SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 2059

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

4750L.04C

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 287.140, 287.143, 287.149, 287.210, 287.220, 287.690, and 287.715, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eight new sections relating to workers' compensation law, with a penalty provision.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 287.140, 287.143, 287.149, 287.210, 287.220, 287.690, and 2 287.715, RSMo, are repealed and eight new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 287.140, 287.143, 287.149, 287.210, 287.220, 287.690, 287.715, and 287.890, to read 4 as follows:

287.140. 1. In addition to all other compensation paid to the employee under this 2 section, the employee shall receive and the employer shall provide such medical, surgical, 3 chiropractic, and hospital treatment, including nursing, custodial, ambulance and medicines, as 4 may reasonably be required after the injury or disability, to cure and relieve from the effects of 5 the injury. If the employee desires, he shall have the right to select his own physician, surgeon, or other such requirement at his own expense. Where the requirements are furnished by a public 6 7 hospital or other institution, payment therefor shall be made to the proper authorities. Regardless 8 of whether the health care provider is selected by the employer or is selected by the employee 9 at the employee's expense, the health care provider shall have the affirmative duty to 10 communicate fully with the employee regarding the nature of the employee's injury and recommended treatment exclusive of any evaluation for a permanent disability rating. Failure 11 12 to perform such duty to communicate shall constitute a disciplinary violation by the provider 13 subject to the provisions of chapter 620, RSMo. When an employee is required to submit to 14 medical examinations or necessary medical treatment at a place outside of the local or 15 metropolitan area from the employee's principal place of employment, the employer or its insurer

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

or second injury fund shall advance or reimburse the employee for all necessary and reasonable 16 17 expenses; except that an injured employee who resides outside the state of Missouri and who is 18 employed by an employer located in Missouri shall have the option of selecting the location of 19 services provided in this section either at a location within one hundred miles of the injured 20 employee's residence, place of injury or place of hire by the employer. The choice of provider 21 within the location selected shall continue to be made by the employer. In case of a medical 22 examination if a dispute arises as to what expenses shall be paid by the employer, its insurer, 23 or the second injury fund, the matter shall be presented to the [legal advisor, the] 24 administrative law judge or the commission, who shall set the sum to be paid and same shall be 25 paid by the employer prior to the medical examination. In no event, however, shall the employer 26 or its insurer or the second injury fund be required to pay transportation costs for a greater 27 distance than two hundred fifty miles each way from place of treatment.

28 2. If it be shown to the division or the commission that the requirements are being 29 furnished in such manner that there is reasonable ground for believing that the life, health, or 30 recovery of the employee is endangered thereby, the division or the commission may order a 31 change in the physician, surgeon, hospital or other requirement.

32 3. All fees and charges under this chapter shall be fair and reasonable, shall be subject 33 to regulation by the division or the commission, or the board of rehabilitation in rehabilitation 34 cases. A health care provider shall not charge a fee for treatment and care which is governed by 35 the provisions of this chapter greater than the usual and customary fee the provider receives for 36 the same treatment or service when the payor for such treatment or service is a private individual 37 or a private health insurance carrier. The division or the commission, or the board of 38 rehabilitation in rehabilitation cases, shall also have jurisdiction to hear and determine all 39 disputes as to such charges. A health care provider is bound by the determination upon the 40 reasonableness of health care bills.

4. The division shall, by regulation, establish methods to resolve disputes concerning the 42 reasonableness of medical charges, services, or aids. This regulation shall govern resolution of 43 disputes between employers and medical providers over fees charged, whether or not paid, and 44 shall be in lieu of any other administrative procedure under this chapter. The employee shall not 45 be a party to a dispute over medical charges, nor shall the employee's recovery in any way be 46 jeopardized because of such dispute.

5. No compensation shall be payable for the death or disability of an employee, if and insofar as the death or disability may be caused, continued or aggravated by any unreasonable refusal to submit to any medical or surgical treatment or operation, the risk of which is, in the opinion of the division or the commission, inconsiderable in view of the seriousness of the

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injury. If the employee dies as a result of an operation made necessary by the injury, the deathshall be deemed to be caused by the injury.

6. The testimony of any physician or chiropractic physician who treated the employee
shall be admissible in evidence in any proceedings for compensation under this chapter, subject
to all of the provisions of section 287.210.

