SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 1370

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE HAAHR.

4514H.01I

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal section 191.227, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to medical records of deceased patients.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 191.227, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 191.227, to read as follows:

191.227. 1. All physicians, chiropractors, hospitals, dentists, and other duly licensed practitioners in this state, herein called "providers", shall, upon written request of a patient, or guardian or legally authorized representative of a patient, furnish a copy of his or her record of that patient's health history and treatment rendered to the person submitting a written request, except that such right shall be limited to access consistent with the patient's condition and sound 6 therapeutic treatment as determined by the provider. Beginning August 28, 1994, such record shall be furnished within a reasonable time of the receipt of the request therefor and upon payment of a fee as provided in this section.

- 2. Health care providers may condition the furnishing of the patient's health care records to the patient, the patient's authorized representative or any other person or entity authorized by law to obtain or reproduce such records upon payment of a fee for:
- (a) Search and retrieval, in an amount not more than twenty-two dollars and eighty-two cents plus copying in the amount of fifty-three cents per page for the cost of supplies and labor plus, if the health care provider has contracted for off-site records storage and management, any additional labor costs of outside storage retrieval, not to exceed twenty-one dollars and thirty-six cents, as adjusted annually pursuant to subsection 5 of this section; or

HB 1370 2

17 (b) The records shall be furnished electronically upon payment of the search, retrieval, 18 and copying fees set under this section at the time of the request or one hundred dollars total, 19 whichever is less, if such person:

- a. Requests health records to be delivered electronically in a format of the health care provider's choice;
- b. The health care provider stores such records completely in an electronic health record; and
 - c. The health care provider is capable of providing the requested records and affidavit, if requested, in an electronic format;
 - (2) Postage, to include packaging and delivery cost; and
 - (3) Notary fee, not to exceed two dollars, if requested.
 - 3. Notwithstanding provisions of this section to the contrary, providers may charge for the reasonable cost of all duplications of health care record material or information which cannot routinely be copied or duplicated on a standard commercial photocopy machine.
 - 4. The transfer of the patient's record done in good faith shall not render the provider liable to the patient or any other person for any consequences which resulted or may result from disclosure of the patient's record as required by this section.
 - 5. Effective February first of each year, the fees listed in subsection 2 of this section shall be increased or decreased annually based on the annual percentage change in the unadjusted, U.S. city average, annual average inflation rate of the medical care component of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U). The current reference base of the index, as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, shall be used as the reference base. For purposes of this subsection, the annual average inflation rate shall be based on a twelve-month calendar year beginning in January and ending in December of each preceding calendar year. The department of health and senior services shall report the annual adjustment and the adjusted fees authorized in this section on the department's internet website by February first of each year.
 - 6. A health care provider may disclose a deceased patient's medical records or payment records or the information contained in medical records or payment records to the patient's health care decision maker after the patient's death. A health care provider may also disclose a deceased patient's medical records or payment records or the information contained in medical records or payment records to the personal representative or administrator of the estate of a deceased patient, or if a personal representative or administrator has not been appointed, to the following persons in the following order of priority, unless the deceased patient during the deceased patient's lifetime or a person in a higher order of priority has notified the health care provider in

HB 1370 3

writing that the deceased patient opposed the release of the medical records or payment records:

- 55 (1) The deceased patient's spouse, unless the patient and the patient's spouse were 56 legally separated at the time of the patient's death;
 - (2) The acting trustee of a trust created by the deceased patient either alone or with the deceased patient's spouse if the trust was a revocable inter vivos trust during the deceased patient's lifetime and the deceased patient was a beneficiary of the trust during the deceased patient's lifetime;
 - (3) An adult child of the deceased patient;
- 62 (4) A parent of the deceased patient;

57

58

5960

61

- 63 (5) An adult brother of sister of the deceased patient;
- 64 (6) A guardian or conservator of the deceased patient at the time of the patient's death.

✓