SENATE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE NO. 2

FOR

HOUSE BILL NOS. 1692, 1209, 1405, 1499, 1535 & 1811

AN ACT

To repeal sections 193.145, 193.265, 208.010, 214.160, 214.270, 214.276, 214.277, 214.283, 214.290, 214.300, 214.310, 214.320, 214.325, 214.330, 214.335, 214.340, 214.345, 214.360, 214.363, 214.365, 214.367, 214.387, 214.392, 214.400, 214.410, 214.500, 214.504, 214.508, 214.512, 214.516, 214.550, 288.034, 327.031, 327.041, 327.351, 327.411, 339.010, 339.020, 339.030, 339.040, 339.080, 339.110, 339.160, 339.170, 339.503, 339.710, 452.430, 511.580, 537.296, 563.011, 563.031, 571.030, 571.070, 571.104, and 571.107, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eighty-eight new sections relating to real estate, with penalty provisions.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

1	Sect	tion A.	Sections :	193.145,	193.265,	208.010,	214.160,
2	214.270,	214.276,	214.277,	214.283,	214.290,	214.300,	214.310,
3	214.320,	214.325,	214.330,	214.335,	214.340,	214.345,	214.360,
4	214.363,	214.365,	214.367,	214.387,	214.392,	214.400,	214.410,
5	214.500,	214.504,	214.508,	214.512,	214.516,	214.550,	288.034,
6	327.031,	327.041,	327.351,	327.411,	339.010,	339.020,	339.030,
7	339.040,	339.080,	339.110,	339.160,	339.170,	339.503,	339.710,
8	452.430,	511.580,	537.296,	563.011,	563.031,	571.030,	571.070,
9	571.104,	and 571.	107, RSMo	, are rep	ealed and	eighty-e	ight new

sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 1 2 171.185, 193.145, 193.265, 208.010, 214.160, 214.270, 214.276, 3 214.277, 214.282, 214.283, 214.300, 214.310, 214.320, 214.325, 214.330, 214.335, 214.340, 214.345, 214.360, 214.363, 214.365, 4 5 214.367, 214.387, 214.389, 214.392, 214.400, 214.410, 214.500, 6 214.504, 214.508, 214.512, 214.516, 214.550, 246.310, 288.034, 7 306.532, 327.031, 327.041, 327.351, 327.411, 339.010, 339.020, 339.030, 339.040, 339.080, 339.110, 339.160, 339.170, 339.503, 8 9 339.710, 339.845, 339.1100, 339.1105, 339.1110, 339.1115, 10 339.1120, 339.1125, 339.1130, 339.1135, 339.1140, 339.1145, 339.1150, 339.1155, 339.1160, 339.1170, 339.1175, 339.1180, 11 339.1185, 339.1190, 339.1200, 339.1205, 339.1210, 339.1215, 12 339.1220, 339.1230, 339.1235, 339.1240, 441.645, 452.430, 13 493.055, 511.580, 537.296, 563.011, 563.031, 571.030, 571.070, 14 15 571.104 and 571.107 to read as follows:

16 <u>171.185. No school district located in any city of the</u> 17 <u>third classification with more than forty-six thousand eight</u> 18 <u>hundred but fewer than forty-seven thousand inhabitants shall</u> 19 <u>operate a materials recovery and recycling facility within five</u> 20 <u>hundred feet of a residential property.</u>

21 193.145. 1. A certificate of death for each death which 22 occurs in this state shall be filed with the local registrar, or 23 as otherwise directed by the state registrar, within five days 24 after death and shall be registered if such certificate has been 25 completed and filed pursuant to this section. All data providers 26 in the death registration process, including, but not limited to, 27 the state registrar, local registrars, the state medical 28 examiner, county medical examiners, coroners, funeral directors,

1	embalmers, sheriffs, attending physicians and resident
2	physicians, chief medical officers of licensed health care
3	facilities, and other public or private institutions providing
4	medical care, treatment, or confinement to persons, shall be
5	required to use any electronic death registration system required
6	under subsection 1 of section 193.265 within six months of the
7	system being certified by the director of the department of
8	health and senior services to be operational and available to all
9	data providers in the death registration process. Nothing in
10	this section shall prevent the state registrar from adopting
11	pilot programs or voluntary electronic death registration
12	programs until such time as the system can be certified, however,
13	no such pilot or voluntary electronic death registration program
14	shall prevent the filing of a death certificate with the local
15	registrar or the ability to obtain certified copies of death
16	certificates under subsection 2 of section 193.265 until six
17	months after said certification that the system is operational.
18	Within eighteen months of said certification of the electronic
19	death registration system as being operational, the department
20	shall have in place such systems so as to allow the funeral
21	director filing the death certificate to print certified copies
22	of the certificates, after the certificates have been
23	electronically registered, at a licensed funeral establishment.
24	Any such fees for the certified copies printed at a licensed
25	funeral establishment shall be directed as if the certified
26	copies were obtained from the local registrar where the licensed
27	funeral establishment is located.
28	2. If the place of death is unknown but the dead body is

found in this state, the certificate of death shall be completed and filed pursuant to the provisions of this section. The place where the body is found shall be shown as the place of death. The date of death shall be the date on which the remains were found.

6 3. When death occurs in a moving conveyance in the United 7 States and the body is first removed from the conveyance in this 8 state, the death shall be registered in this state and the place 9 where the body is first removed shall be considered the place of 10 When a death occurs on a moving conveyance while in death. international waters or air space or in a foreign country or its 11 12 air space and the body is first removed from the conveyance in 13 this state, the death shall be registered in this state but the 14 certificate shall show the actual place of death if such place 15 may be determined.

4. The funeral director or person in charge of final
 disposition of the dead body shall file the certificate of death.
 The funeral director or person in charge of the final disposition
 of the dead body shall obtain or verify:

20 (1) The personal data from the next of kin or the best21 qualified person or source available; and

(2) The medical certification from the person responsiblefor such certification.

5. The medical certification shall be completed, attested to its accuracy either by signature or an electronic process approved by the department, and returned to the funeral director or person in charge of final disposition within seventy-two hours after death by the physician in charge of the patient's care for

the illness or condition which resulted in death. In the absence 1 2 of the physician or with the physician's approval the certificate may be completed and attested to its accuracy either by signature 3 4 or an approved electronic process by the physician's associate 5 physician, the chief medical officer of the institution in which 6 death occurred, or the physician who performed an autopsy upon 7 the decedent, provided such individual has access to the medical 8 history of the case, views the deceased at or after death and 9 death is due to natural causes. The state registrar may approve 10 alternate methods of obtaining and processing the medical certification and filing the death certificate. 11 The Social 12 Security number of any individual who has died shall be placed in 13 the records relating to the death and recorded on the death 14 certificate.

15 6. When death occurs from natural causes more than 16 thirty-six hours after the decedent was last treated by a 17 physician, the case shall be referred to the county medical examiner or coroner or physician or local registrar for 18 19 investigation to determine and certify the cause of death. Τf 20 the death is determined to be of a natural cause, the medical 21 examiner or coroner or local registrar shall refer the 22 certificate of death to the attending physician for such 23 physician's certification. If the attending physician refuses or 24 is otherwise unavailable, the medical examiner or coroner or 25 local registrar shall attest to the accuracy of the certificate 26 of death either by signature or an approved electronic process 27 within thirty-six hours.

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7. If the circumstances suggest that the death was caused

by other than natural causes, the medical examiner or coroner shall determine the cause of death and shall complete and attest to the accuracy either by signature or an approved electronic process the medical certification within seventy-two hours after taking charge of the case.

6 8. If the cause of death cannot be determined within 7 seventy-two hours after death, the attending medical examiner or 8 coroner or attending physician or local registrar shall give the 9 funeral director, or person in charge of final disposition of the 10 dead body, notice of the reason for the delay, and final disposition of the body shall not be made until authorized by the 11 12 medical examiner or coroner, attending physician or local 13 registrar.

14 9. When a death is presumed to have occurred within this 15 state but the body cannot be located, a death certificate may be 16 prepared by the state registrar upon receipt of an order of a 17 court of competent jurisdiction which shall include the finding of facts required to complete the death certificate. Such a 18 19 death certificate shall be marked "Presumptive", show on its face 20 the date of registration, and identify the court and the date of 21 decree.

193.265. 1. For the issuance of a certification or copy of a death record, the applicant shall pay a fee of thirteen dollars for the first certification or copy and a fee of ten dollars for each additional copy ordered at that time. For the issuance of a certification or copy of a birth, marriage, divorce, or fetal death record, the applicant shall pay a fee of fifteen dollars. All fees shall be deposited to the state department of revenue.

Beginning August 28, 2004, for each vital records fee collected, 1 2 the director of revenue shall credit four dollars to the general revenue fund, five dollars to the children's trust fund, one 3 4 dollar shall be credited to the endowed care cemetery audit fund, 5 and three dollars for the first copy of death records and five 6 dollars for birth, marriage, divorce, and fetal death records 7 shall be credited to the Missouri public services health fund established in section 192.900, RSMo. Money in the endowed care 8 9 cemetery audit fund shall be available by appropriation to the 10 division of professional registration to pay its expenses in administering sections 214.270 to 214.410, RSMo. All interest 11 12 earned on money deposited in the endowed care cemetery audit fund 13 shall be credited to the endowed care cemetery fund. 14 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, to the 15 contrary, money placed in the endowed care cemetery audit fund 16 shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of general 17 revenue until the amount in the fund at the end of the biennium exceeds three times the amount of the appropriation from the 18 19 endowed care cemetery audit fund for the preceding fiscal year. 20 The money deposited in the public health services fund under this 21 section shall be deposited in a separate account in the fund, and 22 moneys in such account, upon appropriation, shall be used to 23 automate and improve the state vital records system, and develop 24 and maintain an electronic birth and death registration system 25 [which shall be implemented no later than December 31, 2009]. 26 For any search of the files and records, when no record is found, 27 the state shall be entitled to a fee equal to the amount for a 28 certification of a vital record for a five-year search to be paid

by the applicant. For the processing of each legitimation, 1 2 adoption, court order or recording after the registrant's twelfth 3 birthday, the state shall be entitled to a fee equal to the amount for a certification of a vital record. Except whenever a 4 5 certified copy or copies of a vital record is required to perfect 6 any claim of any person on relief, or any dependent of any person 7 who was on relief for any claim upon the government of the state 8 or United States, the state registrar shall, upon request, 9 furnish a certified copy or so many certified copies as are 10 necessary, without any fee or compensation therefor.

2. For the issuance of a certification of a death record by 11 12 the local registrar, the applicant shall pay a fee of thirteen 13 dollars for the first certification or copy and a fee of ten 14 dollars for each additional copy ordered at that time. For the 15 issuance of a certification or copy of a birth, marriage, 16 divorce, or fetal death record, the applicant shall pay a fee of 17 fifteen dollars. All fees shall be deposited to the official city or county health agency. A certified copy of a death record 18 19 by the local registrar can only be issued within twenty-four 20 hours of receipt of the record by the local registrar. 21 Computer-generated certifications of death records may be issued 22 by the local registrar after twenty-four hours of receipt of the 23 The fees paid to the official county health agency records. 24 shall be retained by the local agency for local public health 25 purposes.

26 208.010. 1. In determining the eligibility of a claimant 27 for public assistance pursuant to this law, it shall be the duty 28 of the division of family services to consider and take into

account all facts and circumstances surrounding the claimant, 1 2 including his or her living conditions, earning capacity, income and resources, from whatever source received, and if from all the 3 facts and circumstances the claimant is not found to be in need, 4 5 assistance shall be denied. In determining the need of a 6 claimant, the costs of providing medical treatment which may be 7 furnished pursuant to sections 208.151 to 208.158 and 208.162 8 shall be disregarded. The amount of benefits, when added to all 9 other income, resources, support, and maintenance shall provide 10 such persons with reasonable subsistence compatible with decency and health in accordance with the standards developed by the 11 12 division of family services; provided, when a husband and wife 13 are living together, the combined income and resources of both 14 shall be considered in determining the eligibility of either or 15 both. "Living together" for the purpose of this chapter is 16 defined as including a husband and wife separated for the purpose 17 of obtaining medical care or nursing home care, except that the income of a husband or wife separated for such purpose shall be 18 19 considered in determining the eligibility of his or her spouse, 20 only to the extent that such income exceeds the amount necessary 21 to meet the needs (as defined by rule or regulation of the 22 division) of such husband or wife living separately. In 23 determining the need of a claimant in federally aided programs 24 there shall be disregarded such amounts per month of earned 25 income in making such determination as shall be required for 26 federal participation by the provisions of the federal Social 27 Security Act (42 U.S.C.A. 301 et seq.), or any amendments 28 thereto. When federal law or regulations require the exemption

of other income or resources, the division of family services may provide by rule or regulation the amount of income or resources to be disregarded.

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2. Benefits shall not be payable to any claimant who:

5 Has or whose spouse with whom he or she is living has, (1)6 prior to July 1, 1989, given away or sold a resource within the 7 time and in the manner specified in this subdivision. In determining the resources of an individual, unless prohibited by 8 9 federal statutes or regulations, there shall be included (but 10 subject to the exclusions pursuant to subdivisions (4) and (5) of this subsection, and subsection 5 of this section) any resource 11 12 or interest therein owned by such individual or spouse within the 13 twenty-four months preceding the initial investigation, or at any 14 time during which benefits are being drawn, if such individual or 15 spouse gave away or sold such resource or interest within such 16 period of time at less than fair market value of such resource or 17 interest for the purpose of establishing eligibility for 18 benefits, including but not limited to benefits based on 19 December, 1973, eligibility requirements, as follows:

(a) Any transaction described in this subdivision shall be
presumed to have been for the purpose of establishing eligibility
for benefits or assistance pursuant to this chapter unless such
individual furnishes convincing evidence to establish that the
transaction was exclusively for some other purpose;

(b) The resource shall be considered in determining eligibility from the date of the transfer for the number of months the uncompensated value of the disposed of resource is divisible by the average monthly grant paid or average Medicaid

payment in the state at the time of the investigation to an individual or on his or her behalf under the program for which benefits are claimed, provided that:

a. When the uncompensated value is twelve thousand dollars
or less, the resource shall not be used in determining
eligibility for more than twenty-four months; or

b. When the uncompensated value exceeds twelve thousand
dollars, the resource shall not be used in determining
eligibility for more than sixty months;

10 (2) The provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection 11 shall not apply to a transfer, other than a transfer to 12 claimant's spouse, made prior to March 26, 1981, when the 13 claimant furnishes convincing evidence that the uncompensated 14 value of the disposed of resource or any part thereof is no 15 longer possessed or owned by the person to whom the resource was 16 transferred;

17 Has received, or whose spouse with whom he or she is (3) 18 living has received, benefits to which he or she was not entitled 19 through misrepresentation or nondisclosure of material facts or 20 failure to report any change in status or correct information 21 with respect to property or income as required by section 22 208.210. A claimant ineligible pursuant to this subsection shall 23 be ineligible for such period of time from the date of discovery 24 as the division of family services may deem proper; or in the 25 case of overpayment of benefits, future benefits may be 26 decreased, suspended or entirely withdrawn for such period of 27 time as the division may deem proper;

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(4) Owns or possesses resources in the sum of one thousand

dollars or more; provided, however, that if such person is married and living with spouse, he or she, or they, individually or jointly, may own resources not to exceed two thousand dollars; and provided further, that in the case of a temporary assistance for needy families claimant, the provision of this subsection shall not apply;

Prior to October 1, 1989, owns or possesses property of 7 (5)8 any kind or character, excluding amounts placed in an irrevocable 9 prearranged funeral or burial contract [pursuant to subsection 2 10 of section 436.035, RSMo, and subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of 11 section 436.053, RSMO] under chapter 436, or has an interest in 12 property, of which he or she is the record or beneficial owner, the value of such property, as determined by the division of 13 family services, less encumbrances of record, exceeds twenty-nine 14 15 thousand dollars, or if married and actually living together with 16 husband or wife, if the value of his or her property, or the 17 value of his or her interest in property, together with that of such husband and wife, exceeds such amount; 18

In the case of temporary assistance for needy families, 19 (6) 20 if the parent, stepparent, and child or children in the home owns 21 or possesses property of any kind or character, or has an interest in property for which he or she is a record or 22 23 beneficial owner, the value of such property, as determined by 24 the division of family services and as allowed by federal law or regulation, less encumbrances of record, exceeds one thousand 25 dollars, excluding the home occupied by the claimant, amounts 26 27 placed in an irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract 28 [pursuant to subsection 2 of section 436.035, RSMo, and

1 subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of section 436.053, RSMO] under 2 chapter 436, one automobile which shall not exceed a value set 3 forth by federal law or regulation and for a period not to exceed six months, such other real property which the family is making a 4 good-faith effort to sell, if the family agrees in writing with 5 6 the division of family services to sell such property and from 7 the net proceeds of the sale repay the amount of assistance 8 received during such period. If the property has not been sold 9 within six months, or if eligibility terminates for any other 10 reason, the entire amount of assistance paid during such period 11 shall be a debt due the state;

12 (7) Is an inmate of a public institution, except as a13 patient in a public medical institution.

3. In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be granted pursuant to federally aided programs, the income and resources of a relative or other person living in the home shall be taken into account to the extent the income, resources, support and maintenance are allowed by federal law or regulation to be considered.

20 In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to 4. be granted pursuant to federally aided programs, the value of 21 22 burial lots or any amounts placed in an irrevocable prearranged 23 funeral or burial contract [pursuant to subsection 2 of section 24 436.035, RSMo, and subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of section 25 436.053, RSMO,] under chapter 436 shall not be taken into account 26 or considered an asset of the burial lot owner or the beneficiary 27 of an irrevocable prearranged funeral or funeral contract. For purposes of this section, "burial lots" means any burial space as 28

defined in section 214.270, RSMo, and any memorial, monument, 1 2 marker, tombstone or letter marking a burial space. If the beneficiary, as defined in chapter 436, RSMo, of an irrevocable 3 prearranged funeral or burial contract receives any public 4 5 assistance benefits pursuant to this chapter and if the purchaser of such contract or his or her successors in interest [cancel or 6 7 amend] transfer, amend, or take any other such actions regarding 8 the contract so that any person will be entitled to a refund, 9 such refund shall be paid to the state of Missouri [up to the 10 amount of public assistance benefits provided pursuant to this 11 chapter with any remainder to be paid to those persons designated 12 in chapter 436, RSMo] with any amount in excess of the public assistance benefits provided under this chapter to be refunded by 13 14 the state of Missouri to the purchaser or his or her successors. 15 In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be 16 granted under federally aided programs, the value of any life insurance policy where a seller or provider is made the 17 beneficiary or where the life insurance policy is assigned to a 18 19 seller or provider, either being in consideration for an 20 irrevocable prearranged funeral contract under chapter 436, shall 21 not be taken into account or considered an asset of the 22 beneficiary of the irrevocable prearranged funeral contract. 23 5. In determining the total property owned pursuant to

subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section, or resources, of any person claiming or for whom public assistance is claimed, there shall be disregarded any life insurance policy, or prearranged funeral or burial contract, or any two or more policies or contracts, or any combination of policies and

contracts, which provides for the payment of one thousand five
 hundred dollars or less upon the death of any of the following:

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(1)

A claimant or person for whom benefits are claimed; or

4 (2)The spouse of a claimant or person for whom benefits 5 are claimed with whom he or she is living. If the value of such 6 policies exceeds one thousand five hundred dollars, then the 7 total value of such policies may be considered in determining 8 resources; except that, in the case of temporary assistance for 9 needy families, there shall be disregarded any prearranged 10 funeral or burial contract, or any two or more contracts, which provides for the payment of one thousand five hundred dollars or 11 12 less per family member.

Beginning September 30, 1989, when determining the 13 6. 14 eligibility of institutionalized spouses, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 15 Section 1396r-5, for medical assistance benefits as provided for 16 in section 208.151 and 42 U.S.C. Sections 1396a et seq., the 17 division of family services shall comply with the provisions of the federal statutes and regulations. As necessary, the division 18 19 shall by rule or regulation implement the federal law and 20 regulations which shall include but not be limited to the 21 establishment of income and resource standards and limitations. 22 The division shall require:

(1) That at the beginning of a period of continuous institutionalization that is expected to last for thirty days or more, the institutionalized spouse, or the community spouse, may request an assessment by the division of family services of total countable resources owned by either or both spouses;

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(2) That the assessed resources of the institutionalized

spouse and the community spouse may be allocated so that each receives an equal share;

3 (3) That upon an initial eligibility determination, if the 4 community spouse's share does not equal at least twelve thousand 5 dollars, the institutionalized spouse may transfer to the 6 community spouse a resource allowance to increase the community 7 spouse's share to twelve thousand dollars;

8 (4) That in the determination of initial eligibility of the 9 institutionalized spouse, no resources attributed to the 10 community spouse shall be used in determining the eligibility of 11 the institutionalized spouse, except to the extent that the 12 resources attributed to the community spouse do exceed the 13 community spouse's resource allowance as defined in 42 U.S.C. 14 Section 1396r-5;

(5) That beginning in January, 1990, the amount specified in subdivision (3) of this subsection shall be increased by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers between September, 1988, and the September before the calendar year involved; and

20 (6) That beginning the month after initial eligibility for 21 the institutionalized spouse is determined, the resources of the 22 community spouse shall not be considered available to the 23 institutionalized spouse during that continuous period of 24 institutionalization.

7. Beginning July 1, 1989, institutionalized individuals
shall be ineligible for the periods required and for the reasons
specified in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396p.

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8. The hearings required by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5 shall

1 be conducted pursuant to the provisions of section 208.080.

2 9. Beginning October 1, 1989, when determining eligibility for assistance pursuant to this chapter there shall be 3 4 disregarded unless otherwise provided by federal or state 5 statutes, the home of the applicant or recipient when the home is 6 providing shelter to the applicant or recipient, or his or her 7 spouse or dependent child. The division of family services shall 8 establish by rule or regulation in conformance with applicable 9 federal statutes and regulations a definition of the home and 10 when the home shall be considered a resource that shall be considered in determining eligibility. 11

12 10. Reimbursement for services provided by an enrolled 13 Medicaid provider to a recipient who is duly entitled to Title 14 XIX Medicaid and Title XVIII Medicare Part B, Supplementary 15 Medical Insurance (SMI) shall include payment in full of 16 deductible and coinsurance amounts as determined due pursuant to 17 the applicable provisions of federal regulations pertaining to 18 Title XVIII Medicare Part B, except the applicable Title XIX cost 19 sharing.

20 11. A "community spouse" is defined as being the 21 noninstitutionalized spouse.

12. An institutionalized spouse applying for Medicaid and having a spouse living in the community shall be required, to the maximum extent permitted by law, to divert income to such community spouse to raise the community spouse's income to the level of the minimum monthly needs allowance, as described in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5. Such diversion of income shall occur before the community spouse is allowed to retain assets in excess

of the community spouse protected amount described in 42 U.S.C.
 Section 1396r-5.

214.160. The county commission shall invest or loan said 3 4 trust fund or funds only in United States government, state, 5 county or municipal bonds, [or] certificates of deposit, first 6 real estate mortgages, or deeds of trust. They shall use the net 7 income from said trust fund or funds or so much thereof as is 8 necessary to support and maintain and beautify any public or 9 private cemetery or any particular part thereof which may be 10 designated by the person, persons or firm or association making 11 said gift or bequest. In maintaining or supporting the cemetery 12 or any particular part or portion thereof the commission shall as 13 nearly as possible follow the expressed wishes of the creator of 14 said trust fund.