56 7. Every hospital or other person furnishing the employee with medical aid shall permit 57 its record to be copied by and shall furnish full information to the division or the commission, 58 the employer, the employee or his dependents and any other party to any proceedings for 59 compensation under this chapter, and certified copies of the records shall be admissible in 60 evidence in any such proceedings.

61 8. The employer may be required by the division or the commission to furnish an injured 62 employee with artificial legs, arms, hands, surgical orthopedic joints, or eyes, or braces, as 63 needed, for life whenever the division or the commission shall find that the injured employee 64 may be partially or wholly relieved of the effects of a permanent injury by the use thereof. The director of the division shall establish a procedure whereby a claim for compensation may be 65 66 reactivated after settlement of such claim is completed. The claim shall be reactivated only after 67 the claimant can show good cause for the reactivation of this claim and the claim shall be made only for the payment of medical procedures involving life-threatening surgical procedures or if 68 69 the claimant requires the use of a new, or the modification, alteration or exchange of an existing, 70 prosthetic device. For the purpose of this subsection, "life threatening" shall mean a situation 71 or condition which, if not treated immediately, will likely result in the death of the injured 72 worker.

9. Nothing in this chapter shall prevent an employee being provided treatment for hisinjuries by prayer or spiritual means if the employer does not object to the treatment.

10. The employer shall have the right to select the licensed treating physician, surgeon, chiropractic physician, or other health care provider; provided, however, that such physicians, surgeons or other health care providers shall offer only those services authorized within the scope of their licenses. For the purpose of this subsection, subsection 2 of section 287.030 shall not apply.

80 11. Any physician or other health care provider who orders, directs or refers a patient for 81 treatment, testing, therapy or rehabilitation at any institution or facility shall, at or prior to the 82 time of the referral, disclose in writing if such health care provider, any of his partners or his 83 employer has a financial interest in the institution or facility to which the patient is being 84 referred, to the following:

85 (1) The patient;

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86 (2) The employer of the patient with workers' compensation liability for the injury or87 disease being treated;

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(3) The workers' compensation insurer of such employer; and

89 (4) The workers' compensation adjusting company for such insurer.

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12. Violation of subsection 11 of this section is a class A misdemeanor.

91 13. (1) No hospital, physician or other health care provider, other than a hospital, 92 physician or health care provider selected by the employee at his own expense pursuant to 93 subsection 1 of this section, shall bill or attempt to collect any fee or any portion of a fee for 94 services rendered to an employee due to a work-related injury or report to any credit reporting agency any failure of the employee to make such payment, when an injury covered by this 95 chapter has occurred and such hospital, physician or health care provider has received actual 96 97 notice given in writing by the employee, the employer or the employer's insurer. Actual notice 98 shall be deemed received by the hospital, physician or health care provider five days after 99 mailing by certified mail by the employer or insurer to the hospital, physician or health care 100 provider.

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(2) The notice shall include:

- 102 (a) The name of the employer;
- 103 (b) The name of the insurer, if known;

104 (c) The name of the employee receiving the services;

105 (d) The general nature of the injury, if known; and

106 (e) Where a claim has been filed, the claim number, if known.

107 (3) When an injury is found to be noncompensable under this chapter, the hospital, 108 physician or other health care provider shall be entitled to pursue the employee for any unpaid 109 portion of the fee or other charges for authorized services provided to the employee. Any applicable statute of limitations for an action for such fees or other charges shall be tolled from 110 111 the time notice is given to the division by a hospital, physician or other health care provider 112 pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection, until a determination of noncompensability in 113 regard to the injury which is the basis of such services is made, or in the event there is an appeal 114 to the labor and industrial relations commission, until a decision is rendered by that commission.

(4) If a hospital, physician or other health care provider or a debt collector on behalf of such hospital, physician or other health care provider pursues any action to collect from an employee after such notice is properly given, the employee shall have a cause of action against the hospital, physician or other health care provider for actual damages sustained plus up to one thousand dollars in additional damages, costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

(5) If an employer or insurer fails to make payment for authorized services provided tothe employee by a hospital, physician or other health care provider pursuant to this chapter, the

122 hospital, physician or other health care provider may proceed pursuant to subsection 4 of this 123 section with a dispute against the employer or insurer for any fees or other charges for services

124 provided.

125 (6) A hospital, physician or other health care provider whose services have been 126 authorized in advance by the employer or insurer may give notice to the division of any claim 127 for fees or other charges for services provided for a work-related injury that is covered by this 128 chapter, with copies of the notice to the employee, employer and the employer's insurer. Where 129 such notice has been filed, the administrative law judge may order direct payment from the 130 proceeds of any settlement or award to the hospital, physician or other health care provider for 131 such fees as are determined by the division. The notice shall be on a form prescribed by the 132 division.

