# SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 1866

## 95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

### INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVES ROORDA (Sponsor) AND MEADOWS (Co-sponsor). 4674L.011 D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

### AN ACT

To repeal section 67.1360, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to transient guest taxes for tourism.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 67.1360, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as section 67.1360, to read as follows:

67.1360. **1.** The governing body of **the following cities and counties may impose a 2 tax as provided in this section**:

3 (1) A city with a population of more than seven thousand and less than seven thousand4 five hundred;

5 (2) A county with a population of over nine thousand six hundred and less than twelve 6 thousand which has a total assessed valuation of at least sixty-three million dollars, if the county 7 submits the issue to the voters of such county prior to January 1, 2003;

8 (3) A third class city which is the county seat of a county of the third classification 9 without a township form of government with a population of at least twenty-five thousand but 10 not more than thirty thousand inhabitants;

11 (4) Any fourth class city having, according to the last federal decennial census, a 12 population of more than one thousand eight hundred fifty inhabitants but less than one thousand 13 nine hundred fifty inhabitants in a county of the first classification with a charter form of 14 government and having a population of greater than six hundred thousand but less than nine 15 hundred thousand inhabitants;

(5) Any city having a population of more than three thousand but less than eight
thousand inhabitants in a county of the fourth classification having a population of greater than
forty-eight thousand inhabitants;

(6) Any city having a population of less than two hundred fifty inhabitants in a countyof the fourth classification having a population of greater than forty-eight thousand inhabitants;

(7) Any fourth class city having a population of more than two thousand five hundred
but less than three thousand inhabitants in a county of the third classification having a population
of more than twenty-five thousand but less than twenty-seven thousand inhabitants;

(8) Any third class city with a population of more than three thousand two hundred but
less than three thousand three hundred located in a county of the third classification having a
population of more than thirty-five thousand but less than thirty-six thousand;

(9) Any county of the second classification without a township form of government anda population of less than thirty thousand;

(10) Any city of the fourth class in a county of the second classification without atownship form of government and a population of less than thirty thousand;

(11) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and a
 population of at least twenty-eight thousand but not more than thirty thousand;

(12) Any city of the fourth class with a population of more than one thousand eight
hundred but less than two thousand in a county of the third classification with a township form
of government and a population of at least twenty-eight thousand but not more than thirty
thousand;

(13) Any city of the third class with a population of more than seven thousand two
hundred but less than seven thousand five hundred within a county of the third classification with
a population of more than twenty-one thousand but less than twenty-three thousand;

40 (14) Any fourth class city having a population of more than two thousand eight hundred 41 but less than three thousand one hundred inhabitants in a county of the third classification with 42 a township form of government having a population of more than eight thousand four hundred 43 but less than nine thousand inhabitants;

(15) Any fourth class city with a population of more than four hundred seventy but less
than five hundred twenty inhabitants located in a county of the third classification with a
population of more than fifteen thousand nine hundred but less than sixteen thousand inhabitants;

47 (16) Any third class city with a population of more than three thousand eight hundred
48 but less than four thousand inhabitants located in a county of the third classification with a
49 population of more than fifteen thousand nine hundred but less than sixteen thousand inhabitants;

50 (17) Any fourth class city with a population of more than four thousand three hundred 51 but less than four thousand five hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third classification

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without a township form of government with a population greater than sixteen thousand but lessthan sixteen thousand two hundred inhabitants;

54 (18) Any fourth class city with a population of more than two thousand four hundred but 55 less than two thousand six hundred inhabitants located in a county of the first classification 56 without a charter form of government with a population of more than fifty-five thousand but less 57 than sixty thousand inhabitants;

(19) Any fourth class city with a population of more than two thousand five hundred but
less than two thousand six hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third classification with
a population of more than nineteen thousand one hundred but less than nineteen thousand two
hundred inhabitants;

62 (20) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government with 63 a population greater than sixteen thousand but less than sixteen thousand two hundred 64 inhabitants;

65 (21) Any county of the second classification with a population of more than forty-four 66 thousand but less than fifty thousand inhabitants;

67 (22) Any third class city with a population of more than nine thousand five hundred but 68 less than nine thousand seven hundred inhabitants located in a county of the first classification 69 without a charter form of government and with a population of more than one hundred 70 ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants;

(23) Any city of the fourth classification with more than five thousand two hundred but
less than five thousand three hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third classification
without a township form of government and with more than twenty-four thousand five hundred
but less than twenty-four thousand six hundred inhabitants;

(24) Any third class city with a population of more than nineteen thousand nine hundred
but less than twenty thousand in a county of the first classification without a charter form of
government and with a population of more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than
one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants;

(25) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand six hundred but
less than two thousand seven hundred inhabitants located in any county of the third classification
without a township form of government and with more than fifteen thousand three hundred but
less than fifteen thousand four hundred inhabitants;

(26) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and
with more than fourteen thousand nine hundred but less than fifteen thousand inhabitants;

85 (27) Any city of the fourth classification with more than five thousand four hundred but 86 fewer than five thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in more than one county;

87 (28) Any city of the fourth classification with more than six thousand three hundred but 88 fewer than six thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in more than one county through 89 the creation of a tourism district which may include, in addition to the geographic area of such 90 city, the area encompassed by the portion of the school district, located within a county of the 91 first classification with more than ninety-three thousand eight hundred but fewer than 92 ninety-three thousand nine hundred inhabitants, having an average daily attendance for school 93 year 2005-06 between one thousand eight hundred and one thousand nine hundred ;

94 (29) Any city of the fourth classification with more than seven thousand seven hundred 95 but less than seven thousand eight hundred inhabitants located in a county of the first 96 classification with more than ninety-three thousand eight hundred but less than ninety-three 97 thousand nine hundred inhabitants;

(30) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand nine hundred but
 less than three thousand inhabitants located in a county of the first classification with more than
 seventy-three thousand seven hundred but less than seventy-three thousand eight hundred
 inhabitants;

102 (31) Any city of the third classification with more than nine thousand three hundred but103 less than nine thousand four hundred inhabitants; [or]

104 (32) Any city of the fourth classification with more than three thousand eight hundred 105 but fewer than three thousand nine hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first 106 classification with more than thirty-nine thousand seven hundred but fewer than thirty-nine 107 thousand eight hundred inhabitants [;].

108 2. The governing body of any city or county listed in subsection 1 of this section may 109 impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels, motels, 110 bed and breakfast inns and campgrounds and any docking facility which rents slips to 111 recreational boats which are used by transients for sleeping, which shall be at least two percent, 112 but not more than five percent per occupied room per night, except that such tax shall not 113 become effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of the city 114 or county at a state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing 115 body of the city or county to impose a tax pursuant to the provisions of this section and section 116 67.1362. The tax authorized by this section and section 67.1362 shall be in addition to any 117 charge paid to the owner or operator and shall be in addition to any and all taxes imposed by law 118 and the proceeds of such tax shall be used by the city or county solely for funding the promotion 119 of tourism. Such tax shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

120 3. For any city of the third classification with more than nineteen thousand nine 121 hundred but fewer than twenty thousand two hundred inhabitants, funding the promotion 122 of tourism shall include using a portion of the revenues received from the tax imposed

- 123 under this section to make improvements to the city's school district's football field that
- 124 would allow the city to attract sporting events to the field and thereby promote local
- 125 **tourism.**