15 214.270. As used in sections 214.270 to 214.410, the 16 following terms mean:

(1) "Agent" or "authorized agent", any person empowered by the cemetery operator to represent the operator in dealing with the general public, including owners of the burial space in the cemetery;

(2) "Burial space", one or more than one plot, grave,
mausoleum, crypt, lawn, surface lawn crypt, niche or space used
or intended for the interment of the human dead;

(3) "Burial merchandise", a monument, marker, memorial,
tombstone, headstone, urn, outer burial container, or similar
article which may contain specific lettering, shape, color, or
design as specified by the purchaser;

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(4) "Cemetery", property restricted in use for the

interment of the human dead by formal dedication or reservation by deed but shall not include any of the foregoing held or operated by the state or federal government or any political subdivision thereof, any incorporated city or town, any county or any religious organization, cemetery association or fraternal society holding the same for sale solely to members and their immediate families;

8 (5)"Cemetery association", any number of persons who shall 9 have associated themselves by articles of agreement in writing as 10 a not-for-profit association or organization, whether incorporated or unincorporated, formed for the purpose of 11 12 ownership, preservation, care, maintenance, adornment and 13 administration of a cemetery. Cemetery associations shall be 14 governed by a board of directors. Directors shall serve without 15 compensation;

16 (6) "Cemetery operator" or "operator", any person who owns,
17 controls, operates or manages a cemetery;

18 "Cemetery prearranged contract", any contract with a (7)19 cemetery or cemetery operator for [goods and services covered by 20 this chapter which includes a sale of burial merchandise in which 21 delivery of merchandise or a valid warehouse receipt under 22 sections 214.270 to 214.550 is deferred pursuant to written 23 instructions from the purchaser. It shall also mean any contract 24 for goods and services covered by sections 214.270 to 214.550 25 which includes a sale of burial services to be performed at a 26 future date] burial merchandise or burial services covered by 27 sections 214.270 to 214.410 which is entered into before the 28 death of the individual for whom the burial merchandise or burial

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services are intended;

2 (8)"Cemetery service" or "burial service", those services performed by a cemetery owner or operator licensed as an endowed 3 4 care or nonendowed cemetery including setting a monument or 5 marker, setting a tent, excavating a grave, interment, 6 entombment, inurnment, setting a vault, or other related services 7 within the cemetery; 8 (9)"Columbarium", a building or structure for the

9 inurnment of cremated human remains;

10 (10) "Community mausoleum", a mausoleum containing a 11 substantial area of enclosed space and having either a heating, 12 ventilating or air conditioning system;

13 (11) "Department", department of insurance, financial14 institutions and professional registration;

(12) "Developed acreage", the area which has been platted
into grave spaces and has been developed with roads, paths,
features, or ornamentations and in which burials can be made;

18 (13) "Director", director of the division of professional 19 registration;

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(14) "Division", division of professional registration;

21 (15)"Endowed care", the maintenance, repair and care of 22 all burial space subject to the endowment within a cemetery, 23 including any improvements made for the benefit of such burial 24 space. Endowed care shall include the general overhead expenses 25 needed to accomplish such maintenance, repair, care and 26 improvements. Endowed care shall include the terms perpetual 27 care, permanent care, continual care, eternal care, care of 28 duration, or any like term;

1 (16) "Endowed care cemetery", a cemetery, or a section of a 2 cemetery, which represents itself as offering endowed care and 3 which complies with the provisions of sections 214.270 to 4 214.410;

5 "Endowed care fund", "endowed care trust", or "trust", (17)6 any cash or cash equivalent, to include any income therefrom, 7 impressed with a trust by the terms of any gift, grant, 8 contribution, payment, devise or bequest to an endowed care 9 cemetery, or its endowed care trust, or funds to be delivered to 10 an endowed care cemetery's trust received pursuant to a contract and accepted by any endowed care cemetery operator or his agent. 11 12 This definition includes the terms endowed care funds, 13 maintenance funds, memorial care funds, perpetual care funds, or 14 any like term;

(18) "Escrow account", an account established in lieu of an endowed care fund as provided under section 214.330 or an account used to hold deposits under section 214.387;

(19) "Escrow agent", an attorney, title company, certified
public accountant or other person authorized by the division to
exercise escrow powers under the laws of this state;

(20) "Escrow agreement", an agreement subject to approval by the office between an escrow agent and a cemetery operator or its agent or related party with common ownership, to receive and administer payments under cemetery prearranged contracts sold by the cemetery operator;

(21) "Family burial ground", a cemetery in which no burial
space is sold to the public and in which interments are
restricted to persons related by blood or marriage;

(22) "Fraternal cemetery", a cemetery owned, operated,
 controlled or managed by any fraternal organization or auxiliary
 organizations thereof, in which the sale of burial space is
 restricted solely to its members and their immediate families;

5 (23) "Garden mausoleum", a mausoleum without a substantial 6 area of enclosed space and having its crypt and niche fronts open 7 to the atmosphere. Ventilation of the crypts by forced air or 8 otherwise does not constitute a garden mausoleum as a community 9 mausoleum;

10 (24) "Government cemetery", or "municipal cemetery", a 11 cemetery owned, operated, controlled or managed by the federal 12 government, the state or a political subdivision of the state, 13 including a county or municipality or instrumentality thereof;

14 (25) "Grave" or "plot", a place of ground in a cemetery,
15 used or intended to be used for burial of human remains;

16 (26) "Human remains", the body of a deceased person in any 17 state of decomposition, as well as cremated remains;

18 (27) "Inurnment", placing an urn containing cremated19 remains in a burial space;

(28) "Lawn crypt", a burial vault or other permanent
container for a casket which is permanently installed below
ground prior to the time of the actual interment. A lawn crypt
may permit single or multiple interments in a grave space;

24 (29) "Mausoleum", a structure or building for the25 entombment of human remains in crypts;

26 (30) "Niche", a space in a columbarium used or intended to27 be used for inurnment of cremated remains;

28 (31) "Nonendowed care cemetery", or "nonendowed cemetery",

1 a cemetery or a section of a cemetery for which no endowed care 2 trust fund has been established in accordance with sections 3 214.270 to 214.410;

4 (32) "Office", the office of endowed care cemeteries within 5 the division of professional registration;

6 (33) "Owner of burial space", a person to whom the cemetery 7 operator or his authorized agent has transferred the right of use 8 of burial space;

9 (34) "Person", an individual, corporation, partnership, 10 joint venture, association, trust or any other legal entity;

11 (35) "Registry", the list of cemeteries maintained in the 12 division office for public review. The division may charge a fee 13 for copies of the registry;

14 (36) "Religious cemetery", a cemetery owned, operated, 15 controlled or managed by any church, convention of churches, 16 religious order or affiliated auxiliary thereof in which the sale 17 of burial space is restricted solely to its members and their 18 immediate families;

19 (37) "Surface lawn crypt", a sealed burial chamber whose20 lid protrudes above the land surface;

(38) "Total acreage", the entire tract which is dedicated
to or reserved for cemetery purposes;

(39) "Trustee of an endowed care fund", the separate legal
 entity <u>qualified under section 214.330</u> appointed as trustee of an
 endowed care fund.

26 214.276. 1. The division may refuse to issue or renew any
27 license, required pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.516 for one
28 or any combination of causes stated in subsection 2 of this

section. The division shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the refusal and shall advise the applicant of his or her right to file a complaint with the administrative hearing commission as provided by chapter 621, RSMo.

5 2. The division may cause a complaint to be filed with the 6 administrative hearing commission as provided in chapter 621, 7 RSMo, against any holder of any license, required by sections 8 214.270 to 214.516 or any person who has failed to surrender his 9 or her license, for any one or any combination of the following 10 causes:

(1) Use of any controlled substance, as defined in chapter 12 195, RSMo, or alcoholic beverage to an extent that such use 13 impairs a person's ability to perform the work of any profession 14 licensed or regulated by sections 214.270 to 214.516;

15 (2)The person has been finally adjudicated and found 16 quilty, or entered a plea of quilty or nolo contendere, in a 17 criminal prosecution pursuant to the laws of any state or of the 18 United States, for any offense reasonably related to the 19 qualifications, functions or duties of any profession licensed or 20 regulated pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.516, for any 21 offense an essential element of which is fraud, dishonesty or an 22 act of violence, or for any offense involving moral turpitude, 23 whether or not sentence is imposed;

(3) Use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery
in securing any license, issued pursuant to sections 214.270 to
214.516 or in obtaining permission to take any examination given
or required pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.516;

28

(4) Obtaining or attempting to obtain any fee, charge or

1 other compensation by fraud, deception or misrepresentation;

(5) Incompetence, misconduct, gross negligence, fraud,
misrepresentation or dishonesty in the performance of the
functions or duties of any profession regulated by sections
214.270 to 214.516;

6 (6) Violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to 7 violate, any provision of sections 214.270 to 214.516, or any 8 lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections 214.270 to 9 214.516;

10 (7) Impersonation of any person holding a license or 11 allowing any person to use his or her license;

12 (8) Disciplinary action against the holder of a license or 13 other right to practice any profession regulated by sections 14 214.270 to 214.516 granted by another state, territory, federal 15 agency or country upon grounds for which revocation or suspension 16 is authorized in this state;

17 (9) A person is finally adjudged insane or incompetent by a18 court of competent jurisdiction;

(10) Assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer
to practice any profession licensed or regulated by sections
21 214.270 to 214.516 who is not registered and currently eligible
to practice pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.516;

23 (11) Issuance of a license based upon a material mistake of 24 fact;

25

(12) Failure to display a valid license;

26 (13) Violation of any professional trust or confidence;

(14) Use of any advertisement or solicitation which is
false, misleading or deceptive to the general public or persons

1

to whom the advertisement or solicitation is primarily directed;

2 (15) Willfully and through undue influence selling a burial
3 space, cemetery services or merchandise.

4 3. After the filing of such complaint, the proceedings 5 shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 6 621, RSMo. Upon a finding by the administrative hearing 7 commission that the grounds, provided in subsection 2 of this 8 section, for disciplinary action are met, the division may singly 9 or in combination, censure or place the person named in the 10 complaint on probation on such terms and conditions as the division deems appropriate for a period not to exceed five years, 11 12 or may suspend, or revoke the license or permit or may impose a 13 penalty allowed by subsection 4 of section 214.410. No new 14 license shall be issued to the owner or operator of a cemetery or 15 to any corporation controlled by such owner for three years after 16 the revocation of the certificate of the owner or of a 17 corporation controlled by the owner.

4. [Operators of all existing endowed care or nonendowed care cemeteries shall, prior to August twenty-eighth following August 28, 2001, apply for a license pursuant to this section. All endowed care or nonendowed care cemeteries operating in compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.516 prior to August twenty-eighth following August 28, 2001, shall be granted a license by the division upon receipt of application.

25 5.] The division may settle disputes arising under 26 subsections 2 and 3 of this section by consent agreement or 27 settlement agreement between the division and the holder of a 28 license. Within such a settlement agreement, the division may

singly or in combination impose any discipline or penalties
 allowed by this section or subsection 4 of section 214.410.
 Settlement of such disputes shall be entered into pursuant to the
 procedures set forth in section 621.045, RSMo.

5 <u>5. Use of the procedures set out in this section shall not</u>
6 preclude the application of any other remedy provided by this
7 <u>chapter.</u>

8 214.277. 1. Upon application by the division, and the 9 necessary burden having been met, a court of general jurisdiction 10 may grant an injunction, restraining order or other order as may 11 be appropriate to enjoin a person from:

(1) Offering to engage or engaging in the performance of any acts or practices for which a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license is required upon a showing that such acts or practices were performed or offered to be performed without a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license; or

(2) Engaging in any practice or business authorized by a
certificate of registration or authority, permit or license
issued pursuant to this chapter upon a showing that the holder
presents a substantial probability of serious danger to the
health, safety or welfare of any resident of this state or client
or patient of the licensee.

24 2. [Any such action shall be commenced either in the county
25 in which such conduct occurred or in the county in which the
26 defendant resides.

Any action brought pursuant to this section shall be in
addition to and not in lieu of any penalty provided by this

chapter and may be brought concurrently with other actions to
 enforce this chapter.
 <u>214.282.</u> 1. Each contract sold by a cemetery operator for
 <u>cemetery services or for grave lots, grave spaces, markers,</u>

5 monuments, memorials, tombstones, crypts, niches, mausoleums, or

6 other receptacles shall be voidable by the purchaser and deemed

7 <u>unenforceable unless:</u>

8 (1) It is in writing;

9 (2) It is executed by a cemetery operator who is in

10 <u>compliance with the licensing provisions of this chapter;</u>

11 (3) It identifies the contract purchaser and identifies the 12 cemetery services or other items to be provided;

13 (4) It identifies the name and address of any trustee or

14 escrow agent that will receive payments made pursuant to the

15 contract under the provisions of sections 214.320, 214.330, or

16 <u>214.387</u>, if applicable;

17 (5) It contains the name and address of the cemetery 18 operator; and

19 (6) It identifies any grounds for cancellation by the

20 purchaser or by the cemetery operator on default of payment.

21 2. If a cemetery prearranged contract does not

22 substantially comply with the provisions of this section, all

23 payments made under such contract shall be recoverable by the

24 purchaser, or the purchaser's legal representative, from the

25 <u>contract seller or other payee thereof</u>, together with interest at

26 the rate of ten percent per annum and all reasonable costs of

27 <u>collection</u>, including attorneys' fees.

28 214.283. <u>1. Any person, entity, association, city, town,</u>

village, county or political subdivision that purchases, receives 1 2 or holds any real estate used for the burial of dead human bodies, excluding a family burial ground, shall notify the office 3 of the endowed care cemeteries of the name, location and address 4 5 of such real estate on a form approved by the office, before 6 October 1, 2010, or within thirty days of purchasing, receiving 7 or holding such land or of being notified by the office of the requirements of this provision. No fee shall be charged for such 8 9 notification nor shall any penalty be assessed for failure to 10 register. This section shall not be deemed to exempt any operator of an endowed care cemetery or non-endowed care cemetery 11 12 from being duly licensed as required by this chapter.

13 <u>2.</u> The division shall establish and maintain a registry of 14 cemeteries and the registry shall be available to the public for 15 review at the division office or copied upon request. The 16 division may charge a fee for copies of the register.

(1) If, in the course of a land survey of property located in this state, a surveyor licensed pursuant to chapter 327, RSMo, locates any cemetery which has not been previously registered, the surveyor shall file a statement with the division regarding the location of the cemetery. The statement shall be filed on a form as defined by division rule. No fee shall be charged to the surveyor for such filing.

(2) Any person, family, group, association, society or
county surveyor may submit to the division, on forms provided by
the division, the names and locations of any cemetery located in
this state for inclusion in the registry. No fee shall be
charged for such submissions.

1 214.300. Any cemetery operator may, after October 13, 1961, 2 qualify to operate a cemetery which has been operated as a 3 nonendowed cemetery for a minimum of two years, as an endowed 4 care cemetery by:

5

(1) So electing in compliance with section 214.280;

6 (2) Establishing an endowed care <u>trust</u> fund in cash of one 7 thousand dollars for each acre in said cemetery with a minimum of 8 five thousand dollars and a maximum of twenty-five thousand 9 dollars;

10

(3) Filing the report required by section 214.340.

214.310. 1. Any cemetery operator who elects to operate a 11 12 new cemetery as an endowed care cemetery or who represents to the 13 public that perpetual, permanent, endowed, continual, eternal 14 care, care of duration or similar care will be furnished cemetery 15 property sold shall create an endowed care trust fund and shall 16 deposit a minimum of twenty-five thousand dollars for cemeteries that have in excess of one hundred burials annually or a minimum 17 18 of five thousand dollars for cemeteries that have one hundred or 19 less burials annually in such fund before selling or disposing of 20 any burial space in said cemetery, or in lieu thereof such 21 cemetery owner may furnish a surety bond issued by a bonding 22 company or insurance company authorized to do business in this 23 state in the face amount of thirty thousand dollars, and such bond shall run to the office of endowed care cemeteries for the 24 25 benefit of the care trust funds held by such cemetery. This bond 26 shall be for the purpose of guaranteeing an accumulation of 27 twenty-five thousand dollars in such care trust fund and also for 28 the further purpose of assuring that the cemetery owner shall

provide annual perpetual or endowment care in an amount equal to 1 2 the annual reasonable return on a secured cash investment of twenty-five thousand dollars until twenty-five thousand dollars 3 4 is accumulated in said endowed care trust funds, and these shall 5 be the conditions of such surety bond; provided, however, the 6 liability of the principal and surety on the bond shall in no 7 event exceed thirty thousand dollars. Provided further, that 8 whenever a cemetery owner which has made an initial deposit to 9 the endowed care trust fund demonstrates to the satisfaction of 10 the administrator of the office of endowed care cemeteries that more than twenty-five thousand dollars has been accumulated in 11 12 the endowed care trust fund, the cemetery owner may petition the 13 administrator of the office of endowed care cemeteries for an 14 order to dissolve the surety bond requirement, so long as at 15 least twenty-five thousand dollars always remains in the endowed 16 care trust fund.

17 2. Construction of a mausoleum, lawn crypt, columbarium or 18 crematorium as part of a cemetery then operated as an endowed 19 care cemetery shall not be considered the establishment of a new 20 cemetery for purposes of this section.

21 Any endowed care cemetery which does not maintain a 3. 22 [fully] adequately staffed office in the county in which the 23 cemetery is located shall have prominently displayed on the 24 premises a sign clearly stating the operator's name, address and 25 telephone number. If the operator does not reside in the county 26 in which the cemetery is located, the sign shall also state the 27 name, address and telephone number of a resident of the county 28 who is the authorized agent of the operator or the location of an

office of the cemetery which is within ten miles of such
 cemetery. In jurisdictions where ordinances require signs to
 meet certain specifications, a weatherproof notice containing the
 information required by this subsection shall be sufficient.

5 214.320. 1. An operator of an endowed care cemetery shall 6 establish and deposit in an endowed care <u>trust</u> fund not less than 7 the following amounts for burial space sold or disposed of, with 8 such deposits to the endowed care <u>trust</u> fund to be made 9 [semiannually] <u>monthly</u> on all burial space that has been fully 10 paid for to the date of deposit:

(1) A minimum of fifteen percent of the gross sales price, or twenty dollars, whichever is greater, for each grave space sold;

14 (2) A minimum of ten percent of the gross sales price of
15 each crypt or niche sold in a community mausoleum, or a minimum
16 of one hundred dollars for each crypt or [ten dollars for each
17 niche sold in a garden mausoleum] <u>fifty dollars for each niche</u>
18 sold in a community mausoleum, whichever is greater;

19 (3) <u>A minimum of ten percent of the gross sales price of</u> 20 <u>each crypt or niche sold in a garden mausoleum, or a minimum of</u> 21 <u>one hundred dollars for each crypt or twenty-five dollars for</u> 22 <u>each niche sold in a garden mausoleum, whichever is greater;</u>

(4) A minimum of [seventy-five dollars per grave space for]
 ten percent of the gross sales price of each lawn crypt sold or a
 minimum of seventy-five dollars, whichever is greater.

26 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (2) of 27 subsection 1 of this section, a cemetery operator who has made 28 the initial deposit in trust as required by sections 214.270 to

1 214.410 from his own funds, and not from funds deposited with 2 respect to sales of burial space, may deposit only one-half the 3 minimum amounts set forth in subdivisions (1) and (2) of 4 subsection 1 of this section, until he shall have recouped his 5 entire initial deposit. Thereafter, he shall make the minimum 6 deposits required under subdivisions (1), (2) [and], (3), and (4) 7 of subsection 1 of this section.

8 3. As required by section 214.340, each operator of an 9 endowed care cemetery shall[, after August 28, 1990,] file with 10 the division of professional registration, on a form provided by 11 the division, an annual endowed care trust fund report. The 12 operator of any cemetery representing the cemetery, or any portion of the cemetery, as an endowed care cemetery shall make 13 14 available to the division for inspection or audit at any 15 reasonable time only those cemetery records and trust fund 16 records necessary to determine whether the cemetery's endowed 17 care trust fund is in compliance with sections 214.270 to 18 214.410. Each cemetery operator who has established a 19 [segregated] escrow account pursuant to section [214.385] 214.387 20 shall make available to the division for inspection or audit at 21 any reasonable time those cemetery records and financial 22 institution records necessary to determine whether the cemetery 23 operator is in compliance with the provisions of section 24 [214.385. All documents, records, and work product from any 25 inspections or audits performed by or at the direction of the 26 division shall remain in the possession of the division of 27 professional registration and shall not be sent to the state board of embalmers and funeral directors. No charge shall be 28

1 made for such inspections or audits] <u>214.387</u>.

4. [If any endowed care cemetery operator conducts the
trust fund accounting and record keeping outside of this state,
then such operator shall maintain current and accurate copies of
such accounting and record keeping within this state and such
copies shall be readily available to the division for inspection
or audit purposes.

8 5.] No cemetery operator shall operate or represent to the 9 public by any title, description, or similar terms that a 10 cemetery provides endowed care unless the cemetery is in 11 compliance with the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410.

12 5. A cemetery operator shall be exempt from the provisions 13 of chapter 436 for the sale of cemetery services or for grave lots, grave spaces, markers, monuments, memorials, tombstones, 14 15 crypts, niches or mausoleums, outer burial containers or other 16 receptacle. A cemetery operator shall be prohibited from 17 adjusting or establishing the sales price of items with the intent of evading the trusting or escrow provisions of this 18 19 chapter.

20 214.325. If the deposits to any endowed care trust fund [required by sections 214.270 to 214.410] are less than the total 21 22 sum required to be set aside and deposited since the effective 23 date of such sections, the cemetery operator shall correct such 24 deficiency by depositing not less than twenty percent of such 25 deficiency each year for five years [following August 28, 1990,] and shall file, on the form provided by the division, a statement 26 27 outlining the date and amount such deposits were made. If the 28 cemetery operator fails to correct the deficiency with respect to

funds maintained under section 214.330, the cemetery operator 1 2 shall thereafter not represent the cemetery as an endowed care cemetery. Any funds held in the cemetery's endowed care trust 3 shall continue to be used for endowed care for that cemetery. 4 5 The cemetery operator shall remain subject to the provisions of 6 sections 214.270 to 214.410 for any cemetery or any section of 7 the cemetery for which endowed care payments have been collected, 8 subject to the penalties contained in section 214.410, and civil 9 actions as well as subject to any regulations promulgated by the 10 division. For purposes of this section, the term "deficiency" shall mean a deficiency in the amount required to be deposited 11 12 pursuant to section 214.320, or a deficiency created by 13 disbursements in excess of what is permitted under section 14 214.330 and shall not include or be affected by deficiencies or 15 shortages caused by the fluctuating value of investments.

16 214.330. 1. [The endowed care fund required by sections 17 214.270 to 214.410 shall be permanently set aside in trust or in 18 accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of this section. 19 The trustee of the endowed care trust shall be a state- or 20 federally chartered financial institution authorized to exercise 21 trust powers in Missouri and located in this state. The income from the endowed care fund shall be distributed to the cemetery 22 23 operator at least annually or in other convenient installments. 24 The cemetery operator shall have the duty and responsibility to 25 apply the income to provide care and maintenance only for that part of the cemetery in which burial space shall have been sold 26 27 and with respect to which sales the endowed care fund shall have 28 been established and not for any other purpose. The principal of

such funds shall be kept intact and appropriately invested by the 1 2 trustee, or the independent investment advisor. An endowed care trust agreement may provide that when the principal in an endowed 3 4 care trust exceeds two hundred fifty thousand dollars, investment 5 decisions regarding the principal and undistributed income may be 6 made by a federally registered or Missouri-registered independent 7 qualified investment advisor designated by the cemetery owner, 8 relieving the trustee of all liability regarding investment 9 decisions made by such qualified investment advisor. It shall be 10 the duty of the trustee, or the investment advisor, in the investment of such funds to exercise the diligence and care men 11 12 of ordinary prudence, intelligence and discretion would employ, 13 but with a view to permanency of investment considering probable 14 safety of capital investment, income produced and appreciation of capital investment. The trustee's duties shall be the 15 16 maintenance of records and the accounting for and investment of 17 moneys deposited by the operator to the endowed care fund. For 18 the purposes of sections 214.270 to 214.410, the trustee or 19 investment advisor shall not be deemed to be responsible for the 20 care, the maintenance, or the operation of the cemetery, or for 21 any other matter relating to the cemetery, including, but not 22 limited to, compliance with environmental laws and regulations. 23 With respect to cemetery property maintained by cemetery care 24 funds, the cemetery operator shall be responsible for the 25 performance of the care and maintenance of the cemetery property 26 owned by the cemetery operator and for the opening and closing of 27 all graves, crypts, or niches for human remains in any cemetery 28 property owned by the cemetery operator.
If the endowed care cemetery fund is not permanently set 1 2. 2 aside in a trust fund as required by subsection 1 of this section then the funds shall be permanently set aside in a segregated 3 4 bank account which requires the signature of the cemetery owner 5 and either the administrator of the office of endowed care 6 cemeteries, or the signature of a licensed practicing attorney 7 with escrow powers in this state as joint signatories for any 8 distribution from the trust fund. No funds shall be expended without the signature of either the administrator of the office 9 10 of endowed care cemeteries, or a licensed practicing attorney with escrow powers in this state. The account shall be insured 11 12 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or comparable 13 deposit insurance and held in the state- or federally chartered financial institution authorized to do business in Missouri and 14 15 located in this state. The income from the endowed care fund 16 shall be distributed to the cemetery operator at least in annual 17 or semiannual installments. The cemetery operator shall have the duty and responsibility to apply the income to provide care and 18 19 maintenance only for that part of the cemetery in which burial 20 space shall have been sold and with respect to which sales the 21 endowed care fund shall have been established and not for any 22 other purpose. The principal of such funds shall be kept intact 23 and appropriately invested by the cemetery operator with written 24 approval of either the administrator of the office of endowed 25 care cemeteries or a licensed practicing attorney with escrow 26 powers in this state. It shall be the duty of the cemetery owner 27 in the investment of such funds to exercise the diligence and 28 care a person of reasonable prudence, intelligence and discretion

would employ, but with a view to permanency of investment 1 2 considering probable safety of capital investment, income produced and appreciation of capital investment. The cemetery 3 owner's duties shall be the maintenance of records and the 4 5 accounting for an investment of moneys deposited by the operator 6 to the endowed care fund. For purposes of sections 214.270 to 7 214.410, the administrator of the office of endowed care 8 cemeteries or the licensed practicing attorney with escrow powers 9 in this state shall not be deemed to be responsible for the care, 10 maintenance, or operation of the cemetery. With respect to cemetery property maintained by cemetery care funds, the cemetery 11 12 operator shall be responsible for the performance of the care and 13 maintenance of the cemetery property owned by the cemetery 14 operator and for the opening and closing of all graves, crypts, 15 or niches for human remains in any cemetery property owned by the 16 cemetery operator.

3. The cemetery operator shall be accountable to the owners
of burial space in the cemetery for compliance with sections
214.270 to 214.410.

20 All endowed care funds shall be administered in 4. 21 accordance with an endowed care fund agreement. The endowed care 22 fund agreement shall be subject to review and approval by the 23 office of endowed care cemeteries or by a licensed practicing 24 attorney with escrow powers in this state. The endowed care 25 cemetery shall be notified in writing by the office of endowed 26 care cemeteries or by a licensed practicing attorney with escrow 27 powers in this state regarding the approval or disapproval of the 28 endowed care fund agreement and regarding any changes required to

be made for compliance with this chapter and the rules and 1 2 regulations promulgated thereunder. A copy of the proposed 3 endowed care fund agreement shall be submitted to the office of endowed care cemeteries. The office of endowed care cemeteries 4 5 or a licensed practicing attorney with escrow powers in this 6 state shall notify the endowed care cemetery in writing of 7 approval and of any required change. Any amendment or change to 8 the endowed care fund agreement shall be submitted to the office 9 of endowed care cemeteries or to a licensed practicing attorney 10 with escrow powers in this state for review and approval. Said amendment or change shall not be effective until approved by the 11 12 office of endowed care cemeteries or by a licensed practicing 13 attorney with escrow powers in this state. All endowed care 14 cemeteries shall be under a continuing duty to file with the 15 office of endowed care cemeteries or with a licensed practicing 16 attorney with escrow powers in this state and to submit for 17 approval any and all changes, amendment, or revisions of the 18 endowed care fund agreement.