133 14. The employer may allow or require an employee to use any of the employee's 134 accumulated paid leave, personal leave, or medical or sick leave to attend to medical treatment, 135 physical rehabilitation, or medical evaluations during work time. The intent of this subsection 136 is to specifically supercede and abrogate any case law that contradicts the express language of 137 this section.

287.143. As a guide to the interpretation and application of sections 287.144 to 287.149,
sections 287.144 to 287.149 shall not be construed to require the employer to provide vocational
rehabilitation to a severely injured employee. An employee shall submit to appropriate
vocational testing and a vocational rehabilitation assessment scheduled by an employer or its
insurer or the second injury fund.

287.149. 1. Temporary total disability or temporary partial disability benefits shall be 2 paid throughout the rehabilitative process.

2. The permanency of the employee's disability under sections 287.170 to 287.200 shall
not be established, determined or adjudicated while the employee is participating in rehabilitation
services.

3. Refusal of the employee to accept rehabilitation services or submit to a vocational
rehabilitation assessment as deemed necessary by the employer or second injury fund shall
result in a fifty percent reduction in all disability payments to an employee, including temporary
partial disability benefits paid pursuant to section 287.180, for each week of the period of refusal.

287.210. 1. After an employee has received an injury he shall from time to time thereafter during disability submit to reasonable medical examination at the request of the employer, [his] **the employer's** insurer, the commission, the division or an administrative law judge, **or the second injury fund**, the time and place of which shall be fixed with due regard to the convenience of the employee and his physical condition and ability to attend. The employee may have his own physician present, and if the employee refuses to submit to the

examination, or in any way obstructs it, his right to compensation shall be forfeited during such 7 8 period unless in the opinion of the commission the circumstances justify the refusal or 9 obstruction.

10 2. The commission, the division or administrative law judge shall, when deemed necessary, appoint a duly qualified impartial physician to examine the injured employee, and any 11 physician so chosen, if he accepts the appointment, shall promptly make the examination 12 13 requested and make a complete medical report to the commission or the division in such 14 duplication as to provide all parties with copies thereof. The physician's fee shall be fair and 15 reasonable, as provided in subsection 3 of section 287.140, and the fee and other reasonable costs 16 of the impartial examination may be paid as other costs under this chapter. If all the parties shall have had reasonable access thereto, the report of the physician shall be admissible in evidence. 17

18 3. The testimony of any physician who treated or examined the injured employee shall 19 be admissible in evidence in any proceedings for compensation under this chapter, but only if 20 the medical report of the physician has been made available to all parties as in this section 21 provided. Immediately upon receipt of notice from the division or the commission setting a date 22 for hearing of a case in which the nature and extent of an employee's disability is to be 23 determined, the parties or their attorneys shall arrange, without charge or costs, each to the other, for an exchange of all medical reports, including those made both by treating and examining 24 25 physician or physicians, to the end that the parties may be commonly informed of all medical 26 findings and opinions. The exchange of medical reports shall be made at least seven days before 27 the date set for the hearing and failure of any party to comply may be grounds for asking for and 28 receiving a continuance, upon proper showing by the party to whom the medical reports were 29 not furnished. If any party fails or refuses to furnish the opposing party with the medical report 30 of the treating or examining physician at least seven days before such physician's deposition or 31 personal testimony at the hearing, as in this section provided, upon the objection of the party who 32 was not provided with the medical report, the physician shall not be permitted to testify at that 33 hearing or by medical deposition.

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4. Upon request, an administrative law judge, the division, or the commission shall be 35 provided with a copy of any medical report.

36 5. As used in this chapter the terms "physician's report" and "medical report" mean the 37 report of any physician made on any printed form authorized by the division or the commission 38 or any complete medical report. As used in this chapter the term "complete medical report" 39 means the report of a physician giving the physician's qualifications and the patient's history, 40 complaints, details of the findings of any and all laboratory, X-ray and all other technical 41 examinations, diagnosis, prognosis, nature of disability, if any, and an estimate of the percentage 42 of permanent partial disability, if any. An element or elements of a complete medical report may43 be met by the physician's records.

6. Upon the request of a party, the physician or physicians who treated or are treating the injured employee shall be required to furnish to the parties a rating and complete medical report on the injured employee, at the expense of the party selecting the physician, along with a complete copy of the physician's clinical record including copies of any records and reports received from other health care providers.

