SECOND REGULAR SESSION [TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED] SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1678

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

4102S.02T

2008

AN ACT

To repeal sections 41.1010, 42.007, 160.053, 160.518, 168.021, 170.011, and 620.515, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eleven new sections relating to members of the military and their families.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 41.1010, 42.007, 160.053, 160.518, 168.021, 170.011, and 620.515, 2 RSMo, are repealed and eleven new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 41.1010, 42.007, 160.053, 160.518, 160.2000, 168.021, 170.011, 173.234, 173.900, 452.412 and 3 4 620.515, to read as follows: 41.1010. 1. There is hereby established the "Missouri Military Preparedness and 2 Enhancement Commission". The commission shall have as its purpose the design and 3 implementation of measures intended to protect, retain, and enhance the present and future mission capabilities at the military posts or bases within the state. The commission shall consist 4 5 of nine members: 6 (1) Five members to be appointed by the governor;

- 7 (2) Two members of the house of representatives, one appointed by the speaker of the 8 house of representatives, and one appointed by the minority floor leader;
- 9 (3) Two members of the senate, one appointed by the president pro tempore, and one 10 appointed by the minority floor leader;
- 11 (4) The director of the department of economic development or the director's designee, 12 ex officio;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

13 (5) The chairman of the Missouri veterans' commission or the chairman's designee, 14 ex officio.

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No more than three of the five members appointed by the governor shall be of the same political 16 party. To be eligible for appointment by the governor, a person shall have demonstrated 17 18 experience in economic development, the defense industry, military installation operation, 19 environmental issues, finance, local government, or the use of air space for future military 20 missions. Appointed members of the commission shall serve three-year terms, except that of the 21 initial appointments made by the governor, two shall be for one-year terms, two shall be for 22 two-year terms, and one shall be for a three-year term. No appointed member of the commission 23 shall serve more than six years total. A vacancy occurs if a legislative member leaves office for 24 any reason. Any vacancy on the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original 25 appointment.

26 2. Members of the commission shall be reimbursed for the actual and necessary expenses
 27 incurred in the discharge of the member's official duties.

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3. A chair of the commission shall be selected by the members of the commission.

4. The commission shall meet at least quarterly and at such other times as the chairdeems necessary.

5. The commission shall be funded by an appropriation limited to that purpose. Any expenditure constituting more than ten percent of the commission's annual appropriation shall be based on a competitive bid process.

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6. The commission shall:

(1) Advise the governor and the general assembly on military issues and economic and
 industrial development related to military issues;

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(2) Make recommendations regarding:

(a) Developing policies and plans to support the long-term viability and prosperity of the
 military, active and retiree, and civilian military employees, in this state, including promoting
 strategic regional alliances that may extend over state lines;

41 (b) Developing methods to improve private and public employment opportunities for
42 former members of the military and their families residing in this state; and

43 (c) Developing methods to assist defense-dependent communities in the design and
 44 execution of programs that enhance a community's relationship with military installations and
 45 defense-related businesses;

46 (3) Provide information to communities, the general assembly, the state's congressional
47 delegation, and state agencies regarding federal actions affecting military installations and
48 missions;

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49 (4) Serve as a clearinghouse for:

50 (a) Defense economic adjustment and transition information and activities; and

51 (b) Information concerning the following:

a. Issues related to the operating costs, missions, and strategic value of federal military
 installations located in the state;

54 b. Employment issues for communities that depend on defense bases and in 55 defense-related businesses; and

c. Defense strategies and incentive programs that other states are using to maintain,
expand, and attract new defense contractors;

(5) Provide assistance to communities that have experienced a defense-related closureor realignment;

60 (6) Assist communities in the design and execution of programs that enhance a 61 community's relationship with military installations and defense-related businesses, including 62 regional alliances that may extend over state lines;

63 (7) Assist communities in the retention and recruiting of defense-related businesses,
 64 including fostering strategic regional alliances that may extend over state lines;

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(8) Prepare a biennial strategic plan that:

(a) Fosters the enhancement of military value of the contributions of Missouri militaryinstallations to national defense strategies;

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(b) Considers all current and anticipated base realignment and closure criteria; and

69 (c) Develops strategies to protect the state's existing military missions and positions the70 state to be competitive for new and expanded military missions;

(9) Encourage economic development in this state by fostering the development ofindustries related to defense affairs.

73 7. The commission shall prepare and present an annual report to the governor and the74 general assembly by December thirty-first of each year.

8. The department of economic development shall furnish administrative support andstaff for the effective operation of the commission.

42.007. 1. There is hereby established within the department of public safety the 2 "Missouri Veterans' Commission", such commission to be a type III agency within the 3 department of public safety under the Omnibus State Reorganization Act of 1974. All duties and 4 activities carried on by the division of veterans' affairs on August 28, 1989, shall be vested in 5 such commission as provided by the Omnibus Reorganization Act of 1974.

2. The commission shall be composed of five members, who shall be veterans appointed
by the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, for a four-year term; except that
initial appointments to the commission shall consist of two veterans to serve four-year terms, two

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9 veterans to serve three-year terms, and one veteran to serve a two-year term. In addition, the

10 chair of the Missouri military preparedness and enhancement commission or the chair's

11 designee shall be an ex officio member of the commission.

12 3. The governor shall make all appointments to the commission from lists of nominees 13 recommended by each of the statewide veterans' organizations incorporated in this state, 14 chartered by Congress, or authorized under Title 38, United States Code. Vacancies shall be 15 filled by appointment made in the same manner as the original appointments. A member of the 16 commission shall be a resident of the state of Missouri but shall not be an employee of the state. Members of the commission shall not be compensated for their services, but shall be reimbursed 17 18 from funds appropriated therefor for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance 19 of their duties.

4. The commission shall organize by electing one member as chairman and another as vice chairman. Such officers shall serve for a term of two years. The commission shall meet no fewer than four times per calendar year, at the call of the chairman, and at times and places established by the chairman by written notice. The commission's executive director shall serve as secretary to the commission.

5. The commission shall aid and assist all veterans and their dependents and legal representatives, **who are legal Missouri residents or** who live in the state of Missouri, in all matters relating to the rights of veterans under the laws of the United States and under the rules and regulations of federal agencies, boards, commissions and other authorities which are in any manner concerned with the interest and welfare of veterans and their dependents. In addition to any other duties imposed by sections 42.002 to 42.135 and section 143.1001, RSMo, the commission shall:

(1) Disseminate by all means available information concerning the rights of veterans andtheir dependents;

(2) Provide aid and assistance to all veterans, their dependents and legal representatives,
in preparing, presenting and prosecuting claims for compensation, education, pensions, insurance
benefits, hospitalization, rehabilitation and all other matters in which a veteran may have a claim
against the United States or any state arising out of or connected with service in the military
forces of the United States;

39 (3) Prosecute all claims listed in subdivision (2) of this subsection to conclusion, when
 40 so authorized and empowered by a veteran, his survivors or legal representatives;

(4) Cooperate with the United States Employment Service, the United States Department
of Veterans' Affairs and all federal and state offices legally concerned with and interested in the
welfare of veterans and their dependents;

(5) Arrange for and accept through such mutual arrangements as may be made, the
volunteer services, equipment, facilities, properties, supplies, funds and personnel of all federal,
welfare, civic and service organizations, and other organized groups and individuals which are
in furtherance of the purposes of sections 42.002 to 42.135 and section 143.1001, RSMo;

(6) Volunteers shall be deemed unpaid employees and shall be accorded the protection of the legal expense fund and liability provisions. Reimbursement for transportation and other necessary expenses may be furnished to those volunteers whose presence on special assignment is determined to be necessary by the commission. Such expenses shall be reimbursed from the regular appropriations of the commission. Volunteers may utilize state vehicles in the performance of commission-related duties, subject to those rules and regulations governing use of state vehicles by paid staff;

(7) Establish, maintain and operate offices throughout this state as necessary to carry out
the purposes of sections 42.002 to 42.135 and section 143.1001, RSMo;

(8) Provide to the executive director of the commission all appropriate authority for theexecution of the duties of the commission under this chapter;

(9) Employ such staff as necessary for performance of the duties and purposes of thischapter.

