SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 2142

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVES SCHAD (Sponsor), SANDER AND FRANZ (Co-sponsors).

Read 1st time February 14, 2008 and copies ordered printed.

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

4830L.01I

AN ACT

To repeal sections 452.340 and 454.557, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to termination of child support.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 452.340 and 454.557, RSMo, are repealed and two new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 452.340 and 454.557, to read as follows:

452.340. 1. In a proceeding for dissolution of marriage, legal separation or child support, the court may order either or both parents owing a duty of support to a child of the marriage to pay an amount reasonable or necessary for the support of the child, including an award retroactive to the date of filing the petition, without regard to marital misconduct, after considering all relevant factors including:

- 6 (1) The financial needs and resources of the child;
- 7 (2) The financial resources and needs of the parents;
- 8 (3) The standard of living the child would have enjoyed had the marriage not been 9 dissolved;
- 10 (4) The physical and emotional condition of the child, and the child's educational needs;
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 - (5) The child's physical and legal custody arrangements, including the amount of time
- 12 the child spends with each parent and the reasonable expenses associated with the custody or
- 13 visitation arrangements; and
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- (6) The reasonable work-related child care expenses of each parent.

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

15 2. The obligation of the parent ordered to make support payments shall abate, in whole 16 or in part, for such periods of time in excess of thirty consecutive days that the other parent has 17 voluntarily relinquished physical custody of a child to the parent ordered to pay child support, notwithstanding any periods of visitation or temporary physical and legal or physical or legal 18 19 custody pursuant to a judgment of dissolution or legal separation or any modification thereof. 20 In a IV-D case, the family support division may determine the amount of the abatement pursuant 21 to this subsection for any child support order and shall record the amount of abatement in the 22 automated child support system record established pursuant to chapter 454, RSMo. If the case 23 is not a IV-D case and upon court order, the circuit clerk shall record the amount of abatement 24 in the automated child support system record established in chapter 454, RSMo.

3. Unless the circumstances of the child manifestly dictate otherwise and the court
specifically so provides, the obligation of a parent to make child support payments shall
terminate when the child:

28 (1) Dies;

29 (2) Marries;

30 (3) Enters active duty in the military;

(4) Becomes self-supporting, provided that the custodial parent has relinquished the child
 from parental control by express or implied consent;

(5) Reaches age eighteen, unless the provisions of subsection 4 or 5 of this section apply;
or

(6) Reaches age twenty-one, unless the provisions of the child support order specifically
 extend the parental support order past the child's twenty-first birthday for reasons provided by
 subsection 4 of this section.

4. If the child is physically or mentally incapacitated from supporting himself and
insolvent and unmarried, the court may extend the parental support obligation past the child's
eighteenth birthday.

41 5. If when a child reaches age eighteen, the child is enrolled in and attending a secondary 42 school program of instruction, the parental support obligation shall continue, if the child 43 continues to attend and progresses toward completion of said program, until the child completes 44 such program or reaches age twenty-one, whichever first occurs. If the child is enrolled in an 45 institution of vocational or higher education not later than October first following graduation 46 from a secondary school or completion of a graduation equivalence degree program and so long 47 as the child enrolls for and completes at least twelve hours of credit each semester, not including 48 the summer semester, at an institution of vocational or higher education and achieves grades 49 sufficient to reenroll at such institution, the parental support obligation shall continue until the 50 child completes his or her education, or until the child reaches the age of twenty-one, whichever

51 first occurs. To remain eligible for such continued parental support, at the beginning of each 52 semester the child shall submit to each parent a transcript or similar official document provided 53 by the institution of vocational or higher education which includes the courses the child is 54 enrolled in and has completed for each term, the grades and credits received for each such 55 course, and an official document from the institution listing the courses which the child is 56 enrolled in for the upcoming term and the number of credits for each such course. When 57 enrolled in at least twelve credit hours, if the child receives failing grades in half or more of his 58 or her courseload in any one semester, payment of child support may be terminated and shall not 59 be eligible for reinstatement. Upon request for notification of the child's grades by the 60 noncustodial parent, the child shall produce the required documents to the noncustodial parent within thirty days of receipt of grades from the education institution. If the child fails to produce 61 62 the required documents, payment of child support may terminate without the accrual of any child 63 support arrearage and shall not be eligible for reinstatement. If the circumstances of the child 64 manifestly dictate, the court may waive the October first deadline for enrollment required by this subsection. If the child is enrolled in such an institution, the child or parent obligated to pay 65 66 support may petition the court to amend the order to direct the obligated parent to make the 67 payments directly to the child. As used in this section, an "institution of vocational education" 68 means any postsecondary training or schooling for which the student is assessed a fee and attends 69 classes regularly. "Higher education" means any junior college, community college, college, or 70 university at which the child attends classes regularly. A child who has been diagnosed with a 71 developmental disability, as defined in section 630.005, RSMo, or whose physical disability or 72 diagnosed health problem limits the child's ability to carry the number of credit hours prescribed 73 in this subsection, shall remain eligible for child support so long as such child is enrolled in and 74 attending an institution of vocational or higher education, and the child continues to meet the 75 other requirements of this subsection. A child who is employed at least fifteen hours per week 76 during the semester may take as few as nine credit hours per semester and remain eligible for 77 child support so long as all other requirements of this subsection are complied with.

