participate in the shared care 38 39 program; 40 [(15)] (15) "Shared care provider", any state authorized long-term care provider in the

41 state, including, but not limited to, in-home, home health, hospice, adult day care, residential care

42 facility or assisted living facility, or nursing home, who voluntarily registers with the [division

43 of aging] **department** to be available as a resource for the shared care program;

[(16)] (16) "Shared care tax credit", a tax credit to registered caregivers who meet the requirements of section [660.055] **192.2009**.

[660.054.] 192.2006. 1. The [division of aging of the] department of [social] health and
senior services shall establish a program to help families who provide the primary long-term care
for an elderly person. This program shall be known as "shared care" and has the following goals:

4

(1) To provide services and support for families caring for an elderly person;

5 (2) To increase awareness of the variety of privately funded services which may be 6 available to those persons caring for an elderly person;

7 (3) To increase awareness of the variety of government services which may be available8 to those caring for an elderly person;

9 (4) Recognition on an annual basis by the governor for those families participating in the 10 shared care program and community project groups participating in the shared care program;

11 (5) To provide a tax credit to members who meet the qualifications pursuant to section

12 [660.055] **192.2009**; and

13

(6) To promote community involvement by:

(a) Providing local communities information about the shared care program and to
encourage the establishment of support groups where none are available and to support existing
support groups, and other programs for shared care members and providers to share ideas,
information and resources on caring for an elderly person; and

(b) Encouraging local home care, adult day care or other long-term care providers, who
have regularly scheduled training sessions for paid caregivers, to voluntarily invite shared care
members to participate in education and training sessions at no cost to the registered caregivers.
Such providers shall not be held liable in any civil or criminal action related to or arising out of
the participation or training of shared care members in such sessions.

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2. To further the goals of the shared care program, the director shall:

24 (1) Promulgate specific rules and procedures for the shared care program. Any rule or 25 portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the 26 authority delegated in sections [660.050 to 660.057] **192.2000 to 192.2012** shall become 27 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, 28 and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. All rulemaking authority delegated prior to August 29 28, 1999, is of no force and effect and repealed. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to 30 repeal or affect the validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to August 28, 1999, if it fully 31 complied with all applicable provisions of law. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are 32 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536,

33 RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently

held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adoptedafter August 28, 1999, shall be invalid and void;

36 (2) Maintain a registry of names and addresses of shared care members and shared care37 providers;

38 (3) [Compile a list, updated annually, of] Maintain a website with links to public and 39 private resources, services and programs which may be available to assist and support the 40 registered caregiver with caring for the elderly. [Such list] This website shall be [given] 41 available to shared care members along with information on shared care providers in their 42 community. Private organizations and providers shall be responsible for [providing] updating 43 information to the [division of aging] **department** for inclusion on the [list] **website**. The 44 [division of aging] department shall establish reporting procedures for private organizations and 45 publicly disseminate the [division's] department's guidelines statewide;

(4) [Compile and distribute to shared care members] Post shared care member's
information on the Internet regarding resources that contain information about [the] services
and benefits of the shared care program [and a bibliography of] with links to resources and
materials with information helpful to such members. The [bibliography will give members an
overview] weblinks will provide access to an array of available information and is not required
to be comprehensive;

(5) Encourage shared care providers, consumer groups, churches and other philanthropic
organizations to help local communities develop local support systems where none are available
and to support existing support groups for persons caring for elderly persons and make [division] **department** staff available, if possible;

56 (6) In conjunction with the director of revenue, develop a physician certification for 57 shared care tax credit form to be given to registered caregivers upon request. The form shall 58 require, but is not limited to:

(a) Identifying information about the registered caregiver for tax purposes, and the
signature of the registered caregiver certifying that he or she qualifies for the shared care tax
credit as provided in section [660.055] 192.2009;

62 (b) Identifying information about the elderly person receiving care for verification63 purposes;

(c) Identifying information about and the signature of the physician licensed pursuant
 to the provisions of chapter 334, RSMo, for verification and certification purposes;

(d) A description by such physician of the physical or mental condition of the elderlyperson that makes them incapable of living alone and lists the care, assistance with daily living

68 and oversight needed at home in order to prevent placement in a facility licensed pursuant to

69 chapter 198, RSMo; and

(e) A complete explanation of the shared care tax credit and its guidelines and directions
on completion of the form and how to file for the shared care tax credit with the department of
revenue; and

(7) In conjunction with the director of revenue, develop a [division of aging] **department** certification for shared care tax credit form to be given at the request of the
registered caregivers when a [division of aging] **department** assessment has been completed for
other purposes. The form shall require, but is not limited to:

(a) Identifying information about the registered caregiver for tax purposes, and the
signature of the registered caregiver certifying that he or she qualifies for the shared care tax
credit as provided in section [660.055] 192.2009;

80 (b) Identifying information about the elderly person receiving care for verification81 purposes;

(c) Identifying information about and the signature of the [division of aging] department
 staff for verification and certification purposes;

(d) A description by the [division of aging] department staff of the physical or mental
condition of the elderly person that makes them incapable of living alone and lists the care,
assistance with daily living and oversight needed at home in order to prevent placement in a
facility licensed pursuant to chapter 198, RSMo; and

(e) A complete explanation of the shared care tax credit and its guidelines and directions
for completing the form and how to file for the shared care tax credit with the department of
revenue.

3. Funds appropriated for the shared care program shall be appropriated to and
administered by the department of [social] health and senior services.

[660.055.] **192.2009.** 1. Any registered caregiver who meets the requirements of this section shall be eligible for a shared care tax credit in an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars to defray the cost of caring for an elderly person. In order to be eligible for a shared care tax credit, a registered caregiver shall:

5

(1) Care for an elderly person, age sixty or older, who:

6 (a) Is physically or mentally incapable of living alone, as determined and certified by his
7 or her physician licensed pursuant to chapter 334, RSMo, or by the [division of aging]
8 department staff when an assessment has been completed for the purpose of qualification for
9 other services; and

(b) Requires assistance with activities of daily living to the extent that without care and
 oversight at home would require placement in a facility licensed pursuant to chapter 198, RSMo;
 and

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(c) Under no circumstances, is able or allowed to operate a motor vehicle; and

(d) Does not receive funding or services through Medicaid or social services block grantfunding;

(2) Live in the same residence to give protective oversight for the elderly person meeting
the requirements described in subdivision (1) of this subsection for an aggregate of more than
six months per tax year;

(3) Not receive monetary compensation for providing care for the elderly person meetingthe requirements described in subdivision (1) of this subsection; and

(4) File the original completed and signed physician certification for shared care tax
credit form or the original completed and signed [division of aging] department certification
for shared care tax credit form provided for in subsection 2 of section [660.054] 192.2006 along
with such caregiver's Missouri individual income tax return to the department of revenue.

25 2. The tax credit allowed by this section shall apply to any year beginning after 26 December 31, 1999.

27 3. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that 28 is created under the authority delegated in sections [660.050 to 660.057] 192.2000 to 192.2012 29 shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 30 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. All rulemaking authority delegated prior to August 28, 1999, is of no force and effect and repealed. Nothing in this section shall be 31 32 interpreted to repeal or affect the validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to August 28, 1999, if it fully complied with all applicable provisions of law. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, 33 34 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 35 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are 36 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed 37 or adopted after August 28, 1999, shall be invalid and void.

4. Any person who knowingly falsifies any document required for the shared care tax
credit shall be subject to the same penalties for falsifying other tax documents as provided in
chapter 143, RSMo.

[660.057.] **192.2012.** 1. On and after August 13, 1984, an area agency on aging shall operate with local administrative responsibility for Title III of the Older Americans Act, and other funds allocated to it by the [division] **department**. The area agency board shall be responsible for all actions of an area agency on aging in its jurisdiction, including, but not limited to, the accountability for funds and compliance with federal and state laws and rules. Such

6 responsibility shall include all geographic areas in which the area agency on aging is designated to operate. The respective area agency board shall appoint a director of the area agency on aging 7 in its jurisdiction. [Beginning January 1, 1995,] The director of the area agency on aging shall 8 submit an annual performance report to the [division] department director, the speaker of the 9 house of representatives, the president pro tempore of the senate and the governor. Such 10 11 performance report shall give a detailed accounting of all funds which were available to and 12 expended by the area agency on aging from state, federal and private sources. 13 2. Each area agency on aging shall have an area agency on aging advisory council, which 14 shall: 15 (1) Recommend basic policy guidelines for the administration of the activities of the area 16 agencies on aging on behalf of elderly persons and advise the area agency on aging on questions 17 of policy; 18 (2) Advise the area agency on aging with respect to the development of the area plan and 19 budget, and review and comment on the completed area plan and budget before its transmittal 20 to the [division] department; 21 (3) Review and evaluate the effectiveness of the area agency on aging in meeting the 22 needs of elderly persons in the planning and service area; 23 (4) Meet at least quarterly, with all meetings being subject to sections 610.010 to 24 610.030, RSMo. 25 3. Each area agency board shall: 26 (1) Conduct local planning functions for Title III and Title XX, and such other funds as 27 may be available; 28 (2) Develop a local plan for service delivery, subject to review and approval by the 29 [division] department, that complies with federal and state requirements and in accord with 30 locally determined objectives consistent with the state policy on aging; 31 (3) Assess the needs of elderly persons within the planning and service delivery area for 32 service for social and health services, and determine what resources are currently available to 33 meet those needs: 34 (4) Assume the responsibility of determining services required to meet the needs of 35 elderly persons, assure that such services are provided within the resources available, and determine when such services are no longer needed; 36 37 (5) Endeavor to coordinate and expand existing resources in order to develop within its planning and service area a comprehensive and coordinated system for the delivery of social and 38 health services to elderly persons; 39 40 (6) Serve as an advocate within government and within the community at large for the 41 interests of elderly persons within its planning and service area;

42 (7) Make grants to or enter into contracts with any public or private agency for the
43 provision of social or health services not otherwise sufficiently available to elderly persons
44 within the planning and service area;

(8) Monitor and evaluate the activities of its service providers to ensure that the services
being provided comply with the terms of the grant or contract. Where a provider is found to be
in breach of the terms of its grant or contract, the area agency shall enforce the terms of the grant
or contract;

49 (9) Conduct research, evaluation, demonstration or training activities appropriate to the
 50 achievement of the goal of improving the quality of life for elderly persons within its planning
 51 and service area;

(10) Comply with [division] department requirements that have been developed in
consultation with the area agencies for client and fiscal information, and provide to the [division]
department information necessary for federal and state reporting, program evaluation, program
management, fiscal control and research needs.

4. [Beginning January 1, 1995,] The records of each area agency on aging shall be audited at least every other year. All audits required by the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended, shall satisfy this requirement.

[660.058.] 192.2015. 1. The [division of aging] department shall provide budget 2 allotment tables to each area agency on aging by January first of each year. Each area agency on 3 aging shall submit its area plan, area budget and service contracts to the [division of aging] 4 department by March first of each year. Each April, the area agencies on aging shall present 5 their plans to the [division of aging] **department** in a public hearing scheduled by the [division] department and held in the area served by the area agency on aging. Within thirty days of such 6 7 hearing, the [division] department shall report findings and recommendations to the board of 8 directors for the area agency on aging, the area agency on aging advisory council, the members of the senate budget committee and the members of the house appropriations committee for 9 10 social services and corrections.

Each area agency on aging shall include in its area plan performance measures and
 outcomes to be achieved for each year covered by the plan. Such measures and outcomes shall
 also be presented to the [division] department during the public hearing.

3. The [division of aging] **department** shall conduct on-site monitoring of each area agency on aging at least once a year. The [division of aging] **department** shall send all monitoring reports to the area agency on aging advisory council and the board of directors for the area agency which is the subject of the reports.

[660.062.] **192.2025.** 1. There is hereby created a "State Board of Senior Services" 2 which shall consist of seven members, who shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the

3 advice and consent of the senate. No member of the state board of senior services shall hold any

4 other office or employment under the state of Missouri other than in a consulting status relevant
5 to the member's professional status, licensure or designation. Not more than four of the members
6 of the state board of senior services shall be from the same political party.

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7 2. Each member shall be appointed for a term of four years; except that of the members first appointed, two shall be appointed for a term of one year, two for a term of two years, two 8 9 for a term of three years and one for a term of four years. The successors of each shall be 10 appointed for full terms of four years. No person may serve on the state board of senior services 11 for more than two terms. The terms of all members shall continue until their successors have been duly appointed and qualified. One of the persons appointed to the state board of senior 12 services shall be a person currently working in the field of gerontology. One of the persons 13 14 appointed to the state board of senior services shall be a physician with expertise in geriatrics. 15 One of the persons appointed to the state board of senior services shall be a person with expertise 16 in nutrition. One of the persons appointed to the state board of senior services shall be a person with expertise in rehabilitation services of persons with disabilities. One of the persons 17 18 appointed to the state board of senior services shall be a person with expertise in mental health 19 issues. In making the two remaining appointments, the governor shall give consideration to individuals having a special interest in gerontology or disability-related issues, including senior 20 21 citizens. Four of the seven members appointed to the state board of senior services shall be 22 members of the governor's advisory council on aging. If a vacancy occurs in the appointed 23 membership, the governor may appoint a member for the remaining portion of the unexpired 24 term created by the vacancy. The members shall receive actual and necessary expenses plus 25 twenty-five dollars per day for each day of actual attendance.

3. The board shall elect from among its membership a chairman and a vice chairman,
who shall act as chairman in his or her absence. The board shall meet at the call of the chairman.
The chairman may call meetings at such times as he or she deems advisable, and shall call a
meeting when requested to do so by three or more members of the board.

4. The state board of senior services shall advise the department of health and seniorservices in the:

(1) Promulgation of rules and regulations by the department of health and seniorservices;

34 35 (2) Formulation of the budget for the department of health and senior services; and

(3) Planning for and operation of the department of health and senior services.

[660.067.] **192.2030.** As used in sections [660.067 to 660.070] **192.2030 to 192.2035**,

2 the following terms shall mean:

3 (1) "Adult day care", a group program that emphasizes appropriate services for persons eighteen years of age or older [having Alzheimer's disease and related disorders] who have 4 functional impairments and that provides services for periods of less than twenty-four hours 5 6 but more than two hours per day in a place other than the adult's home;

7 (2) "Alzheimer's disease and related disorders", diseases resulting from significant 8 destruction of brain tissue and characterized by a decline of memory and other intellectual 9 functions. These diseases include but are not limited to progressive, degenerative and dementing 10 illnesses such as presenile and senile dementias, Alzheimer's disease and other related disorders;

11 (3) "Appropriate services", services that emphasize surveillance, safety, behavior 12 management and other techniques used to assist persons having Alzheimer's disease and related 13 disorders;

14 (4) "Director", the director [of the division of aging] of the department of [social] health 15 and senior services, or designee;

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(5) ["Division", the division of aging of the department of social services;

(6)] "In-home companion", someone trained to provide appropriate services to persons 17 18 having Alzheimer's disease and related disorders and who provides those services in the home;

19 [(7)] (6) "Respite care", a program that provides temporary and short-term residential care, sustenance, supervision and other appropriate services for persons having Alzheimer's 20 21 disease and related disorders who otherwise reside in their own or in a family home.

[660.069.] 192.2033. 1. To encourage development of appropriate services for persons having Alzheimer's disease and related disorders, the [division] department may make grants 2 3 to public and private entities for pilot projects from funds specifically appropriated for this 4 purpose. Pilot projects shall have the following goals:

5 (1) To prevent or postpone institutionalization of persons having Alzheimer's disease and 6 related disorders who currently live in their own home or in a family home;

7 (2) To offer services that emphasize safety, surveillance and behavior management rather 8 than, or in addition to, medical treatment, homemaker, chore or personal care services;

9 (3) To temporarily relieve family members or others who have assumed direct care responsibilities by offering services that allow care givers to leave the home. These services 10 11 shall include but not be limited to adult day care, in-home companions and respite care;

12 (4) To test the practical and economic feasibility of providing services in settings and 13 at levels designed for varying needs; and

14 (5) To develop program models that can be adapted and operated by other public and 15 private entities.

2. The director, in accordance with chapter 536, RSMo, shall promulgate rules that
 establish procedures for grant application, review, selection, monitoring and auditing of grants
 made [pursuant to sections 660.067 to 660.070] under this section and section 192.2035.

3. The grants shall be limited to a duration of one year but may be renewable for oneadditional year at the director's discretion and if funds are appropriated for this purpose.

[660.070.] **192.2035.** The commissioner of administration, in consultation with the director of the [division of aging] **department**, shall promulgate rules that establish procedures for contracting with grantees receiving funds under [sections 660.067 to 660.070] **this section and section 192.2033.** No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of [sections 660.067 to 660.070] **this section and section 192.2033** shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024, RSMo.

[660.099.] 192.2040. 1. The general assembly may appropriate funds in addition to the
amount currently being provided per annum for nutrition services for the elderly. Funds so
designated to provide nutrition services for the elderly shall be allocated to the [Missouri division
of aging] department to be placed on the formula basis and distributed to each area agency on
aging throughout the state of Missouri.
2. The general assembly may appropriate funds in addition to the amount currently being
provided per annum through the Missouri elderly and handicapped transportation program.

8 Funds so designated to provide transportation for the elderly and developmentally disabled shall
9 be allocated to the [Missouri division of aging] department to be placed on the formula basis
10 and distributed to each area agency on aging throughout the state of Missouri.

3. The general assembly may appropriate funds in addition to the amount currently being provided per annum for home-delivered meals for the elderly. Such additional funds shall be allocated to the [Missouri division of aging] **department** to be placed on the formula basis and distributed to each area agency on aging throughout the state of Missouri.

[660.250.] **192.2100.** As used in sections [660.250 to 660.321] **192.2100 to 192.2130** 2 and sections 192.2175 to 192.2187, the following terms mean:

3 (1) "Abuse", the infliction of physical, sexual, or emotional injury or harm including
4 financial exploitation by any person, firm or corporation;

(2) "Court", the circuit court;

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(3) "Department", the department of health and senior services;

7 (4) "Director", director of the department of health and senior services or his or her 8 designees;

9 (5) "Eligible adult", a person sixty years of age or older who is unable to protect his or 10 her own interests or adequately perform or obtain services which are necessary to meet his or her 11 essential human needs or an adult with a disability, as defined in section [660.053] **192.2003**,

12 between the ages of eighteen and fifty-nine who is unable to protect his or her own interests or

adequately perform or obtain services which are necessary to meet his or her essential humanneeds;

(6) "Home health agency", the same meaning as such term is defined in section 197.400,RSMo;

(7) "Home health agency employee", a person employed by a home health agency;

18 (8) "Home health patient", an eligible adult who is receiving services through any home19 health agency;

20 (9) "In-home services client", an eligible adult who is receiving services in his or her 21 private residence through any in-home services provider agency;

(10) "In-home services employee", a person employed by an in-home services provideragency;

(11) "In-home services provider agency", a business entity under contract with the
department or with a Medicaid participation agreement, which employs persons to deliver any
kind of services provided for eligible adults in their private homes;

(12) "Least restrictive environment", a physical setting where protective services for the
eligible adult and accommodation is provided in a manner no more restrictive of an individual's
personal liberty and no more intrusive than necessary to achieve care and treatment objectives;

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(13) "Likelihood of serious physical harm", one or more of the following:

(a) A substantial risk that physical harm to an eligible adult will occur because of his or
her failure or inability to provide for his or her essential human needs as evidenced by acts or
behavior which has caused such harm or which gives another person probable cause to believe
that the eligible adult will sustain such harm;

35 (b) A substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an eligible adult upon 36 himself or herself, as evidenced by recent credible threats, acts, or behavior which has caused 37 such harm or which places another person in reasonable fear that the eligible adult will sustain 38 such harm;

39 (c) A substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by another upon an eligible
40 adult as evidenced by recent acts or behavior which has caused such harm or which gives another
41 person probable cause to believe the eligible adult will sustain such harm;

42 (d) A substantial risk that further physical harm will occur to an eligible adult who has
43 suffered physical injury, neglect, sexual or emotional abuse, or other maltreatment or wasting
44 of his or her financial resources by another person;

45 (14) "Neglect", the failure to provide services to an eligible adult by any person, firm or 46 corporation with a legal or contractual duty to do so, when such failure presents either an

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imminent danger to the health, safety, or welfare of the client or a substantial probability thatdeath or serious physical harm would result;

(15) "Protective services", services provided by the state or other governmental or private
 organizations or individuals which are necessary for the eligible adult to meet his or her essential
 human needs.

[660.255.] 192.2103. 1. Any person having reasonable cause to suspect that an eligible
adult presents a likelihood of suffering serious physical harm and is in need of protective services
shall report such information to the department.

- 4 2. The report shall be made orally or in writing. It shall include, if known:
- 5 (1) The name, age, and address of the eligible adult;
- 6 (2) The name and address of any person responsible for the eligible adult's care;
  - (3) The nature and extent of the eligible adult's condition; and
- 8 (4) Other relevant information.
- 9 3. Reports regarding persons determined not to be eligible adults as defined in section 10 [660.250] **192.2100** shall be referred to the appropriate state or local authorities.
- 11 4. The department shall maintain a statewide toll free phone number for receipt of 12 reports.
- 5. Any person complying with this provision in the making of a report, or in cooperating with the department in any of its activities under sections 192.2100 to 192.2130 shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability for making such a report, or in
- 16 cooperating with the department, unless such person acted negligently, recklessly, in bad
- 17 faith, or with malicious purpose. It is a crime under sections 565.186 and 565.188, RSMo,

## 18 for any person to purposely file a false report of elder abuse or neglect.

[660.260.] **192.2106. 1.** Upon receipt of a report, the department shall make a prompt and thorough investigation to determine whether or not an eligible adult is facing a likelihood of serious physical harm and is in need of protective services. The department shall provide for any of the following:

5 (1) Identification of the eligible adult and determination that the eligible adult is eligible6 for services;

- (2) Evaluation and diagnosis of the needs of eligible adults;
- 8 (3) Provision of social casework, counseling or referral to the appropriate local or state9 authority;
- 10 (4) Assistance in locating and receiving alternative living arrangements as necessary;
- 11 (5) Assistance in locating and receiving necessary protective services; or
- 12 (6) The coordination and cooperation with other state agencies and public and private 13 agencies in exchange of information and the sucidence of durlication of corrigon
- 13 agencies in exchange of information and the avoidance of duplication of services.

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- 14 [660.261.] 2. Upon receipt of a report that an eligible adult between the ages of eighteen15 and fifty-nine is facing a likelihood of serious physical harm, the department shall:
- 16 (1) Investigate or refer the report to appropriate law enforcement or state agencies; and
- 17
- (2) Provide services or refer to local community or state agencies.
- [660.263.] **192.2109.** 1. Reports made pursuant to sections [660.250 to 660.295] 2 **192.2100 to 192.2130** shall be confidential and shall not be deemed a public record and shall not
- 3 be subject to the provisions of section 109.180, RSMo, or chapter 610, RSMo.
- 4 2. Such reports shall be accessible for examination and copying only to the following5 persons or offices, or to their designees:
  - (1) The department or any person or agency designated by the department;
- 7 (2) The attorney general;
- 8 (3) The department of mental health for persons referred to that department;
- 9 (4) Any appropriate law enforcement agency; and
- 10 (5) The eligible adult or [his] **the eligible adult's** legal guardian.
- 11 3. The name of the reporter shall not be disclosed unless:
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- (1) Such reporter specifically authorizes disclosure of [his] the reporter's name; and
- (2) The department determines that disclosure of the name of the reporter is necessaryin order to prevent further harm to an eligible adult.
- 4. Any person who violates the provisions of this section, or who permits or encourages
  the unauthorized dissemination of information contained in the central registry and in reports and
  records made pursuant to sections [660.250 to 660.295] 192.2100 to 192.2130, shall be guilty
  of a class A misdemeanor.
- 5. The department shall maintain a central registry capable of receiving and maintaining reports received in a manner that facilitates rapid access and recall of the information reported, and of subsequent investigations and other relevant information. The department shall electronically record any telephone report of suspected abuse and neglect received by the department and such recorded reports shall be retained by the department for a period of one year after recording.
- 6. Although reports to the central registry may be made anonymously, the department shall in all cases, after obtaining relevant information regarding the alleged abuse or neglect, attempt to obtain the name and address of any person making a report.
- [660.265.] **192.2112.** When an eligible adult gives consent to receive protective services, 2 the department shall assist the adult in locating and arranging for necessary services in the least
- 3 restrictive environment reasonably available.
- [660.270.] **192.2115.** When the department receives a report that there has been abuse or neglect, or that there otherwise is a likelihood of serious physical harm to an eligible adult and

that he or she is in need of protective services and the department is unable to conduct an 3 investigation because access to the eligible adult is barred by any person, the director may 4 petition the appropriate court for a warrant or other order to enter upon the described premises 5 and investigate the report or to produce the information. The application for the warrant or order 6 7 shall identify the eligible adult and the facts and circumstances which require the issuance of the warrant or order. The director may also seek an order to enjoin the person from barring access 8 9 to an eligible adult or from interfering with the investigation. If the court finds that, based on 10 the report and relevant circumstances and facts, probable cause exists showing that the eligible 11 adult faces abuse or neglect, or otherwise faces a likelihood of serious physical harm and is in need of protective services and the director has been prevented by another person from 12 13 investigating the report, the court may issue the warrant or enjoin the interference with the 14 investigation or both.

[660.275.] 192.2118. If an eligible adult gives consent to receive protective services and 2 any other person interferes with or prevents the delivery of such services, the director may 3 petition the appropriate court for an order to enjoin the interference with the delivery of the services. The petition shall allege the consent of the eligible adult and shall allege specific facts 4 sufficient to show that the eligible adult faces a likelihood of serious physical harm and is in need 5 of the protective services and that delivery is barred by the person named in the petition. If the 6 7 court finds upon a preponderance of evidence that the allegations in the petition are true, the 8 court may issue an order enjoining the interference with the delivery of the protective services 9 and may establish such conditions and restrictions on the delivery as the court deems necessary and proper under the circumstances. 10

[660.280.] 192.2121. When an eligible adult facing the likelihood of serious physical harm and in need of protective services is unable to give consent because of incapacity or legal 2 3 disability and the guardian of the eligible adult refuses to provide the necessary services or allow 4 the provision of such services, the director shall inform the court having supervisory jurisdiction 5 over the guardian of the facts showing that the eligible adult faces the likelihood of serious physical harm and is in need of protective services and that the guardian refuses to provide the 6 necessary services or allow the provision of such services under the provisions of sections 7 8 [660.250 to 660.295] **192.2100 to 192.2130**. Upon receipt of such information, the court may 9 take such action as it deems necessary and proper to insure that the eligible adult is able to meet 10 his essential human needs.