160.053. 1. If a school district maintains a kindergarten program, a child is eligible for 2 admission to kindergarten and to the summer school session immediately preceding kindergarten, 3 if offered, if the child reaches the age of five before the first day of August of the school year beginning in that calendar year or if the child is a military dependent who has successfully 4 completed an accredited prekindergarten program or has attended an accredited 5 kindergarten program in another state. A child is eligible for admission to first grade if the 6 7 child reaches the age of six before the first day of August of the school year beginning in that 8 calendar year or if the child is a military dependent who has successfully completed an 9 accredited kindergarten program in another state.

10 2. Any kindergarten or grade one pupil beginning the school term and any pupil beginning summer school prior to a kindergarten school term in a metropolitan school district 11 12 or an urban school district containing the greater part of the population of a city which has more 13 than three hundred thousand inhabitants pursuant to section 160.054 or 160.055 and 14 subsequently transferring to another school district in this state in which the child's birth date 15 would preclude such child's eligibility for entrance shall be deemed eligible for attendance and 16 shall not be required to meet the minimum age requirements. The receiving school district shall 17 receive state aid for the child, notwithstanding the provisions of section 160.051.

3. Any child who completes the kindergarten year shall not be required to meet the agerequirements of a district for entrance into grade one.

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4. The provisions of this section relating to kindergarten instruction and state aid
therefor, shall not apply during any particular school year to those districts which do not provide
kindergarten classes that year.

160.518. 1. Consistent with the provisions contained in section 160.526, the state board 2 of education shall develop a statewide assessment system that provides maximum flexibility for 3 local school districts to determine the degree to which students in the public schools of the state are proficient in the knowledge, skills, and competencies adopted by such board pursuant to 4 5 subsection 1 of section 160.514. The statewide assessment system shall assess problem solving, 6 analytical ability, evaluation, creativity, and application ability in the different content areas and 7 shall be performance-based to identify what students know, as well as what they are able to do, and shall enable teachers to evaluate actual academic performance. 8 9 The assessment system shall neither promote nor prohibit rote memorization and shall not

include existing versions of tests approved for use pursuant to the provisions of section 160.257,
nor enhanced versions of such tests. The statewide assessment shall measure, where appropriate
by grade level, a student's knowledge of academic subjects including, but not limited to, reading
skills, writing skills, mathematics skills, world and American history, forms of government,
geography and science.

2. The assessment system shall only permit the academic performance of students in eachschool in the state to be tracked against prior academic performance in the same school.

17 3. The state board of education shall suggest criteria for a school to demonstrate that its 18 students learn the knowledge, skills and competencies at exemplary levels worthy of imitation by students in other schools in the state and nation. "Exemplary levels" shall be measured by the 19 assessment system developed pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, or until said assessment 20 21 is available, by indicators approved for such use by the state board of education. The provisions 22 of other law to the contrary notwithstanding, the commissioner of education may, upon request 23 of the school district, present a plan for the waiver of rules and regulations to any such school, 24 to be known as "Outstanding Schools Waivers", consistent with the provisions of subsection 4 25 of this section.

26 4. For any school that meets the criteria established by the state board of education for 27 three successive school years pursuant to the provisions of subsection 3 of this section, by 28 August first following the third such school year, the commissioner of education shall present 29 a plan to the superintendent of the school district in which such school is located for the waiver 30 of rules and regulations to promote flexibility in the operations of the school and to enhance and 31 encourage efficiency in the delivery of instructional services. The provisions of other law to the 32 contrary notwithstanding, the plan presented to the superintendent shall provide a summary waiver, with no conditions, for the pupil testing requirements pursuant to section 160.257, in the 33

34 school. Further, the provisions of other law to the contrary notwithstanding, the plan shall detail a means for the waiver of requirements otherwise imposed on the school related to the authority 35 36 of the state board of education to classify school districts pursuant to subdivision (9) of section 37 161.092, RSMo, and such other rules and regulations as determined by the commissioner of 38 education, excepting such waivers shall be confined to the school and not other schools in the 39 district unless such other schools meet the criteria established by the state board of education 40 consistent with subsection 3 of this section and the waivers shall not include the requirements 41 contained in this section and section 160.514. Any waiver provided to any school as outlined 42 in this subsection shall be void on June thirtieth of any school year in which the school fails to 43 meet the criteria established by the state board of education consistent with subsection 3 of this

44 section.

5. The score on any assessment test developed pursuant to this section or this chapter of any student for whom English is a second language shall not be counted until such time as such student has been educated for three full school years in a school in this state, or in any other state, in which English is the primary language.

49 6. The state board of education shall identify or, if necessary, establish one or more 50 developmentally appropriate alternate assessments for students who receive special educational services, as that term is defined pursuant to section 162.675, RSMo. In the development of such 51 52 alternate assessments, the state board shall establish an advisory panel consisting of a majority 53 of active special education teachers and other education professionals as appropriate to research 54 available assessment options. The advisory panel shall attempt to identify preexisting developmentally appropriate alternate assessments but shall, if necessary, develop alternate 55 56 assessments and recommend one or more alternate assessments for adoption by the state board. 57 The state board shall consider the recommendations of the advisory council in establishing such 58 alternate assessment or assessments. Any student who receives special educational services, as 59 that term is defined pursuant to section 162.675, RSMo, shall be assessed by an alternate 60 assessment established pursuant to this subsection upon a determination by the student's 61 individualized education program team that such alternate assessment is more appropriate to 62 assess the student's knowledge, skills and competencies than the assessment developed pursuant 63 to subsection 1 of this section. The alternate assessment shall evaluate the student's independent 64 living skills, which include how effectively the student addresses common life demands and how 65 well the student meets standards for personal independence expected for someone in the student's 66 age group, sociocultural background, and community setting.

7. The state board of education shall also develop recommendations regarding
 alternate assessments for any military dependent who relocates to Missouri after the
 commencement of a school term, in order to accommodate such student while ensuring that

he or she is proficient in the knowledge, skills, and competencies adopted under section
160.514.

8. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections 1 to [6] 7 of this section, no later than June 30, 2006, the state board of education shall administer the following adjustments to the statewide assessment system:

(1) Align the performance standards of the statewide assessment system so that such
indicators meet, but do not exceed, the performance standards of the National Assessment of
Education Progress (NAEP) exam;

(2) Institute yearly examination of students in the required subject areas where compelled
by existing federal standards, as of August 28, 2004; and

(3) Administer any other adjustments that the state board of education deems necessary
in order to aid the state in satisfying existing federal requirements, as of August 28, 2004,
including, but not limited to, the requirements contained in the federal No Child Left Behind Act.
Grade-level expectations shall be considered when the state board of education establishes
performance standards.

[8.] **9.** By July 1, 2006, the state board of education shall examine its rules and regulations and revise them to permit waivers of resource and process standards based upon achievement of performance profiles consistent with accreditation status.

160.2000. Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children

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ARTICLE I

PURPOSE

4 It is the purpose of this compact to remove barriers to educational success imposed on
5 children of military families because of frequent moves and deployment of their parents
6 by:

A. Facilitating the timely enrollment of children of military families and ensuring
that they are not placed at a disadvantage due to difficulty in the transfer of education
records from the previous school district(s) or variations in entrance/age requirements.

B. Facilitating the student placement process through which children of military
families are not disadvantaged by variations in attendance requirements, scheduling,
sequencing, grading, course content or assessment.

13 C. Facilitating the qualification and eligibility for enrollment, educational 14 programs, and participation in extracurricular academic, athletic, and social activities.