19 5. No principal shall be distributed from an endowed care 20 trust fund except to the extent that a unitrust election is in 21 effect with respect to such trust under the provisions of section 22 469.411, RSMo.] The endowed care trust fund required by sections 23 214.270 to 214.410 shall be permanently set aside in trust or in 24 accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of this section. 25 The trustee of the endowed care trust shall be a state or 26 federally chartered financial institution authorized to exercise 27 trust powers in Missouri. The contact information for a trust 28 officer or duly appointed representative of the trustee with

knowledge and access to the trust fund accounting and trust fund 1 2 records must be disclosed to the office or its duly authorized 3 representative upon request. (1) The trust fund records, including all trust fund 4 5 accounting records, shall be maintained in the state of Missouri 6 at all times or shall be electronically stored so that the 7 records may be made available in the state of Missouri within fifteen business days of receipt of a written request. The 8 9 operator of an endowed care cemetery shall maintain a current 10 name and address of the trustee and the records custodian for the endowed care trust fund and shall supply such information to the 11 12 office, or its representative, upon request; 13 (2) Missouri law shall control all endowed care trust funds 14 and the Missouri courts shall have jurisdiction over endowed care 15 trusts regardless of where records may be kept or various 16 administrative tasks may be performed. 17 2. An endowed care trust fund shall be administered in accordance with Missouri law governing trusts, including but not 18 19 limited to the applicable provisions of chapters 456 and 469, 20 except as specifically provided in this subsection or where the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410 provide differently, 21 22 provided that a cemetery operator shall not in any circumstances 23 be authorized to restrict, enlarge, change, or modify the 24 requirements of this section or the provisions of chapters 456 25 and 469 by agreement or otherwise. 26 (1) Income and principal of an endowed care trust fund 27 shall be determined under the provisions of law applicable to 28 trusts, except that the provisions of section 469.405 shall not

1 <u>apply.</u>

2 (2) No principal shall be distributed from an endowed care trust fund except to the extent that a unitrust election is in 3 4 effect with respect to such trust under the provisions of section 5 469.411. 6 (3) No right to transfer jurisdiction from Missouri under 7 section 456.1-108 shall exist for endowed care trusts. 8 (4) All endowed care trusts shall be irrevocable. 9 (5) No trustee shall have the power to terminate an endowed 10 care trust fund under the provisions of section 456.4-414. (6) A unitrust election made in accordance with the 11 12 provisions of chapter 469 shall be made by the cemetery operator 13 in the terms of the endowed care trust fund agreement itself, not 14 by the trustee. 15 (7) No contract of insurance shall be deemed a suitable 16 investment for an endowed care trust fund. 17 (8) The income from the endowed care fund may be distributed to the cemetery operator at least annually on a date 18 19 designated by the cemetery operator, but no later than sixty days 20 following the end of the trust fund year. Any income not 21 distributed within sixty days following the end of the trust's 22 fiscal year shall be added to and held as part of the principal 23 of the trust fund. 3. The cemetery operator shall have the duty and 24 25 responsibility to apply the income distributed to provide care 26 and maintenance only for that part of the cemetery designated as 27 an endowed care section and not for any other purpose. 28 4. In addition to any other duty, obligation, or

1	requirement imposed by sections 214.270 to 214.410 or the endowed
2	care trust agreement, the trustee's duties shall be the
3	maintenance of records related to the trust and the accounting
4	for and investment of moneys deposited by the operator to the
5	endowed care trust fund.
6	(1) For the purposes of sections 214.270 to 214.410, the
7	trustee shall not be deemed responsible for the care, the
8	maintenance, or the operation of the cemetery, or for any other
9	matter relating to the cemetery, or the proper expenditure of
10	funds distributed by the trustee to the cemetery operator,
11	including, but not limited to, compliance with environmental laws
12	and regulations.
13	(2) With respect to cemetery property maintained by endowed
14	care funds, the cemetery operator shall be responsible for the
15	performance of the care and maintenance of the cemetery property.
16	5. If the endowed care cemetery fund is not permanently set
17	aside in a trust fund as required by subsection 1 of this
18	section, then the funds shall be permanently set aside in an
19	escrow account in the state of Missouri. Funds in an escrow
20	account shall be placed in an endowed care trust fund under
21	subsection 1 if the funds in the escrow account exceed three
22	hundred fifty thousand dollars, unless otherwise approved by the
23	division for good cause. The account shall be insured by the
24	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or comparable deposit
25	insurance and held in a state or federally chartered financial
26	institution authorized to do business in Missouri and located in
27	this state.
28	(1) The interest from the escrow account may be distributed

1	to the cemetery operator at least in annual or semiannual
2	installments, but not later than six months following the
3	calendar year. Any interest not distributed within six months
4	following the end of the calendar year shall be added to and held
5	as part of the principal of the account.
6	(2) The cemetery operator shall have the duty and
7	responsibility to apply the interest to provide care and
8	maintenance only for that part of the cemetery in which burial
9	space shall have been sold and with respect to which sales the
10	escrow account shall have been established and not for any other
11	purpose. The principal of such funds shall be kept intact. The
12	cemetery operator's duties shall be the maintenance of records
13	and the accounting for an investment of moneys deposited by the
14	operator to the escrow account. For purposes of sections 214.270
15	to 214.410, the administrator of the office of endowed care
16	cemeteries shall not be deemed to be responsible for the care,
17	maintenance, or operation of the cemetery. With respect to
18	cemetery property maintained by cemetery care funds, the cemetery
19	operator shall be responsible for the performance of the care and
20	maintenance of the cemetery property owned by the cemetery
21	<u>operator.</u>
22	(3) The division may approve an escrow agent if the escrow
23	agent demonstrates the knowledge, skill, and ability to handle
24	escrow funds and financial transactions and is of good moral
25	character.
26	6. The cemetery operator shall be accountable to the owners
27	of burial space in the cemetery for compliance with sections
28	<u>214.270 to 214.410.</u>

1	7. Excluding funds held in an escrow account, all endowed
2	care trust funds shall be administered in accordance with an
3	endowed care trust fund agreement, which shall be submitted to
4	the office by the cemetery operator for review and approval. The
5	endowed care cemetery shall be notified in writing by the office
6	of endowed care cemeteries regarding the approval or disapproval
7	of the endowed care trust fund agreement and regarding any
8	changes required to be made for compliance with sections 214.270
9	to 214.410 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
10	8. All endowed care cemeteries shall be under a continuing
11	duty to file with the office of endowed care cemeteries and to
12	submit for prior approval any and all changes, amendments, or
13	revisions of the endowed care trust fund agreement, at least
14	thirty days before the effective date of such change, amendment,
15	<u>or revision.</u>
16	9. If the endowed care trust fund agreement, or any
17	changes, amendments, or revisions filed with the office, are not
18	disapproved by the office within thirty days after submission by
19	the cemetery operator, the endowed care trust fund agreement, or
20	the related change, amendment, or revision, shall be deemed
21	approved and may be used by the cemetery operator and the
22	trustee. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,
23	the office may review and disapprove an endowed care trust fund
24	agreement, or any submitted change, amendment, or revision, after
25	the thirty days provided herein or at any other time if the
26	agreement is not in compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410
27	or the rules promulgated thereunder. Notice of disapproval by
28	the office shall be in writing and delivered to the cemetery

operator and the trustee within ten days of disapproval. 1 2 10. Funds in an endowed care trust fund or escrow account may be commingled with endowed care funds for other endowed care 3 cemeteries, provided that the cemetery operator and the trustee 4 5 shall maintain adequate accounting records of the disbursements, 6 contributions, and income allocated for each cemetery. 7 11. By accepting the trusteeship of an endowed care trust 8 or accepting funds as an escrow agent pursuant to sections 9 214.270 to 214.410, the trustee or escrow agent submits 10 personally to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state and the office of endowed care cemeteries regarding the 11 12 administration of the trust or escrow account. A trustee or 13 escrow agent shall consent in writing to the jurisdiction of the 14 state of Missouri and the office in regards to the trusteeship or 15 the operation of the escrow account and to the appointment of the 16 office of secretary of state as its agent for service of process 17 regarding any administrative or legal actions relating to the 18 trust or the escrow account, if it has no designated agent for service of process located in this state. Such consent shall be 19 20 filed with the office prior to accepting funds pursuant to 21 sections 214.270 to 214.410 as trustee or as an escrow agent on a 22 form provided by the office by rule.

23 214.335. <u>1.</u> Any endowed care cemetery may require a 24 contribution to the endowed care fund or to a separate memorial 25 care fund for each memorial or monument installed on a grave in 26 the cemetery. Such contribution, if required by a cemetery, 27 shall not exceed twenty cents per square inch of base area, and 28 shall be charged on every installation regardless of the person

performing the installation. Each contribution made pursuant to a contract or agreement entered into after August 28, 1990, shall be entrusted and administered pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.410 for the endowed care fund. Each contribution made pursuant to a contract or agreement entered into before August 28, 1990, shall be governed by the law in effect at the time the contract or agreement was entered into.

8 2. If the deposits to any endowed care trust fund are less 9 than the total sum required to be set aside and deposited since 10 the effective date of such sections, the cemetery operator shall correct such deficiency by depositing not less than twenty 11 12 percent of such deficiency each year for five years and shall 13 file, on the form provided by the division, a statement outlining 14 the date and amount such deposits were made. If the cemetery 15 operator fails to correct the deficiency with respect to funds 16 maintained under section 214.330, the cemetery operator shall 17 thereafter not represent the cemetery as an endowed care 18 cemetery. Any funds held in the cemetery's endowed care trust 19 shall continue to be used for endowed care for that cemetery. 20 The cemetery operator shall remain subject to the provisions of 21 sections 214.270 to 214.410 for any cemetery or any section of 22 the cemetery for which endowed care payments have been collected, subject to the penalties contained in section 214.410, and civil 23 24 actions, as well as subject to any regulations promulgated by the 25 division. For purposes of this section, the term "deficiency" 26 shall mean a deficiency in the amount required to be deposited 27 pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, or a deficiency created 28 by disbursements in excess of what is permitted under section

214.330 and shall not include or be affected by deficiencies or 1 2 shortages caused by the fluctuating value of investments. 214.340. 1. Each operator of an endowed care cemetery 3 4 shall maintain at an office in the cemetery or, if the cemetery 5 has no office in the cemetery, at an office within a reasonable 6 distance of the cemetery, the reports of the endowed care trust 7 fund's operation for the preceding seven years. Each report 8 shall contain, at least, the following information: 9 (1)Name and address of the trustee of the endowed care 10 trust fund and the depository, if different from the trustee; Balance per previous year's report; 11 (2) 12 (3) Principal contributions received since previous report; 13 Total earnings since previous report; (4) 14 (5) Total distribution to the cemetery operator since the 15 previous report; 16 (6) Current balance; 17 (7) A statement of all assets listing cash, real or personal property, stocks, bonds, and other assets, showing cost, 18 19 acquisition date and current market value of each asset; 20 Total expenses, excluding distributions to cemetery (8) 21 operator, since previous report; and 22 A statement of the cemetery's total acreage and of its (9) 23 developed acreage. 24 2. Subdivisions (1) through (7) of the report described in 25 subsection 1 above shall be certified to under oath as complete 26 and correct by a corporate officer of the trustee. Subdivision 27 (8) of such report shall be certified under oath as complete and 28 correct by an officer of the cemetery operator. Both the trustee

and cemetery operator or officer shall be subject to the penalty
 of making a false affidavit or declaration.

The report shall be placed in the cemetery's office 3 3. 4 within ninety days of the close of the trust's fiscal year. A 5 copy of this report shall be filed by the cemetery operator with 6 the division of professional registration as condition of license renewal as required by subsection 4 of section 214.275. 7 The 8 report shall not be sent to the state board of embalmers and 9 funeral directors.]

4. Each cemetery operator who establishes [a segregated] <u>an</u>
<u>escrow or trust</u> account pursuant to [subsection 1 of section
214.385] <u>section 214.387</u> shall file with the report required
under subsection 1 of this section [a segregated] <u>an escrow or</u>
<u>trust</u> account report that shall provide the following
information:

(1) The [number of monuments, markers and memorials] total
 face value of all contracts for burial merchandise and services
 that have been deferred for delivery by purchase designation; and

19 (2) [The aggregate wholesale cost of all such monuments,20 markers and memorials; and

(3)] The amount on deposit in the [segregated] <u>escrow or</u>
<u>trust</u> account established pursuant to section [214.385] <u>214.387</u>,
and the account number <u>in the case of an escrow account</u>.

24 214.345. 1. Any cemetery operator who negotiates the sale 25 of burial space in any cemetery located in this state shall 26 provide each prospective owner of burial space a written 27 statement, which may be a separate form or a part of the sales 28 contract, which states and explains in plain language that the

burial space is part of an endowed care cemetery; that the 1 2 cemetery has established and maintains the endowed care trust 3 fund required by law; and that the information regarding the fund 4 described in section 214.340 is available to the prospective 5 purchaser. If the burial space is in a nonendowed cemetery, or 6 in a nonendowed section of an endowed care cemetery, the cemetery 7 operator shall state he has elected not to establish an endowed 8 care trust fund.

9 2. The operator of each endowed care cemetery shall, upon 10 request, give to the public for retention a copy of the endowed 11 care <u>trust</u> fund annual report prepared pursuant to the provisions 12 of subsection 1 of section 214.340.

13 214.360. No cemetery operator, nor any director, officer or 14 shareholder of any cemetery may borrow or in any other way make 15 use of the endowed care <u>trust</u> funds for his own use, directly or 16 indirectly, or for furthering or developing his or any other 17 cemetery, nor may any trustee lend or make such funds available 18 for said purpose or for the use of any operator or any director, 19 officer or shareholder of any cemetery.

20 214.363. In the event of a cemetery's bankruptcy, 21 insolvency, or assignment for the benefit of creditors, the 22 endowed care <u>trust</u> funds shall not be available to any creditor 23 as assets of the cemetery's owner or to pay any expenses of any 24 bankruptcy or similar proceeding, but shall be retained intact to 25 provide for the future maintenance of the cemetery.

26 214.365. Prior to any action as provided in subsection 2 of 27 section 214.205, and when the division has information that a 28 [public] cemetery is not providing maintenance and care, has been

abandoned, or has ceased operation, the division may investigate the cemetery to determine the cemetery's current status. If the division finds evidence that the cemetery is abandoned, is not conducting business, or is not providing maintenance and care, the division may apply to the circuit court for appointment as receiver, trustee, or successor in trust.

7 1. Prior to selling or otherwise disposing of a 214.367. 8 majority of the business assets of a cemetery, or a majority of 9 its stock or other ownership interest, if a corporation or other 10 organized business entity, the cemetery operator shall provide written notification to the division of its intent at least 11 12 thirty days prior to the date set for the transfer, or the 13 closing of the sale, or the date set for termination of its 14 business. Such notice is confidential and shall not be 15 considered a public record subject to the provisions of chapter 16 610 until the sale of the cemetery has been effectuated. Upon 17 receipt of the written notification, the division may take reasonable and necessary action to determine that the cemetery 18 19 operator has made proper plans to assure that trust funds or 20 funds held in an escrow account for or on behalf of the cemetery 21 will be set aside and used as provided in sections 214.270 to 22 214.410, including, but not limited to, an audit or examination 23 of books and records. The division may waive the requirements of 24 this subsection or may shorten the period of notification for 25 good cause or if the division determines in its discretion that 26 compliance with its provisions are not necessary. 27 2. A cemetery operator may complete the sale, transfer, or cessation if the division does not disapprove the transaction 28

within thirty days after receiving notice. Nothing in this
 section shall be construed to restrict any other right or remedy
 vested in the division or the attorney general.

<u>A prospective purchaser or transferee of [any endowed</u>
<u>care] endowed or unendowed</u> cemetery, with the written consent of
the cemetery operator, may obtain a copy of the cemetery's most
recent audit or inspection report from the division. The
division shall inform the prospective purchaser or transferee,
within thirty days, whether the cemetery may continue to operate
and be represented as [an endowed care] <u>a</u> cemetery.

11 214.387. 1. [Upon written instructions from the purchaser 12 of burial merchandise or burial services set forth in a cemetery prearranged contract, a cemetery may defer delivery of such 13 burial merchandise or a warehouse receipt for the same under 14 15 section 214.385, or performance of services, to a date designated 16 by the purchaser, provided the cemetery operator, after deducting 17 sales and administrative costs not to exceed twenty percent of the purchase price, deposits the remaining portion of the 18 purchase price into an escrow or trust account as herein 19 20 provided, within sixty days following receipt of payment from the 21 purchaser. Funds so deposited pursuant to this section shall be 22 maintained in such account until delivery of the property or the 23 performance of services is made or the contract for the purchase 24 of such property or services is canceled. The account is subject 25 to inspection, examination or audit by the division. No 26 withdrawals may be made from the escrow or trust account 27 established pursuant to this section except as herein provided. Upon written instructions from the purchaser of an 28 2.

interment, entombment, or inurnment cemetery service, a cemetery 1 2 may defer performance of such service to a date designated by the purchaser, provided the cemetery operator, within forty-five days 3 4 of the date the agreement is paid in full, deposits from its own 5 funds an amount equal to eighty percent of the published retail 6 price into a trusteed account. Funds deposited in a trusteed 7 account pursuant to this section and section 214.385 shall be 8 maintained in such account until delivery of the service is made 9 or the agreement for the purchase of the service is canceled. No 10 withdrawals may be made from the trusteed account established pursuant to this section and section 214.385 except as provided 11 12 herein. Money in this account shall be invested utilizing the 13 prudent man theory and is subject to audit by the division. 14 Names and addresses of depositories of such money shall be 15 submitted with the annual report.

16 Upon the delivery of the interment, entombment, or 3. 17 inurnment cemetery service agreed upon by the cemetery or its 18 agent, or the cancellation of the agreement for the purchase of 19 such service, the cemetery operator may withdraw from the 20 trusteed account an amount equal to (i) the market value of the 21 trusteed account based on the most recent account statement 22 issued to the cemetery operator, times (ii) the ratio the 23 service's deposit in the account bears to the aggregate deposit 24 of all services which are paid in full but not delivered. The 25 trusteed account may be inspected or audited by the division.

4. The provisions of this section shall apply to all
agreements entered into after August 28, 2002.] <u>With the</u>
<u>exception of sales made pursuant to section 214.385</u>, all sales of

1 prearranged burial merchandise and services shall be made

2 <u>pursuant to this section.</u>

3	2. Upon written instructions from the purchaser of burial
4	merchandise or burial services set forth in a cemetery
5	prearranged contract, a cemetery may defer delivery of such
6	burial merchandise or a warehouse receipt for the same under
7	section 214.385, or performance of services, to a date designated
8	by the purchaser, provided the cemetery operator, after deducting
9	sales and administrative costs associated with the sale, not to
10	exceed twenty percent of the purchase price, deposits the
11	remaining portion of the purchase price into an escrow or trust
12	account as herein provided, within sixty days following receipt
13	of payment from the purchaser. Funds so deposited pursuant to
14	this section shall be maintained in such account until delivery
15	of the property or the performance of services is made or the
16	contract for the purchase of such property or services is
17	cancelled, and fees and costs associated with the maintenance of
18	the trust or escrow arrangement shall be charged to these funds.
19	The account is subject to inspection, examination or audit by the
20	division. No withdrawals may be made from the escrow or trust
21	account established pursuant to this section except as herein
22	provided.
23	3. Each escrow arrangement must comply with the following:
24	(1) The escrow agent shall be located in Missouri,
25	authorized to exercise escrow powers, and shall maintain the
26	escrow records so that they may be accessed and produced for
27	inspection within five business days of the agent's receipt of a
28	written request made by the office or its duly authorized

1	representative. A cemetery operator shall not serve as an escrow
2	agent for the cemetery operator's account nor shall the escrow
3	agent be employed by or under common ownership with the cemetery
4	operator. The cemetery operator shall maintain a current name
5	and address for the escrow agent with the office, and shall
6	obtain written approval from the office before making any change
7	in the name or address of the escrow agent. Notwithstanding any
8	other provision of law, information regarding the escrow agent
9	shall be deemed an open record;
10	(2) The escrow account funds shall be maintained in
11	depository accounts at a Missouri financial institution that
12	provides Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or comparable
13	deposit insurance;
14	(3) The escrow arrangement shall be administered by the
15	escrow agent pursuant to an agreement approved by the office
16	under the same filing and approval procedure as that set forth
17	for endowed care trust fund agreements in section 214.330;
18	(4) The operator shall establish a separate depository
19	account for each cemetery prearranged contract administered
20	pursuant to this subsection;
21	(5) The division may promulgate by rule a form escrow
22	agreement to be used by a cemetery operator operating pursuant to
23	this section.
24	4. Each trust must comply with the following:
25	(1) The trustee shall be a state or federally chartered
26	financial institution authorized to exercise trust powers in
27	Missouri, provided that a foreign financial institution must be
28	approved by the office;

1	(2) The trust fund records, including all trust fund
2	accounting records, shall either be maintained in the state of
3	Missouri or shall be electronically stored so that the records
4	may be made available within fifteen business days of the
5	trustee's receipt of a written request made by the office or its
6	duly authorized representative. The cemetery operator shall
7	maintain a current name and address of the trustee and the
8	records custodian and shall supply such information to the office
9	or its representative upon request;
10	(3) The principal of such funds shall be appropriately
11	invested pursuant to the prudent investor rule under chapter 469,
12	provided that no trust funds shall be invested in any term
13	insurance product;
14	(4) Payments regarding two or more cemetery prearranged
15	contracts may be deposited into and commingled in the same trust,
16	so long as adequate records are made available to the trustee to
17	account for cemetery prearranged contracts on an individual basis
18	with regard to deposits, earnings, distributions, and any taxes;
19	(5) Trust instruments shall be subject to the same filing
20	and approval procedure as that set forth for endowed care trust
21	fund agreements under section 214.330;
22	(6) A trustee may commingle the funds from trusts of
23	unrelated cemetery operators for investment purposes if the
24	trustee has adequate accounting for the allocations,
25	disbursements, payments, and income among the participating
26	trusts.
27	5. The income from escrow accounts, after payment of
28	expenses associated with the arrangement, shall be distributed to

1	the cemetery operator. All other distributions from trusts and
2	escrow accounts shall be made pursuant to forms approved by the
3	office. For performance of a cemetery prearranged contract, a
4	certificate of performance form signed by the cemetery operator
5	shall be required for distribution. For cancellation of a
6	cemetery prearranged contract, a certificate of cancellation form
7	signed by the cemetery operator and the purchaser shall be
8	required for distribution.
9	6. A cemetery prearranged contract is subject to
10	cancellation as follows:
11	(1) At any time before the final disposition of the
12	deceased, or before the services or merchandise described in this
13	section are provided, the purchaser may cancel the contract
14	without cause by delivering written notice thereof to the
15	operator. Within fifteen days after its receipt of such notice,
16	the cemetery operator shall pay to the purchaser a net amount
17	equal to eighty percent of all payments made under the contract.
18	The cemetery operator shall be entitled to keep one-half of the
19	interest earned on trust funds. Upon delivery of the purchaser's
20	receipt for such payment to the escrow agent or trustee, the
21	escrow agent or trustee shall distribute to the cemetery operator
22	from the escrow account or trust an amount equal to all deposits
23	made into the escrow account or trust for the contract;
24	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of
25	this subsection, if a purchaser is eligible, becomes eligible, or
26	desires to become eligible, to receive public assistance under
27	chapter 208 or any other applicable state or federal law, the
28	purchaser may irrevocably waive and renounce his right to cancel

1	the contract pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (1) of
2	this section, which waiver and renunciation shall be made in
3	writing and delivered to the cemetery operator;
4	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of
5	this subsection, any purchaser, within thirty days of receipt of
6	the executed contract, may cancel the contract without cause by
7	delivering written notice thereof to the cemetery operator, and
8	receive a full refund of all payments made on the contract;
9	(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of
10	this subsection, once any purchase order is entered for the
11	production or manufacture of burial merchandise, per the
12	purchaser's written request, the purchaser's obligation to pay
13	for said burial merchandise shall be noncancellable;
14	(5) No funds subject to a purchaser's right of cancellation
15	hereunder shall be subject to the claims of the cemetery
16	operator's creditors.
17	7. Burial merchandise sold through a contract with a
18	cemetery or cemetery operator which is entered into after the
19	death of the individual for whom the burial merchandise is
20	intended shall not be subject to any trusting or escrow
21	requirement of this section.
22	8. This section shall apply to all agreements entered into
23	after August 28, 2010.
24	214.389. 1. The division may direct a trustee, financial
25	institution, or escrow agent to suspend distribution from an
26	endowed care trust fund or escrow account if the cemetery
27	operator does not have a current and active cemetery operator
28	