[660.285.] 192.2124. 1. If the director determines after an investigation that an eligible
adult is unable to give consent to receive protective services and presents a likelihood of serious
physical harm, the director may initiate proceedings pursuant to chapter 202, RSMo, or chapter
475, RSMo, if appropriate.

5 2. In order to expedite adult guardianship and conservatorship cases, the department may 6 retain, within existing funding sources of the department, legal counsel on a case-by-case basis.

[660.290.] **192.2127.** 1. When a peace officer has probable cause to believe that an eligible adult will suffer an imminent likelihood of serious physical harm if not immediately placed in a medical facility for care and treatment, that the adult is incapable of giving consent, and that it is not possible to follow the procedures in section [660.285] **192.2124**, the officer may transport, or arrange transportation for, the eligible adult to an appropriate medical facility which may admit the eligible adult and shall notify the next of kin, if known, and the director.

7 2. Where access to the eligible adult is barred and a substantial likelihood exists of 8 serious physical harm resulting to the eligible adult if he is not immediately afforded protective 9 services, the peace officer may apply to the appropriate court for a warrant to enter upon the 10 described premises and remove the eligible adult. The application for the warrant shall identify 11 the eligible adult and the circumstances and facts which require the issuance of the warrant.

12 3. If immediately upon admission to a medical facility, a person who is legally 13 authorized to give consent for the provision of medical treatment for the eligible adult, has not 14 given or refused to give such consent, and it is the opinion of the medical staff of the facility that 15 treatment is necessary to prevent serious physical harm, the director or the head of the medical 16 facility shall file a petition in the appropriate court for an order authorizing specific medical 17 treatment. The court shall hold a hearing and issue its decision forthwith. Notwithstanding the above, if a licensed physician designated by the facility for such purpose examines the eligible 18 19 adult and determines that the treatment is immediately or imminently necessary and any delay 20 occasioned by the hearing provided in this subsection would jeopardize the life of the person 21 affected, the medical facility may treat the eligible adult prior to such court hearing.

4. The court shall conduct a hearing pursuant to chapter 475, RSMo, forthwith and, if the court finds the eligible adult incapacitated, it shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the person of the eligible adult to determine the nature and extent of the medical treatment necessary for the benefit of the eligible adult and to supervise the rendition of such treatment. The guardian ad litem shall promptly report the completion of treatment to the court, who shall thereupon conduct a restoration hearing or a hearing to appoint a permanent guardian.

5. The medical care under this section may not be rendered in a mental health facility unless authorized pursuant to the civil commitment procedures in chapter 632, RSMo.

6. Nothing contained in this section or [in any other section of sections 660.250 to 660.295] sections 192.2100 to 192.2130 shall be construed as requiring physician or medical care or hospitalization of any person who, because of religious faith or conviction, relies on spiritual means or prayer to cure or prevent disease or suffering nor shall any provision of sections [660.250 to 660.295] 192.2100 to 192.2130 be construed so as to designate any person
- as an eligible adult who presents a likelihood of suffering serious physical harm and is in need 35 of protective services solely because such person, because of religious faith or conviction, relies 36 on spiritual means or prayer to cure or prevent disease or suffering. 37 [660.295.] 192.2130. If an eligible adult does not consent to the receipt of reasonable and necessary protective services, or if an eligible adult withdraws previously given consent, the 2 3 protective services shall not be provided or continued; except that, if the director has reasonable 4 cause to believe that the eligible adult lacks the capacity to consent, the director may seek a court 5 order pursuant to the provisions of section [660.285] 192.2124. [198.070.] 192.2150. 1. [When] As used in sections 192.2150 to 192.2187, unless the 2 context clearly indicates otherwise, the following terms mean: 3 (1) "Consumer", a consumer of personal care assistance services as defined in 4 section 208.900, RSMo; 5 (2) "In-home services client", the same meaning as such term is defined in section 192.2100, or a healthy children and youth program participant who receives in-home care 6 authorized by the department; 7 8 (3) "Misappropriation", the dishonest conversion of property or moneys of a patient, resident, in-home services client, or consumer; 9 10 (4) "Patient", any patient of any entity licensed or certified under chapter 197, RSMo, or a client of any adult day care provider, as defined in section 192.2200; 11 (5) "Personal care attendant", a person hired to provide personal care assistance 12 13 services as defined in section 208.900, RSMo; 14 (6) "Principal", a provider officer, director, owner, partner, or other person with 15 primary management or supervisory responsibilities; 16 (7) "Provider", any person or entity who: 17 (a) Is licensed or certified as an operator under chapters 197 or 198, RSMo; 18 (b) Provides in-home services under contract with the department; 19 (c) Employs health care staff for temporary or intermittent placement in health care facilities: 20 21 (d) Is a licensed adult day care provider; 22 (e) Is a personal care assistance services vendor agency as defined in section 23 208.900, RSMo; or 24 (f) Has a Medicaid participation agreement and employs persons to deliver any kind of services provided for patients, in-home services clients, or consumers in their 25 26 private homes; 27 (8) "Resident", any resident of any entity licensed or certified under chapter 198,
- 28 **RSMo.**

29 2. Any adult day care worker; chiropractor; Christian Science practitioner; coroner; dentist; embalmer; employee of the departments of social services, mental health, or health and 30 senior services; employee of a local area agency on aging or an organized area agency on aging 31 32 program; funeral director; home health agency or home health agency employee; hospital and 33 clinic personnel engaged in examination, care, or treatment of persons; in-home services owner, provider, operator, or employee; law enforcement officer; long-term care facility administrator 34 35 or employee; medical examiner; medical resident or intern; mental health professional; minister; 36 nurse; nurse practitioner; optometrist; other health practitioner; peace officer; pharmacist; 37 physical therapist; physician; physician's assistant; podiatrist; probation or parole officer; 38 psychologist; social worker; personal care assistance services vendor employee or attendant; 39 or other person **charged** with the care of a person sixty years of age or older or an eligible adult. 40 as defined in section 192.2100, who has reasonable cause to believe that a [resident of a facility] patient, resident, in-home services client, or consumer has been abused or neglected. The or 41 42 she] that misappropriation of property or moneys belonging to a patient, resident, in-home 43 services client, or consumer has occurred, or that the falsification of any documents verifying service delivery of in-home services or consumer-directed services has occurred, 44 45 shall [immediately] report or cause a report to be made to the department within twenty-four 46 hours after the later of the act or the discovery of the act by such person. 47 [2.] **3.** In addition to those persons required to report under subsection 2 of this

section, any other person having reasonable cause to believe that a patient, resident, inhome services client, or consumer has been abused or neglected, that misappropriation of
property or moneys belonging to a patient, resident, in-home services client, or consumer
has occurred, or that falsification of any documents verifying service delivery of in-home
services or consumer-directed services has occurred may report such information to the
department.

4. If a report is made by the patient's, in-home services client's, consumer's, or resident's physician, the department shall provide information regarding the progress of the investigation to the physician upon request.

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## 5. The report shall contain:

- (1) The name and address of the [facility, the name of the resident,] provider and the
  patient, resident, in-home services client, or consumer;
- 60 (2) Information regarding the nature of the abuse or neglect, misappropriation, or
   61 falsification of documents verifying service delivery;
- 62 (3) The name of the complainant[,]; and
- 63 (4) Any other information which might be helpful in an investigation.

64 [3. Any person required in subsection 1 of this section to report or cause a report to be 65 made to the department who knowingly fails to make a report within a reasonable time after the 66 act of abuse or neglect as required in this subsection is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

4. In addition to the penalties imposed by this section, any administrator who knowingly
conceals any act of abuse or neglect resulting in death or serious physical injury, as defined in
section 565.002, RSMo, is guilty of a class D felony.

5. In addition to those persons required to report pursuant to subsection 1 of this section,
any other person having reasonable cause to believe that a resident has been abused or neglected
may report such information to the department.]

73 6. Upon receipt of a report that indicates an imminent danger to the health, safety, 74 or welfare of a patient, resident, in-home services client, or consumer, or substantial 75 probability that death or serious physical injury will result, the department shall [initiate an] make a prompt and thorough investigation [within twenty-four hours and,]. The department 76 77 shall initiate all other investigations as soon as practicable. As provided in section 565.186, 78 RSMo, substantiated reports of elder abuse shall be promptly reported by the department 79 to the appropriate law enforcement agency and prosecutor. In the case of investigations 80 alleging abuse, neglect, misappropriation, or exploitation of a resident of a facility licensed 81 under chapter 198, RSMo, by a facility employee or other resident:

(1) If the resident has been appointed a guardian or conservator, or both, under
chapter 475, RSMo, or if the resident has been certified to be incapacitated in accordance
with sections 404.800 to 404.872, RSMo, the department, as soon as possible during the
course of the investigation, shall notify the resident's [next of kin or responsible party] legal
representative of the report [and], the investigation, and [further notify them] whether the
report was substantiated or unsubstantiated unless such person is the alleged perpetrator [of the
abuse or neglect.];

89 (2) The department may notify family members or guardians of the results of
 90 investigations in accordance with section 198.532, RSMo.

91

92 [As provided in section 565.186, RSMo, substantiated reports of elder abuse shall be promptly93 reported by the department to the appropriate law enforcement agency and prosecutor.]

94 7. If the investigation indicates possible abuse or neglect [of a resident], 95 misappropriation of property or moneys, or falsification of documents verifying service 96 delivery of in-home services or consumer-directed services, the investigator shall refer the 97 complaint together with the investigator's report to the department director or the director's 98 designee for appropriate action. When information gained from an investigation indicates

# 99 a crime has occurred, the department shall report such information to the appropriate law 100 enforcement agency.

101 8. If, during the investigation or at its completion, the department has reasonable cause 102 to believe that immediate [removal] action is necessary to protect the resident, patient, in-home 103 services client, or consumer from abuse or neglect, or misappropriation of property or 104 **moneys**, the department or the local prosecuting attorney may, or the attorney general upon 105 request of the department shall, file a petition for temporary care and protection of the resident, patient, in-home services client, or consumer in a circuit court of competent jurisdiction. The 106 107 circuit court in which the petition is filed shall have equitable jurisdiction to issue an exparte 108 order granting the department authority for the temporary care and protection of the resident, 109 patient, in-home services client, or consumer, for a period not to exceed thirty days.

[8.] 9. Reports shall be confidential, [as provided pursuant to section 660.320, RSMo]
shall not be deemed a public record, and shall not be subject to the provisions of section
109.180, RSMo, or chapter 610, RSMo. The name of the complainant or any person
mentioned in the reports shall not be disclosed unless:

(1) The complainant, patient, resident, in-home services client, or consumer
 mentioned, or such person's legal representative agrees to disclosure of his or her name;

(2) The department determines that disclosure is necessary to prevent further abuse
 or neglect, misappropriation of property or moneys, or falsification of any documents
 verifying service delivery of in-home services or consumer-directed services;

(3) Release of a name is required for compliance with a lawful subpoena; except
that the name of the complainant or reporter may only be required after a court
determines that it is necessary to avoid substantial and irreversible prejudice to the party
requesting the name of the complainant or reporter;

(4) Release of a name is required in connection with a review by the administrative
 hearing commission in accordance with section 198.039, RSMo;

125 (5) The department determines that release of a name is appropriate when 126 forwarding a report of findings of an investigation to a licensing authority; or

127 (6) Release of a name is requested by the department of social services for the
128 purpose of licensure under chapter 210, RSMo.

10. Within five working days after a report required to be made under this section
is received, the person making the report shall be notified of its receipt and the initiation
of the investigation.

[9.] 11. Anyone, except any person who has abused or neglected a resident [in a facility]
,patient, in-home services client, or consumer, or who has benefited from the
misappropriation of property or moneys of a patient, resident, in-home services client, or

135 consumer, or who has falsified documents verifying service delivery of in-home services or

136 consumer-directed services, who makes a report pursuant to this section or who testifies in any 137 administrative or judicial proceeding arising from the report, or who cooperates with the 138 department in any activities pursuant to this section, shall be immune from any civil or 139 criminal liability for making such a report or for testifying except for liability for perjury, unless 140 such person acted negligently, recklessly, in bad faith or with malicious purpose. It is a crime 141 pursuant to section 565.186 and 565.188, RSMo, for any person to purposely file a false report 142 of elder abuse or neglect.

143 [10. Within five working days after a report required to be made pursuant to this section 144 is received, the person making the report shall be notified in writing of its receipt and of the 145 initiation of the investigation.

146 11. No person who directs or exercises any authority in a facility shall evict, harass, 147 dismiss or retaliate against a resident or employee because such resident or employee or any 148 member of such resident's or employee's family has made a report of any violation or suspected 149 violation of laws, ordinances or regulations applying to the facility which the resident, the 150 resident's family or an employee has reasonable cause to believe has been committed or has 151 occurred. Through the existing department information and referral telephone contact line, 152 residents, their families and employees of a facility shall be able to obtain information about their 153 rights, protections and options in cases of eviction, harassment, dismissal or retaliation due to 154 a report being made pursuant to this section.

155 12. Any person who abuses or neglects a resident of a facility is subject to criminal 156 prosecution under section 565.180, 565.182, or 565.184, RSMo.

157 13.] **12.** The department shall maintain the employee disqualification list and place on 158 the employee disqualification list the names of any persons who are or have been employed [in 159 any facility] **by any provider or consumer** and who have been finally determined by the 160 department pursuant to section [660.315, RSMo,] **192.2175**:

(1) To have purposely, knowingly, or recklessly abused or neglected a resident, patient, 161 162 in-home services client, or consumer. For purposes of this section only, "abuse" and 163 "neglect" shall have the same meanings as such terms are defined in section 192.2100. For 164 purposes of this section only, "purposely", "knowingly" and "recklessly" shall have the 165 meanings [that are ascribed to them in this section. A person acts "knowingly" with respect to 166 the person's conduct when a reasonable person should be aware of the result caused by his or her 167 conduct. A person acts "recklessly" when the person consciously disregards a substantial and unjustifiable risk that the person's conduct will result in serious physical injury and such 168 169 disregard constitutes a gross deviation from the standard of care that a reasonable person would exercise in the situation] as such terms are defined in chapter 562, RSMo; 170

171 (2) To have falsified documents verifying service delivery to an in-home services172 client or consumer;

173 (3) To have misappropriated property or moneys belonging to a patient, resident,
174 in-home services client, or consumer.

175 13. No person who directs or exercises any authority on behalf of a provider and no personal care attendant, as defined in section 208.900, RSMo, shall evict, harass, 176 177 dismiss, or retaliate against a patient, resident, in-home services client, consumer, or 178 employee because such patient, resident, in-home services client, consumer, or employee 179 or any member of such patient's, resident's, in-home services client's, consumer's, or 180 employee's family has made a report of any violation or suspected violation of laws, 181 standards, or regulations applying to the provider or attendant which the complainant has 182 reasonable cause to believe has been committed or has occurred. Through existing 183 department information and referral telephone contact line, patients, residents, in-home 184 services clients, consumers, their families, and employees of a provider may obtain information regarding their rights, protections, and options in cases of eviction, 185 harassment, dismissal, or retaliation due to a report being made under this section. 186

187 14. In the case of investigations involving facilities licensed under chapter 198, 188 RSMo, the timely self-reporting of incidents to the central registry by a facility shall continue 189 to be investigated in accordance with department policy, and shall not be counted or reported by 190 the department as a hot-line call but rather a self-reported incident. If the self-reported incident 191 results in a regulatory violation, such incident shall be reported as a substantiated report.

192 **15.** Any potential consumer or in-home services client whose services are funded 193 by Medicaid shall be screened to ascertain if they are included on the Missouri sexual 194 offender registry maintained by the Missouri state highway patrol. If any potential 195 consumer or in-home services client whose services are funded by Medicaid is listed on the 196 Missouri sexual offender registry, the department shall notify the provider at the time of 197 the referral.

192.2153. 1. Any person required to report or cause a report to be made to the
department under subsection 2 of section 192.2150 who fails to make such a report or cause
such a report to be made within twenty-four hours after the later of the act or the discovery
of the act by such person of abuse or neglect, misappropriation of property or moneys, or
falsification of documents verifying service delivery of in-home services or consumerdirected services is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
Any person who abuses or neglects an in-home services client, patient, resident,

8 or consumer is subject to criminal prosecution under sections 565.180, 565.182, or 565.184,
9 RSMo. Any person who puts to his or her own use or the use of the provider, or otherwise

diverts from the in-home services client's, patient's, resident's, or consumer's use of any 10

11 personal property or moneys of the in-home services client, patient, resident, or consumer, or falsifies any documents verifying service delivery of in-home services or consumer 12 directed services, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

13

14 3. In addition to any other penalties imposed by this section, any provider, principal in the operation of a provider, as defined in section 192.2150, or employee of a 15 provider who knowingly conceals any act of abuse or neglect that results in death or 16 17 serious physical injury, as defined in section 565.002, RSMo, is guilty of a class D felony.

18 4. If a provider willfully and knowingly fails to report abuse by an employee of the 19 provider and such employee is later found guilty or pleads guilty to a violation of section 20 565.180, 565.182, or 565.184, RSMo, the provider may be subject to an administrative 21 penalty of one thousand dollars per violation to be collected by the department. Any 22 moneys collected shall be transferred to the state school moneys fund as established in 23 section 166.051, RSMo, and distributed to the public schools of this state in the manner provided in section 163.031, RSMo. Any provider that has an administrative penalty 24 25 imposed by the department may seek an administrative review of the department's action under chapter 621, RSMo. Any decision of the administrative hearing commission may be 26 27 appealed to the circuit court in the county where the violation occurred for judicial review

#### 28 as a contested case under chapter 536, RSMo.

[660.315.] 192.2175. 1. After an investigation and a determination has been made to place a person's name on the employee disqualification list, that person shall be notified in 2 3 writing mailed to his or her last known address that:

4 (1) An allegation has been made against the person, the substance of the allegation and 5 that an investigation has been conducted which tends to substantiate the allegation;

6 (2) The person's name will be included in the employee disqualification list of the 7 department;

8 9 (3) The consequences of being so listed including the length of time to be listed; and

(4) The person's rights and the procedure to challenge the allegation.

10 2. Notice by mail to the last known address, as provided by the person to the 11 person's employer at the time of the allegation, shall satisfy the requirements of this 12 section. If the person has provided the department with a more recent address, notice shall be sent to the more recent address. Notice shall be complete upon such mailing. If no reply 13 has been received within thirty days of mailing the notice, the department may include the name 14 15 of such person on its list. The length of time the person's name shall appear on the employee

disqualification list shall be determined by the director or the director's designee, based upon the 16

criteria contained in subsection 9 of this section. 17

3. If the person so notified wishes to challenge the allegation, such person may file an application for a hearing with the department. The department shall grant the application within thirty days after receipt by the department and set the matter for hearing[, or the department shall notify the applicant that, after review, the allegation has been held to be unfounded and the applicant's name will not be listed].

4. If a person's name is included on the employee disqualification list without notice **in accordance with subsections 1 and 2 of this section** by the department, such person may file a request with the department for removal of the name or for a hearing. Within thirty days after receipt of the request, the department shall either remove the name from the list or grant a hearing and set a date therefor.

28 5. Any hearing shall be conducted [in the county of the person's residence] by the 29 director of the department or the director's designee in Cole County or in the county of the 30 person's residence, or by telephone, in the discretion of the director or the director's 31 designee. The provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, for a contested case except those provisions 32 or amendments which are in conflict with this section, shall apply to and govern the proceedings 33 contained in this section and the rights and duties of the parties involved. The person appealing 34 such an action shall be entitled to present evidence, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, 35 RSMo, relevant to the allegations.

6. Upon the record made at the hearing, the director of the department or the director's designee shall determine all questions presented and shall determine whether the person shall be listed on the employee disqualification list. The director of the department or the director's designee shall clearly state the reasons for his or her decision and shall include a statement of findings of fact and conclusions of law pertinent to the questions in issue.

7. A person aggrieved by the decision following the hearing shall be informed of his or
her right to seek judicial review as provided under chapter 536, RSMo. If the person fails to
appeal the director's findings, those findings shall constitute a final determination that the person
shall be placed on the employee disqualification list.

8. A decision by the director shall be inadmissible in any civil action brought against a
[facility or the in-home services provider agency] provider, or employee of such provider, or
personal care attendant and arising out of the facts and circumstances which brought about the
employment disqualification proceeding, unless the civil action is brought against the [facility
or the in-home services provider agency] provider, or employee of such provider, or personal
care attendant by the department of health and senior services or one of its divisions.
9. The length of time the person's name shall appear on the employee disqualification

51 52 list shall be determined by the director of the department of health and senior services or the
53 director's designee, based upon the following:

54 (1) Whether the person acted **purposely**, recklessly, or knowingly, as defined in chapter 55 562. RSMo: 56 (2) The degree of the physical, sexual, or emotional injury or harm; or the degree of the

imminent danger to the health, safety or welfare of [a resident or in-home services client] the 57 58 alleged victim;

59 (3) The degree of misappropriation of the property or funds, or falsification of any 60 documents for service delivery of [an in-home services client] a patient, resident, in-home 61 services client, or consumer;

62

(4) Whether the person has previously been listed on the employee disqualification list;

- 63 (5) Any mitigating circumstances;
- 64 (6) Any aggravating circumstances; and

(7) Whether alternative sanctions resulting in conditions of continued employment are 65 appropriate in lieu of placing a person's name on the employee disqualification list. Such 66 conditions of employment may include, but are not limited to, additional training and employee 67 68 counseling. Conditional employment shall terminate upon the expiration of the designated length of time and the person's submitting documentation which fulfills the department of health 69 70 and senior services' requirements.

71 10. The removal of any person's name from the list under this section shall not prevent 72 the director from keeping records of all acts finally determined to have occurred under this 73 section.

74 11. The department shall [provide] make available the list maintained pursuant to this 75 section to other state departments upon request and to any person, corporation or association 76 who:

77 (1) Is licensed as an operator under chapter 198, RSMo;

78 (2) Provides in-home services under contract with the department;

79 (3) Employs [nurses and nursing assistants] health care staff for temporary or 80 intermittent placement [in health care facilities] with providers;

81

(4) Is approved by the department to issue certificates for nursing assistants training; [or]

82 (5) Is an entity licensed under chapter 197, RSMo;

- 83 (6) Is a personal care assistance services vendor agency, as defined in section 208.900, RSMo; 84
- 85 (7) Is an adult day care provider licensed under sections 192.2200 to 192.2227; or
- 86 (8) Is a recognized school of nursing, medicine, or other health profession that receives the list for the purpose of checking its students who participate in clinical rotations 87
- 88 with entities described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (5) of this subsection.
- 89

90 The department shall inform any person listed above who inquires of the department whether or

91 not a particular name is on the list. No person, corporation, or association who is entitled to 92 access the employee disqualification list shall disclose the information to any person, 93 corporation, or association who is not entitled to access the list. Any person, corporation, 94 or association who is entitled to access the employee disqualification list who discloses the 95 information to any person, corporation, or association who is not entitled to access the list 96 is guilty of an infraction. The department may require that the request be made in writing.

07

12. The department shall, upon request, provide to the division of employment
security within the department of labor and industrial relations copies of the investigative
reports related to an employee being placed on the employee disqualification list.

100 **13.** No person, corporation or association who received the employee disqualification 101 list under subdivisions (1) to (7) of subsection 11 of this section shall knowingly employ any 102 person who is on the employee disqualification list. No person who is listed on the employee 103 disqualification list shall be paid from public moneys as a personal care assistance services 104 **attendant.** Any person, corporation or association who received the employee disqualification 105 list under subdivisions (1) to (7) of subsection 11 of this section, or any consumer or person 106 responsible for providing health care service, who declines to employ or terminates a person whose name is listed in this section shall be immune from suit by that person or anyone else 107 108 acting for or in behalf of that person for the failure to employ or for the termination of the person 109 whose name is listed on the employee disqualification list.

110 [13.] **14.** Any employer who is required to discharge an employee because the employee 111 was placed on [a] the employee disqualification list maintained by the department of health and 112 senior services after the date of hire shall not be charged for unemployment insurance benefits 113 based on wages paid to the employee for work prior to the date of discharge, pursuant to section 114 288.100, RSMo. Any claim for unemployment insurance paid by any employer as a result 115 of discharging an employee because the employee was placed on the employee 116 disqualification list maintained by the department of health and senior services after the 117 date of hire shall be reimbursed by the state. Any person who is employed in a position for 118 which employment is prohibited while such person is listed on the employee 119 disqualification list shall have his or her placement on the employee disqualification list 120 extended one year.

121 [14.] **15.** Any person who has been listed on the employee disqualification list may 122 request that the director remove his or her name from the employee disqualification list. The 123 request shall be written and may not be made more than once every twelve months. The request 124 will be granted by the director upon a clear showing, by written submission only, that the person 125 will not commit additional acts of abuse, neglect, misappropriation of the property or funds, or

the falsification of any documents [of] verifying service delivery to an in-home services client or consumer. The director may make conditional the removal of a person's name from the list on any terms that the director deems appropriate, and failure to comply with such terms may result in the person's name being relisted. The director's determination of whether to remove the person's name from the list is not subject to appeal.

[660.317.] **192.2178.** 1. For the purposes of this section, the term "provider" [means any 2 person, corporation or association who:

(1) Is licensed as an operator pursuant to chapter 198, RSMo;

(2) Provides in-home services under contract with the department;

5 (3) Employs nurses or nursing assistants for temporary or intermittent placement in 6 health care facilities;

7

3

4

(4) Is an entity licensed pursuant to chapter 197, RSMo;

8 (5) Is a public or private facility, day program, residential facility or specialized service
9 operated, funded or licensed by the department of mental health; or

10 (6) Is a licensed adult day care provider] has the same meaning as such term is defined 11 in section 192.2150, except that the term "provider" also includes a public or private 12 facility, day program, residential facility or specialized service operated, funded, or 13 licensed by the department of mental health.