D. Facilitating the on-time graduation of children of military families.

16 E. Providing for the promulgation and enforcement of administrative rules 17 implementing the provisions of this compact.

F. Providing for the uniform collection and sharing of information between and
 among member states, schools and military families under this compact.

20 G. Promoting coordination between this compact and other compacts affecting 21 military children.

H. Promoting flexibility and cooperation between the educational system, parents
 and the student in order to achieve educational success for the student.

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ARTICLE II

DEFINITIONS

26 As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different construction:

A. "Active duty" means: full-time duty status in the active uniformed service of the United States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Section 1209 and 1211.

30 B. "Children of military families" means: a school-aged child(ren), enrolled in 31 Kindergarten through Twelfth (12th) grade, in the household of an active duty member.

32 C. "Compact commissioner" means: the voting representative of each compacting 33 state appointed pursuant to Article VIII of this compact.

D. "Deployment" means: the period one (1) month prior to the service members' departure from their home station on military orders though six (6) months after return to their home station.

E. "Education(al) records" means: those official records, files, and data directly related to a student and maintained by the school or local education agency, including but not limited to records encompassing all the material kept in the student's cumulative folder such as general identifying data, records of attendance and of academic work completed, records of achievement and results of evaluative tests, health data, disciplinary status, test protocols, and individualized education programs.

F. "Extracurricular activities" means: a voluntary activity sponsored by the school
or local education agency or an organization sanctioned by the local education agency.
Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to, preparation for and involvement
in public performances, contests, athletic competitions, demonstrations, displays, and club
activities.

G. "Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military Children"
means: the commission that is created under Article IX of this compact, which is generally
referred to as Interstate Commission.

51 H. "Local education agency" means: a public authority legally constituted by the 52 state as an administrative agency to provide control of and direction for Kindergarten 53 through Twelfth (12th) grade public educational institutions. I. "Member state" means: a state that has enacted this compact.

55 J. "Military installation" means: means a base, camp, post, station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department 56 57 of Defense, including any leased facility, which is located within any of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, 58 59 Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas Islands and any other U.S. Territory. Such term does not include any facility used primarily for civil works, rivers and harbors 60 61 projects, or flood control projects.

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K. "Nonmember state" means: a state that has not enacted this compact.

L. "Receiving state" means: the state to which a child of a military family is sent, 63 brought, or caused to be sent or brought. 64

65 M. "Rule" means: a written statement by the Interstate Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XII of this compact that is of general applicability, implements, 66 67 interprets or prescribes a policy or provision of the Compact, or an organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the Interstate Commission, and has the force and 68 effect of statutory law in a member state, and includes the amendment, repeal, or 69 70 suspension of an existing rule.

71 N. "Sending state" means: the state from which a child of a military family is sent, 72 brought, or caused to be sent or brought.

73 O. "State" means: a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the 74 Northern Marianas Islands and any other U.S. Territory. 75

76 P. "Student" means: the child of a military family for whom the local education 77 agency receives public funding and who is formally enrolled in Kindergarten through Twelfth (12th) grade. 78

79 **Q.** "Transition" means: 1) the formal and physical process of transferring from 80 school to school or 2) the period of time in which a student moves from one school in the sending state to another school in the receiving state. 81

82 R. "Uniformed service(s)" means: the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, 83 Coast Guard as well as the Commissioned Corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric 84 Administration, and Public Health Services.

85 S. "Veteran" means: a person who served in the uniformed services and who was 86 discharged or released there from under conditions other than dishonorable.

- 87 **ARTICLE III** 88
 - **APPLICABILITY**

A. Except as otherwise provided in Section B, this compact shall apply to the
children of:
1. active duty members of the uniformed services as defined in this compact,
including members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to

93 10 U.S.C. Section 1209 and 1211;

94 2. members or veterans of the uniformed services who are severely injured and
 95 medically discharged or retired for a period of one (1) year after medical discharge or
 96 retirement; and

97 **3.** members of the uniformed services who die on active duty or as a result of 98 injuries sustained on active duty for a period of one (1) year after death.

99 **B.** The provisions of this interstate compact shall only apply to local education 100 agencies as defined in this compact.

101 C. The provisions of this compact shall not apply to the children of:

102 **1. inactive members of the national guard and military reserves;**

103 2. members of the uniformed services now retired, except as provided in Section104 A;

105 **3.** veterans of the uniformed services, except as provided in Section A; and

4. other U.S. Dept. of Defense personnel and other federal agency civilian and
 contract employees not defined as active duty members of the uniformed services.

ARTICLE IV

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EDUCATIONAL RECORDS & ENROLLMENT

110 A. Unofficial or "hand-carried" education records - In the event that official education records cannot be released to the parents for the purpose of transfer, the 111 112 custodian of the records in the sending state shall prepare and furnish to the parent a complete set of unofficial educational records containing uniform information as 113 determined by the Interstate Commission. Upon receipt of the unofficial education records 114 115 by a school in the receiving state, the school shall enroll and appropriately place the student based on the information provided in the unofficial records pending validation by 116 117 the official records, as quickly as possible.

B. Official education records/transcripts - Simultaneous with the enrollment and conditional placement of the student, the school in the receiving state shall request the student's official education record from the school in the sending state. Upon receipt of this request, the school in the sending state will process and furnish the official education records to the school in the receiving state within ten (10) days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission. 139

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124 C. Immunizations - Compacting states shall give thirty (30) days from the date of 125 enrollment or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated 126 by the Interstate Commission, for students to obtain any immunization(s) required by the 127 receiving state. For a series of immunizations, initial vaccinations must be obtained within 128 thirty (30) days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules 129 promulgated by the Interstate Commission.

130 **D.** Kindergarten and First grade entrance age - Students shall be allowed to 131 continue their enrollment at grade level in the receiving state commensurate with their 132 grade level (including Kindergarten) from a local education agency in the sending state at the time of transition, regardless of age. A student that has satisfactorily completed the 133 134 prerequisite grade level in the local education agency in the sending state shall be eligible 135 for enrollment in the next highest grade level in the receiving state, regardless of age. A 136 student transferring after the start of the school year in the receiving state shall enter the 137 school in the receiving state on their validated level from an accredited school in the 138 sending state.

ARTICLE V

PLACEMENT & ATTENDANCE

141 A. Course placement - When the student transfers before or during the school year, 142 the receiving state school shall initially honor placement of the student in educational 143 courses based on the student's enrollment in the sending state school and/or educational 144 assessments conducted at the school in the sending state if the courses are offered. Course placement includes but is not limited to Honors, International Baccalaureate, Advanced 145 Placement, vocational, technical and career pathways courses. Continuing the student's 146 147 academic program from the previous school and promoting placement in academically and career challenging courses should be paramount when considering placement. This does 148 149 not preclude the school in the receiving state from performing subsequent evaluations to 150 ensure appropriate placement and continued enrollment of the student in the course(s).

B. Educational program placement - The receiving state school shall initially honor placement of the student in educational programs based on current educational assessments conducted at the school in the sending state or participation/placement in like programs in the sending state. Such programs include, but are not limited to: 1) gifted and talented programs; and 2) English as a second language (ESL). This does not preclude the school in the receiving state from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the student.

