SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 1793

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVES FREDERICK (Sponsor) AND NEELY (Co-sponsor).

5244L.02I

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, ChiefClerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 105.711, 197.305, 197.310, 197.315, 197.330, 208.010, 208.166, 208.325, 208.955, 334.035, 334.104, 334.735, 354.535, and 538.220, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof forty-five new sections relating to the provision of health care, with a penalty provision.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 105.711, 197.305, 197.310, 197.315, 197.330, 208.010, 208.166,
208.325, 208.955, 334.035, 334.104, 334.735, 354.535, and 538.220, RSMo, are repealed and
forty-five new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 105.711, 173.228,
191.875, 197.170, 197.173, 197.305, 197.310, 197.315, 197.330, 197.710, 208.010, 208.166,
208.187, 208.188, 208.325, 208.440, 334.035, 334.036, 334.104, 334.735, 354.535, 376.387,
376.393, 376.444, 376.1425, 376.2020, 431.205, 484.400, 484.402, 484.404, 484.406, 484.408,
484.410, 484.412, 484.414, 484.416, 484.418, 484.420, 484.422, 484.424, 484.426, 484.428,
484.430, 538.220, and 1, to read as follows:

105.711. 1. There is hereby created a "State Legal Expense Fund" which shall consistof moneys appropriated to the fund by the general assembly and moneys otherwise credited tosuch fund pursuant to section 105.716.

2. Moneys in the state legal expense fund shall be available for the payment of any claim or any amount required by any final judgment rendered by a court of competent jurisdiction against:

7 (1) The state of Missouri, or any agency of the state, pursuant to section 536.050 or 8 536.087 or section 537.600;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

9 (2) Any officer or employee of the state of Missouri or any agency of the state, including, 10 without limitation, elected officials, appointees, members of state boards or commissions, and 11 members of the Missouri National Guard upon conduct of such officer or employee arising out 12 of and performed in connection with his or her official duties on behalf of the state, or any 13 agency of the state, provided that moneys in this fund shall not be available for payment of 14 claims made under chapter 287;

15 (3) (a) Any physician, psychiatrist, pharmacist, podiatrist, dentist, nurse, or other health 16 care provider licensed to practice in Missouri under the provisions of chapter 330, 332, 334, 335, 17 336, 337 or 338 who is employed by the state of Missouri or any agency of the state under formal 18 contract to conduct disability reviews on behalf of the department of elementary and secondary 19 education or provide services to patients or inmates of state correctional facilities on a part-time 20 basis, and any physician, psychiatrist, pharmacist, podiatrist, dentist, nurse, or other health care 21 provider licensed to practice in Missouri under the provisions of chapter 330, 332, 334, 335, 336, 22 337, or 338 who is under formal contract to provide services to patients or inmates at a county 23 jail on a part-time basis;

24 Any physician licensed to practice medicine in Missouri under the provisions of (b) 25 chapter 334 and his or her professional corporation organized pursuant to chapter 356 who is 26 employed by or under contract with a city or county health department organized under chapter 27 192 or chapter 205, or a city health department operating under a city charter, or a combined 28 city-county health department to provide services to patients for medical care caused by 29 pregnancy, delivery, and child care, if such medical services are provided by the physician 30 pursuant to the contract without compensation or the physician is paid from no other source than 31 a governmental agency except for patient co-payments required by federal or state law or local 32 ordinance;

33 Any physician licensed to practice medicine in Missouri under the provisions of (c) 34 chapter 334 who is employed by or under contract with a federally funded community health 35 center organized under Section 315, 329, 330 or 340 of the Public Health Services Act (42 36 U.S.C. 216, 254c) to provide services to patients for medical care caused by pregnancy, delivery, 37 and child care, if such medical services are provided by the physician pursuant to the contract 38 or employment agreement without compensation or the physician is paid from no other source 39 than a governmental agency or such a federally funded community health center except for 40 patient co-payments required by federal or state law or local ordinance. In the case of any claim 41 or judgment that arises under this paragraph, the aggregate of payments from the state legal 42 expense fund shall be limited to a maximum of one million dollars for all claims arising out of 43 and judgments based upon the same act or acts alleged in a single cause against any such 44 physician, and shall not exceed one million dollars for any one claimant;

45 (d) Any physician licensed pursuant to chapter 334 who is affiliated with and receives no compensation from a nonprofit entity qualified as exempt from federal taxation under Section 46 47 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which offers a free health 48 screening in any setting or any physician, chiropractor, nurse, physician assistant, dental 49 hygienist, dentist, or other health care professional licensed or registered under chapter 330, 331, 50 332, 334, 335, 336, 337, or 338 who provides health care services within the scope of his or her 51 license or registration at a city or county health department organized under chapter 192 or 52 chapter 205, a city health department operating under a city charter, or a combined city-county 53 health department, or a nonprofit community health center qualified as exempt from federal 54 taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, if such 55 services are restricted to primary care and preventive health services, provided that such services 56 shall not include the performance of an abortion, and if such health services are provided by the 57 health care professional licensed or registered under chapter 330, 331, 332, 334, 335, 336, 337, 58 or 338 without compensation. MO HealthNet or Medicare payments for primary care and 59 preventive health services provided by a health care professional licensed or registered under 60 chapter 330, 331, 332, 334, 335, 336, 337, or 338 who volunteers at a free health clinic is not 61 compensation for the purpose of this section if the total payment is assigned to the free health 62 clinic. For the purposes of the section, "free health clinic" means a nonprofit community health 63 center qualified as exempt from federal taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue 64 Code of 1987, as amended, that provides primary care and preventive health services to people 65 without health insurance coverage for the services provided without charge. In the case of any 66 claim or judgment that arises under this paragraph, the aggregate of payments from the state legal 67 expense fund shall be limited to a maximum of five hundred thousand dollars, for all claims 68 arising out of and judgments based upon the same act or acts alleged in a single cause and shall 69 not exceed five hundred thousand dollars for any one claimant, and insurance policies purchased 70 pursuant to the provisions of section 105.721 shall be limited to five hundred thousand dollars. 71 Liability or malpractice insurance obtained and maintained in force by or on behalf of any health 72 care professional licensed or registered under chapter 330, 331, 332, 334, 335, 336, 337, or 338 73 shall not be considered available to pay that portion of a judgment or claim for which the state 74 legal expense fund is liable under this paragraph;

(e) Any physician, nurse, physician assistant, dental hygienist, or dentist licensed or registered to practice medicine, nursing, or dentistry or to act as a physician assistant or dental hygienist in Missouri under the provisions of chapter 332, 334, or 335, or lawfully practicing, who provides medical, nursing, or dental treatment within the scope of his license or registration to students of a school whether a public, private, or parochial elementary or secondary school or summer camp, if such physician's treatment is restricted to primary care and preventive health 81 services and if such medical, dental, or nursing services are provided by the physician, dentist, 82 physician assistant, dental hygienist, or nurse without compensation. In the case of any claim 83 or judgment that arises under this paragraph, the aggregate of payments from the state legal 84 expense fund shall be limited to a maximum of five hundred thousand dollars, for all claims arising out of and judgments based upon the same act or acts alleged in a single cause and shall 85 not exceed five hundred thousand dollars for any one claimant, and insurance policies purchased 86 87 pursuant to the provisions of section 105.721 shall be limited to five hundred thousand dollars; 88 or

89 (f) Any physician licensed under chapter 334, or dentist licensed under chapter 332, 90 providing medical care without compensation to an individual referred to his or her care by a city 91 or county health department organized under chapter 192 or 205, a city health department 92 operating under a city charter, or a combined city-county health department, or nonprofit health 93 center qualified as exempt from federal taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue 94 Code of 1986, as amended, or a federally funded community health center organized under 95 Section 315, 329, 330, or 340 of the Public Health Services Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 216, 254c; 96 provided that such treatment shall not include the performance of an abortion. In the case of any 97 claim or judgment that arises under this paragraph, the aggregate of payments from the state legal 98 expense fund shall be limited to a maximum of one million dollars for all claims arising out of 99 and judgments based upon the same act or acts alleged in a single cause and shall not exceed one 100 million dollars for any one claimant, and insurance policies purchased under the provisions of 101 section 105.721 shall be limited to one million dollars. Liability or malpractice insurance 102 obtained and maintained in force by or on behalf of any physician licensed under chapter 334, 103 or any dentist licensed under chapter 332, shall not be considered available to pay that portion 104 of a judgment or claim for which the state legal expense fund is liable under this paragraph;

105 (g) Any physician licensed under chapter 334 who is under contract to provide 106 medical care to participants in the MO HealthNet pilot project established under section 107 208.188. In the case of any claim or judgment that arises under this paragraph, the 108 aggregate of payments from the state legal expense fund shall be limited to a maximum of 109 five hundred thousand dollars for all claims arising out of and judgments based upon the 110 same act or acts alleged in a single cause and shall not exceed five hundred thousand 111 dollars for any one claimant, and insurance policies purchased under the provisions of 112 section 105.721 shall be limited to five hundred thousand dollars. Liability or malpractice 113 insurance obtained and maintained in force by or on behalf of any physician licensed 114 under chapter 334 shall not be considered available to pay that portion of a judgment or 115 claim for which the state legal expense fund is liable under this paragraph;

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(4) Staff employed by the juvenile division of any judicial circuit;

117 (5) Any attorney licensed to practice law in the state of Missouri who practices law at 118 or through a nonprofit community social services center qualified as exempt from federal 119 taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or through 120 any agency of any federal, state, or local government, if such legal practice is provided by the 121 attorney without compensation. In the case of any claim or judgment that arises under this 122 subdivision, the aggregate of payments from the state legal expense fund shall be limited to a 123 maximum of five hundred thousand dollars for all claims arising out of and judgments based 124 upon the same act or acts alleged in a single cause and shall not exceed five hundred thousand 125 dollars for any one claimant, and insurance policies purchased pursuant to the provisions of 126 section 105.721 shall be limited to five hundred thousand dollars;

127 (6) Any social welfare board created under section 205.770 and the members and officers 128 thereof upon conduct of such officer or employee while acting in his or her capacity as a board 129 member or officer, and any physician, nurse, physician assistant, dental hygienist, dentist, or 130 other health care professional licensed or registered under chapter 330, 331, 332, 334, 335, 336, 131 337, or 338 who is referred to provide medical care without compensation by the board and who 132 provides health care services within the scope of his or her license or registration as prescribed 133 by the board; or

(7) Any person who is selected or appointed by the state director of revenue under subsection 2 of section 136.055 to act as an agent of the department of revenue, to the extent that such agent's actions or inactions upon which such claim or judgment is based were performed in the course of the person's official duties as an agent of the department of revenue and in the manner required by state law or department of revenue rules.

139 3. The department of health and senior services shall promulgate rules regarding contract 140 procedures and the documentation of care provided under paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (e), [and] (f), 141 and (g) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section. The limitation on payments from the 142 state legal expense fund or any policy of insurance procured pursuant to the provisions of section 143 105.721, provided in subsection 7 of this section, shall not apply to any claim or judgment 144 arising under paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), [or] (f), or (g) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of 145 this section. Any claim or judgment arising under paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), [or] (f), or (g) 146 of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section shall be paid by the state legal expense fund or 147 any policy of insurance procured pursuant to section 105.721, to the extent damages are allowed 148 under sections 538,205 to 538,235. Liability or malpractice insurance obtained and maintained 149 in force by any health care professional licensed or registered under chapter 330, 331, 332, 334, 150 335, 336, 337, or 338 for coverage concerning his or her private practice and assets shall not be 151 considered available under subsection 7 of this section to pay that portion of a judgment or claim 152 for which the state legal expense fund is liable under paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), [or] (f), or

153 (g) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section. However, a health care professional 154 licensed or registered under chapter 330, 331, 332, 334, 335, 336, 337, or 338 may purchase 155 liability or malpractice insurance for coverage of liability claims or judgments based upon care 156 rendered under paragraphs (c), (d), (e), [and] (f), and (g) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of 157 this section which exceed the amount of liability coverage provided by the state legal expense 158 fund under those paragraphs. Even if paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), [or] (f), or (g) of 159 subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section is repealed or modified, the state legal expense 160 fund shall be available for damages which occur while the pertinent paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), 161 (e), [or] (f), or (g) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section is in effect.

162 4. The attorney general shall promulgate rules regarding contract procedures and the 163 documentation of legal practice provided under subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section. 164 The limitation on payments from the state legal expense fund or any policy of insurance procured 165 pursuant to section 105.721 as provided in subsection 7 of this section shall not apply to any 166 claim or judgment arising under subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section. Any claim or 167 judgment arising under subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section shall be paid by the state 168 legal expense fund or any policy of insurance procured pursuant to section 105.721 to the extent 169 damages are allowed under sections 538.205 to 538.235. Liability or malpractice insurance 170 otherwise obtained and maintained in force shall not be considered available under subsection 171 7 of this section to pay that portion of a judgment or claim for which the state legal expense fund 172 is liable under subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section. However, an attorney may obtain 173 liability or malpractice insurance for coverage of liability claims or judgments based upon legal 174 practice rendered under subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section that exceed the amount 175 of liability coverage provided by the state legal expense fund under subdivision (5) of subsection 176 2 of this section. Even if subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section is repealed or amended, 177 the state legal expense fund shall be available for damages that occur while the pertinent 178 subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section is in effect.

