



0212H03.02F <u>0212H03 029</u>

## HOUSE AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_

Offer	ed by Colora of 80
Amend	HCS/Senate Bill No. 100 , Pages 28-30 , Section 565.020 , Line,
2	by striking all of said section and inserting in lieu thereof the
3	following:
4	"565.020. 1. A person commits the [crime] offense of
5	murder in the first degree if he or she knowingly causes the
6	death of another person after deliberation upon the matter.
7	2. The offense of murder in the first degree is a class A
8	felony, and, if a person is eighteen years of age or older at the
9	time of the crime, the punishment shall be either death or
10	imprisonment for life without eligibility for probation or
11	parole, or release except by act of the governor; except that, if
12	a person has not reached his [sixteenth] or her eighteenth
13	birthday at the time of the commission of the crime, the
14	punishment shall be <u>either</u> imprisonment for life without
15	eligibility for probation or parole, or release except by act of
16	the governor, or imprisonment for life with eligibility for
17	parole.
18	565.033. 1. When a person is charged with first degree
19	murder who was less than eighteen years of age at the time of the
20	offense, the prosecuting or circuit attorney may file a notice of
21	his or her intent to seek a punishment of imprisonment for life

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without eligibility for parole. If the notice is filed, the trial shall proceed in two stages before the same trier. At the first stage the trier shall decide only whether the defendant is quilty of any submitted offense. If the person is found quilty of first degree murder, a second stage of the trial shall then proceed at which the only issue shall be the punishment to be assessed and declared. Evidence in aggravation and mitigation of punishment, including but not limited to evidence supporting any of the aggravating or mitigating circumstances listed in subsection 2 or 3 of section 565.032, may be presented subject to 10 11 the rules of evidence at criminal trials. Rebuttal and 12 surrebuttal evidence may be presented. The state shall be the 13 first to proceed. If the trier is a jury, it shall be instructed 14 on the law. The attorneys may then argue the issue of punishment 15 to the jury, and the state shall have the right to open and close the argument. The trier shall assess and declare the punishment 16 and, if the trier declares the punishment to be imprisonment for 17 18 life without parole, the trier shall set out in writing in its 19 findings or verdict the aggravating circumstances or mitigating 20 circumstances it considered and the reasons supporting the 21 sentence imposed. 22 2. If the prosecuting or circuit attorney does not seek a

punishment of imprisonment for life without eligibility for parole, the submission to the trier and all subsequent proceedings in the case shall proceed with a single stage trial and, if the person is found guilty of first degree murder, the punishment shall be imprisonment for life with eligibility for parole. If the person is found guilty of a lesser homicide offense, the procedure for the punishment phase shall be the same

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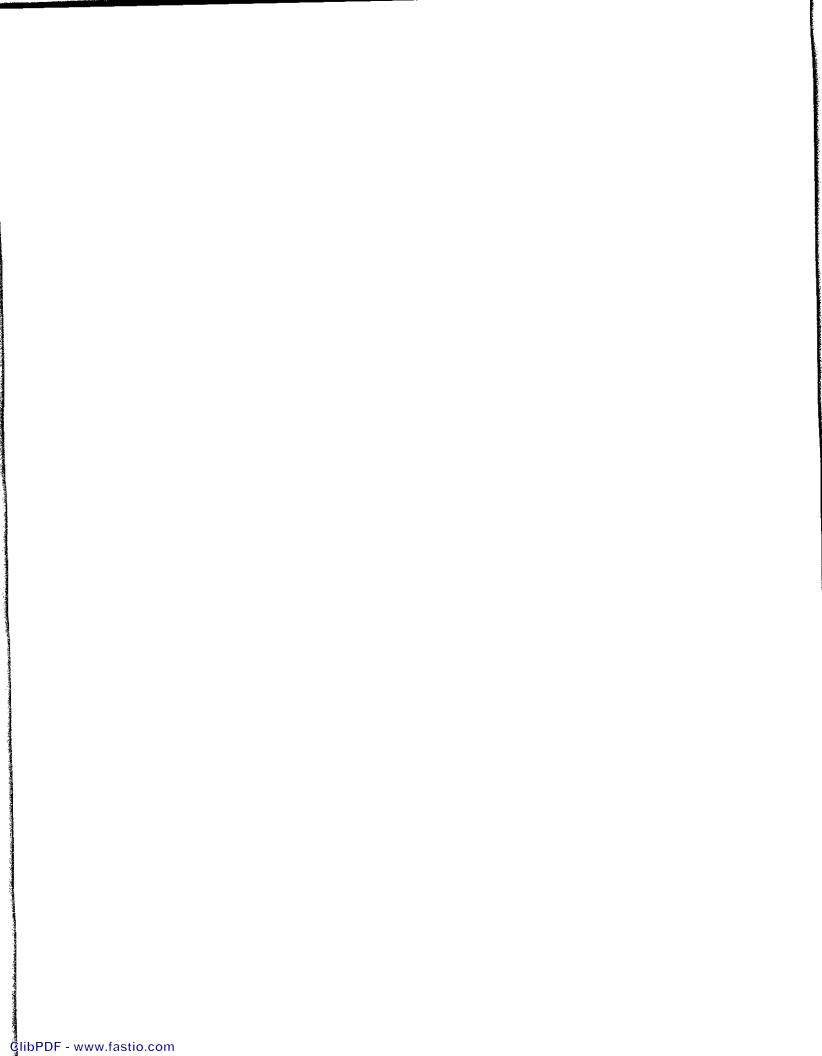
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as provided under subsection 3 of section 565.030.

3. The procedures provided under this section shall not apply to any case that is final for purposes of appeal on or before the effective date of this section. A case is final for purposes of appeal when the time for filing an appeal in the Missouri Court of Appeals has expired; if an appeal was filed in the Missouri Court of Appeals, when the time for filing an application for transfer in the Missouri Supreme Court has expired; if an application was filed for transfer to the Missouri Supreme Court, when the application for transfer was denied or when a timely filed motion for rehearing was denied; or if the Missouri Supreme Court granted transfer, when the Missouri Supreme Court granted transfer, when the Missouri Supreme Court rendered its decision or when a timely-filed motion for rehearing was denied.

4. Any person sentenced to imprisonment for life without the eligibility for parole before the effective date of this section for an offense committed when the person was less than eighteen years of age may file a motion in the sentencing court for a sentencing hearing within six months of the effective date of this section. Such sentencing hearing shall be heard by the judge. The sole purpose of the sentencing hearing shall be to determine if the sentence of imprisonment for life without eligibility for parole that was originally imposed shall remain or be amended to imprisonment for life with eligibility for parole."; and

Further amend said bill, page 37, section B, lines 3-7, by striking all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "the quality representation of indigent criminal defendants, the enactment of sections 537.865, 565.033, and

600.053 and the repeal and reenactment of section 565.020 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the enactment of sections 537.865, 565.033, and 600.053 and the repeal and reenactment of section 565.020 of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval."; and Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

