SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 43

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Ways and Means, May 7, 2008, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

3299S.04C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Submitting to the qualified voters of Missouri, an amendment repealing sections 6 and 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri, and adopting two new sections in lieu thereof relating to property taxation.

Be it Resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring therein:

That at the next general election to be held in the state of Missouri, on

- 2 Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, 2008, or at a special
- 3 election to be called by the governor for that purpose, there is hereby submitted
- 4 to the qualified voters of this state, for adoption or rejection, the following
- 5 amendment to article X of the Constitution of the state of Missouri:

Section A. Sections 6 and 22, article X, Constitution of Missouri, are

- 2 repealed and two new sections adopted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
- 3 6 and 22, to read as follows:

Section 6. 1. All property, real and personal, of the state, counties and

- 2 other political subdivisions, and nonprofit cemeteries, shall be exempt from
- 3 taxation; all personal property held as industrial inventories, including raw
- 4 materials, work in progress and finished work on hand, by manufacturers and
- 5 refiners, and all personal property held as goods, wares, merchandise, stock in
- 6 trade or inventory for resale by distributors, wholesalers, or retail merchants or
- 7 establishments shall be exempt from taxation; and all property, real and
- 8 personal, not held for private or corporate profit and used exclusively for religious
- 9 worship, for schools and colleges, for purposes purely charitable, for agricultural
- 10 and horticultural societies, or for veterans' organizations may be exempted from
- 11 taxation by general law. In addition to the above, household goods, furniture,

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wearing apparel and articles of personal use and adornment owned and used by 13 a person in his home or dwelling place may be exempt from taxation by general law but any such law may provide for approximate restitution to the respective 14 15 political subdivisions of revenues lost by reason of the exemption. All laws exempting from taxation property other than the property enumerated in this 16 article or personal property, shall be void. The general assembly may, by 18 enactment of general laws, exempt items of personal property from taxation. The provisions of this section exempting certain personal property of 19 manufacturers, refiners, distributors, wholesalers, and retail merchants and 20 21establishments from taxation shall become effective, unless otherwise provided 22by law, in each county on January 1 of the year in which that county completes its first general reassessment as defined by law. 23

2. All revenues lost because of the exemption of certain personal property of manufacturers, refiners, distributors, wholesalers, and retail merchants and establishments shall be replaced to each taxing authority within a county from a countywide tax hereby imposed on all property in subclass 3 of class 1 in each county. For the year in which the exemption becomes effective, the county clerk shall calculate the total revenue lost by all taxing authorities in the county and extend upon all property in subclass 3 of class 1 within the county, a tax at the rate necessary to produce that amount. The rate of tax levied in each county according to this subsection shall not be increased above the rate first imposed [and will stand levied at that rate unless later reduced according to the provisions of subsection 3]. The county collector shall disburse the proceeds according to the revenue lost by each taxing authority because of the exemption of such property in that county. Restitution of the revenues lost by any taxing district contained in more than one county shall be from the several counties according to the revenue lost because of the exemption of property in each county. Each year after the first year the replacement tax is imposed, the amount distributed to each taxing authority in a county shall be increased or decreased by an amount equal to the amount resulting from the change in that district's total assessed value of property in subclass 3 of class 1 at the countywide replacement tax rate. In order to implement the provisions of this subsection, the limits set in section 11(b) of this article may be exceeded, without voter approval, if necessary to allow each county listed in section 11(b) to comply with this subsection.

3. [Any increase in the tax rate imposed pursuant to subsection 2 of this

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section shall be decreased if such decrease is approved by a majority of the voters of the county voting on such decrease. A decrease in the increased tax rate imposed under subsection 2 of this section may be submitted to the voters of a county by the governing body thereof upon its own order, ordinance, or resolution and shall be submitted upon the petition of at least eight percent of the qualified voters who voted in the immediately preceding gubernatorial election.

4.] As used in this section, the terms "revenues lost" and "lost revenues" shall mean that revenue which each taxing authority received from the imposition of a tangible personal property tax on all personal property held as industrial inventories, including raw materials, work in progress and finished work on hand, by manufacturers and refiners, and all personal property held as goods, wares, merchandise, stock in trade or inventory for resale by distributors, wholesalers, or retail merchants or establishments in the last full tax year immediately preceding the effective date of the exemption from taxation granted for such property under subsection 1 of this section, and which was no longer received after such exemption became effective.

Section 22. (a) Counties and other political subdivisions are hereby prohibited from levying any tax, license or fees, not authorized by law, charter or self-enforcing provisions of the constitution when this section is adopted or from increasing the [current] maximum authorized levy of an existing tax, license 5 or fees, above that [current] maximum authorized levy authorized by law or charter when this section is adopted without the approval of the required 7 majority of the qualified voters of that county or other political subdivision voting thereon. If the definition of the base of an existing tax, license or fees, is broadened, the maximum authorized [current] levy of taxation on the new base in each county or other political subdivision shall be reduced to yield the same 10 estimated gross revenue as on the prior base. If the assessed valuation of 11 property as finally equalized, excluding the value of new construction and 12 improvements, increases by a larger percentage than the increase in the general 13 price level from the previous year, the maximum authorized levy and the 14 current levy applied thereto in each county or other political subdivision shall be 15 reduced to yield the same gross revenue from existing property, adjusted for changes in the general price level, as could have been collected at the existing 17 authorized levy on the prior assessed value. For purposes of this section, the 18 term "maximum authorized levy" shall mean the most recent voter-19 20 approved tax rate as adjusted by this section.

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- 21(b) The limitations of this section shall not apply to taxes imposed for the 22payment of principal and interest on bonds or other evidence of indebtedness or for the payment of assessments on contract obligations in anticipation of which 23bonds are issued which were authorized prior to the effective date of this 24section. Limitations of this section shall not apply to school districts 25formed of cities and towns, including the school district of the city of 26St. Louis, which are authorized to impose a property tax at a rate of two dollars and seventy-five cents on the hundred dollars assessed 28valuation, pursuant to section 11(b) of this article. 29
 - (c) The provisions of this section shall apply to any replacement tax authorized pursuant to subsection 2 of section 6 of this article.

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