158 C. Special education services - 1) In compliance with the federal requirements of 159 the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C.A. Section 1400 et seq,

the receiving state shall initially provide comparable services to a student with disabilities 160 161 based on his/her current Individualized Education Program (IEP); and 2) In compliance with the requirements of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 29 U.S.C.A. Section 794, 162 and with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C.A. Sections 12131-12165, 163 the receiving state shall make reasonable accommodations and modifications to address 164 the needs of incoming students with disabilities, subject to an existing 504 or Title II Plan, 165 to provide the student with equal access to education. This does not preclude the school in 166 167 the receiving state from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the student. 168 169 D. Placement flexibility - Local education agency administrative officials shall have 170 flexibility in waiving course/program prerequisites, or other preconditions for placement 171 in courses/programs offered under the jurisdiction of the local education agency. 172 E. Absence as related to deployment activities - A student whose parent or legal 173 guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services, as defined by the compact, and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from deployment 174 to a combat zone or combat support posting, shall be granted additional excused absences 175 176 at the discretion of the local education agency superintendent to visit with his or her parent or legal guardian relative to such leave or deployment of the parent or guardian. 177 178 **ARTICLE VI** 179 **ELIGIBILITY** 180 A. Eligibility for enrollment 181 1. Special power of attorney, relative to the guardianship of a child of a military family and executed under applicable law shall be sufficient for the purposes of enrollment 182 183 and all other actions requiring parental participation and consent. 184 2. A local education agency shall be prohibited from charging local tuition to a transitioning military child placed in the care of a noncustodial parent or other person 185 186 standing in loco parentis who lives in a jurisdiction other than that of the custodial parent. 187 **3.** A transitioning military child, placed in the care of a non-custodial parent or 188 other person standing in loco parentis who lives in a jurisdiction other than that of the 189 custodial parent, may continue to attend the school in which he/she was enrolled while 190 residing with the custodial parent. 191 B. Eligibility for extracurricular participation - State and local education agencies 192 shall facilitate the opportunity for transitioning military children's inclusion in extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines, to the extent they are 193 194 otherwise qualified. 195 **ARTICLE VII**

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GRADUATION

197 In order to facilitate the on-time graduation of children of military families states and local
198 education agencies shall incorporate the following procedures:

A. Waiver requirements - Local education agency administrative officials shall waive specific courses required for graduation if similar course work has been satisfactorily completed in another local education agency or shall provide reasonable justification for denial. Should a waiver not be granted to a student who would qualify to graduate from the sending school, the local education agency shall provide an alternative means of acquiring required coursework so that graduation may occur on time.

B. Exit exams - States shall accept: 1) exit or end-of-course exams required for graduation from the sending state; or 2) national norm-referenced achievement tests or 3) alternative testing, in lieu of testing requirements for graduation in the receiving state. In the event the above alternatives cannot be accommodated by the receiving state for a student transferring in his or her Senior year, then the provisions of Article VII, Section C shall apply.

211 C. Transfers during Senior year - Should a military student transferring at the 212 beginning or during his or her Senior year be ineligible to graduate from the receiving local education agency after all alternatives have been considered, the sending and 213 214 receiving local education agencies shall ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending 215 local education agency, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the sending 216 local education agency. In the event that one of the states in question is not a member of 217 this compact, the member state shall use best efforts to facilitate the on-time graduation 218 of the student in accordance with Sections A and B of this Article.

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ARTICLE VIII

STATE COORDINATION

221 A. Each member state shall, through the creation of a State Council or use of an 222 existing body or board, provide for the coordination among its agencies of government, 223 local education agencies and military installations concerning the state's participation in, 224 and compliance with, this compact and Interstate Commission activities. While each 225 member state may determine the membership of its own State Council, its membership 226 must include at least: the state superintendent of education, superintendent of a school 227 district with a high concentration of military children, representative from a military 228 installation, one representative each from the legislative and executive branches of 229 government, and other offices and stakeholder groups the State Council deems 230 appropriate. A member state that does not have a school district deemed to contain a high

concentration of military children may appoint a superintendent from another school
district to represent local education agencies on the State Council.

B. The State Council of each member state shall appoint or designate a military family education liaison to assist military families and the state in facilitating the implementation of this compact.

C. The compact commissioner responsible for the administration and management of the state's participation in the compact shall be appointed by the Governor or as otherwise determined by each member state.

D. The compact commissioner and the military family education liaison designated
 herein shall be ex-officio members of the State Council, unless either is already a full voting
 member of the State Council.

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ARTICLE IX

INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON EDUCATIONAL

OPPORTUNITY FOR MILITARY CHILDREN

The member states hereby create the "Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity
 for Military Children". The activities of the Interstate Commission are the formation of

247 public policy and are a discretionary state function. The Interstate Commission shall:

A. Be a body corporate and joint agency of the member states and shall have all the responsibilities, powers and duties set forth herein, and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by a subsequent concurrent action of the respective legislatures of the member states in accordance with the terms of this compact.

B. Consist of one Interstate Commission voting representative from each member state who shall be that state's compact commissioner.

254 1. Each member state represented at a meeting of the Interstate Commission is255 entitled to one vote.

256
 2. A majority of the total member states shall constitute a quorum for the
 257 transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate
 258 Commission.

3. A representative shall not delegate a vote to another member state. In the event the compact commissioner is unable to attend a meeting of the Interstate Commission, the Governor or State Council may delegate voting authority to another person from their state for a specified meeting.

4. The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate Commission to be
 conducted by telecommunication or electronic communication.

C. Consist of ex-officio, nonvoting representatives who are members of interested
 organizations. Such ex-officio members, as defined in the bylaws, may include but not be

limited to, members of the representative organizations of military family advocates, local
education agency officials, parent and teacher groups, the U.S. Department of Defense, the
Education Commission of the States, the Interstate Agreement on the Qualification of
Educational Personnel and other interstate compacts affecting the education of children
of military members.

D. Meet at least once each calendar year. The chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple majority of the member states, shall call additional meetings.

275 E. Establish an executive committee, whose members shall include the officers of 276 the Interstate Commission and such other members of the Interstate Commission as 277 determined by the bylaws. Members of the executive committee shall serve a one year 278 term. Members of the executive committee shall be entitled to one vote each. The executive 279 committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission, with the 280 exception of rulemaking, during periods when the Interstate Commission is not in session. 281 The executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities of the administration of the 282 compact including enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the compact, its 283 bylaws and rules, and other such duties as deemed necessary. The U.S. Dept. of Defense, shall serve as an ex-officio, nonvoting member of the executive committee. 284

F. Establish bylaws and rules that provide for conditions and procedures under which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records available to the public for inspection or copying. The Interstate Commission may exempt from disclosure information or official records to the extent they would adversely affect personal privacy rights or proprietary interests.

G. Public notice shall be given by the Interstate Commission of all meetings and all meetings shall be open to the public, except as set forth in the rules or as otherwise provided in the compact. The Interstate Commission and its committees may close a meeting, or portion thereof, where it determines by two-thirds vote that an open meeting would be likely to:

295 1. Relate solely to the Interstate Commission's internal personnel practices and
 296 procedures;

297 2. Disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal and state
 298 statute;

299 3. Disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is privileged
 300 or confidential;

301

4. Involve accusing a person of a crime, or formally censuring a person;

302 5. Disclose information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a
 303 clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;

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6. Disclose investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes; or

305 7. Specifically relate to the Interstate Commission's participation in a civil action
 306 or other legal proceeding.

307 H. For a meeting, or portion of a meeting, closed pursuant to this provision, the 308 Interstate Commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be 309 closed and shall reference each relevant exemptible provision. The Interstate Commission 310 shall keep minutes which shall fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting 311 and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed and the record of a roll call vote. All 312 313 documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All 314 minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by 315 a majority vote of the Interstate Commission.

I. The Interstate Commission shall collect standardized data concerning the educational transition of the children of military families under this compact as directed through its rules which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of collection and data exchange and reporting requirements. Such methods of data collection, exchange and reporting shall, in so far as is reasonably possible, conform to current technology and coordinate its information functions with the appropriate custodian of records as identified in the bylaws and rules.

J. The Interstate Commission shall create a process that permits military officials, education officials and parents to inform the Interstate Commission if and when there are alleged violations of the compact or its rules or when issues subject to the jurisdiction of the compact or its rules are not addressed by the state or local education agency. This section shall not be construed to create a private right of action against the Interstate Commission or any member state.