179 5. All payments shall be made from the state legal expense fund by the commissioner 180 of administration with the approval of the attorney general. Payment from the state legal expense 181 fund of a claim or final judgment award against a health care professional licensed or registered 182 under chapter 330, 331, 332, 334, 335, 336, 337, or 338, described in paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), 183 (e), [or] (f), or (g) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section, or against an attorney in 184 subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section, shall only be made for services rendered in 185 accordance with the conditions of such paragraphs. In the case of any claim or judgment against 186 an officer or employee of the state or any agency of the state based upon conduct of such officer 187 or employee arising out of and performed in connection with his or her official duties on behalf

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188 of the state or any agency of the state that would give rise to a cause of action under section 189 537.600, the state legal expense fund shall be liable, excluding punitive damages, for:

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(1) Economic damages to any one claimant; and

- (2) Up to three hundred fifty thousand dollars for noneconomic damages.
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193 The state legal expense fund shall be the exclusive remedy and shall preclude any other civil 194 actions or proceedings for money damages arising out of or relating to the same subject matter 195 against the state officer or employee, or the officer's or employee's estate. No officer or 196 employee of the state or any agency of the state shall be individually liable in his or her personal 197 capacity for conduct of such officer or employee arising out of and performed in connection with 198 his or her official duties on behalf of the state or any agency of the state. The provisions of this 199 subsection shall not apply to any defendant who is not an officer or employee of the state or any 200 agency of the state in any proceeding against an officer or employee of the state or any agency 201 of the state. Nothing in this subsection shall limit the rights and remedies otherwise available 202 to a claimant under state law or common law in proceedings where one or more defendants is 203 not an officer or employee of the state or any agency of the state.

204 6. The limitation on awards for noneconomic damages provided for in this subsection 205 shall be increased or decreased on an annual basis effective January first of each year in 206 accordance with the Implicit Price Deflator for Personal Consumption Expenditures as published 207 by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the United States Department of Commerce. The current 208 value of the limitation shall be calculated by the director of the department of insurance, financial 209 institutions and professional registration, who shall furnish that value to the secretary of state, 210 who shall publish such value in the Missouri Register as soon after each January first as 211 practicable, but it shall otherwise be exempt from the provisions of section 536.021.

212 7. Except as provided in subsection 3 of this section, in the case of any claim or 213 judgment that arises under sections 537.600 and 537.610 against the state of Missouri, or an 214 agency of the state, the aggregate of payments from the state legal expense fund and from any 215 policy of insurance procured pursuant to the provisions of section 105.721 shall not exceed the 216 limits of liability as provided in sections 537.600 to 537.610. No payment shall be made from 217 the state legal expense fund or any policy of insurance procured with state funds pursuant to 218 section 105.721 unless and until the benefits provided to pay the claim by any other policy of 219 liability insurance have been exhausted.

8. The provisions of section 33.080 notwithstanding, any moneys remaining to the credit of the state legal expense fund at the end of an appropriation period shall not be transferred to general revenue.

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223 9. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 224 promulgated under the authority delegated in sections 105.711 to 105.726 shall become effective 225 only if it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536. Nothing in this section 226 shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to August 28, 227 1999, if it fully complied with the provisions of chapter 536. This section and chapter 536 are 228 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 229 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 230 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after 231 August 28, 1999, shall be invalid and void.

173.228. 1. There is hereby created within the department of higher education the 2 "Board of Medical Scholarship Awards", which shall establish scholarships and loans to 3 provide for the medical training of qualified applicants for admission, or students in the 4 University of Missouri School of Medicine or any other accredited or provisionally 5 accredited school of medicine in this state. The recipients of loan awards shall enter into a valid agreement with the board to practice the profession of medicine in those areas and 6 7 localities of Missouri as may be determined by the board for a number of years to be 8 stipulated in the agreement. The board shall collaborate with the Lester R. Bryant Pre-9 Admissions Program established within the University of Missouri School of Medicine to 10 participate in the scholarships and loans provided under this section, including the 11 flexibility to provide financial incentives, such as forgiveness or repayment of all or a 12 portion of educational loans.

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2. The board of medical scholarship awards shall be composed of:

14 Two members of the board of directors of the Missouri State Medical (1) 15 Association, appointed by the president of the Missouri State Medical Association;

16 One member of the board of trustees for the Missouri Association of (2) 17 Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, appointed by the president of the board;

18 (3) The dean of each school of osteopathic or allopathic medicine in this state, or 19 the dean's designee;

20 The chair of the admissions committee of each school of osteopathic or (4) 21 allopathic medicine in this state; and

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(5) One member of the senate appointed by the president pro tem of the senate; and 23 (6) One member of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the 24 house.

25 3. (1) The members of the Missouri State Medical Association and the Missouri 26 Association of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons shall serve four-year terms. The terms 27 of the legislative members shall be four years for the senate member and two years for the

house member, concurrent with their legislative terms. All appointed members of the
board may be reappointed.

30 (2) The chair of the board shall be selected from the members appointed from the
 31 Missouri Medical Association and the Missouri Association of Osteopathic Physicians and
 32 Surgeons.

4. (1) The board shall make a careful and thorough investigation of the ability, character, and qualifications of each applicant, and award scholarships and loans according to the judgment of the board. Preference in granting loans shall be given to applicants who sign agreements to practice in those areas in greatest need of medical service for periods of time stipulated by the board.

38 (2) The board shall make reasonable rules for implementing and administering the 39 provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 40 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective 41 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if 42 applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of 43 the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay 44 the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 45 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2014, shall be invalid and void. 46

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5. The board shall make two types of awards as follows:

48 (1) Loans. A number of loans equal in number to twenty percent of the student 49 body of the medical schools in the state of Missouri, each in an amount of up to the average 50 cost of tuition, fees, and living expenses, as set forth in the current catalogs of the 51 University of Missouri School of Medicine or other school of medicine in this state, for the 52 year of each enrollment. Such loans shall be available to any resident of Missouri of good 53 character who has been accepted for matriculation by one of the medical schools in 54 Missouri, with preference given to those applicants who can demonstrate an economic need 55 and who commit in writing to practice in a rural area of generalists specialty as determined 56 by the board. The board may, in its discretion, permit students to apply for a loan under 57 this subdivision in any scholastic year and for any previously completed scholastic year of 58 medical education. Such loans shall be repaid following graduation, under the terms of a 59 contract to practice clinical medicine in an area of Missouri identified by the board as 60 medically underserved for a term of years, as hereinafter set forth;

61 (2) Merit scholarships. A number of merit scholarships equal in number to five
62 percent of the student body of the medical schools in the state of Missouri, each in an
63 amount not to exceed five thousand dollars per annum or twenty thousand dollars over a

64 four-year period shall be granted to students with high scholastic achievement and 65 excellent character who will attend one of the medical schools in the state of Missouri. The 66 students to whom merit scholarships are granted shall not be obligated to repay the 67 amount of the scholarship award.

68 **6.** Any recipient who fails for any reason to continue his or her medical education 69 may, at the discretion of the board, be required to repay all loan amounts immediately with 70 simple interest of eight percent annually from the date of his or her departure or removal 71 from medical school.

72 7. The loan or any portion thereof shall be repaid by engaging in full-time clinical
73 practice, as defined in rule of the board, in one of the following ways, in accordance with
74 a contract approved by the board:

(1) Practice for a period equal to one year of practice for each year the individual
 received a loan in a community of less than five thousand population which is in an area
 within Missouri identified by the board as medically underserved;

(2) Practice for a period equal to one and one-quarter years of practice for each
 year the individual received a loan in a community of between five thousand and fifteen
 thousand population which is in an area within Missouri identified by the board as
 medically underserved;

82 (3) Practice for a period equal to one and one-half years of practice for each year 83 the individual received a loan in a community of between fifteen thousand and fifty 84 thousand population which is in an area of Missouri identified by the board as medically 85 underserved.

86 **8.** (1) Each recipient of a loan under this section shall enter into an agreement with 87 the bard whereby the recipient agrees to practice in an area described in subsection 6 of 88 this section. In the event of a default or other breach of contract by the recipient of loans 89 provided under this section, or other termination of contract prior to the completion of the 90 period of medical education and training, the individual shall be liable for immediate 91 repayment of the total principal loan amount plus interest at the rate of eight percent 92 accruing from the date of default or termination and an additional penalty as specified:

93 (a) For default or termination of a loan for one scholastic year, a penalty equal to
 94 twenty percent of the total principal amount of the loan;

95 (b) For default or termination of a loan for two scholastic years, a penalty equal to
 96 thirty percent of the total principal amount of the loan;

97 (c) For default or termination of a loan for three scholastic years, a penalty equal 98 to forty percent of the total principal amount of the loan;

99 (d) For default or termination of a loan for four scholastic years, a penalty equal
100 to fifty percent of the total principal amount of the loan;

(e) If default or termination occurs after the fourth year but prior to the completion
 of an accredited residency training program in a generalists specialty as determined by the
 board, a penalty equal to one hundred percent of the total principal amount of the loan;
 and

(f) If default or termination occurs after completion of an accredited residency
 training program but prior to completion of the repayment obligation under subsection 7
 of this section, a penalty equal to two hundred percent of the total principal amount of the
 loan.

(2) The attorney general, upon request of the board, shall institute proceedings in
the name of the state for the purpose of recovering any amount due the state under this
section. Any moneys recovered under this section from loan recipients or paid by
recipients to the board shall be retained by the board for funding of future scholarships.

(3) In the event of death of a recipient or upon the recipient's becoming permanently disabled to an extent that he or she is no longer able to engage in the practice of medicine, repayment of the loan may be excused by the board.

9. The failure of a recipient of a loan to perform his or her agreement with the board or to pay the amount he or she is liable for under this section shall constitute a ground for the revocation of his or her license to practice medicine.

119 **10.** Any incorporated or unincorporated municipality or locality in this state having 120 a population of less than fifteen thousand inhabitants, desiring additional physicians and 121 wishing to be designated as a locality needing additional physicians, may apply to the 122 board to be placed on a list of localities in need of additional physicians, which shall be 123 maintained by the board. Such applications may be made either by the governing body of 124 the municipality or by a petition signed by at least one twentieth of the qualified voters of 125 the municipality or locality. If the board determines that such locality is in need of 126 physicians, the board shall place such locality on the list of localities in need of physicians 127 from which recipients of scholarships may, after graduation, select an area in which to 128 practice. In compiling and maintaining the list, the board may place any locality thereon 129 which, in its opinion, needs additional physicians.

130 11. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Board of Medical 131 Scholarship Awards Fund", which shall consist of money collected under this section, any 132 state appropriations, and all gifts, bequests, grants, or donations from any source 133 whatsoever, including but not limited to grants from the Missouri Foundation for Health. 134 The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund
and, upon appropriation, money in the fund shall be used solely for the administration of
this section.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys
 remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the
 general revenue fund.

(3) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other
funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited
to the fund.

191.875. 1. By January 1, 2015, any patient or consumer of health care services who requests an estimate of the cost of health care services from a health care provider or the insurance costs from such patient's or consumer's health carrier shall be provided such estimate of cost or insurance costs prior to the provision of such services, if feasible, but in no event later than three business days after such request. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to emergency health care services.

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2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

8 (1) "Ambulatory surgical center", any ambulatory surgical center as defined in 9 section 197.200;

10 (2) "Estimate of cost", an estimate based on the information entered and 11 assumptions about typical utilization and costs for health care services. Such estimate of 12 cost shall include the following:

(a) The amount that will be charged to a patient for the health services if all charges
are paid in full without a public or private third party paying for any portion of the
charges;

16 (b) The average negotiated settlement on the amount that will be charged to a 17 patient required to be provided in paragraph (a) of this subdivision;

(c) The amount of any MO HealthNet reimbursement for the health care services,
 including claims and pro rata supplemental payments, if known;

20 (d) The amount of any Medicare reimbursement for the medical services, if known;
21 and

22 (e) The amount of any insurance co-payments for the health benefit plan of the 23 patient, if known;

(3) "Health care provider", any hospital, ambulatory surgical center, physician,
 dentist, clinical psychologist, pharmacist, optometrist, podiatrist, registered nurse,
 physician assistant, chiropractor, physical therapist, nurse anesthetist, anesthetist, long-

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term care facility, or other licensed health care facility or professional providing health
 care services in this state;

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(4) "Health carrier", an entity as such term is defined under section 376.1350;

30 (5) "Insurance costs", an estimate of costs of covered services provided by a health

31 carrier based on a specific insured's coverage and health care services to be provided.
32 Such insurance cost shall include:

33 34 (a) The reimbursement amount to any health care provider;

(b) Any deductibles, co-payments, or co-insurance amounts; and

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(c) Any amounts not covered under the health benefit plan;

36 (6) "Public or private third party", the state, the federal government, employers,
 37 health carriers, third-party administrators, and managed care organizations.

38 3. (1) Health care providers shall include with any estimate of costs the following: 39 "Your estimated cost is based on the information entered and assumptions about typical 40 utilization and costs. The actual amount billed to you may be different from the estimate 41 of costs provided to you. Many factors affect the actual bill you will receive, and this 42 estimate of costs does not account for all of them. Additionally, the estimate of costs is not 43 a guarantee of insurance coverage. You will be billed at the provider's charge for any 44 service provided to you that is not a covered benefit under your plan. Please check with 45 your insurance company if you need help understanding your benefits for the service 46 chosen.".

47 (2) Health carriers shall include with any insurance costs the following: "Your 48 insurance costs are based on the information entered and assumptions about typical 49 utilization and costs. The actual amount of insurance costs and the amount billed to you 50 may be different from the insurance costs provided to you. Many factors affect the actual 51 insurance costs, and this insurance costs does not account for all of them. Additionally, the 52 insurance costs provided is limited to the specific information provided and is not a 53 guarantee of insurance coverage for additional services. You will be billed at the 54 provider's charge for any service provided to you that is not a covered benefit under your 55 plan. You may contact us if you need further assistance in understanding your benefits for 56 the service chosen.".

