HOUSE	AMENDMENT NO
Offered By	
208.247, Page 15, Line 26, by in "354.618. 1. A health referral health plan whenever it plan offering to a group contract (1) In the case of group decision to accept or reject the holder. For health plans marked shall be made by the employees (2) Contracts currently annual renewal after August 28 expiration of their current multitime; (3) If an employer pro-	p health plans offered to employers of fifty or fewer employees, the additional open referral plan offering shall be made by the group contract eted to employers of over fifty employees, the decision to accept or reject
2. For the purposes of	this act, the following terms shall mean: n", a plan in which the enrollee is allowed to obtain treatment for covered
treatment;	a primary care physician from any person licensed to provide such plan", a plan in which the enrollee is required to obtain a referral from a
primary care professional in or	der to access specialty care.
requirements of this section.	plan provided pursuant to the Medicaid program shall be exempt from the
services of an obstetrician/gyne enrollee's primary care provide obstetrician/gynecologist is a marequired to permit an enrollee to obstetrician/gynecologist. An enrollee shall report such visit a health carrier may require an enrequires more than one annual	Il have a procedure by which a female enrollee may seek the health care ecologist at least once a year without first obtaining prior approval from the r if the benefits are covered under the enrollee's health benefit plan, and the number of the health carrier's network. In no event shall a health carrier be to have health care services delivered by a nonparticipating obstetrician/gynecologist who delivers health care services directly to an and health care services provided to the enrollee's primary care provider. A prollee to obtain a referral from the primary care physician, if such enrollee visit with an obstetrician/gynecologist. use, a health carrier shall be prohibited either directly, or indirectly through

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1	intermediaries, from discriminating between eye care providers when selecting among providers of health
2	services for enrollment in the network and when referring enrollees for health services provided within the
3	scope of those professional licenses and when reimbursing amounts for covered services among persons
4	duly licensed to provide such services. For the purposes of this section, an eye care provider may be
5	either an optometrist licensed pursuant to chapter 336 or a physician who specializes in opthamologic
6	medicine, licensed pursuant to chapter 334.]
7	[6]5. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as to require a health carrier to pay for
8	health care services not provided for in the terms of a health benefit plan.
9	[7]6. Any health carrier, which is sponsored by a federally qualified health center and is presently
10	in existence and which has been in existence for less than three years shall be exempt from this section for
11	a period not to exceed two years from August 28, 1997.
12	[8]7. A health carrier shall not be required to offer the direct access rider for a group contract
13	holder's health benefit plan if the health benefit plan is being provided pursuant to the terms of a collective
14	bargaining agreement with a labor union, in accordance with federal law and the labor union has declined
15	such option on behalf of its members.
16	[9]8. Nothing in this act shall be construed to preempt the employer's right to select the health
17	care provider pursuant to section 287.140 in a case where an employee incurs a work-related injury
18	covered by the provisions of chapter 287.
19	[10]9. Nothing contained in this act shall apply to certified managed care organizations while
20	providing medical treatment to injured employees entitled to receive health benefits under chapter 287
21	pursuant to contractual arrangements with employers, or their insurers, under section 287.135.
22	354.619. 1. Except for good cause, a health carrier shall be prohibited either directly, or indirectly
23	through intermediaries, from discriminating between eye care providers when selecting among providers
24	of health services for enrollment in the network and when referring enrollees for health services provided
25	within the scope of those professional licenses and when reimbursing amounts for covered services among
26	person duly licensed to provide such services. For the purposes of this section, an eye care provider may
27	be either an optometrist licensed pursuant to chapter 336, or a physician who specializes in
28	ophthalmologic medicine, licensed pursuant to chapter 334.
29	2. A health carrier shall not directly or indirectly through intermediaries refuse to select an eye
30	care provider for the network solely on the grounds that:
31	(1) Not all eye care providers in a group practice agree to participate in the health carrier's
32	provider network; or
33	(2) The provider is not a retailer of frames or corrective lenses or both.
34	3. If optometric services are being provided in connection to a treatment plan for corrective
35	surgery, then the health carrier shall not directly or indirectly through intermediaries refuse to select an
36	eye care provider for the network, refuse to refer an enrollee for health services provided within the scope
37	of an eye care provider's license or reimburse for covered services in a discriminatory manner.
38	4. A health carrier may not require a licensed optometrist who provides basic medical eye care to
39	participate solely through an intermediary if that health carrier permits ophthalmologist to contract
40	directly with the health carrier."; and
41	
42	Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.
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