

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 629

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE HUNTER.

Read 1st time January 25, 2007 and copies ordered printed.

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

1742L.01I

AN ACT

To repeal sections 287.020, 287.200, and 287.230, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to workers' compensation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 287.020, 287.200, and 287.230, RSMo, are repealed and three new
2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 287.020, 287.200, and 287.230, to read
3 as follows:

287.020. 1. The word "employee" as used in this chapter shall be construed to mean
2 every person in the service of any employer, as defined in this chapter, under any contract of hire,
3 express or implied, oral or written, or under any appointment or election, including executive
4 officers of corporations. **Except as otherwise provided in this chapter,** any reference to any
5 employee who has been injured shall, when the employee is dead, also include his dependents,
6 and other persons to whom compensation may be payable. The word "employee" shall also
7 include all minors who work for an employer, whether or not such minors are employed in
8 violation of law, and all such minors are hereby made of full age for all purposes under, in
9 connection with, or arising out of this chapter. The word "employee" shall not include an
10 individual who is the owner, as defined in subsection 43 of section 301.010, RSMo, and operator
11 of a motor vehicle which is leased or contracted with a driver to a for-hire motor carrier
12 operating within a commercial zone as defined in section 390.020 or 390.041, RSMo, or
13 operating under a certificate issued by the Missouri department of transportation or by the United
14 States Department of Transportation, or any of its subagencies.

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

15 2. The word "accident" as used in this chapter shall mean an unexpected traumatic event
16 or unusual strain identifiable by time and place of occurrence and producing at the time objective
17 symptoms of an injury caused by a specific event during a single work shift. An injury is not
18 compensable because work was a triggering or precipitating factor.

19 3. (1) In this chapter the term "injury" is hereby defined to be an injury which has arisen
20 out of and in the course of employment. An injury by accident is compensable only if the
21 accident was the prevailing factor in causing both the resulting medical condition and disability.
22 "The prevailing factor" is defined to be the primary factor, in relation to any other factor, causing
23 both the resulting medical condition and disability.

24 (2) An injury shall be deemed to arise out of and in the course of the employment only
25 if:

26 (a) It is reasonably apparent, upon consideration of all the circumstances, that the
27 accident is the prevailing factor in causing the injury; and

28 (b) It does not come from a hazard or risk unrelated to the employment to which workers
29 would have been equally exposed outside of and unrelated to the employment in normal
30 nonemployment life.

31 (3) An injury resulting directly or indirectly from idiopathic causes is not compensable.

32 (4) A cardiovascular, pulmonary, respiratory, or other disease, or cerebrovascular
33 accident or myocardial infarction suffered by a worker is an injury only if the accident is the
34 prevailing factor in causing the resulting medical condition.

35 (5) The terms "injury" and "personal injuries" shall mean violence to the physical
36 structure of the body and to the personal property which is used to make up the physical structure
37 of the body, such as artificial dentures, artificial limbs, glass eyes, eyeglasses, and other
38 prostheses which are placed in or on the body to replace the physical structure and such disease
39 or infection as naturally results therefrom. These terms shall in no case except as specifically
40 provided in this chapter be construed to include occupational disease in any form, nor shall they
41 be construed to include any contagious or infectious disease contracted during the course of the
42 employment, nor shall they include death due to natural causes occurring while the worker is at
43 work.

44 4. "Death" when mentioned as a basis for the right to compensation means only death
45 resulting from such violence and its resultant effects occurring within three hundred weeks after
46 the accident; except that in cases of occupational disease, the limitation of three hundred weeks
47 shall not be applicable.

48 5. Injuries sustained in company-owned or subsidized automobiles in accidents that
49 occur while traveling from the employee's home to the employer's principal place of business or
50 from the employer's principal place of business to the employee's home are not compensable.

51 The extension of premises doctrine is abrogated to the extent it extends liability for accidents that
52 occur on property not owned or controlled by the employer even if the accident occurs on
53 customary, approved, permitted, usual or accepted routes used by the employee to get to and
54 from their place of employment.

55 6. The term "total disability" as used in this chapter shall mean inability to return to any
56 employment and not merely mean inability to return to the employment in which the employee
57 was engaged at the time of the accident.

58 7. As used in this chapter and all acts amendatory thereof, the term "commission" shall
59 hereafter be construed as meaning and referring exclusively to the labor and industrial relations
60 commission of Missouri, and the term "director" shall hereafter be construed as meaning the
61 director of the department of insurance of the state of Missouri or such agency of government
62 as shall exercise the powers and duties now conferred and imposed upon the department of
63 insurance of the state of Missouri.

64 8. The term "division" as used in this chapter means the division of workers'
65 compensation of the department of labor and industrial relations of the state of Missouri.

66 9. For the purposes of this chapter, the term "minor" means a person who has not
67 attained the age of eighteen years; except that, for the purpose of computing the compensation
68 provided for in this chapter, the provisions of section 287.250 shall control.