4. Each health care provider shall also make available the percentage or amount of any discounts for cash payment of any charges incurred by a posting on the provider's website and by making it available at the provider's location.

5. Nothing in this section shall be construed as violating any provider contract provisions with a health carrier that prohibit disclosure of the provider's fee schedule with a health carrier to third parties.

63 6. The department may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this 64 section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 65 created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 66 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers 67 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 68 69 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 70 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2014, 71 shall be invalid and void.

197.170. 1. This section and section 197.173 shall be known as the "Health Care 2 Cost Reduction and Transparency Act".

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2. As used in this section and section 197.173 the following terms shall mean:

4 (1) "Ambulatory surgical center", a health care facility as such term is defined 5 under section 197.200;

6 7 (2) "Department", the department of health and senior services;

(3) "DRG", diagnosis related group;

8

(4) "Health carrier", an entity as such term is defined under section 376.1350;

9

(5) "Hospital", a health care facility as such term is defined under section 197.020;

10 (6) "Public or private third party", includes the state, the federal government, 11 employers, health carriers, third-party administrators, and managed care organizations.

3. The department of health and senior services shall make available to the public on its internet website the most current price information it receives from hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers under section 197.173. The department shall provide this information in a manner that is easily understood by the public and meets the following minimum requirements:

(1) Information for each hospital shall be listed separately and hospitals shall be
 listed in groups by category as determined by the department in rules adopted under
 section 197.173;

20 (2) Information for each hospital outpatient department and each ambulatory 21 surgical center shall be listed separately.

4. Any data disclosed to the department by a hospital or ambulatory surgical center under section 197.173 shall be the sole property of the hospital or center that submitted the data. Any data or product derived from the data disclosed under section 197.173, including a consolidation or analysis of the data, shall be the sole property of the state. The department shall not allow proprietary information it receives under section 197.173 to be used by any person or entity for commercial purposes.

197.173. 1. Beginning with the quarter ending June 30, 2015, and quarterly thereafter, each hospital shall provide to the department, in the manner and format 2 3 determined by the department, the following information about the one hundred most 4 frequently reported admissions by DRG for inpatients as established by the department: 5 (1) The amount that will be charged to a patient for each DRG if all charges are

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paid in full without a public or private third party paying for any portion of the charges; 7 (2) The average negotiated settlement on the amount that will be charged to a 8 patient required to be provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection;

9 (3) The amount of Medicaid reimbursement for each DRG, including claims and 10 pro rata supplemental payments;

11

(4) The amount of Medicare reimbursement for each DRG;

12 (5) For the five largest health carriers providing payment to the hospital on behalf 13 of insureds and state employees, the range and the average of the amount of payment made 14 for each DRG. Prior to providing this information to the department, each hospital shall 15 redact the names of the health carrier and any other information that would otherwise 16 identify the health carriers.

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18 A hospital shall not be required to report the information required by this subsection for 19 any of the one hundred most frequently reported admissions where the reporting of that 20 information reasonably could lead to the identification of the person or persons admitted 21 to the hospital in violation of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability 22 Act of 1996 (HIPAA) or other federal law.

23 2. Beginning with the quarter ending September 30, 2015, and quarterly thereafter, 24 each hospital and ambulatory surgical center shall provide to the department, in a manner 25 and format determined by the department, information on the total costs for the twenty 26 most common surgical procedures and the twenty most common imaging procedures, by 27 volume, performed in hospital outpatient settings or in ambulatory surgical centers, along 28 with the related current procedural terminology ("CPT") and healthcare common 29 procedure coding system ("HCPCS") codes. Hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers 30 shall report this information in the same manner as required by subsection 1 of this 31 section, provided that hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers shall not be required to 32 report the information required by this subsection where the reporting of that information 33 reasonably could lead to the identification of the person or persons admitted to the hospital 34 in violation of HIPAA or other federal law.

35 3. Upon request of a patient for a particular DRG, imaging procedure, or surgery 36 procedure reported in this section, a hospital or ambulatory surgical center shall provide

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37 the information required by subsection 1 or 2 of this section to the patient in writing, either 38 electronically or by mail, within three business days after receiving the request.

4. (1) The department shall promulgate rules on or before March 1, 2015, to ensure that subsection 1 of this section is properly implemented and that hospitals report this information to the department in a uniform manner. The rules shall include all of the following:

43 (a) The one hundred most frequently reported DRGs for inpatients for which
 44 hospitals must provide the data set out in subsection 1 of this section;

45 (b) Specific categories by which hospitals shall be grouped for the purpose of 46 disclosing this information to the public on the department's internet website.

47 (2) The department shall promulgate rules on or before June 1, 2015, to ensure that 48 subsection 2 of this section is properly implemented and that hospitals and ambulatory 49 surgical centers report this information to the department in a uniform manner. The rules 50 shall include the list of the twenty most common surgical procedures and the twenty most 51 common imaging procedures, by volume, performed in a hospital outpatient setting and 52 those performed in an ambulatory surgical facility, along with the related CPT and 53 HCPCS codes.

54 (3) Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 55 created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 56 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers 57 58 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, to review, to delay the effective 59 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 60 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2014, 61 shall be invalid and void.

197.305. As used in sections 197.300 to [197.366] **197.367**, the following terms mean: (1) "Affected persons", the person proposing the development of a new institutional health service, the public to be served, and health care facilities within [the service area in which] **a five-mile radius of** the proposed new health care service [is] to be developed;

5 (2) "Agency", the certificate of need program of the Missouri department of health and 6 senior services;

7 (3) "Capital expenditure", an expenditure by or on behalf of a health care facility which, 8 under generally accepted accounting principles, is not properly chargeable as an expense of 9 operation and maintenance;

10 (4) "Certificate of need", a written certificate issued by the committee setting forth the 11 committee's affirmative finding that a proposed project sufficiently satisfies the criteria prescribed for such projects by sections 197.300 to [197.366] 197.367; 12

13 (5) "Develop", to undertake those activities which on their completion will result in the 14 offering of a new institutional health service or the incurring of a financial obligation in relation 15 to the offering of such a service;

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(6) "Expenditure minimum" shall mean:

17 (a) For beds in existing or proposed health care facilities licensed pursuant to chapter 198 and long-term care beds in a hospital as described in subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 18 19 198.012, [six hundred thousand] one million dollars in the case of capital expenditures, or [four 20 hundred thousand] two million dollars in the case of major medical equipment, provided, 21 however, that prior to January 1, 2003, the expenditure minimum for beds in such a facility and 22 long-term care beds in a hospital described in section 198.012 shall be zero, subject to the 23 provisions of subsection 7 of section 197.318;

24 For beds or equipment in a long-term care hospital meeting the requirements (b) described in 42 CFR, Section 412.23(e), the expenditure minimum shall be zero; and

26 (c) For health care facilities, new institutional health services or beds not described in 27 paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision one million dollars in the case of capital expenditures, 28 excluding major medical equipment, and one million dollars in the case of medical equipment;

29 (7) "Health service area", a geographic region appropriate for the effective planning and 30 development of health services, determined on the basis of factors including population and the 31 availability of resources, consisting of a population of not less than five hundred thousand or 32 more than three million;

33 (8) "Major medical equipment", medical equipment used for the provision of medical 34 and other health services;

35 (9) "New institutional health service":

36 (a) The development of a new health care facility costing in excess of the applicable 37 expenditure minimum;

38 (b) The acquisition, including acquisition by lease, of any health care facility, or major 39 medical equipment costing in excess of the expenditure minimum;

40 (c) Any capital expenditure by or on behalf of a health care facility in excess of the 41 expenditure minimum;

42 (d) Predevelopment activities as defined in subdivision (12) [hereof] of this section 43 costing in excess of one hundred fifty thousand dollars;

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44 (e) Any change in licensed bed capacity of a health care facility which increases the total
45 number of beds by more than ten or more than ten percent of total bed capacity, whichever is
46 less, over a two-year period;

47 (f) Health services, excluding home health services, which are offered in a health care 48 facility and which were not offered on a regular basis in such health care facility within the 49 twelve-month period prior to the time such services would be offered;

50 (g) A reallocation by an existing health care facility of licensed beds among major types 51 of service or reallocation of licensed beds from one physical facility or site to another by more 52 than ten beds or more than ten percent of total licensed bed capacity, whichever is less, over a 53 two-year period;

54 (10) "Nonsubstantive projects", projects which do not involve the addition, replacement, 55 modernization or conversion of beds or the provision of a new health service but which include 56 a capital expenditure which exceeds the expenditure minimum and are due to an act of God or 57 a normal consequence of maintaining health care services, facility or equipment;

58 (11) "Person", any individual, trust, estate, partnership, corporation, including 59 associations and joint stock companies, state or political subdivision or instrumentality thereof, 60 including a municipal corporation;

(12) "Predevelopment activities", expenditures for architectural designs, plans, working
 drawings and specifications, and any arrangement or commitment made for financing; but
 excluding submission of an application for a certificate of need.

197.310. 1. The "Missouri Health Facilities Review Committee" is hereby established.
2 The agency shall provide clerical and administrative support to the committee. The committee
3 may employ additional staff as it deems necessary.

4

2. The committee shall be composed of:

5 (1) [Two members of the senate appointed by the president pro tem, who shall be from 6 different political parties] **One member who is professionally qualified in health insurance** 7 **plan sales and administration**; [and]

8 (2) [Two members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker, who shall
9 be from different political parties] One member who has professionally qualified experience
10 in commercial development, financing, and lending; [and]

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(3) [Five members] Two members with a doctorate of philosophy in economics;

12 (4) Two members who are professionally qualified as medical doctors or doctors
13 of osteopathy, but who are not employees of a hospital or consultants to a hospital;

14 (5) Two members who are professionally experienced in hospital administration,
 15 but are not employed by a hospital or as consultants to a hospital; and

16 **(6)** One member who is a registered nurse, but who is not an employee of a hospital 17 or a consultant to a hospital.

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All members shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate, not more than [three] five of whom shall be from the same political party. All members shall serve four-year terms.

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3. No business of this committee shall be performed without a majority of the full body.

4. [The members shall be appointed as soon as possible after September 28, 1979. One of the senate members, one of the house members and three of the members appointed by the governor shall serve until January 1, 1981, and the remaining members shall serve until January 1, 1982. All subsequent members shall be appointed in the manner provided in subsection 2 of this section and shall serve terms of two years.

5.] The committee shall elect a chairman at its first meeting which shall be called by the governor. The committee shall meet upon the call of the chairman or the governor.

30 [6.] **5.** The committee shall review and approve or disapprove all applications for a 31 certificate of need made under sections 197.300 to [197.366] **197.367**. It shall issue reasonable 32 rules and regulations governing the submission, review and disposition of applications.

33 [7.] **6.** Members of the committee shall serve without compensation but shall be 34 reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

35 [8.] **7.** Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 4 of section 610.025, the 36 proceedings and records of the facilities review committee shall be subject to the provisions of 37 chapter 610.

197.315. 1. Any person who proposes to develop or offer a new institutional health service within the state must obtain a certificate of need from the committee prior to the time 2 3 such services are offered. However, a certificate of need shall not be required for a proposed 4 project which creates five or more new full-time jobs, or full-time equivalent jobs provided 5 that such person proposing the project submit a letter of intent and a report of the number 6 of jobs and such other information as may be required by the health facilities review committee to document the basis for not requiring a certificate of need. If the letter of 7 8 intent and report document that five or more new full-time jobs or full-time equivalent jobs 9 shall be created, the health facilities review committee shall respond within thirty days to 10 such person with an approval of the non-applicability of a certificate of need. No job that 11 was created prior to the approval of nonapplicability of a certificate of need shall be deemed a new job. For purposes of this subsection, a "full-time employee" means an 12 13 employee of the person that is scheduled to work an average of at least thirty-five hours per

14 week for a twelve-month period, and one for which the person offers health insurance and 15 pays at least fifty-percent of such insurance premiums.

2. Only those new institutional health services which are found by the committee to be needed shall be granted a certificate of need. Only those new institutional health services which are granted certificates of need shall be offered or developed within the state. No expenditures for new institutional health services in excess of the applicable expenditure minimum shall be made by any person unless a certificate of need has been granted.

3. After October 1, 1980, no state agency charged by statute to license or certify health
care facilities shall issue a license to or certify any such facility, or distinct part of such facility,
that is developed without obtaining a certificate of need.

4. If any person proposes to develop any new institutional health care service without a certificate of need as required by sections 197.300 to [197.366] **197.367**, the committee shall notify the attorney general, and he shall apply for an injunction or other appropriate legal action in any court of this state against that person.

5. After October 1, 1980, no agency of state government may appropriate or grant funds to or make payment of any funds to any person or health care facility which has not first obtained every certificate of need required pursuant to sections 197.300 to [197.366] **197.367**.

6. A certificate of need shall be issued only for the premises and persons named in theapplication and is not transferable except by consent of the committee.

7. Project cost increases, due to changes in the project application as approved or due
 to project change orders, exceeding the initial estimate by more than ten percent shall not be
 incurred without consent of the committee.

8. Periodic reports to the committee shall be required of any applicant who has been
granted a certificate of need until the project has been completed. The committee may order the
forfeiture of the certificate of need upon failure of the applicant to file any such report.

39 9. A certificate of need shall be subject to forfeiture for failure to incur a capital 40 expenditure on any approved project within six months after the date of the order. The applicant 41 may request an extension from the committee of not more than six additional months based upon 42 substantial expenditure made.