6. The court shall consider ordering a parent to waive the right to claim the tax dependency exemption for a child enrolled in an institution of vocational or higher education in favor of the other parent if the application of state and federal tax laws and eligibility for financial aid will make an award of the exemption to the other parent appropriate.

7. The general assembly finds and declares that it is the public policy of this state that frequent, continuing and meaningful contact with both parents after the parents have separated or dissolved their marriage is in the best interest of the child except for cases where the court specifically finds that such contact is not in the best interest of the child. In order to effectuate this public policy, a court with jurisdiction shall enforce visitation, custody and child support

orders in the same manner. A court with jurisdiction may abate, in whole or in part, any past or future obligation of support and may transfer the physical and legal or physical or legal custody of one or more children if it finds that a parent has, without good cause, failed to provide visitation or physical and legal or physical or legal custody to the other parent pursuant to the terms of a judgment of dissolution, legal separation or modifications thereof. The court shall also award, if requested and for good cause shown, reasonable expenses, attorney's fees and court costs incurred by the prevailing party.

94 8. The Missouri supreme court shall have in effect a rule establishing guidelines by 95 which any award of child support shall be made in any judicial or administrative proceeding. 96 Said guidelines shall contain specific, descriptive and numeric criteria which will result in a 97 computation of the support obligation. The guidelines shall address how the amount of child 98 support shall be calculated when an award of joint physical custody results in the child or 99 children spending substantially equal time with both parents. The Missouri supreme court shall 100 publish child support guidelines and specifically list and explain the relevant factors and assumptions that were used to calculate the child support guidelines. Any rule made pursuant 101 102 to this subsection shall be reviewed by the promulgating body not less than once every four years 103 to ensure that its application results in the determination of appropriate child support award 104 amounts.

105 9. There shall be a rebuttable presumption, in any judicial or administrative proceeding 106 for the award of child support, that the amount of the award which would result from the 107 application of the guidelines established pursuant to subsection 8 of this section is the correct 108 amount of child support to be awarded. A written finding or specific finding on the record in a 109 judicial or administrative proceeding that the application of the guidelines would be unjust or 110 inappropriate in a particular case, after considering all relevant factors, including the factors set 111 out in subsection 1 of this section, is required if requested by a party and shall be sufficient to 112 rebut the presumption in the case. The written finding or specific finding on the record shall 113 detail the specific relevant factors that required a deviation from the application of the guidelines. 114 10. Pursuant to this or any other chapter, when a court determines the amount owed by 115 a parent for support provided to a child by another person, other than a parent, prior to the date 116 of filing of a petition requesting support, or when the director of the family support division 117 establishes the amount of state debt due pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 118 454.465, RSMo, the court or director shall use the guidelines established pursuant to subsection 119 8 of this section. The amount of child support resulting from the application of the guidelines 120 shall be applied retroactively for a period prior to the establishment of a support order and the 121 length of the period of retroactivity shall be left to the discretion of the court or director. There

122 shall be a rebuttable presumption that the amount resulting from application of the guidelines

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under subsection 8 of this section constitutes the amount owed by the parent for the period prior to the date of the filing of the petition for support or the period for which state debt is being established. In applying the guidelines to determine a retroactive support amount, when information as to average monthly income is available, the court or director may use the average monthly income of the noncustodial parent, as averaged over the period of retroactivity, in

determining the amount of presumed child support owed for the period of retroactivity. The court or director may enter a different amount in a particular case upon finding, after consideration of all relevant factors, including the factors set out in subsection 1 of this section, that there is sufficient cause to rebut the presumed amount.