49 7. The testimony of a treating or examining physician may be submitted in evidence on 50 the issues in controversy by a complete medical report and shall be admissible without other foundational evidence subject to compliance with the following procedures. The party intending 51 52 to submit a complete medical report in evidence shall give notice at least sixty days prior to the 53 hearing to all parties and shall provide reasonable opportunity to all parties to obtain 54 cross-examination testimony of the physician by deposition. The notice shall include a copy of 55 the report and all the clinical and treatment records of the physician including copies of all 56 records and reports received by the physician from other health care providers. The party 57 offering the report must make the physician available for cross-examination testimony by 58 deposition not later than seven days before the matter is set for hearing, and each cross-examiner shall compensate the physician for the portion of testimony obtained in an amount not to exceed 59 60 a rate of reasonable compensation taking into consideration the specialty practiced by the 61 physician. Cross-examination testimony shall not bind the cross-examining party. Any 62 testimony obtained by the offering party shall be at that party's expense on a proportional basis, including the deposition fee of the physician. Upon request of any party, the party offering a 63 64 complete medical report in evidence must also make available copies of X rays or other 65 diagnostic studies obtained by or relied upon by the physician. Within ten days after receipt of such notice a party shall dispute whether a report meets the requirements of a complete medical 66 report by providing written objections to the offering party stating the grounds for the dispute, 67 68 and at the request of any party, the administrative law judge shall rule upon such objections upon 69 pretrial hearing whether the report meets the requirements of a complete medical report and upon 70 the admissibility of the report or portions thereof. If no objections are filed the report is 71 admissible, and any objections thereto are deemed waived. Nothing herein shall prevent the 72 parties from agreeing to admit medical reports or records by consent. [The provisions of this 73 subsection shall not apply to claims against the second injury fund.]

8. Certified copies of the proceedings before any coroner holding an inquest over the
body of any employee receiving an injury in the course of his employment resulting in death shall
be admissible in evidence in any proceedings for compensation under this chapter, and it shall

be the duty of the coroner to give notice of the inquest to the employer and the dependents of the

78 deceased employee, who shall have the right to cross-examine the witness.

9. The division or the commission may in its discretion in extraordinary cases order apostmortem examination and for that purpose may also order a body exhumed.

287.220. 1. No claim for permanent partial disability due to an injury occurring
on or after August 28, 2010, shall be made against the second injury fund established under
this section.

4 2. All cases of permanent disability where there has been previous disability shall be 5 compensated as herein provided. Compensation shall be computed on the basis of the average 6 earnings at the time of the last injury. If any employee who has a preexisting permanent partial 7 disability whether from compensable injury or otherwise, of such seriousness as to constitute a 8 hindrance or obstacle to employment or to obtaining reemployment if the employee becomes 9 unemployed, and the preexisting permanent partial disability, if a body as a whole injury, equals 10 a minimum of fifty weeks of compensation or, if a major extremity injury only, equals a 11 minimum of fifteen percent permanent partial disability, according to the medical standards that are used in determining such compensation, receives a subsequent compensable injury resulting 12 13 in additional permanent partial disability so that the degree or percentage of disability, in an 14 amount equal to a minimum of fifty weeks compensation, if a body as a whole injury or, if a 15 major extremity injury only, equals a minimum of fifteen percent permanent partial disability, caused by the combined disabilities is substantially greater than that which would have resulted 16 from the last injury, considered alone and of itself, and if the employee is entitled to receive 17 18 compensation on the basis of the combined disabilities, the employer at the time of the last injury 19 shall be liable only for the degree or percentage of disability which would have resulted from the last injury had there been no preexisting disability. After the compensation liability of the 20 21 employer for the last injury, considered alone, has been determined by an administrative law 22 judge or the commission, the degree or percentage of employee's disability that is attributable to 23 all injuries or conditions existing at the time the last injury was sustained shall then be 24 determined by that administrative law judge or by the commission and the degree or percentage 25 of disability which existed prior to the last injury plus the disability resulting from the last injury, 26 if any, considered alone, shall be deducted from the combined disability, and compensation for 27 the balance, if any, shall be paid out of a special fund known as the second injury fund, 28 hereinafter provided for. If the previous disability or disabilities, whether from compensable 29 injury or otherwise, and the last injury together result in total and permanent disability, the 30 minimum standards under this subsection for a body as a whole injury or a major extremity 31 injury shall not apply and the employer at the time of the last injury shall be liable only for the 32 disability resulting from the last injury considered alone and of itself; except that if the