10. Each application for a certificate of need [must] **shall** be accompanied by an application fee. The time of filing commences with the receipt of the application and the application fee. The application fee is one thousand dollars[, or one-tenth of one percent of the total cost of the proposed project, whichever is greater]. All application fees shall be deposited in the state treasury. Because of the loss of federal funds, the general assembly will appropriate funds to the Missouri health facilities review committee.

11. In determining whether a certificate of need should be granted, no consideration shall
be given to the facilities or equipment of any other health care facility located more than a
[fifteen-mile] five-mile radius from the applying facility.

52 12. When a nursing facility shifts from a skilled to an intermediate level of nursing care, 53 it may return to the higher level of care if it meets the licensure requirements, without obtaining 54 a certificate of need.

55 13. In no event shall a certificate of need be denied because the applicant refuses to 56 provide abortion services or information.

57 14. A certificate of need shall not be required for the transfer of ownership of an existing 58 and operational health facility in its entirety.

59 15. A certificate of need may be granted to a facility for an expansion, an addition of 60 services, a new institutional service, or for a new hospital facility which provides for something 61 less than that which was sought in the application.

62 16. The provisions of this section shall not apply to facilities operated by the state, and 63 appropriation of funds to such facilities by the general assembly shall be deemed in compliance 64 with this section, and such facilities shall be deemed to have received an appropriate certificate 65 of need without payment of any fee or charge.

66 17. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, a certificate of need may be issued 67 after July 1, 1983, for an intermediate care facility operated exclusively for the [mentally 68 retarded] **intellectually disabled**.

18. To assure the safe, appropriate, and cost-effective transfer of new medical technology throughout the state, a certificate of need shall not be required for the purchase and operation of research equipment that is to be used in a clinical trial that has received written approval from a duly constituted institutional review board of an accredited school of medicine or osteopathy located in Missouri to establish its safety and efficacy and does not increase the bed complement of the institution in which the equipment is to be located. After the clinical trial has been completed, a certificate of need must be obtained for continued use in such facility.

197.330. 1. The committee shall:

2 (1) Notify the applicant within fifteen days of the date of filing of an application as to 3 the completeness of such application;

4 (2) Provide written notification to affected persons located within this state at the 5 beginning of a review. This notification may be given through publication of the review 6 schedule in all newspapers of general circulation in the area to be served;

7 (3) Hold public hearings on all applications when a request in writing is filed by any 8 affected person within thirty days from the date of publication of the notification of review;

9 (4) Within one hundred days of the filing of any application for a certificate of need, 10 issue in writing its findings of fact, conclusions of law, and its approval or denial of the 11 certificate of need; provided, that the committee may grant an extension of not more than thirty 12 days on its own initiative or upon the written request of any affected person;

(5) Cause to be served upon the applicant, the respective health system agency, and any
affected person who has filed his prior request in writing, a copy of the aforesaid findings,
conclusions and decisions;

16 (6) Consider the needs and circumstances of institutions providing training programs for 17 health personnel;

18 (7) Provide for the availability, based on demonstrated need, of both medical and 19 osteopathic facilities and services to protect the freedom of patient choice; and

20 (8) Establish by regulation procedures to review, or grant a waiver from review, 21 nonsubstantive projects. The term "filed" or "filing" as used in this section shall mean delivery 22 to the staff of the health facilities review committee the document or documents the applicant 23 believes constitute an application.

24 2. Failure by the committee to issue a written decision on an application for a certificate 25 of need within the time required by this section shall constitute approval of and final 26 administrative action on the application, and is subject to appeal pursuant to section 197.335 only 27 on the question of approval by operation of law.

28 **3.** For all hearings held by the committee, including all public hearings under 29 subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section:

30 (1) All testimony and other evidence taken during such hearings shall be under
 31 oath and subject to the penalty of perjury;

32 (2) The committee may, upon a majority vote of the committee, subpoena witnesses,
 33 and compel the attendance of witnesses, the giving of testimony, and the production of
 34 records;

35 (3) All ex parte communications between members of the committee and any
36 interested party or witness which are related to the subject matter of a hearing shall be
37 prohibited at any time prior to, during, or after such hearing;

(4) The provisions of sections 105.452 to 105.458, regarding conflict of interest shall
 apply;

40 (5) In all hearings, there shall be a rebuttable presumption of the need for 41 additional medical services and lower costs for such medical services in the affected region 42 or community. Any party opposing the issuance of a certificate of need shall have the 43 burden of proof to show by clear and convincing evidence that no such need exists or that 44 the new facility will cause a substantial and continuing loss of medical services within the 45 affected region or community;

(6) All hearings before the committee shall be governed by rules to be adopted and prescribed by the committee; except that, in all inquiries or hearings, the committee shall not be bound by the technical rules of evidence. No formality in any proceeding nor in the manner of taking testimony before the committee shall invalidate any decision made by the committee; and

51 (7) The committee shall have the authority, upon a majority vote of the committee, 52 to assess the costs of court reporting transcription or the issuance of subpoenas to one or 53 both of the parties to the proceedings.

197.710. 1. No hospital shall require a physician to agree to make referrals to that 2 hospital or any hospital-affiliated facility as a condition of receiving medical staff 3 membership or medical staff privileges.

2. No hospital shall refuse to grant medical staff membership or privileges, condition or otherwise limit medical staff membership or privileges, or limit a physician's medical staff participation because the physician, or a partner, associate, employee, or family member of the physician, provides medical or health care services at, or has an ownership interest in, or occupies a leadership position on the medical staff of another hospital, hospital system, or health care facility.

3. No hospital or hospital system shall refuse to grant a physician, or a partner, associate, employee, or family member of the physician, participatory status in a hospital or hospital system health plan because the physician, or a partner, associate, employee, or family member of the physician, provides medical or health care services at, or has an ownership interest in, or occupies a leadership position on the medical staff of another hospital, hospital system, or health care facility.

4. No hospital shall refuse to grant a physician, or a partner, associate, employee, or family member of such physician, participatory status in a hospital or hospital system health plan because the physician, or a partner, associate, employee, or family member of the physician leases or offers for lease medical office, clinical, or other medical facility space in close proximity to or within the same geographic service area of such hospital.

5. The department of health and senior services may impose administration sanctions or otherwise sanction the license of a hospital in any case in which the department finds that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the requirements of this section.

208.010. 1. In determining the eligibility of a claimant for public assistance pursuant 2 to this law, it shall be the duty of the family support division to consider and take into account

all facts and circumstances surrounding the claimant, including his or her living conditions, 3 4 earning capacity, income and resources, from whatever source received, and if from all the facts 5 and circumstances the claimant is not found to be in need, assistance shall be denied. In 6 determining the need of a claimant, the costs of providing medical treatment which may be furnished pursuant to sections 208.151 to 208.158 shall be disregarded. The amount of benefits, 7 8 when added to all other income, resources, support, and maintenance shall provide such persons 9 with reasonable subsistence compatible with decency and health in accordance with the standards 10 developed by the family support division; provided, when a husband and wife are living together, 11 the combined income and resources of both shall be considered in determining the eligibility of either or both. "Living together" for the purpose of this chapter is defined as including a husband 12 13 and wife separated for the purpose of obtaining medical care or nursing home care, except that 14 the income of a husband or wife separated for such purpose shall be considered in determining 15 the eligibility of his or her spouse, only to the extent that such income exceeds the amount necessary to meet the needs (as defined by rule or regulation of the division) of such husband or 16 17 wife living separately. In determining the need of a claimant in federally aided programs there 18 shall be disregarded such amounts per month of earned income in making such determination 19 as shall be required for federal participation by the provisions of the federal Social Security Act 20 (42 U.S.C.A. 301, et seq.), or any amendments thereto. When federal law or regulations require 21 the exemption of other income or resources, the family support division may provide by rule or 22 regulation the amount of income or resources to be disregarded.

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2. Benefits shall not be payable to any claimant who:

24 (1) Has or whose spouse with whom he or she is living has, prior to July 1, 1989, given 25 away or sold a resource within the time and in the manner specified in this subdivision. In 26 determining the resources of an individual, unless prohibited by federal statutes or regulations, 27 there shall be included (but subject to the exclusions pursuant to subdivisions (4) and (5) of this 28 subsection, and subsection 5 of this section) any resource or interest therein owned by such 29 individual or spouse within the twenty-four months preceding the initial investigation, or at any 30 time during which benefits are being drawn, if such individual or spouse gave away or sold such 31 resource or interest within such period of time at less than fair market value of such resource or 32 interest for the purpose of establishing eligibility for benefits, including but not limited to 33 benefits based on December, 1973, eligibility requirements, as follows:

(a) Any transaction described in this subdivision shall be presumed to have been for the
 purpose of establishing eligibility for benefits or assistance pursuant to this chapter unless such
 individual furnishes convincing evidence to establish that the transaction was exclusively for
 some other purpose;

38 (b) The resource shall be considered in determining eligibility from the date of the 39 transfer for the number of months the uncompensated value of the disposed of resource is 40 divisible by the average monthly grant paid or average Medicaid payment in the state at the time 41 of the investigation to an individual or on his or her behalf under the program for which benefits 42 are claimed, provided that:

a. When the uncompensated value is twelve thousand dollars or less, the resource shallnot be used in determining eligibility for more than twenty-four months; or

b. When the uncompensated value exceeds twelve thousand dollars, the resource shallnot be used in determining eligibility for more than sixty months;

47 (2) The provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply to a transfer, other 48 than a transfer to claimant's spouse, made prior to March 26, 1981, when the claimant furnishes 49 convincing evidence that the uncompensated value of the disposed of resource or any part thereof 50 is no longer possessed or owned by the person to whom the resource was transferred;

(3) Has received, or whose spouse with whom he or she is living has received, benefits to which he or she was not entitled through misrepresentation or nondisclosure of material facts or failure to report any change in status or correct information with respect to property or income as required by section 208.210. A claimant ineligible pursuant to this subsection shall be ineligible for such period of time from the date of discovery as the family support division may deem proper; or in the case of overpayment of benefits, future benefits may be decreased, suspended or entirely withdrawn for such period of time as the division may deem proper;

58 (4) Owns or possesses resources in the sum of [one] **two** thousand dollars or more; 59 provided, however, that if such person is married and living with spouse, he or she, or they, 60 individually or jointly, may own resources not to exceed [two] **four** thousand dollars; and 61 provided further, that in the case of a temporary assistance for needy families claimant, the 62 provision of this subsection shall not apply;

63 (5) Prior to October 1, 1989, owns or possesses property of any kind or character, 64 excluding amounts placed in an irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract under chapter 65 436, or has an interest in property, of which he or she is the record or beneficial owner, the value 66 of such property, as determined by the family support division, less encumbrances of record, 67 exceeds twenty-nine thousand dollars, or if married and actually living together with husband 68 or wife, if the value of his or her property, or the value of his or her interest in property, together 69 with that of such husband and wife, exceeds such amount;

(6) In the case of temporary assistance for needy families, if the parent, stepparent, and child or children in the home owns or possesses property of any kind or character, or has an interest in property for which he or she is a record or beneficial owner, the value of such property, as determined by the family support division and as allowed by federal law or 74 regulation, less encumbrances of record, exceeds [one] two thousand dollars, excluding the home 75 occupied by the claimant, amounts placed in an irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract 76 under chapter 436, one automobile which shall not exceed a value set forth by federal law or regulation and for a period not to exceed six months, such other real property which the family 77 78 is making a good-faith effort to sell, if the family agrees in writing with the family support 79 division to sell such property and from the net proceeds of the sale repay the amount of 80 assistance received during such period. If the property has not been sold within six months, or 81 if eligibility terminates for any other reason, the entire amount of assistance paid during such 82 period shall be a debt due the state;

83 84 (7) Is an inmate of a public institution, except as a patient in a public medical institution.3. In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be granted pursuant to federally aided programs, the income and resources of a relative or other person living in the

85 federally aided programs, the income and resources of a relative or other person living in the 86 home shall be taken into account to the extent the income, resources, support and maintenance 87 are allowed by federal law or regulation to be considered.

88 In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be granted pursuant to 4. 89 federally aided programs, the value of burial lots or any amounts placed in an irrevocable 90 prearranged funeral or burial contract under chapter 436 shall not be taken into account or 91 considered an asset of the burial lot owner or the beneficiary of an irrevocable prearranged 92 funeral or funeral contract. For purposes of this section, "burial lots" means any burial space as 93 defined in section 214.270 and any memorial, monument, marker, tombstone or letter marking 94 a burial space. If the beneficiary, as defined in chapter 436, of an irrevocable prearranged funeral 95 or burial contract receives any public assistance benefits pursuant to this chapter and if the 96 purchaser of such contract or his or her successors in interest transfer, amend, or take any other 97 such actions regarding the contract so that any person will be entitled to a refund, such refund 98 shall be paid to the state of Missouri with any amount in excess of the public assistance benefits 99 provided under this chapter to be refunded by the state of Missouri to the purchaser or his or her 100 successors. In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be granted under federally 101 aided programs, the value of any life insurance policy where a seller or provider is made the 102 beneficiary or where the life insurance policy is assigned to a seller or provider, either being in 103 consideration for an irrevocable prearranged funeral contract under chapter 436, shall not be 104 taken into account or considered an asset of the beneficiary of the irrevocable prearranged funeral 105 contract. In addition, the value of any funds, up to nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine 106 dollars, placed into an irrevocable personal funeral trust account, where the trustee of the 107 irrevocable personal funeral trust account is a state or federally chartered financial institution 108 authorized to exercise trust powers in the state of Missouri, shall not be taken into account or 109 considered an asset of the person whose funds are so deposited if such funds are restricted to be

110 used only for the burial, funeral, preparation of the body, or other final disposition of the person 111 whose funds were deposited into said personal funeral trust account. No person or entity shall 112 charge more than ten percent of the total amount deposited into a personal funeral trust in order 113 to create or set up said personal funeral trust, and any fees charged for the maintenance of such 114 a personal funeral trust shall not exceed three percent of the trust assets annually. Trustees may 115 commingle funds from two or more such personal funeral trust accounts so long as accurate 116 books and records are kept as to the value, deposits, and disbursements of each individual 117 depositor's funds and trustees are to use the prudent investor standard as to the investment of any 118 funds placed into a personal funeral trust. If the person whose funds are deposited into the 119 personal funeral trust account receives any public assistance benefits pursuant to this chapter and 120 any funds in the personal funeral trust account are, for any reason, not spent on the burial, 121 funeral, preparation of the body, or other final disposition of the person whose funds were 122 deposited into the trust account, such funds shall be paid to the state of Missouri with any 123 amount in excess of the public assistance benefits provided under this chapter to be refunded by 124 the state of Missouri to the person who received public assistance benefits or his or her 125 successors. No contract with any cemetery, funeral establishment, or any provider or seller shall 126 be required in regards to funds placed into a personal funeral trust account as set out in this 127 subsection.