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ARTICLE X

330 **POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION**

331 The Interstate Commission shall have the following powers:

A. To provide for dispute resolution among member states.

B. To promulgate rules and take all necessary actions to effect the goals, purposes and obligations as enumerated in this compact. The rules shall have the force and effect of statutory law and shall be binding in the compact states to the extent and in the manner provided in this compact.

C. To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory opinions concerning the meaning or interpretation of the interstate compact, its bylaws, rules and actions.

D. To enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the rules promulgated by
the Interstate Commission, and the bylaws, using all necessary and proper means,
including but not limited to the use of judicial process.

E. To establish and maintain offices which shall be located within one or more of the member states.

344

F. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.

345

G. To borrow, accept, hire or contract for services of personnel.

H. To establish and appoint committees including, but not limited to, an executive
committee as required by Article IX, Section E, which shall have the power to act on behalf
of the Interstate Commission in carrying out its powers and duties hereunder.

I. To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees, agents, or consultants, and to fix their compensation, define their duties and determine their qualifications; and to establish the Interstate Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, rates of compensation, and qualifications of personnel.

J. To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of it.

355 K. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or otherwise to own, 356 hold, improve or use any property, real, personal, or mixed.

L. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose
 of any property, real, personal or mixed.

359

M. To establish a budget and make expenditures.

N. To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and operation of the
 Interstate Commission.

362 O. To report annually to the legislatures, governors, judiciary, and state councils 363 of the member states concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission during the 364 preceding year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been 365 adopted by the Interstate Commission.

P. To coordinate education, training and public awareness regarding the compact,
 its implementation and operation for officials and parents involved in such activity.

368 Q. To establish uniform standards for the reporting, collecting and exchanging of
 369 data.

R. To maintain corporate books and records in accordance with the bylaws.

371 S. To perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the
 372 purposes of this compact.

18

373 T. To provide for the uniform collection and sharing of information between and 374 among member states, schools and military families under this compact. 375 **ARTICLE XI** ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION 376 377 A. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members present and voting, within 12 months after the first Interstate Commission meeting, adopt bylaws to 378 govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of the 379 380 compact, including, but not limited to: 381 1. Establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate Commission; 382 2. Establishing an executive committee, and such other committees as may be 383 necessary; 384 3. Providing for the establishment of committees and for governing any general or 385 specific delegation of authority or function of the Interstate Commission; 386 4. Providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings of the Interstate Commission, and ensuring reasonable notice of each such meeting; 387 388 5. Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the officers and staff of the 389 **Interstate Commission;** 390 6. Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of the Interstate 391 Commission and the return of surplus funds that may exist upon the termination of the 392 compact after the payment and reserving of all of its debts and obligations. 393 7. Providing "start up" rules for initial administration of the compact. 394 B. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members, elect annually from among its members a chairperson, a vice-chairperson, and a treasurer, each of whom 395 396 shall have such authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws. The chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the vice-chairperson, shall preside at all 397 398 meetings of the Interstate Commission. The officers so elected shall serve without 399 compensation or remuneration from the Interstate Commission; provided that, subject to the availability of budgeted funds, the officers shall be reimbursed for ordinary and 400 401 necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in the performance of their responsibilities 402 as officers of the Interstate Commission. 403 C. Executive Committee, Officers and Personnel 404 1. The executive committee shall have such authority and duties as may be set forth 405 in the bylaws, including but not limited to: 406 a. Managing the affairs of the Interstate Commission in a manner consistent with

407 the bylaws and purposes of the Interstate Commission;

b. Overseeing an organizational structure within, and appropriate procedures for
 the Interstate Commission to provide for the creation of rules, operating procedures, and
 administrative and technical support functions; and

c. Planning, implementing, and coordinating communications and activities with
other state, federal and local government organizations in order to advance the goals of the
Interstate Commission.

2. The executive committee may, subject to the approval of the Interstate Commission, appoint or retain an executive director for such period, upon such terms and conditions and for such compensation, as the Interstate Commission may deem appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission, but shall not be a Member of the Interstate Commission. The executive director shall hire and supervise such other persons as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.

420 D. The Interstate Commission's executive director and its employees shall be 421 immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for a claim 422 for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising 423 out of or relating to an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that such 424 person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the scope of Interstate 425 Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, that such person shall not 426 be protected from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the 427 intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.

428 1. The liability of the Interstate Commission's executive director and employees or 429 Interstate Commission representatives, acting within the scope of such person's 430 employment or duties for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state 431 may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the Constitution and laws of that state 432 for state officials, employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered to be 433 an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such action. Nothing in this 434 subsection shall be construed to protect such person from suit or liability for damage, loss, 435 injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such 436 person.

437 2. The Interstate Commission shall defend the executive director and its employees 438 and, subject to the approval of the Attorney General or other appropriate legal counsel of 439 the member state represented by an Interstate Commission representative, shall defend 440 such Interstate Commission representative in any civil action seeking to impose liability 441 arising out of an actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of 442 Interstate Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that the defendant had 443 a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission

employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or 444 445 omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of 446 such person.

447 3. To the extent not covered by the state involved, member state, or the Interstate 448 Commission, the representatives or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held 449 harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission 450 451 that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or 452 responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within 453 the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that 454 the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and 455 wanton misconduct on the part of such persons.

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ARTICLE XII RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

458 A. Rulemaking Authority - The Interstate Commission shall promulgate reasonable 459 rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of this Compact. 460 Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Interstate Commission exercises its rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of this Act, or 461 the powers granted hereunder, then such an action by the Interstate Commission shall be 462 463 invalid and have no force or effect.

464 B. Rulemaking Procedure - Rules shall be made pursuant to a rulemaking process that substantially conforms to the "Model State Administrative Procedure Act", of 1981 465 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p.1 (2000) as amended, as may be appropriate to 466 467 the operations of the Interstate Commission.

468 C. Not later than thirty (30) days after a rule is promulgated, any person may file a petition for judicial review of the rule; provided, that the filing of such a petition shall 469 470 not stay or otherwise prevent the rule from becoming effective unless the court finds that the petitioner has a substantial likelihood of success. The court shall give deference to the 471 472 actions of the Interstate Commission consistent with applicable law and shall not find the rule to be unlawful if the rule represents a reasonable exercise of the Interstate 473 474 **Commission's authority.**

475 D. If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting states rejects a Rule by 476 enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact, then such rule shall have no further force and effect in any compacting state. 477

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ARTICLE XIII

OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

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480 **A. Oversight**

1. The executive, legislative and judicial branches of state government in each member state shall enforce this compact and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law.

All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any judicial
or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this
compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities or actions of the Interstate
Commission.

3. The Interstate Commission shall be entitled to receive all service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in the proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the Interstate Commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the Interstate Commission, this compact or promulgated rules.

B. Default, Technical Assistance, Suspension and Termination - If the Interstate
Commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its
obligations or responsibilities under this compact, or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the
Interstate Commission shall:

498 1. Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states, of the 499 nature of the default, the means of curing the default and any action taken by the 500 Interstate Commission. The Interstate Commission shall specify the conditions by which 501 the defaulting state must cure its default.

502

2. Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.

3. If the defaulting state fails to cure the default, the defaulting state shall be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the member states and all rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this compact shall be terminated from the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of the default.

4. Suspension or termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the Interstate Commission to the Governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the member states.

513 **5.** The state which has been suspended or terminated is responsible for all 514 assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred through the effective date of suspension 515 or termination including obligations, the performance of which extends beyond the 516 effective date of suspension or termination.

6. The Interstate Commission shall not bear any costs relating to any state that has
been found to be in default or which has been suspended or terminated from the compact,
unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing between the Interstate Commission and
the defaulting state.

521 7. The defaulting state may appeal the action of the Interstate Commission by 522 petitioning the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where 523 the Interstate Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded 524 all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorney's fees.