compensation for which the employer at the time of the last injury is liable is less than the 33 34 compensation provided in this chapter for permanent total disability, then in addition to the 35 compensation for which the employer is liable and after the completion of payment of the 36 compensation by the employer, the employee shall be paid the remainder of the compensation 37 that would be due for permanent total disability under section 287.200 out of a special fund 38 known as the "Second Injury Fund" hereby created exclusively for the purposes as in this section 39 provided and for special weekly benefits in rehabilitation cases as provided in section 287.141. 40 Maintenance of the second injury fund shall be as provided by section 287.710. The state 41 treasurer shall be the custodian of the second injury fund which shall be deposited the same as 42 are state funds and any interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto. The fund shall be 43 subject to audit the same as state funds and accounts and shall be protected by the general bond 44 given by the state treasurer. Upon the requisition of the director of the division of workers' 45 compensation, warrants on the state treasurer for the payment of all amounts payable for

46 compensation and benefits out of the second injury fund shall be issued. 47 [2.] **3.** In all cases in which a recovery against the second injury fund is sought [for 48 permanent partial disability, permanent total disability, or death], the state treasurer as custodian 49 thereof shall be named as a party, and shall be entitled to defend against the claim. The state 50 treasurer, with the advice and consent of the attorney general of Missouri, may enter into 51 compromise settlements as contemplated by section 287.390, or agreed statements of fact that 52 would affect the second injury fund. However, beginning August 28, 2010, there shall be no 53 compromise settlements contemplated by section 287.390 paid from the second injury fund 54 in an amount greater than sixty thousand dollars. All awards [for permanent partial 55 disability, permanent total disability, or death] issued under this chapter affecting the second 56 injury fund shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter governing review and appeal. For 57 all claims filed against the second injury fund on or after July 1, 1994, the attorney general shall 58 use assistant attorneys general except in circumstances where an actual or potential conflict of 59 interest exists, to provide legal services as may be required in all claims made for recovery 60 against the fund. Any legal expenses incurred by the attorney general's office in the handling of 61 such claims, including, but not limited to, medical examination fees incurred under sections 62 287.210 and the expenses provided for under section 287.140, expert witness fees, court 63 reporter expenses, travel costs, and related legal expenses shall be paid by the fund. Effective 64 July 1, 1993, the payment of such legal expenses shall be contingent upon annual appropriations 65 made by the general assembly, from the fund, to the attorney general's office for this specific 66 purpose.

[3.] 4. If more than one injury in the same employment causes concurrent temporarydisabilities, compensation shall be payable only for the longest and largest paying disability.

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[4.] 5. If more than one injury in the same employment causes concurrent and
consecutive permanent partial disability, compensation payments for each subsequent disability
shall not begin until the end of the compensation period of the prior disability.

72 [5.] 6. If an employer fails to insure or self-insure as required in section 287.280, funds 73 from the second injury fund may be withdrawn to cover the fair, reasonable, and necessary 74 expenses to cure and relieve the effects of the injury or disability of an injured employee in the 75 employ of an uninsured employer consistent with subsection 3 of section 287.140, or in the 76 case of death of an employee in the employ of an uninsured employer, funds from the second 77 injury fund may be withdrawn to cover fair, reasonable, and necessary expenses in the manner 78 required in sections 287.240 and 287.241. In defense of claims arising under this subsection, the 79 treasurer of the state of Missouri, as custodian of the second injury fund, shall have the same 80 defenses to such claims as would the uninsured employer. Any funds received by the employee 81 or the employee's dependents, through civil or other action, must go towards reimbursement of 82 the second injury fund, for all payments made to the employee, the employee's dependents, or 83 paid on the employee's behalf, from the second injury fund pursuant to this subsection. The 84 office of the attorney general of the state of Missouri shall bring suit in the circuit court of the 85 county in which the accident occurred against any employer not covered by this chapter as 86 required in section 287.280.

[6.] **7.** Every three years the second injury fund shall have an actuarial study made to determine the solvency of the fund, appropriate funding level of the fund, and forecasted expenditures from the fund. The first actuarial study shall be completed prior to [July 1, 1988] **July 1, 2011**. The expenses of such actuarial studies shall be paid out of the fund for the support of the division of workers' compensation.