5. In determining the total property owned pursuant to subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section, or resources, of any person claiming or for whom public assistance is claimed, there shall be disregarded any life insurance policy, or prearranged funeral or burial contract, or any two or more policies or contracts, or any combination of policies and contracts, which provides for the payment of one thousand five hundred dollars or less upon the death of any of the following:

134

(1) A claimant or person for whom benefits are claimed; or

(2) The spouse of a claimant or person for whom benefits are claimed with whom he orshe is living.

137

138 If the value of such policies exceeds one thousand five hundred dollars, then the total value of 139 such policies may be considered in determining resources; except that, in the case of temporary 140 assistance for needy families, there shall be disregarded any prearranged funeral or burial 141 contract, or any two or more contracts, which provides for the payment of one thousand five 142 hundred dollars or less per family member.

6. Beginning September 30, 1989, when determining the eligibility of institutionalized spouses, as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5, for medical assistance benefits as provided for in section 208.151 and 42 U.S.C. Sections 1396a, et seq., the family support division shall 146 comply with the provisions of the federal statutes and regulations. As necessary, the division 147 shall by rule or regulation implement the federal law and regulations which shall include but not 148 be limited to the establishment of income and resource standards and limitations. The division 149 shall require:

(1) That at the beginning of a period of continuous institutionalization that is expected
to last for thirty days or more, the institutionalized spouse, or the community spouse, may request
an assessment by the family support division of total countable resources owned by either or both
spouses;

154 (2) That the assessed resources of the institutionalized spouse and the community spouse 155 may be allocated so that each receives an equal share;

(3) That upon an initial eligibility determination, if the community spouse's share does not equal at least twelve thousand dollars, the institutionalized spouse may transfer to the community spouse a resource allowance to increase the community spouse's share to twelve thousand dollars;

160 (4) That in the determination of initial eligibility of the institutionalized spouse, no 161 resources attributed to the community spouse shall be used in determining the eligibility of the 162 institutionalized spouse, except to the extent that the resources attributed to the community 163 spouse do exceed the community spouse's resource allowance as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 164 1396r-5;

165 (5) That beginning in January, 1990, the amount specified in subdivision (3) of this 166 subsection shall be increased by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All 167 Urban Consumers between September, 1988, and the September before the calendar year 168 involved; and

169 (6) That beginning the month after initial eligibility for the institutionalized spouse is 170 determined, the resources of the community spouse shall not be considered available to the 171 institutionalized spouse during that continuous period of institutionalization.

172 7. Beginning July 1, 1989, institutionalized individuals shall be ineligible for the periods173 required and for the reasons specified in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396p.

174 8. The hearings required by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5 shall be conducted pursuant to 175 the provisions of section 208.080.

9. Beginning October 1, 1989, when determining eligibility for assistance pursuant to this chapter there shall be disregarded unless otherwise provided by federal or state statutes the home of the applicant or recipient when the home is providing shelter to the applicant or recipient, or his or her spouse or dependent child. The family support division shall establish by rule or regulation in conformance with applicable federal statutes and regulations a definition of

181 the home and when the home shall be considered a resource that shall be considered in 182 determining eligibility.

183 10. Reimbursement for services provided by an enrolled Medicaid provider to a recipient 184 who is duly entitled to Title XIX Medicaid and Title XVIII Medicare Part B, Supplementary 185 Medical Insurance (SMI) shall include payment in full of deductible and coinsurance amounts 186 as determined due pursuant to the applicable provisions of federal regulations pertaining to Title 187 XVIII Medicare Part B, except for hospital outpatient services or the applicable Title XIX cost 188 sharing.

189

11. A "community spouse" is defined as being the noninstitutionalized spouse.

190 12. An institutionalized spouse applying for Medicaid and having a spouse living in the 191 community shall be required, to the maximum extent permitted by law, to divert income to such 192 community spouse to raise the community spouse's income to the level of the minimum monthly 193 needs allowance, as described in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5. Such diversion of income shall 194 occur before the community spouse is allowed to retain assets in excess of the community spouse 195 protected amount described in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5.

208.166. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

2

(1) "Department", the Missouri department of social services;

3 (2) "Prepaid capitated", a mode of payment by which the department periodically 4 reimburse a contracted health provider plan or primary care physician sponsor for delivering 5 health care services for the duration of a contract to a maximum specified number of members 6 based on a fixed rate per member, notwithstanding:

7

(a) The actual number of members who receive care from the provider; or

8

(b) The amount of health care services provided to any members;

9 (3) "Primary care case-management", a mode of payment by which the department 10 reimburses a contracted primary care physician sponsor on a fee-for-service schedule plus a 11 monthly fee to manage each recipient's case;

(4) "Primary care physician sponsor", a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 334 who
 is a family practitioner, general practitioner, pediatrician, general internist or an obstetrician or
 gynecologist;

15 (5) "Specialty physician services arrangement", an arrangement where the department 16 may restrict recipients of specialty services to designated providers of such services, even in the 17 absence of a primary care case-management system.

18 2. The department or its designated division shall maximize the use of prepaid health 19 plans, where appropriate, and other alternative service delivery and reimbursement 20 methodologies, including, but not limited to, individual primary care physician sponsors or

21 specialty physician services arrangements, designed to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of 22 comprehensive health care.

3. In order to provide comprehensive health care, the department or its designateddivision shall have authority to:

(1) Purchase medical services for recipients of public assistance from prepaid health
 plans, health maintenance organizations, health insuring organizations, preferred provider
 organizations, individual practice associations, local health units, community health centers, or
 primary care physician sponsors;

(2) Reimburse those health care plans or primary care physicians' sponsors who enter
 into direct contract with the department on a prepaid capitated or primary care case-management
 basis on the following conditions:

32 (a) That the department or its designated division shall ensure, whenever possible and 33 consistent with quality of care and cost factors, that publicly supported neighborhood and 34 community-supported health clinics shall be utilized as providers;

35 (b) That the department or its designated division shall ensure reasonable access to 36 medical services in geographic areas where managed or coordinated care programs are initiated; 37 and

38 (c) That the department shall ensure full freedom of choice for prescription drugs at any39 Medicaid participating pharmacy;

40 (3) Limit providers of medical assistance benefits to those who demonstrate efficient and 41 economic service delivery for the level of service they deliver, and provided that such limitation 42 shall not limit recipients from reasonable access to such levels of service;

43 (4) Provide recipients of public assistance with alternative services as provided for in44 state law, subject to appropriation by the general assembly;

45 (5) Designate providers of medical assistance benefits to assure specifically defined 46 medical assistance benefits at a reduced cost to the state, to assure reasonable access to all levels 47 of health services and to assure maximization of federal financial participation in the delivery 48 of health related services to Missouri citizens; provided, all qualified providers that deliver such 49 specifically defined services shall be afforded an opportunity to compete to meet reasonable state 50 criteria and to be so designated;

51 (6) Upon mutual agreement with any entity of local government, to elect to use local 52 government funds as the matching share for Title XIX payments, as allowed by federal law or 53 regulation;

54 (7) To elect not to offset local government contributions from the allowable costs under 55 the Title XIX program, unless prohibited by federal law and regulation.

56 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the department or its designated 57 division to limit the recipient's freedom of selection among health care plans or primary care 58 physician sponsors, as authorized in this section, who have entered into contract with the 59 department or its designated division to provide a comprehensive range of health care services on a prepaid capitated or primary care case-management basis, except in those instances of 60 overutilization of Medicaid services by the recipient. 61

62 5. The provisions of this section shall expire upon the statewide implementation of 63 the MO HealthNet benefits delivery system established under section 208.187.

208.187. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "MO HealthNet Patient-centered Care Act of 2014". 2

3 2. Beginning July 1, 2015, or upon termination of any current contracted health 4 plans in the pilot project areas and subject to receipt of any necessary state plan amendments or waivers from the federal Department of Health and Human Services, the 5 6 MO HealthNet division shall establish a pilot project which transfers current MO HealthNet recipients in the pilot project areas to an approved health plan arrangement as 7 8 defined in this section, wherein recipients may purchase health services through individual 9 health savings accounts.

10

3. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

11 (1) "Approved health plan arrangement", a MO HealthNet benefit arrangement, 12 approved by the division and funded in accordance with this section, which is composed 13 of individual health savings accounts from which a recipient purchases a high deductible 14 health insurance plan and health care services provided by the following providers who 15 shall be considered qualified providers by the division:

16

(a) An osteopathic (D.O.) or allopathic (M.D.) physician licensed in this state; or

17 (b) A physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, or assistant physician licensed in this state working under a collaborative practice arrangement with a physician 18 19 licensed in this state;

20 (c) A health care provider licensed in this state to whom the patient is refereed by 21 a physician licensed in the state as described in this section; or

22

(d) A dentist for eligible dental services under section 208.152.

23

24 Such arrangement shall include a requirement that all costs for health care services 25 described in this subdivision and incurred by a policyholder shall be considered a qualified 26 medical expense for purposes of the deductible and any maximum out-of-pocket medical 27 expense limits under a high-deductible health plan;

28

(2) "Division", the MO HealthNet division within the department of social services;

(3) "Fund", the MO HealthNet health savings account trust fund created under
 subsection 10 of this section;

(4) "Health information exchange" or "HIE", the electronic movement of healthrelated information among organizations in accordance with nationally recognized
standards, with the goal of facilitating access to and retrieval of clinical data to provide
safer, timelier, efficient, effective, equitable, patient-centered care;

35

(5) "HIPAA", the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act;

(6) "MO HealthNet", the medical assistance program on behalf of needy persons,
Title XIX, Public Law 89-97, 1965 amendments to the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C.
Section 301, et seq. and administered by the department of social services.

4. The MO HealthNet division shall seek any necessary state plan amendments and waivers from the federal Department of Health and Human Services necessary to implement the provisions of this section. If such necessary amendments or waivers are not granted by the federal Department of Health and Human Services, the division shall not be required to implement the provisions of this section.

5. (1) The pilot project shall be supported by a health management and population analytics system that tracks and monitors health outcomes in traditionally challenging populations, such as mothers at risk for premature births, frequent utilizers of emergency departments, and those suffering from chronic pain conditions. The system shall implement clinically based predictive models and interventions to improve the care coordination for the targeted populations within the pilot area.

50

(2) The MO HealthNet division shall contract for a system that shall:

(a) Support an interoperable data anyalytics platform for analyzing clinical data for defined populations, such as mothers at risk of premature birth, frequent utilizers of emergency departments, and those suffering from chronic pain conditions. The system shall be able to leverage cloud-based technology and be hosted remotely by the vendor of the application services system with interoperability capabilities to connect with disparate systems;

57 (b) Have the ability to interoperate using accepted industry standards, collect and 58 aggregate data from disparate systems, and include but not be limited to clinical data, 59 electronic medical records, claims and eligibility databases, state-managed registries and 60 health information exchanges;

(c) Provide a member portal to beneficiaries to view and manage their personal
health information, wellness plans, and overall health, and a HIPAA-compliant provider
portal that allows providers with access to patient information;

33

64 (d) Allow for real-time patient queries and present clinical information to providers
 65 for the purpose of avoiding duplicate tests and improving care coordination;

66 (e) Have the ability to create condition specific registries for managing populations 67 and provide predictive modeling or alerting functionality which alerts providers of at-risk 68 patients and is able to communicate between various systems to provide electronic medical 69 record (EMR) workflow integration or similar tools to communicate with a health care 70 provider's workflow; and

71

(f) Operate on a statewide, regional, or community-wide basis.

(3) The coverage area of the system shall comprise the pilot project area and any
 MO HealthNet recipient participating in the pilot project shall reside in the designated
 pilot project area.

(4) All MO HealthNet providers providing services to MO HealthNet recipients in
 the designated pilot project area shall be required to participate in the system described
 in this subsection for their MO HealthNet recipient patients.

(5) All firearms-related data fields contained in any system shall be redacted or
 otherwise made inaccessible to system users for all MO HealthNet participants in the pilot
 project.

6. (1) Under the pilot project, the eligible government assistance amount shall be determined annually based on a survey of the commercial health market in this state and establishing the average cost of an approved health plan arrangement which is composed of direct primary care services and a high-deductible insurance plan. Such average cost shall be the government assistance amount.

86 (2) Transfer savings is an amount equal to the current cost of MO HealthNet 87 benefits for all MO HealthNet enrollees in the pilot project areas minus the average 88 government assistance amount multiplied by the number of enrollees in the pilot project.