2. For the purpose of this section "patient or resident" has the same meaning as such term
 is defined in section 43.540, RSMo, "in-home services client" has the same meaning as such
 term is defined in section 192.2150, and "consumer" has the same meaning as such term
 is defined in section 208.900, RSMo.

3. Prior to [allowing any person who has been hired] **hiring** as a full-time, part-time or temporary **employee for any** position to have contact with any patient [or], resident, **in-home services client**, **or consumer**, the provider shall, or in the case of temporary employees hired through or contracted for an employment agency, the employment agency shall prior to sending a temporary employee to a provider **make an inquiry to the department of health and senior services whether the person is listed on the employee disqualification list as provided in section 192.2175.** 

4. Prior to allowing any person who has been hired in a full-time, part-time, or temporary position to have contact with any patient, resident, in-home services client, or consumer, the provider, or in the case of temporary employees hired through or contracted for an employment agency, the employment agency, shall prior to sending a temporary employee to a provider:

30 (1) Request a criminal background check as provided in section 43.540, RSMo.
 31 Completion of an inquiry to the highway patrol or family care safety registry for criminal

records that are available for disclosure to a provider for the purpose of conducting an employee 32 33 criminal records background check shall be deemed to fulfill the provider's duty to conduct 34 employee criminal background checks pursuant to this section; except that, completing the inquiries pursuant to this subsection shall not be construed to exempt a provider from further 35 inquiry pursuant to common law requirements governing due diligence. If an applicant has not 36 37 resided in this state for five consecutive years prior to the date of his or her application for 38 employment, the provider shall request a nationwide check for the purpose of determining if the 39 applicant has a prior criminal history in other states. The fingerprint cards and any required fees 40 shall be sent to the highway patrol's criminal records division. The first set of fingerprints shall 41 be used for searching the state repository of criminal history information. If no identification is 42 made, the second set of fingerprints shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, 43 Identification Division, for the searching of the federal criminal history files. The patrol shall 44 notify the submitting state agency of any criminal history information or lack of criminal history 45 information discovered on the individual. The provisions relating to applicants for employment who have not resided in this state for five consecutive years shall apply only to persons who have 46 47 no employment history with a licensed Missouri facility during that five-year period. 48 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 610.120, RSMo, all records related to any criminal 49 history information discovered shall be accessible and available to the provider making the 50 record request; and

(2) [Make an inquiry to the department of health and senior services whether the person is listed on the employee disqualification list as provided in section 660.315] Request of the person a physical address where the person may be located in addition to any other address provided by the person such as a post office box address. For any worker listed in the family care safety registry required by sections 210.900 to 210.936, RSMo, a provider may access the family care safety registry in lieu of the requirements established under subsection 3 of this section.

[4.] **5.** When the provider requests a criminal background check pursuant to section 43.540, RSMo, the requesting entity may require that the applicant reimburse the provider for the cost of such record check. When a provider requests a nationwide criminal background check pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection [3] **4** of this section, the total cost to the provider of any background check required pursuant to this section shall not exceed five dollars which shall be paid to the state. State funding and the obligation of a provider to obtain a nationwide criminal background check shall be subject to the availability of appropriations.

[5.] 6. An applicant for a position to have contact with patients, in-home services
 clients, consumers, or residents of a provider shall:

67 (1) Sign a consent form as required by section 43.540, RSMo, so the provider may 68 request a criminal records review;

69 (2) Disclose the applicant's criminal history. For the purposes of this subdivision 70 "criminal history" includes any conviction or a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a 71 misdemeanor or felony charge in this state or any other state and shall include any suspended 72 imposition of sentence, any suspended execution of sentence or any period of probation or 73 parole; and

(3) Disclose if the applicant is listed on the employee disqualification list as provided
in section [660.315] 192.2175 and disclose whether the applicant is a registered sexual
offender under section 589.400, RSMo, listed in the Missouri uniform law enforcement
system (MULES).

78 [6.] 7. An applicant who knowingly fails to disclose his or her criminal history as 79 required in subsection [5] 6 of this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. A provider is 80 guilty of a class A misdemeanor if the provider knowingly hires or retains a person to have 81 contact with patients, in-home services clients, consumers, or residents and the person has been 82 convicted of, pled guilty to or nolo contendere in this state or any other state or has been found 83 guilty of a crime, which if committed in Missouri would be a class A or B felony violation of 84 chapter 195, 565, 566 or 569, RSMo, a violation of section 570.090, RSMo, felony violation 85 or three or more misdemeanor violations of section 570.030, RSMo, a violation of section 570.145, RSMo, or any violation of subsection [3] 1 of section [198.070, RSMo,] 192.2153 or 86 87 section 568.020, RSMo. For any persons hired on or after August 28, 2007, a provider shall 88 not hire any person with a disqualifying criminal history unless such person has first obtained a good cause waiver of the disqualifying criminal history. For any person 89 90 employed as of August 28, 2007, a provider shall request a criminal background check as 91 provided in section 43.540, RSMo, by January 1, 2008, and shall not knowingly retain any 92 such person with a disqualifying criminal history after March 1, 2008, unless such person 93 has submitted a completed good cause waiver application prior to March 1, 2008. If the 94 good cause waiver is denied, the provider shall not continue to retain such person after the 95 provider is notified of the denial of the good cause waiver.

96 8. For any persons hired on or after August 28, 2007, a provider is guilty of a class 97 A misdemeanor if the provider knowingly hires or retains any person who is a registered 98 sex offender under section 589.400, RSMo, whose name appears on the sexual offender 99 registry or who has been convicted of an offense which would require registry under 100 section 589.400, RSMo.

[7.]9. Any in-home services provider agency [or], consumer-directed services vendor,
home health agency [shall be], or hospice is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if such vendor

103 or agency knowingly [employs] hires or retains a person to provide in-home services, 104 consumer-directed services, hospice services, or home health services to any in-home services client, consumer-directed services consumer, hospice patient, or home health patient and such 105 106 person [either] refuses to register with the family care safety registry [or is listed on any of the 107 background check lists in the family care safety registry pursuant to sections 210.900 to 210.937, 108 RSMo]. Any in-home services provider agency, home health agency, or hospice is guilty 109 of a class A misdemeanor if such agency or hospice allows an employee to have contact with a patient or in-home services client prior to requesting a background screening from 110 111 the family care safety registry under sections 210.900 to 210.936, RSMo.

[8.] 10. The highway patrol shall examine whether protocols can be developed to allow
a provider to request a statewide fingerprint criminal records review check through local law
enforcement agencies.

[9.] 11. A provider may use a private investigatory agency rather than the highway patrol
to do a criminal history records review check, and alternatively, the applicant pays the private
investigatory agency such fees as the provider and such agency shall agree.

118 [10.] 12. Except for the hiring restriction based on the department of health and senior 119 services employee disqualification list established pursuant to section [660.315] **192.2175, and** 120 the registration as a sexual offender under section 589.400, RSMo, the department of health 121 and senior services shall promulgate rules and regulations to waive the hiring restrictions 122 pursuant to this section for good cause. For purposes of this section, "good cause" means the 123 department has made a determination by examining [the employee's prior work history and other 124 relevant factors that such employee does not present a risk to the health or safety of residents] 125 such materials submitted by the applicant under rules established by the department, and 126 determined that the hiring restriction contained in subsections 7 and 9 of this section is 127 removed and the hiring decision remains the responsibility of the provider.

[660.300.] 192.2181. 1. [When any adult day care worker; chiropractor; Christian Science practitioner; coroner; dentist; embalmer; employee of the departments of social services, 2 3 mental health, or health and senior services; employee of a local area agency on aging or an 4 organized area agency on aging program; funeral director; home health agency or home health 5 agency employee; hospital and clinic personnel engaged in examination, care, or treatment of 6 persons; in-home services owner, provider, operator, or employee; law enforcement officer; long-term care facility administrator or employee; medical examiner; medical resident or intern; 7 mental health professional; minister; nurse; nurse practitioner; optometrist; other health 8 practitioner; peace officer; pharmacist; physical therapist; physician; physician's assistant; 9 10 podiatrist; probation or parole officer; psychologist; or social worker has reasonable cause to 11 believe that an in-home services client has been abused or neglected, as a result of in-home

12 services, he or she shall immediately report or cause a report to be made to the department. If

13 the report is made by a physician of the in-home services client, the department shall maintain

14 contact with the physician regarding the progress of the investigation.

2.] When a report of deteriorating physical condition resulting in possible abuse or neglect of an in-home services client **or consumer** is received by the department, [the client's case manager and] the department nurse shall be notified. The [client's case manager] **department** shall investigate and immediately report the results of the investigation to the department nurse. The department may authorize [the] **an** in-home services provider nurse to assist [the case manager] with the investigation.

[3.] **2.** If requested, local area agencies on aging shall provide volunteer training to those persons listed in subsection [1] **2** of [this] section **192.2150** regarding the detection and report of abuse and neglect [pursuant to this section].

[4. Any person required in subsection 1 of this section to report or cause a report to be made to the department who fails to do so within a reasonable time after the act of abuse or neglect is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

5. The report shall contain the names and addresses of the in-home services provider agency, the in-home services employee, the in-home services client, the home health agency, the home health agency employee, information regarding the nature of the abuse or neglect, the name of the complainant, and any other information which might be helpful in an investigation.

6. In addition to those persons required to report under subsection 1 of this section, any other person having reasonable cause to believe that an in-home services client or home health patient has been abused or neglected by an in-home services employee or home health agency employee may report such information to the department.

35 7. If the investigation indicates possible abuse or neglect of an in-home services client 36 or home health patient, the investigator shall refer the complaint together with his or her report 37 to the department director or his or her designee for appropriate action. If, during the 38 investigation or at its completion, the department has reasonable cause to believe that immediate 39 action is necessary to protect the in-home services client or home health patient from abuse or 40 neglect, the department or the local prosecuting attorney may, or the attorney general upon 41 request of the department shall, file a petition for temporary care and protection of the in-home 42 services client or home health patient in a circuit court of competent jurisdiction. The circuit 43 court in which the petition is filed shall have equitable jurisdiction to issue an ex parte order 44 granting the department authority for the temporary care and protection of the in-home services 45 client or home health patient, for a period not to exceed thirty days.

46 8. Reports shall be confidential, as provided under section 660.320.

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9. Anyone, except any person who has abused or neglected an in-home services client or home health patient, who makes a report pursuant to this section or who testifies in any administrative or judicial proceeding arising from the report shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability for making such a report or for testifying except for liability for perjury, unless such person acted negligently, recklessly, in bad faith, or with malicious purpose.

52 10. Within five working days after a report required to be made under this section is 53 received, the person making the report shall be notified in writing of its receipt and of the 54 initiation of the investigation.

11. No person who directs or exercises any authority in an in-home services provider agency or home health agency shall harass, dismiss or retaliate against an in-home services client or home health patient, or an in-home services employee or a home health agency employee because he or any member of his or her family has made a report of any violation or suspected violation of laws, standards or regulations applying to the in-home services provider agency or home health agency or any in-home services employee or home health agency employee which he has reasonable cause to believe has been committed or has occurred.

62 12. Any person who abuses or neglects an in-home services client or home health patient 63 is subject to criminal prosecution under section 565.180, 565.182, or 565.184, RSMo. If such person is an in-home services employee and has been found guilty by a court, and if the 64 65 supervising in- home services provider willfully and knowingly failed to report known abuse by 66 such employee to the department, the supervising in-home services provider may be subject to 67 administrative penalties of one thousand dollars per violation to be collected by the department and the money received therefor shall be paid to the director of revenue and deposited in the state 68 69 treasury to the credit of the general revenue fund. Any in-home services provider which has had 70 administrative penalties imposed by the department or which has had its contract terminated may 71 seek an administrative review of the department's action pursuant to chapter 621, RSMo. Any 72 decision of the administrative hearing commission may be appealed to the circuit court in the 73 county where the violation occurred for a trial de novo. For purposes of this subsection, the term 74 "violation" means a determination of guilt by a court.

75 13.] 3. The department shall establish a quality assurance and supervision process for 76 in-home services clients that requires an in-home services provider agency to [conduct random 77 visits to] verify compliance with program standards and verify the accuracy of records kept by 78 an in-home services employee.

[14. The department shall maintain the employee disqualification list and place on the employee disqualification list the names of any persons who have been finally determined by the department, pursuant to section 660.315, to have recklessly, knowingly or purposely abused or neglected an in-home services client or home health patient while employed by an in-home

83 services provider agency or home health agency. For purposes of this section only, "knowingly" 84 and "recklessly" shall have the meanings that are ascribed to them in this section. A person acts 85 "knowingly" with respect to the person's conduct when a reasonable person should be aware of 86 the result caused by his or her conduct. A person acts "recklessly" when the person consciously 87 disregards a substantial and unjustifiable risk that the person's conduct will result in serious 88 physical injury and such disregard constitutes a gross deviation from the standard of care that a 89 reasonable person would exercise in the situation.

90 15.] 4. At the time [a] an in-home services client has been assessed to determine the 91 level of care as required by rule and is eligible for in-home services, the department shall conduct 92 a "Safe at Home Evaluation" to determine the in-home services client's physical, mental, and 93 environmental capacity. The department shall develop the safe at home evaluation tool by rule 94 in accordance with chapter 536, RSMo. The purpose of the safe at home evaluation is to assure 95 that each **in-home services** client has the appropriate level of services and professionals involved in the in-home services client's care. The plan of service or care for each in-home services client 96 97 shall be authorized by a nurse. The department may authorize the licensed in-home services 98 nurse, in lieu of the department nurse, to conduct the assessment of the **in-home services** client's 99 condition and to establish a plan of services or care. The department may use the expertise, services, or programs of other departments and agencies on a case-by-case basis to establish the 100 101 plan of service or care. The department may, as indicated by the safe at home evaluation, refer 102 any **in-home services** client to a mental health professional, as defined in 9 CSR 30-4.030, for 103 evaluation and treatment as necessary.

104 [16.] 5. Authorized nurse visits shall occur at least twice annually to assess [the] each 105 in-home services client and [the client's] consumer and his or her plan of [services] care. The 106 provider nurse shall report the results of his or her visits to the [client's case manager] 107 **department**. If the provider nurse believes that the plan of [service] **care** requires alteration, the 108 department shall be notified and the department shall make [a client] an evaluation. All 109 authorized nurse visits shall be reimbursed to the in-home services provider. All authorized 110 nurse visits shall be reimbursed outside of the nursing home cap for in-home services clients or 111 **consumers** whose services have reached one hundred percent of the average statewide charge 112 for care and treatment in an intermediate care facility, provided that the services have been 113 preauthorized by the department.

[17.] 6. All in-home services clients shall be advised of their rights and responsibilities by the department at the initial evaluation. The rights shall include, but not be limited to, the right to call the department for any reason, including dissatisfaction with the provider or services. The department shall establish a process to receive such nonabuse and neglect calls other than the elder abuse and neglect hotline. 119 [18.]7. Subject to appropriations, all nurse visits authorized in this section and sections [660.250 to 660.300] 192.2100 to 192.2130 shall be reimbursed to the in-home services provider 120 121 agency.

[660.321.] 192.2184. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the department shall not disclose personally identifiable medical, social, personal, or financial records of any eligible 2 3 adult being served by the [division of senior services] department except when disclosed in a 4 manner that does not identify the eligible adult, or when ordered to do so by a court of competent 5 jurisdiction. Such records shall be accessible without court order for examination and copying only to the following persons or offices, or to their designees: 6

7 (1) The department or any person or agency designated by the department for such 8 purposes as the department may determine;

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(2) The attorney general, to perform his or her constitutional or statutory duties;

10 (3) The department of mental health for residents placed through that department, to perform its constitutional or statutory duties; 11

12 (4) Any appropriate law enforcement agency, to perform its constitutional or statutory 13 duties:

14 (5) The eligible adult, his or her legal guardian or any other person designated by the 15 eligible adult; and

16 (6) The department of social services for individuals who receive Medicaid benefits, to 17 perform its constitutional or statutory duties.

[660.310.] 192.2187. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the department 2 of health and senior services proposes to deny, suspend, place on probation, or terminate an 3 in-home services provider agency contract, the department of health and senior services shall serve upon the applicant or contractor written notice of the proposed action to be taken. The 4 notice shall contain a statement of the type of action proposed, the basis for it, the date the action 5 will become effective, and a statement that the applicant or contractor shall have thirty days from 6 the date of mailing or delivery of the notice to file a complaint requesting a hearing before the 7 administrative hearing commission. The administrative hearing commission may consolidate 8 9 an applicant's or contractor's complaint with any proceeding before the administrative hearing 10 commission filed by such contractor or applicant pursuant to subsection 3 of section 208.156, RSMo, involving a common question of law or fact. Upon the filing of the complaint, the 11 provisions of sections 621.110, 621.120, 621.125, 621.135, and 621.145, RSMo, shall apply. 12 13 With respect to cases in which the department has denied a contract to an in-home services provider agency, the administrative hearing commission shall conduct a hearing to determine the 14 15 underlying basis for such denial. However, if the administrative hearing commission finds that 16 the contract denial is supported by the facts and the law, the case need not be returned to the

department. The administrative hearing commission's decision shall constitute affirmation ofthe department's contract denial.

19 2. The department of health and senior services may issue letters of censure or warning20 without formal notice or hearing.

21 3. The administrative hearing commission may stay the suspension or termination of an 22 in-home services provider agency's contract, or the placement of the contractor on probation, 23 pending the commission's findings and determination in the cause, upon such conditions, with 24 or without the agreement of the parties, as the commission deems necessary and appropriate, 25 including the posting of bond or other security except that the commission shall not grant a stay, 26 or if a stay has already been entered shall set aside its stay, unless the commission finds that the 27 contractor has established that servicing the department's clients pending the commission's final 28 determination would not present an imminent danger to the health, safety, or welfare of any 29 client or a substantial probability that death or serious physical harm would result. The 30 commission may remove the stay at any time that it finds that the contractor has violated any of 31 the conditions of the stay. Such stay shall remain in effect, unless earlier removed by the 32 commission, pending the decision of the commission and any subsequent departmental action 33 at which time the stay shall be removed. In any case in which the department has refused to issue 34 a contract, the commission shall have no authority to stay or to require the issuance of a contract 35 pending final determination by the commission.

4. Stays granted to contractors by the administrative hearing commission shall, as a condition of the stay, require at a minimum that the contractor under the stay operate under the same contractual requirements and regulations as are in effect, from time to time, as are applicable to all other contractors in the program.

5. The administrative hearing commission shall make its final decision based upon the circumstances and conditions as they existed at the time of the action of the department and not based upon circumstances and conditions at the time of the hearing or decision of the commission.

6. In any proceeding before the administrative hearing commission pursuant to thissection, the burden of proof shall be on the contractor or applicant seeking review.

Any person, including the department, aggrieved by a final decision of the
administrative hearing commission may seek judicial review of such decision as provided in
section 621.145, RSMo.

[660.400.] **192.2200.** As used in sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] 2 **192.2203 to 192.2227**, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following terms mean:

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(1) "Adult", an individual over the age of eighteen;

4 (2) "Adult day care program", a group program designed to provide care and supervision 5 to meet the needs of functionally impaired adults for periods of less than twenty-four hours but 6 more than two hours per day in a place other than the adult's own home;

7 (3) "Adult day care provider", the person, corporation, partnership, association or 8 organization legally responsible for the overall operation of the adult day care program;

9

(4) "Department", the department of [social] health and senior services;

10 (5) "Director", the director of the [division of aging] department of health and senior 11 services;

12

(6) ["Division", the division of aging;

13 (7)] "Functionally impaired adult", an adult who by reason of age or infirmity requires 14 care and supervision;

15 [(8)] (7) "License", the document issued by the [division] department in accordance 16 with the provisions of sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] **192.2203 to 192.2227** to an adult day care program which authorizes the adult day care provider to operate the program 17

18 in accordance with the provisions of sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] 19 192.2203 to 192.2227 and the applicable rules promulgated pursuant thereto;

20

[(9)] (8) "Participant", a functionally impaired adult who is enrolled in an adult day care 21 program;

22 [(10)] (9) "Person", any individual, firm, corporation, partnership, association, agency, 23 or an incorporated or unincorporated organization regardless of the name used;

24 [(11)] (10) "Provisional license", the document issued by the [division] department in 25 accordance with the provisions of sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] 192.2203 26 to 192.2227 to an adult day care provider which is not currently meeting the requirements 27 necessary to obtain a license;

28 [(12)] (11) "Related", any of the following by blood, marriage or adoption: parent, child, grandchild, brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, stepparent, uncle, aunt, niece, nephew, or first 29 30 cousin;

31 [(13)] (12) "Staff participant ratio", the number of adult care staff required by the 32 [division] **department** in relation to the number of adults being cared for by such staff.

[660.403.] **192.2203.** 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to establish, maintain, or 2 operate an adult day care program, or to advertise or hold himself out as being able to perform any adult day care service, unless he has obtained the proper license. 3

4 2. All applications for licenses shall be made on forms provided by the [division] department and in the manner prescribed by the [division] department. All forms provided 5 shall include a fee schedule. 6

7 3. The [division] department shall conduct an investigation of the adult day care
8 program, and the applicant, for which a license is sought in order to determine if such program
9 is complying with the following:

10 (1) Local fire safety requirements or fire safety requirements of the [division]
 11 department if there are no local codes;

- 12 (2) Local or state sanitation requirements;
- 13 (3) Local building and zoning requirements, where applicable;
- 14 (4) Staff/adult ratios required by the [division] department; and

(5) Other applicable provisions of sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] **192.2203 to 192.2227** and all applicable rules promulgated pursuant thereto, including but not
limited to:

- 18 (a) The applicant's ability to render adult day care;
- 19 (b) The proposed plan for providing adult day care;

20 (c) The proposed plan of operation of the adult day care program, so that, in the 21 judgment of the [division] **department**, minimum standards are being met to insure the health 22 and safety of the participants.

4. Following completion of its investigation made pursuant to subsection 3 of this section and a finding that the applicant for a license has complied with all applicable rules promulgated pursuant to sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] **192.2203 to 192.2227**, the [division] **department** shall issue a license to such applicant. Such license shall be valid for the period designated by the [division] **department**, which period shall not exceed two years from the date of issuance, for the premises and persons named in the application.

5. Each license issued under sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] **192.2203 to 192.2227** shall include the name of the provider, owner and operator; the name of the adult day care program; the location of the adult day care program; the hours of operations; the number and any limitations or the type of participants who may be served; and the period for which such license is valid.

34 6. The [division] department may issue a provisional license to an adult day care 35 program that is not currently meeting requirements for a license but which demonstrates the 36 potential capacity to meet full requirements for license; except that, no provisional license shall be issued unless the director is satisfied that the operation of the adult day care program is not 37 38 detrimental to the health and safety of the participants being served. The provisional license 39 shall be nonrenewable and shall be valid for the period designated by the [division] department, 40 which period shall not exceed six months from the date of issuance. Upon issuance of a regular 41 license, a day care program's provisional license shall immediately be null and void.

[660.405.] **192.2206.** 1. The provisions of sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] **192.2203 to 192.2227** shall not apply to the following:

3 (1) Any adult day care program operated by a person in which care is offered for no more
4 than two hours per day;

5 (2) Any adult day care program maintained or operated by the federal government except 6 where care is provided through a management contract;

7 (3) Any person who cares solely for persons related to the provider or who has been8 designated as guardian of that person;

9 (4) Any adult day care program which cares for no more than four persons unrelated to 10 the provider;

(5) Any adult day care program licensed by the department of mental health under
chapter 630, RSMo, which provides care, treatment and habilitation exclusively to adults who
have a primary diagnosis of mental disorder, mental illness, mental retardation or developmental
disability as defined;

(6) Any adult day care program administered or maintained by a religious not-for-profit organization serving a social or religious function if the adult day care program does not hold itself out as providing the prescription or usage of physical or medical therapeutic activities or as providing or administering medicines or drugs.

Nothing in this section shall prohibit any person listed in subsection 1 of this section
 from applying for a license or receiving a license if the adult day care program owned or operated
 by such person conforms to the provisions of sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420]
 192.2203 to 192.2227 and all applicable rules promulgated pursuant thereto.

[660.407.] 192.2209. 1. The director, or his authorized representative, shall have the right to enter the premises of an applicant for or holder of a license at any time during the hours 2 3 of operation of a center to determine compliance with provisions of sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] 192.2203 to 192.2227 and applicable rules promulgated pursuant 4 5 thereto. Entry shall also be granted for investigative purposes involving complaints regarding 6 the operations of an adult day care program. The [division] department shall make at least two inspections per year, at least one of which shall be unannounced to the operator or provider. The 7 8 [division] department may make such other inspections, announced or unannounced, as it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 9 660.420] 192.2203 to 192.2227. 10

11 2. The applicant for or holder of a license shall cooperate with the investigation and 12 inspection by providing access to the adult day care program, records and staff, and by providing 13 access to the adult day care program to determine compliance with the rules promulgated 14 pursuant to sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] **192.2203 to 192.2227**.

3. Failure to comply with any lawful request of the [division] department in connection
with the investigation and inspection is a ground for refusal to issue a license or for the
suspension or revocation of a license.

4. The [division] department may designate to act for it, with full authority of law, any
 instrumentality of any political subdivision of the state of Missouri deemed by the [division]
 department to be competent to investigate and inspect applicants for or holders of licenses.

[660.409.] **192.2212.** Each application for a license, or the renewal thereof, issued pursuant to sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] **192.2203 to 192.2227** shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee in the amount required by the [division] **department**. The fee, to be determined by the director [of the division], shall not exceed one hundred dollars and shall be based on the licensed capacity of the applicant.

[660.411.] **192.2215.** The [division] **department** shall offer technical assistance or consultation to assist applicants for or holders of licenses or provisional licenses in meeting the 2 requirements of sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] 192.2203 to 192.2227, staff 3 4 qualifications, and other aspects involving the operation of an adult day care program, and to 5 assist in the achievement of programs of excellence related to the provision of adult day care. [660.414.] 192.2218. 1. Whenever the [division] department is advised or has reason to believe that any person is operating an adult day care program without a license, or provisional 2 3 license, or that any holder of license, or provisional license is not in compliance with the 4 provisions of sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] 192.2203 to 192.2227, the

[division] department shall make an investigation and inspection to ascertain the facts. If the
[division] department is not permitted access to the adult day care program in question, the
[division] department may apply to the circuit court of the county in which the program is
located for an order authorizing entry for inspection. The court shall issue the order if it finds
reasonable grounds necessitating the inspection.