69 10. In applying the provisions of this chapter, it is the intent of the legislature to reject
70 and abrogate earlier case law interpretations on the meaning of or definition of "accident",
71 "occupational disease", "arising out of", and "in the course of the employment" to include, but
72 not be limited to, holdings in: *Bennett v. Columbia Health Care and Rehabilitation*, 80 S.W.3d
73 524 (Mo.App. W.D. 2002); *Kasl v. Bristol Care, Inc.*, 984 S.W.2d 852 (Mo.banc 1999); and
74 *Drewes v. TWA*, 984 S.W.2d 512 (Mo.banc 1999) and all cases citing, interpreting, applying,
75 or following those cases.

76 **11. In applying the provisions of this chapter, it is the intent of the legislature to**
77 **reject and abrogate *Schoemehl v. Treasurer of the State of Missouri*, 2007 WL 58370 (Mo.**
78 **banc 2007) and all cases citing, interpreting, applying, or following this case.**

287.200. 1. Compensation for permanent total disability shall be paid during the
2 continuance of such disability for the lifetime of the employee at the weekly rate of
3 compensation in effect under this subsection on the date of the injury for which compensation
4 is being made. **Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of section 287.020, the**
5 **reference to the employee in this section refers only to the injured worker and shall not**
6 **include their dependents, estate, personal representative, or heirs, or any person to whom**
7 **compensation might otherwise be payable. The right to compensation for permanent total**
8 **disability of an injured employee shall not survive to any person and terminates on the date**

9 **of the injured employee's death in accordance with section 287.230.** The amount of such
10 compensation shall be computed as follows:

11 (1) For all injuries occurring on or after September 28, 1983, but before September 28,
12 1986, the weekly compensation shall be an amount equal to sixty-six and two-thirds percent of
13 the injured employee's average weekly earnings during the year immediately preceding the
14 injury, as of the date of the injury; provided that the weekly compensation paid under this
15 subdivision shall not exceed an amount equal to seventy percent of the state average weekly
16 wage, as such wage is determined by the division of employment security, as of the July first
17 immediately preceding the date of injury;

18 (2) For all injuries occurring on or after September 28, 1986, but before August 28,
19 1990, the weekly compensation shall be an amount equal to sixty-six and two-thirds percent of
20 the injured employee's average weekly earnings during the year immediately preceding the
21 injury, as of the date of the injury; provided that the weekly compensation paid under this
22 subdivision shall not exceed an amount equal to seventy-five percent of the state average weekly
23 wage, as such wage is determined by the division of employment security, as of the July first
24 immediately preceding the date of injury;

25 (3) For all injuries occurring on or after August 28, 1990, but before August 28, 1991,
26 the weekly compensation shall be an amount equal to sixty-six and two-thirds percent of the
27 injured employee's average weekly earnings as of the date of the injury; provided that the weekly
28 compensation paid under this subdivision shall not exceed an amount equal to one hundred
29 percent of the state average weekly wage;

30 (4) For all injuries occurring on or after August 28, 1991, the weekly compensation shall
31 be an amount equal to sixty-six and two-thirds percent of the injured employee's average weekly
32 earnings as of the date of the injury; provided that the weekly compensation paid under this
33 subdivision shall not exceed an amount equal to one hundred five percent of the state average
34 weekly wage;

35 (5) For all injuries occurring on or after September 28, 1981, the weekly compensation
36 shall in no event be less than forty dollars per week.

37 2. All claims for permanent total disability shall be determined in accordance with the
38 facts. When an injured employee receives an award for permanent total disability but by the use
39 of glasses, prosthetic appliances, or physical rehabilitation the employee is restored to his regular
40 work or its equivalent, the life payment mentioned in subsection 1 of this section shall be
41 suspended during the time in which the employee is restored to his regular work or its equivalent.
42 The employer and the division shall keep the file open in the case during the lifetime of any
43 injured employee who has received an award of permanent total disability. In any case where
44 the life payment is suspended under this subsection, the commission may at reasonable times

45 review the case and either the employee or the employer may request an informal conference
46 with the commission relative to the resumption of the employee's weekly life payment in the
47 case.

287.230. 1. The death of the injured employee shall not affect the liability of the
2 employer to furnish compensation as in this chapter provided, so far as the liability has accrued
3 and become payable at the time of the death, and any accrued and unpaid compensation due the
4 employee shall be paid to his dependents without administration, or if there are no dependents,
5 to his personal representative or other persons entitled thereto, but the death shall be deemed to
6 be the termination of the disability.

7 2. Where an employee is entitled to compensation under this chapter for an injury
8 received and death ensues for any cause not resulting from the injury for which he was entitled
9 to compensation, payments of the unpaid accrued compensation shall be paid, but payments of
10 the unpaid unaccrued balance for the injury shall cease and all liability therefor shall terminate
11 [unless there are surviving dependents at the time of death].

✓