1	audit or examination, the division determines there is a
2	deficiency in an endowed care trust fund or escrow account
3	maintained under section 214.330 and the cemetery operator has
4	failed to file a corrective action plan detailing how the
5	deficiency shall be remedied. For purposes of this section, a
6	deficiency shall only be deemed to exist if, after an audit or
7	examination, the division determines a cemetery operator has
8	failed to deposit the total aggregate of funds required to be
9	deposited in trust or an escrow account pursuant to section
10	214.320 or subsection 1 of section 214.335, or has received
11	disbursements from the trust or escrow account in excess of what
12	is permitted under section 214.330. No deficiency shall be
13	deemed to be created by fluctuations in the value of investments
14	held in trust or escrow.
15	2. The division shall provide written notification to the
16	cemetery operator and the trustee, financial institution, or
17	escrow agent within fourteen days of discovering a potential
18	violation as described in this section. Upon receipt of written
19	notification from the division, the cemetery operator shall have
20	sixty days to cure any alleged violations or deficiencies cited
21	in the notification without a suspension of distribution. If,
22	after the sixty-day time period, the division feels the cemetery
23	has not cured the alleged violations or deficiencies cited in the
24	notification, the division may send a notice of suspension to the
25	cemetery operator that the division is ordering a suspension of
26	distribution as described in this section. In the event of a
27	suspension of distribution, the amount of any distribution
28	suspended shall become principal, with credit against the

1	deficiency, unless the cemetery operator files an appeal with a
2	court of competent jurisdiction or with the administrative
3	hearing commission, as provided herein. In the event of an
4	appeal, a cemetery operator may request the court or
5	administrative hearing commission stay the suspension of
6	distribution after a showing of necessity and good cause or
7	authorize payment from the endowed care trust fund or escrow
8	account for necessary expenses from any amount subject to
9	distribution.
10	3. Upon receipt of an order from the division suspending
11	distribution pursuant to this section, a trustee, financial
12	institution, or escrow agent shall immediately suspend
13	distribution as required by the order. A trustee, financial
14	institution, or escrow agent shall be exempt from liability for
15	failure to distribute funds as ordered by the division.
16	4. A cemetery operator may appeal an order suspending
17	distribution pursuant to this section to the administrative
18	hearing commission. The administrative hearing commission shall
19	receive notice of such appeal within thirty days from the date
20	the notice of suspension was mailed by certified mail. Failure
21	of a person whose license was suspended to notify the
22	administrative hearing commission of his or her intent to appeal
23	waives all rights to appeal the suspension. Upon notice of such
24	person's intent to appeal, a hearing shall be held before the
25	administrative hearing commission pursuant to chapter 621.
26	5. A cemetery operator may apply for reinstatement of
27	distributions upon demonstration that the deficiencies or other
28	problems have been cured or that the operator has otherwise come

1 <u>into compliance.</u>

2 6. The division may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as 3 that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under 4 5 the authority delegated in this section shall become effective 6 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions 7 of chapter 536, and, if applicable, section 536.028. This 8 section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers 9 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, to 10 review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 11 12 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2010, shall be invalid and void. 13 214.392. 1. The division shall: 14 15 (1)Recommend prosecution for violations of the provisions 16 of sections 214.270 to 214.410 to the appropriate prosecuting, 17 circuit attorney or to the attorney general;

18 (2) Employ, within limits of the funds appropriated, such
19 employees as are necessary to carry out the provisions of
20 sections 214.270 to 214.410;

(3) Be allowed to convey full authority to each city or county governing body the use of inmates controlled by the department of corrections and the board of probation and parole to care for abandoned cemeteries located within the boundaries of each city or county;

26 (4) Exercise all budgeting, purchasing, reporting and other27 related management functions;

28

(5) <u>Be authorized</u>, within the limits of the funds

1 <u>appropriated to conduct investigations, examinations, or audits</u> 2 <u>to determine compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410;</u> 3 <u>(6)</u> The division may promulgate rules necessary to 4 implement the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.516,

5 including but not limited to:

6 Rules setting the amount of fees authorized pursuant to (a) 7 sections 214.270 to 214.516. The fees shall be set at a level to 8 produce revenue that shall not substantially exceed the cost and 9 expense of administering sections 214.270 to 214.516. All moneys 10 received by the division pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.516 shall be collected by the director who shall transmit such moneys 11 12 to the department of revenue for deposit in the state treasury to 13 the credit of the endowed care cemetery audit fund created in 14 section 193.265, RSMo;

(b) Rules to administer the inspection and audit provisionsof the endowed care cemetery law;

17 (c) Rules for the establishment and maintenance of the18 cemetery registry pursuant to section 214.283.

19 2. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined 20 in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority 21 delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 22 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 23 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the 24 25 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, 26 RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and 27 annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 28 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted

1 after August 28, 2001, shall be invalid and void.

2 214.400. Sections 214.270 to 214.410 shall be known as the
3 "Cemetery Endowed Care <u>Trust</u> Fund Law".

214.410. 1. Any cemetery operator who shall willfully
violate any provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410 for which
no penalty is otherwise prescribed shall be deemed guilty of a
misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined a sum not
to exceed five hundred dollars or shall be confined not more than
six months or both.

10 Any cemetery operator who shall willfully violate any 2. provision of [section] sections 214.320, 214.330, 214.335, 11 12 214.340, 214.360 [or], 214.385, or 214.387 shall be deemed guilty of a class D felony and upon conviction thereof shall be fined a 13 14 sum not to exceed ten thousand dollars or shall be confined not more than five years or both. This section shall not apply to 15 16 cemeteries or cemetery associations which do not sell lots in the 17 cemetery.

3. Any trustee who shall willfully violate any applicable provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410 shall have committed an unsafe and unsound banking practice and shall be penalized as authorized by chapters 361 and 362, RSMo. This subsection shall be enforced exclusively by the Missouri division of finance for state chartered institutions and the Missouri attorney general for federally chartered institutions.

4. Any person who shall willfully violate any provision of
section 214.320, 214.330, 214.335, 214.340, 214.360 or 214.385 or
violates any rule, regulation or order of the division may, in
accordance with the regulations issued by the division, be

assessed an administrative penalty by the division. The penalty 1 2 shall not exceed five thousand dollars for each violation and each day of the continuing violation shall be deemed a separate 3 4 violation for purposes of administrative penalty assessment. 5 However, no administrative penalty may be assessed until the 6 person charged with the violation has been given the opportunity 7 for a hearing on the violation. Penalty assessments received 8 shall be deposited in the endowed care cemetery audit fund 9 created in section 193.265, RSMo.

10 214.500. Any cemetery located in a city [not within a 11 county,] which has become the property of such city pursuant to 12 section 214.205 or a public tax sale may be sold to another 13 cemetery operator or a not-for-profit corporation which is 14 unrelated to the previous cemetery operator.

15 214.504. Any cemetery operator who purchases a cemetery 16 from a city [not within a county] pursuant to sections 214.500 to 17 214.516 shall not be liable for any wrongful interments or errors 18 made in the sale of plots prior to the cemetery operator's 19 purchase of the cemetery, nor shall such cemetery operator be 20 liable for multiple ownership of plots sold by such cemetery 21 operator due to a lack of adequate records in such cemetery 22 operator's possession at the time of such cemetery operator's 23 purchase of such cemetery from the city, provided the cemetery 24 operator offers a plot of equal value for the interment, if such 25 party can prove ownership of the right to bury a person by 26 presenting a contract for the right to burial.

27 214.508. Any cemetery operator who purchases a cemetery28 from a city [not within a county] shall not be held liable or

responsible for any conditions existing or actions taken which occurred prior to the cemetery operator's purchase from such city; except that, the exemption provided in this section shall not relieve any previous owner or wrongdoer for their actions related to such cemetery.

6 214.512. Any subsequent cemetery owner after a city [not 7 within a county] shall be exempt from the provisions of section 8 214.325 and section 214.410 for any deficiency existing prior to 9 such city's ownership; except that, such exemption shall not 10 relieve any previous cemetery owners or wrongdoers from the 11 provisions of such sections.

214.516. Any cemetery owner subsequent to a city [not 12 13 within a county], regardless of whether such cemetery was 14 previously registered as an endowed care cemetery, held itself 15 out to be an endowed care cemetery or was a nonendowed care 16 cemetery, shall comply with section 214.310 and register such 17 cemetery as an endowed care cemetery as if it were a newly created cemetery with no interments at the time of such 18 19 registration. Any contracts for the right of burial sold after 20 compliance with section 214.310 and all subsequent action of a 21 subsequent cemetery owner shall comply fully with the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410. 22

23 214.550. 1. For purposes of this section, the following24 terms mean:

(1) "Cremains", the [ashes that remain after cremation of a
human corpse] remains of a human corpse after cremation;
(2) "Operator", a church that owns and maintains a

27 (2) Operator, a church that owns and maintains a28 religious cemetery;

(3) "Religious cemetery", a cemetery owned, operated,
 controlled, or managed by any church that has or would qualify
 for federal tax-exempt status as a nonprofit religious
 organization pursuant to section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue
 Code as amended;

6 (4) "Scatter garden", a location for the spreading of 7 cremains set aside within a cemetery.

8 2. It shall be lawful for any operator of a religious 9 cemetery adjacent to a church building or other building 10 regularly used as a place of worship to establish a scatter 11 garden for the purpose of scattering human cremains.

12 The operator of any religious cemetery containing a 3. 13 scatter garden shall maintain, protect, and supervise the scatter 14 garden, and shall be responsible for all costs incurred for such 15 maintenance, protection, and supervision. Such operator shall 16 also maintain a record of all cremains scattered in the scatter 17 garden that shall include the name, date of death, and Social 18 Security number of each person whose cremains are scattered, and the date the cremains were scattered. 19

4. A scatter garden established pursuant to this section shall be maintained by the operator of the religious cemetery for as long as such operator is in existence. Upon dissolution of such operator, all records of cremains shall be transferred to the clerk of the city, town, or village in which the scatter garden is located, or if the scatter garden is located in any unincorporated area, to the county recorder.

27 <u>246.310. The provisions of section 262.802 shall not apply</u>
28 to any drainage district or levee district formed under the laws

of this state.

"Employment" means service, including service 2 288.034. 1. in interstate commerce, performed for wages or under any contract 3 of hire, written or oral, express or implied, and notwithstanding 4 5 any other provisions of this section, service with respect to 6 which a tax is required to be paid under any federal unemployment 7 tax law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for 8 contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment fund 9 or which, as a condition for full tax credit against the tax 10 imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, is required to be covered under this law. 11

The term "employment" shall include an individual's 12 2. 13 entire service, performed within or both within and without this 14 state if:

15

(1)The service is localized in this state; or

16 The service is not localized in any state but some of (2)17 the service is performed in this state and the base of operations, or, if there is no base of operations, then the place 18 19 from which such service is directed or controlled, is in this 20 state; or the base of operations or place from which such service 21 is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part 22 of the service is performed but the individual's residence is in 23 this state.

24 3. Service performed by an individual for wages shall be 25 deemed to be employment subject to this law:

26 If covered by an election filed and approved pursuant (1)to subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of section 288.080; 27

28

(2)If covered by an arrangement pursuant to section

1 288.340 between the division and the agency charged with the 2 administration of any other state or federal unemployment 3 insurance law, pursuant to which all services performed by an 4 individual for an employing unit are deemed to be performed 5 entirely within this state.

6 4. Service shall be deemed to be localized within a state 7 if the service is performed entirely within such state; or the 8 service is performed both within and without such state, but the 9 service performed without such state is incidental to the 10 individual's service within the state; for example, is temporary 11 or transitory in nature or consists of isolated transactions.

12 Service performed by an individual for remuneration 5. 13 shall be deemed to be employment subject to this law unless it is 14 shown to the satisfaction of the division that such services were 15 performed by an independent contractor. In determining the 16 existence of the independent contractor relationship, the common 17 law of agency right to control shall be applied. The common law of agency right to control test shall include but not be limited 18 19 to: if the alleged employer retains the right to control the 20 manner and means by which the results are to be accomplished, the 21 individual who performs the service is an employee. If only the 22 results are controlled, the individual performing the service is 23 an independent contractor.

6. The term "employment" shall include service performed for wages as an agent-driver or commission-driver engaged in distributing meat products, vegetable products, fruit products, bakery products, beverages (other than milk), or laundry or dry-cleaning services, for his or her principal; or as a

traveling or city salesman, other than as an agent-driver or 1 2 commission-driver, engaged upon a full-time basis in the solicitation on behalf of, and the transmission to, his or her 3 4 principal (except for sideline sales activities on behalf of some 5 other person) of orders from wholesalers, retailers, contractors, 6 or operators of hotels, restaurants, or other similar 7 establishments for merchandise for resale or supplies for use in 8 their business operations, provided:

9 (1) The contract of service contemplates that substantially 10 all of the services are to be performed personally by such 11 individual; and

12 (2) The individual does not have a substantial investment 13 in facilities used in connection with the performance of the 14 services (other than in facilities for transportation); and

15 (3) The services are not in the nature of a single 16 transaction that is not part of a continuing relationship with 17 the person for whom the services are performed.

Service performed by an individual in the employ of this 18 7. 19 state or any political subdivision thereof or any instrumentality 20 of any one or more of the foregoing which is wholly owned by this 21 state and one or more other states or political subdivisions, or 22 any service performed in the employ of any instrumentality of 23 this state or of any political subdivision thereof, and one or 24 more other states or political subdivisions, provided that such 25 service is excluded from "employment" as defined in the Federal 26 Unemployment Tax Act by Section 3306(c)(7) of that act and is not 27 excluded from "employment" pursuant to subsection 9 of this 28 section, shall be "employment" subject to this law.

Service performed by an individual in the employ of a 1 8. 2 corporation or any community chest, fund, or foundation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, 3 testing for public safety, literary, or educational purposes, or 4 5 for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, no part of 6 the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private 7 shareholder or individual, or other organization described in 8 Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code which is exempt 9 from income tax under Section 501(a) of that code if the 10 organization had four or more individuals in employment for some portion of a day in each of twenty different weeks whether or not 11 12 such weeks were consecutive within a calendar year regardless of 13 whether they were employed at the same moment of time shall be 14 "employment" subject to this law.

15 9. For the purposes of subsections 7 and 8 of this section,16 the term "employment" does not apply to service performed:

(1) In the employ of a church or convention or association of churches, or an organization which is operated primarily for religious purposes and which is operated, supervised, controlled, or principally supported by a church or convention or association of churches; or

(2) By a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister
 of a church in the exercise of such minister's ministry or by a
 member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by
 such order; or

(3) In the employ of a governmental entity referred to in
subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 288.032 if such
service is performed by an individual in the exercise of duties:

- 1
- (a) As an elected official;

2 (b) As a member of a legislative body, or a member of the 3 judiciary, of a state or political subdivision;

4 (c) As a member of the state national guard or air national 5 guard;

6 (d) As an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of 7 fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood or similar emergency;

8 (e) In a position which, under or pursuant to the laws of 9 this state, is designated as (i) a major nontenured policy-making 10 or advisory position, or (ii) a policy-making or advisory 11 position the performance of the duties of which ordinarily does 12 not require more than eight hours per week; or

(4) In a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying out a program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury or providing remunerative work for individuals who because of their impaired physical or mental capacity cannot be readily absorbed in the competitive labor market, by an individual receiving such rehabilitation or remunerative work; or

(5) As part of an unemployment work-relief or work-training
program assisted or financed in whole or in part by any federal
agency or an agency of a state or political subdivision thereof,
by an individual receiving such work relief or work training; or

24

(6)

By an inmate of a custodial or penal institution; or

(7) In the employ of a school, college, or university, if such service is performed (i) by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at such school, college, or university, or (ii) by the spouse of such a student, if such

spouse is advised, at the time such spouse commences to perform such service, that (I) the employment of such spouse to perform such service is provided under a program to provide financial assistance to such student by such school, college, or university, and (II) such employment will not be covered by any program of unemployment insurance.

7 10. The term "employment" shall include the service of an
8 individual who is a citizen of the United States, performed
9 outside the United States (except in Canada), if:

10 (1) The employer's principal place of business in the11 United States is located in this state; or

12 (2) The employer has no place of business in the United13 States, but:

14 (a) The employer is an individual who is a resident of this15 state; or

16 (b) The employer is a corporation which is organized under 17 the laws of this state; or

18 (c) The employer is a partnership or a trust and the number 19 of the partners or trustees who are residents of this state is 20 greater than the number who are residents of any one other state; 21 or

(3) None of the criteria of subdivisions (1) and (2) of
this subsection is met but the employer has elected coverage in
this state or, the employer having failed to elect coverage in
any state, the individual has filed a claim for benefits, based
on such service, under the law of this state;

27 (4) As used in this subsection and in subsection 11 of this
28 section, the term "United States" includes the states, the

1 District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

2 11. An "American employer", for the purposes of subsection
3 10 of this section, means a person who is:

4 (1) An individual who is a resident of the United States; 5 or

6 (2) A partnership, if two-thirds or more of the partners
7 are residents of the United States; or

8 (3) A trust, if all of the trustees are residents of the 9 United States; or

10 (4) A corporation organized under the laws of the United11 States or of any state.

12

12. The term "employment" shall not include:

13 (1) Service performed by an individual in agricultural14 labor;

15 (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term16 "agricultural labor" means remunerated service performed:

a. On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection
with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or
harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including
the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and
management of livestock, bees, poultry, and furbearing animals
and wildlife;

23 b. In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator 24 of a farm, in connection with the operation, management, 25 conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its 26 tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of 27 brush and other debris left by a hurricane, if the major part of 28 such service is performed on a farm;
1 In connection with the production or harvesting of any с. 2 commodity defined as an agricultural commodity in Section 15(q) 3 of the Federal Agricultural Marketing Act, as amended (46 Stat. 1550, Sec. 3; 12 U.S.C. 1441j), or in connection with the 4 5 ginning of cotton, or in connection with the operation or 6 maintenance of ditches, canals, reservoirs, or waterways, not 7 owned or operated for profit, used exclusively for supplying and 8 storing water for farming purposes;

9 d. i. In the employ of the operator of a farm in handling, 10 planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing, or delivering to storage or to market or to a 11 12 carrier for transportation to market, in its unmanufactured 13 state, any agricultural or horticultural commodity; but only if 14 such operator produced more than one-half of the commodity with 15 respect to which such service is performed;

16 ii. In the employ of a group of operators of farms (or a 17 cooperative organization of which such operators are members) in 18 the performance of services described in item i of this 19 subparagraph, but only if such operators produced more than 20 one-half of the commodity with respect to which such service is 21 performed;

22 iii. The provisions of items i and ii of this subparagraph 23 shall not be deemed to be applicable with respect to service 24 performed in connection with commercial canning or commercial 25 freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural 26 commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for 27 distribution for consumption; or

e. On a farm operated for profit if such service is not in

the course of the employer's trade or business. As used in this paragraph, the term "farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, furbearing animals, and truck farms, plantations, ranches, nurseries, ranges, greenhouses or other similar structures, used primarily for the raising of agricultural or horticultural commodities, and orchards;

7 The term "employment" shall include service performed (b)8 after December 31, 1977, by an individual in agricultural labor 9 as defined in paragraph (a) of this subdivision when such service 10 is performed for a person who, during any calendar quarter, paid remuneration in cash of twenty thousand dollars or more to 11 12 individuals employed in agricultural labor or for some portion of 13 a day in a calendar year in each of twenty different calendar 14 weeks, whether or not such weeks were consecutive, employed in 15 agricultural labor ten or more individuals, regardless of whether 16 they were employed at the same moment of time;

17 (c) For the purposes of this subsection any individual who 18 is a member of a crew furnished by a crew leader to perform 19 service in agricultural labor for any other person shall be 20 considered as employed by such crew leader:

a. If such crew leader holds a valid certificate of
registration under the Farm Labor Contractor Registration Act of
1963; or substantially all the members of such crew operate or
maintain tractors, mechanized harvesting or crop-dusting
equipment, or any other mechanized equipment, which is provided
by such crew leader; and

b. If such individual is not in employment by such otherperson;

c. If any individual is furnished by a crew leader to
 perform service in agricultural labor for any other person and
 that individual is not in the employment of the crew leader:

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4 i. Such other person and not the crew leader shall be5 treated as the employer of such individual; and

6 ii. Such other person shall be treated as having paid cash 7 remuneration to such individual in an amount equal to the amount 8 of cash remuneration paid to such individual by the crew leader 9 (either on his or her own behalf or on behalf of such other 10 person) for the service in agricultural labor performed for such 11 other person;

d. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "crewleader" means an individual who:

14 i. Furnishes individuals to perform service in agricultural15 labor for any other person;

16 ii. Pays (either on his or her own behalf or on behalf of 17 such other person) the individuals so furnished by him or her for 18 the service in agricultural labor performed by them; and

19 iii. Has not entered into a written agreement with such 20 other person under which such individual is designated as in 21 employment by such other person;

22 (2) Domestic service in a private home except as provided23 in subsection 13 of this section;

(3) Service performed by an individual under the age of
eighteen years in the delivery or distribution of newspapers or
shopping news but shall not include delivery or distribution to
any point for subsequent delivery or distribution;

28 (4) Service performed by an individual in, and at the time

of, the sale of newspapers or magazines to ultimate consumers 1 2 under an arrangement under which the newspapers or magazines are to be sold by him or her at a fixed price, his or her 3 4 compensation being based on the retention of the excess of such 5 price over the amount at which the newspapers or magazines are 6 charged to him or her, whether or not he or she is guaranteed a 7 minimum amount of compensation for such service, or is entitled 8 to be credited with the unsold newspapers or magazines turned 9 back;

10 (5) Service performed by an individual in the employ of his 11 or her son, daughter, or spouse, and service performed by a child 12 under the age of twenty-one in the employ of his or her father or 13 mother;

14 (6) Except as otherwise provided in this law, service 15 performed in the employ of a corporation, community chest, fund 16 or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, 17 charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for 18 the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, no part of the 19 net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private 20 shareholder or individual;

(7) Services with respect to which unemployment insurance
is payable under an unemployment insurance system established by
an act of Congress;

24 (8) Service performed in the employ of a foreign25 government;

26 (9) Service performed in the employ of an instrumentality27 wholly owned by a foreign government:

28

(a) If the service is of a character similar to that

1 performed in foreign countries by employees of the United States
2 government or of an instrumentality thereof; and

If the division finds that the foreign government, with 3 (b) 4 respect to whose instrumentality exemption is claimed, grants an 5 equivalent exemption with respect to similar service performed in 6 the foreign country by employees of the United States government and of instrumentalities thereof. The certification of the 7 8 United States Secretary of State to the United States Secretary 9 of Treasury shall constitute prima facie evidence of such 10 equivalent exemption;

(10) Service covered by an arrangement between the division and the agency charged with the administration of any other state or federal unemployment insurance law pursuant to which all services performed by an individual for an employing unit during the period covered by the employing unit's approved election are deemed to be performed entirely within the jurisdiction of such other state or federal agency;

(11) Service performed in any calendar quarter in the employ of a school, college or university not otherwise excluded, if such service is performed by a student who is enrolled and regularly attending classes at such school, college, or university, and the remuneration for such service does not exceed fifty dollars (exclusive of board, room, and tuition);

(12) Service performed by an individual for a person as a
licensed insurance agent, a licensed insurance broker, or an
insurance solicitor, if all such service performed by such
individual for such person is performed for remuneration solely
by way of commissions;

1 (13) Domestic service performed in the employ of a local 2 college club or of a local chapter of a college fraternity or 3 sorority, except as provided in subsection 13 of this section;

4 (14) Services performed after March 31, 1982, in programs
5 authorized and funded by the Comprehensive Employment and
6 Training Act by participants of such programs, except those
7 programs with respect to which unemployment insurance coverage is
8 required by the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act or
9 regulations issued pursuant thereto;

10 Service performed by an individual who is enrolled at (15)a nonprofit or public educational institution which normally 11 12 maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a 13 regularly organized body of students in attendance at the place 14 where its educational activities are carried on, as a student in a full-time program, taken for credit at such institution, which 15 16 combines academic instruction with work experience, if such 17 service is an integral part of such program, and such institution 18 has so certified to the employer; except, that this subdivision 19 shall not apply to service performed in a program established for 20 or on behalf of an employer or group of employers;

21 (16)Services performed by a licensed real estate salesperson or licensed real estate broker if [at least eighty 22 23 percent] substantially all of the remuneration, whether or not 24 paid in cash, for the services performed, rather than to the 25 number of hours worked, is directly related to sales or other 26 output, including the performance of services, performed pursuant 27 to a written contract between such individual and the person for 28 whom the services are performed and such contract provides that

1 the individual will not be treated as an employee with respect to 2 such services for federal tax purposes;

Services performed as a direct seller who is engaged 3 (17)4 in the trade or business of the delivering or distribution of 5 newspapers or shopping news, including any services directly 6 related to such trade or business, or services performed as a 7 direct seller who is engaged in the trade or business of selling, 8 or soliciting the sale of, consumer products in the home or 9 otherwise than in, or affiliated with, a permanent, fixed retail 10 establishment, if eighty percent or more of the remuneration, whether or not paid in cash, for the services performed rather 11 12 than the number of hours worked is directly related to sales 13 performed pursuant to a written contract between such direct 14 seller and the person for whom the services are performed, and 15 such contract provides that the individual will not be treated as 16 an employee with respect to such services for federal tax 17 purposes;

(18) Services performed as a volunteer research subject who is paid on a per study basis for scientific, medical or drug-related testing for any organization other than one described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code or any governmental entity.

13. The term "employment" shall include domestic service as defined in subdivisions (2) and (13) of subsection 12 of this section performed after December 31, 1977, if the employing unit for which such service is performed paid cash wages of one thousand dollars or more for such services in any calendar quarter after December 31, 1977.

The term "employment" shall include or exclude the 1 14. 2 entire service of an individual for an employing unit during a pay period in which such individual's services are not all 3 excluded under the foregoing provisions, on the following basis: 4 5 if the services performed during one-half or more of any pay 6 period constitute employment as otherwise defined in this law, 7 all the services performed during such period shall be deemed to 8 be employment; but if the services performed during more than 9 one-half of any such pay period do not constitute employment as 10 otherwise defined in this law, then none of the services for such period shall be deemed to be employment. (As used in this 11 12 subsection, the term "pay period" means a period of not more than 13 thirty-one consecutive days for which a payment of remuneration 14 is ordinarily made to the individual by the employing unit 15 employing such individual.) This subsection shall not be 16 applicable with respect to service performed in a pay period 17 where any such service is excluded pursuant to subdivision (8) of subsection 12 of this section. 18

19 15. The term "employment" shall not include the services of 20 a full-time student who performed such services in the employ of 21 an organized summer camp for less than thirteen calendar weeks in 22 such calendar year.

