SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1450

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Financial and Governmental Organizations and Elections, April 14, 2008, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass and be placed on the Consent Calendar.

3656S.02C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 21.800 and 610.021, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to terrorism.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 21.800 and 610.021, RSMo, are repealed and two new

- 2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 21.800 and 610.021, to
- 3 read as follows:
 - 21.800. 1. There is established a joint committee of the general assembly
- 2 to be known as the "Joint Committee on Terrorism, Bioterrorism, and Homeland
- 3 Security" to be composed of seven members of the senate and seven members of
- 4 the house of representatives. The senate members of the joint committee shall
- 5 be appointed by the president pro tem and minority floor leader of the senate and
- 6 the house members shall be appointed by the speaker and minority floor leader
- 7 of the house of representatives. The appointment of each member shall continue
- 8 during the member's term of office as a member of the general assembly or until
- 9 a successor has been appointed to fill the member's place when his or her term
- 10 of office as a member of the general assembly has expired. No party shall be
- 11 represented by more than four members from the house of representatives nor
- 12 more than four members from the senate. A majority of the committee shall
- 13 constitute a quorum, but the concurrence of a majority of the members shall be
- 14 required for the determination of any matter within the committee's duties.
- 15 2. The joint committee shall:
- 16 (1) Make a continuing study and analysis of all state government
- 17 terrorism, bioterrorism, and homeland security efforts;

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- 18 (2) Devise a standard reporting system to obtain data on each state 19 government agency that will provide information on each agency's terrorism and 20 bioterrorism preparedness, and homeland security status at least biennially;
- 21 (3) Determine from its study and analysis the need for changes in 22 statutory law; and
- 23 (4) Make any other recommendation to the general assembly necessary to 24 provide adequate terrorism and bioterrorism protections, and homeland security 25 to the citizens of the state of Missouri.
- 3. The joint committee shall meet within thirty days after its creation and organize by selecting a chairperson and a vice chairperson, one of whom shall be a member of the senate and the other a member of the house of representatives. The chairperson shall alternate between members of the house and senate every two years after the committee's organization.
 - 4. The committee shall meet at least quarterly. The committee may meet at locations other than Jefferson City when the committee deems it necessary.
- 5. The committee shall be staffed by legislative personnel as is deemed necessary to assist the committee in the performance of its duties.
 - 6. The members of the committee shall serve without compensation but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.
- 7. It shall be the duty of the committee to compile a full report of its 38 activities for submission to the general assembly. The report shall be submitted 39 40 not later than the fifteenth of January of each year in which the general assembly 41 convenes in regular session and shall include any recommendations which the committee may have for legislative action as well as any recommendations for 42administrative or procedural changes in the internal management or organization 43 of state or local government agencies and departments. Copies of the report 44 45 containing such recommendations shall be sent to the appropriate directors of state or local government agencies or departments included in the report. 46
- 8. The provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, [2007] 2009.
 610.021. Except to the extent disclosure is otherwise required by law, a
 public governmental body is authorized to close meetings, records and votes, to
 the extent they relate to the following:
- 4 (1) Legal actions, causes of action or litigation involving a public 5 governmental body and any confidential or privileged communications between 6 a public governmental body or its representatives and its attorneys. However,

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any minutes, vote or settlement agreement relating to legal actions, causes of action or litigation involving a public governmental body or any agent or entity representing its interests or acting on its behalf or with its authority, including 10 any insurance company acting on behalf of a public government body as its insured, shall be made public upon final disposition of the matter voted upon or 11 12 upon the signing by the parties of the settlement agreement, unless, prior to final disposition, the settlement agreement is ordered closed by a court after a written 13 14 finding that the adverse impact to a plaintiff or plaintiffs to the action clearly 15 outweighs the public policy considerations of section 610.011, however, the amount of any moneys paid by, or on behalf of, the public governmental body 16 shall be disclosed; provided, however, in matters involving the exercise of the 17 power of eminent domain, the vote shall be announced or become public 18 immediately following the action on the motion to authorize institution of such 19 20 a legal action. Legal work product shall be considered a closed record;

- (2) Leasing, purchase or sale of real estate by a public governmental body where public knowledge of the transaction might adversely affect the legal consideration therefor. However, any minutes, vote or public record approving a contract relating to the leasing, purchase or sale of real estate by a public governmental body shall be made public upon execution of the lease, purchase or sale of the real estate;
- 27 (3) Hiring, firing, disciplining or promoting of particular employees by a 28 public governmental body when personal information about the employee is 29 discussed or recorded. However, any vote on a final decision, when taken by a public governmental body, to hire, fire, promote or discipline an employee of a 30 public governmental body shall be made available with a record of how each 31 member voted to the public within seventy-two hours of the close of the meeting 3233 where such action occurs; provided, however, that any employee so affected shall be entitled to prompt notice of such decision during the seventy-two-hour period 34 before such decision is made available to the public. As used in this subdivision, 35 the term "personal information" means information relating to the performance 36 or merit of individual employees; 37
 - (4) The state militia or national guard or any part thereof;
- 39 (5) Nonjudicial mental or physical health proceedings involving 40 identifiable persons, including medical, psychiatric, psychological, or alcoholism 41 or drug dependency diagnosis or treatment;
 - (6) Scholastic probation, expulsion, or graduation of identifiable