89 7. (1) A portion of the transfer savings described in subsection 6 of this section 90 shall be deposited in the MO HealthNet health savings account trust fund created under 91 subsection 9 of this section in an amount not to exceed the amount necessary to pay the 92 lesser of gap insurance or the average deductible under a high-deductible health insurance 93 plan component of an approved health plan arrangement described in this section until an 94 individual's health savings account balance is determined actuarially sufficient to cover the 95 deductible of such high-deductible health insurance plan without moneys from the trust 96 fund.

97 (2) In addition to the amounts deposited under subdivision (1) of this subsection,
98 the division shall seek additional moneys from any sources which may be available for
99 funding gap insurance and deductibles described in subdivision (1) of this subsection,

100 including but not limited to moneys available through public or private health foundations

and organizations, other nonprofit entities, and any federal or other governmental funding
 programs. The division shall also seek technical assistance from foundations and other
 nongovernmental resources to search and apply for available grant and funding
 opportunities.

105 8. For the purpose of maximizing available coverage choices for recipients, the 106 division shall approve any health plan arrangement that meets all of the following 107 requirements:

(1) Any insurance plan component is offered by a health insurer issuer as described
 in 42 U.S.C. Section 18021(a)(1)(C);

(2) The arrangement offers access to quality health care by providing coverage under a package of benefits that is at least equal to coverage required for a catastrophic plan under in 42 U.S.C. Section 18022(e); except that, the age restriction for such catastrophic plan shall not apply. When making its determination under this section, the division shall consider the availability of all of the following in the benefits package:

115

(a) Benefits under a high-deductible health insurance option;

116

(b) Direct primary care services option;

117 (c) Fee-for-service option; and

(d) Any combination of the options described in paragraphs (a) to (c) of thissubdivision.

9. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the "MO HealthNet Health Savings Account Trust Fund", which shall consist of moneys deposited in accordance with this section and other moneys received from any source for deposit into the fund. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, money in the fund shall be used solely for the administration of this section.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys
 remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the
 general revenue fund.

(3) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other
 funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited
 to the fund.

133 **10.** If a state medical assistance program, including but not limited to the pilot 134 project established under this section, is amended to provide that recipients of such 135 program are transferred and enrolled in a health care delivery system that include a health 55

136 savings account component and moneys saved from such transfer is deposited into the MO 137 HealthNet health savings account trust fund, the division shall expend the amount of 138 money deposited into the fund for the benefit of such recipients to pay any deductibles 139 under high-deductible health insurance plan components of an approved health plan 140 arrangement as triggered by the health care services needed by the recipients. The division 141 shall continue to pay the deductibles for such recipients until such time as each recipient's 142 individual health savings account balance is determined by the division to be actuarially 143 sufficient to cover his or her deductibles.

144 11. The division shall prepare and submit the following reports to the governor and145 general assembly:

(1) Beginning with the first calendar quarter of the pilot project, a report detailing
the number of participants, amount of government assistance, transfer savings, grant
moneys, and all other moneys allocated to the pilot project, provider participation, any
information relating to recipient usage, and any data analysis under subsection 5 of this
section. Such reports shall be submitted until termination of the pilot project;

151 (2) Beginning September 1, 2016, and no later than September first of each 152 subsequent year, an annual report specifically detailing the demographics, provider 153 participation, recipient participation, costs of the pilot project, any data analysis under 154 subsection 5 of this section, and recommendations of the division regarding the feasibility 155 of statewide implementation. Such report shall also include any additional information the 156 division deems relevant.

157 12. Except as authorized under the MO HealthNet program, the disclosure of any 158 information provided to or obtained by a provider, business, or vendor under the pilot 159 project within the MO HealthNet program as established in this section is prohibited. 160 Such provider, business, or vendor shall not use or sell such information and shall not 161 divulge the information without a court order. Violation of this subsection is a class A 162 misdemeanor.

163 13. The MO HealthNet division shall promulgate rules necessary to implement the 164 provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 165 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective 166 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if 167 applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of 168 the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay 169 the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 170 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted 171 after August 28, 2014, shall be invalid and void.

172 14. Beginning July 1, 2017, unless the provisions of this section are repealed by an 173 act of the general assembly, the pilot project described in this section shall automatically 174 be implemented on a statewide basis for all MO HealthNet recipients who are eligible to 175 receive MO HealthNet benefits under this section in accordance with federal law and state 176 plan amendments and waivers.

208.188. 1. Beginning July 1, 2015, subject to appropriations and subject to receipt of waivers from the Department of Health and Human Services, the MO HealthNet division shall establish a pilot project which implements a electronic benefit transfer (EBT) payment system for receipt of MO HealthNet services by participating recipients. The provisions of this section shall not apply to aged, blind, and disabled recipients. Such system shall:

(1) Allow participating recipients to receive MO HealthNet services from providers
selected by the recipients through direct pay to the provider, a health insurance plan,
managed care plan, health services plan, or any other available health care product
providing benefits and payment for services in an approved health plan arrangement;

(2) Require the use of electronic benefit transfer (EBT) cards issued to participating
 recipients to pay for MO HealthNet services;

13 (3) Require recipients to receive an annual examination within six months of14 enrollment;

(4) Provide educational opportunities for recipients relating to budgeting, planning,
 and appropriate use of health care options;

17 (5) Provide incentives for recipients to seek health care services as needed, while 18 retaining a portion of any savings achieved from efficient use of their EBT cards;

19 (6) Provide additional moneys to recipients for health savings accounts, payment 20 of health insurance premiums, and other health-related costs to recipients not covered 21 under the MO HealthNet program;

(7) Provide reimbursement of any willing providers licensed in this sate and eligible
 to provide services under the terms of the pilot project at a rate of one hundred percent of
 the Medicare reimbursement rate for the same or similar services provided; and

(8) Provide demographic and cost efficiency information to determine feasibility
 of statewide implementation of the EBT payment system.

27 2. The department of social services shall seek all waivers from the Department of 28 Health and Human Services necessary to implement the provisions of this section. If such 29 waivers are not granted by the Department of Health and Human Services, the department 30 shall not be required to implement the provisions of this section.
31 3. (1) The MO HealthNet division shall establish a minimum of three, but not more 32 than six, pilot project areas in this state which shall include at least ten percent of the total 33 MO HealthNet recipient population, excluding the aged, blind, and disabled population, 34 in the first two years of the pilot project. In the third year of the pilot project, the division 35 may increase the total number of pilot project areas to not more than ten and shall increase 36 the number of participants to at least twenty percent of the total MO HealthNet recipient 37 population, excluding the aged, blind, and disabled population. If the pilot project is 38 automatically implemented on a statewide basis in accordance with subsection 14 of this 39 section, the EBT payment system shall apply to every MO HealthNet recipient, excluding 40 the aged, blind, and disabled population. To ensure an accurate sampling of MO 41 HealthNet recipients, the demographics of the pilot project population shall reflect, to the 42 extent practicable within the geographic area served by the system described in subsection 43 5 of section 208.187, the current percentages of recipients in the MO HealthNet program 44 population regarding age, gender, socioeconomic status, healthy versus chronically ill populations, urban versus rural populations, and other relevant demographics as 45 46 determined by the division. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as requiring the 47 division to obtain the exact and precise demographics of the current MO HealthNet 48 recipient population in the pilot project or to include or exclude recipients based solely on 49 the pilot project demographic requirements contained in this subsection.

50 (2) The division shall compile and include a summary of the demographic 51 information for the pilot project and the current MO HealthNet program in the reports 52 required under subsection 9 of this section.

4. The division shall permit MO HealthNet recipients in the pilot project areas to volunteer to participate in the pilot project. In order to obtain the necessary demographics of the pilot project, the division may require all or a portion of recipients in a pilot project area to participate.

57 5. Any willing provider eligible to provide services under the terms of the pilot 58 project shall be reimbursed for services provided to pilot project recipients at a rate of one 59 hundred percent of the Medicare reimbursement rate for the same or similar services 60 provided. Physicians participating in the pilot project shall have moneys available from 61 the legal expense fund under section 105.711 for payment of any claim or final judgment 62 rendered against such physician for service provided under the pilot program.

63 6. (1) Pilot project recipients shall receive a prepaid EBT card to pay for MO 64 HealthNet services received, whether through direct pay to the provider, a health insurance 65 plan, managed care plan, health services plan, health savings account, or any other 66 available health care product providing benefits and payment for services approved by the

67 division. The division shall determine the amount credited to such EBT card for each 68 recipient on a risk adjusted basis and for currently enrolled recipients on historical usage 69 of benefits based on an assessment of the estimated health care costs for services required 70 and the method selected for delivery of such services. For current MO HealthNet 71 recipients, the division shall determine such amount based on prior history of health care 72 usage of recipients. For new MO HealthNet recipients, the division shall determine such 73 amount based on available information obtained in the application process regarding 74 medical history, lifestyle choices, age, preexisting conditions, and other relevant factors as 75 determined by the division by rule.

(2) Participating recipients shall be permitted to designate a third party to act on behalf of the participating recipient in case of incapacity, incompetence, or other physical or mental condition as determined by rule of the division which necessitates a designee to act on behalf of the participating recipient. If no designee is selected by a participating recipient, the division shall act on behalf of the participating recipient.

81 7. Providers in the MO HealthNet pilot project shall be required to swipe a 82 recipient's EBT card for every visit or service received, regardless of the balance on the 83 recipient's EBT card. Subject to any federal and state laws, the division shall maintain a 84 record of every visit or service received by a recipient, regardless of whether payment was 85 obtained from a recipient's EBT card. Participating recipients shall be required to permit, 86 and if required sign a waiver for, disclosure of the information required in this subsection 87 to the division. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as requiring the division to 88 maintain specific medical records of recipients. The disclosure required under this section 89 shall be limited to name of the provider, date, and general nature of the visit or service.

8. Any remaining balance on a recipient's EBT card at the end of the benefit year
shall be apportioned as follows:

92 (1) To the recipient:

93 (a) For a recipient who does not receive the mandatory health services under
94 subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section, no apportionment to the recipient of the
95 remaining amount and the remaining balance shall revert to the division in accordance
96 with subdivision (2) of this subsection;

97 (b) For a recipient who receives the mandatory health services under subdivision 98 (3) of subsection 1 of this section, the recipient shall receive any remaining EBT card 99 balance not to exceed twenty-five percent of the total amount credited to the EBT card at 100 the beginning of the benefit year;

(c) Any remaining balance apportioned to a recipient shall only be carried over to
 the following benefit year or credited as a benefit under another public assistance program

103 for which the recipient is eligible, including but not limited to temporary assistance for 104 needy families (TANF), women, infants and children (WIC), early periodic screening 105 diagnosis and treatment (EPSDT), supplemental nutrition assistance program (SNAP), 106 supplemental security income (SSI), child care subsidies, and other public assistance 107 programs as determined by the division;

(2) Any balance not apportioned to the recipient under subdivision (1) of this
 subsection shall revert to the division. The division shall apportion any amounts reverting
 to the division as follows:

(a) Any reverted amounts which, in the aggregate, total twenty-five percent or less
of the total amounts credited on all EBT cards under the pilot project shall be deposited
in the MO HealthNet EBT payment system fund created under subsection 12 of this
section;

(b) All remaining reverted amounts shall be used in the MO HealthNet program
for recipients not participating in the pilot project. The division shall reassess the amount
of MO HealthNet moneys allocated for the pilot project based on the amounts reverting
to the division under this subsection.

9. The division shall prepare and submit the following reports to the governor andgeneral assembly:

(1) Beginning with the first calendar quarter of the pilot project, a report detailing
the number of participants, amount of MO HealthNet moneys allocated to the pilot project,
provider participation, and any information relating to recipient usage. Such reports shall
be submitted until termination of the pilot project;

125 (2) No later than September first of each year, an annual report specifically 126 detailing the demographics, provider participation, recipient participation, costs of the 127 pilot project, and recommendations of the division regarding the feasibility of statewide 128 implementation. Such report shall also include any additional information the division 129 deems relevant.

130 10. Except as authorized under the MO HealthNet program, the disclosure of any 131 information provided to or obtained by a provider, business, or vendor under the pilot 132 project within the MO HealthNet program as established in this section is prohibited. 133 Such provider, business, or vendor shall not use or sell such information and shall not 134 divulge the information without a court order. Violation of this subsection is a class A 135 misdemeanor.

136 11. The MO HealthNet division shall promulgate rules necessary to implement the 137 provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 138 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2014, shall be invalid and void.

145 12. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the "MO HealthNet EBT 146 Payment System Fund", which shall consist of moneys reverting to the division under 147 paragraph (a) of subdivision (2) of subsection 8 of this section and any moneys received 148 under subsection 13 of this section. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In 149 accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve 150 disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, money in the 151 fund shall be used to provide pilot project MO HealthNet recipients with:

(a) Additional benefits for health services costs incurred by recipients due to
unanticipated health conditions not covered by the catastrophic plan, such as a diagnosis
of cancer or other serious medical condition, heart attack, or stroke. The department shall
by rule determine the unanticipated health conditions which are eligible for fund
expenditures; and

(b) Additional assistance for health savings accounts, health insurance premiums,
and other health-related costs not covered under the MO HealthNet program.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys
 remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the
 general revenue fund.

(3) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other
 funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited
 to the fund.

165 **13.** The division shall seek additional moneys from sources, including but not 166 limited to foundations, corporations, and federal and other governmental funding 167 programs. The division shall also seek technical assistance from foundations and other 168 nongovernmental resources to search and apply for available grant and funding 169 opportunities.

170 14. Beginning July 1, 2018, unless the provisions of this section are repealed by an
171 act of the general assembly, the pilot project described in this section shall automatically
172 be implemented on a statewide basis for all MO HealthNet recipients.