23 16. For the purpose of subsection 15 of this section, an 24 individual shall be treated as a full-time student for any 25 period:

26 (1) During which the individual is enrolled as a full-time27 student at an educational institution; or

28

(2) Which is between academic years or terms if:

(a) The individual was enrolled as a full-time student at
 an educational institution for the immediately preceding academic
 year or term; and

4 (b) There is a reasonable assurance that the individual 5 will be so enrolled for the immediately succeeding academic year 6 or term after the period described in paragraph (a) of this 7 subdivision.

8 17. For the purpose of subsection 15 of this section, an 9 "organized summer camp" shall mean a summer camp which:

10 (1) Did not operate for more than seven months in the 11 calendar year and did not operate for more than seven months in 12 the preceding calendar year; or

13 (2) Had average gross receipts for any six months in the 14 preceding calendar year which were not more than thirty-three and 15 one-third percent of its average gross receipts for the other six 16 months in the preceding calendar year.

17 18. The term "employment" shall not mean service performed by a remodeling salesperson acting as an independent contractor; 18 19 however, if the federal Internal Revenue Service determines that 20 a contractual relationship between a direct provider and an 21 individual acting as an independent contractor pursuant to the 22 provisions of this subsection is in fact an employer-employee 23 relationship for the purposes of federal law, then that 24 relationship shall be considered as an employer-employee 25 relationship for the purposes of this chapter.

26 <u>306.532. Effective January 1, 2011, the certificate of</u>
 27 <u>title for a new outboard motor shall designate the year the</u>
 28 <u>outboard motor was manufactured as the "Year Manufactured" and</u>

<u>shall further designate the year the dealer received the new</u>
 <u>outboard motor from the manufacturer as the "Model Year-NEW".</u>

327.031. 1. The "Missouri Board for Architects, 3 4 Professional Engineers, Professional Land Surveyors and Landscape 5 Architects" is hereby established and shall consist of [fourteen] 6 fifteen members: a chairperson, who may be either an architect, 7 a professional engineer [or], a professional land surveyor, or a landscape architect; three architects, who shall constitute the 8 9 architectural division of the board; [three] four professional 10 engineers, who shall constitute its professional engineering 11 division; three professional land surveyors, who shall constitute 12 its professional land surveying division; three landscape 13 architects, who shall constitute its landscape [architecture] architectural division; and a voting public member. 14

15 2. After receiving his or her commission and before 16 entering upon the discharge of his or her official duties, each 17 member of the board shall take, subscribe to and file in the 18 office of the secretary of state the official oath required by 19 the constitution.

20 The chairperson shall be the administrative and 3. executive officer of the board, and it shall be his or her duty 21 22 to supervise and expedite the work of the board and its 23 divisions, and, at his or her election, when a tie exists between 24 the divisions of the board, to break the tie by recording his or 25 her vote for or against the action upon which the divisions are in disagreement. Each member of the architectural division shall 26 27 have one vote when voting on an action pending before the board; each member of the professional engineering division shall have 28

1 one vote when voting on an action pending before the board; [the 2 chairperson of the landscape architecture division or the 3 chairperson's designee] each member of the professional land surveying division shall have one vote when voting on an action 4 pending before the board; and each member of the landscape 5 architectural division shall have one vote when voting on an 6 7 action pending before the board[; and each member of the 8 professional land surveying division shall have one vote when 9 voting on an action pending before the board]. Every motion or 10 proposed action upon which the divisions of the board are tied 11 shall be deemed lost, and the chairperson shall so declare, 12 unless the chairperson shall elect to break the tie as provided 13 in this section. [Seven] Eight voting members of the board [and 14 two members], including at least one member of each division, shall constitute a quorum, respectively, for the transaction of 15 16 board business.

Each division of the board shall, at its first meeting 17 4. 18 in each even-numbered year, elect one of its members as division 19 chairperson for a term of two years. Two voting members of each 20 division of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of division business. The chairpersons of the 21 architectural division, professional engineering division [and 22 23 the], professional land surveying division, and landscape 24 architectural division so elected shall be vice chairpersons of 25 the board, and when the chairperson of the board is an architect, 26 the chairperson of the architectural division shall be the 27 ranking vice chairperson, and when the chairperson of the board 28 is a professional engineer, the chairperson of the professional

1 engineering division shall be the ranking vice chairperson, [and] 2 when the chairperson of the board is a professional land 3 surveyor, the chairperson of the professional land surveying division shall be the ranking vice chairperson, and when the 4 5 chairperson of the board is a landscape architect, the 6 chairperson of the landscape architectural division shall be the 7 ranking vice chairperson. The chairperson of each division shall 8 be the administrative and executive officer of his or her 9 division, and it shall be his or her duty to supervise and 10 expedite the work of the division, and, in case of a tie vote on 11 any matter, the chairperson shall, at his or her election, break 12 the tie by his or her vote. Every motion or question pending 13 before the division upon which a tie exists shall be deemed lost, 14 and so declared by the chairperson of the division, unless the 15 chairperson shall elect to break such tie by his or her vote.

Any person appointed to the board, except a public 16 5. 17 member, shall be a currently licensed architect, licensed 18 professional engineer, licensed professional land surveyor or 19 registered or licensed landscape architect in Missouri, as the 20 vacancy on the board may require, who has been a resident of Missouri for at least five years, who has been engaged in active 21 22 practice as an architect, professional engineer, professional 23 land surveyor or landscape architect, as the case may be, for at 24 least ten consecutive years immediately preceding such person's 25 appointment and who is and has been a citizen of the United 26 States for at least five years immediately preceding such 27 person's appointment. Active service as a faculty member while 28 holding the rank of assistant professor or higher in an

accredited school of engineering shall be regarded as active 1 2 practice of engineering, for the purposes of this chapter. Active service as a faculty member, after meeting the 3 qualifications required by section 327.314, while holding the 4 5 rank of assistant professor or higher in an accredited school of 6 engineering and teaching land surveying courses shall be regarded 7 [an] as active practice of land surveying for the purposes of 8 this chapter. Active service as a faculty member while holding 9 the rank of assistant professor or higher in an accredited school 10 of landscape architecture shall be regarded as active practice of 11 landscape architecture, for the purposes of this chapter. Active 12 service as a faculty member while holding the rank of assistant 13 professor or higher in an accredited school of architecture shall 14 be regarded as active practice of architecture for the purposes 15 of this chapter; provided, however, that no faculty member of an accredited school of architecture shall be eligible for 16 17 appointment to the board unless such person has had at least 18 three years' experience in the active practice of architecture 19 other than in teaching. The public member shall be, at the time 20 of appointment, a citizen of the United States; a resident of 21 this state for a period of one year and a registered voter; a 22 person who is not and never was a member of any profession 23 licensed or regulated pursuant to this chapter or the spouse of 24 such person; and a person who does not have and never has had a 25 material, financial interest in either the providing of the professional services regulated by this chapter, or an activity 26 27 or organization directly related to any profession licensed or 28 regulated pursuant to this chapter. All members, including

public members, shall be chosen from lists submitted by the director of the division of professional registration. The duties of the public member shall not include the determination of the technical requirements to be met for licensure or whether any person meets such technical requirements or of the technical competence or technical judgment of a licensee or a candidate for licensure.

8 6. The governor shall appoint the chairperson and the other 9 members of the board when a vacancy occurs either by the 10 expiration of a term or otherwise, and each board member shall serve until such member's successor is appointed and has 11 12 qualified. Beginning August 28, 2010, the position of 13 chairperson shall [alternate among an architect, a professional 14 engineer and a professional land surveyor] rotate sequentially with an architect, then professional engineer, then professional 15 16 land surveyor, then landscape architect, and shall be a licensee 17 who has previously served as a member of the board. The appointment of the chairperson shall be for a term of four years 18 19 which shall be deemed to have begun on the date of his or her 20 appointment and shall end upon the appointment of the 21 chairperson's successor. The chairperson shall not serve more 22 than one term. All other appointments, except to fill an 23 unexpired term, shall be for terms of four years; but no person 24 shall serve on the board for more than two consecutive four-year 25 terms, and each four-year term shall be deemed to have begun on 26 the date of the expiration of the term of the board member who is 27 being replaced or reappointed, as the case may be. Any 28 appointment to the board which is made when the senate is not in

session shall be submitted to the senate for its advice and consent at its next session following the date of the appointment.

4 7. In the event that a vacancy is to occur on the board 5 because of the expiration of a term, then ninety days prior to 6 the expiration, or as soon as feasible after a vacancy otherwise 7 occurs, the president of the American Institute of 8 Architects/Missouri if the vacancy to be filled requires the 9 appointment of an architect, [the president of the Missouri 10 Association of Landscape Architects if the vacancy to be filled 11 requires the appointment of a landscape architect,] the president 12 of the Missouri Society of Professional Engineers if the vacancy 13 to be filled requires the appointment of an engineer, [and] the president of the Missouri Society of Professional Surveyors if 14 15 the vacancy to be filled requires the appointment of a land 16 surveyor, and the president of the Missouri Association of 17 Landscape Architects if the vacancy to be filled requires the appointment of a landscape architect, shall submit to the 18 19 director of the division of professional registration a list of 20 five architects or five professional engineers, [five landscape 21 architects] or five professional land surveyors, or five 22 landscape architects as the case may require, qualified and 23 willing to fill the vacancy in question, with the recommendation 24 that the governor appoint one of the five persons so listed; and 25 with the list of names so submitted, the president of the appropriate organization shall include in a letter of transmittal 26 a description of the method by which the names were chosen. 27 This 28 subsection shall not apply to public member vacancies.

The board may sue and be sued as the Missouri board for 1 8. 2 architects, professional engineers, professional land surveyors and landscape architects, and its members need not be named as 3 4 parties. Members of the board shall not be personally liable 5 either jointly or severally for any act or acts committed in the 6 performance of their official duties as board members, nor shall 7 any board member be personally liable for any court costs which 8 accrue in any action by or against the board.

9 9. Upon appointment by the governor and confirmation by the 10 senate of the landscape [architecture] architectural division, 11 the landscape architectural council is hereby abolished and all 12 of its powers, duties and responsibilities are transferred to and 13 imposed upon the Missouri board for architects, professional 14 engineers, professional land surveyors and landscape architects 15 established pursuant to this section. Every act performed by or under the authority of the Missouri board for architects, 16 professional engineers, professional land surveyors and landscape 17 18 architects shall be deemed to have the same force and effect as 19 if performed by the landscape architectural council pursuant to 20 sections 327.600 to 327.635. All rules and regulations of the 21 landscape architectural council shall continue in effect and 22 shall be deemed to be duly adopted rules and regulations of the 23 Missouri board [of] for architects, professional engineers, 24 professional [landscape architects and land surveyors] land 25 surveyors and landscape architects until such rules and 26 regulations are revised, amended or repealed by the board as 27 provided by law, such action to be taken by the board on or 28 before January 1, 2002.

Upon appointment by the governor and confirmation by 1 10. 2 the senate of the landscape [architecture] architectural 3 division, all moneys deposited in the landscape architectural council fund created in section 327.625 shall be transferred to 4 the state board for architects, professional engineers, 5 6 professional land surveyors and landscape architects fund created 7 in section 327.081. The landscape architectural council fund 8 shall be abolished upon the transfer of all moneys in it to the 9 state board [of] for architects, professional engineers, 10 professional land surveyors and landscape architects.

11 327.041. 1. The board shall have the duty and the power to 12 carry out the purposes and to enforce and administer the 13 provisions of this chapter, to require, by summons or subpoena, with [the advice of the attorney general and upon] the vote of 14 two-thirds of the voting board members, the attendance and 15 16 testimony of witnesses, and the production of drawings, plans, 17 plats, specifications, books, papers or any document representing 18 any matter under hearing or investigation, pertaining to the 19 issuance, probation, suspension or revocation of certificates of 20 registration or certificates of authority provided for in this 21 chapter, or pertaining to the unlawful practice of architecture, 22 professional engineering, professional land surveying or 23 landscape architecture.

24 2. The board shall, within the scope and purview of the 25 provisions of this chapter, prescribe the duties of its officers 26 and employees and adopt, publish and enforce the rules and 27 regulations of professional conduct which shall establish and 28 maintain appropriate standards of competence and integrity in the

professions of architecture, professional engineering, 1 2 professional land surveying and landscape architecture, and adopt, publish and enforce procedural rules and regulations as 3 4 may be considered by the board to be necessary or proper for the 5 conduct of the board's business and the management of its 6 affairs, and for the effective administration and interpretation 7 of the provisions of this chapter. Any rule or portion of a 8 rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is 9 created under the authority delegated in this chapter shall 10 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, 11 12 section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are 13 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general 14 assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the 15 effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 16 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and 17 any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2001, shall be 18 invalid and void.

Rules promulgated by the board pursuant to sections
 327.272 to 327.635 shall be consistent with and shall not
 supersede the rules promulgated by the department of natural
 resources pursuant to chapter 60, RSMo.

327.351. 1. The professional license issued to every professional land surveyor in Missouri, including certificates of authority issued to corporations as provided in section 327.401, shall be renewed on or before the license or certificate renewal date provided that the required fee is paid. The license of any professional land surveyor or the certificate of authority of any

such corporation which is not renewed within three months of the 1 2 renewal date shall be suspended automatically, subject to the right of the holder of such suspended license or certificate to 3 have it reinstated within nine months of the date of suspension, 4 5 if the reinstatement fee is paid. Any license or certificate of 6 authority suspended and not reinstated within nine months of the 7 suspension date shall expire and be void and the holder of such 8 expired license or certificate shall have no rights or privileges 9 thereunder, but any person or corporation whose license or 10 certificate has expired may, within the discretion of the board and upon payment of the required fee, be reregistered or 11 12 relicensed under such person's or corporation's original license 13 number.

2. Each application for the renewal of a license or of a certificate of authority shall be on a form furnished to the applicant and shall be accompanied by the required fee; but no renewal fee need be paid by any professional land surveyor over the age of seventy-five.

Beginning January 1, 1996, as a condition for renewal of 19 3. 20 a license issued pursuant to section 327.314, a license holder 21 shall be required to successfully complete twenty units of 22 professional development that meet the standards established by 23 the board regulations within the preceding two calendar years. 24 Any license holder who completes more than twenty units of 25 professional development within the preceding two calendar years 26 may have the excess, not to exceed ten units, applied to the 27 requirement for the next two-year period.

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4. The board shall not renew the license of any license

holder who has failed to complete the professional development requirements pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, unless such license holder can show good cause why he or she was unable to comply with such requirements. If the board determines that good cause was shown, the board shall permit the license holder to make up all outstanding required units of professional development.

8 5. A license holder may at any time prior to the 9 termination of his or her license request to be classified as 10 inactive. Inactive licenses may be maintained by payment of an annual fee determined by the board. Holders of inactive licenses 11 12 shall not be required to complete professional development as 13 required in subsection 3 of this section. Holders of inactive 14 licenses shall not practice as professional land surveyors within 15 this state, but may continue to use the title "professional land 16 surveyor" or the initials "PLS" after such person's name. If the 17 board determines that good cause was shown, the board shall 18 permit the professional land surveyor to make up all outstanding 19 required units of professional development.

A holder of an inactive license may return such license
to an active license to practice professional land surveying by
paying the required fee, and either:

(1) Completing one-half of the two-year requirement for
professional development multiplied by the number of years of
lapsed or inactive status. The maximum requirement for
professional development units shall be two and one-half times
the two-year requirement. The minimum requirement for
professional development units shall be no less than the two-year

1 requirement. Such requirement shall be satisfied within the two
2 years prior to the date of reinstatement; or

3 (2) Taking such examination as the board deems necessary to 4 determine such person's qualifications. Such examination shall 5 cover areas designed to demonstrate the applicant's proficiency 6 in current methods of land surveying practice.

7 7. Exemption to the required professional development units
8 shall be granted to registrants during periods of serving
9 honorably on full-time active duty in the military service.

10 8. At the time of application for license renewal, each licensee shall report, on a form provided by the board, the 11 12 professional development activities undertaken during the 13 preceding renewal period to satisfy the requirements pursuant to subsection 3 of this section. The licensee shall maintain a file 14 15 in which records of activities are kept, including dates, 16 subjects, duration of program, and any other appropriate 17 documentation, for a period of four years after the program date.

18 327.411. 1. Each architect and each professional engineer 19 and each professional land surveyor and each landscape architect 20 shall have a personal seal in a form prescribed by the board, and 21 he or she shall affix the seal to all final documents including, 22 but not limited to, plans, specifications, estimates, plats, 23 reports, surveys, proposals and other documents or instruments 24 prepared by the licensee, or under such licensee's immediate 25 personal supervision. Such licensee shall either prepare or 26 personally supervise the preparation of all documents sealed by 27 the licensee, and such licensee shall be held personally 28 responsible for the contents of all such documents sealed by such

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licensee, whether prepared or drafted by another licensee or not.

2 2. The personal seal of an architect or professional 3 engineer or professional land surveyor or landscape architect shall be the legal equivalent of the licensee's signature 4 5 whenever and wherever used, and the owner of the seal shall be 6 responsible for the architectural, engineering, surveying, or 7 landscape architectural documents, as the case may be, when the 8 licensee places his or her personal seal on such plans, 9 specifications, estimates, plats, reports, surveys or other 10 documents or instruments for, or to be used in connection with, any architectural or engineering project, survey, or landscape 11 12 architectural project. Licensees shall undertake to perform 13 architectural, professional engineering, professional land surveying and landscape architectural services only when they are 14 15 qualified by education, training, and experience in the specific 16 technical areas involved.

17 Notwithstanding any provision of this section, any 3. 18 architect, professional engineer, professional land surveyor, or 19 landscape architect may, but is not required to, attach a 20 statement over his or her signature, authenticated by his or her 21 personal seal, specifying the particular plans, specifications, 22 plats, reports, surveys or other documents or instruments, or 23 portions thereof, intended to be authenticated by the seal, and 24 disclaiming any responsibility for all other plans, 25 specifications, estimates, reports, or other documents or 26 instruments relating to or intended to be used for any part or 27 parts of the architectural or engineering project or survey or 28 landscape architectural project.

4. Nothing in this section, or any rule or regulation of
 the board shall require any professional to seal preliminary or
 incomplete documents.

339.010. 1. A "real estate broker" is any person,
partnership, <u>limited partnership</u>, <u>limited liability company</u>,
association, <u>professional corporation</u>, or corporation, foreign or
domestic who, for another, and for a compensation or valuable
consideration, does, or attempts to do, any or all of the
following:

10 (1) Sells, exchanges, purchases, rents, or leases real 11 estate;

12 (2) Offers to sell, exchange, purchase, rent or lease real13 estate;

14 (3) Negotiates or offers or agrees to negotiate the sale,15 exchange, purchase, rental or leasing of real estate;

16 (4) Lists or offers or agrees to list real estate for sale,
17 lease, rental or exchange;

18 (5) Buys, sells, offers to buy or sell or otherwise deals19 in options on real estate or improvements thereon;

20 (6) Advertises or holds himself or herself out as a
21 licensed real estate broker while engaged in the business of
22 buying, selling, exchanging, renting, or leasing real estate;

(7) Assists or directs in the procuring of prospects,
calculated to result in the sale, exchange, leasing or rental of
real estate;

(8) Assists or directs in the negotiation of any
transaction calculated or intended to result in the sale,
exchange, leasing or rental of real estate;

1 (9) Engages in the business of charging to an unlicensed 2 person an advance fee in connection with any contract whereby the 3 real estate broker undertakes to promote the sale of that 4 person's real estate through its listing in a publication issued 5 for such purpose intended to be circulated to the general public;

6 (10) Performs any of the foregoing acts on behalf of the 7 owner of real estate, or interest therein, or improvements 8 affixed thereon, for compensation.

2. 9 A "real estate salesperson" is any person, partnership, 10 limited partnership, limited liability company, association, professional corporation, or corporation, domestic or foreign who 11 12 for a compensation or valuable consideration becomes associated, 13 either as an independent contractor or employee, either directly 14 or indirectly, with a real estate broker to do any of the things 15 above mentioned. The provisions of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 shall not be construed to deny a 16 17 real estate salesperson who is compensated solely by commission 18 the right to be associated with a broker as an independent 19 contractor.

20 3. A "real estate broker-salesperson" is any person, 21 partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, 22 association, professional corporation, or corporation, domestic 23 or foreign, who has a real estate broker license in good 24 standing, who for a compensation or valuable consideration 25 becomes associated, either as an independent contractor or 26 employee, either directly or indirectly, with a real estate broker to do any of the things above mentioned. A real estate 27 28 broker-salesperson shall not also operate as a real estate

broker. The provisions of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 shall not be construed to deny a real estate salesperson who is compensated solely by commission the right to be associated with a broker as an independent contractor.

[3.] <u>4.</u> The term "commission" as used in sections 339.010
to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 means the Missouri
real estate commission.

9 [4.] <u>5.</u> "Real estate" for the purposes of sections 339.010 10 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 shall mean, and 11 include, leaseholds, as well as any other interest or estate in 12 land, whether corporeal, incorporeal, freehold or nonfreehold, 13 and the real estate is situated in this state.

14 [5.] <u>6.</u> "Advertising" shall mean any communication, whether 15 oral or written, between a licensee or other entity acting on 16 behalf of one or more licensees and the public, and shall 17 include, but not be limited to, business cards, signs, insignias, 18 letterheads, radio, television, newspaper and magazine ads, 19 Internet advertising, websites, display or group ads in telephone 20 directories, and billboards.

21 [6.] <u>7.</u> The provisions of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and 22 sections 339.710 to 339.860 shall not apply to:

(1) Any person, partnership, <u>limited partnership</u>, <u>limited</u>
<u>liability company</u>, association, <u>professional corporation</u>, or
corporation who as owner, lessor, or lessee shall perform any of
the acts described in subsection 1 of this section with reference
to property owned or leased by them, or to the regular employees
thereof;

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(2) Any licensed attorney-at-law;

2 (3) An auctioneer employed by the owner of the property; Any person acting as receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, 3 (4) 4 administrator, executor, or guardian or while acting under a 5 court order or under the authority of a will, trust instrument or 6 deed of trust or as a witness in any judicial proceeding or other 7 proceeding conducted by the state or any governmental subdivision 8 or agency;

9 (5) Any person employed or retained to manage real property 10 by, for, or on behalf of the agent or the owner of any real 11 estate shall be exempt from holding a license, if the person is 12 limited to one or more of the following activities:

13 (a) Delivery of a lease application, a lease, or any14 amendment thereof, to any person;

(b) Receiving a lease application, lease, or amendment thereof, a security deposit, rental payment, or any related payment, for delivery to, and made payable to, a broker or owner;

(c) Showing a rental unit to any person, as long as the
employee is acting under the direct instructions of the broker or
owner, including the execution of leases or rental agreements;

(d) Conveying information prepared by a broker or owner about a rental unit, a lease, an application for lease, or the status of a security deposit, or the payment of rent, by any person;

(e) Assisting in the performance of brokers' or owners'
functions, administrative, clerical or maintenance tasks;

27 (f) If the person described in this section is employed or 28 retained by, for, or on behalf of a real estate broker, the real

estate broker shall be subject to discipline under this chapter for any conduct of the person that violates this chapter or the regulations promulgated thereunder;

4 (6) Any officer or employee of a federal agency or the
5 state government or any political subdivision thereof performing
6 official duties;

7 Railroads and other public utilities regulated by the (7)8 state of Missouri, or their subsidiaries or affiliated 9 corporations, or to the officers or regular employees thereof, 10 unless performance of any of the acts described in subsection 1 11 of this section is in connection with the sale, purchase, lease 12 or other disposition of real estate or investment therein 13 unrelated to the principal business activity of such railroad or 14 other public utility or affiliated or subsidiary corporation 15 thereof;

16 (8) Any bank, trust company, savings and loan association,
17 credit union, insurance company, mortgage banker, or farm loan
18 association organized under the laws of this state or of the
19 United States when engaged in the transaction of business on its
20 own behalf and not for others;

(9) Any newspaper, magazine, periodical, Internet site,
Internet communications, or any form of communications regulated
or licensed by the Federal Communications Commission or any
successor agency or commission whereby the advertising of real
estate is incidental to its operation;

26 (10) Any developer selling Missouri land owned by the 27 developer;

28 (11) Any employee acting on behalf of a nonprofit

1 community, or regional economic development association, agency 2 or corporation which has as its principal purpose the general 3 promotion and economic advancement of the community at large, 4 provided that such entity:

5 (a) Does not offer such property for sale, lease, rental or 6 exchange on behalf of another person or entity;

7 (b) Does not list or offer or agree to list such property8 for sale, lease, rental or exchange; or

9 (c) Receives no fee, commission or compensation, either 10 monetary or in kind, that is directly related to sale or disposal 11 of such properties. An economic developer's normal annual 12 compensation shall be excluded from consideration as commission 13 or compensation related to sale or disposal of such properties; 14 or

(12) Any neighborhood association, as that term is defined in section 441.500, RSMo, that without compensation, either monetary or in kind, provides to prospective purchasers or lessors of property the asking price, location, and contact information regarding properties in and near the association's neighborhood, including any publication of such information in a newsletter, Internet site, or other medium.

339.020. It shall be unlawful for any person, partnership, <u>limited partnership, limited liability company,</u> association, <u>professional corporation,</u> or corporation, foreign or domestic, to act as a real estate broker<u>, real estate broker-salesperson</u>, or real estate salesperson, or to advertise or assume to act as such without a license first procured from the commission.