If the [division] department finds that the adult day care program is being operated
 in violation of sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] 192.2203 to 192.2227, it may
 seek, among other remedies, injunctive relief against the adult day care program.

[660.416.] **192.2221.** 1. Any person aggrieved by an official action of the [division] **department** either refusing to issue a license or revoking or suspending a license may seek a determination thereon by the administrative hearing commission [pursuant to the provisions of] **under** section [161.272] **621.045**, RSMo, et seq.; except that, the petition must be filed with the administrative hearing commission within thirty days after the mailing or delivery of notice to the applicant for or holder of such license or certificate. When the notification of the official action is mailed to the applicant for or holder of such a license, there shall be included in the notice a statement of the procedure whereby the applicant for or holder of such license may

9 appeal the decision of the [division] department before the administrative hearing commission.

- 10 It shall not be a condition to such determination that the person aggrieved seek a reconsideration,
- 11 a rehearing or exhaust any other procedure within the [division] department.

12 2. The administrative hearing commission may stay the revocation or suspension of such 13 certificate or license, pending the commission's findings and determination in the cause, upon 14 such conditions as the commission deems necessary and appropriate including the posting of 15 bond or other security; except that, the commission shall not grant a stay or if a stay has already 16 been entered shall set aside its stay, if, upon application of the [division] department, the 17 commission finds reason to believe that continued operation of the facility to which the 18 certificate or license in question applies pending the commission's final determination would 19 present an imminent danger to the health, safety or welfare of any person or a substantial 20 probability that death or serious physical harm would result. In any case in which the [division] department has refused to issue a certificate or license, the commission shall have no authority 21 22 to stay or to require the issuance of a license pending final determination by the commission.

3. The administrative hearing commission shall make the final decision as to the issuance, suspension, or revocation of a license. Any person aggrieved by a final decision of the administrative hearing commission, including the [division] **department**, may seek judicial review of such decision by filing a petition for review in the court of appeals for the district in which the adult day care program to which the license in question applies is located. Review shall be had in accordance with the provisions of sections [161.337 and 161.338] **621.189 and 621.193**, RSMo.

[660.418.] **192.2224.** The director [of the division] shall have the authority to promulgate rules pursuant to this section and chapter 536, RSMo, in order to carry out the provisions of 2 3 sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated 4 under the authority of section 199.025, RSMo, and sections 660.403 to 660.420 shall become 5 effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024, RSMo] 192.2203 to 192.2227. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 6 7 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, 8 RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are 9 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to 10 11 chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule 12 are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any 13 rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

[660.420.] 192.2227. 1. Any person who violates any provision of sections [199.025,
2 RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] 192.2203 to 192.2227, or who, for himself or for any other

3 person, makes materially false statements in order to obtain a certificate or license, or the renewal

4 thereof, issued pursuant to sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420, shall be] **192.2203** 

5 to 192.2227, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

6 2. Any person who is convicted pursuant to this section shall, in addition to all other 7 penalties provided by law, have any license issued to [him] **such person** under sections 8 [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] **192.2203 to 192.2227** revoked, and shall not operate, 9 nor hold any license to operate, any adult day care program, or other entity governed by the 10 provisions of sections [199.025, RSMo, and 660.403 to 660.420] **192.2203 to 192.2203 to 192.2227** for a 11 period of three years after such conviction.

[660.620.] **192.2250.** 1. There is hereby established an "Office of Advocacy and 2 Assistance for Senior Citizens" within the office of lieutenant governor.

2. The senior citizen advocate shall coordinate activities with the long-term care
ombudsman program, as defined in section [660.600] 198.700, RSMo, on complaints made by
or on behalf of senior citizens residing in long-term care facilities.

6 3. The senior citizen advocate shall conduct a suitable investigation into any actions 7 complained of unless the senior citizen advocate finds that the complaint pertains to a matter 8 outside the scope of the authority of the senior citizen advocate, the complainant has no 9 substantive or procedural interest which is directly affected by the matter complained about, or 10 the complaint is trivial, frivolous, vexatious or not made in good faith.

4. After completing his investigation of a complaint, the senior citizen advocate shall inform the complainant, the agency, official or employee of action recommended by the senior citizen advocate. The senior citizen advocate shall make such reports and recommendations to the affected agencies, the governor and the general assembly as he deems necessary to further the purposes of sections [660.620 and 660.625] **192.2250 and 192.2253**.

5. The senior citizen advocate shall, in conjunction with the [division of senior services, act as a clearinghouse for] **department, maintain** information pertaining to and of interest to senior citizens and shall disseminate such information as is necessary to inform senior citizens of their rights and of governmental and nongovernmental services available to them.

[660.625.] **192.2253.** The senior citizen advocate shall maintain confidentiality with respect to all matters, including the identities of the complainants or witnesses coming before the senior citizen advocate unless the complainant consents to the use of his or her name in the course of the investigation.

194.210. [As used in sections 194.210 to 194.290, the following words and terms mean:

2 (1) "Bank or storage facility", a facility licensed, accredited, or approved under the laws
3 of any state for storage of human bodies or parts thereof;

4

(2) "Decedent", a deceased individual and includes a stillborn infant or fetus;

5 (3) "Donor", an individual who makes a gift of all or part of his body; 6 (4) "Hospital", a hospital licensed, accredited, or approved under the laws of any state and includes a hospital operated by the United States government, a state, or a subdivision 7 8 thereof, although not required to be licensed under state laws; 9 (5) "Part", organs, tissues, eyes, bones, arteries, blood, other fluids and any other portions of a human body; 10 11 (6) "Person", an individual, corporation, government or governmental subdivision or 12 agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity; 13 (7) "Physician" or "surgeon", a physician or surgeon licensed or authorized to practice 14 under the laws of any state; 15 (8) "State" includes any state, district, commonwealth, territory, insular possession, and 16 any other area subject to the legislative authority of the United States of America.] 1. Beginning July 1, 2008, sections 194.210 to 194.294 shall be known and may be cited as the "Revised 17 18 Uniform Anatomical Gift Act". 19 2. As used in sections 194.210 to 194.294, the following terms mean: 20 (1) "Adult", an individual who is at least eighteen years of age; 21 (2) "Agent", an individual: 22 (a) Authorized to make health-care decisions on the principal's behalf by a power 23 of attorney for health care; or 24 (b) Expressly authorized to make an anatomical gift on the principal's behalf by 25 any other record signed by the principal; (3) "Anatomical gift", a donation of all or part of a human body to take effect after 26 27 the donor's death for the purposes of transplantation, therapy, research, or education; 28 (4) "Decedent", a deceased individual whose body or part is or may be the source 29 of an anatomical gift; 30 (5) "Disinterested witness", a witness other than the spouse, child, parent, sibling, 31 grandchild, grandparent, or guardian of the individual who makes, amends, revokes, or 32 refuses to make an anatomical gift, or another adult who exhibited special care and 33 concern for the individual. The term does not include a person to which an anatomical gift could pass under section 194.255; 34 35 (6) "Document of gift", a donor card or other record used to make an anatomical gift. The term includes a statement or symbol on a driver's license, identification card, or 36 37 donor registry; 38 (7) "Donor", an individual whose body or part is the subject of an anatomical gift; 39 (8) "Donor registry", a database that contains records of anatomical gifts and 40 amendments to or revocations of anatomical gifts;

41 (9) "Driver's license", a license or permit issued by the department of revenue to
42 operate a vehicle whether or not conditions are attached to the license or permit;

43 (10) "Eye bank", a person that is licensed, accredited, or regulated under federal
44 or state law to engage in the recovery, screening, testing, processing, storage, or
45 distribution of human eyes or portions of human eyes;

46 (11) "Guardian", a person appointed by a court to make decisions regarding the
 47 support, care, education, health, and welfare of an individual. The term does not include
 48 a guardian ad litem;

49 (12) "Hospital", a facility licensed as a hospital under the law of any state or a 50 facility operated as a hospital by the United States, a state, or a subdivision of a state;

51 (13) "Identification card", an identification card issued by the department of 52 revenue;

53

(14) "Know", to have actual knowledge.

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(15) "Minor", an individual who is under eighteen years of age;

(16) "Organ procurement organization", a person designated by the United States
 Secretary of Health and Human Services as an organ procurement organization;

(17) "Parent", a parent whose parental rights have not been terminated;

58 (18) "Part", an organ, an eye, or tissue of a human being. The term does not 59 include the whole body;

(19) "Person", an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership,
 limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, government or
 governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial
 entity;

(20) "Physician", an individual authorized to practice medicine or osteopathy
 under the law of any state;

66 (21) "Procurement organization", an eye bank, organ procurement organization,
 67 or tissue bank;

68 (22) "Prospective donor", an individual who is dead or near death and has been 69 determined by a procurement organization to have a part that could be medically suitable 70 for transplantation, therapy, research, or education. The term does not include an 71 individual who has made a refusal;

(23) "Reasonably available", able to be contacted by a procurement organization
without undue effort and willing and able to act in a timely manner consistent with existing
medical criteria necessary for the making of an anatomical gift;

(24) "Recipient", an individual into whose body a decedent's part has been or is
 intended to be transplanted;

(25) "Record", information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored
 in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form;

(26) "Refusal", a record created under section 194.235 that expressly states an
 intent to bar other persons from making an anatomical gift of an individual's body or part;

(27) "Sign", with the present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:

81 82

(a) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or

(b) To attach or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or
 process;

(28) "State", a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the
United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the
jurisdiction of the United States;

(29) "Technician", an individual determined to be qualified to remove or process
parts by an appropriate organization that is licensed, accredited, or regulated under
federal or state law. The term includes an enucleator;

(30) "Tissue", a portion of the human body other than an organ or an eye. The
 term does not include blood unless the blood is donated for purposes of research or
 education;

(31) "Tissue bank", a person that is licensed, accredited, or regulated under federal
 or state law to engage in the recovery, screening, testing, processing, storage, or
 distribution of tissue;

(32) "Transplant hospital", a hospital that furnishes organ transplants and other
 medical and surgical specialty services required for the care of transplant patients.

**194.215.** Sections 194.210 to 194.294 applies to an anatomical gift or amendment 2 to, revocation of, or refusal to make anatomical gift, whenever made.

194.220. [1. Any individual of sound mind who is at least eighteen years of age may give all or any part of his or her body for any purpose specified in section 194.230, the gift to 2 3 take effect upon death. Any individual who is a minor and at least sixteen years of age may 4 effectuate a gift for any purpose specified in section 194.230, provided parental or guardian 5 consent is deemed given. Parental or guardian consent shall be noted on the minor's donor card, donor's instruction permit or driver's license, as the attorney-in-fact pursuant to subsection 2 of 6 7 this section, or other document of gift. An express gift that is not revoked by the donor before death is irrevocable, and the donee shall be authorized to accept the gift without obtaining the 8 9 consent of any other person. The provisions of this subsection, relating to allowing a minor who is at least sixteen years of age to effectuate a gift for any purpose specified in section 194.230, 10 through the driver's license or instruction permit application process, shall be effective July 1, 11 12 2003.

13 2. Any of the following persons, in order of priority stated, when persons in prior classes 14 are not available at the time of death, and in the absence of actual knowledge of a gift by the decedent pursuant to subsection 1 of this section or actual notice of contrary indications by the 15 decedent or of opposition by a member of the same or a prior class, may give all or any part of 16 17 the decedent's body for any purpose specified in section 194.230: 18 (1) An attorney-in-fact under a durable power of attorney that expressly refers to making 19 a gift of all or part of the principal's body pursuant to the uniform anatomical gift act;

- 20 (2) The spouse;
- 21 (3) An adult son or daughter;
- 22 (4) Either parent;
- 23 (5) An adult brother or sister;
- 24 (6) A guardian of the person of the decedent at the time of his or her death;
  - (7) Any other person authorized or under obligation to dispose of the body.

3. If the donee has actual notice of contrary indications by the decedent or that a gift by 27 a member of a class is opposed by a member of the same or a prior class, the donee shall not 28 accept the gift. The persons authorized by subsection 2 of this section may make the gift after 29 or immediately before death.

30 4. A gift of all or part of a body authorizes any examination necessary to assure medical 31 acceptability of the gift for the purposes intended.

32 5. The rights of the donee created by the gift are paramount to the rights of others except as provided by subsection 4 of section 194.270.] 1. (1) The department of health and senior 33 34 services shall establish or contract for the establishment of a first person consent organ and 35 tissue donor registry.

36 (2) The department of health and senior services and the department of revenue 37 shall advise the individual that he or she is under no obligation to have his or her name 38 included in the first person consent organ and tissue donor registry.

39 (3) An individual who agrees to have his or her name in the first person consent organ and tissue donor registry has given full legal consent to the donation of any of his or 40 41 her organs or tissues upon his or her death as recorded in the registry or as subject in 42 subsection 2 of this section.

43 (4) An individual may withdraw his or her consent to be listed in the first person 44 consent organ and tissue donor registry as indicated in this section.

45 2. Subject to section 194.240, an anatomical gift of a donor's body or part may be 46 made during the life of the donor for the purpose of transplantation, therapy, research, or 47 education in the manner provided in section 194.225 by:

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(1) The donor, if the donor is an adult or if the donor is a minor and is:

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- 49 (a) Emancipated; or 50 (b) Authorized under state law to apply for a driver's license; 51 (2) An agent of the donor, unless the power of attorney for health care or other 52 record prohibits the agent from making an anatomical gift; 53 (3) A parent of the donor, if the donor is an unemancipated minor; or 54 (4) The donor's guardian. 194.225. 1. A donor may make an anatomical gift: 2 (1) By authorizing a statement or symbol indicating that the donor has made an 3 anatomical gift to be imprinted on the donor's driver's license or identification card; 4 (2) In a will; or 5 (3) During a terminal illness or injury of the donor, by any form of communication 6 addressed to at least two adults at least one of whom is a disinterested witness; or 7 (4) As provided in subsection 2 of this section. 8 2. A donor or other person authorized to make an anatomical gift under section 194.220 may make a gift by a donor card or other record signed by the donor or other 9 person making the gift or by authorizing that a statement or symbol indicating that the 10 donor has made an anatomical gift be included in the first person consent donor registry. 11 If the donor or other person is physically unable to sign a record, the record may be signed 12 13 by another individual at the direction of the donor or the other person and shall: 14 (1) Be witnessed by at least two adults at least one of whom is a disinterested witness, who have signed at the request of the donor or the other person; and 15 16 (2) State that it has been signed and witnessed as provided in subdivision (1) of 17 subsection 1 of this section.
- Revocation, suspension, expiration, or cancellation of the driver's license or
   identification card upon which an anatomical gift is indicated does not invalidate the gift.
- 4. An anatomical gift made by will takes effect upon the donor's death whether or
  not the will is probated. Invalidation of the will after the donor's death does not invalidate
  the gift.
- 194.230. [The following persons may become donees of gifts of bodies or parts thereof2 for the purposes stated:
- 3 (1) Any hospital, surgeon, or physician, for medical or dental education, research,
  4 advancement of medical or dental science, therapy, or transplantation; or
- 5 (2) Any accredited medical or dental school, college or university or the state anatomical
  6 board for education, research, advancement of medical or dental science, or therapy; or
- 7 (3) Any bank or storage facility, for medical or dental education, research, advancement
  8 of medical or dental science, therapy, or transplantation; or

9	(4) Any specified individual for therapy or transplantation needed by such individual.]
10	1. Subject to section 194.240, a donor or other person authorized to make an anatomical
11	gift under section 194.220 may amend or revoke an anatomical gift by:
12	(1) A record signed by:
13	(a) The donor;
14	(b) The other person authorized to make an anatomical gift under section 194.220;
15	or
16	(c) Subject to subsection 2 of this section, another individual acting at the direction
17	of the donor or the other person if the donor or other person is physically unable to sign;
18	or
19	(2) A later-executed document of gift that amends or revokes a previous anatomical
20	gift or portion of an anatomical gift, either expressly or by inconsistency.
21	2. A record signed under paragraph (c) of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this
22	section shall:
23	(1) Be witnessed by at least two adults at least one of whom is a disinterested
24	witness, who have signed at the request of the donor or the other person; and
25	(2) State that it has been signed and witnessed as provided in subdivision (1) of
26	subsection 2 of this section.
27	3. Subject to section 194.240, a donor or other person authorized to make an
28	anatomical gift under section 194.220 may revoke the gift by the destruction or cancellation
29	of the document of gift, or a portion of the document of gift used to make the gift, with the
30	intent to revoke the gift.
31	4. A donor may amend or revoke an anatomical gift that was not made in a will by
32	any form of communication during a terminal illness or injury addressed to at least two
33	adults at least one of whom is a disinterested witness.
34	5. A donor who makes an anatomical gift in a will may amend or revoke the gift in
35	the manner provided for amendment or revocation of wills or as provided in subsection 1
36	of this section.
	194.235. 1. An individual may refuse to make an anatomical gift of the individual's
2	body or part by:
3	(1) A record signed by:
4	(a) The individual; or
5	(b) Subject to subsection 2 of this section, another individual acting at the direction
6	of the individual if the individual is physically unable to sign;
7	(2) The individual's will whether or not the will is admitted to probate or
8	invalidated after the individual's death; or
0	

9 (3) Any form of communication made by the individual during the individual's 10 terminal illness or injury addressed to at least two adults at least one of whom is a disinterested witness. 11 12 2. A record signed under paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this 13 section shall: 14 (1) Be witnessed by at least two adults at least one of whom is a disinterested 15 witness, who have signed at the request of the individual; and 16 (2) State that it has been signed and witnessed as provided in subdivision (1) of 17 subsection 2 of this section. 18 3. An individual may amend or revoke a refusal: 19 (1) In the manner provided in subsection 1 of this section for making a refusal; 20 (2) By subsequently making an anatomical gift under section 194.225 that is 21 inconsistent with the refusal; or 22 (3) By the destroying or cancelling of the record evidencing the refusal, or the 23 portion of the record used to make the refusal, with the intent to revoke the refusal. 24 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 8 of section 194.240, in the absence 25 of an express, contrary indication by the individual set forth in the refusal, an individual's unrevoked refusal to make an anatomical gift of the individual's body or a part bars all 26 27 other persons from making an anatomical gift of the individual's body or the part. 194.240. 1. [A gift of all or part of the body under subsection 1 of section 194.220 may 2 be made by will. The gift becomes effective upon the death of the testator without waiting for probate. If the will is not probated, or if it is declared invalid for testamentary purposes, the gift, 3 4 to the extent that it has been acted upon in good faith, is nevertheless valid and effective. 5 2. A gift of all or part of the body under subsection 1 of section 194.220 may also be made by document other than a will. The gift becomes effective upon the death of the donor. 6 The document, which may be a card designed to be carried on the person, must be signed by the 7 8 donor in the presence of two witnesses who must sign the document in his presence or before 9 a notary or other official authorized to administer oaths generally. If the donor cannot sign, the 10 document may be signed for him at his direction and in his presence in the presence of two witnesses who must sign the document in his presence. Delivery of the document of gift during 11 12 the donor's lifetime is not necessary to make the gift valid. 13 3. The gift may be made to a specified donee or without specifying a donee. If the latter, 14 the gift may be accepted by a physician as donee upon or following death. If the gift is made to a specified donee who is not available at the time and place of death or if the gift cannot be 15 implemented, a physician upon or following death, in the absence of any expressed indication 16

17 that the donor desired otherwise, may accept the gift as donee. The physician who becomes a

donee under this subsection shall not participate in the procedures for removing or transplantinga part.

20 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of section 194.270, the donor may 21 designate in his will, card, or other document of gift the surgeon or physician to carry out the 22 appropriate procedures. In the absence of a designation or if the designee is not available, the 23 donee or other person authorized to accept the gift may employ or authorize any surgeon or 24 physician to carry out the appropriate procedures. For the purpose of removing an eye or part 25 thereof, any medical technician employed by a hospital, physician or eye bank and acting under 26 supervision may perform the appropriate procedures. Any medical technician authorized to 27 perform such procedure shall successfully complete the course prescribed in section 194.295 for 28 embalmers.

5. Any gift by a person designated in subsection 2 of section 194.220 shall be made by a document signed by him or made by his telegraphic, recorded telephonic, or other recorded message.

32 6. A gift of part of the body under subsection 1 of section 194.220 may also be made by 33 a statement on a form which shall be provided on the reverse side of all Missouri motor vehicle 34 licenses issued pursuant to chapter 302, RSMo. The statement to be effective shall be signed by the owner of the license in the presence of two witnesses, who shall sign the statement in the 35 36 presence of the donor. Use of the form is prima facie evidence that the owner of the license 37 intended to make the anatomical gift, and there shall be no civil or criminal liability for removal 38 of any part of the body indicated on the form by a licensed physician or surgeon. The gift becomes effective upon the death of the donor. Delivery of the license during the donor's 39 40 lifetime is not necessary to make the gift valid. The gift shall become invalidated upon expiration, cancellation, revocation, or suspension of the license, and the gift must be renewed 41 42 upon renewal of each license. Pertinent medical information which may affect the quality of the 43 gift may be included in the statement of gift.

44 7. Any person eighteen years of age or older, or any person under the age of eighteen 45 with parental consent who indicates the desire to make an organ donation through any method 46 prescribed in this section may also contact the department of health and senior services when 47 completing such form, so that the information may be included in the registry maintained by the 48 department pursuant to subsection 1 of section 194.304. Failure to contact the department of 49 health and senior services shall not be construed to challenge the validity of the organ donation.

50 8. Organ procurement organizations and tissue banks may employ coordinators to assist 51 in the procurement of cadaveric organs and tissue for transplant or research. A coordinator who 52 assists in the procurement of cadaveric organs or tissue for transplantation or research must do 53 so under the direction and supervision of a physician or surgeon. With the exception of organ

54 procurement surgery, this supervision may be indirect supervision. For purposes of this 55 subsection, the term "indirect supervision" means that a physician or surgeon is responsible for 56 the medical actions of the coordinator, that the coordinator is acting under protocols expressly 57 approved by a physician or surgeon, and that a physician or surgeon is available, in person or by 58 telephone, to provide medical direction, consultation and advice in cases of organ and tissue 59 donation and procurement.

60 9. The department of health and senior services shall collect information and publish an 61 annual report which shall include the number of organ and tissue donations made in the state, 62 the number of organ or tissue donations received by citizens of the state of Missouri, the number of organ or tissue donations transported outside the state boundaries and the cost of such organ 63 64 or tissue donations.] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7 of this section and subject 65 to subsection 6 of this section, in the absence of an express, contrary indication by the donor, a person other than the donor is barred from making, amending, or revoking an 66 67 anatomical gift of a donor's body or a part if the donor made an anatomical gift of the donor's body or the part under section 194.225 or an amendment to an anatomical gift of 68 69 the donor's body or the part under section 194.230.

2. A donor's revocation of an anatomical gift of the donor's body or a part under
section 194.230 is not a refusal and does not bar another person specified in section 194.220
or 194.245 from making an anatomical gift of the donor's body or a part under section
194.225 or 194.250.

3. If a person other than the donor makes an unrevoked anatomical gift of the donor's body or part under section 194.225 or an amendment to an anatomical gift of the donor's body or part under section 194.230, another person may not make, amend, or revoke the gift of the donor's body or part under section 194.250.

4. A revocation of an anatomical gift of the donor's body or a part under section
194.230 by a person other than the donor does not bar another person from making an
anatomical gift of the body or a part under section 194.225 or 194.250.

5. In the absence of an express, contrary indication by the donor or other person authorized to make an anatomical gift under section 194.220, an anatomical gift of a part is neither a refusal to give another part nor a limitation on the making of an anatomical gift of another part at a later time by the donor or another person made by a person.

6. In the absence of an express, contrary indication by the donor or other person authorized to make an anatomical gift under section 194.220, an anatomical gift of a part for one or more purposes set forth in section 194.220 is not limitation on the making of an anatomical gift of the part for any other purpose by the donor or other person under section 194.225 or 194.250.

907. If a donor who is an unemancipated minor dies, a parent of the donor who is91reasonably available may revoke or amend an anatomical gift of the donor's body or part.

8. If an unemancipated minor who signed a refusal dies, a parent of the minor who
is reasonably available may revoke the minor's refusal.

194.245. 1. Subject to subsections 2 and 3 of this section and unless barred by section 194.235 or 194.240, an anatomical gift of a decedent's body or part for purposes of transplantation, therapy, research, or education may be made, in the order of priority listed, by any member of the following classes of persons who is reasonably available:

5 (1) An agent of the decedent at the time of death who could have made an 6 anatomical gift under subdivision (2) of section 194.220 immediately before the decedent's 7 death;

8 (2) The spouse of the decedent;

9 (3) Adult children of the decedent;

10 (4) Parents of the decedent;

11 (5) Adult siblings of the decedent;

12 (6) Adult grandchildren of the decedent;

- 13 (7) Grandparents of the decedent;
- 14 (8) An adult who exhibited special care and concern for the decedent;
- 15 (9) The persons who were acting as the guardian of the person of the decedent at 16 the time of death; and
- 17 (10) Any other person having the authority to dispose of the decedent's body.

2. If there is more than one member of a class listed in subdivision (1), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (9) of subsection 1 of this section entitled to make an anatomical gift, an anatomical gift may be made by a member of the class unless that member or a person to which the gift can pass under 194.255 knows of an objection by another member of the class. If an objection is known, the gift may be made only by a majority of the members of the class who are reasonably available.

3. A person may not make an anatomical gift if, at the time of the decedent's death,
a person in a prior class under subsection 1 of this section is reasonably available to make
or to object to the making of an anatomical gift.

