SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NOS. 1321 & 1695

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Ways and Means March 13, 2008 with recommendation that House Committee Substitute for House Bill Nos. 1321 & 1695 Do Pass. Referred to the Committee on Rules pursuant to Rule 25(21)(f).

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

3243L.03C

AN ACT

To repeal sections 135.010, 135.025, 135.030, and 137.720, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to property taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 135.010, 135.025, 135.030, and 137.720, RSMo, are repealed and

- 2 four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 135.010, 135.025, 135.030,
- 3 and 137.720, to read as follows:

135.010. As used in sections 135.010 to 135.030 the following words and terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Claimant", a person or persons claiming a credit under sections 135.010 to 135.030.
- 3 If the persons are eligible to file a joint federal income tax return and reside at the same address
- 4 at any time during the taxable year, then the credit may only be allowed if claimed on a combined
- 5 Missouri income tax return or a combined claim return reporting their combined incomes and
- 6 property taxes. A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit unless the claimant or
- 7 spouse has attained the age of sixty-five on or before the last day of the calendar year and the
- 8 claimant or spouse was a resident of Missouri for the entire year, or the claimant or spouse is a
- 9 veteran of any branch of the armed forces of the United States or this state who became one
- hundred percent disabled as a result of such service, or the claimant or spouse is disabled as
- defined in subdivision (2) of this section, and such claimant or spouse provides proof of such
- 12 disability in such form and manner, and at such times, as the director of revenue may require, or
- 13 if the claimant has reached the age of sixty on or before the last day of the calendar year and such

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

claimant received surviving spouse Social Security benefits during the calendar year and the claimant provides proof, as required by the director of revenue, that the claimant received surviving spouse Social Security benefits during the calendar year for which the credit will be claimed. A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit if the claimant filed a valid claim for a credit under section 137.106, RSMo, in the year following the year for which the property tax credit is claimed. The residency requirement shall be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of determining the eligibility of a surviving spouse for a property tax credit if a person of the age of sixty-five years or older who would have otherwise met the requirements for a property tax credit dies before the last day of the calendar year. The residency requirement shall also be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of determining the eligibility of a claimant who would have otherwise met the requirements for a property tax credit but who dies before the last day of the calendar year;

- (2) "Disabled", the inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months. A claimant shall not be required to be gainfully employed prior to such disability to qualify for a property tax credit;
- (3) "Gross rent", amount paid by a claimant to a landlord for the rental, at arm's length, of a homestead during the calendar year, exclusive of charges for health and personal care services and food furnished as part of the rental agreement, whether or not expressly set out in the rental agreement. If the director of revenue determines that the landlord and tenant have not dealt at arm's length, and that the gross rent is excessive, then he shall determine the gross rent based upon a reasonable amount of rent. Gross rent shall be deemed to be paid only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of revenue may prescribe regulations requiring a return of information by a landlord receiving rent, certifying for a calendar year the amount of gross rent received from a tenant claiming a property tax credit and shall, by regulation, provide a method for certification by the claimant of the amount of gross rent paid for any calendar year for which a claim is made. The regulations authorized by this subdivision may require a landlord or a tenant or both to provide data relating to health and personal care services and to food. Neither a landlord nor a tenant may be required to provide data relating to utilities, furniture, home furnishings or appliances;
- (4) "Homestead", the dwelling in Missouri owned or rented by the claimant and not to exceed five acres of land surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home. It may consist of part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building and part of the land upon which it is built. "Owned" includes a vendee in possession under a land contract and one or more tenants by the entireties, joint tenants, or tenants in common and includes a claimant

54

55

56

57 58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

69 70

71

72

74

75

76

77

78

79

81

83

84

85

actually in possession if he was the immediate former owner of record, if a lineal descendant is presently the owner of record, and if the claimant actually pays all taxes upon the property. It may include a mobile home;

- (5) "Income", Missouri adjusted gross income as defined in section 143.121, RSMo, less [two] **ten** thousand **five hundred** dollars as an exemption for the claimant's spouse residing at the same address, and increased, where necessary, to reflect the following:
- (a) Social Security, railroad retirement, and veterans payments and benefits unless the claimant is a one hundred percent service-connected, disabled veteran or a spouse of a one hundred percent service-connected, disabled veteran. The one hundred percent service-connected disabled veteran shall not be required to list veterans payments and benefits;
 - (b) The total amount of all other public and private pensions and annuities;
- (c) Public relief, public assistance, and unemployment benefits received in cash, other than benefits received under this chapter;
 - (d) No deduction being allowed for losses not incurred in a trade or business;
- (e) Interest on the obligations of the United States, any state, or any of their subdivisions and instrumentalities;
- (6) "Property taxes accrued", property taxes paid, exclusive of special assessments, penalties, interest, and charges for service levied on a claimant's homestead in any calendar year. Property taxes shall qualify for the credit only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of revenue shall require a tax receipt or other proof of property tax payment. If a homestead is owned only partially by claimant, then "property taxes accrued" is that part of property taxes levied on the homestead which was actually paid by the claimant. For purposes of this subdivision, property taxes are "levied" when the tax roll is delivered to the director of revenue for collection. If a claimant owns a homestead part of the preceding calendar year and rents it or a different homestead for part of the same year, "property taxes accrued" means only taxes levied on the homestead both owned and occupied by the claimant, multiplied by the percentage of twelve months that such property was owned and occupied as the homestead of the claimant during the year. When a claimant owns and occupies two or more different homesteads in the same calendar year, property taxes accrued shall be the sum of taxes allocable to those several properties occupied by the claimant as a homestead for the year. If a homestead is an integral part of a larger unit such as a farm, or multipurpose or multidwelling building, property taxes accrued shall be that percentage of the total property taxes accrued as the value of the homestead is of the total value. For purposes of this subdivision "unit" refers to the parcel of property covered by a single tax statement of which the homestead is a part;
- (7) "Rent constituting property taxes accrued", twenty percent of the gross rent paid by a claimant and spouse in the calendar year.