28 339.030. A corporation, partnership, <u>limited partnership</u>,

limited liability company, professional corporation, or 1 2 association shall be granted a broker's, broker-salesperson's, or salesperson's license when the required fee is paid and: 3 4 (1) For a real estate broker individual licenses have been 5 issued to every member, general partner, associate, manager, 6 member, or officer of such partnership, limited partnership, 7 limited liability company, association, professional corporation, 8 or corporation who actively participates in its brokerage 9 business and to every person, partnership, limited partnership, 10 limited liability company, professional corporation, or corporation who acts as a salesperson for such partnership, 11 limited partnership, limited liability company, association, 12 13 professional corporation, or corporation [and when the required 14 fee is paid.], or 15 (2) For a real estate broker-salesperson when an individual 16 broker-salesperson license has been issued to every general 17 partner, associate, manager, member, or officer of such partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, 18 association, professional corporation, or corporation who acts as 19 20 a broker-salesperson, and individual salesperson licenses have 21 been issued to all general partners, associates, managers, 22 members, or officers of such partnership, limited partnership, 23 limited liability company, association, professional corporation, 24 or corporation who act as a salesperson, or 25 (3) For a real estate salesperson when individual salesperson licenses have been issued to all general partners, 26 27 associates, managers, members, or officers of such partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, association, 28

1 professional corporation, or corporation who act as a

2 <u>salesperson</u>.

339.040. 1. Licenses shall be granted only to persons who 3 present, and corporations, associations, [or] partnerships, 4 limited partnerships, limited liability companies, and 5 6 professional corporations whose officers, managers, associates, 7 [or] general partners, or members who actively participate in such entity's brokerage, broker-salesperson, or salesperson 8 9 business present, satisfactory proof to the commission that they: 10 Are persons of good moral character; and (1)11 (2)Bear a good reputation for honesty, integrity, and fair 12 dealing; and 13 (3) Are competent to transact the business of a broker or salesperson in such a manner as to safeguard the interest of the 14 15 public. 16 2. In order to determine an applicant's qualifications to 17 receive a license under sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860, the commission shall hold oral or written 18 examinations at such times and places as the commission may 19 20 determine. 21 3. Each applicant for a broker or salesperson license shall

22 be at least eighteen years of age and shall pay the broker 23 examination fee or the salesperson examination fee.

4. Each applicant for a broker license shall be required to have satisfactorily completed the salesperson license examination prescribed by the commission. For the purposes of this section only, the commission may permit a person who is not associated with a licensed broker to take the salesperson examination.

Each application for a broker license shall include a 1 5. 2 certificate from the applicant's broker or brokers that the applicant has been actively engaged in the real estate business 3 as a licensed salesperson for at least two years immediately 4 5 preceding the date of application, and shall include a 6 certificate from a school accredited by the commission under the 7 provisions of section 339.045 that the applicant has, within six 8 months prior to the date of application, successfully completed 9 the prescribed broker curriculum or broker correspondence course 10 offered by such school, except that the commission may waive all or part of the requirements set forth in this subsection when an 11 12 applicant presents proof of other educational background or 13 experience acceptable to the commission. Each application for a 14 broker-salesperson license shall include evidence of the current 15 broker license held by the applicant.

16 6. Each application for a salesperson license shall include 17 a certificate from a school accredited by the commission under the provisions of section 339.045 that the applicant has, within 18 19 six months prior to the date of application, successfully 20 completed the prescribed salesperson curriculum or salesperson 21 correspondence course offered by such school, except that the 22 commission may waive all or part of the educational requirements 23 set forth in this subsection when an applicant presents proof of 24 other educational background or experience acceptable to the 25 commission.

7. The commission may issue a temporary work permit pending final review and printing of the license to an applicant who appears to have satisfied the requirements for licenses. The

1 commission may, at its discretion, withdraw the work permit at 2 any time.

8. Every active broker, <u>broker-salesperson</u>, salesperson, officer, <u>manager</u>, <u>general</u> partner, <u>member</u> or associate shall provide upon request to the commission evidence that during the two years preceding he or she has completed twelve hours of real estate instruction in courses approved by the commission. The commission may, by rule and regulation, provide for individual waiver of this requirement.

10 Each entity that provides continuing education required 9. under the provisions of subsection 8 of this section may make 11 12 available instruction courses that the entity conducts through 13 means of distance delivery. The commission shall by rule set 14 standards for such courses. The commission may by regulation 15 require the individual completing such distance-delivered course 16 to complete an examination on the contents of the course. Such 17 examination shall be designed to ensure that the licensee displays adequate knowledge of the subject matter of the course, 18 19 and shall be designed by the entity producing the course and approved by the commission. 20

21 10. In the event of the death or incapacity of a licensed 22 broker, or of one or more of the licensed general partners, 23 officers, managers, members or associates of a real estate 24 partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, 25 professional corporation, corporation, or association whereby the 26 affairs of the broker, partnership, [or] limited partnership, 27 limited liability company, professional corporation, corporation, 28 or association cannot be carried on, the commission may issue,

without examination or fee, to the legal representative or 1 2 representatives of the deceased or incapacitated individual, or to another individual approved by the commission, a temporary 3 broker license which shall authorize such individual to continue 4 5 for a period to be designated by the commission to transact 6 business for the sole purpose of winding up the affairs of the 7 broker, partnership [or], limited partnership, limited liability 8 company, professional corporation, corporation, or association 9 under the supervision of the commission.

10 339.080. 1. The commission may refuse to examine or issue 11 a license to any person known by it to be guilty of any of the 12 acts or practices specified in subsection 2 of section 339.100, 13 or to any person previously licensed whose license has been 14 revoked, or may refuse to issue a license to any association 15 [or], partnership, corporation, professional corporation, limited 16 partnership, or limited liability company of which such person is a [member] manager, officer or general partner, or in which as a 17 18 member, partner or associate such person has or exercises a 19 controlling interest either directly or indirectly, or to any 20 corporation of which such person is an officer or in which as a 21 stockholder such person has or exercises a controlling interest 22 either directly or indirectly.

2. Any person denied a license or the right to be examined 24 shall be so notified by the commission in writing stating the 25 reasons for denial or refusal to examine and informing the person 26 so denied of his right to file a complaint with the 27 administrative hearing commission in accordance with the 28 applicable provisions of sections 621.015 to 621.198, RSMo, and

the rules promulgated thereunder. All notices hereunder shall be sent by registered or certified mail to the last known address of the applicant.

4 339.110. The commission may refuse to issue a license to 5 any person who is known by it to have been found guilty of 6 forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, 7 extortion, criminal conspiracy to defraud, or other like offense, or to any association [or], partnership, corporation, 8 9 professional corporation, limited partnership, or limited 10 liability company of which [the person is a member] such person 11 is a manager, officer or general partner, or in which as a 12 member, partner or associate such person has or exercises a controlling interest either directly or indirectly, or to any 13 14 corporation of which [the] such person is an officer or in which 15 as a stockholder [the] such person has or exercises a controlling 16 interest either directly or indirectly.

17 339.160. No person, partnership, <u>limited partnership</u>,
 18 <u>limited liability company</u>, professional corporations,

19 corporation[,] or association engaged within this state in the 20 business or acting in the capacity of a real estate broker, real 21 estate broker-salesperson or real estate salesperson shall bring 22 or maintain an action in any court in this state for the recovery of compensation for services rendered in the buying, selling, 23 24 exchanging, leasing, renting or negotiating a loan upon any real 25 estate without alleging and proving that such person, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, 26 27 professional corporation, corporation[,] or association, or its

28 member, manager, officer, general partner or associate, as

1 <u>applicable</u>, was a licensed real estate broker<u>, broker-salesperson</u> 2 or salesperson at the time when the alleged cause of action 3 arose.

4 339.170. Any person or corporation, professional 5 corporation, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability 6 company or association knowingly violating any provision of 7 sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 shall be quilty of a class B misdemeanor. Any officer or agent of a 8 9 corporation, or any member, manager, officer, associate, general 10 partner or agent of a partnership [or], association, corporation, 11 professional corporation, limited partnership, or limited 12 liability company who actively participate in such entity's 13 brokerage business, who shall knowingly and personally 14 participate in or be an accessory to any violation of sections 15 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860, shall be quilty of a class B misdemeanor. This section shall not be 16 construed to release any person from civil liability or criminal 17 18 prosecution under any other law of this state. The commission 19 may cause complaint to be filed for violation of section 339.020 20 in any court of competent jurisdiction, and perform such other 21 acts as may be necessary to enforce the provisions hereof.

339.503. As used in sections 339.500 to 339.549, the following words and phrases mean, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(1) "Appraisal" or "real estate appraisal", an objective
analysis, evaluation, opinion, or conclusion relating to the
nature, quality, value or utility of specified interests in, or
aspects of, identified real estate. An appraisal may be

1 classified by subject matter into either a valuation or an 2 analysis;

3 (2) "Appraisal assignment", an engagement for which a
4 person is employed or retained to act as a disinterested third
5 party in rendering an objective appraisal;

6 (3) "Appraisal foundation", the organization of the same 7 name that was incorporated as an Illinois not-for-profit 8 corporation on November 20, 1987, whose operative boards are the 9 appraisal standards board and the appraiser qualifications board;

10 "Appraisal report", any communication, written or oral, (4) of an appraisal. The purpose of an appraisal is immaterial, 11 12 therefore valuation reports, real estate counseling reports, real 13 estate tax counseling reports, real estate offering memoranda, 14 mortgage banking offers, highest and best use studies, market 15 demand and economic feasibility studies and all other reports 16 communicating an appraisal analysis, opinion or conclusion are 17 appraisal reports, regardless of title;

(5) "Appraisal standards board (ASB)", the independent
board of the appraisal foundation which promulgates the generally
accepted standards of the appraisal profession and the uniform
standards of professional appraisal practices;

(6) "Appraiser qualifications board (AQB)", the independent
board of the appraisal foundation which establishes minimum
experience, education and examination criteria for state
licensing of appraisers;

(7) "Boat dock", a structure for loading and unloading
boats and connecting real property to water, public or private.
A boat dock is real property and has riparian rights, provided:
(a) The lender includes the boat dock as a fixture both in
 the lender's deed of trust and a uniform commercial code fixture
 filing under section 400.9-502, RSMo;

4 (b) The boat dock is attached to the real property by steel 5 cable, bar, or chain that is permanently imbedded in concrete or 6 rock, and otherwise securely attached to the dock; and

7 (c) The owner of the dock has riparian rights by means of 8 real estate rights bordering the body of water, including such 9 rights by license, grant, or other means allowing access to the 10 body of water, which access may be seasonal because the water may 11 be reduced for electric power production or flood control;

12 "Boat slip" or "watercraft slip", a defined area of (8)13 water, including the riparian rights to use such area, whether by 14 grant, lease, or license, in accordance with all applicable laws 15 and regulations, which is a part of a boat dock serving a common 16 interest community, including by way of example and not of 17 limitation condominiums and villas; and the exclusive right to such use being allocated as a limited common element or being 18 19 assigned to an owner of real estate in the common interest 20 community in which the boat dock is located, whether by grant, 21 lease, or otherwise. The rights of the real estate owner in such 22 slip are included as collateral in any deed of trust and uniform commercial code filings of a lender, if any, taking a security 23 24 interest in the owner's real estate;

(9) "Broker price opinion", an opinion of value, prepared
by a real estate licensee for a fee, that includes, but is not
limited to, analysis of competing properties, comparable sold
properties, recommended repairs and costs or suggested marketing

1 techniques. A broker price opinion is not an appraisal and shall
2 specifically state it is not an appraisal;

3 [(9)] (10) "Certificate", the document issued by the 4 Missouri real estate appraisers commission evidencing that the 5 person named therein has satisfied the requirements for 6 certification as a state-certified real estate appraiser and 7 bearing a certificate number assigned by the commission;

8 [(10)] (11) "Certificate holder", a person certified by the 9 commission pursuant to the provisions of sections 339.500 to 10 339.549;

11 [(11)] (12) "Certified appraisal report", an appraisal 12 prepared or signed by a state-certified real estate appraiser. A 13 certified appraisal report represents to the public that it meets 14 the appraisal standards defined in sections 339.500 to 339.549;

15 [(12)] (13) "Commission", the Missouri real estate 16 appraisers commission, created in section 339.507;

[(13)] (14) "Comparative market analysis", the analysis of sales of similar recently sold properties in order to derive an indication of the probable sales price of a particular property undertaken by a licensed real estate broker or agent, for his or her principal. A comparative market analysis is not an appraisal and shall specifically state it is not an appraisal;

[(14)] (15) "Disinterested third party" shall not exclude any state-certified real estate appraiser or state-licensed real estate appraiser employed or retained by any bank, savings association, credit union, mortgage banker or other lender to perform appraisal assignments, provided that the appraisal assignments are rendered with respect to loans to be extended by

the bank, savings association, credit union, mortgage banker or other lender, and provided further that the state-certified real estate appraiser or state-licensed real estate appraiser is not requested or required to report a predetermined analysis or opinion of value;

[(15)] (16) "License" or "licensure", a license or
licensure issued pursuant to the provisions of sections 339.500
to 339.549 evidencing that the person named therein has satisfied
the requirements for licensure as a state-licensed real estate
appraiser and bearing a license number assigned by the
commission;

12 [(16)] (17) "Real estate", an identified parcel or tract of 13 land, including improvements, if any;

14 [(17)] (18) "Real estate appraiser" or "appraiser", a 15 person who for a fee or valuable consideration develops and 16 communicates real estate appraisals or otherwise gives an opinion 17 of the value of real estate or any interest therein;

18 [(18)] (19) "Real estate appraising", the practice of 19 developing and communicating real estate appraisals;

20 [(19)] (20) "Real property", the interests, benefits and 21 rights inherent in the ownership of real estate;

[(20)] (21) "Residential real estate", any parcel of real estate, improved or unimproved, that is primarily residential in nature and that includes or is intended to include a residential structure containing not more than four dwelling units and no other improvements except those which are typical residential improvements that support the residential use for the location and property type. A residential unit is a condominium, town

house or cooperative complex, or a planned unit development is considered to be residential real estate. Subdivisions are not considered residential real estate. Individual parcels of property located within a residential subdivision shall be considered residential property;

6 [(21)] (22) "Specialized appraisal services", appraisal 7 services which do not fall within the definition of appraisal 8 assignment. The term "specialized services" may include 9 valuation work and analysis work. Regardless of the intention of 10 the client or employer, if the appraiser is acting as a 11 disinterested third party in rendering an unbiased analysis, 12 opinion or conclusion, the work is classified as an appraisal 13 assignment and not specialized services;

14 [(22)] (23) "State-certified general real estate 15 appraiser", a person who holds a current, valid certificate as a 16 state-certified general real estate appraiser issued pursuant to 17 the provisions of sections 339.500 to 339.549;

18 [(23)] (24) "State-certified residential real estate 19 appraiser", a person who holds a current, valid certificate as a 20 state-certified residential real estate appraiser issued pursuant 21 to the provisions of sections 339.500 to 339.549;

[(24)] (25) "State-licensed real estate appraiser", a person who holds a current, valid license as a state-licensed real estate appraiser pursuant to the provisions of sections 339.500 to 339.549;

[(25)] (26) "Subdivision", a tract of land that has been divided into blocks or plots with streets, roadways, open areas and other facilities appropriate to its development as

1 residential, commercial or industrial sites;

2 [(26)] (27) "Temporary appraiser licensure or 3 certification", the issuance of a temporary license or certificate by the commission to a person licensed or certified 4 in another state who enters this state for the purpose of 5 6 completing a particular appraisal assignment. 7 339.710. For purposes of sections 339.010 to 339.180, and 8 sections 339.710 to 339.860, the following terms mean: 9 "Adverse material fact", a fact related to the property (1)10 not reasonably ascertainable or known to a party which negatively 11 affects the value of the property. Adverse material facts may 12 include matters pertaining to: 13 (a) Environmental hazards affecting the property; 14 Physical condition of the property which adversely (b) 15 affects the value of the property; Material defects in the property; 16 (C) 17 (d) Material defects in the title to the property; 18 (e) Material limitation of the party's ability to perform under the terms of the contract; 19 20 "Affiliated licensee", any broker or salesperson who (2)works under the supervision of a designated broker; 21 22 (3)"Agent", a person or entity acting pursuant to the 23 provisions of this chapter; "Broker disclosure form", the current form prescribed 24 (4)25 by the commission for presentation to a seller, landlord, buyer or tenant who has not entered into a written agreement for 26 27 brokerage services; 28 (5) "Brokerage relationship", the relationship created

between a designated broker, the broker's affiliated licensees, 1 2 and a client relating to the performance of services of a broker as defined in section 339.010, and sections 339.710 to 339.860. 3 4 If a designated broker makes an appointment of an affiliated 5 licensee or affiliated licensees pursuant to section 339.820, 6 such brokerage relationships are created between the appointed 7 licensee or licensees and the client. Nothing in this 8 subdivision shall:

9 (a) Alleviate the designated broker from duties of 10 supervision of the appointed licensee or licensees; or

11 (b) Alter the designated broker's underlying contractual 12 agreement with the client;

13 (6) "Client", a seller, landlord, buyer, or tenant who has 14 entered into a brokerage relationship with a licensee pursuant to 15 sections 339.710 to 339.860;

16 "Commercial real estate", any real estate other than (7)17 real estate containing one to four residential units or real estate classified as agricultural and horticultural property for 18 19 assessment purposes pursuant to section 137.016, RSMo. 20 Commercial real estate does not include single family residential 21 units including condominiums, townhouses, or homes in a 22 subdivision when that real estate is sold, leased, or otherwise 23 conveyed on a unit-by-unit basis even though the units may be 24 part of a larger building or parcel of real estate containing more than four units: 25

(8) "Commission", the Missouri real estate commission;
(9) "Confidential information", information obtained by the
licensee from the client and designated as confidential by the

client, information made confidential by sections 339.710 to 339.860 or any other statute or regulation, or written instructions from the client unless the information is made public or becomes public by the words or conduct of the client to whom the information pertains or by a source other than the licensee;

7 (10) "Customer", an actual or potential seller, landlord, 8 buyer, or tenant in a real estate transaction in which a licensee 9 is involved but who has not entered into a brokerage relationship 10 with the licensee;

(11) (11) "Designated agent", a licensee named by a designated broker as the limited agent of a client as provided for in section 339.820;

"Designated broker", any individual licensed as a 14 (12)15 broker who is operating pursuant to the definition of real estate 16 broker as defined in section 339.010, or any individual licensed 17 as a broker who is appointed by a partnership, limited partnership, association, limited liability corporation, 18 19 professional corporation, or a corporation engaged in the real 20 estate brokerage business to be responsible for the acts of the 21 partnership, limited partnership, association, limited liability [corporation,] company, professional corporation or corporation. 22 23 Every real estate broker partnership, limited partnership, 24 association, [or] limited liability [corporation] company, 25 professional corporation or corporation shall appoint a designated broker; 26

(13) "Designated transaction broker", a licensee named by a
designated broker or deemed appointed by a designated broker as

1 the transaction broker for a client pursuant to section 339.820;

(14) "Dual agency", a form of agency which may result when
an agent licensee or someone affiliated with the agent licensee
represents another party to the same transaction;

5 (15) "Dual agent", a limited agent who, with the written 6 consent of all parties to a contemplated real estate transaction, 7 has entered into an agency brokerage relationship, and not a 8 transaction brokerage relationship, with and therefore represents 9 both the seller and buyer or both the landlord and tenant;

10 (16) "Exclusive brokerage agreement", means a written 11 brokerage agreement which provides that the broker has the sole 12 right, through the broker or through one or more affiliated 13 licensees, to act as the exclusive limited agent, representative, 14 or transaction broker of the client or customer that meets the 15 requirements of section 339.780;

16 (17) "Licensee", a real estate broker or salesperson as 17 defined in section 339.010;

18 (18) "Limited agent", a licensee whose duties and 19 obligations to a client are those set forth in sections 339.730 20 to 339.750;

(19) "Ministerial acts", those acts that a licensee may perform for a person or entity that are informative in nature and do not rise to the level which requires the creation of a brokerage relationship. Examples of these acts include, but are not limited to:

26 (a) Responding to telephone inquiries by consumers as to27 the availability and pricing of brokerage services;

28 (b) Responding to telephone inquiries from a person

1 concerning the price or location of property;

2 (c) Attending an open house and responding to questions3 about the property from a consumer;

4

(d) Setting an appointment to view property;

5 (e) Responding to questions of consumers walking into a 6 licensee's office concerning brokerage services offered on 7 particular properties;

8 (f) Accompanying an appraiser, inspector, contractor, or 9 similar third party on a visit to a property;

10 (g) Describing a property or the property's condition in 11 response to a person's inquiry;

(h) Showing a customer through a property being sold by anowner on his or her own behalf; or

14

(i) Referral to another broker or service provider;

15 (20)"Residential real estate", all real property improved 16 by a structure that is used or intended to be used primarily for 17 residential living by human occupants and that contains not more 18 than four dwelling units or that contains single dwelling units 19 owned as a condominium or in a cooperative housing association, 20 and vacant land classified as residential property. The term 21 "cooperative housing association" means an association, whether 22 incorporated or unincorporated, organized for the purpose of 23 owning and operating residential real property in Missouri, the 24 shareholders or members of which, by reason of their ownership of 25 a stock or membership certificate, a proprietary lease, or other 26 evidence of membership, are entitled to occupy a dwelling unit 27 pursuant to the terms of a proprietary lease or occupancy 28 agreement;

(21) "Single agent", a licensee who has entered into a
 brokerage relationship with and therefore represents only one
 party in a real estate transaction. A single agent may be one of
 the following:

5 (a) "Buyer's agent", which shall mean a licensee who
6 represents the buyer in a real estate transaction;

7 (b) "Landlord's agent", which shall mean a licensee who
8 represents a landlord in a leasing transaction;

9 (c) "Seller's agent", which shall mean a licensee who 10 represents the seller in a real estate transaction; and

11 (d) "Tenant's agent", which shall mean a licensee who 12 represents the tenant in a leasing transaction;

13 "Subagent", a designated broker, together with the (22)14 broker's affiliated licensees, engaged by another designated 15 broker, together with the broker's affiliated or appointed 16 affiliated licensees, to act as a limited agent for a client, or 17 a designated broker's unappointed affiliated licensees engaged by 18 the designated broker, together with the broker's appointed 19 affiliated licensees, to act as a limited agent for a client. A 20 subagent owes the same obligations and responsibilities to the 21 client pursuant to sections 339.730 to 339.740 as does the 22 client's designated broker;

(23) "Transaction broker", any licensee acting pursuant to
 sections 339.710 to 339.860, who:

(a) Assists the parties to a transaction without an agency
or fiduciary relationship to either party and is, therefore,
neutral, serving neither as an advocate or advisor for either
party to the transaction;

1 (b) Assists one or more parties to a transaction and who 2 has not entered into a specific written agency agreement to 3 represent one or more of the parties; or

4 (c) Assists another party to the same transaction either 5 solely or through licensee affiliates. Such licensee shall be 6 deemed to be a transaction broker and not a dual agent, provided 7 that, notice of assumption of transaction broker status is 8 provided to the buyer and seller immediately upon such default to 9 transaction broker status, to be confirmed in writing prior to 10 execution of the contract.