92 [7.] 8. The director of the division of workers' compensation shall maintain the financial 93 data and records concerning the fund for the support of the division of workers' compensation 94 and the second injury fund. The division shall also compile and report data on claims made 95 pursuant to subsection [9] 10 of this section. The attorney general shall provide all necessary 96 information to the division for this purpose.

97 [8.] **9.** All claims for fees and expenses filed against the second injury fund and all 98 records pertaining thereto shall be open to the public.

[9.] **10.** Any employee who at the time a compensable work-related injury is sustained is employed by more than one employer, the employer for whom the employee was working when the injury was sustained shall be responsible for wage loss benefits applicable only to the earnings in that employer's employment and the injured employee shall be entitled to file a claim against the second injury fund for any additional wage loss benefits attributed to loss of earnings from the employment or employments where the injury did not occur, up to the maximum

105 weekly benefit less those benefits paid by the employer in whose employment the employee 106 sustained the injury. The employee shall be entitled to a total benefit based on the total average 107 weekly wage of such employee computed according to subsection 8 of section 287.250. The 108 employee shall not be entitled to a greater rate of compensation than allowed by law on the date 109 of the injury. The employer for whom the employee was working where the injury was sustained 110 shall be responsible for all medical costs incurred in regard to that injury.

287.690. [1. Prior to December 31, 1993,] Beginning January 1, 2011, for the purpose 2 of providing for the expense of administering this chapter [and for the purpose set out in 3 subsection 2 of this section], every person, partnership, association, corporation, whether 4 organized under the laws of this or any other state or country, the state of Missouri, including any 5 of its departments, divisions, agencies, commissions, and boards or any political subdivisions of the state who self-insure or hold themselves out to be any part self-insured, company, mutual 6 7 company, the parties to any interindemnity contract, or other plan or scheme, and every other 8 insurance carrier, insuring employers in this state against liability for personal injuries to their 9 employees, or for death caused thereby, under this chapter, shall pay, as provided in this chapter, 10 tax upon the net deposits, net premiums or net assessments received, whether in cash or notes 11 in this state, or on account of business done in this state, for such insurance in this state at the 12 rate of two percent in lieu of all [other] premium taxes on such net deposits, net premiums or 13 net assessments, which amount of taxes shall be assessed and collected as herein provided. 14 Beginning October 31, [1993] **2010**, and every year thereafter, the director of the division of 15 workers' compensation shall estimate the amount of revenue required to administer this chapter 16 and the **division** director shall determine the rate of tax to be paid in the following calendar year 17 pursuant to this section commencing with the calendar year beginning on January 1, [1994] **2011**. 18 If the balance of the fund [estimated to be] on hand on [December thirty-first] July first of the 19 year each tax rate determination is made on October thirty-first is less than one hundred ten 20 percent of the previous year's expenses plus any additional revenue required due to new statutory 21 requirements given to the division by the general assembly, then the division director shall 22 impose a tax not to exceed two percent in lieu of all other taxes on net deposits, net premiums 23 or net assessments, rounded up to the nearest one-half of a percentage point, which amount of 24 taxes shall be assessed and collected as herein provided. The net premium equivalent for 25 individual self-insured employers and any group of political subdivisions of this state qualified 26 to self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter as authorized by section 537.620, RSMo, 27 shall be based on average rate classifications calculated by the department of insurance, financial 28 institutions and professional registration as taken from premium rates filed by the twenty 29 insurance companies providing the greatest volume of workers' compensation insurance coverage 30 in this state. For employers qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter, the

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rates filed by such group of employers in accordance with subsection 2 of section 287.280 shall be the net premium equivalent. Every entity required to pay the tax imposed pursuant to this section and section 287.730 shall be notified by the division of workers' compensation within ten calendar days of the date of the determination of the rate of tax to be imposed for the

following year. Net premiums, net deposits or net assessments are defined as gross premiums,
gross deposits or gross assessments less canceled or returned premiums, premium deposits or
assessments and less dividends or savings, actually paid or credited.

[2. After January 1, 1994, the director of the division shall make one or more loans to 38 39 the Missouri employers mutual insurance company in an amount not to exceed an aggregate 40 amount of five million dollars from the fund maintained to administer this chapter for start-up 41 funding and initial capitalization of the company. The board of the company shall make 42 application to the director for the loans, stating the amount to be loaned to the company. The 43 loans shall be for a term of five years and, at the time the application for such loans is approved 44 by the director, shall bear interest at the annual rate based on the rate for linked deposit loans as 45 calculated by the state treasurer pursuant to section 30.758, RSMo.]