135.025. The property taxes accrued and rent constituting property taxes accrued on each 2 return shall be totaled. This total, up to [seven] **eleven** hundred [fifty] dollars, shall be used in determining the property tax credit. The director of revenue shall prescribe regulations providing for allocations where part of a claimant's homestead is rented to another or used for nondwelling 4 purposes or where a homestead is owned or rented or used as a dwelling for part of a year.

135.030. 1. As used in this section:

- 2 (1) The term "maximum upper limit" shall, for each calendar year after December 31, 3 1997, but before calendar year 2008, be the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars. For [the] all calendar [year] years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, the maximum upper limit shall be 5 the sum of [twenty-seven] thirty-two thousand five hundred dollars for any claimant whose filing status is single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married filing separately, 7 and the sum of forty-three thousand dollars for any claimant whose filing status is married filing combined; 8
 - (2) The term "minimum base" shall, for each calendar year after December 31, 1997, but before calendar year 2008, be the sum of thirteen thousand dollars. For [the] all calendar [year] **years** beginning **on or after** January 1, 2008, the minimum base shall be the sum of [fourteen] **seventeen** thousand [three hundred] dollars.
 - 2. If the income on a return is equal to or less than the maximum upper limit for the calendar year for which the return is filed, the property tax credit shall be determined from a table of credits based upon the amount by which the total property tax described in section 135.025 exceeds the percent of income in the following list:

17 If the income on the return is: The percent is: Not over the minimum base 18 0 percent with credit not to 19 exceed actual property tax 20 or rent equivalent paid up 21 to [\$750] **\$1,100** 22 Over the minimum base but 1/16 percent accumulative

23 not over the maximum upper per \$300 from 0 percent 24 limit to 4 percent.

25

31

9

10

11

12

13

14

26 The director of revenue shall prescribe a table based upon the preceding sentences. The property 27 tax shall be in increments of twenty-five dollars and the income in increments of three hundred 28 dollars. The credit shall be the amount rounded to the nearest whole dollar computed on the 29 basis of the property tax and income at the midpoints of each increment. As used in this 30 subsection, the term "accumulative" means an increase by continuous or repeated application of the percent to the income increment at each three hundred dollar level.

22.

- 3. Notwithstanding subsection 4 of section 32.057, RSMo, the department of revenue or any duly authorized employee or agent shall determine whether any taxpayer filing a report or return with the department of revenue who has not applied for the credit allowed pursuant to section 135.020 may qualify for the credit, and shall notify any qualified claimant of the claimant's potential eligibility, where the department determines such potential eligibility exists.
- 137.720. 1. A percentage of all ad valorem property tax collections allocable to each taxing authority within the county and the county shall be deducted from the collections of taxes each year and shall be deposited into the assessment fund of the county as required pursuant to section 137.750. The percentage shall be one-half of one percent for all counties of the first and second classification and cities not within a county and one percent for counties of the third and fourth classification.
- 2. For counties of the first classification, counties with a charter form of government, and any city not within a county, an additional one-eighth of one percent of all ad valorem property tax collections shall be deducted from the collections of taxes each year and shall be deposited into the assessment fund of the county as required pursuant to section 137.750, and for counties of the second, third, and fourth classification, an additional one-quarter of one percent of all ad valorem property tax collections shall be deducted from the collections of taxes each year and shall be deposited into the assessment fund of the county as required pursuant to section 137.750, provided that such additional amounts shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars in any year for any county of the first classification and any county with a charter form of government and fifty thousand dollars in any year for any county of the second, third, or fourth classification.
- 3. The county shall bill any taxing authority collecting its own taxes. The county may also provide additional moneys for the fund. To be eligible for state cost-share funds provided pursuant to section 137.750, every county shall provide from the county general revenue fund an amount equal to an average of the three most recent years of the amount provided from general revenue to the assessment fund; provided, however, that capital expenditures and equipment expenses identified in a memorandum of understanding signed by the county's governing body and the county assessor prior to transfer of county general revenue funds to the assessment fund shall be deducted from a year's contribution before computing the three-year average, except that a lesser amount shall be acceptable if unanimously agreed upon by the county assessor, the county governing body, and the state tax commission. The county shall deposit the county general revenue funds in the assessment fund as agreed to in its original or amended maintenance plan[,]. State reimbursement funds shall be withheld until the amount due is properly deposited in such fund.
- 4. Four years following the effective date, the state tax commission shall conduct a study to determine the impact of increased fees on assessed valuation.

5. Any increase to the portion of property tax collections deposited into the county assessment funds provided for in subsection 2 of this section shall be disallowed in any year in which the state tax commission certifies an equivalent sales ratio for the county of less than or equal to thirty-one and two-thirds percent pursuant to the provisions of section 138.395, RSMo.

6. The provisions of subsections 2, 4, and 5 of this section shall expire on December 31,

6. The provisions of subsections 2, 4, and 5 of this section shall expire on December 31 [2009] **2012**.

/