

HB 2368 -- Intoxication-Related Traffic Offenses

Sponsor: Roorda

This bill defines "intoxication-related traffic homicide" as involuntary manslaughter in which the person operates a motor vehicle in an intoxicated condition to cause the death of another person or murder in the second degree or a homicide from another state where the underlying conduct would have constituted an intoxication-related traffic homicide in this state. The definitions of "aggravated offender," "chronic offender," "intoxication-related traffic offense," "persistent offender," and "prior offender" are expanded to include intoxication-related traffic homicide.