# COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

#### **FISCAL NOTE**

L.R. No.: 5418-03

Bill No.: HCS for HB 2330

Subject: Social Services Department; Public Assistance; Drugs and Controlled Substances

Type: Original

<u>Date</u>: April 22, 2008

Bill Summary: This legislation requires drug screening and testing for Temporary

Assistance for Needy Families applicants and recipients.

# **FISCAL SUMMARY**

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	
General Revenue	(Unknown up to \$5,284,864)	(Unknown up to \$4,150,063)	(Unknown up to \$4,271,565)	
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund	(Unknown up to \$5,284,864)	(Unknown up to \$4,150,063)	(Unknown up to \$4,271,565)	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other</u> State Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

Numbers within parentheses: ( ) indicate costs or losses.

This fiscal note contains 8 pages.

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ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	
Federal	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

<sup>\*</sup> Income and costs of approximately Greater than \$100,000 in FY09, FY10 and FY11 would net to \$0.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	0	0	0	

- Estimated Total Net Effect on All funds expected to exceed \$100,000 savings or (cost).
- □ Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund expected to exceed \$100,000 (cost).

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	
<b>Local Government</b>	\$0	\$0	\$0	

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### FISCAL ANALYSIS

### **ASSUMPTION**

Officials from the **Department of Health and Senior Services** assume the proposal would have no fiscal impact on their agency.

Officials from the **Office of the Secretary of State (SOS)** state many bills considered by the General Assembly include provisions allowing or requiring agencies to submit rules and regulations to implement the act. The SOS is provided with core funding to handle a certain amount of normal activity resulting from each year's legislative session. The fiscal impact for this fiscal note to the SOS for Administrative Rules is less than \$2,500. The SOS recognizes that this is a small amount and does not expect that additional funding would be required to meet these costs. However, the SOS also recognizes that many such bills may be passed by the General Assembly in a given year and that collectively the costs may be in excess of what the office can sustain with the core budget. Therefore, the SOS reserves the right to request funding for the cost of supporting administrative rules requirements should the need arise based on a review of the finally approved bills signed by the governor.

**Oversight** assumes the SOS could absorb the costs of printing and distributing regulations related to this proposal. If multiple bills pass which require the printing and distribution of regulations at substantial costs, the SOS could request funding through the appropriation process. Any decisions to raise fees to defray costs would likely be made in subsequent fiscal years.

Officials from the **Department of Mental Health (DMH)** states the proposed legislation requires the Department of Social Services (DSS) to refer applicants who test positive for the use of a controlled substance to an appropriate substance abuse treatment program approved by the division of ADA. DMH assumes that it will treat the applicant or recipient and also pay for the services.

DMH is currently utilizing all current treatment capacity. A significant cost would be incurred if DMH were to be required to treat all referred applicants/recipients. The division of ADA does not know the number of TANF clients that will test positive for drugs nor the number of those that test positive that will present for treatment. Treatment costs per person in a Primary Recovery (General Revenue) program is \$1,070. Treatment costs per person in a CSTAR program is \$2,511 (\$964 General Revenue and \$1,547 Federal). If only an additional 100 persons were treated, it would cost between \$96,400 and \$107,000. Therefore, the fiscal impact is estimated as unknown to greater than \$100,000 for General Revenue and Federal Funds.

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#### ASSUMPTION (continued)

**Oversight** notes that states can earn the federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) on Medicaid program expenditures.

In response to a similar proposal from this year (SB 1197), officials from the **Office of the Attorney General (AGO)** state that this proposal makes changes to Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) eligibility. AGO assumes that costs may arise from this proposal because it represents the Department of Social Services in defending agency decisions. AGO assumes that because costs are dependant on the number of appeals that may arise, costs are unknown, but are assumed to be under \$100,000.

AGO also states that aside from the costs of making changes to the implementation of this program, AGO assumes that this proposal has the potential to be the subject of state and federal litigation. Potential costs for such defense are unknown.

Officials from the **Department of Social Services-Division of Legal Services (DSS/DLS)** assume the proposal will require DSS to develop a program for screening TANF applications for illegal drug usage. DSS/DLS will be required to hold hearings for all applicants who challenge positive test results. The Division may have to defend against a legal challenge to the drug testing program. There will be an increase in hearings held by DLS; however, number unknown at this time.

Officials from the **Department of Social Services-Family Support Division (FSD)** assume the FSD would be responsible for conducting drug screening/testing for work-eligible applicants and recipients for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) benefits. The FSD expects to procure a private vendor to administer its drug testing program. At a minimum, the contractor would provide the following services: collection of samples, testing, transmitting results, program evaluation, and retention of urine samples. Utilizing information from a current Department of Corrections contract, the average cost per drug test is \$75.

