HB 2097 -- Billboards

Sponsor: Dixon

This bill changes the laws regarding billboards. In its main provisions, the bill:

- (1) Allows local authorities to adopt regulations regarding billboard size, lighting, and spacing provisions that are more restrictive than state law if they are reasonable, allow for customary industry usage, and comply with the intent of the provisions of the bill. Local regulations cannot have the intent or effect of prohibiting billboards on commercial or industrial property within 660 feet of certain highways. If a court rules that a local regulation is prohibitive, unreasonable, or fails to allow for customary industry usage, the statutory state requirements will apply until a valid ordinance is adopted by the local zoning authority;
- (2) Prohibits the Highways and Transportation Commission from issuing new state sign permits after the date the commission approves funding for any phase or portion of construction or reconstruction of a street or highway until the completion of the project and requires all existing signs to conform to the requirements for outdoor advertising in effect on August 27, 1999;
- (3) Allows an owner of an existing sign who meets all state requirements for outdoor advertising in effect on August 27, 1999, and the federal/state agreement and who voluntarily executes a partial waiver and reset agreement with the commission to reset signs on the same or adjoining property as long as the owner obtains the necessary local approval. Owners entering into a reset agreement with the commission will receive compensation for the actual cost of resetting the sign. Signs must be reconstructed with the same type of materials and cannot exceed the square footage of the original sign;
- (4) Allows a sign owner 120 days from receiving a written notice that a sign will be displaced by construction to execute a reset agreement. If an owner fails to execute an agreement, the commission has the right to initiate normal condemnation procedures for the compensated removal of the sign;
- (5) Allows local zoning authorities to prohibit an owner from resetting a qualifying sign that does not comply with local regulations but requires the local authorities to reimburse the commission for the cost to condemn the sign less the cost to reset the sign; and

(6) Requires all signs to be subject to the biennial inspection fees under Section 226.550, RSMo.