525 C. Dispute Resolution

The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a member state,
 to resolve disputes which are subject to the compact and which may arise among member
 states and between member and non-member states.

529 **2.** The Interstate Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation 530 and binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.

531 **D. Enforcement**

532 **1.** The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall 533 enforce the provisions and rules of this compact.

534 2. The Interstate Commission, may by majority vote of the members, initiate legal 535 action in the United State District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has 536 its principal offices, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, its 537 538 promulgated rules and bylaws, against a member state in default. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary 539 the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable 540 541 attorney's fees.

542 **3.** The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the Interstate 543 Commission. The Interstate Commission may avail itself of any other remedies available 544 under state law or the regulation of a profession.

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ARTICLE XIV FINANCING OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

547 A. The Interstate Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of the 548 reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization and ongoing activities.

549 **B.** The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from 550 each member state to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Interstate

551 Commission and its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate 552 Commission's annual budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual assessment 553 amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate 554 Commission, which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.

555 C. The Interstate Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to 556 securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge 557 the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member 558 state.

559 D. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and 560 disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be 561 subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all 562 receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall by audited 563 yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be 564 included in and become part of the annual report of the Interstate Commission.

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ARTICLE XV MEMBER STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE AND AMENDMENT

567 A. Any state is eligible to become a member state.

B. The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of 568 569 the compact into law by no less than ten (10) of the states. The effective date shall be no 570 earlier than December 1, 2007. Thereafter it shall become effective and binding as to any 571 other member state upon enactment of the compact into law by that state. The governors 572 of nonmember states or their designees shall be invited to participate in the activities of the 573 Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis prior to adoption of the compact by all states. 574 C. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for 575 enactment by the member states. No amendment shall become effective and binding upon

the Interstate Commission and the member states unless and until it is enacted into law by
unanimous consent of the member states.

ARTICLE XVI

WITHDRAWAL AND DISSOLUTION

580 A. Withdrawal

581 1. Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each 582 and every member state; provided that a member state may withdraw from the compact 583 specifically repealing the statute, which enacted the compact into law.

584 **2.** Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment of a statute repealing 585 the same, but shall not take effect until one (1) year after the effective date of such statute

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and until written notice of the withdrawal has been given by the withdrawing state to the

3. The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the chairperson of the Interstate 588 589 Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the 590 withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall notify the other member states of the 591 withdrawing state's intent to withdraw within sixty (60) days of its receipt thereof. 592 4. The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations and 593 liabilities incurred through the effective date of withdrawal, including obligations, the 594 performance of which extend beyond the effective date of withdrawal. 595 5. Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the 596 withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as determined by the

597 Interstate Commission.

598 **B. Dissolution of Compact**

Governor of each other member jurisdiction.

599 1. This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default
600 of the member state which reduces the membership in the compact to one (1) member state.
601 2. Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null and void and
602 shall be of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate
603 Commission shall be concluded and compact here for de shall be distributed in accompact with

603 Commission shall be concluded and surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with604 the bylaws.

605

ARTICLE XVII

606 SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION

A. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause,
 sentence or provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact
 shall be enforceable.

610 **B.** The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its 611 purposes.

612 C. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the applicability of other
 613 interstate compacts to which the states are members.

ARTICLE XVIII

614

615

BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS

616 A. Other Laws

617 1. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a member state that
618 is not inconsistent with this compact.

619 **2.** All member states' laws conflicting with this compact are superseded to the 620 extent of the conflict.

621 **B. Binding Effect of the Compact**

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622 1. All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission, including all rules and bylaws
623 promulgated by the Interstate Commission, are binding upon the member states.

624 2. All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the member states are
625 binding in accordance with their terms.

3. In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits
imposed on the legislature of any member state, such provision shall be ineffective to the
extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that member state.

168.021. 1. Certificates of license to teach in the public schools of the state shall be 2 granted as follows:

(1) By the state board, under rules and regulations prescribed by it,

4 (a) Upon the basis of college credit;

5 (b) Upon the basis of examination;

6 (2) By the state board, under rules and regulations prescribed by the state board with 7 advice from the advisory council established by section 168.015 to any individual who presents to the state board a valid doctoral degree from an accredited institution of higher education 8 9 accredited by a regional accrediting association such as North Central Association. Such certificate shall be limited to the major area of postgraduate study of the holder, shall be issued 10 only after successful completion of the examination required for graduation pursuant to rules 11 12 adopted by the state board of education, and shall be restricted to those certificates established 13 pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section; or

(3) By the state board, which shall issue the professional certificate classification in both
the general and specialized areas most closely aligned with the current areas of certification
approved by the state board, commensurate with the years of teaching experience of the
applicant, and based upon the following criteria:

18 (a) Recommendation of a state-approved baccalaureate-level teacher preparation19 program;

(b) Successful attainment of the Missouri qualifying score on the exit assessment for
teachers or administrators designated by the state board of education. Applicants who have not
successfully achieved a qualifying score on the designated examinations will be issued a
two-year nonrenewable provisional certificate; and

(c) Upon completion of a background check and possession of a valid teaching certificatein the state from which the applicant's teacher preparation program was completed.

2. All valid teaching certificates issued pursuant to law or state board policies and 27 regulations prior to September 1, 1988, shall be exempt from the professional development 28 requirements of this section and shall continue in effect until they expire, are revoked or 29 suspended, as provided by law. When such certificates are required to be renewed, the state

30 board or its designee shall grant to each holder of such a certificate the certificate most nearly

31 equivalent to the one so held. Anyone who holds, as of August 28, 2003, a valid PC-I, PC-II,

- 32 or continuous professional certificate shall, upon expiration of his or her current certificate, be
- 33 issued the appropriate level of certificate based upon the classification system established
- 34 pursuant to subsection 3 of this section.

35 3. Certificates of license to teach in the public schools of the state shall be based upon 36 minimum requirements prescribed by the state board of education. The state board shall provide 37 for the following levels of professional certification: an initial professional certificate and a 38 career continuous professional certificate.

(1) The initial professional certificate shall be issued upon completion of requirements
established by the state board of education and shall be valid based upon verification of actual
teaching within a specified time period established by the state board of education. The state
board shall require holders of the four-year initial professional certificate to:

43 (a) Participate in a mentoring program approved and provided by the district for a44 minimum of two years;

45 (b) Complete thirty contact hours of professional development, which may include hours46 spent in class in an appropriate college curriculum; and

47

(c) Participate in a beginning teacher assistance program;

(2) (a) The career continuous professional certificate shall be issued upon verification
of completion of four years of teaching under the initial professional certificate and upon
verification of the completion of the requirements articulated in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of
subdivision (1) of this subsection.

52 (b) The career continuous professional certificate shall be continuous based upon 53 verification of actual employment in an educational position as provided for in state board 54 guidelines and completion of fifteen contact hours of professional development per year which 55 may include hours spent in class in an appropriate college curriculum. Should the possessor of 56 a valid career continuous professional certificate fail, in any given year, to meet the fifteen-hour professional development requirement, the possessor may, within two years, make up the 57 58 missing hours. In order to make up for missing hours, the possessor shall first complete the 59 fifteen-hour requirement for the current year and then may count hours in excess of the current 60 year requirement as make-up hours. Should the possessor fail to make up the missing hours 61 within two years, the certificate shall become inactive. In order to reactivate the certificate, the 62 possessor shall complete twenty-four contact hours of professional development which may 63 include hours spent in the classroom in an appropriate college curriculum within the six months 64 prior to or after reactivating his or her certificate. The requirements of this paragraph shall be

65 monitored and verified by the local school district which employs the holder of the career 66 continuous professional certificate.

67 (c) A holder of a career continuous professional certificate shall be exempt from the 68 professional development contact hour requirements of paragraph (b) of this subdivision if such 69 teacher has a local professional development plan in place within such teacher's school district 70 and meets two of the three following criteria:

71

a. Has ten years of teaching experience as defined by the state board of education;

72

b. Possesses a master's degree; or

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c. Obtains a rigorous national certification as approved by the state board of education.