194.250. [If the gift is made by the donor to a specified donee, the will, card, or other document, or an executed copy thereof, may be delivered to the donee to expedite the appropriate procedures immediately after death. Delivery is not necessary to the validity of the gift. The will, card, or other document, or an executed copy thereof, may be deposited in any hospital, bank or storage facility or registry office that accepts it for safekeeping or for facilitation of procedures after death. On request of any interested party upon or after the donor's death, the

person in possession shall produce the document for examination.] 1. A person authorized to 7 make an anatomical gift under section 194.245 may make an anatomical gift by a document 8 9 of gift signed by the person making the gift or that person's oral communication that is electronically recorded or is contemporaneously reduced to a record and signed by the 10 individual receiving the oral communication. 11 12 2. Subject to subsection 3 of this section, an anatomical gift by a person authorized under section 194.245 may be amended or revoked orally or in a record by any member 13 14 of a prior class who is reasonably available. If more than one member of the prior class is reasonably available, the gift made by a person authorized under section 194.245 may 15 16 be: 17 (1) Amended only if a majority of reasonably available members agree to the 18 revoking of the gift; or 19 (2) Revoked only if a majority of the reasonably available members agree to the 20 revoking of the gift or if they are equally divided as to whether to revoke the gift. 21 3. A revocation under subsection 2 of this section is effective only if, before an 22 incision has been made to remove a part from the donor's body or before invasive 23 procedures have begun to prepare the recipient, the procurement organization, transplant hospital, or physician or technician knows of the revocation. 24 194.255. 1. An anatomical gift of a body or part may be made to the following 2 persons: 3 (1) A hospital, accredited medical school, dental school, college, university, or 4 procurement organization, or other appropriate person for research or education; 5 (2) Subject to subsection 2 of this section, an individual designated by the person making the anatomical gift if the individual is the recipient of the part; or 6 7 (3) A named eve bank or tissue bank. 8 2. If an anatomical gift to an individual under subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this 9 section cannot be transplanted into the individual, the part passes in accordance with subsection 7 of this section in the absence of an express, contrary indication by the person 10 11 making the anatomical gift. 12 3. If an anatomical gift of one or more specific parts or of all parts is made in a 13 document of gift that does not name a person described in subsection 1 of this section but 14 identifies the purpose for which an anatomical gift may be used, the following rules apply: 15 (1) If the part is an eye and the gift is for the purpose of transplantation or therapy, 16 the gift passes to the appropriate eve bank; 17 (2) If the part is tissue and the gift is for the purpose of transplantation or therapy, 18 the gift passes to the appropriate tissue bank;
(3) If the part is an organ and the gift is for the purpose of transplantation or
 therapy, the gift passes to the appropriate organ procurement organization as custodian
 of the organ;

(4) If the part is an organ, an eye, or tissue and the gift is for the purpose ofresearch or education, the gift passes to the appropriate procurement organization.

4. For the purpose of subsection 3 of this section, if there is more than one purpose of an anatomical gift set forth in the document of gift but the purposes are not set forth in any priority, the gift must be used for transplantation or therapy if suitable. If the gift cannot be used for transplantation or therapy, the gift may be used for research or education.

5. If an anatomical gift of one or more specific parts is made in a document of gift that does not name a person described in subsection 1 of this section and does not identify the purpose of the gift, the gift may be used only for transplantation or therapy, and the gift passes in accordance with subsection 7 of this section.

6. If a document of gift specifies only a general intent to make an anatomical gift by words such as "donor", "organ donor", or "body donor", or by a symbol or statement of similar import, the gift may be used only for transplantation or therapy, and the gift passes in accordance with subsection 7 of this section.

7. For purposes of subsections 2, 5, and 6 of this section, the following rules apply:

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(1) If the part is an eye, the gift passes to the appropriate eye bank;

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(2) If the part is tissue, the gift passes to the appropriate tissue bank;

40 (3) If the part is an organ, the gift passes to the appropriate organ procurement
 41 organization as custodian of the organ.

42 8. An anatomical gift of an organ for transplantation or therapy, other than an
43 anatomical gift under subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, passes to the organ
44 procurement organization as custodian of the organ.

9. If an anatomical gift does not pass under subsections 1 to 8 of this section or the
decedent's body or part is not used for transplantation, therapy, research, or education,
custody of the body or part passes to the person under obligation to dispose of the body or
part.

10. A person may not accept an anatomical gift if the person knows that the gift was not effectively made under section 194.225 or 194.250 or if the person knows that the decedent made a refusal under section 194.235 that was not revoked. For purposes of this subsection, if a person knows that an anatomical gift was made on a document of gift, the person is deemed to know of any amendment or revocation of the gift or any refusal to make an anatomical gift on the same document of gift.

55 11. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, 56 nothing in this act affects the allocation of organs for transplantation or therapy. 194.260. 1. [If the will, card, or other document or executed copy thereof, has been delivered to a specified donee, the donor may amend or revoke the gift by: 2 3 (1) The execution and delivery to the donee of a signed statement, or 4 (2) An oral statement made in the presence of two persons and communicated to the 5 donee, or 6 (3) A statement during a terminal illness or injury addressed to an attending physician 7 and communicated to the donee, or 8 (4) A signed card or document found on his person or in his effects. 9 2. Any document of gift which has not been delivered to the donee may be revoked by 10 the donor in the manner set out in subsection 1, or by destruction, cancellation, or mutilation of the document and all executed copies thereof. 11 12 3. Any gift made by a will may also be amended or revoked in the manner provided for amendment or revocation of wills, or as provided in subsection 1.] The following persons shall 13 make a reasonable search of an individual who the person reasonably believes is dead or 14 near death for a document of gift or other information identifying the individual as a donor 15 16 or as an individual who made a refusal: 17 (1) A law enforcement officer, firefighter, paramedic, or other emergency rescuer 18 finding the individual; and 19 (2) If no other source of the information is immediately available, a hospital, as soon as practical after the individual's arrival at the hospital. 20 21 2. If a document of gift or a refusal to make an anatomical gift is located by the search required by subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section and the individual or 22 23 deceased individual to whom it relates is taken to a hospital, the person responsible for conducting the search shall send the document of gift or refusal to the hospital. 24 25 3. A person is not subject to criminal or civil liability for failing to discharge the duties imposed by this section but may be subject to administrative sanctions. 26 194.263. 1. A document of gift need not be delivered during the donor's lifetime to be effective. 2 3 2. Upon or after an individual's death, a person in possession of a document of gift or a refusal to make an anatomical gift with respect to the individual shall allow 4 examination and copying of the document of gift or refusal by a person authorized to make 5 or object to the making of an anatomical gift with respect to the individual or by a person 6 to which the gift could pass under section 194.255. 7

194.265. 1. When a hospital refers an individual at or near death to a procurement organization, the organization shall make a reasonable search of any donor registry and other applicable records that it knows exist for the geographical area in which the individual resides to ascertain whether the individual has made an anatomical gift.

5 2. A procurement organization must be allowed reasonable access to information 6 in the first person consent organ and tissue donor records of the department of health and 7 senior services and department of revenue to ascertain whether an individual at or near 8 death is a donor.

9 3. When a hospital refers an individual at or near death to a procurement 10 organization, the organization may conduct any reasonable examination necessary to 11 ensure the medical suitability of a part that is or could be the subject of an anatomical gift 12 for transplantation, therapy, research, or education from a donor or a prospective donor. 13 During the examination period, measures necessary to ensure the medical suitability of the 14 part may not be withdrawn unless the hospital or procurement organization knows that 15 the individual expressed a contrary intent.

4. Unless prohibited by law other than this act, at any time after a donor's death,
 the person to which a part passes under section 194.255 may conduct any reasonable
 examination necessary to ensure the medical suitability of the body or part for its intended
 purpose.

5. Unless prohibited by law other than this act, an examination under subsection
3 or 4 of this section may include an examination of all medical records of the donor or
prospective donor.

6. Upon the death of a minor who was a donor or had signed a refusal, unless a procurement organization knows the minor is emancipated, the procurement organization shall conduct a reasonable search for the parents of the minor and provide the parents with an opportunity to revoke or amend the anatomical gift or revoke a refusal.

7. Upon referral by a hospital under subsection 1 of this section, a procurement
organization shall make a reasonable search for any person listed in section 194.245 having
priority to make an anatomical gift on behalf of a prospective donor. If a procurement
organization receives information that an anatomical gift to any other person was made,
amended, or revoked, it shall promptly advise the other person of all relevant information.

8. Subject to subsection 8 of section 194.255 and section 58.785, RSMo, the rights of the person to which a part passes under section 194.255 are superior to rights of all others with respect to the part. The person may accept or reject an anatomical gift in whole or in part. Subject to the terms of the document of gift and this act, a person that accepts an anatomical gift of an entire body may allow embalming or cremation and use

of remains in a funeral service. If the gift is of a part, the person to which the part passes 37 38 under section 194.255, upon the death of the donor and before embalming, burial, or 39 cremation, shall cause the part to be removed without unnecessary mutilation.

40 9. Neither the physician who attends the decedent at death nor the physician who determines the time of the decedent's death may participate in the procedures for removing 41 42 or transplanting a part from the decedent.

43 10. A physician or technician may remove a donated part from the body of a donor 44 that the physician or technician is qualified to remove.

194.270. [1. The donee may accept or reject the gift. If the donee accepts a gift of the entire body, he may, subject to the terms of the gift, authorize embalming and the use of the body 2 in funeral services. If the gift is of a part of the body, the donee, upon the death of the donor and 3 4 prior to embalming, shall cause the part to be removed without unnecessary mutilation. After 5 removal of the part, custody of the remainder of the body vests in the surviving spouse, next of 6 kin, or other persons under obligation to dispose of the body.

7 2. The time of death shall be determined by a physician who tends the donor at his death, or, if none, the physician who certifies the death. The physician shall not participate, directly or 8 indirectly, in the procedures for removing or transplanting a part or be a relative within the fourth 9 degree of consanguinity of any donee of a body or part thereof which is removed or transplanted. 10 11 3. A person who acts without negligence and in good faith in accord with the terms of 12 this act or with the anatomical gift laws of another state or a foreign country is not liable for

13 damages in any civil action or subject to prosecution in any criminal proceeding for his act. 14 4. The provisions of this act are subject to the laws of this state prescribing powers and

duties with respect to autopsies.] Each hospital in this state, shall enter into agreements or 15 affiliations with procurement organizations for coordination of procurement and use of 16 17 anatomical gifts.

**194.275. 1.** Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 of this section, a person that for valuable consideration, knowingly purchases or sells a part for transplantation or 2 therapy if removal of a part from an individual is intended to occur after the individual's 3 death commits a felony and upon conviction is subject to a fine not exceeding fifty 4 5 thousand dollars or imprisonment not exceeding seven years, or both.

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A person may charge a reasonable amount for the removal, processing, 2. 7 preservation, quality control, storage, transportation, implantation, or disposal of a part.

194.280. [Sections 194.210 to 194.290 shall be so construed as to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it.] Any person that in order to 2 obtain a financial gain intentionally falsifies, forges, conceals, defaces, or obliterates a 3 4 document of gift, an amendment or revocation of a document of gift, or a refusal commits

a felony and upon conviction is subject to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand dollars or 5

6 imprisonment not exceeding seven years, or both.

194.285. 1. A person that acts in accordance with this act or with the applicable anatomical gift law of another state or attempts in good faith to do so is not liable for the 2 3 act in any civil action, criminal, or administrative proceeding.

4 2. Neither the person making an anatomical gift nor the donor's estate is liable for 5 any injury or damage that results from the making or use of the gift.

6 3. In determining whether an anatomical gift has been made, amended, or revoked 7 under sections 194.210 to 194.294, a person may rely upon representations of individuals listed in subdivisions (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7) or (8) of subsection 1 of section 194.245 8 9 relating to the individual's relationship to the donor or prospective donor unless the person 10 knows that representation is untrue.

194.290. [Sections 194.210 to 194.290 may be cited as the "Uniform Anatomical Gift Act".] 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean: 2

3 (1) "Advance health-care directive", a power of attorney for health care or record signed by a prospective donor containing the prospective donor's direction concerning a 4 health-care decision for the prospective donor; 5

6 (2) "Declaration", a record signed by a prospective donor specifying the 7 circumstances under which a life support system may be withheld or withdrawn;

8 (3) "Health-care decision", any decision made regarding the health care of the prospective donor. 9

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2. If a prospective donor has a declaration or advance health-care directive and the 11 terms of the declaration or directive and the express or implied terms of a potential anatomical gift are in conflict with regard to the administration of measures necessary to 12 13 ensure the medical suitability of a part for transplantation or therapy, the prospective donor's attending physician and prospective donor shall confer to resolve the conflict. If 14 the prospective donor is incapable of resolving the conflict, the agent acting under the 15 prospective donor's declaration or directive or, if no agent exists or the agent is not 16 reasonably available, another person authorized by law, other than under the revised 17 18 uniform anatomical gift act, to make health care decisions on behalf of the prospective 19 donor shall act for the donor to resolve the conflict. The conflict shall be resolved as 20 expeditiously as possible. Information relevant to the resolution of the conflict may be 21 obtained from the appropriate procurement organization and any other person authorized 22 to make an anatomical gift for the prospective donor under section 194.245. Before the 23 resolution of the conflict, measures necessary to ensure the medical suitability of an organ for transplantation or therapy may not be withheld or withdrawn from the prospective 24

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donor if withholding or withdrawing the measures is not contraindicated by appropriate
 end-of-life care.

194.292. 1. A document of gift is valid if executed in accordance with:

- (1) Sections 194.210 to 194.294;
- 3 (2) The laws of the state or country where it was executed; or
  - (3) The laws of the state or country where the person making the anatomical gift

5 was domiciled, has a place of residence, or was a national at the time the document of gift
6 was executed.

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2. If a document of gift is valid under this section, the law of this state governs the
8 interpretation of the document of gift.

9 **3.** A person may presume that a document of gift or amendment of an anatomical 10 gift is valid unless that person knows that it was not validly executed or was revoked.

194.293. In applying and construing this uniform act, consideration must be given
to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states
that enact it.

194.294. Sections 194.210 to 194.294 modifies, limits, and supersedes the Electronic

2 Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001 et. seq., but does

3 not modify, limit, or supersede Section 101(a) of that Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001, or

- 4 authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in Section 103(b) of that Act,
- 5 15 U.S.C. Section 7003(b).

194.304. 1. [The department of health and senior services shall maintain a registry of
organ donors. The registry shall record any person who indicates through any means, including
completing the reverse side of a license to operate a motor vehicle as prescribed in subsection
6 of section 194.240, that the person desires to make an organ donation upon the person's death.
Information in such registry shall be released only to appropriate persons or organizations
designated by the advisory committee.

2. Any person who has previously put his or her name on the organ donor registry may
have that name deleted by filing the appropriate form with the department of health and senior
services.] The department of revenue shall cooperate with any first person consent organ
and tissue donor registry that this state establishes, contracts for, or recognizes for the
purpose of transferring to the donor registry all relevant information regarding a donor's
making, amendment to, or revocation of an anatomical gift.

- 13
- 2. A first person consent organ and tissue donor registry shall:

(1) Allow a donor or other person authorized under section 194.220 to include on
the first person consent organ and tissue donor registry a statement or symbol that the
donor has made, amended, or revoked an anatomical gift;

17 (2) Be accessible to a procurement organization to allow it to obtain relevant 18 information on the donor registry to determine, at or near death of the donor or a 19 prospective donor, whether the donor or prospective donor has made, amended, or 20 revoked an anatomical gift; and

21 (3) Be accessible for purposes of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection seven 22 days a week on a twenty-four-hour basis.

3. Personally identifiable information on a first person consent organ and tissue 23 24 donor registry about a donor or prospective donor may not be used or disclosed without 25 the express consent of the donor, prospective donor, or the person that made the 26 anatomical gift for any purpose other than to determine, at or near death of the donor or 27 a prospective donor, whether the donor or prospective donor has made, amended, or 28 revoked an anatomical gift.

197.551. As used in sections 197.551 to 197.587, the following terms shall mean:

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(1) "Department", the department of health and senior services;

3 (2) "Identifiable information", information that is presented in a form and manner that allows the identification of any provider, patient, or reporter of patient safety work 4 product. With respect to patients, such information includes any individually identifiable 5 health information, as defined in federal regulations promulgated under Section 264(c) of 6 7 the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended;

8 (3) "Nonidentifiable information", information presented in a form and manner that prevents the identification of any provider, patient, or reporter of patient safety work 9 product. With respect to patients, such information shall be deidentified consistent with 10 the federal regulations promulgated under Section 264(c) of the Health Insurance 11 12 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended;

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(4) "Patient safety organization", any entity which:

14 (a) Is organized as an independent not-for-profit corporation under Section 15 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and applicable state law governing not-for-profit corporations; 16

17 (b) Meets the statutory criteria for certification as a patient safety organization 18 under the federal Patient Safety and Quality Improvement Act of 2005, 42 U.S.C. Section 19 299b-21, et seq and, effective one year after the effective date of federal regulations 20 promulgated to implement such act, meets the statutory and regulatory criteria for 21 certification as a patient safety organization under the act;

22 (c) Has a governing board that includes representatives of hospitals, physicians, 23 and a federally recognized quality improvement organization that contracts with the

federal government to review medical necessity and quality assurance in the Medicare
program;
(d) Conducts, as the organization's primary activity, efforts to improve patient
safety and the quality of health care delivery;

(e) Collects and analyzes patient safety work product that is submitted by
 providers;

(f) Develops and disseminates evidence-based information to providers with respect
 to improving patient safety, such as recommendations, protocols, or information regarding
 best practices;

(g) Utilizes patient safety work product to carry out activities limited to those
 described under this section and for the purposes of encouraging a culture of safety and
 of providing direct feedback and assistance to providers to effectively minimize patient
 risk;

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(h) Maintains confidentiality with respect to identifiable information;

(i) Implements appropriate security measures with respect to patient safety work
 product;

(j) Submits, if authorized by its governing board and certified by federal law and
 regulation, nonidentifiable information to a national patient safety database;

42 (k) Provides technical support to health care providers in the collection,
43 submission, and analysis of data and patient safety activities as described in sections
44 197.554 and 197.566;

(1) May establish a formula for fees and/or assessments for the performance of
 activities as described in sections 197.554 and 197.566;

47 (5) "Patient safety work product", any data, reports, records, memoranda,
48 analyses, deliberative work, statements, root cause analyses, or reportable incident
49 prevention plans or processes that are:

50 (a) Created or developed by a provider solely for the purposes of reporting to a 51 patient safety organization;

52 (b) Reported to a patient safety organization;

(c) Requested by a patient safety organization, including the contents of such
 request;

(d) Reported to a provider by a patient safety organization;

(e) Created by a provider to evaluate corrective actions following a report by or to
 a patient safety organization;

58 (f) Created or developed by a patient safety organization; or

(g) Reported to a national patient safety database under federal law or regulation.
Patient safety work product shall not include information, documents, or records otherwise
available from original sources merely because they were collected for or submitted to a
patient safety organization. Patient safety work product also shall not include documents,
investigations, records, or reports otherwise required by law;

(6) "Provider", any physician, hospital, ambulatory surgical center, residential care
facility, assisted living facility, intermediate care facility, skilled nursing facility, dentist,
registered or licensed practical nurse, optometrist, podiatrist, pharmacist, chiropractor,
professional physical therapist, psychologist, hospice, home health agency, and any other
person or entity that provides health care services under the authority of a license or
certificate;

70 (7) "Reportable incident", an occurrence of a serious reportable event in health
 71 care;

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(8) "Reportable incident prevention plan", a written plan that:

(a) Defines, based on a root cause analysis, specific changes in organizational
 policies and procedures designed to reduce the risk of similar incidents occurring in the
 future or that provides a rationale acceptable to the department that no such changes are
 warranted;

77 78 (b) Sets deadlines for the implementation of such changes;

(c) Establishes who is responsible for making the changes; and

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(d) Provides a mechanism for evaluating the effectiveness of such changes;

80 (9) "Root cause analysis", a structured process for identifying basic or causal factors that underlie variation in performance, including but not limited to the occurrence 81 or possible occurrence of a reportable incident. A root cause analysis focuses primarily on 82 systems and processes rather than individual performance and progresses from special 83 causes in clinical processes to common causes in organizational processes and identifies 84 85 potential improvements in processes or systems that would tend to decrease the likelihood of such events in the future, or determines after analysis that no such improvement 86 87 opportunities exist;

(10) "Serious reportable event in health care", as initially defined by the National
 Quality Forum in its March 2002 report and subsequently updated by the National Quality
 Forum, including all criteria established for identifying such events.

197.554. 1. A hospital shall report each reportable incident to a patient safety
organization and the department under sections 197.551 to 197.566. The department shall,
by rule, define the form and content of information submitted. Such rules shall protect
patient confidentiality by requiring that patient-identifiable data be redacted from

5 information provided to the patient safety organization or the department. The

6 department's rules may provide for identification of the patient using an alternative patient
 7 identification system.

8 2. The hospital's initial report of the incident shall be submitted to the patient 9 safety organization no later than the close of business on the next business day following 10 discovery of the incident. The initial report shall include a description of immediate actions to be taken by the hospital to minimize the risk of harm to patients and prevent a 11 12 reoccurrence and verification that the hospital's patient safety and performance improvement review processes are responding to the reportable incident. Upon receiving 13 a hospital's notice of a reportable incident, the patient safety organization shall forward 14 the incident report and the description of immediate actions to the department. The 15 16 hospital shall, within forty-five days after the incident occurs, submit a completed root 17 cause analysis and a reportable incident prevention plan to the patient safety organization, 18 which shall forward such analysis and plan to the department.

3. Upon request of the hospital, a patient safety organization may provide technical
 assistance in the development of a root cause analysis or reportable incident prevention
 plan relating to a reportable incident.

197.557. 1. Upon receiving notice of a reportable incident under section 197.554, the department shall investigate the incident. Based on its findings, the department shall determine whether the hospital's response is expected to be sufficient to reduce the risk of future occurrences of that type of reportable incident. The department shall also verify in subsequent licensure surveys or follow-up visits or contacts that the reportable incident prevention plan is being implemented as approved and the results of an evaluation mechanism for the plan are reviewed.

8 2. The department may by rule charge a fee for investigating and responding to 9 reports of reportable incidents under sections 197.551 to 197.566. Any such fee shall not 10 exceed the reasonable cost of such investigative and administrative activities.

3. The department shall periodically evaluate the performance of the patient safety
 organization regarding report submission processes and its reviews of reportable incident
 prevention plans and root cause analyses submitted by hospitals.

4. If the department determines that the reportable incident prevention plan initially submitted by the hospital is not sufficient to reduce the risk of future occurrences of that specific incident, the department shall provide notice to the hospital of such determination. In doing so, the department shall provide the hospital with specific areas of concern. The hospital shall have twenty days to resubmit a revised reportable incident prevention plan. A reportable incident prevention plan shall be deemed approved by the

- department unless written notice of a deficiency is provided to the hospital within thirty 20
- days after the plan is submitted or resubmitted to the department for review. 21

**197.560.** 1. If a reportable incident is disclosed to the department and a patient safety organization under sections 197.551 to 197.566 and a reportable incident prevention 2 plan and root cause analysis is submitted and approved by the department, the incident 3 shall not be deemed to be grounds for a finding of a licensure deficiency under sections 4 5 197.010 to 197.120, except as otherwise authorized by section 197.563.

- 2. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to:
- 7 (1) Restrict the availability of information gleaned from original sources;
- 8 (2) Limit the disclosure or use of information regarding a reportable incident to:
- 9 (a) State or federal agencies or law enforcement under law or regulation; or
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(b) Health care facility accreditation agencies.

3. Nothing in sections 197.551 to 197.566 shall modify the duty of a hospital to 11 12 report disciplinary actions or medical malpractice actions against a health care professional under law. 13

197.563. 1. The department shall promulgate rules establishing criteria for defining cases in which reportable incidents have occurred in a hospital with a frequency 2 or possible pattern of adverse outcomes so as to necessitate departmental intervention to 3 4 protect the public. The department may impose license sanctions against such hospitals based on such reportable incidents, notwithstanding the provisions of section 197.560. 5

In developing such criteria, the department shall consult with affected 6 2. 7 organizations, which shall include but not be limited to the patient safety organization and 8 representatives of hospitals of diverse size and geographic location.

197.566. The patient safety organization shall, in collaboration with the department, publish an annual report to the public on reportable incidents. The first 2 3 report shall include twelve months of reported data and shall be published not more than 4 fifteen months after the effective date of rules promulgated by the department to implement the provisions of sections 197.551 to 197.563. The report shall indicate the 5 6 number and rate per patient encounter by region and by category of reportable incident, as such categories are established by the National Quality Forum in defining reportable 7 8 incidents, and may identify reportable incidents by type of facility. For purposes of the 9 annual report, the state shall be divided into no fewer than three regions, with the St. Louis metropolitan statistical area being one of the regions. 10

197.569. A hospital may report adverse events other than reportable incidents to 2 a patient safety organization and the department under sections 197.551 to 197.566 and

3 such reports shall be subject to the same protections and requirements as provided by

4 sections 197.551 to 197.566 for reportable incidents.

197.572. No person shall disclose the actions, decisions, proceedings, discussions, or deliberations occurring at a meeting of a patient safety organization except to the extent 2 necessary to carry out one or more of the purposes of a patient safety organization. A 3 meeting of the patient safety organization shall include any meetings of the patient safety 4 organization; its staff; its governing board; any and all committees, work groups, and task 5 6 forces of the patient safety organization, whether or not formally appointed by the 7 governing board; its president and its chairperson; and any meeting in any setting in which patient safety work product is discussed in the normal course of carrying out the business 8 9 of the patient safety organization. The proceedings and records of a patient safety 10 organization shall not be subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil action against a provider arising out of the matter or matters that are the subject of 11 12 consideration by a patient safety organization. Information, documents, or records otherwise available from original sources shall not be immune from discovery or use in any 13 14 civil action merely because they were presented during proceedings of a patient safety organization. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to prevent a person 15 from testifying to or reporting information obtained independently of the activities of a 16 17 patient safety organization or which is public information.

197.575. Patient safety work product shall be privileged and confidential and shall
not be disclosed for any purpose and, further, shall not be subject to disclosure in any
criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding.

197.578. 1. Any reference to or offer into evidence in the presence of the jury or other fact-finder or admission into evidence of patient safety work product during any proceeding that is contrary to the provisions of sections 197.551 to 197.566 shall constitute grounds for a mistrial or a similar termination of the proceeding and reversible error on appeal from any judgment or order entered in favor of any party who so discloses or offers into evidence patient safety work product.