287.715. 1. For the purpose of providing for revenue for the second injury fund, every 2 authorized self-insurer, and every workers' compensation policyholder insured pursuant to the 3 provisions of this chapter, shall be liable for payment of an annual surcharge in accordance with 4 the provisions of this section. The annual surcharge imposed under this section shall apply to all workers' compensation insurance policies and self-insurance coverages which are written or 5 6 renewed on or after April 26, 1988, including the state of Missouri, including any of its 7 departments, divisions, agencies, commissions, and boards or any political subdivisions of the 8 state who self-insure or hold themselves out to be any part self-insured. Notwithstanding any 9 law to the contrary, the surcharge imposed pursuant to this section shall not apply to any 10 reinsurance or retrocessional transaction.

11 2. Beginning October 31, [2005] **2010**, and each year thereafter, the director of the 12 division of workers' compensation shall estimate the amount of benefits payable from the second 13 injury fund during the following calendar year and shall calculate the total amount of the annual 14 surcharge to be imposed during the following calendar year upon all workers' compensation 15 policyholders and authorized self-insurers. The amount of the annual surcharge percentage to be imposed upon each policyholder and self-insured for the following calendar year commencing 16 17 with the calendar year beginning on January 1, [2006] **2011**, shall be set at and calculated against a percentage, not to exceed three percent, of the policyholder's or self-insured's workers' 18 19 compensation net deposits, net premiums, or net assessments for the previous policy year, 20 rounded up to the nearest one-half of a percentage point, that shall generate, as nearly as possible, 21 one hundred ten percent of the moneys to be paid from the second injury fund in the following

22 calendar year, less any moneys contained in the fund at the end of the previous [calendar] fiscal 23 year. All policyholders and self-insurers shall be notified by the division of workers' 24 compensation within ten calendar days of the determination of the surcharge percent to be 25 imposed for, and paid in, the following calendar year. The net premium equivalent for individual 26 self-insured employers and any group of political subdivisions of this state qualified to 27 self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter as authorized by section 537.620, RSMo, shall 28 be based on average rate classifications calculated by the department of insurance, financial 29 institutions and professional registration as taken from premium rates filed by the twenty 30 insurance companies providing the greatest volume of workers' compensation insurance coverage 31 in this state. For employers qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter, the 32 rates filed by such group of employers in accordance with subsection 2 of section 287.280 shall 33 be the net premium equivalent. The **division** director may advance [funds] **moneys** from the 34 workers' compensation fund to the second injury fund if surcharge collections prove to be 35 insufficient. The outstanding total of moneys advanced by the division director from the workers' compensation fund to the second injury fund shall not exceed thirty-three and 36 37 one-third percent of the total amount of the annual surcharge as calculated in this section 38 to be imposed in the year moneys are advanced to the second injury fund. No additional 39 advance from the workers' compensation fund to the second injury fund shall be made by 40 the director until the previous advance has been reimbursed in full. Any [funds] moneys 41 advanced from the workers' compensation fund to the second injury fund [must] shall be 42 reimbursed by the second injury fund no later than December thirty-first of the **fifth** year 43 following the advance. The surcharge shall be collected from policyholders by each insurer at 44 the same time and in the same manner that the premium is collected, but no insurer or its agent 45 shall be entitled to any portion of the surcharge as a fee or commission for its collection. The 46 surcharge is not subject to any taxes, licenses or fees.

47 3. All surcharge amounts imposed by this section shall be deposited to the credit of the48 second injury fund.

49 4. Such surcharge amounts shall be paid quarterly by insurers and self-insurers, and 50 insurers shall pay the amounts not later than the thirtieth day of the month following the end of 51 the quarter in which the amount is received from policyholders. If the director of the division 52 of workers' compensation fails to calculate the surcharge by the thirty-first day of October of any 53 year for the following year, any increase in the surcharge ultimately set by the director shall not 54 be effective for any calendar quarter beginning less than sixty days from the date the director 55 makes such determination.

56 5. If a policyholder or self-insured fails to make payment of the surcharge or an insurer 57 fails to make timely transfer to the division of surcharges actually collected from policyholders,

as required by this section, a penalty of one-half of one percent of the surcharge unpaid, or untransferred, shall be assessed against the liable policyholder, self-insured or insurer. Penalties assessed under this subsection shall be collected in a civil action by a summary proceeding

61 brought by the director of the division of workers' compensation.