173 **15.** For purposes of this section, the pilot project established and implemented 174 under this section includes the EBT payment system implemented from July 1, 2015, to

June 30, 2018, and the EBT payment system automatically implemented on a statewide basis under subsection 14 of this section on and after July 1, 2018.

208.325. 1. Beginning October 1, 1994, the department of social services shall enroll
2 AFDC recipients in the self-sufficiency program established by this section. The department
3 may target AFDC households which meet at least one of the following criteria:

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(1) Received AFDC benefits in at least eighteen out of the last thirty-six months; or

5 (2) Are parents under twenty-four years of age without a high school diploma or a high 6 school equivalency certificate and have a limited work history; or

(3) Whose youngest child is sixteen years of age, or older; or

8 (4) Are currently eligible to receive benefits pursuant to section 208.041, an assistance 9 program for unemployed married parents.

2. The department shall, subject to appropriation, enroll in self-sufficiency pacts by July
 1, 1996, the following AFDC households:

(1) Not fewer than fifteen percent of AFDC households who are required to participate
 in the FUTURES program under sections 208.405 and 208.410, and who are currently
 participating in the FUTURES program;

15 (2) Not fewer than five percent of AFDC households who are required to participate in 16 the FUTURES program under sections 208.405 and 208.410, but who are currently not 17 participating in the FUTURES program; and

18 (3) By October 1, 1997, not fewer than twenty-five percent of aid to families with 19 dependent children recipients, excluding recipients who meet the following criteria and are 20 exempt from mandatory participation in the family self-sufficiency program:

(a) Disabled individuals who meet the criteria for coverage under the federal Americans
with Disabilities Act, P.L. 101-336, and are assessed as lacking the capacity to engage in
full-time or part-time subsidized employment;

(b) Parents who are exclusively responsible for the full-time care of disabled children;and

26 (c) Other families excluded from mandatory participation in FUTURES by federal 27 guidelines.

3. Upon enrollment in the family self-sufficiency program, a household shall receive an
initial assessment of the family's educational, child care, employment, medical and other
supportive needs. There shall also be assessment of the recipient's skills, education and work
experience and a review of other relevant circumstances. Each assessment shall be completed
in consultation with the recipient and, if appropriate, each child whose needs are being assessed.
Family assessments shall be used to complete a family self-sufficiency pact in

34 negotiation with the family. The family self-sufficiency pact shall identify a specific point in

time, no longer than twenty-four months after the family enrolls in the self-sufficiency pact, when the family's primary self-sufficiency pact shall conclude. The self-sufficiency pact is subject to reassessment and may be extended for up to an additional twenty-four months, but the maximum term of any self-sufficiency pact shall not exceed a total of forty-eight months. Family self-sufficiency pacts should be completed and entered into within three months of the initial assessment.

5. The division of family services shall complete family self-sufficiency pact assessmentsand/or may contract with other agencies for this purpose, subject to appropriation.

Family self-sufficiency assessments shall be used to develop a family self-sufficiency
 pact after a meeting. The meeting participants shall include:

(1) A representative of the division of family services, who may be a case manager or other specially designated, trained and qualified person authorized to negotiate the family self-sufficiency pact and follow-up with the family and responsible state agencies to ensure that the self-sufficiency pact is reviewed at least annually and, if necessary, revised as further assessments, experience, circumstances and resources require;

50 (2) The recipient and, if appropriate, another family member, assessment personnel or 51 an individual interested in the family's welfare.

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7. The family self-sufficiency pact shall:

(1) Be in writing and establish mutual state and family member obligations as part of a
 plan containing goals, objectives and timelines tailored to the needs of the family and leading
 to self-sufficiency;

56 (2) Identify available support services such as subsidized child care, medical services and 57 transportation benefits during a transition period, to help ensure that the family will be less likely 58 to return to public assistance.

59 8. The family self-sufficiency pact shall include a parent and child development plan to 60 develop the skills and knowledge of adults in their role as parents to their children and partners 61 of their spouses. Such plan shall include school participation records. The department of social 62 services shall, in cooperation with the department of health and senior services, the department 63 of mental health, and the "Parents as Teachers" program in the department of elementary and 64 secondary education, develop or make available existing programs to be presented to persons 65 enrolled in a family self-sufficiency pact.

9. A family enrolled in a family self-sufficiency pact may own or possess property as described in subdivision (6) of subsection 2 of section 208.010 with a value of five thousand dollars instead of the [one] **two** thousand dollars as set forth in subdivision (6) of subsection 2 of section 208.010.

10. A family receiving AFDC may own one automobile, which shall not be subject to
 property value limitations provided in section 208.010.

11. Subject to appropriations and necessary waivers, the department of social services may disregard from one-half to two-thirds of a recipient's gross earned income for job-related and other expenses necessary for a family to make the transition to self-sufficiency.

12. A recipient may request a review by the director of the division of family services, or his designee, of the family self-sufficiency pact or any of its provisions that the recipient objects to because it is inappropriate. After receiving an informal review, a recipient who is still aggrieved may appeal the results of that review under the procedures in section 208.080.

13. The term of the family self-sufficiency pact may only be extended due to circumstances creating barriers to self-sufficiency and the family self-sufficiency pact may be updated and adjusted to identify and address the removal of these barriers to self-sufficiency.

82 14. Where the capacity of services does not meet the demand for the services, limited 83 services may be substituted and the pact completion date extended until the necessary services 84 become available for the participant. The pact shall be modified appropriately if the services are 85 not delivered as a result of waiting lists or other delays.

15. The division of family services shall establish a training program for self-sufficiency
 pact case managers which shall include but not be limited to:

88 (1) Knowledge of public and private programs available to assist recipients to achieve89 self-sufficiency;

90

(2) Skills in facilitating recipient access to public and private programs; and

91

(3) Skills in motivating and in observing, listening and communicating.

92 16. The division of family services shall ensure that families enrolled in the family 93 self-sufficiency program make full use of the federal earned income tax credit.

94 17. Failure to comply with any of the provisions of a self-sufficiency pact developed 95 pursuant to this section shall result in a recalculation of the AFDC cash grant for the household 96 without considering the needs of the caretaker recipient.

18. If a suspension of caretaker benefits is imposed, the recipient shall have the right toa review by the director of the division of family services or his designee.

99 19. After completing the family self-sufficiency program, should a recipient who has 100 previously received thirty-six months of aid to families with dependent children benefits again 101 become eligible for aid to families with dependent children benefits, the cash grant amount shall 102 be calculated without considering the needs of caretaker recipients. The limitations of this 103 subsection shall not apply to any applicant who starts a self-sufficiency pact on or before July 104 1, 1997, or to any applicant who has become disabled or is receiving or has received 105 unemployment benefits since completion of a self-sufficiency program.

106 20. There shall be conducted a comprehensive evaluation of the family self-sufficiency 107 program contained in the provisions of this act and the job opportunities and basic skills training 108 program ("JOBS" or "FUTURES") as authorized by the provisions of sections 208.400 to 109 208.425. The evaluation shall be conducted by a competitively chosen independent and 110 impartial contractor selected by the commissioner of the office of administration. The evaluation 111 shall be based on specific, measurable data relating to those who participate successfully and 112 unsuccessfully in these programs and a control group, factors which contributed to such success 113 or failures, the structure of such programs and other areas. The evaluation shall include 114 recommendations on whether such programs should be continued and suggested improvements 115 in such programs. The first such evaluation shall be completed and reported to the governor and 116 the general assembly by September 1, 1997. Future evaluations shall be completed every three 117 years thereafter. In addition, in 1997, and every three years thereafter, the oversight division of 118 the committee on legislative research shall complete an evaluation on general relief, child care 119 and development block grants and social services block grants.

120 21. The director of the department of social services may promulgate rules and 121 regulations, pursuant to section 660.017, and chapter 536 governing the use of family 122 self-sufficiency pacts in this program and in other programs, including programs for noncustodial 123 parents of children receiving assistance.

124 22. The director of the department of social services shall apply to the United States 125 Secretary of Health and Human Services for all waivers of requirements under federal law 126 necessary to implement the provisions of this section with full federal participation. The 127 provisions of this section shall be implemented, subject to appropriation, as waivers necessary 128 to ensure continued federal participation are received.

208.440. 1. By December 31, 2014, and updated once per-calendar quarter, each MO HealthNet managed care organization, as defined in section 208.431, shall provide to 2 3 the MO HealthNet division all utilization, access, and spending data for the cost of care to 4 each MO HealthNet participant covered under the organization. Such data shall:

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(1) Be in the form of all payments made to health care providers, as defined in 6 section 376.1350, for services rendered to MO HealthNet participants;

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(2) Identify claim-specific data for each patient service or procedure; and

8 (3) Include any other information the MO HealthNet division may require by rule 9 to meet the requirements of this section.

10 2. The department of social services shall promulgate rules to develop and 11 implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is 12 defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 13 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter

14 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and 15 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, 16 to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 17 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted 18 after August 28, 2014, shall be invalid and void.

334.035. Except as otherwise provided in section 334.036, every applicant for a permanent license as a physician and surgeon shall provide the board with satisfactory evidence of having successfully completed such postgraduate training in hospitals or medical or osteopathic colleges as the board may prescribe by rule.

334.036. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:

2 3 (1) "Assistant physician", any medical school graduate who:(a) Is a resident and citizen of the United States or is a legal resident alien;

4 (b) Has successfully completed Step 1 and Step 2 of the United States Medical 5 Licensing Examination or the equivalent of such steps of any other board-approved 6 medical licensing examination within the eighteen-month period immediately preceding 7 application for licensure as an assistant physician; and

8 (c) Has not entered into postgraduate residency training prescribed by rule of the 9 board under section 334.035;

10

(d) Has proficiency in the English language;

11 (2) "Assistant physician collaborative practice arrangement", an agreement 12 between a physician and an assistant physician which meets the requirements of this 13 section and section 334.104;

14 (3) "Medical school graduate", any person who has graduated from a medical 15 college or osteopathic medical college described in section 334.031.

16 **2.** (1) An assistant physician collaborative practice arrangement shall limit the 17 assistant physician to providing only primary care services and only in medically 18 underserved rural or urban areas of this state, or in areas served under the pilot project 19 established under section 208.187.

(2) For a physician-assistant physician team working in a rural health clinic under
 the federal Rural Health Clinic Services Act, P.L. 95-210, as amended:

(a) An assistant physician shall be considered a physician assistant for purposes of
 regulations of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS); and

(b) No supervision requirements in addition to the minimum federal law shall berequired.

26 **3. (1)** For purposes of this section, the licensure of assistant physicians shall take 27 place within processes established by rules of the state board of registration for the healing arts. The board of healing arts is authorized to establish rules under chapter 536 establishing licensure and renewal procedures, supervision, collaborative practice arrangements, fees, and addressing such other matters as are necessary to protect the public and discipline the profession. An application for licensure may be denied or the licensure of an assistant physician may be suspended or revoked by the board in the same manner and for violation of the standards as set forth by section 334.100, or such other standards of conduct set by the board by rule.

35 (2) Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 36 created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 37 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, 38 section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers 39 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 40 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 41 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2014, 42 shall be invalid and void.

43 **4.** An assistant physician shall clearly identify himself or herself as an assistant 44 physician and shall be permitted to use the terms "doctor", "Dr." or "doc". No assistant 45 physician shall practice or attempt to practice without an assistant physician collaborative 46 practice arrangement, except as otherwise provided in this section and in an emergency 47 situation.

5. The collaborating physician is responsible at all times for the oversight of the activities of, and accepts responsibility for, primary care services rendered by the assistant physician.

51 6. The provisions of section 334.104 shall apply to all assistant physician 52 collaborative practice arrangements. To be eligible to practice as an assistant physician, 53 a licensed assistant physician shall enter into an assistant physician collaborative practice 54 arrangement within six months of his or her initial licensure and shall not have more than 55 a six-month time period between collaborative practice arrangements during his or her 56 licensure period. Any renewal of licensure under this section shall include verification of 57 actual practice under a collaborative practice arrangement in accordance with this 58 subsection during the immediately preceding licensure period.

334.104. 1. A physician may enter into collaborative practice arrangements with
assistant physicians, physician assistants, or registered professional nurses. Collaborative
practice arrangements shall be in the form of written agreements, jointly agreed-upon protocols,
or standing orders for the delivery of health care services. Collaborative practice arrangements,
which shall be in writing, may delegate to [a] an assistant physician, physician assistant, or

registered professional nurse the authority to administer or dispense drugs and provide treatment
as long as the delivery of such health care services is within the scope of practice of the assistant

8 physician, physician assistant, or registered professional nurse and is consistent with that
9 assistant physician's, physician assistant's or nurse's skill, training and competence and the
10 skill and training of the collaborating physician.

11

2. Collaborative practice arrangements, which shall be in writing, may delegate to:

(1) An assistant physician or physician assistant the authority to dispense or
 prescribe drugs and provide treatment to the extent permitted within the assistant
 physician's or physician assistant's scope of practice and licensure;

15 (2) A registered professional nurse the authority to administer, dispense or prescribe drugs and provide treatment if the registered professional nurse is an advanced practice registered 16 nurse as defined in subdivision (2) of section 335.016. Collaborative practice arrangements may 17 delegate to an advanced practice registered nurse, as defined in section 335.016, the authority to 18 19 administer, dispense, or prescribe controlled substances listed in Schedules III, IV, and V of 20 section 195.017; except that, the collaborative practice arrangement shall not delegate the 21 authority to administer any controlled substances listed in Schedules III, IV, and V of section 22 195.017 for the purpose of inducing sedation or general anesthesia for therapeutic, diagnostic, 23 or surgical procedures. Schedule III narcotic controlled substance prescriptions shall be limited 24 to a one hundred twenty-hour supply without refill.