11 <u>339.845. If the commission receives a notice of delinquent</u> 12 <u>taxes from the director of revenue under the provisions of</u> 13 <u>section 324.010 regarding a real estate broker or salesperson,</u> 14 <u>the commission shall immediately send a copy of such notice to</u> 15 <u>the real estate broker with which the real estate broker or</u> 16 <u>salesperson is associated.</u>

17 <u>339.1100.</u> Sections <u>339.1100</u> to <u>339.1240</u> shall be known and 18 <u>may be cited as the "Missouri Appraisal Management Company</u> 19 <u>Registration and Regulation Act".</u>

339.1105. As used in sections 339.1100 to 339.1240, unless 20 21 the context otherwise requires, the following terms shall mean: 22 (1) "Appraisal" or "real estate appraisal", an objective 23 analysis, evaluation, opinion, or conclusion relating to the 24 nature, quality, value or utility of specified interests in, or 25 aspects of, identified real estate. An appraisal may be 26 classified by subject matter into either a valuation or an 27 analysis;

28 (2) "Appraisal firm", a person, limited liability company,

1	partnership, association, or corporation whose principal is an
2	appraiser licensed under sections 339.500 to 339.549 which for
3	compensation prepares and communicates appraisals, reviews
4	appraisals prepared by others, provides appraisal consultation
5	services, and supervises, trains, and reviews work produced or
6	certified by persons licensed under sections 339.500 to 339.549
7	who produces appraisals;
8	(3) "Appraisal management company", an individual or
9	business entity that utilizes an appraisal panel and performs,
10	directly or indirectly, appraisal management services;
11	(4) "Appraisal management services", to directly or
12	indirectly perform any of the following functions on behalf of a
13	lender, financial institution, client, or any other person:
14	(a) Administer an appraiser panel;
15	(b) Recruit, qualify, verify licensing or certification,
16	and negotiate fees and service level expectations with persons
17	who are part of an appraiser panel;
18	(c) Receive an order for an appraisal from one person and
19	deliver the order for the appraisal to an appraiser that is part
20	of an appraiser panel for completion;
21	(d) Track and determine the status of orders for
22	appraisals;
23	(e) Conduct quality control of a completed appraisal prior
24	to the delivery of the appraisal to the person that ordered the
25	appraisal; and
26	(f) Provide a completed appraisal performed by an appraiser
27	to one or more persons who have ordered an appraisal;
28	(5) "Appraisal review", the act or process of developing

1	and communicating an opinion about the quality of another
2	appraiser's work that was performed as part of an appraisal
3	assignment, except that an examination of an appraisal for
4	grammatical, typographical, or other similar errors shall not be
5	an appraisal review;
6	(6) "Appraiser", an individual who holds a license as a
7	state licensed real estate appraiser or certification as a state
8	certified real estate appraiser under this chapter;
9	(7) "Appraiser panel", a network of licensed or certified
10	appraisers that have:
11	(a) Responded to an invitation, request, or solicitation
12	from an appraisal management company, in any form, to perform
13	appraisals for persons that have ordered appraisals through the
14	appraisal management company or to perform appraisals for the
15	appraisal management company directly; and
16	(b) Been selected and approved by an appraisal management
17	company to perform appraisals for any client of the appraisal
18	management company that has ordered an appraisal through the
19	appraisal management company or to perform appraisals for the
20	appraisal management company directly;
21	(8) "Commission", the Missouri real estate appraisers
22	commission created in section 339.507;
23	(9) "Controlling person":
24	(a) An owner, officer or director of a corporation,
25	partnership, or other business entity seeking to offer appraisal
26	management services in this state;
27	(b) An individual employed, appointed, or authorized by an
28	appraisal management company that has the authority to enter into

1	a contractual relationship with other persons for the performance
2	of appraisal management services and has the authority to enter
3	into agreements with appraisers for the performance of
4	appraisals; or
5	(c) An individual who possesses, directly or indirectly,
6	the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or
7	policies of an appraisal management company;
8	(10) "State certified real estate appraiser", a person who
9	develops and communicates real estate appraisals and who holds a
10	current valid certificate issued to the person for either general
11	or residential real estate under this chapter;
12	(11) "State licensed real estate appraiser", a person who
13	holds a current valid real estate appraiser license issued under
14	this chapter.
15	339.1110. 1. No person shall directly or indirectly engage
16	or attempt to engage in business as an appraisal management
17	company, to directly or indirectly engage or attempt to perform
18	appraisal management services, or to advertise or hold itself out
19	as engaging in or conducting business as an appraisal management
20	company without first obtaining a registration issued by the
21	commission under sections 220 1100 to 220 1240
<u></u>	commission under sections 339.1100 to 339.1240.
22	2. The registration required by subsection 1 of this
23	
	2. The registration required by subsection 1 of this
23	2. The registration required by subsection 1 of this section shall, at a minimum, include the following:
23 24	2. The registration required by subsection 1 of this section shall, at a minimum, include the following: (1) Name of the entity seeking registration;
23 24 25	2. The registration required by subsection 1 of this section shall, at a minimum, include the following: (1) Name of the entity seeking registration; (2) Business address of the entity seeking registration,

1	(4) If the entity is not a corporation that is domiciled in
2	this state, the name and contact information for the company's
3	agent for service of process in this state;
4	(5) The name, address, and contact information for any
5	individual or any corporation, partnership, or other business
6	entity that owns ten percent or more of the appraisal management
7	company;
8	(6) The name, address, and contact information for a
9	designated controlling person to be the primary communication
10	source for the commission;
11	(7) A certification that the entity has a system and
12	process in place to verify that a person being added to the
13	appraiser panel of the appraisal management company for appraisal
14	services to be performed in Missouri holds a license in good
15	standing in Missouri, if a license or certification is required
16	to perform appraisals under section 339.1180;
17	(8) A certification that the entity has a system in place
18	to review the work of all appraisers who are performing real
19	estate appraisal services for the appraisal management company on
20	a periodic basis to validate that the real estate appraisal
21	services are being conducted in accordance with Uniform Standards
22	of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) under section
23	<u>339.1185;</u>
24	(9) A certification that the entity maintains a detailed
25	record of each service request that it receives for appraisal
26	services within the state of Missouri and the appraiser who
27	performs the real estate appraisal services for the appraisal
28	management company under section 339.1190;

1	(10) An irrevocable Uniform Consent to Service of Process
2	under section 339.1130; and
3	(11) Any other reasonable information required by the
4	commission to complete the registration process.
5	339.1115. Sections 339.1100 to 339.1240 shall not apply to:
6	(1) The performance of services as an appraisal firm;
7	(2) A national or state bank, federal or state savings
8	institution, or credit union that is subject to direct regulation
9	or supervision by an agency of the United States government, or
10	by the department of insurance, financial institutions or
11	professional registration, that receives a request for the
12	performance of an appraisal from one employee of the financial
13	institution, and another employee of the same financial
14	institution assigns the request for the appraisal to an appraiser
15	who is an independent contractor to the institution. An entity
16	exempt as provided in this subdivision shall file a notice with
17	the commission containing the information required in section
18	<u>339.1110;</u>
19	(3) An appraiser that enters into an agreement, whether
20	written or otherwise, with an appraiser for the performance of an
21	appraisal, and upon the completion of the appraisal, the report
22	of the appraiser performing the appraisal is signed by both the
23	appraiser who completed the appraisal and the appraiser who
24	requested the completion of the appraisal;
25	(4) A state agency or local municipality that orders
26	appraisals for ad valorem tax purposes or any other business on
27	behalf of the state of Missouri;
28	(5) Any person licensed to practice law in this state, a

1	court-appointed personal representative, or a trustee who orders
2	an appraisal in connection with a bona fide client relationship
3	when such person directly contracts with an independent
4	appraiser.
5	339.1120. An applicant for a registration as an appraisal
6	management company shall submit to the commission an application
7	containing the information required in subsection 2 of section
8	339.1110 on a form prescribed by the commission.
9	339.1125. Registration shall be valid for two years from
10	<u>its issuance.</u>
11	339.1130. Each entity applying for a registration as an
12	appraisal management company in Missouri shall complete an
13	irrevocable Uniform Consent to Service of Process, as prescribed
14	by the commission.
15	339.1135. 1. The commission shall establish by rule the
16	fee to be paid by each appraisal management company seeking
17	registration under sections 339.1100 to 339.1240, such that the
18	sum of the fees paid by all appraisal management companies
19	seeking registration under this section shall be sufficient for
20	the administration of sections 339.1100 to 339.1240. The
21	commission shall charge and collect fees to be utilized to fund
22	activities that may be necessary to carry out the provisions of
23	this chapter.
24	2. Each applicant for registration shall post with the
25	commission and maintain on renewal a surety bond in the amount of
26	twenty thousand dollars. The details of the bond shall be
27	prescribed by rule of the commission, however, the bond shall not
28	be used to assist appraisers in collection efforts of credit

1 <u>extended by the appraiser.</u>

2	3. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined
3	in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated
4	in sections 339.1100 to 339.1240 shall become effective only if
5	it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of
6	chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. Sections
7	339.1100 to 339.1240 and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any
8	of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to
9	chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to
10	disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held
11	unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any
12	rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2010, shall be invalid
13	and void.
14	339.1140. 1. An appraisal management company applying for
15	a registration in Missouri shall not be more than ten percent
16	owned by:
17	(1) A person who has had a license or certificate to act as
18	an appraiser refused, denied, canceled, revoked, or surrendered
19	in lieu of a pending revocation in any state;
20	(2) An entity that is more than ten percent owned by any
21	person who has had a license or certificate to act as an
22	appraiser refused, denied, canceled, revoked, or surrendered in
23	lieu of a pending revocation in any state.
24	2. Each person who owns more than ten percent of an
25	appraisal management company in this state shall:
26	(1) Be of good moral character, as determined by the
27	commission; and
28	(2) Submit to a background investigation, as determined by

1 <u>the commission.</u>

2	3. Each appraisal management company applying for
3	registration shall certify to the commission that it has reviewed
4	each entity that owns more than ten percent of the appraisal
5	management company and that no entity that owns more than ten
6	percent of the appraisal management company is more than ten
7	percent owned by any person who has had a license or certificate
8	to act as an appraiser refused, denied, cancelled, revoked, or
9	surrendered in lieu of a pending revocation.
10	4. Each appraisal management company shall notify the
11	commission within thirty days of a change in its controlling
12	principal, agent of record, or ownership composition.
13	339.1145. 1. Each appraisal management company applying to
14	the commission for a registration in this state shall designate
15	one compliance manager who will be the main contact for all
16	communication between the commission and the appraisal management
17	company.
18	2. The designated controlling person under subsection 1 of
19	this section shall:
20	(1) Have never had a license or certificate to act as an
21	appraiser refused, denied, canceled, revoked, or surrendered in
22	lieu of a pending revocation in any state;
23	(2) Be of good moral character, as determined by the
24	commission; and
25	(3) Submit to a background investigation, as determined by
26	the commission.
27	339.1150. 1. An appraisal management company that applies
28	to the commission for registration to do business in this state

1	as an appraisal management company under subdivision (1) of
2	section 339.1115 shall not:
3	(1) Employ any person directly involved in appraisal
4	management services who has had a license or certificate to act
5	as an appraiser in Missouri or in any other state refused,
6	denied, cancelled, revoked, or surrendered in lieu of a pending
7	revocation;
8	(2) Knowingly enter into any independent contractor
9	arrangement, whether in verbal, written, or other form, with any
10	person who has had a license or certificate to act as an
11	appraiser in Missouri or in any other state refused, denied,
12	cancelled, revoked, or surrendered in lieu of a pending
13	revocation;
14	(3) Knowingly enter into any contract, agreement, or other
15	business relationship directly involved with the performance of
16	real estate appraisal or appraisal management services, whether
17	in verbal, written, or any other form, with any entity that
18	employs, has entered into an independent contract arrangement, or
19	has entered into any contract, agreement, or other business
20	relationship, whether in verbal, written, or any other form, with
21	any person who has ever had a license or certificate to act as an
22	appraiser in Missouri or in any other state, refused, denied,
23	cancelled, revoked, or surrendered in lieu of a pending
24	revocation.
25	339.1155. Prior to placing an assignment for real estate
26	appraisal services within the state of Missouri with an appraiser
27	on the appraiser panel of an appraisal management company, the
28	appraisal management company shall have a system in place to

verify that the appraiser receiving the assignment holds a 1 2 credential in good standing in the state of Missouri. Letters of 3 engagement shall include instructions to the appraiser to decline 4 the assignment in the event the appraiser is not geographically 5 competent or the assignment falls outside the appraiser's scope 6 of practice restrictions. 7 339.1160. Any employee or independent contractor of the 8 appraisal management company who performs an appraisal review 9 shall be an individual who holds a license as a state licensed 10 real estate appraiser or certification as a state certified real estate appraiser under this chapter. Letters of engagement shall 11 12 include instructions to the appraiser to decline the appraisal 13 review assignment in the event the appraiser is not 14 geographically competent or the assignment falls outside the 15 appraiser's scope of practice restrictions. 16 339.1170. Each appraisal management company seeking to be 17 registered shall certify to the commission on a biannual basis on a form prescribed by the commission that the appraisal management 18 19 company has a system and process in place to verify that an 20 individual being added to the appraiser panel of the appraisal 21 management company holds a license in good standing in this state 22 under this chapter. 23 339.1175. Each appraisal management company seeking to be 24 registered shall certify to the commission on a biannual basis on 25 a form prescribed by the commission that the appraisal management 26 company has a system in place to verify that an individual to 27 whom the appraisal management company is making an assignment for 28 the completion of an appraisal has not had a license or

1	certification as an appraiser refused, denied, cancelled,
2	revoked, or surrendered in lieu of a pending revocation on a
3	regular basis.
4	339.1180. Each registered appraisal management company
5	shall certify to the commission on a biannual basis that it has a
6	system in place to perform an appraisal review on a periodic
7	basis of the work of all appraisers who are performing appraisals
8	for the appraisal management company to validate that the
9	appraisals are being conducted in accordance with Uniform
10	Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP). An
11	appraisal management company shall report to the commission the
12	results of any appraisal reviews in which an appraisal is found
13	to be substantially noncompliant with USPAP or state or federal
14	laws pertaining to appraisals.
15	339.1185. 1. Each appraisal management company seeking to
16	be registered shall certify to the commission biannually that it
17	maintains a detailed record of each service request for appraisal
18	services within the state of Missouri and that it receives of
19	each appraiser who performs an appraisal for the appraisal
20	management company in the state of Missouri.
21	2. All appraisal management company records shall be
22	retained for five years.
23	339.1190. 1. An appraisal management company shall not
24	prohibit its appraiser who is part of an appraiser panel from
25	recording the fee that the appraiser was paid by the appraisal
26	management company for the performance of the appraisal within
27	the appraisal report that is submitted by the appraiser to the
28	appraisal management company.

1	2. An appraisal management company shall separately state
2	to the client the fees paid to an appraiser for appraisal
3	services and the fees charged by the appraisal management company
4	for services associated with the management of the appraisal
5	process, including procurement of the appraiser's services.
6	339.1200. 1. No employee, director, officer, or agent of
7	an appraisal management company shall influence or attempt to
8	influence the development, reporting, or review of an appraisal
9	through coercion, extortion, collusion, compensation,
10	instruction, inducement, intimidation, bribery or in any other
11	manner, including but not limited to:
12	(1) Withholding or threatening to withhold timely payment
13	for an appraisal, except in cases of substandard performance or
14	noncompliance with conditions of engagement;
15	(2) Withholding or threatening to withhold future business,
16	or demoting, terminating, or threatening to demote or terminate
17	an appraiser;
18	(3) Expressly or impliedly promising future business,
19	promotions, or increased compensation for an appraiser;
20	(4) Conditioning the request for an appraisal or the
21	payment of an appraisal fee or salary or bonus on the opinion,
22	conclusion, or valuation to be reached, or on a preliminary
23	estimate or opinion requested from an appraiser;
24	(5) Requesting that an appraiser provide an estimated,
25	predetermined, or desired valuation in an appraisal report, or
26	provide estimated values or comparable sales at any time prior to
27	the appraiser's completion of an appraisal;
28	(6) Providing to an appraiser an anticipated, estimated,

1	encouraged, or desired value for a subject property or a proposed
2	or target amount to be loaned to the borrower, except that a copy
3	of the sales contract for purchase transactions may be provided;
4	(7) Providing to an appraiser, or any entity or person
5	related to the appraiser, stock or other financial or
6	nonfinancial benefits;
7	(8) Allowing the removal of an appraiser from an appraiser
8	panel without prior written notice to such appraiser;
9	(9) Any other act or practice that knowingly impairs or
10	attempts to impair an appraiser's independence, objectivity, or
11	<pre>impartiality;</pre>
12	(10) Requiring an appraiser to collect an appraisal fee on
13	behalf of the appraisal management company from the borrower,
14	homeowner, or other third party; or
15	(11) Requiring an appraiser to indemnify an appraisal
16	management company or hold an appraisal management company
17	harmless for any liability, damage, losses, or claims arising out
18	of the services performed by the appraisal management company,
19	and not the services performed by the appraiser.
20	2. Nothing in subsection 1 of this section shall prohibit
21	the appraisal management company from requesting that an
22	appraiser:
23	(1) Provide additional information about the basis for a
24	valuation; or
25	(2) Correct objective factual errors in an appraisal
26	report; or
27	(3) Provide additional information with the appraisal
28	regarding additional sales provided through an established

1 dispute process	•
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2 339.1205. An appraisal management company shall not:

3 (1) Require an appraiser to modify any aspect of an

4 <u>appraisal report unless the modification complies with section</u>

- 5 <u>339.1200;</u>
- 6 (2) Require an appraiser to prepare an appraisal report if
- 7 the appraiser, in the appraiser's own professional judgment,

8 <u>believes the appraiser does not have the necessary expertise for</u>

9 the assignment or for the specific geographic area, and has

- 10 notified the appraisal management company and declined the
- 11 <u>assignment;</u>
- 12 (3) Require an appraiser to prepare an appraisal under a
- 13 time frame that the appraiser, in the appraiser's own
- 14 professional judgment, believes does not afford the appraiser the
- 15 <u>ability to meet all the relevant legal and professional</u>
- 16 <u>obligations</u>, and has notified the appraisal management company
- 17 <u>and declined the assignment;</u>
- 18 (4) Prohibit or inhibit legal or other allowable
- 19 <u>communication between the appraiser and:</u>
- 20 (a) The lender;
- 21 (b) A real estate licensee; or
- 22 (c) Any other person from whom the appraiser, in the
- 23 appraiser's own professional judgment, believes information would
- 24 <u>be relevant;</u>
- 25 (5) Knowingly require the appraiser to do anything that
- 26 <u>does not comply with:</u>
- 27 (a) Uniformed Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice
- 28 (USPAP);

1	(b) The Missouri certified and licensed real estate
2	appraisers act established under this chapter; or
3	(c) Any assignment conditions and certifications required
4	by the client;
5	(6) Make any portion of the appraiser's fee or the
6	appraisal management company's fee contingent on a predetermined
7	or favorable outcome, including but not limited to:
8	(a) A loan closing; or
9	(b) Specific dollar amount being achieved by the appraiser
10	in the appraisal report.
11	339.1210. Each appraisal management company shall, except
12	in cases of breach of contract or substandard performance of
13	services, make payment to an appraiser for the completion of an
14	appraisal or valuation assignment within thirty days, unless a
15	mutually agreed upon alternate payment schedule exists, from when
16	the appraiser transmits or otherwise provides the completed
17	appraisal or valuation study to the appraisal management company
18	<u>or its assignee.</u>
19	339.1215. 1. An appraisal management company shall not
20	alter, modify, or otherwise change a completed appraisal report
21	submitted by an appraiser by:
22	(1) Permanently removing the appraiser's signature or seal;
23	or
24	(2) Adding information to, or removing information from,
25	the appraisal report with an intent to change the valuation
26	conclusion.
27	2. No registered appraisal management company shall require
28	an appraiser to provide the appraisal management company with the

<u>appraiser's digital signature or seal.</u>

339.1220. 1. The commission shall issue a unique registration number to each appraisal management company.
registration number to each appraisal management company.
2. The commission shall publish a list of the appraisal
management companies that have registered under sections 339.1100
to 339.1240 and have been issued a registration number.
3. An appraisal management company shall be required to
disclose the registration number on each engagement letter
utilized in assigning an appraisal request for real estate
appraisal assignments within the state of Missouri.
339.1230. 1. Except within the first thirty days after an
appraiser is first added to the appraiser panel of an appraisal
management company, an appraisal management company shall not
remove an appraiser from its appraiser panel or otherwise refuse
to assign requests for real estate appraisal services to an
appraiser without:
(1) Notifying the appraiser in writing of the reasons why
the appraiser is being removed from the appraiser panel of the
appraisal management company;
(2) If the appraiser is being removed from the panel for
illegal conduct, violation of the Uniform Standards of
Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP), or a violation of state
licensing standards, describing the nature of the alleged conduct
or violation; and
(3) Providing an opportunity for the appraiser to respond
to the notification of the appraisal management company.
2. An appraiser who is removed from the appraiser panel of
an appraisal management company for alleged illegal conduct,

violation of the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal 1 Practice (USPAP), or violation of state licensing standards may 2 3 file a complaint with the commission for a review of the decision 4 of the appraisal management company; except that, in no case 5 shall the commission make any determination regarding the nature 6 of the business relationship between the appraiser and the 7 appraisal management company which is unrelated to the actions 8 specified in subsection 1 of this section. 9 3. If after notice and an opportunity for hearing and 10 review, the commission determines that an appraiser did not commit a violation of law, a violation of the Uniform Standards 11 12 of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP), or a violation of state licensing standards, the commission shall order that such 13 14 appraiser be added to the appraiser panel of the appraisal 15 management company. 16 4. If the commission has found that the appraisal 17 management company acted improperly in removing the appraiser from the appraiser panel, an appraisal management company shall 18 19 not refuse to make assignments for real estate appraisal services 20 to an appraiser, or reduce the number of assignments, or 21 otherwise penalize the appraiser. 22 339.1235. 1. The commission may censure an appraisal 23 management company, conditionally or unconditionally suspend or 24 revoke any registration issued under sections 339.1100 to 25 339.1240, or impose civil penalties not to exceed one thousand 26 dollars for each offense. Each day of a continued violation 27 constitutes a separate offense, with a maximum penalty of ten 28 thousand dollars. In determining the amount of penalty to be

1	imposed, the commission may consider if an appraisal management
2	company is:
3	(1) Knowingly committing any act in violation of sections
4	<u>339.1100 to 339.1240;</u>
5	(2) Violating any rule adopted by the commission; or
6	(3) Procuring a license by fraud, misrepresentation, or
7	deceit.
8	339.1240. The conduct of adjudicatory proceedings for
9	violations of this section is vested in the commission, provided:
10	(1) Before censuring any registrant, or suspending or
11	revoking any registration, the commission shall notify the
12	registrant in writing of any charges made at least twenty days
13	before the hearing and shall afford the registrant an opportunity
14	to be heard in person or by counsel; and
15	(2) Written notice shall be satisfied by personal service
16	on the controlling person of the registrant, or the registrant's
17	agent for service of process in this state, or by sending the
18	notice by certified mail, return receipt requested to the
19	controlling person of the registrant to the registrant's address
20	on file with the commission.
21	441.645. If a residence is destroyed by an act of God,
22	including but not limited to fire or a tornado, or other natural
23	disaster or man-made disaster, so long as the tenant was not the
24	person who caused the disaster, the tenant shall not be liable to
25	the landlord for rent during the remainder of the term of the
26	lease agreement.
27	452.430. All pleadings and filings in a dissolution of
28	marriage, legal separation, or modification proceeding, filed

more than seventy-two years prior to the time a request for 1 2 inspection is made may be made available to the public. Any 3 pleadings, other than the interlocutory or final judgment or any modification thereof, in a dissolution of marriage [or], legal 4 separation, or modification proceeding filed prior to August 28, 5 6 2009, but less than seventy-two years prior to the time a request 7 for inspection is made, shall be subject to inspection only by the parties [or], an attorney of record [or upon order of the 8 9 court for good cause shown, or by], the family support division 10 within the department of social services when services are being provided under section 454.400, [RSMo.] the attorney general or 11 12 his or her designee, a person or designee of a person licensed and acting under chapter 381 who shall keep any information 13 obtained confidential, except as necessary to the performance of 14 functions required by chapter 381, or upon order of the court for 15 16 good cause shown. Such persons may receive or make copies of 17 documents without the clerk being required to redact the Social Security number, unless the court specifically orders the clerk 18 19 to do otherwise. The clerk shall redact the Social Security 20 number from any copy of a judgment [or pleading] or satisfaction 21 of judgment before releasing the copy of the interlocutory or final judgment or satisfaction of judgment to the public. 22 23 493.055. All public advertisements and orders of 24 publication required by law to be made, including but not limited 25 to amendments to the Missouri Constitution, legal publications 26 affecting all sales of real estate under a power of sale 27 contained in any mortgage or deed of trust, and other legal 28 publications affecting the title to real estate, shall be

published in a newspaper of general circulation, gualified under 1 the provisions of section 493.050, and persons responsible for 2 orders of publication described in sections 443.310 and 443.320, 3 4 shall be subject to the prohibitions in sections 493.130 and 5 493.140. 6 511.580. 1. Satisfaction may be entered by the plaintiff 7 in person, by his attorney of record, or by his agent duly 8 authorized, in writing, under the hand of the plaintiff. 9 2. When a judgment from any other state or territory of the 10 United States is paid or presumed to be paid and satisfied by operation of law in that state or territory, it shall have the 11 12 same effect in this state. 13 3. When a judgment under subsection 2 of this section is 14 deemed satisfied, the judgment debtor may file a verified motion 15 in any action seeking to enforce such satisfied judgment to 16 acknowledge that the judgment is satisfied. The verified motion 17 shall set forth a copy of the judgment and the date of its entry all authenticated in the manner authorized by the laws of the 18 United States or of this state, and either proof of payment or a 19 20 copy of the applicable statute from the other state or territory 21 demonstrating that the judgment is presumed to be paid and 22 satisfied by operation of law in that state or territory. The 23 judgment debtor shall serve such motion upon the judgment creditor or assignee. This acknowledgment of satisfaction shall 24 25 be entered by the court unless the judgment creditor, or 26 assignee, objects within thirty days after service. In the event 27 a judgment creditor objects within the thirty days after service, 28 the court shall set a hearing to determine whether the judgment

debtor has complied with this section.

537.296. [In any action for private nuisance where the amount in controversy exceeds one million dollars,] If any party requests the court or jury [to] visit the property alleged to be affected by the nuisance <u>in an action for private nuisance where</u> <u>the amount in controversy exceeds one million dollars</u>, the court or jury shall visit the property.

8 563.011. As used in this chapter the following terms shall9 mean:

(1) "Deadly force", physical force which the actor uses
with the purpose of causing or which he or she knows to create a
substantial risk of causing death or serious physical injury;

(2) "Dwelling", any building, inhabitable structure, or
conveyance of any kind, whether the building, inhabitable
structure, or conveyance is temporary or permanent, mobile or
immobile, which has a roof over it, including a tent, and is
designed to be occupied by people lodging therein at night;

(3) "Forcible felony", any felony involving the use or
threat of physical force or violence against any individual,
including but not limited to murder, robbery, burglary, arson,
kidnapping, assault, and any forcible sexual offense;

(4) "Premises", includes any building, inhabitablestructure and any real property;

(5) "Private person", any person other than a lawenforcement officer;

26 (6) <u>"Private property"</u>, any real property in this state
27 <u>that is privately owned or leased;</u>

28 (7) "Remain after unlawfully entering", to remain in or

1 upon premises after unlawfully entering as defined in this 2 section;

3 [(7)] (8) "Residence", a dwelling in which a person resides
4 either temporarily or permanently or is visiting as an invited
5 guest;

6 [(8)] (9) "Unlawfully enter", a person unlawfully enters in 7 or upon premises or private property when he or she enters such 8 premises or private property and is not licensed or privileged to 9 do so. A person who, regardless of his or her purpose, enters in 10 or upon private property or premises that are at the time open to 11 the public does so with license unless he or she defies a lawful 12 order not to enter, personally communicated to him or her by the 13 owner of such premises or by another authorized person. A 14 license to enter in a building that is only partly open to the public is not a license to enter in that part of the building 15 16 that is not open to the public.