132 11. The obligation of a parent to make child support payments may be terminated as133 follows:

(1) Provided that the state case registry or child support order contains the child's date
of birth, the obligation shall be deemed terminated without further judicial or administrative
process when the child reaches age twenty-one if the child support order does not specifically
require payment of child support beyond age twenty-one for reasons provided by subsection 4
of this section;

139 (2) The obligation shall be deemed terminated without further judicial or administrative 140 process when the parent receiving child support furnishes a sworn statement or affidavit 141 notifying the obligor parent of the child's emancipation in accordance with the requirements of 142 subsection 4 of section 452.370, and a copy of such sworn statement or affidavit is filed with the 143 court which entered the order establishing the child support obligation, or the **family support** 144 division [of child support enforcement] for an order entered under section 454.470, RSMo; 145 (3) The obligation shall be deemed terminated without further judicial or administrative 146 process when the parent paying child support files a sworn statement or affidavit with the court 147 which entered the order establishing the child support obligation, or the family support division 148 for an order entered under section 454.470, RSMo, stating that the child is emancipated and 149 reciting the factual basis for such statement; which statement or affidavit is served by the court 150 or division, as applicable, on the child support obligee; and which is either acknowledged and 151 affirmed by the child support obligee in writing, or which is not responded to in writing within 152 thirty days of receipt by the child support obligee;

(4) The obligation shall be terminated as provided by this subdivision by the court which entered the order establishing the child support obligation, or the family support division **for an order entered under section 454.470, RSMo**, when the parent paying child support files a sworn statement or affidavit with the court which entered the order establishing the child support obligation, or the family support division, **as applicable**, stating that the child is emancipated and reciting the factual basis for such statement; and which statement or affidavit is served by

159 the court or division, as applicable, on the child support obligee. If the obligee denies the 160 statement or affidavit, the court or division shall thereupon treat the sworn statement or affidavit 161 as a [motion to modify the support obligation pursuant to section 452.370 or section 454.496, 162 RSMo] request for hearing, and shall proceed to hear and adjudicate such [motion] request for 163 hearing as provided by law; provided that the court may require the payment of a deposit as 164 security for court costs and any accrued court costs, as provided by law, in relation to such [motion to modify] request for hearing. When the division receives a request for hearing, 165 the hearing shall be held in the manner provided by section 454.475, RSMo. 166

167 12. The court may enter a judgment terminating child support pursuant to subdivisions 168 (1) to (3) of subsection 11 of this section without necessity of a court appearance by either party. 169 The clerk of the court shall mail a copy of a judgment terminating child support entered pursuant 170 to subsection 11 of this section on both the obligor and obligee parents. The supreme court may 171 promulgate uniform forms for sworn statements and affidavits to terminate orders of child 172 support obligations for use pursuant to subsection 11 of this section and subsection 4 of section 173 452.370.

454.557. 1. A current support obligation shall not be recorded in the records maintained2 in the automated child support system in the following cases:

3 (1) In a IV-D case with a support order pursuant to section 454.465 or 454.470 when the 4 division determines that payments for current support are no longer due and should no longer be 5 made to the payment center. The division shall notify by first class mail the obligor and obligee 6 under the support orders that payments shall no longer be made to the payment center, and any 7 withholding of income shall be terminated unless it is subsequently determined by the division 8 or court having jurisdiction that payments will continue. The division's determination shall 9 terminate the division's support order, but shall not terminate any obligation of support 10 established by court order. The obligor and obligee may contest the decision of the division to terminate the division's support order by requesting a hearing within thirty days of the mailing 11 12 of the notice provided pursuant to this section. The hearing shall comply with the provisions of 13 section 454.475;

(2) In [a IV-D case] all cases with a support order entered by a court when the court that
 issued the support order terminates such order [and notifies the division]. The division shall also
 cease enforcing the order if no past support is due; or

17 (3) In all cases when the [child is twenty-two years of age, unless a court orders support 18 to continue. The obligor or obligee may contest the decision of the division to terminate 19 accruing support orders by requesting a hearing within thirty days of the mailing of notice by the 20 division. The hearing shall comply with the provisions of section 454.475. The issue at the 21 hearing, if any, shall be limited to a mistake of fact as to the age of the child or the existence of

22 a court order requiring support after the age of twenty-two] obligation of a parent to make

23 child support payments is deemed terminated under subdivisions (1) to (4) of subsection

24 **11 of section 452.340, RSMo**.

252. Nothing in this section shall affect or terminate the amount due for unpaid past26 support.

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