7 2. The prohibition against discovery, disclosure, or admission into evidence of
8 patient safety work product is in addition to any other protections provided by law.

197.581. A patient safety organization may disclose nonidentifiable information and nonidentifiable aggregate trend data identifying the number and types of patient safety events that occur. A patient safety organization shall publish educational and evidencebased information from the summary reports that can be used by all providers to improve the care provided.

197.584. 1. The confidentiality of patient safety work product shall in no way be 2 impaired or otherwise adversely affected solely by reason of the submission of the same to a patient safety organization. The confidentiality of patient safety work product submitted 3 4 in compliance with sections 197.551 to 197.587 to a patient safety organization shall not be adversely affected if the entity later ceases to meet the statutory definition of a patient 5 6 safety organization. 7 2. The exchange or disclosure of patient safety work product by a patient safety organization shall not constitute a waiver of confidentiality or privilege by the health care 8 9 provider who submitted the data. 197.587. Any provider furnishing services to a patient safety organization shall not be liable for civil damages as a result of such acts, omissions, decisions, or other such 2 3 conduct in connection with the lawful duties on behalf of a patient safety organization, 4 except for acts, omissions, decisions, or conduct done with actual malice, fraudulent intent, or bad faith. 5 198.006. As used in sections 198.003 to 198.186, unless the context clearly indicates 2 otherwise, the following terms mean: 3 (1) "Abuse", the infliction of physical, sexual, or emotional injury or harm, including financial exploitation by any person, firm, or corporation as defined in section 570.145, 4 RSMo; 5 6 (2) "Activities of daily living" or "ADL", one or more of the following activities of daily living: 7 8 (a) Eating; 9 (b) Dressing; 10 (c) Bathing; (d) Toileting; 11 (e) Transferring; and 12 13 (f) Walking; 14 (3) "Administrator", the person who is in general administrative charge of a facility; 15 (4) "Affiliate": 16 (a) With respect to a partnership, each partner thereof; 17 (b) With respect to a limited partnership, the general partner and each limited partner with an interest of five percent or more in the limited partnership; 18 19 (c) With respect to a corporation, each person who owns, holds or has the power to vote 20 five percent or more of any class of securities issued by the corporation, and each officer and 21 director; 22 (d) With respect to a natural person, any parent, child, sibling, or spouse of that person;

23 (5) "Appropriately trained and qualified individual", an individual who is licensed or 24 registered with the state of Missouri in a health care-related field or an individual with a degree 25 in a health care-related field or an individual with a degree in a health care, social services, or human services field or an individual licensed under chapter 344, RSMo, and who has received 26 27 facility orientation training under 19 CSR 30-86042(18), and dementia training under section 28 660.050, RSMo, and twenty-four hours of additional training, approved by the department, 29 consisting of definition and assessment of activities of daily living, assessment of cognitive 30 ability, service planning, and interview skills;

(6) "Assisted living facility", any premises, other than a residential care facility, intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing facility, that is utilized by its owner, operator, or manager to provide twenty-four-hour care and services and protective oversight to three or more residents who are provided with shelter, board, and who may need and are provided with the following:

(a) Assistance with any activities of daily living and any instrumental activities of dailyliving;

(b) Storage, distribution, or administration of medications; and

39 (c) Supervision of health care under the direction of a licensed physician, provided that40 such services are consistent with a social model of care;

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42 Such term shall not include a facility where all of the residents are related within the fourth43 degree of consanguinity or affinity to the owner, operator, or manager of the facility;

(7) "Community-based assessment", documented basic information and analysis
provided by appropriately trained and qualified individuals describing an individual's abilities
and needs in activities of daily living, instrumental activities of daily living, vision/hearing,
nutrition, social participation and support, and cognitive functioning using an assessment tool
approved by the department of health and senior services that is designed for community-based
services and that is not the nursing home minimum data set;

50 (8) "Dementia", a general term for the loss of thinking, remembering, and reasoning so 51 severe that it interferes with an individual's daily functioning, and may cause symptoms that 52 include changes in personality, mood, and behavior;

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(9) "Department", the Missouri department of health and senior services;

(10) "Emergency", a situation, physical condition or one or more practices, methods or
 operations which presents imminent danger of death or serious physical or mental harm to
 residents of a facility;

57 (11) "Facility", any residential care facility, assisted living facility, intermediate care 58 facility, or skilled nursing facility;

59 (12) "Health care provider", any person providing health care services or goods to 60 residents and who receives funds in payment for such goods or services under Medicaid;

61 (13) "Instrumental activities of daily living", or "IADL", one or more of the following62 activities:

- 63 (a) Preparing meals;
- 64 (b) Shopping for personal items;

65 (c) Medication management;

- 66 (d) Managing money;
- 67 (e) Using the telephone;
- 68 (f) Housework; and
- 69 (g) Transportation ability;

(14) "Intermediate care facility", any premises, other than a residential care facility, assisted living facility, or skilled nursing facility, which is utilized by its owner, operator, or manager to provide twenty-four-hour accommodation, board, personal care, and basic health and nursing care services under the daily supervision of a licensed nurse and under the direction of a licensed physician to three or more residents dependent for care and supervision and who are not related within the fourth degree of consanguinity or affinity to the owner, operator or manager of the facility;

(15) "Manager", any person other than the administrator of a facility who contracts or
otherwise agrees with an owner or operator to supervise the general operation of a facility,
providing such services as hiring and training personnel, purchasing supplies, keeping financial
records, and making reports;

81 (16) "Medicaid", medical assistance under section 208.151, RSMo, et seq., in
82 compliance with Title XIX, Public Law 89-97, 1965 amendments to the Social Security Act (42
83 U.S.C. 301, et seq.), as amended;

(17) "Neglect", the failure to provide, by those responsible for the care, custody, and
control of a resident in a facility, the services which are reasonable and necessary to maintain the
physical and mental health of the resident, when such failure presents either an imminent danger
to the health, safety or welfare of the resident or a substantial probability that death or serious
physical harm would result;

(18) "Operator", any person licensed or required to be licensed under the provisions of
sections 198.003 to 198.096 in order to establish, conduct or maintain a facility;

- 91 (19) "Owner", any person who owns an interest of five percent or more in:
- 92 (a) The land on which any facility is located;
- 93 (b) The structure or structures in which any facility is located;

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94 (c) Any mortgage, contract for deed, or other obligation secured in whole or in part by 95 the land or structure in or on which a facility is located; or

96 (d) Any lease or sublease of the land or structure in or on which a facility is located.97

98 "Owner" does not include a holder of a debenture or bond purchased at public issue nor does it
99 include any regulated lender unless the entity or person directly or through a subsidiary operates
100 a facility;

(20) "Protective oversight", an awareness twenty-four hours a day of the location of a
resident, the ability to intervene on behalf of the resident, the supervision of nutrition,
medication, or actual provisions of care, and the responsibility for the welfare of the resident,
except where the resident is on voluntary leave;

(21) "Resident", a person who by reason of aging, illness, disease, or physical or mental
 infirmity receives or requires care and services furnished by a facility and who resides or boards
 in or is otherwise kept, cared for, treated or accommodated in such facility for a period exceeding
 twenty-four consecutive hours;

109 (22) "Residential care facility", any premises, other than an assisted living facility, 110 intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing facility, which is utilized by its owner, operator or 111 manager to provide twenty-four-hour care to three or more residents, who are not related within 112 the fourth degree of consanguinity or affinity to the owner, operator, or manager of the facility 113 and who need or are provided with shelter, board, and with protective oversight, which may 114 include storage and distribution or administration of medications and care during short-term 115 illness or recuperation, except that, for purposes of receiving supplemental welfare assistance 116 payments under section 208.030, RSMo, only any residential care facility licensed as a 117 residential care facility II immediately prior to August 28, 2006, and that continues to meet such 118 licensure requirements for a residential care facility II licensed immediately prior to August 28, 119 2006, shall continue to receive after August 28, 2006, the payment amount allocated immediately 120 prior to August 28, 2006, for a residential care facility II under section 208.030;

121 (23) "Skilled nursing facility", any premises, other than a residential care facility, an 122 assisted living facility, or an intermediate care facility, which is utilized by its owner, operator 123 or manager to provide for twenty-four-hour accommodation, board and skilled nursing care and 124 treatment services to at least three residents who are not related within the fourth degree of 125 consanguinity or affinity to the owner, operator or manager of the facility. Skilled nursing care 126 and treatment services are those services commonly performed by or under the supervision of 127 a registered professional nurse for individuals requiring twenty-four-hours-a-day care by licensed 128 nursing personnel including acts of observation, care and counsel of the aged, ill, injured or

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infirm, the administration of medications and treatments as prescribed by a licensed physicianor dentist, and other nursing functions requiring substantial specialized judgment and skill;

(24) "Social model of care", long-term care services based on the abilities, desires, and
functional needs of the individual delivered in a setting that is more home-like than institutional
and promotes the dignity, individuality, privacy, independence, and autonomy of the individual.
Any facility licensed as a residential care facility II prior to August 28, 2006, shall qualify as
being more home-like than institutional with respect to construction and physical plant standards;

136 (25) "Vendor", any person selling goods or services to a health care provider;

137 (26) "Voluntary leave", an off-premise leave initiated by:

(a) A resident that has not been declared mentally incompetent or incapacitated by acourt; or

(b) A legal guardian of a resident that has been declared mentally incompetent orincapacitated by a court.

198.090. 1. An operator may make available to any resident the service of holding in trust personal possessions and funds of the resident and shall, as authorized by the resident, expend the funds to meet the resident's personal needs. In providing this service the operator shall:

5 (1) At the time of admission, provide each resident or his next of kin or legal guardian 6 with a written statement explaining the resident's rights regarding personal funds;

7 (2) Accept funds and personal possessions from or for a resident for safekeeping and
8 management, only upon written authorization by the resident or by his designee, or guardian in
9 the case of an adjudged incompetent;

(3) Deposit any personal funds received from or on behalf of a resident in an account
separate from the facility's funds, except that an amount to be established by rule of the division
of aging may be kept in a petty cash fund for the resident's personal needs;

(4) Keep a written account, available to a resident and his designee or guardian,
maintained on a current basis for each resident, with written receipts, for all personal possessions
and funds received by or deposited with the facility and for all disbursements made to or on
behalf of the resident;

17 (5) Provide each resident or his designee or guardian with a quarterly accounting of all18 financial transactions made on behalf of the resident;

(6) Within five days of the discharge of a resident, provide the resident, or his designee
or guardian, with an up-to-date accounting of the resident's personal funds and return to the
resident the balance of his funds and all his personal possessions;

(7) Upon the death of a resident who has been a recipient of aid, assistance, care,services, or who has had moneys expended on his behalf by the department of social services,

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24 provide the department a complete account of all the resident's personal funds within sixty days 25 from the date of death. The total amount paid to the decedent or expended upon his behalf by 26 the department shall be a debt due the state and recovered from the available funds upon the 27 department's claim on such funds. The department shall make a claim on the funds within sixty 28 days from the date of the accounting of the funds by the facility. The nursing facility shall pay 29 the claim made by the department of social services from the resident's personal funds within 30 sixty days. Where the name and address are reasonably ascertainable, the department of social services shall give notice of the debt due the state to the person whom the recipient had 31 32 designated to receive the quarterly accounting of all financial transactions made under this 33 section, or the resident's guardian or conservator or the person or persons listed in nursing home 34 records as a responsible party or the fiduciary of the resident's estate. If any funds are available 35 after the department's claim, the remaining provisions of this section shall apply to the balance, 36 unless the funds belonged to a person other than the resident, in which case the funds shall be 37 paid to that person;

38 (8) Upon the death of a resident who has not been a recipient of aid, assistance, care, 39 services, or who has not had moneys expended on his behalf by the department of social services 40 or the department has not made a claim on the funds, provide the fiduciary of resident's estate, 41 at the fiduciary's request, a complete account of all the resident's personal funds and possessions 42 and deliver to the fiduciary all possessions of the resident and the balance of the resident's funds. 43 If, after one year from the date of death, no fiduciary makes claim upon such funds or 44 possessions, the operator shall notify the department that the funds remain unclaimed. Such 45 unclaimed funds or possessions shall be disposed of as follows:

(a) If the unclaimed funds or possessions have a value totaling one hundred and fifty
dollars or less, the funds or the proceeds of the sale of the possessions may be deposited in a fund
to be used for the benefit of all residents of the facility by providing the residents social or
educational activities. The facility shall keep an accounting of the acquisitions and expenditure
of these funds; or

(b) If the unclaimed funds or possessions have a value greater than one hundred and fifty dollars, the funds or possessions shall be immediately presumed to be abandoned property under sections 447.500 to 447.585, RSMo, and the procedures provided for in those sections shall apply notwithstanding any other provisions of those sections which require a period greater than two years for a presumption of abandonment;

56 (9) Upon ceasing to be the operator of a facility, all funds and property held in trust 57 pursuant to this section shall be transferred to the new operator in accordance with sound 58 accounting principles, and a closeout report signed by both the outgoing operator and the 59 successor operator shall be prepared. The closeout report shall include a list of current balances

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60 of all funds held for residents respectively and an inventory of all property held for residents 61 respectively. If the outgoing operator refuses to sign the closeout report, he shall state in writing 62 the specific reasons for his failure to so sign, and the successor operator shall complete the report 63 and attach an affidavit stating that the information contained therein is true to the best of his 64 knowledge and belief. Such report shall be retained with all other records and accounts required 65 to be maintained under this section;

66 (10) Not be required to invest any funds received from or on behalf of a resident, nor to67 increase the principal of any such funds.

68 2. Any owner, operator, manager, employee, or affiliate of an owner or operator who 69 receives any personal property or anything else of value from a resident, shall, if the thing received has a value of ten dollars or more, make a written statement giving the date it was 70 71 received, from whom it was received, and its estimated value. Statements required to be made 72 pursuant to this subsection shall be retained by the operator and shall be made available for 73 inspection by the department, or by the department of mental health when the resident has been 74 placed by that department, and by the resident, and his designee or legal guardian. Any person 75 who fails to make a statement required by this subsection is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.

3. No owner, operator, manager, employee, or affiliate of an owner or operator shall in
one calendar year receive any personal property or anything else of value from the residents of
any facility which have a total estimated value in excess of one hundred dollars.

4. Subsections 2 and 3 of this section shall not apply if the property or other thing of value is held in trust in accordance with subsection 1 of this section, is received in payment for services rendered or pursuant to the terms of a lawful contract, or is received from a resident who is related to the recipient within the fourth degree of consanguinity or affinity.

5. Any operator who fails to maintain records or who fails to maintain any resident's
personal funds in an account separate from the facility's funds as required by this section shall
be guilty of a class C misdemeanor.

6. Any operator, or any affiliate or employee of an operator, who puts to his own use or the use of the facility or otherwise diverts from the resident's use any personal funds of the resident shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

89 [7. Any person having reasonable cause to believe that a misappropriation of a resident's90 funds or property has occurred may report such information to the department.

8. For each report the division shall attempt to obtain the name and address of the facility, the name of the facility employee, the name of the resident, information regarding the nature of the misappropriation, the name of the complainant, and any other information which might be helpful in an investigation.

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9. Upon receipt of a report, the department shall initiate an investigation.

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10. If the investigation indicates probable misappropriation of property or funds of a
resident, the investigator shall refer the complaint together with his report to the department
director or his designee for appropriate action.

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11. Reports shall be confidential, as provided under section 660.320, RSMo.

100 12. Anyone, except any person participating in or benefiting from the misappropriation 101 of funds, who makes a report pursuant to this section or who testifies in any administrative or 102 judicial proceeding arising from the report shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability 103 for making such a report or for testifying except for liability for perjury, unless such person acted 104 negligently, recklessly, in bad faith, or with malicious purpose.

105 13. Within five working days after a report required to be made under this section is 106 received, the person making the report shall be notified in writing of its receipt and of the 107 initiation of the investigation.

108 14. No person who directs or exercises any authority in a facility shall evict, harass, 109 dismiss or retaliate against a resident or employee because he or any member of his family has 110 made a report of any violation or suspected violation of laws, ordinances or regulations applying 111 to the facility which he has reasonable cause to believe has been committed or has occurred.

112 15. The department shall maintain the employee disqualification list and place on the 113 employee disqualification list the names of any persons who have been finally determined by the 114 department, pursuant to section 660.315, RSMo, to have misappropriated any property or funds 115 of a resident while employed in any facility.]

198.097. **1.** Any person who assumes the responsibility of managing the financial affairs of an elderly or disabled person who is a resident of [a nursing home] any facility licensed **under chapter 198**, shall be guilty of a class D felony if such person misappropriates the funds and fails to pay for the [nursing home] facility care of the elderly or disabled person. For the purposes of this section, a person assumes the responsibility of managing the financial affairs of an elderly or disabled person when he or she receives, has access to, handles or controls the elderly or disabled person's monetary funds, including but not limited to Social Security income, pension, cash or other resident income.

9 2. Evidence of misappropriating funds and failing to pay for the care of an elderly 10 or disabled person may include, but shall not be limited to proof that the facility has sent, 11 by certified mail with confirmation receipt requested, notification of failure to pay facility 12 care expenses incurred by a resident to the person who has assumed responsibility of 13 managing the financial affairs of the resident.

143. Nothing in subsection 2 of this section shall be construed as limiting the15investigations or prosecutions of violations of subsection 1 of this section or the crime of16financial exploitation of an elderly or disabled person as defined by section 570.145, RSMo.

198.532. 1. Complaints filed with the department of health and senior services against a long-term care facility which allege that harm has occurred or is likely to occur to a resident 2 or residents of the facility due to actions or the lack of actions taken by the facility shall be 3 investigated within thirty days of receipt of such complaints. The purpose of such investigation 4 shall be to ensure the safety, protection and care of all residents of the facility likely to be 5 affected by the alleged action or inaction. Such investigation shall be in addition to the 6 investigation requirements for abuse and neglect reports pursuant to section [198.070] 192.2150, 7 8 RSMo.

9 2. The department shall provide the results of all investigations in accordance with 10 section [660.320] 192.2150, RSMo. The department shall provide the results of such investigation in writing to all parties to the complaint, and if requested, to any of the facility's 11 residents, or their family members or guardians. Complaints and written results will be readily 12 available for public access and review at the department of health and senior services and at the 13 long-term care facility. Personal information identifying the resident will be blanked out, except 14 in regard to immediate family, the attorney-in-fact or the legal guardian of the resident in 15 16 question. This information will remain readily available for a period of time determined by the 17 department of health and senior services.

[660.600.] 198.700. As used in sections [660.600 to 660.608] 198.700 to 198.708, the 2 following terms mean:

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(1)

- 4 "Department", the department of health and senior services;
- 5
- (2) "Long-term care facility", any facility licensed pursuant to chapter 198, RSMo, and 6 long-term care facilities connected with hospitals licensed pursuant to chapter 197, RSMo;
- 7

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(3) "Office", the office of the state ombudsman for long-term care facility residents; (4) "Ombudsman", the state ombudsman for long-term care facility residents;

["Division", the division of aging of the department of social services]

9 (5) "Regional ombudsman coordinators", designated individuals working for, or under contract with, the area agencies on aging, and who are so designated by the area agency on aging 10 11 and certified by the ombudsman as meeting the qualifications established by the [division] 12 department;

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(6) "Resident", any person who is receiving care or treatment in a long-term care facility. [660.603.] **198.703.** 1. There is hereby established within the department of health and 2 senior services the "Office of State Ombudsman for Long-Term Care Facility Residents", for the purpose of helping to assure the adequacy of care received by residents of long-term care 3 facilities and to improve the quality of life experienced by them, in accordance with the federal 4 Older Americans Act, 42 U.S.C. 3001, et seq. 5

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6 2. The office shall be administered by the state ombudsman, who shall devote his or her 7 entire time to the duties of his or her position.

8 3. The office shall establish and implement procedures for receiving, processing, 9 responding to, and resolving complaints made by or on behalf of residents of long-term care 10 facilities relating to action, inaction, or decisions of providers, or their representatives, of 11 long-term care services, of public agencies or of social service agencies, which may adversely 12 affect the health, safety, welfare or rights of such residents.

4. The department shall establish and implement procedures for resolution of complaints.
The ombudsman or representatives of the office shall have the authority to:

(1) Enter any long-term care facility and have access to residents of the facility at a
reasonable time and in a reasonable manner. The ombudsman shall have access to review
resident records, if given permission by the resident or the resident's legal guardian. Residents
of the facility shall have the right to request, deny, or terminate visits with an ombudsman;

19 (2) Make the necessary inquiries and review such information and records as the 20 ombudsman or representative of the office deems necessary to accomplish the objective of 21 verifying these complaints.

5. The office shall acknowledge complaints, report its findings, make recommendations,
gather and disseminate information and other material, and publicize its existence.

6. The ombudsman may recommend to the relevant governmental agency changes in the rules and regulations adopted or proposed by such governmental agency which do or may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare, or civil or human rights of any resident in a facility. The office shall analyze and monitor the development and implementation of federal, state and local laws, regulations and policies with respect to long-term care facilities and services in the state and shall recommend to the department changes in such laws, regulations and policies deemed by the office to be appropriate.

7. The office shall promote community contact and involvement with residents of
facilities through the use of volunteers and volunteer programs directed by the regional
ombudsman coordinators.

8. The office shall develop and establish by regulation of the department statewide
policies and standards for implementing the activities of the ombudsman program, including the
qualifications and the training of regional ombudsman coordinators and ombudsman volunteers.

9. The office shall develop and propose programs for use, training and coordination ofvolunteers in conjunction with the regional ombudsman coordinators and may:

(1) Establish and conduct recruitment programs for volunteers;

40 (2) Establish and conduct training seminars, meetings and other programs for volunteers;

41 and

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42 (3) Supply personnel, written materials and such other reasonable assistance, including43 publicizing their activities, as may be deemed necessary.

10. The regional ombudsman coordinators and ombudsman volunteers shall have the
authority to report instances of abuse and neglect to the ombudsman hotline operated by the
department.

47 11. If the regional ombudsman coordinator or volunteer finds that a nursing home 48 administrator is not willing to work with the ombudsman program to resolve complaints, the 49 state ombudsman shall be notified. The department shall establish procedures by rule in 50 accordance with chapter 536, RSMo, for implementation of this subsection.

12. The office shall prepare and distribute to each facility written notices which set forth
the address and telephone number of the office, a brief explanation of the function of the office,
the procedure to follow in filing a complaint and other pertinent information.

13. The administrator of each facility shall ensure that such written notice is given to every resident or the resident's guardian upon admission to the facility and to every person already in residence, or to his guardian. The administrator shall also post such written notice in a conspicuous, public place in the facility in the number and manner set forth in the regulations adopted by the department.

14. The office shall inform residents, their guardians or their families of their rights and
entitlements under state and federal laws and rules and regulations by means of the distribution
of educational materials and group meetings.

[660.605.] **198.705.** 1. Any files maintained by the ombudsman program shall be disclosed only at the discretion of the ombudsman having authority over the disposition of such files, except that the identity of any complainant or resident of a long-term care facility shall not be disclosed by such ombudsman unless:

5 (1) Such complainant or resident, or the complainant's or resident's legal representative,
6 consents in writing to such disclosure; or

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(2) Such disclosure is required by court order.

8 2. Any representative of the office conducting or participating in any examination of a 9 complaint who shall knowingly and willfully disclose to any person other than the office, or 10 those authorized by the office to receive it, the name of any witness examined or any information 11 obtained or given upon such examination, shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor. However, 12 the ombudsman conducting or participating in any examination of a complaint shall disclose the 13 final result of the examination to the facility with the consent of the resident. 14 3. Any statement or communication made by the office relevant to a complaint received

15 by, proceedings before or activities of the office and any complaint or information made or

provided in good faith by any person, shall be absolutely privileged and such person shall beimmune from suit.

4. The office shall not be required to testify in any court with respect to matters held to
 be confidential in this section except as the court may deem necessary to enforce the provisions
 of sections [660.600 to 660.608] 198.700 to 198.708, or where otherwise required by court order.

[660.608.] **198.708.** 1. Any regional coordinator or local program staff, whether an employee or an unpaid volunteer, shall be treated as a representative of the office. No representative of the office shall be held liable for good faith performance of his **or her** official duties under the provisions of sections [660.600 to 660.608] **198.700 to 198.708** and shall be immune from suit for the good faith performance of such duties. Every representative of the office shall be considered a state employee under section 105.711, RSMo.

7 2. No reprisal or retaliatory action shall be taken against any resident or employee of a long-term care facility for any communication made or information given to the office. Any 8 person who knowingly or willfully violates the provisions of this subsection shall be guilty of 9 a class A misdemeanor. Any person who serves or served on a quality assessment and assurance 10 committee required under 42 U.S.C. sec. 1396r(b)(1)(B) and 42 CFR sec. 483.75(r), or as 11 12 amended, shall be immune from civil liability only for acts done directly as a member of such 13 committee so long as the acts are performed in good faith, without malice and are required by the activities of such committee as defined in 42 CFR sec. 483.75(r). 14

199.001. As used in sections 199.001 to 199.055, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "[Division] Department", the [division of injury prevention, head injury
3 rehabilitation and local health services of the] department of health and senior [services]
4 services' adult head injury program;

5 (2) "[Head] **Brain** injury" [includes head injury, traumatic head injury, and spinal cord 6 injury as defined in section 192.735, RSMo] or "**traumatic brain injury**", a sudden insult or 7 damage to the brain or its coverings, not of a degenerative nature. Such insult or damage 8 may produce an altered state of consciousness and may result in a decrease of one or more 9 of the following: mental, cognitive, behavioral, or physical functioning resulting in partial 10 or total disability. Cerebral vascular accidents, aneurisms, and congenital deficits are 11 excluded from this definition;

(3) "Injury or trauma", any unintentional or intentional damage to the body resulting
from acute exposure to thermal, mechanical, electrical, or chemical energy or from the absence
of such essentials as heat or oxygen;

(4) "Rehabilitation", a comprehensive series of interventions for physical, medical,
 cognitive and psychological disabilities designed to restore a person to his maximum functional
 potential.