62 6. Funds collected under the provisions of this section shall be the sole funding
63 source of the second injury fund.

287.890. 1. The governor may by executive order enforce the provisions of this **2** section regarding the Missouri state workers' compensation council.

2. There is hereby created a "Missouri State Workers' Compensation Council".
 The council shall consist of nine appointed voting members and two appointed nonvoting
 members. All appointees shall be persons whose training and experience qualify them to
 deal with the difficult problems of workers' compensation, particularly legal, accounting,
 actuarial, economic, and social aspects of workers' compensation.

8 (1) Three voting members shall be appointed to the council by the governor. One 9 voting member shall be appointed on account of his or her vocation, employment, or 10 affiliations being classed as representative of employers. One voting member shall be 11 appointed on account of his or her vocation, employment, or affiliations being classed as 12 representative of employees. One voting member shall be appointed to represent the public 13 interest separate from employee or employer representation.

14 (2) Three voting members and one nonvoting member shall be appointed to the 15 council by the speaker of the house of representatives. One voting member shall be appointed on account of his or her vocation, employment, or affiliations being classed as 16 representative of employers that employ twenty or less employees. One voting member 17 18 shall be appointed on account of his or her vocation, employment, or affiliations being classed as representative of employees. One voting member shall be appointed to represent 19 20 the public interest separate from employee or employer representation. One nonvoting 21 member shall be appointed from the house of representatives.

(3) Three voting members and one nonvoting member shall be appointed to the council by the president pro tem of the senate. One voting member shall be appointed on account of his or her vocation, employment, or affiliations being classed as representative of employers. One voting member shall be appointed on account of his or her vocation, employment, or affiliations being classed as representative of employees. One voting member shall be appointed to represent the public interest separate from employee or employer representation. One nonvoting member shall be appointed from the senate.

3. The council shall organize itself and select a chairperson or cochairpersons and
 other officers from the nine voting members. Six voting members shall constitute a

quorum and the council shall act only upon the affirmative vote of at least five of the voting
 members. The council shall meet no less than four times yearly. Members of the council

- 33 shall serve without compensation, but are to be reimbursed the amount of actual expenses.
- 34 Actual expenses shall be paid from the workers' compensation fund under section 287.710.
- 4. The division shall provide professional and clerical assistance as needed for
 regularly scheduled meetings.

5. Each nonvoting member shall serve for a term of four years or until he or she is 37 38 no longer a member of the general assembly whichever occurs first. A nonvoting member's 39 term shall be a maximum of four years. Each voting member shall serve for a term of 40 three years. For the initial appointment, the governor-appointed employer representative, 41 the speaker of the house-appointed employee representative, and the president pro tem of 42 the senate-appointed public interest representative shall serve an initial term of one year. 43 For the initial appointment, the governor-appointed employee representative, the speaker 44 of the house-appointed public interest representative, and the president pro tem of the senate-appointed employer representative shall serve an initial term of two years. At the 45 end of a voting member's term he or she may be reappointed. 46

6. The council shall advise the division in carrying out the purposes of this chapter. The council shall submit annually by January fifteenth to the governor and the general assembly its recommendations regarding amendments to this chapter, the status of workers' compensation insurance, the projected maintenance of the solvency of the second injury fund, and the adequacy of the workers' compensation law.

7. The council shall present to the division every proposal of the council for changes in this chapter and shall seek the division's concurrence with the proposal. The division shall give careful consideration to every proposal submitted by the council for legislative or administrative action and shall review each legislative proposal for possible incorporation into department of labor and industrial relations' recommendations.

8. The council shall have access to only the records of the division that are necessary for the administration of this chapter and to the reasonable services of the employees of the division. It may request the director or any of the employees appointed by the director or any employee subject to this chapter to appear before it and to testify relative to the functioning of this chapter and to other relevant matters. The council may conduct research of its own, make and publish reports, and recommend to the division needed changes in this chapter or in the rules of the division as it considers necessary.

9. The council, unless prohibited by a concurrent resolution of the general
 assembly, shall be authorized to commission an outside study of the solvency, adequacy,
 and staffing and operational efficiency of the Missouri workers' compensation system. The

- 67 study shall be conducted every five years, the first being conducted in fiscal year 2011. The
- $68 \quad {\rm study\, shall\, be\, funded\, subject\, to\, appropriation\, from\, the\, workers'\, compensation\, fund\, under}$
- 69 section 287.710.