4. Policies and procedures shall be established by which a teacher who was not retained due to a reduction in force may retain the current level of certification. There shall also be established policies and procedures allowing a teacher who has not been employed in an educational position for three years or more to reactivate his or her last level of certification by completing twenty-four contact hours of professional development which may include hours spent in the classroom in an appropriate college curriculum within the six months prior to or after reactivating his or her certificate.

81 5. The state board shall, upon an appropriate background check, issue a professional 82 certificate classification in the areas most closely aligned with an applicant's current areas of 83 certification, commensurate with the years of teaching experience of the applicant, to any person 84 who is hired to teach in a public school in this state and who possesses a valid teaching 85 certificate from another state, provided that the certificate holder shall annually complete the state board's requirements for such level of certification, and shall establish policies by which 86 87 residents of states other than the state of Missouri may be assessed a fee for a certificate license to teach in the public schools of Missouri. Such fee shall be in an amount sufficient to recover 88 any or all costs associated with the issuing of a certificate of license to teach. The board shall 89 promulgate rules to authorize the issuance of a provisional certificate of license, which shall 90 91 allow the holder to assume classroom duties pending the completion of a criminal 92 background check under section 168.133, for any applicant who:

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Is the spouse of a member of the armed forces stationed in Missouri;
 Relocated from another state within one year of the date of application;

95 (3) Underwent a criminal background check in order to be issued a teaching 96 certificate of license from another state; and

97

(4) Otherwise qualifies under this section.

6. The state board may assess to holders of an initial professional certificate a fee, to be deposited into the excellence in education revolving fund established pursuant to section 100 160.268, RSMo, for the issuance of the career continuous professional certificate. However, such fee shall not exceed the combined costs of issuance and any criminal background checkrequired as a condition of issuance.

103 7. Any member of the public school retirement system of Missouri who entered covered 104 employment with ten or more years of educational experience in another state or states and held 105 a certificate issued by another state and subsequently worked in a school district covered by the 106 public school retirement system of Missouri for ten or more years who later became certificated 107 in Missouri shall have that certificate dated back to his or her original date of employment in a 108 Missouri public school.

170.011. 1. Regular courses of instruction in the Constitution of the United States and of the state of Missouri and in American history and institutions shall be given in all public and 2 private schools in the state of Missouri, except privately operated trade schools, and shall begin 3 4 not later than the seventh grade and continue in high school to an extent determined by the state 5 commissioner of education, and shall continue in college and university courses to an extent 6 determined by the state commissioner of higher education. In the 1990-91 school year and each year thereafter, local school districts maintaining high schools shall comply with the provisions 7 of this section by offering in grade nine, ten, eleven, or twelve a course of instruction in the 8 institutions, branches and functions of the government of the state of Missouri, including local 9 governments, and of the government of the United States, and in the electoral process. A local 10 11 school district maintaining such a high school shall require that prior to the completion of the 12 twelfth grade each pupil, who receives a high school diploma or certificate of graduation on or after January 1, 1994, shall satisfactorily complete such a course of study. Such course shall be 13 of at least one semester in length and may be two semesters in length. The department of 14 15 elementary and secondary education may provide assistance in developing such a course if the district requests assistance. A school district may elect to waive the requirements of this 16 17 subsection for any student who transfers from outside the state to a Missouri high school 18 if the student can furnish documentation deemed acceptable by the school district of the 19 student's successful completion in any year from the ninth through the twelfth grade of a 20 course of instruction in the institutions, branches, and functions of state government, 21 including local governments, and of the government of the United States, and in the 22 electoral process.

23 2. American history courses at the elementary and secondary levels shall include in their
 24 proper time-line sequence specific referrals to the details and events of the racial equality
 25 movement that have caused major changes in United States and Missouri laws and attitudes.

3. No pupil shall receive a certificate of graduation from any public or private school
other than private trade schools unless he has satisfactorily passed an examination on the
provisions and principles of the Constitution of the United States and of the state of Missouri,

and in American history and American institutions. A school district may elect to waive the 29 30 requirements of this subsection for any student who transfers from outside the state to a 31 Missouri high school if the student can furnish documentation deemed acceptable by the school district of the student's successful completion in any year from the ninth through 32 33 the twelfth grade of a course of instruction in the institutions, branches, and functions of 34 state government, including local governments, and of the government of the United States, 35 and in the electoral process. A student of a college or university, who, after having completed 36 a course of instruction prescribed in this section and successfully passed an examination on the 37 United States Constitution, and in American history and American institutions required hereby, 38 transfers to another college or university, is not required to complete another such course or pass 39 another such examination as a condition precedent to his graduation from the college or 40 university. 41 4. In the 1990-91 school year and each year thereafter, each school district maintaining 42 a high school may annually nominate to the state board of education a student who has 43 demonstrated knowledge of the principles of government and citizenship through academic 44 achievement, participation in extracurricular activities, and service to the community. Annually, the state board of education shall select fifteen students from those nominated by the local school 45 46 districts and shall recognize and award them for their academic achievement, participation and 47 service. 48 5. [The state commissioner of education and the state commissioner of higher education shall make arrangements for carrying out the provisions of this section and prescribe a list of 49 50 suitable texts adapted to the needs of the school grades and college courses, respectively. 51 6. The willful neglect of any superintendent, principal or teacher to observe and carry 52 out the requirements of this section is sufficient cause for termination of his contract. 53 7.] The provisions of this section shall not apply to students from foreign countries who 54 are enrolled in public or private high schools in Missouri, if such students are foreign exchange 55 students sponsored by a national organization recognized by the department of elementary and 56 secondary education. 173.234. 1. As used in this section, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the 2 following terms mean: 3 (1) "Board", the coordinating board for higher education; 4 (2) "Books", any books required for any course for which tuition was paid by a

5 grant awarded under this section;

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(3) "Grant", the war veteran's survivors grant as established in this section;

7 (4) "Institution of postsecondary education", any approved Missouri public 8 institution of postsecondary education, as defined in section 173.205;

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9 (5) "Survivor", a child or spouse of a war veteran; 10 (6) "Tuition", any tuition or incidental fee, or both, charged by an institution of postsecondary education for attendance at the institution by a student as a resident of this 11 12 state. The tuition grant shall not exceed the amount of tuition charged a Missouri resident at the University of Missouri-Columbia for attendance; 13

14 (7) "War veteran", a person who served in armed combat in the military and to 15 whom the following criteria shall apply:

16 (a) The veteran was a Missouri resident when first entering the military service and 17 at the time of death or injury; and

18 (b) The veteran dies as a result of combat action or the veteran's death was certified 19 by a Veterans' Administration medical authority to be attributable to an illness that was contracted while serving in combat, or who became eighty percent disabled as a result of 20 21 injuries or accidents sustained in combat action.

22 2. Within the limits of the amounts appropriated therefor, the coordinating board for higher education shall award annually up to twenty-five grants to survivors of war 23 24 veterans to attend institutions of postsecondary education in this state, which shall continue 25 to be awarded annually to eligible recipients as long as the recipient achieves and maintains a cumulative grade point average of at least two and one-half on a four point scale, or its 26 27 equivalent. If the waiting list of eligible survivors exceeds fifty, the coordinating board 28 may petition the general assembly to expand the quota. If the quota is not expanded, then 29 the eligibility of survivors on the waiting list shall be extended.

30 3. A survivor may receive a grant under this section only so long as the survivor is 31 enrolled in a program leading to a certificate, or an associate or baccalaureate degree. In 32 no event shall a survivor receive a grant beyond the completion of the first baccalaureate 33 degree, regardless of age.