199.003. 1. [The "Division of Injury Prevention, Head Injury Rehabilitation and Local 2 Health Services" is hereby created and shall be a division of the department of health and senior 3 services.] The [division] department shall have the responsibility, subject to appropriations, 4 of ensuring that injury prevention and [head] **brain** injury rehabilitation evaluation, [case management] service coordination, treatment, rehabilitation, and community support services 5 6 are accessible, wherever possible. [The division shall have and exercise supervision of division rehabilitation facilities, residential programs and specialized services operated by the division 7 8 and oversight of facilities, programs and services funded by the division. The division may also plan for prevention, treatment, rehabilitation and care, including hospice, for persons with other 9 diseases as determined by the general assembly by appropriations. The division shall also have 10 responsibilities for the support, development, and coordination of local health services.] 11 12 2. The powers, functions and duties of the [division] department shall include the 13 following: 14 (1) [Provision of funds for] Planning and implementing, in cooperation with the 15 Missouri [head] brain injury advisory council [and implementation of], accessible programs to [rehabilitate and care for] promote rehabilitation and community reintegration of persons 16 17 with [head injuries, injury prevention and research] brain injuries; 18 (2) Provision of technical assistance and training to community-based programs [and 19 assistance and cooperation to programs of political subdivisions designed to assist in planning 20 and implementing quality services] assisting persons with brain injuries; 21 (3) Assurance of [program] quality [in compliance with such appropriate standards for 22 residential facilities, day programs, and specialized programs as may be established by the 23 division] for brain injury services funded by the department; (4) Sponsorship and encouragement of research into the causes, effects, prevention, 24 25 treatment and rehabilitation of injuries and appropriateness and cost and benefit effectiveness 26 of [head] **brain** injury rehabilitation, residential programs and specialized services; 27 (5) Provision of public information relating to injury prevention and [head] brain injury 28 treatment and rehabilitation; 29 (6) Cooperation with nonstate governmental agencies and [the] private sector [in 30 establishing, conducting, integrating and coordinating programs and projects relating to injury 31 prevention and [head] **brain** injury treatment and rehabilitation; 32 (7) [Review and oversight of those portions of the department's annual budget which are 33 directed for injury prevention and head injury services; 34 (8) Encouragement of the utilization, support, assistance and dedication of volunteers 35 to assist persons affected by head injuries to be accepted and integrated into normal community 36 activities;

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(9) Support, development, and coordination of local health services, which shall includebut shall not be limited to:

39 (a) Professional resources and staff development;

40 (b) Services assessment and coordination;

41 (c) Standards development, implementation and quality assurance;

42 (d) Provision of basic public health services in areas not served by local public health 43 agencies;

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(e) Fiscal resources and management;

45 (f) Technical assistance; and

(g) Assistance with public health problems, emergencies and conditions] Receiving
federal grants and aids for injury prevention and for persons with brain injuries and brain
injury rehabilitation under the terms of the grants and aids and administering or paying
them out. The director shall approve such applications for federal assistance administered
through the department as may be considered advisable in consultation with the Missouri
brain injury advisory council;

52 (8) Promulgating rules under the provisions of this section, as necessary to 53 prescribe policies or standards which affect charging and funding of adult brain injury 54 rehabilitation services. The rules applicable to each program or service operated or funded 55 by the department shall be available for public inspection and review at such program or 56 service. The rules and policies shall be compatible with and appropriate to the program 57 mission, population served, size, type of service, and other reasonable classifications;

(9) Promulgating reasonable rules relative to the implementation of participant
 rights described in sections 199.001 to 199.051;

(10) Promulgating rules setting forth a reasonable standard means test which shall
 be applied to all programs and services funded by the department in determining eligibility
 for such services.

63 3. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if 64 it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if 65 applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable 66 67 and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 68 69 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void. 70

199.007. The Missouri [head] brain injury advisory council, created by section 192.745,
2 RSMo, shall act as the advisory body to the [division and the division] department and the

department director. Any power or function of the [division] department requiring planning 3 4 activities shall be undertaken with the direct input and cooperation of the advisory council. The 5 [division] **department** shall not undertake or duplicate any activity or function of the council under the provisions of section 192.745, RSMo. 6 199.009. 1. The [division] department may provide injury prevention, and [head] brain injury evaluation, care, treatment, rehabilitation and such related services directly or through 2 contracts from private and public vendors in this state, the quality of the services being equal, 3 4 appropriate and consistent with professional advice in the least restrictive environment and as 5 close to an individual's home community as possible, with funds appropriated for this purpose. 6 2. If it is determined through a comprehensive evaluation that a person [is suffering from 7 a head] has a traumatic brain injury so as to require the coordination of provision of services, including other state governmental agencies, nongovernmental and the private sector, and if such 8 person, such person's parent, if the person is a minor, or legal guardian, so requests, the [division] 9 department shall, within the limits of available resources and subject to relevant federal and 10 11 state laws, secure a comprehensive program of any necessary services for such person. Such 12 services [may include, but need not be limited to, the following: 13 (1) Assessment and evaluation; 14 (2) Case management; 15 (3) Counseling; 16 (4) Respite care; 17 (5) Recreation; 18 (6) Rehabilitation; 19 (7) Cognitive retraining; 20 (8) Prevocational rehabilitation; 21 (9) Residential care: 22 (10) Homemaker services; 23 (11) Day activity programs; 24 (12) Supported living; 25 (13) Referral to appropriate services; 26 (14) Transportation; 27 (15) Supported work], if provided by the department, shall be directed toward 28 preparation for education or vocational achievement, independent living, and community 29 participation. Long-term needs shall be identified and efforts made to link participants 30 with appropriate resources. 31 3. In securing the comprehensive program of services, the [division] department shall

32 involve the [patient] **participant**, his **or her** family or his **or her** legal guardian in decisions

affecting his or her care, rehabilitation, services or referral. The quality of the services being
equal, appropriate and consistent with professional advice, services shall be offered in the least
restrictive environment and as close to an individual's home community as possible.

4. In accordance with state and federal law, no service or program operated or
 funded by the department shall deny admission or other services to any person because of
 the person's race, sex, creed, marital status, national origin, handicap, or age.

199.010. The curators of the University of Missouri shall provide for the care of persons
needing [head] brain injury and other rehabilitation and further, for the treatment and
commitment of persons having tuberculosis subject to appropriation by the general assembly.

199.029. 1. The [division] department shall promulgate rules under the provisions of this section and chapter 536, RSMo, as necessary to prescribe policies or standards which affect 2 3 charging and funding of residential care rehabilitation programs and specialized services for persons with [head] brain injuries available to the public. The rules applicable to each facility, 4 program or service operated or funded by the [division] department shall be available for public 5 inspection and review at such facility, program or service. These rules shall not apply to 6 facilities, programs or services operated or provided by curators of the University of Missouri. 7 8 2. The rules, operating regulations and facility policies shall be compatible with and 9 appropriate to the facility or program mission, population served, size, type of service and other reasonable classifications. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this 10 chapter shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of 11 12 section 536.024, RSMo.

199.031. 1. The [division] department may receive federal grants and aids for injury prevention and for persons with [head] brain injuries and [head] brain injury rehabilitation under the terms of the grants and aids and administer or pay them out subject to the provisions attached.

5 2. The director shall approve such applications for federal assistance administered 6 through the [division] **department** as may be considered advisable after consultation with the 7 Missouri [head] **brain** injury advisory council.

199.037. The director of the [division] department shall promulgate reasonable rules
relative to the implementation of patient rights described in sections 199.001 to 199.055. These
rules shall not apply to facilities, programs or services operated or provided by the curators of
the University of Missouri.

199.039. The director of the [division] department shall promulgate rules setting forth a reasonable standard means test which shall be applied to all facilities, programs and services operated or funded by the [division] department in determining the amount to be charged to persons receiving services. Notwithstanding other provisions of sections 199.001 to 199.055,

5 the department shall accept funds from federal reimbursement, third-party reimbursement,6 private pay or other funding sources.

199.041. 1. Any probate division of the circuit court having knowledge of the existence of an estate of a patient receiving services from residential facilities or other programs operated or funded by the [division] **department** shall promptly notify the director of the nature and extent of the estate and the identity of the attorney of record and conservator. The director shall then apply the standard means test contained in the rules of the [division] **department** to determine if the estate shall be charged for services rendered by the [division] **department**.

2. If the director determines that the estate should be charged for the evaluation, care,
treatment, rehabilitation or room and board provided or funded by the [division] department,
and notifies the conservator, the conservator shall pay the charges. If the conservator fails to pay
for the charges, after reasonable delay, the head of the [division] department, residential facility
or day program may discharge the patient.

3. The decision of the director shall be final, and appeal may be made to the circuit court of Cole County or the county where the person responsible for payment resides in the manner provided by chapter 536, RSMo. The director shall notify the conservator and the supervising court of such failure to pay for services rendered by a facility or program operated or funded by the [division] **department** at least thirty days before the patient is discharged. If the conservator appeals the decision of the director, the patient shall remain in the facility or program pending final disposition of the appeal.

199.043. In accordance with state and federal law, no residential facility, day program
or specialized service operated or funded by the [division] department shall deny admission or
other services to any person because of his race, sex, creed, marital status, national origin,
handicap or age.

4 handicap or age.

199.051. The [division] department may inspect any facility or program at any time ifa contract has been issued or an application for a contract has been filed.

208.909. 1. Consumers receiving personal care assistance services shall be responsible

2 for:

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- (1) Supervising their personal care attendant;
- (2) Verifying wages to be paid to the personal care attendant;
- 5 (3) Preparing and submitting time sheets, signed by both the consumer and personal care 6 attendant, to the vendor on a biweekly basis;

7 (4) Promptly notifying the department within ten days of any changes in circumstances
8 affecting the personal care assistance services plan or in the consumer's place of residence; and

9 (5) Reporting any problems resulting from the quality of services rendered by the 10 personal care attendant to the vendor. If the consumer is unable to resolve any problems

11 resulting from the quality of service rendered by the personal care attendant with the vendor, the

- 12 consumer shall report the situation to the department.
- 13 2. Participating vendors shall be responsible for:
- 14 (1) Collecting time sheets and certifying their accuracy;

(2) The Medicaid reimbursement process, including the filing of claims and reportingdata to the department as required by rule;

17 (3) Transmitting the individual payment directly to the personal care attendant on behalf18 of the consumer;

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(4) Monitoring the performance of the personal care assistance services plan.

3. No state or federal financial assistance shall be authorized or expended to pay for services provided to a consumer under sections 208.900 to 208.927, if the primary benefit of the services is to the household unit, or is a household task that the members of the consumer's household may reasonably be expected to share or do for one another when they live in the same household, unless such service is above and beyond typical activities household members may reasonably provide for another household member without a disability.

4. No state or federal financial assistance shall be authorized or expended to pay for personal care assistance services provided by a personal care attendant [who is listed on any of the background check lists in the family care safety registry under sections 210.900 to 210.937, RSMo, unless a good cause waiver is first obtained from the department in accordance with section 660.317, RSMo] who:

(1) Is listed on the employee disqualification list maintained by the department of
 health and senior services under section 192.2150, RSMo;

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(2) Is registered as a sexual offender under section 589.400, RSMo; or

(3) Has a disqualifying criminal history under section 192.2178, RSMo, unless a
 good cause waiver is first obtained from the department in accordance with section
 192.2178, RSMo.

210.900. 1. Sections 210.900 to 210.936 shall be known and may be cited as the 2 "Family Care Safety Act".

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2. As used in sections 210.900 to 210.936, the following terms shall mean:

4 (1) "Child-care provider", any licensed or license-exempt child-care home, any licensed 5 or license-exempt child-care center, **in-home provider under contract with the department** 6 **of health and senior services,** child-placing agency, residential care facility for children, group 7 home, foster family group home, foster family home, employment agency that refers a child-care 8 worker to parents or guardians as defined in section 289.005, RSMo. The term "child-care 9 provider" does not include summer camps or voluntary associations designed primarily for 10 recreational or educational purposes;

(2) "Child-care worker", any person who is employed by a child-care provider, or
 receives state or federal funds, either by direct payment, reimbursement or voucher payment, as
 remuneration for child-care services;

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(3) "Department", the department of health and senior services;

(4) "Elder-care provider", any operator licensed pursuant to chapter 198, RSMo, or any
person, corporation, or association who provides in-home services under contract with the
division of aging, or any employer of nurses or nursing assistants of home health agencies
licensed pursuant to sections 197.400 to 197.477, RSMo, or any nursing assistants employed by
a hospice pursuant to sections 197.250 to 197.280, RSMo, or that portion of a hospital for which
subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 198.012, RSMo, applies;

(5) "Elder-care worker", any person who is employed by an elder-care provider, or who
 receives state or federal funds, either by direct payment, reimbursement or voucher payment, as
 remuneration for elder-care services;

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(6) "Patrol", the Missouri state highway patrol;

(7) "Employer", any child-care provider, elder-care provider, or personal-care provider
 as defined in this section;

(8) "Personal-care attendant" or "personal-care worker", a person who performs routine
services or supports necessary for a person with a physical or mental disability to enter and
maintain employment or to live independently;

(9) "Personal-care provider", any person, corporation, or association who provides
personal-care services or supports under contract with the department of mental health, [the
division of aging,] the department of health and senior services or the department of elementary
and secondary education;

(10) "Related child care", child care provided only to a child or children by such child's
or children's grandparents, great-grandparents, aunts or uncles, or siblings living in a residence
separate from the child or children;

(11) "Related elder care", care provided only to an elder by an adult child, a spouse, agrandchild, a great-grandchild or a sibling of such elder.

210.906. 1. Every child-care worker or elder-care worker hired on or after January 1,
2001, or personal-care worker hired on or after January 1, 2002, shall complete a registration
form provided by the department. The department shall make such forms available no later than
January 1, 2001, and may, by rule, determine the specific content of such form, but every form
shall:

(1) Request the valid Social Security number of the applicant;

7 (2) Include information on the person's right to appeal the information contained in the 8 registry pursuant to section 210.912;

9 (3) Contain the signed consent of the applicant for the background checks required 10 pursuant to this section; and

11 (4) Contain the signed consent for the release of information contained in the 12 background check for employment purposes only.

2. Every child-care worker or elder-care worker hired on or after January 1, 2001, and every personal-care worker hired on or after January 1, 2002, shall complete a registration form within fifteen days of the beginning of such person's employment. Any person employed as a child-care, elder-care or personal-care worker who fails to submit a completed registration form to the department of health and senior services as required by sections 210.900 to 210.936 without good cause, as determined by the department, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

The costs of the criminal background check may be paid by the individual applicant,
 or by the provider if the applicant is so employed, or for those applicants receiving public
 assistance, by the state through the terms of the self-sufficiency pact pursuant to section 208.325,
 RSMo. Any moneys remitted to the patrol for the costs of the criminal background check shall
 be deposited to the credit of the criminal record system fund as required by section 43.530,
 RSMo.

4. Any person licensed pursuant to sections 210.481 to 210.565 shall be automatically
registered in the family care safety registry at no additional cost other than the costs required
pursuant to sections 210.481 to 210.565.

5. Any person not required to register pursuant to the provisions of sections 210.900 to 29 210.936 may also be included in the registry if such person voluntarily applies to the department 30 for registration and meets the requirements of this section and section 210.909, including 31 submitting to the background checks in subsection 1 of section 210.909.

6. The provisions of sections 210.900 to 210.936 shall not extend to related child care,
related elder care or related personal care workers or attendants who do not receive state or
federal moneys for services.

302.171. 1. Beginning July 1, 2005, the director shall verify that an applicant for a 2 driver's license is lawfully present in the United States before accepting the application. The director shall not issue a driver's license for a period that exceeds an applicant's lawful presence 3 4 in the United States. The director may establish procedures to verify the lawful presence of the 5 applicant and establish the duration of any driver's license issued under this section. An application for a license shall be made upon an approved form furnished by the director. Every 6 7 application shall state the full name, Social Security number, age, height, weight, color of eyes, sex, residence, mailing address of the applicant, and the classification for which the applicant 8 has been licensed, and, if so, when and by what state, and whether or not such license has ever 9 been suspended, revoked, or disqualified, and, if revoked, suspended or disqualified, the date and 10

reason for such suspension, revocation or disqualification and whether the applicant is making 11 12 a one dollar donation to promote an organ donation program as prescribed in subsection 2 of this 13 section. A driver's license, nondriver's license, or instruction permit issued under this chapter 14 shall contain the applicant's legal name as it appears on a birth certificate or as legally changed 15 through marriage or court order. No name change by common usage based on common law shall 16 be permitted. The application shall also contain such information as the director may require to 17 enable the director to determine the applicant's qualification for driving a motor vehicle; and shall state whether or not the applicant has been convicted in this or any other state for violating 18 19 the laws of this or any other state or any ordinance of any municipality, relating to driving without a license, careless driving, or driving while intoxicated, or failing to stop after an 20 21 accident and disclosing the applicant's identity, or driving a motor vehicle without the owner's 22 consent. The application shall contain a certification by the applicant as to the truth of the facts 23 stated therein. Every person who applies for a license to operate a motor vehicle who is less than 24 twenty-one years of age shall be provided with educational materials relating to the hazards of 25 driving while intoxicated, including information on penalties imposed by law for violation of the 26 intoxication-related offenses of the state. Beginning January 1, 2001, if the applicant is less than 27 eighteen years of age, the applicant must comply with all requirements for the issuance of an 28 intermediate driver's license pursuant to section 302.178.

29 2. An applicant for a license may make a donation of one dollar to promote an organ 30 donor program. The director of revenue shall collect the donations and deposit all such 31 donations in the state treasury to the credit of the organ donor program fund established in 32 sections 194.297 to 194.304, RSMo. Moneys in the organ donor program fund shall be used 33 solely for the purposes established in sections 194.297 to 194.304, RSMo, except that the 34 department of revenue shall retain no more than one percent for its administrative costs. The 35 donation prescribed in this subsection is voluntary and may be refused by the applicant for the license at the time of issuance or renewal of the license. The director shall make available an 36 37 informational booklet or other informational sources on the importance of organ donations to 38 applicants for licensure as designed by the organ donation advisory committee established in 39 sections 194.297 to 194.304, RSMo. The director shall inquire of each applicant at the time the 40 licensee presents the completed application to the director whether the applicant is interested in 41 making the one dollar donation prescribed in this subsection and whether the applicant is 42 interested in inclusion in the organ donor registry and shall also specifically inform the licensee 43 of the ability to consent to organ donation by completing the form on the reverse of the license 44 that the applicant will receive in the manner prescribed by [subsection 6 of section 194.240] 45 subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 194.225, RSMo. The director shall notify the department of health and senior services of information obtained from applicants who indicate 46

to the director that they are interested in registry participation, and the department of health and
senior services shall enter the complete name, address, date of birth, race, gender and a unique
personal identifier in the registry established in subsection 1 of section 194.304, RSMo.

50 3. An applicant for a license may make a donation of one dollar to promote a blindness 51 education, screening and treatment program. The director of revenue shall collect the donations 52 and deposit all such donations in the state treasury to the credit of the blindness education, 53 screening and treatment program fund established in section 192.935, RSMo. Moneys in the 54 blindness education, screening and treatment program fund shall be used solely for the purposes 55 established in section 192.935, RSMo, except that the department of revenue shall retain no more than one percent for its administrative costs. The donation prescribed in this subsection is 56 voluntary and may be refused by the applicant for the license at the time of issuance or renewal 57 58 of the license. The director shall inquire of each applicant at the time the licensee presents the 59 completed application to the director whether the applicant is interested in making the one dollar 60 donation prescribed in this subsection.

61 4. Beginning July 1, 2005, the director shall deny the driving privilege of any person who 62 commits fraud or deception during the examination process or who makes application for an 63 instruction permit, driver's license, or nondriver's license which contains or is substantiated with 64 false or fraudulent information or documentation, or who knowingly conceals a material fact or 65 otherwise commits a fraud in any such application. The period of denial shall be one year from 66 the effective date of the denial notice sent by the director. The denial shall become effective ten 67 days after the date the denial notice is mailed to the person. The notice shall be mailed to the person at the last known address shown on the person's driving record. The notice shall be 68 69 deemed received three days after mailing unless returned by the postal authorities. No such individual shall reapply for a driver's examination, instruction permit, driver's license, or 70 nondriver's license until the period of denial is completed. No individual who is denied the 71 72 driving privilege under this section shall be eligible for a limited driving privilege issued under 73 section 302.309.

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5. All appeals of denials under this section shall be made as required by section 302.311.

6. The period of limitation for criminal prosecution under this section shall be extended
under subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of section 556.036, RSMo.

77 7. The director may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer and enforce
78 this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section
79 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo.

80 8. Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter that requires an applicant to provide
81 proof of lawful presence for renewal of a noncommercial driver's license, noncommercial
82 instruction permit, or nondriver's license, an applicant who is sixty-five years and older and who

was previously issued a Missouri noncommercial driver's license, noncommercial instruction
permit, or Missouri nondriver's license is exempt from showing proof of lawful presence.

85 9. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant does not meet the requirements of subsection 8 of this section and does not have the required documents to prove 86 87 lawful presence, the department may issue a one-year driver's license renewal. This one-time renewal shall only be issued to an applicant who previously has held a Missouri noncommercial 88 89 driver's license, noncommercial instruction permit, or nondriver's license for a period of fifteen 90 years or more and who does not have the required documents to prove lawful presence. After 91 the expiration of the one-year period, no further renewal shall be provided without the applicant 92 producing proof of lawful presence.

304.028. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury for use by the [Missouri Head 2 Injury Advisory Council] department of health and senior services a fund to be known as the "[Head] Brain Injury Fund". All judgments collected pursuant to this section, federal grants, 3 4 private donations and any other moneys designated for the [head] **brain** injury fund shall be deposited in the fund. Moneys deposited in the fund shall, upon appropriation by the general 5 6 assembly to the [office of administration] department of health and senior services, be 7 received and expended by the [council] department for the purpose of transition and integration 8 of medical, social and educational services or activities for purposes of outreach and [short-term] 9 supports to enable individuals with traumatic [head] brain injury and their families to live in the 10 community, including counseling and mentoring the families. Notwithstanding the provisions 11 of section 33.080, RSMo, to the contrary, any unexpended balance in the [head] brain injury fund at the end of any biennium shall not be transferred to the general revenue fund. 12

2. In all criminal cases including violations of any county ordinance or any violation of
criminal or traffic laws of this state, including an infraction, there shall be assessed as costs a
surcharge in the amount of two dollars. No such surcharge shall be collected in any proceeding
involving a violation of an ordinance or state law when the proceeding or defendant has been
dismissed by the court or when costs are to be paid by the state, county or municipality.

3. Such surcharge shall be collected and distributed by the clerk of the court as provided
in sections 488.010 to 488.020, RSMo. The surcharge collected pursuant to this section shall
be paid to the state treasury to the credit of the [head] brain injury fund established in this
section.

559.100. 1. The circuit courts of this state shall have power, herein provided, to place
on probation or to parole persons convicted of any offense over which they have jurisdiction,
except as otherwise provided in sections 195.275 to 195.296, RSMo, section 558.018, RSMo,
section 559.115, [section] sections 565.020, 565.180, 565.182, 565.200, and 565.320, RSMo,

sections 566.030, 566.060, 566.067, 566.151, and 566.213, RSMo, section 570.145, RSMo,
section 571.015, RSMo, and subsection 3 of section 589.425, RSMo.

7 2. The circuit court shall have the power to revoke the probation or parole previously granted and commit the person to the department of corrections. The circuit court shall 8 determine any conditions of probation or parole for the defendant that it deems necessary to 9 10 ensure the successful completion of the probation or parole term, including the extension of any 11 term of supervision for any person while on probation or parole. The circuit court may require 12 that the defendant pay restitution for his crime. The probation or parole may be revoked for failure to pay restitution or for failure to conform his behavior to the conditions imposed by the 13 14 circuit court. The circuit court may, in its discretion, credit any period of probation or parole as 15 time served on a sentence.

565.180. 1. A person commits the crime of elder abuse in the first degree if he attempts to kill, knowingly causes or attempts to cause serious physical injury, as defined in section 565.002, to any person sixty years of age or older or an eligible adult as defined in section [660.250] **192.2100**, RSMo.

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2. Elder abuse in the first degree is a class A felony.

3. No court shall suspend the imposition or execution of sentence or impose a fine
in lieu of a term of imprisonment when a person pleads guilty to or is found guilty of elder
abuse in the first degree.

565.182. 1. A person commits the crime of elder abuse in the second degree if [he] the **person**:

3 (1) Knowingly causes, attempts to cause physical injury to any person sixty years of age
4 or older or an eligible adult, as defined in section [660.250] 192.2100, RSMo, by means of a
5 deadly weapon or dangerous instrument; or

6 (2) Recklessly [and purposely] causes serious physical injury, as defined in section 7 565.002, to a person sixty years of age or older or an eligible adult as defined in section 8 [660.250] **192.2100**, RSMo.

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2. Elder abuse in the second degree is a class B felony.

3. No court may suspend the imposition or execution of sentence or impose a fine in lieu of a term of imprisonment when a person pleads guilty to or is found guilty under subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section.

565.184. 1. A person commits the crime of elder abuse in the third degree if [he] **the person**:

3 (1) Knowingly causes or attempts to cause physical contact with any person sixty years
4 of age or older or an eligible adult as defined in section [660.250] 192.2100, RSMo, knowing
5 the other person will regard the contact as harmful or provocative; or
6 (2) Purposely engages in conduct involving more than one incident that causes grave 7 emotional distress to a person sixty years of age or older or an eligible adult, as defined in section 8 [660.250] **192.2100**, RSMo. The course of conduct shall be such as would cause a reasonable 9 person age sixty years of age or older or an eligible adult, as defined in section [660.250] 10 **192.2100**, RSMo, to suffer substantial emotional distress[; or].

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# 2. Elder abuse in the third degree is a class D felony.

**3.** A person commits the crime of elder abuse in the fourth degree if the person:

[(3)] (1) Purposely or knowingly places a person sixty years of age or older or an eligible
adult, as defined in section [660.250] 192.2100, RSMo, in apprehension of immediate physical
injury; or

[(4)] (2) Intentionally fails to provide care, goods or services to a person sixty years of age or older or an eligible adult, as defined in section [660.250] **192.2100**, RSMo. The [cause] **result** of the conduct shall be such as would cause a reasonable person age sixty or older or an eligible adult, as defined in section [660.250] **192.2100**, RSMo, to suffer physical or emotional distress; or

[(5)] (3) Knowingly acts or knowingly fails to act in a manner which results in a grave risk to the life, body or health of a person sixty years of age or older or an eligible adult, as defined in section [660.250] **192.2100**, RSMo.