- 43 individuals, including records of individual test or examination scores; however,
- 44 personally identifiable student records maintained by public educational
- 45 institutions shall be open for inspection by the parents, guardian or other
- 46 custodian of students under the age of eighteen years and by the parents,
- 47 guardian or other custodian and the student if the student is over the age of
- 48 eighteen years;
- 49 (7) Testing and examination materials, before the test or examination is
- 50 given or, if it is to be given again, before so given again;
- 51 (8) Welfare cases of identifiable individuals;
- 52 (9) Preparation, including any discussions or work product, on behalf of
- 53 a public governmental body or its representatives for negotiations with employee
- 54 groups;
- 55 (10) Software codes for electronic data processing and documentation
- 56 thereof;

- 57 (11) Specifications for competitive bidding, until either the specifications
- 58 are officially approved by the public governmental body or the specifications are
- 59 published for bid;
- 60 (12) Sealed bids and related documents, until the bids are opened; and
- 61 sealed proposals and related documents or any documents related to a negotiated
- 62 contract until a contract is executed, or all proposals are rejected;
- 63 (13) Individually identifiable personnel records, performance ratings or
- 64 records pertaining to employees or applicants for employment, except that this
- 65 exemption shall not apply to the names, positions, salaries and lengths of service
- 66 of officers and employees of public agencies once they are employed as such, and
- 67 the names of private sources donating or contributing money to the salary of a
- 68 chancellor or president at all public colleges and universities in the state of
- 69 Missouri and the amount of money contributed by the source;
 - (14) Records which are protected from disclosure by law;
- 71 (15) Meetings and public records relating to scientific and technological
- 72 innovations in which the owner has a proprietary interest;
- 73 (16) Records relating to municipal hotlines established for the reporting
- 74 of abuse and wrongdoing;
- 75 (17) Confidential or privileged communications between a public
- 76 governmental body and its auditor, including all auditor work product; however,
- 77 all final audit reports issued by the auditor are to be considered open records
- 78 pursuant to this chapter;

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- 79 (18) Operational guidelines and policies developed, adopted, or maintained 80 by any public agency responsible for law enforcement, public safety, first response, or public health for use in responding to or preventing any critical 81 82 incident which is or appears to be terrorist in nature and which has the potential to endanger individual or public safety or health. Nothing in this exception shall 83 84 be deemed to close information regarding expenditures, purchases, or contracts made by an agency in implementing these guidelines or policies. When seeking 85 86 to close information pursuant to this exception, the agency shall affirmatively 87 state in writing that disclosure would impair its ability to protect the safety or health of persons, and shall in the same writing state that the public interest in 88 89 nondisclosure outweighs the public interest in disclosure of the records. This exception shall sunset on December 31, [2008] 2012; 90
 - (19) Existing or proposed security systems and structural plans of real property owned or leased by a public governmental body, and information that is voluntarily submitted by a nonpublic entity owning or operating an infrastructure to any public governmental body for use by that body to devise plans for protection of that infrastructure, the public disclosure of which would threaten public safety:
- 97 (a) Records related to the procurement of or expenditures relating to 98 security systems purchased with public funds shall be open;
 - (b) When seeking to close information pursuant to this exception, the public governmental body shall affirmatively state in writing that disclosure would impair the public governmental body's ability to protect the security or safety of persons or real property, and shall in the same writing state that the public interest in nondisclosure outweighs the public interest in disclosure of the records;
 - (c) Records that are voluntarily submitted by a nonpublic entity shall be reviewed by the receiving agency within ninety days of submission to determine if retention of the document is necessary in furtherance of a state security interest. If retention is not necessary, the documents shall be returned to the nonpublic governmental body or destroyed;
 - (d) This exception shall sunset on December 31, [2008] 2012;
- (20) Records that identify the configuration of components or the operation of a computer, computer system, computer network, or telecommunications network, and would allow unauthorized access to or unlawful disruption of a computer, computer system, computer network, or

telecommunications network of a public governmental body. This exception shall not be used to limit or deny access to otherwise public records in a file, document, data file or database containing public records. Records related to the procurement of or expenditures relating to such computer, computer system, computer network, or telecommunications network, including the amount of moneys paid by, or on behalf of, a public governmental body for such computer, computer system, computer network, or telecommunications network shall be open; and

(21) Credit card numbers, personal identification numbers, digital certificates, physical and virtual keys, access codes or authorization codes that are used to protect the security of electronic transactions between a public governmental body and a person or entity doing business with a public governmental body. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to close the record of a person or entity using a credit card held in the name of a public governmental body or any record of a transaction made by a person using a credit card or other method of payment for which reimbursement is made by a public governmental body.

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