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4. The coordinating board for higher education shall:

35 (1) Promulgate all necessary rules and regulations for the implementation of this 36 section; and

37 (2) Provide the forms and determine the procedures necessary for a survivor to apply for and receive a grant under this section. 38

39 5. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, 40 that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if 41 42 applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable 43 and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, 44 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently

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held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or
adopted after August 28, 2008, shall be invalid and void.

6. In order to be eligible to receive a grant under this section, a survivor shall be certified as eligible by the Missouri veterans' commission. In the case of an illness-related death, such certification shall be made upon qualified medical certification by a Veterans' Administration medical authority that the illness was both a direct result of the veteran's combat service and a substantial factor in the cause of the resulting death of the veteran.

52 7. A survivor who is enrolled or has been accepted for enrollment as an 53 undergraduate postsecondary student at an approved institution of postsecondary 54 education, and who is selected to receive a grant under this section, shall receive the 55 following:

(1) An amount not to exceed the actual tuition charged at the approved institution
 of postsecondary education where the survivor is enrolled or accepted for enrollment;

(2) An allowance of up to two thousand dollars per semester for room and board;
and

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(3) The actual cost of books, up to a maximum of five hundred dollars per semester.

61 8. A survivor who is a recipient of a grant may transfer from one approved public institution of postsecondary education to another without losing his or her entitlement 62 under this section. The board shall make necessary adjustments in the amount of the 63 64 grant. If a grant recipient at any time withdraws from the institution of postsecondary 65 education so that under the rules and regulations of that institution he or she is entitled to a refund of any tuition, fees, room and board, books, or other charges, the institution shall 66 pay the portion of the refund to which he or she is entitled attributable to the grant for that 67 68 semester or similar grading period to the board.

9. If a survivor is granted financial assistance under any other student aid program,
public or private, the full amount of such aid shall be reported to the board by the
institution and the eligible survivor.

10. Nothing in this section shall be construed as a promise or guarantee that a person will be admitted to an institution of postsecondary education or to a particular institution of postsecondary education, will be allowed to continue to attend an institution of postsecondary education after having been admitted, or will be graduated from an institution of postsecondary education.

11. The benefits conferred by this section shall be available to any academically qualified surviving spouse or children of war veterans. Surviving children who are eligible shall be permitted to apply for full benefits conferred by this section until they reach twenty-five years of age. 81

12. Pursuant to section 23.253, RSMo, of the Missouri sunset act:

(1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall sunset
 automatically six years after the effective date of this section unless reauthorized by an act
 of the general assembly; and

(2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section
 shall sunset automatically twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this
 section; and

(3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately
 following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset.

173.900. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Missouri Returning 2 Heroes' Education Act".

3 2. For the purpose of this section, the term ''combat veteran'' shall mean a person
4 who served in armed combat in the military after September 11, 2001, and to whom the
5 following criteria shall apply:

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(1) The veteran was a Missouri resident when first entering the military; and

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(2) The veteran was discharged from military service under honorable conditions.

8 3. All public institutions of higher education that receive any state funds 9 appropriated by the general assembly shall limit the amount of tuition such institutions 10 charge to combat veterans to fifty dollars per credit hour, as long as the veteran achieves and maintains a cumulative grade point average of at least two and one-half on a four 11 point scale, or its equivalent. The tuition limitation shall only be applicable if the combat 12 veteran is enrolled in a program leading to a certificate, or an associate or baccalaureate 13 degree. The period during which a combat veteran is eligible for a tuition limitation under 14 15 this section shall expire at the end of the ten-year period beginning on the date of such veteran's last discharge from service. 16

4. The coordinating board for higher education shall ensure that all applicable
institutions of higher education in this state comply with the provisions of this section and
may promulgate rules for the efficient implementation of this section.

20 5. If a combat veteran is eligible to receive financial assistance under any other 21 federal or state student aid program, public or private, the full amount of such aid shall 22 be reported to the board by the institution and the veteran. The tuition limitation under 23 this section shall be provided after all other federal and state aid for which the veteran is 24 eligible has been applied, and no combat veteran shall receive more than the actual cost of 25 attendance when the limitation is combined with other aid made available to such veteran. 26 6. Each institution may report to the board the amount of tuition waived in the 27 previous fiscal year under the provisions of this act. This information may be included in

each institution's request for appropriations to the board for the following year. The 28 29 board may include this information in its appropriations recommendations to the governor and the general assembly. The general assembly may reimburse institutions for the cost 30 31 of the waiver for the previous year as part of the operating budget. Nothing in this 32 subsection shall be construed to deny a combat veteran a tuition limitation if the general assembly does not appropriate money for reimbursement to an institution. 33

34 7. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, 35 that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if 36 applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable 37 38 and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, 39 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 40 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or 41 adopted after August 28, 2008, shall be invalid and void.

452.412. A party's absence, relocation, or failure to comply with custody and visitation orders shall not, by itself, be sufficient to justify a modification of a custody or 2

3 visitation order if the reason for the absence, relocation, or failure to comply is the party's

4 activation to military service and deployment out-of-state.

620.515. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "[Guard] Hero at Home" program [whose], the purpose of which is to: 2

3 (1) Assist the spouse of an active duty national guard or reserve component service member reservist to address immediate needs and employment in an attempt to keep the family 4 5 from falling into poverty while the primary income earner is on active duty, and during the one-6 year period following discharge from deployment; and

7 (2) Assist returning national guard troops or reserve component service member reservists with finding work in situations where an individual needs to rebuild business clientele 8 9 or where an individual's job has been eliminated while such individual was deployed, or where

10 the individual otherwise cannot return to his or her previous employment.

11 2. Subject to appropriation, the department of economic development shall [enter] 12 operate the hero at home program through existing programs or by entering into a contract with qualified providers through local workforce investment boards [to provide the guard at 13 14 home program. The department shall develop the criteria of the contract]. Eligibility for the 15 program shall be based on the following criteria: 16

(1) Eligible participants in the program shall be those families where:

17 (a) The primary income earner was called to active duty in defense of the United States 18 for a period of more than four months;

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(b) The family's primary income is no longer available;

20 (c) The family is experiencing significant hardship due to financial burdens; and

21 (d) The family has no outside resources available to assist with such hardships;

(2) Services that may be provided to the family will be aimed at ameliorating the
 immediate crisis and providing a path for economic stability while the primary income is not
 available due to the active military commitment. Services shall be made available up to one
 year following discharge from deployment. Services may include, but not be limited to the

26 following:

(a) Financial assistance to families facing financial crisis from overdue bills due toreduced income after the deployment of a spouse;

29 (b) Help paying day care costs to pursue training and or employment;

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(c) Help covering the costs of transportation to training and or employment;

31 (d) Vocational evaluation and vocational counseling to help the individual choose a32 visible employment goal;

(e) Vocational training to acquire or upgrade skills needed to be marketable in theworkforce;

35 (f) Paid internships and subsidized employment to train on the job; and

36 (g) Job placement assistance for those who don't require skills training;

37 (3) The department shall ensure the eligible providers are:

(a) Community-based not-for-profit agencies which have significant experience in job
 training, placement, and social services;

40 (b) Providers with extensive experience providing such services to veterans and 41 implementing contracts with veteran organizations such as the department of veteran affairs;

42 (c) Providers which have attained the distinction of being accredited through a national43 accreditation body for training and or human services;

44 (d) Providers which are able to provide a twenty percent match to the program either45 through indirect or direct expenditures; and

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(e) Providers with experience in the regions targeted for the program.

3. The department shall structure [the] any contract such that payment will be based on
delivering the services described in this section as well as performance to guarantee the greatest
possible effectiveness of the program.

4. Because of the important nature of this program to the health and welfare of Missourians, this section shall become effective on July 1, 2006. The department shall make every reasonable effort to ensure that the [guard] **hero** at home program is serving families by August 1, 2006.

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54 5. The department shall prepare a report on the operations and progress of the program 55 to be delivered to the speaker of the house of representatives and the president pro tem of the 56 senate no later than January 1, 2007.