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[2.] **4.** Elder abuse in the [third] **fourth** degree is a class A misdemeanor.

565.188. 1. When any adult day care worker; chiropractor; Christian Science practitioner; coroner; dentist; embalmer; employee of the departments of social services, mental 2 3 health, or health and senior services; employee of a local area agency on aging or an organized area agency on aging program; funeral director; home health agency or home health agency 4 employee; hospital and clinic personnel engaged in examination, care, or treatment of persons; 5 in-home services owner, provider, operator, or employee; law enforcement officer; long-term 6 7 care facility administrator or employee; medical examiner; medical resident or intern; mental health professional; minister; nurse; nurse practitioner; optometrist; other health practitioner; 8 9 peace officer; pharmacist; physical therapist; physician; physician's assistant; podiatrist; probation or parole officer; psychologist; social worker; or other person with responsibility for 10 the care of a person sixty years of age or older has reasonable cause to suspect that such a person 11 has been subjected to abuse or neglect, or financial exploitation, or observes such a person 12 13 being subjected to conditions or circumstances which would reasonably result in abuse or 14 neglect, or financial exploitation, he or she shall immediately report or cause a report to be made to the department in accordance with the provisions of sections [660.250 to 660.295] 15 16 192.2100 to 192.2130, RSMo. Any other person who becomes aware of circumstances which

may reasonably be expected to be the result of or result in abuse or neglect, or financialexploitation, may report to the department.

2. Any person who knowingly fails to make a report as required in subsection 1 of thissection is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

3. Any person who purposely files a false report of elder abuse or neglect or financial
 exploitation of the elderly is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

4. Every person who has been previously convicted of or pled guilty to making a false
report to the department and who is subsequently convicted of making a false report under
subsection 3 of this section is guilty of a class D felony.

5. Evidence of prior convictions of false reporting shall be heard by the court, out of the hearing of the jury, prior to the submission of the case to the jury, and the court shall determine the existence of the prior convictions.

565.200. 1. Any owner or employee of a skilled nursing facility, as defined in section
198.006, RSMo, or an Alzheimer's special unit or program, as defined in section 198.505,
RSMo, who:

4 (1) Has sexual contact, as defined in section 566.010, RSMo, with a resident is guilty
5 of a class [B] A misdemeanor. Any person who commits a second or subsequent violation of
6 this subdivision is guilty of a class [A misdemeanor] D felony; or

(2) Has sexual intercourse or deviate sexual intercourse, as defined in section 566.010,
RSMo, with a resident is guilty of a class [A misdemeanor] C felony. Any person who commits
a second or subsequent violation of this subdivision is guilty of a class [D] B felony. No court
may suspend the imposition or execution of sentence or impose a fine in lieu of a term of
imprisonment when a person pleads guilty to or is found guilty of committing a second or
subsequent violation of this subdivision.
2. The provisions of this section shall not apply to an owner or employee of a skilled

nursing facility or Alzheimer's special unit or program who engages in sexual conduct, as defined
in section 566.010, RSMo, with a resident to whom the owner or employee is married.

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3. Consent of the victim is not a defense to a prosecution pursuant to this section.

565.320. 1. As used in this section the following terms shall mean:

2 (1) "Crime of violence", any crime which involved the threat or use of physical
3 force against an elderly person;

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(2) "Elderly person", a person sixty years of age or older.

5 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law no court shall sentence a person who 6 has pled guilty or nolo contendere to or has been found guilty of a crime of violence against 7 an elderly person to a term of imprisonment of less than thirty consecutive days or to pay 8 a fine in lieu of a term of imprisonment, nor shall such person be eligible for parole or

# 9 probation until such person has served a minimum of thirty consecutive days of 10 imprisonment.

570.145. 1. A person commits the crime of financial exploitation of an elderly or disabled person if such person knowingly and by deception, intimidation, or force obtains control 2 over the elderly or disabled person's property [with the intent to permanently deprive] and/or 3 **deprives** the elderly or disabled person of the use, benefit or possession of his or her property 4 5 thereby benefiting such person or detrimentally affecting the elderly or disabled person. 6 Financial exploitation of an elderly or disabled person is a class A misdemeanor if the value of the property is less than fifty dollars, a class D felony if the value of the property is fifty dollars 7 but less than five hundred dollars, a class C felony if the value of the property is five hundred 8 dollars but less than one thousand dollars, a class B felony if the value of the property is one 9 thousand dollars [but less than fifty thousand dollars, and a class A felony if the value of the 10 11 property is fifty thousand dollars] or more.

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2. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Deception", a misrepresentation or concealment of material fact relating to the terms
of a contract or agreement entered into with the elderly or disabled person or to the existing or
preexisting condition of any of the property involved in such contract or agreement, or the use
or employment of any misrepresentation, false pretense or false promise in order to induce,
encourage or solicit the elderly or disabled person to enter into a contract or agreement.
Deception includes:

(a) Creating or confirming another person's impression which is false and which theoffender does not believe to be true; or

(b) Failure to correct a false impression which the offender previously has created orconfirmed; or

(c) Preventing another person from acquiring information pertinent to the disposition ofthe property involved; or

(d) Selling or otherwise transferring or encumbering property, failing to disclose a lien,
adverse claim or other legal impediment to the enjoyment of the property, whether such
impediment is or is not valid, or is or is not a matter of official record; or

(e) Promising performance which the offender does not intend to perform or knows will
not be performed. Failure to perform standing alone is not sufficient evidence to prove that the
offender did not intend to perform;

(2) "Disabled person", a person with a mental, physical, or developmental disability that
 substantially impairs the person's ability to provide adequately for the person's care or protection;

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(3) "Elderly person", a person sixty years of age or older;

34 (4) "Intimidation", a threat of physical or emotional harm to an elderly or disabled 35 person, or the communication to an elderly or disabled person that he or she will be deprived of food and nutrition, shelter, prescribed medication, or medical care and treatment. 36

37 3. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the remedies available to the victim 38 pursuant to any state law relating to domestic violence.

39 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed to impose criminal liability on a person who has made a good faith effort to assist the elderly or disabled person in the management of his or 40 41 her property, but through no fault of his or her own has been unable to provide such assistance.

42 5. Nothing in this section shall limit the ability to engage in bona fide estate planning, 43 to transfer property and to otherwise seek to reduce estate and inheritance taxes; provided that 44 such actions do not adversely impact the standard of living to which the elderly or disabled 45 person has become accustomed at the time of such actions.

46 6. It shall not be a defense to financial exploitation of an elderly or disabled person that 47 the accused reasonably believed that the victim was not an elderly or disabled person.

620.510. 1. There is hereby established the "Missouri Health Profession Shortage Planning Commission" within the department of economic development to develop 2 3 recommendations regarding the health professions workforce in this state.

4

2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

5 (1) "Economic cluster", a grouping of industries linked together through customer, 6 supplier, or other relationships.

7 (2) "Health professions workforce" and "health care professionals", professionals or paraprofessionals who are qualified by special training, education, skills, and experience 8 in providing health care, treatment, diagnostic services, and physical therapy under the 9 supervision of or in collaboration with a licensed practitioner, and includes but is not 10 limited to those listed in chapters 332, 334, 335, 336, and 338, RSMo, and dentists and 11 12 pharmacists.

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# 3. The commission shall consist of the following members:

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(1) A member appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives; (2) A member appointed by the president pro tem of the senate;

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- (3) A member appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives; 16
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(4) A member appointed by the minority leader of the senate;

(5) The director of the departments of health and senior services, the commissioner 19 of elementary and secondary education, and the commissioner of the coordinating board 20 of higher education, or their designees;

21 (6) The chairpersons and ranking members of the standing committees of the house 22 of representatives and senate having cognizance of matters relating to public health,

secondary education, and higher education and employment advancement, or theirdesignees;

25

(7) A representative of the Missouri conference of community colleges; and

26 (8) A representative of the health care professions of the land grant university

27 system training health care professionals.

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Members appointed under this section shall be a recognized expert in the field of health, finance, economics, or health facility management. All appointments to the board shall be made no later than thirty days after the effective date of this section. Any vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority. The term of each nonlegislative member of the commission shall be three years from the date of appointment. Legislative members of the commission shall serve for the duration of their current term of office.

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4. The commission shall elect a chairperson from among its members. Members of the commission shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as members of the commission. The commission shall convene its first meeting not later than sixty days after

39 the effective date of this section.

40 **5. The commission shall:** 

41 (1) Monitor data and trends in the health professions workforce, including but not
42 limited to:

43 (a) The state's current and future supply and demand for health care professionals;
44 and

(b) The current and future capacity of the state system area career centers and twoyear and four-year institutions of higher education to educate and train students pursuing
health care professions, and the capacity to utilize distance education in training and
education of high school professionals;

49 (2) Develop recommendations for the formation and promotion of an economic
 50 cluster for health care professions;

51 (3) Identify recruitment and retention strategies for public and independent 52 institutions of higher education with health care programs;

(4) Develop recommendations for promoting diversity in the health professions
workforce, including but not limited to racial, ethnic, and gender diversity and for
enhancing the attractiveness of health care professions;

(5) Develop recommendations regarding financial and other assistance to students
enrolled in or considering enrolling in health care programs offered at area career centers
public or private two-year and four-year institutions of higher education; and

(6) Identify recruitment and retention strategies for health care employers.

60 6. On or before January 1, 2008, and annually thereafter, the board shall submit 61 a report on its findings and recommendations, including recommendations for legislation 62 to address health professions workforce shortages in this state to the appropriate standing 63 committees of the house of representatives and senate having cognizance of matters 64 relating to public health and secondary education and higher education and employment 65 advancement.

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# 7. The provisions of this section shall expire August 30, 2012.

660.010. 1. There is hereby created a "Department of Social Services" in charge of a director appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate. All the 2 powers, duties and functions of the director of the department of public health and welfare, 3 4 chapters 191 and 192, RSMo and others, not previously reassigned by executive reorganization plan number 2 of 1973 as submitted by the governor under chapter 26, RSMo, except those 5 6 assigned to the department of mental health, are transferred by type I transfer to the director of the department of social services and the office of the director, department of public health and 7 8 welfare is abolished. The department of public health and welfare is abolished. All employees of the department of social services shall be covered by the provisions of chapter 36, RSMo, 9 except the director of the department and his secretary, all division directors and their secretaries, 10 11 and no more than three additional positions in each division which may be designated by the 12 division director.

13 2. It is the intent of the general assembly in establishing the department of social services, as provided herein, to authorize the director of the department to coordinate the state's 14 programs devoted to those unable to provide for themselves and for the rehabilitation of victims 15 16 of social disadvantage. The director shall use the resources provided to the department to provide comprehensive programs and leadership striking at the roots of dependency, disability 17 18 and abuse of society's rules with the purpose of improving service and economical operations. 19 The department is directed to take all steps possible to consolidate and coordinate the field 20 operations of the department to maximize service to the citizens of the state.

3. All the powers, duties and functions of the division of welfare, chapters 205, 207, 208, 209, and 210, RSMo, and others, are transferred by type I transfer to the "Division of Family 23 Services" which is hereby created in the department of social services. The director of the 24 division shall be appointed by the director of the department. All references to the division of 25 welfare shall hereafter be construed to mean the division of family services of the department 26 of social services.

4. [All the powers, duties and functions of the board of nursing home administrators,
chapter 344, RSMo, are transferred by type I transfer to the department of social services. The
public members of the board shall be appointed by the director of the department.

- 5.] The state's responsibility under public law 452 of the eighty-eighth Congress and others, pertaining to the Office of Economic Opportunity, is transferred by type I transfer to the department of social services.
- [6.] 5. The state's responsibility under public law 73, Older Americans Act of 1965, of
   the eighty-ninth Congress is transferred by type I transfer to the department of social services.

[7.] 6. All the powers, duties and functions vested by law in the curators of the
University of Missouri relating to crippled children's services, chapter 201, RSMo, are
transferred by type I transfer to the department of social services.

38 [8.] 7. All the powers, duties and functions vested in the state board of training schools, 39 chapter 219, RSMo, and others, are transferred by type I transfer to the "Division of Youth Services" hereby authorized in the department of social services headed by a director appointed 40 41 by the director of the department. The state board of training schools shall be reconstituted as an advisory board on youth services, appointed by the director of the department. The advisory 42 43 board shall visit each facility of the division as often as possible, shall file a written report with 44 the director of the department and the governor on conditions they observed relating to the care 45 and rehabilitative efforts in behalf of children assigned to the facility, the security of the facility and any other matters pertinent in their judgment. Copies of these reports shall be filed with the 46 47 legislative library. Members of the advisory board shall receive reimbursement for their 48 expenses and twenty-five dollars a day for each day they engage in official business relating to 49 their duties. The members of the board shall be provided with identification means by the 50 director of the division permitting immediate access to all facilities enabling them to make 51 unannounced entrance to facilities they wish to inspect.

[194.233. 1. The chief executive officer of each hospital in this state shall designate one or more trained persons to request anatomical gifts which persons shall not be connected with determination of death. The hospital official may designate a representative of an organ or tissue procurement organization to request consent.

6 2. When there is a patient who is a suitable candidate for organ or tissue 7 donation based on hospital accepted criteria the designee shall request consent 8 to a donation from the persons authorized to give consent as specified in 9 subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6) of subsection 2 of section 194.220. The 10 request shall be made in the order of priority stated in subsection 2 of section 194.220. When the hospital cannot, from available information, ascertain that the 11 12 patient has next-of-kin authorized to give consent as specified in subdivision (2), 13 (3), (4), (5) or (6) of subsection 2 of section 194.220, then the hospital shall

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14 notify and request consent to a donation from a member of the class described in 15 subdivision (7) of subsection 2 of section 194.220. Such notification to a 16 member of the class described in subdivision (7) of subsection 2 of section 17 194.220 shall occur before death where practicable.

18 3. No request shall be required if the hospital designee has actual notice 19 of a gift by the decedent under subsection 1 of section 194.220 or actual notice 20 of contrary indications by the decedent.

4. Consent shall be obtained by the methods specified in section 194.240.

5. Where a donation is requested, the designee shall verify such request 22 23 in the patient's medical record. Such verification of request for organ donation 24 shall include a statement to the effect that a request for consent to an anatomical gift has been made, and shall further indicate thereupon whether or not consent 25 was granted, the name of the person granting or refusing the consent, and his or 26 27 her relationship to the decedent.

6. Upon the approval of the designated next of kin or other individual, 28 29 as set forth in subsection 2 of section 194.220, the hospital shall then notify an 30 organ or tissue procurement organization and cooperate in the procurement of the 31 anatomical gift or gifts pursuant to applicable provisions of sections 194.210 to 32 194.290.

7. No hospital shall have an obligation to retrieve the organ or tissue donated pursuant to this section.]

[197.500. 1. The department shall maintain an employee disqualification 2 list and place on the employee disqualification list the names of any persons who 3 are or who have been employed by any entity licensed pursuant to this chapter 4 and who have been finally determined by the department pursuant to section 5 660.315, RSMo, to have knowingly or recklessly abused or neglected a patient. 6 For the purpose of this section, "abuse" and "neglect" shall have the same 7 meanings as such terms are defined in section 198.006, RSMo. For purposes of this section only, "knowingly" and "recklessly" shall have the meanings that are 8 9 ascribed to them in this section. A person acts "knowingly" with respect to the 10 person's conduct when a reasonable person should be aware of the result caused 11 by his or her conduct. A person acts "recklessly" when the person consciously disregards a substantial and unjustifiable risk that the person's conduct will result 12 in serious physical injury and such disregard constitutes a gross deviation from 13 the standard of care that a reasonable person would exercise in the situation. 14

The department shall compile and maintain an employee 2. disqualification list in the same manner as the employee disqualification list compiled and maintained by the department pursuant to section 660.315, RSMo.]

[208.912. 1. When any adult day care worker; chiropractor, Christian Science practitioner, coroner, dentist, embalmer, employee of the departments of 3 social services, mental health, or health and senior services; employee of a local

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4 area agency on aging or an organized area agency on aging program; funeral 5 director; home health agency or home health agency employee; hospital and 6 clinic personnel engaged in examination, care, or treatment of persons; in-home 7 services owner, provider, operator, or employee; law enforcement officer; 8 long-term care facility administrator or employee; medical examiner; medical 9 resident or intern; mental health professional; minister; nurse; nurse practitioner; optometrist; other health practitioner; peace officer; pharmacist; physical 10 therapist; physician; physician's assistant; podiatrist; probation or parole officer; 11 psychologist; vendor as defined in section 208.900; personal care attendant; or 12 13 social worker has reasonable cause to believe that a consumer has been abused 14 or neglected as defined in section 660.250, RSMo, as a result of the delivery of 15 or failure to deliver personal care assistance services, he or she shall immediately report or cause a report to be made to the department. If the report is made by a 16 17 physician of the consumer, the department shall maintain contact with the physician regarding the progress of the investigation. 18

19 2. When a report of deteriorating physical condition resulting in possible 20 abuse or neglect of a consumer is received by the department, the department's 21 case manager and the department nurse shall be notified. The case manager shall 22 investigate and immediately report the results of the investigation to the 23 department nurse.

24 3. If requested, local area agencies on aging shall provide volunteer training to those persons listed in subsection 1 of this section regarding the 25 26 detection and reporting of abuse and neglect under this section.

4. Any person required in subsection 1 of this section to report or cause 28 a report to be made to the department who fails to do so within a reasonable time 29 after the act of abuse or neglect is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

30 5. The report shall contain the names and addresses of the vendor, the 31 personal care attendant, and the consumer, and information regarding the nature 32 of the abuse or neglect, the name of the complainant, and any other information 33 which might be helpful in an investigation.

6. In addition to those persons required to report under subsection 1 of 34 35 this section, any other person having reasonable cause to believe that a consumer 36 has been abused or neglected by a personal care attendant may report such 37 information to the department.

7. If the investigation indicates possible abuse or neglect of a consumer, 38 39 the investigator shall refer the complaint together with his or her report to the 40 department director or his or her designee for appropriate action. If, during the 41 investigation or at its completion, the department has reasonable cause to believe 42 that immediate action is necessary to protect the consumer from abuse or neglect, 43 the department or the local prosecuting attorney may, or the attorney general 44 upon request of the department shall, file a petition for temporary care and 45 protection of the consumer in a circuit court of competent jurisdiction. The 46 circuit court in which the petition is filed shall have equitable jurisdiction to issue an ex parte order granting the department authority for the temporary care and
protection of consumer, for a period not to exceed thirty days.

49 8. Reports shall be confidential, as provided under section 660.320,
50 RSMo.

9. Anyone, except any person who has abused or neglected a consumer,
who makes a report pursuant to this section or who testifies in any administrative
or judicial proceeding arising from the report shall be immune from any civil or
criminal liability for making such a report or for testifying, except for liability for
perjury, unless such person acted negligently, recklessly, in bad faith, or with
malicious purpose.

57 10. Within five working days after a report required to be made under 58 this section is received, the person making the report shall be notified of its 59 receipt and of the initiation of the investigation.

11. No person who directs or exercises any authority as a vendor, and no
personal care attendant, shall harass, dismiss or retaliate against a consumer
because he or she or any member of his or her family has made a report of any
violation or suspected violation of laws, standards or regulations applying to the
vendor or personal care attendant which he or she has reasonable cause to believe
has been committed or has occurred.

12. The department shall place on the employee disqualification list
established in section 660.315, RSMo, the names of any persons who have been
finally determined by the department to have recklessly, knowingly or purposely
abused or neglected a consumer while employed by a vendor, or employed by a
consumer as a personal care attendant.

71 13. The department shall provide the list maintained pursuant to section
72 660.315, RSMo, to vendors as defined in section 208.900.

14. Any person, corporation or association who received the employee
disqualification list under subsection 13 of this section, or any person responsible
for providing health care service, who declines to employ or terminates a person
whose name is listed in this section shall be immune from suit by that person or
anyone else acting for or in behalf of that person for the failure to employ or for
the termination of the person whose name is listed on the employee
disqualification list.]

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[208.915. 1. Any person having reasonable cause to believe that a misappropriation of a consumer's property or funds, or the falsification of any documents verifying personal care assistance services delivery to the consumer, has occurred may report such information to the department.

5 2. For each report the department shall attempt to obtain the name and 6 address of the vendor, the personal care attendant, the personal care assistance 7 services consumer, information regarding the nature of the misappropriation or 8 falsification, the name of the complainant, and any other information which 9 might be helpful in an investigation. 3. Any personal care assistance services vendor, or personal care
attendant who puts to his or her own use or the use of the personal care assistance
services vendor or otherwise diverts from the personal care assistance services
consumer's use any personal property or funds of the consumer, or falsifies any
documents for service delivery, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

4. Upon receipt of a report, the department shall immediately initiate an
investigation and report information gained from such investigation to
appropriate law enforcement authorities.

5. If the investigation indicates probable misappropriation of property or
funds, or falsification of any documents for service delivery of a personal care
assistance services consumer, the investigator shall refer the complaint together
with the investigator's report to the department director or the director's designee
for appropriate action.

23 6. Reports shall be confidential, as provided under section 660.320,
24 RSMo.

7. Anyone, except any person participating in or benefitting from the
misappropriation of funds, who makes a report under this section or who testifies
in any administrative or judicial proceeding arising from the report shall be
immune from any civil or criminal liability for making such a report or for
testifying except for liability for perjury, unless such person acted negligently,
recklessly, in bad faith, or with malicious purpose.

8. Within five working days after a report required to be made under this
section is received, the person making the report shall be notified in writing of
its receipt and of the initiation of the investigation.

9. No person who directs or exercises any authority in a personal care
assistance services vendor agency shall harass, dismiss or retaliate against a
personal care assistance services consumer or a personal care attendant because
he or she or any member of his or her family has made a report of any violation
or suspected violation of laws, ordinances or regulations applying to the personal
care assistance services vendor or any personal care attendant which he or she has
reasonable cause to believe has been committed or has occurred.

41 10. The department shall maintain the employee disqualification list and 42 place on the employee disqualification list the names of any personal care 43 attendants who are or have been employed by a personal care assistance services consumer, and the names of any persons who are or have been employed by a 44 45 vendor as defined in subdivision (10) of section 208.900, and who have been 46 finally determined by the department under section 660.315, RSMo, to have 47 misappropriated any property or funds, or falsified any documents for service delivery to a personal care assistance services consumer and who came to be 48 49 known to the consumer, directly or indirectly by virtue of the consumer's 50 participation in the personal care assistance services program.]

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[210.933. For any elder-care worker listed in the registry or who has submitted the registration form as required by sections 210.900 to 210.936, an elder-care provider may access the registry in lieu of the requirements established pursuant to section 660.315, RSMo, or to subsections 3, 4 and 5 of section 660.317, RSMo.]

[660.305. 1. Any person having reasonable cause to believe that a misappropriation of an in-home services client's property or funds, or the falsification of any documents verifying service delivery to the in-home services client has occurred, may report such information to the department.

2. For each report the department shall attempt to obtain the names and addresses of the in-home services provider agency, the in-home services employee, the in-home services client, information regarding the nature of the misappropriation or falsification, the name of the complainant, and any other information which might be helpful in an investigation.

3. Any in-home services provider agency or in-home services employee
who puts to his or her own use or the use of the in-home services provider agency
or otherwise diverts from the in-home services client's use any personal property
or funds of the in-home services client, or falsifies any documents for service
delivery, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

4. Upon receipt of a report, the department shall immediately initiate an
investigation and report information gained from such investigation to
appropriate law enforcement authorities.

5. If the investigation indicates probable misappropriation of property or
funds, or falsification of any documents for service delivery of an in-home
services client, the investigator shall refer the complaint together with the
investigator's report to the department director or the director's designee for
appropriate action.

6. Reports shall be confidential, as provided under section 660.320.

Anyone, except any person participating in or benefiting from the
misappropriation of funds, who makes a report pursuant to this section or who
testifies in any administrative or judicial proceeding arising from the report shall
be immune from any civil or criminal liability for making such a report or for
testifying except for liability for perjury, unless such person acted negligently,
recklessly, in bad faith, or with malicious purpose.

8. Within five working days after a report required to be made under this
section is received, the person making the report shall be notified in writing of
its receipt and of the initiation of the investigation.

9. No person who directs or exercises any authority in an in-home
services provider agency shall harass, dismiss or retaliate against an in-home
services client or employee because he or she or any member of his or her family
has made a report of any violation or suspected violation of laws, ordinances or
regulations applying to the in-home services provider agency or any in-home

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services employee which he or she has reasonable cause to believe has been
 committed or has occurred.

10. The department shall maintain the employee disqualification list and
place on the employee disqualification list the names of any persons who are or
have been employed by an in-home service provider agency and who have been
finally determined by the department to, pursuant to section 660.315, have
misappropriated any property or funds, or falsified any documents for service
delivery of an in-home services client and who came to be known to the person,
directly, or indirectly while employed by an in-home services provider agency.

- [660.320. 1. Reports confidential under section 198.070, RSMo, and sections 660.300 to 660.315 shall not be deemed a public record and shall not be subject to the provisions of section 109.180, RSMo, or chapter 610, RSMo. The name of the complainant or any person mentioned in the reports shall not be disclosed unless:
  - (1) The complainant, resident or the in-home services client mentioned agrees to disclosure of his or her name;
- 8 (2) The department determines that disclosure is necessary in order to 9 prevent further abuse, neglect, misappropriation of property or funds, or 10 falsification of any documents verifying service delivery to an in-home services 11 client;
- 12 (3) Release of a name is required for conformance with a lawful13 subpoena;
- 14 (4) Release of a name is required in connection with a review by the
   administrative hearing commission in accordance with section 198.039, RSMo;
  - (5) The department determines that release of a name is appropriate when forwarding a report of findings of an investigation to a licensing authority; or
    - (6) Release of a name is requested by the division of family services for the purpose of licensure under chapter 210, RSMo.
- 20 2. The department shall, upon request, provide to the division of 21 employment security within the department of labor and industrial relations 22 copies of the investigative reports that led to an employee being placed on the 23 disqualification list.]
- [660.512. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of chapter 210, RSMo, shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024, RSMo.]
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