In February, 2008, there were 33,134 adult recipients of TANF benefits. 7,995 are exempt from work participation. 25,139 adults are considered work eligible (33,134 - 7,995 = 25,139). All of these recipients would be required to submit to a one-time drug test. The one time cost for FSD to test all recipients would be  $25,139 \times 5 = 1,885,425$ .

The FSD is also responsible for testing all applicants. The FSD received an average of 5,749 applications from September, 2007 to November, 2007. 24% of the applications are estimated to be exempt from work participation. 76% of the applications are estimated to have a work-eligible individual.  $(5,749 \times 76\% = 4,369)$ 

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#### ASSUMPTION (continued)

The average monthly cost is:  $4,369 \times $75 = $327,675$ .

The average yearly cost is:  $$327,675 \times 12 = $3,932,100$ .

There would be FAMIS programming costs of \$24,000.

FSD has no way to determine how many of those tested will test positive and be referred to a drug treatment program.

Other members of a household who have not been declared ineligible for TANF due to a drug test would continue to receive TANF payments as protective or vendor payments to a third party for the benefit of the household, as long as they are otherwise eligible. This would not affect the number of eligibles. There would not be a fiscal impact to FSD.

Existing FSD staff would be able to manage the increase in job duty as a result of this legislation.

This fiscal note assumes drug testing will be done on all work eligible applicants and recipients. If a lower number of individuals are tested the cost will decrease, therefore the impact is less than or equal to the above amounts.

**Oversight** assumes per phone conversation with DSS that a savings might be realized. The average TANF grant is \$292 for a family of three (a parent and two children). If the parent tested positive and was declared ineligible for TANF benefits the grant would decrease to \$234 and a \$58 savings would be realized. Based on the 7.9% statistic used by the DMH Oversight believes the DSS could have a saving of \$0 to \$1,822,128 (\$58 X 2,618 X 12).

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FISCAL IMPACT - State Government	FY 2009 (10 Mo.)	FY 2010	FY 2011
GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
Savings - Department of Social Services* Reduced TANF Payments	\$0 to \$1,822,128	\$0 to \$1,822,128	\$0 to \$1,822,128
Costs - Department of Mental Health* Program Cost	(Greater than \$100,000)	(Greater than \$100,000)	(Greater than \$100,000)
Costs - Office of the Attorney General* Defending Agency Decisions	(Less than \$100,000)	(Less than \$100,000)	(Less than \$100,000)
Litigation Costs	(Unknown)	(Unknown)	(Unknown)
<u>Total Costs</u> - AGO	(Unknown)	(Unknown)	(Unknown)
Costs - Department of Social Services			
Program Costs-DLS	(Unknown but Less than \$100,000)	(Unknown but Less than \$100,000)	(Unknown but Less than \$100,000)
Program Costs-One Time Costs	(Unknown up to \$1,885,425)	\$0	\$0
Program Costs-Continuing	(Unknown up to \$3,275,439)	(Unknown up to \$4,050,063)	(Unknown up to \$4,171,565)
<b>FAMIS Programming Costs</b>	(\$24,000)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>Total Costs</u> - DSS	(Unknown up to \$5,284,864)	(Unknown up to \$4,150,063)	(Unknown up to \$4,271,565)
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND	(Unknown up to \$5,284,864)	(Unknown up to \$4,150,063)	(Unknown up to \$4,271,565)

<sup>\*</sup>Oversight assumes savings and costs will net to \$0 each year.

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#### **FEDERAL FUNDS**

	<u>\$0</u>	<u><b>\$0</b></u>	<u>\$0</u>
FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government	FY 2009 (10 Mo.)	FY 2010	FY 2011
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Costs - Department of Mental Health Program Costs	(Greater than \$100,000)	(Greater than \$100,000)	(Greater than \$100,000)
Income - Department of Mental Health Federal Assistance	Greater than \$100,000	Greater than \$100,000	Greater than \$100,000

#### FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

### FISCAL DESCRIPTION

This legislation requires the Department of Social Services to develop a program to screen and test applicants or recipients of temporary assistance for needy families (TANF) benefits who the Department has reasonable cause to believe, based on the screening, engages in illegal use of controlled substances. Any applicant or recipient who is found to have tested positive for the use of a controlled substance after an administrative hearing shall be declared ineligible for temporary assistance for needy families benefits for a period of three years from the date of the administrative hearing. The Department shall refer an applicant or recipient who tested positive for the use of a controlled substance under this act to an appropriate substance abuse treatment program approved by the Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse within the Department of Mental Health. The Department shall promulgate rules to develop the screening and testing provisions of this section.

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# FISCAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

## **SOURCES OF INFORMATION**

Department of Mental Health Department of Health and Senior Services Department of Social Services Office of the Secretary of State Office of the Attorney General

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