17 563.031. 1. A person may, subject to the provisions of 18 subsection 2 of this section, use physical force upon another 19 person when and to the extent he or she reasonably believes such 20 force to be necessary to defend himself or herself or a third 21 person from what he or she reasonably believes to be the use or 22 imminent use of unlawful force by such other person, unless:

(1) The actor was the initial aggressor; except that in such case his or her use of force is nevertheless justifiable provided:

(a) He or she has withdrawn from the encounter and
effectively communicated such withdrawal to such other person but
the latter persists in continuing the incident by the use or

1 threatened use of unlawful force; or

(b) He or she is a law enforcement officer and as such is
an aggressor pursuant to section 563.046; or

4 (c) The aggressor is justified under some other provision
5 of this chapter or other provision of law;

6 (2) Under the circumstances as the actor reasonably
7 believes them to be, the person whom he or she seeks to protect
8 would not be justified in using such protective force;

9 (3) The actor was attempting to commit, committing, or 10 escaping after the commission of a forcible felony.

11 2. A person may not use deadly force upon another person 12 under the circumstances specified in subsection 1 of this section 13 unless:

14 (1) He or she reasonably believes that such deadly force is
15 necessary to protect himself or herself or another against death,
16 serious physical injury, or any forcible felony; [or]

17 (2) Such force is used against a person who unlawfully 18 enters, remains after unlawfully entering, or attempts to 19 unlawfully enter a dwelling, residence, or vehicle lawfully 20 occupied by such person; or

(3) Such force is used against a person who unlawfully
 enters, remains after unlawfully entering, or attempts to
 unlawfully enter private property that is owned or leased by an
 individual claiming a justification of using protective force
 under this section.

A person does not have a duty to retreat from a
 dwelling, residence, or vehicle where the person is not
 unlawfully entering or unlawfully remaining. <u>A person does not</u>

have a duty to retreat from private property that is owned or leased by such individual.

4. The justification afforded by this section extends to
the use of physical restraint as protective force provided that
the actor takes all reasonable measures to terminate the
restraint as soon as it is reasonable to do so.

5. The defendant shall have the burden of injecting the
issue of justification under this section. <u>If a defendant</u>
<u>asserts that his or her use of force is described under</u>
<u>subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this section, the burden shall</u>
<u>then be on the state to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the</u>

12 defendant did not reasonably believe that the use of such force

13 was necessary to defend against what he or she reasonably

14 <u>believed was the use or imminent use of unlawful force.</u>

15 571.030. 1. A person commits the crime of unlawful use of 16 weapons if he or she knowingly:

17 (1) Carries concealed upon or about his or her person a
18 knife, a firearm, a blackjack or any other weapon readily capable
19 of lethal use; or

20 (2) Sets a spring gun; or

(3) Discharges or shoots a firearm into a dwelling house, a railroad train, boat, aircraft, or motor vehicle as defined in section 302.010, RSMo, or any building or structure used for the assembling of people; or

(4) Exhibits, in the presence of one or more persons, any
 weapon readily capable of lethal use in an angry or threatening
 manner; or

28 (5) Possesses or discharges a firearm or projectile weapon

1 while intoxicated; or

2 (6) Discharges a firearm within one hundred yards of any
3 occupied schoolhouse, courthouse, or church building; or

4 (7) Discharges or shoots a firearm at a mark, at any
5 object, or at random, on, along or across a public highway or
6 discharges or shoots a firearm into any outbuilding; or

(8) Carries a firearm or any other weapon readily capable
of lethal use into any church or place where people have
assembled for worship, or into any election precinct on any
election day, or into any building owned or occupied by any
agency of the federal government, state government, or political
subdivision thereof; or

(9) Discharges or shoots a firearm at or from a motor vehicle, as defined in section 301.010, RSMo, discharges or shoots a firearm at any person, or at any other motor vehicle, or at any building or habitable structure, unless the person was lawfully acting in self-defense; or

(10) Carries a firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of any function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board.

2. Subdivisions (1), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), (9) and (10) 24 of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to or affect any 25 of the following <u>when such uses are reasonably associated with or</u> 26 <u>are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official</u>

27 <u>duties</u>:

28

(1) All state, county and municipal peace officers who have
completed the training required by the police officer standards 1 2 and training commission pursuant to sections 590.030 to 590.050, 3 RSMo, and [possessing] who possess the duty and power of arrest for violation of the general criminal laws of the state or for 4 violation of ordinances of counties or municipalities of the 5 6 state, whether such officers are on or off duty, and whether such 7 officers are within or outside of the law enforcement agency's 8 jurisdiction, or all qualified retired peace officers, as defined 9 in subsection 10 of this section, and who carry the 10 identification defined in subsection 11 of this section, or any 11 person summoned by such officers to assist in making arrests or 12 preserving the peace while actually engaged in assisting such 13 officer:

14 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons,
15 penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of
16 persons accused or convicted of crime;

17 (3) Members of the armed forces or national guard while 18 performing their official duty;

19 (4) Those persons vested by article V, section 1 of the 20 Constitution of Missouri with the judicial power of the state and 21 those persons vested by Article III of the Constitution of the 22 United States with the judicial power of the United States, the 23 members of the federal judiciary;

(5) Any person whose bona fide duty is to execute process,civil or criminal;

26 (6) Any federal probation officer or federal flight deck
27 officer as defined under the federal flight deck officer program,
28 49 U.S.C. Section 44921;

(7) Any state probation or parole officer, including
 supervisors and members of the board of probation and parole;

3 (8) Any corporate security advisor meeting the definition
4 and fulfilling the requirements of the regulations established by
5 the board of police commissioners under section 84.340, RSMo;
6 [and]

7 (9) Any coroner, deputy coroner, medical examiner, or
8 assistant medical examiner; and

9 (10) Any prosecuting attorney or assistant prosecuting 10 attorney or any circuit attorney or assistant circuit attorney 11 who has completed the firearms safety training course required 12 under subsection 2 of section 571.111.

13 3. Subdivisions (1), (5), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of 14 this section do not apply when the actor is transporting such 15 weapons in a nonfunctioning state or in an unloaded state when ammunition is not readily accessible or when such weapons are not 16 17 readily accessible. Subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this 18 section does not apply to any person twenty-one years of age or 19 older transporting a concealable firearm in the passenger 20 compartment of a motor vehicle, so long as such concealable firearm is otherwise lawfully possessed, nor when the actor is 21 22 also in possession of an exposed firearm or projectile weapon for 23 the lawful pursuit of game, or is in his or her dwelling unit or 24 upon premises over which the actor has possession, authority or 25 control, or is traveling in a continuous journey peaceably through this state. Subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of this 26 27 section does not apply if the firearm is otherwise lawfully 28 possessed by a person while traversing school premises for the

purposes of transporting a student to or from school, or possessed by an adult for the purposes of facilitation of a school-sanctioned firearm-related event.

4. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this 5 section shall not apply to any person who has a valid concealed 6 carry endorsement issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 7 or a valid permit or endorsement to carry concealed firearms 8 issued by another state or political subdivision of another 9 state.

5. Subdivisions (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to persons who are engaged in a lawful act of defense pursuant to section 563.031, RSMo.

14 6. Nothing in this section shall make it unlawful for a 15 student to actually participate in school-sanctioned gun safety 16 courses, student military or ROTC courses, or other 17 school-sponsored firearm-related events, provided the student 18 does not carry a firearm or other weapon readily capable of 19 lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the 20 premises of any other function or activity sponsored or 21 sanctioned by school officials or the district school board.

7. Unlawful use of weapons is a class D felony unless committed pursuant to subdivision (6), (7), or (8) of subsection l of this section, in which cases it is a class B misdemeanor, or subdivision (5) or (10) of subsection 1 of this section, in which case it is a class A misdemeanor if the firearm is unloaded and a class D felony if the firearm is loaded, or subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section, in which case it is a class B

1 felony, except that if the violation of subdivision (9) of 2 subsection 1 of this section results in injury or death to 3 another person, it is a class A felony.

4 8. Violations of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this5 section shall be punished as follows:

6 (1) For the first violation a person shall be sentenced to 7 the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony;

8 (2) For any violation by a prior offender as defined in 9 section 558.016, RSMo, a person shall be sentenced to the maximum 10 authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the 11 possibility of parole, probation or conditional release for a 12 term of ten years;

13 (3) For any violation by a persistent offender as defined 14 in section 558.016, RSMo, a person shall be sentenced to the 15 maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony 16 without the possibility of parole, probation, or conditional 17 release;

18 (4) For any violation which results in injury or death to
19 another person, a person shall be sentenced to an authorized
20 disposition for a class A felony.

9. Any person knowingly aiding or abetting any other person
 in the violation of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this
 section shall be subject to the same penalty as that prescribed
 by this section for violations by other persons.

25 10. As used in this section "qualified retired peace 26 officer" means an individual who:

27 (1) Retired in good standing from service with a public28 agency as a peace officer, other than for reasons of mental

1 instability;

2 (2) Before such retirement, was authorized by law to engage
3 in or supervise the prevention, detection, investigation, or
4 prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any
5 violation of law, and had statutory powers of arrest;

6 (3) Before such retirement, was regularly employed as a 7 peace officer for an aggregate of fifteen years or more, or 8 retired from service with such agency, after completing any 9 applicable probationary period of such service, due to a 10 service-connected disability, as determined by such agency;

11 (4) Has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the 12 retirement plan of the agency if such a plan is available;

13 (5) During the most recent twelve-month period, has met, at 14 the expense of the individual, the standards for training and 15 qualification for active peace officers to carry firearms;

16 (6) Is not under the influence of alcohol or another17 intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or substance; and

18 (7) Is not prohibited by federal law from receiving a19 firearm.

20 11. The identification required by subdivision (1) of 21 subsection 2 of this section is:

(1) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired from service as a peace officer that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the agency to meet the standards established by the agency for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the

1 same type as the concealed firearm; or

2 (2) A photographic identification issued by the agency from
3 which the individual retired from service as a peace officer; and

4 (3) A certification issued by the state in which the 5 individual resides that indicates that the individual has, not 6 less recently than one year before the date the individual is 7 carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by 8 the state to meet the standards established by the state for 9 training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a 10 firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm.

11 571.070. 1. A person commits the crime of unlawful 12 possession of a firearm if such person knowingly has any firearm 13 in his or her possession and:

14 (1) Such person has been convicted of a felony under the 15 laws of this state, or of a crime under the laws of any state or 16 of the United States which, if committed within this state, would 17 be a felony; or

18 (2) Such person is a fugitive from justice, is habitually
 19 in an intoxicated or drugged condition, or is currently adjudged
 20 mentally incompetent.

21

2. Unlawful possession of a firearm is a class C felony.

3. The provisions of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of
 this section shall not apply to the possession of an antique
 firearm.

571.104. 1. (1) A concealed carry endorsement issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 shall be suspended or revoked if the concealed carry endorsement holder becomes ineligible for such concealed carry endorsement under the

1 criteria established in subdivisions (2), (3), (4), (5), and (7)
2 of subsection 2 of section 571.101 or upon the issuance of a
3 valid full order of protection.

When a valid full order of protection, or any arrest 4 (2) 5 warrant, discharge, or commitment for the reasons listed in 6 subdivision (2), (3), (4), (5), or (7) of subsection 2 of section 7 571.101, is issued against a person holding a concealed carry 8 endorsement issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 upon 9 notification of said order, warrant, discharge or commitment or 10 upon an order of a court of competent jurisdiction in a criminal proceeding, a commitment proceeding or a full order of protection 11 12 proceeding ruling that a person holding a concealed carry 13 endorsement presents a risk of harm to themselves or others, then upon notification of such order, the holder of the concealed 14 15 carry endorsement shall surrender the driver's license or 16 nondriver's license containing the concealed carry endorsement to 17 the court, to the officer, or other official serving the order, warrant, discharge, or commitment. 18

The official to whom the driver's license or 19 (3)20 nondriver's license containing the concealed carry endorsement is 21 surrendered shall issue a receipt to the licensee for the license 22 upon a form, approved by the director of revenue, that serves as 23 a driver's license or a nondriver's license and clearly states 24 the concealed carry endorsement has been suspended. The official 25 shall then transmit the driver's license or a nondriver's license 26 containing the concealed carry endorsement to the circuit court 27 of the county issuing the order, warrant, discharge, or 28 commitment. The concealed carry endorsement issued pursuant to

sections 571.101 to 571.121 shall be suspended until the order is terminated or until the arrest results in a dismissal of all charges. Upon dismissal, the court holding the driver's license or nondriver's license containing the concealed carry endorsement shall return it to the individual.

6 Any conviction, discharge, or commitment specified in (4) 7 sections 571.101 to 571.121 shall result in a revocation. Upon 8 conviction, the court shall forward a notice of conviction or 9 action and the driver's license or nondriver's license with the 10 concealed carry endorsement to the department of revenue. The department of revenue shall notify the sheriff of the county 11 12 which issued the certificate of qualification for a concealed 13 carry endorsement and shall report the change in status of the 14 concealed carry endorsement to the Missouri uniform law 15 enforcement system. The director of revenue shall immediately 16 remove the endorsement issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 17 571.121 from the individual's driving record within three days of the receipt of the notice from the court. The director of 18 19 revenue shall notify the licensee that he or she must apply for a 20 new license pursuant to chapter 302, RSMo, which does not contain 21 such endorsement. This requirement does not affect the driving 22 privileges of the licensee. The notice issued by the department 23 of revenue shall be mailed to the last known address shown on the 24 individual's driving record. The notice is deemed received three 25 days after mailing.

A concealed carry endorsement shall be renewed for a
 qualified applicant upon receipt of the properly completed
 renewal application and the required renewal fee by the sheriff

of the county of the applicant's residence. The renewal 1 2 application shall contain the same required information as set forth in subsection 3 of section 571.101, except that in lieu of 3 4 the fingerprint requirement of subsection 5 of section 571.101 5 and the firearms safety training, the applicant need only display 6 his or her current driver's license or nondriver's license 7 containing a concealed carry endorsement. Upon successful 8 completion of all renewal requirements, the sheriff shall issue a 9 certificate of qualification which contains the date such 10 certificate was renewed.

A person who has been issued a certificate of 11 3. 12 qualification for a concealed carry endorsement who fails to file 13 a renewal application on or before its expiration date must pay 14 an additional late fee of ten dollars per month for each month it 15 is expired for up to six months. After six months, the sheriff 16 who issued the expired certificate shall notify the director of 17 revenue that such certificate is expired. The director of revenue shall immediately cancel the concealed carry endorsement 18 19 and remove such endorsement from the individual's driving record 20 and notify the individual of such cancellation. The notice of 21 cancellation of the endorsement shall be conducted in the same 22 manner as described in subsection 1 of this section. Any person 23 who has been issued a certificate of qualification for a 24 concealed carry endorsement pursuant to sections 571.101 to 25 571.121 who fails to renew his or her application within the 26 six-month period must reapply for a new certificate of 27 qualification for a concealed carry endorsement and pay the fee 28 for a new application. The director of revenue shall not issue

an endorsement on a renewed driver's license or renewed 1 2 nondriver's license unless the applicant for such license provides evidence that he or she has renewed the certification of 3 4 qualification for a concealed carry endorsement in the manner 5 provided for such renewal pursuant to sections 571.101 to 6 571.121. If an applicant for renewal of a driver's license or 7 nondriver's license containing a concealed carry endorsement does 8 not want to maintain the concealed carry endorsement, the 9 applicant shall inform the director at the time of license 10 renewal of his or her desire to remove the endorsement. When a driver's or nondriver's license applicant informs the director of 11 12 his or her desire to remove the concealed carry endorsement, the 13 director shall renew the driver's license or nondriver's license 14 without the endorsement appearing on the license if the applicant 15 is otherwise qualified for such renewal.

16 4. Any person issued a concealed carry endorsement pursuant 17 to sections 571.101 to 571.121 shall notify the department of revenue and the sheriffs of both the old and new jurisdictions of 18 19 the endorsement holder's change of residence within thirty days 20 after the changing of a permanent residence. The endorsement 21 holder shall furnish proof to the department of revenue and the 22 sheriff in the new jurisdiction that the endorsement holder has 23 changed his or her residence. The sheriff of the new 24 jurisdiction may charge a processing fee of not more than ten 25 dollars for any costs associated with notification of a change in 26 residence. The change of residence shall be made by the 27 department of revenue onto the individual's driving record and the new address shall be accessible by the Missouri uniform law 28

1 enforcement system within three days of receipt of the 2 information.

5. Any person issued a driver's license or nondriver's 3 4 license containing a concealed carry endorsement pursuant to 5 sections 571.101 to 571.121 shall notify the sheriff or his or 6 her designee of the endorsement holder's county or city of 7 residence within seven days after actual knowledge of the loss or destruction of his or her driver's license or nondriver's license 8 9 containing a concealed carry endorsement. The endorsement holder 10 shall furnish a statement to the sheriff that the driver's license or nondriver's license containing the concealed carry 11 12 endorsement has been lost or destroyed. After notification of the loss or destruction of a driver's license or nondriver's 13 14 license containing a concealed carry endorsement, the sheriff 15 shall reissue a new certificate of qualification within three 16 working days of being notified by the concealed carry endorsement holder of its loss or destruction. The reissued certificate of 17 qualification shall contain the same personal information, 18 19 including expiration date, as the original certificate of 20 qualification. The applicant shall then take the certificate to 21 the department of revenue, and the department of revenue shall 22 proceed on the certificate in the same manner as provided in 23 subsection 7 section 571.101. Upon application for a license pursuant to chapter 302, RSMo, the director of revenue shall 24 issue a driver's license or nondriver's license containing a 25 26 concealed carry endorsement if the applicant is otherwise 27 eligible to receive such license.

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6. If a person issued a concealed carry endorsement changes

his or her name, the person to whom the endorsement was issued shall obtain a corrected certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement with a change of name from the sheriff who issued such certificate upon the sheriff's verification of the name change. <u>The sheriff may charge a</u> <u>processing fee of not more than ten dollars for any costs</u> associated with obtaining a corrected certificate of

8 qualification. The endorsement holder shall furnish proof of the 9 name change to the department of revenue and the sheriff within 10 thirty days of changing his or her name and display his or her current driver's license or nondriver's license containing a 11 12 concealed carry endorsement. The endorsement holder shall apply 13 for a new driver's license or nondriver's license containing his 14 or her new name. Such application for a driver's license or 15 nondriver's license shall be made pursuant to chapter 302, RSMo. 16 The director of revenue shall issue a driver's license or 17 nondriver's license with concealed carry endorsement with the endorsement holder's new name if the applicant is otherwise 18 19 eligible for such license. The director of revenue shall take 20 custody of the old driver's license or nondriver's license. The 21 name change shall be made by the department of revenue onto the 22 individual's driving record and the new name shall be accessible 23 by the Missouri uniform law enforcement system within three days 24 of receipt of the information.

7. A concealed carry endorsement shall be automatically invalid after thirty days if the endorsement holder has changed his or her name or changed his or her residence and not notified the department of revenue and sheriff of a change of name or

1 residence as required in subsections 4 and 6 of this section.

2 571.107. 1. A concealed carry endorsement issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 or a concealed carry endorsement 3 4 or permit issued by another state or political subdivision of 5 another state shall authorize the person in whose name the permit 6 or endorsement is issued to carry concealed firearms on or about 7 his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No driver's 8 license or nondriver's license containing a concealed carry 9 endorsement issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 or a 10 concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision of another state shall authorize any person 11 12 to carry concealed firearms into:

(1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the chief law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

19 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any 20 election day. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the 21 premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so 22 long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished 23 while the vehicle is on the premises;

(3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or
correctional institution, prison or jail. Possession of a
firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile
detention, or correctional institution, prison or jail shall not
be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from

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the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

2 (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any courtrooms, administrative 3 4 offices, libraries or other rooms of any such court whether or 5 not such court solely occupies the building in question. This 6 subdivision shall also include, but not be limited to, any 7 juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or 8 office wherein any of the courts or offices listed in this 9 subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the 10 jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant 11 12 to subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this 13 subdivision shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 571.030 while within their 14 15 jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in subdivisions (2) [and], (4), and (10) of subsection 2 of section 571.030, or 16 such other persons who serve in a law enforcement capacity for a 17 18 court as may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to 19 subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying a concealed 20 firearm within any of the areas described in this subdivision. 21 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any of 22 the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal 23 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or 24 brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government; or any meeting of the general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid concealed

1 carry endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting 2 of the body which he or she is a member. Possession of a firearm 3 in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so 4 long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished 5 while the vehicle is on the premises;

6 (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county or 7 municipality may by rule, administrative regulation, or ordinance 8 prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by 9 endorsement holders in that portion of a building owned, leased 10 or controlled by that unit of government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is 11 12 prohibited or limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted 13 at the entrance to the restricted area. The statute, rule or 14 ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by 15 private persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and 16 private dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of 17 government from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The statute, rule or ordinance shall not specify any 18 19 criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons 20 violating the statute, rule or ordinance may be denied entrance 21 to the building, ordered to leave the building and if employees 22 of the unit of government, be subjected to disciplinary measures 23 for violation of the provisions of the statute, rule or 24 ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to 25 any other unit of government;

(7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating
liquor for consumption on the premises, which portion is
primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the

owner or manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not 1 2 apply to the licensee of said establishment. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant open 3 4 to the general public having dining facilities for not less than 5 fifty persons and that receives at least fifty-one percent of its 6 gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of 7 This subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a food. 8 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the establishment and 9 shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not 10 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision authorizes any 11 12 individual who has been issued a concealed carry endorsement to 13 possess any firearm while intoxicated;

14 (8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by 15 the inspection of persons and property. Possession of a firearm 16 in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a 17 criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the 18 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibitedby federal law;

21 (10)Any higher education institution or elementary or 22 secondary school facility without the consent of the governing 23 body of the higher education institution or a school official or the district school board. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle 24 25 on the premises of any higher education institution or elementary 26 or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal offense so 27 long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished 28 while the vehicle is on the premises;

1 (11) Any portion of a building used as a child-care 2 facility without the consent of the manager. Nothing in this 3 subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child-care facility 4 in a family home from owning or possessing a firearm or a 5 driver's license or nondriver's license containing a concealed 6 carry endorsement;

7 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the 8 public without the consent of the owner or manager pursuant to 9 rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of a 10 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling 11 operation shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm 12 is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle 13 is on the premises;

14 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a 15 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the amusement park shall 16 not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed 17 from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the 18 premises;

(14) Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister or person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place of religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(15) Any private property whose owner has posted the
 premises as being off-limits to concealed firearms by means of
 one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum

size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon 1 2 in letters of not less than one inch. The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business enterprise, or 3 4 any other organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons 5 holding a concealed carry endorsement from carrying concealed 6 firearms on the premises and may prohibit employees, not 7 authorized by the employer, holding a concealed carry endorsement 8 from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the employer. 9 If the building or the premises are open to the public, the 10 employer of the business enterprise shall post signs on or about the premises if carrying a concealed firearm is prohibited. 11 12 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be 13 a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the 14 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. An 15 employer may prohibit employees or other persons holding a 16 concealed carry endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm in 17 vehicles owned by the employer;

18 (16) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of 19 five thousand or more. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on 20 the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the 21 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the 22 vehicle is on the premises;

(17) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

27 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified
28 in subdivisions (1) to (17) of subsection 1 of this section by

any individual who holds a concealed carry endorsement issued 1 2 pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the premises or 3 4 removal from the premises. If such person refuses to leave the 5 premises and a peace officer is summoned, such person may be 6 issued a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars for the first offense. If a second citation for a similar 7 8 violation occurs within a six-month period, such person shall be 9 fined an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her 10 endorsement to carry concealed firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. If a third citation for a similar violation 11 12 is issued within one year of the first citation, such person 13 shall be fined an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars and 14 shall have his or her concealed carry endorsement revoked and 15 such person shall not be eligible for a concealed carry 16 endorsement for a period of three years. Upon conviction of 17 charges arising from a citation issued pursuant to this subsection, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county 18 19 which issued the certificate of qualification for a concealed 20 carry endorsement and the department of revenue. The sheriff 21 shall suspend or revoke the certificate of qualification for a 22 concealed carry endorsement and the department of revenue shall 23 issue a notice of such suspension or revocation of the concealed 24 carry endorsement and take action to remove the concealed carry 25 endorsement from the individual's driving record. The director 26 of revenue shall notify the licensee that he or she must apply 27 for a new license pursuant to chapter 302, RSMo, which does not 28 contain such endorsement. A concealed carry endorsement

suspension pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 shall be reinstated at the time of the renewal of his or her driver's license. The notice issued by the department of revenue shall be mailed to the last known address shown on the individual's driving record. The notice is deemed received three days after mailing.

7 [214.290. Any cemetery operator who within ninety 8 days from the effective date of sections 214.270 to 214.410 elects to operate a cemetery which exists on 9 the effective date of sections 214.270 to 214.410 as an 10 11 endowed care cemetery or who represents to the public 12 that perpetual, permanent, endowed, continual, eternal 13 care, care of duration or similar care will be 14 furnished cemetery property sold, shall before selling 15 or disposing of any interment space or lots in said 16 cemetery after the date of such election, establish a 17 minimum endowed care and maintenance fund in cash in 18 the amount required by section 214.300 unless an 19 endowed care fund is already in existence to which 20 regular deposits have been made (whether or not the 21 fund then existing shall be in the minimum amount 22 required under section 214.300).]