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26 Such collaborative practice arrangements shall be in the form of written agreements, jointly 27 agreed-upon protocols or standing orders for the delivery of health care services.

3. The written collaborative practice arrangement shall contain at least the followingprovisions:

(1) Complete names, home and business addresses, zip codes, and telephone numbers
 of the collaborating physician and the assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced
 practice registered nurse;

33 (2) A list of all other offices or locations besides those listed in subdivision (1) of this
 34 subsection where the collaborating physician authorized the assistant physician, physician
 35 assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse to prescribe;

36 (3) A requirement that there shall be posted at every office where the assistant
37 physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse is authorized to prescribe,
38 in collaboration with a physician, a prominently displayed disclosure statement informing
39 patients that they may be seen by an assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced
40 practice registered nurse and have the right to see the collaborating physician;

41 (4) All specialty or board certifications of the collaborating physician and all 42 certifications of the **assistant physician**, **physician assistant**, **or** advanced practice registered 43 nurse;

44 (5) The manner of collaboration between the collaborating physician and the **assistant** 45 **physician**, **physician assistant**, **or** advanced practice registered nurse, including how the 46 collaborating physician and the **assistant physician**, **physician assistant**, **or** advanced practice 47 registered nurse will:

48 (a) Engage in collaborative practice consistent with each professional's skill, training, 49 education, and competence;

50 (b) Maintain geographic proximity, except the collaborative practice arrangement may allow for geographic proximity to be waived for a maximum of twenty-eight days per calendar 51 52 year for rural health clinics as defined by P.L. 95-210, as long as the collaborative practice 53 arrangement includes alternative plans as required in paragraph (c) of this subdivision. This 54 exception to geographic proximity shall apply only to independent rural health clinics, 55 provider-based rural health clinics where the provider is a critical access hospital as provided in 56 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4, and provider-based rural health clinics where the main location of the 57 hospital sponsor is greater than fifty miles from the clinic. The collaborating physician is required to maintain documentation related to this requirement and to present it to the state board 58 59 of registration for the healing arts when requested; and

60 (c) Provide coverage during absence, incapacity, infirmity, or emergency by the 61 collaborating physician;

62 (6) A description of the **assistant physician's**, **physician assistant's**, **or** advanced 63 practice registered nurse's controlled substance prescriptive authority in collaboration with the 64 physician, including a list of the controlled substances the physician authorizes the **assistant** 65 **physician**, **physician assistant**, **or** nurse to prescribe and documentation that it is consistent 66 with each professional's education, knowledge, skill, and competence;

67 (7) A list of all other written practice agreements of the collaborating physician and the 68 **assistant physician, physician assistant, or** advanced practice registered nurse;

69 (8) The duration of the written practice agreement between the collaborating physician
70 and the assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse;

(9) A description of the time and manner of the collaborating physician's review of the assistant physician's, physician assistant's, or advanced practice registered nurse's delivery of health care services. The description shall include provisions that the assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse shall submit a minimum of ten percent of the charts documenting the assistant physician's, physician assistant's, or advanced practice registered nurse's delivery of health care services to the collaborating physician for review by the collaborating physician, or any other physician designated in the collaborativepractice arrangement, every fourteen days; and

(10) The collaborating physician, or any other physician designated in the collaborative practice arrangement, shall review every fourteen days a minimum of twenty percent of the charts in which the **assistant physician**, **physician assistant**, or advanced practice registered nurse prescribes controlled substances. The charts reviewed under this subdivision may be counted in the number of charts required to be reviewed under subdivision (9) of this subsection.

84 4. The state board of registration for the healing arts pursuant to section 334.125 [and] , in consultation with the board of nursing [pursuant to section 335.036 may jointly] shall 85 86 promulgate rules regulating the use of collaborative practice arrangements for assistant 87 physicians, physician assistants, and nurses. Such rules shall [be limited to specifying] 88 specify geographic areas to be covered, the methods of treatment that may be covered by 89 collaborative practice arrangements, the development and implementation of proficiency 90 benchmarks and periodic skills assessment, and the requirements for review of services 91 provided pursuant to collaborative practice arrangements, including delegating authority to 92 prescribe controlled substances. Any rules relating to dispensing or distribution of medications 93 or devices by prescription or prescription drug orders under this section shall be subject to the 94 approval of the state board of pharmacy. Any rules relating to dispensing or distribution of 95 controlled substances by prescription or prescription drug orders under this section shall be 96 subject to the approval of the department of health and senior services and the state board of 97 pharmacy. [In order to take effect, such rules shall be approved by a majority vote of a quorum 98 of each board. Neither the state board of registration for the healing arts nor the board of nursing 99 may separately promulgate rules relating to collaborative practice arrangements. Such jointly 100 promulgated rules shall be consistent with guidelines for federally funded clinics]. The state 101 board of registration for the healing arts shall promulgate one set of rules applicable to all 102 three licensure categories, and shall not promulgate separate rules applicable to only one 103 licensure category. Such promulgated rules shall be consistent with guidelines for federally 104 funded clinics.

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106 The rulemaking authority granted in this subsection shall not extend to collaborative practice 107 arrangements of hospital employees providing inpatient care within hospitals as defined pursuant 108 to chapter 197 or population-based public health services as defined by 20 CSR 2150-5.100 as 109 of April 30, 2008.

5. The state board of registration for the healing arts shall not deny, revoke, suspend or otherwise take disciplinary action against a physician for health care services delegated to [a] an assistant physician, physician assistant, or registered professional nurse provided the 113 provisions of this section and the rules promulgated thereunder are satisfied. Upon the written 114 request of a physician subject to a disciplinary action imposed as a result of an agreement 115 between a physician and [a] an assistant physician, physician assistant, or registered 116 professional nurse [or registered physician assistant], whether written or not, prior to August 28, 117 1993, all records of such disciplinary licensure action and all records pertaining to the filing, 118 investigation or review of an alleged violation of this chapter incurred as a result of such an 119 agreement shall be removed from the records of the state board of registration for the healing arts 120 and the division of professional registration and shall not be disclosed to any public or private 121 entity seeking such information from the board or the division. The state board of registration 122 for the healing arts shall take action to correct reports of alleged violations and disciplinary 123 actions as described in this section which have been submitted to the National Practitioner Data 124 Bank. In subsequent applications or representations relating to his or her medical practice, a 125 physician completing forms or documents shall not be required to report any actions of the state 126 board of registration for the healing arts for which the records are subject to removal under this 127 section.

128 6. Within thirty days of any change and on each renewal, the state board of registration 129 for the healing arts shall require every physician to identify whether the physician is engaged in 130 any collaborative practice agreement, including collaborative practice agreements delegating the 131 authority to prescribe controlled substances, [or physician assistant agreement] and also report 132 to the board the name of each licensed professional with whom the physician has entered into 133 such agreement. The board may make this information available to the public. The board shall 134 track the reported information and may routinely conduct random reviews of such agreements 135 to ensure that agreements are carried out for compliance under this chapter.

136 7. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a certified registered nurse anesthetist as 137 defined in subdivision (8) of section 335.016 shall be permitted to provide anesthesia services 138 without a collaborative practice arrangement provided that he or she is under the supervision of 139 an anesthesiologist or other physician, dentist, or podiatrist who is immediately available if 140 needed. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit or prevent a certified registered 141 nurse anesthetist as defined in subdivision (8) of section 335.016 from entering into a 142 collaborative practice arrangement under this section, except that the collaborative practice 143 arrangement [may] shall not delegate the authority to prescribe any controlled substances listed 144 in Schedules III, IV, and V of section 195.017.

8. A collaborating physician shall not enter into a collaborative practice arrangement with more than three full-time equivalent assistant physicians, physician assistants, or advanced practice registered nurses. Such limitation may include any three full-time equivalent combination of assistant physician, physician assistant, and advanced practice

registered nurse, but shall not exceed a total of three full-time equivalents for all three categories combined. This limitation shall not apply to collaborative arrangements of hospital employees providing inpatient care service in hospitals as defined in chapter 197 or population-based public health services as defined by 20 CSR 2150-5.100 as of April 30, 2008.

9. It is the responsibility of the collaborating physician to determine and document the completion of at least a one-month period of time during which the **assistant physician**, **physician assistant, or** advanced practice registered nurse shall practice with the collaborating physician continuously present before practicing in a setting where the collaborating physician is not continuously present. This limitation shall not apply to collaborative arrangements of providers of population-based public health services as defined by 20 CSR 2150-5.100 as of April 30, 2008.

160 10. No agreement made under this section shall supersede current hospital licensing 161 regulations governing hospital medication orders under protocols or standing orders for the 162 purpose of delivering inpatient or emergency care within a hospital as defined in section 197.020 163 if such protocols or standing orders have been approved by the hospital's medical staff and 164 pharmaceutical therapeutics committee.

165 11. No contract or other agreement shall require a physician to act as a collaborating physician for an assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse 166 167 against the physician's will. A physician shall have the right to refuse to act as a collaborating 168 physician, without penalty, for a particular assistant physician, physician assistant, or 169 advanced practice registered nurse. No contract or other agreement shall limit the collaborating 170 physician's ultimate authority over any protocols or standing orders or in the delegation of the 171 physician's authority to any assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice 172 registered nurse, but this requirement shall not authorize a physician in implementing such 173 protocols, standing orders, or delegation to violate applicable standards for safe medical practice 174 established by hospital's medical staff.

175 12. No contract or other agreement shall require any **assistant physician**, **physician** 176 **assistant**, **or** advanced practice registered nurse to serve as a collaborating advanced practice 177 registered nurse for any collaborating physician against the **assistant physician's**, **physician** 178 **assistant's**, **or** advanced practice registered nurse's will. An **assistant physician**, **physician** 179 **assistant**, **or** advanced practice registered nurse shall have the right to refuse to collaborate, 180 without penalty, with a particular physician.

181 13. All assistant physicians, physician assistants, and advanced practice registered
 182 nurses in collaborative practice arrangements shall wear identification badges while acting
 183 within the scope of their collaborative practice agreement. The identification badges shall

prominently display the licensure status of such assistant physicians, physician assistants,
and advanced practice registered nurses.

334.735. 1. As used in sections 334.735 to 334.749, the following terms mean:

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"Applicant", any individual who seeks to become licensed as a physician assistant;
 "Certification" or "registration", a process by a certifying entity that grants recognition to applicants meeting predetermined qualifications specified by such certifying

5 entity;

6 (3) "Certifying entity", the nongovernmental agency or association which certifies or 7 registers individuals who have completed academic and training requirements;

8 (4) "Department", the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional 9 registration or a designated agency thereof;

10 (5) "License", a document issued to an applicant by the board acknowledging that the 11 applicant is entitled to practice as a physician assistant;

12 (6) "Physician assistant", a person who has graduated from a physician assistant program 13 accredited by the American Medical Association's Committee on Allied Health Education and 14 Accreditation or by its successor agency, who has passed the certifying examination administered by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants and has active certification 15 16 by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants who provides health care services delegated by a licensed physician. A person who has been employed as a physician 17 18 assistant for three years prior to August 28, 1989, who has passed the National Commission on 19 Certification of Physician Assistants examination, and has active certification of the National 20 Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants;

(7) "Physician assistant collaborative practice arrangement", an agreement
between a physician and a physician assistant which meets the requirements of this section
and section 334.104;

24 (8) "Recognition", the formal process of becoming a certifying entity as required by 25 the provisions of sections 334.735 to 334.749[;

26 "Supervision", control exercised over a physician assistant working with a (8)27 supervising physician and oversight of the activities of and accepting responsibility for the 28 physician assistant's delivery of care. The physician assistant shall only practice at a location 29 where the physician routinely provides patient care, except existing patients of the supervising 30 physician in the patient's home and correctional facilities. The supervising physician must be 31 immediately available in person or via telecommunication during the time the physician assistant 32 is providing patient care. Prior to commencing practice, the supervising physician and physician 33 assistant shall attest on a form provided by the board that the physician shall provide supervision 34 appropriate to the physician assistant's training and that the physician assistant shall not practice

35 beyond the physician assistant's training and experience. Appropriate supervision shall require 36 the supervising physician to be working within the same facility as the physician assistant for at 37 least four hours within one calendar day for every fourteen days on which the physician assistant 38 provides patient care as described in subsection 3 of this section. Only days in which the 39 physician assistant provides patient care as described in subsection 3 of this section shall be 40 counted toward the fourteen-day period. The requirement of appropriate supervision shall be 41 applied so that no more than thirteen calendar days in which a physician assistant provides 42 patient care shall pass between the physician's four hours working within the same facility. The 43 board shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 536 for documentation of joint review of the 44 physician assistant activity by the supervising physician and the physician assistant].

2. (1) A supervision agreement shall limit the physician assistant to practice only [at locations described in subdivision (8) of subsection 1 of this section, where the supervising physician is no further than fifty miles by road using the most direct route available and where the location is not so situated as to create an impediment to effective intervention and supervision of patient care or adequate review of services] in accordance with this section and section 334.104.

51 (2) For a physician-physician assistant team working in a rural health clinic under the 52 federal Rural Health Clinic Services Act, P.L. 95-210, as amended, no supervision requirements 53 in addition to the minimum federal law shall be required.

54 3. The scope of practice of a physician assistant shall consist only of the following 55 services and procedures:

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57

(1) Taking patient histories;
 (2) Performing physical examinations of a patient;

58 (3) Performing or assisting in the performance of routine office laboratory and patient

59 screening procedures;

60 (4) Performing routine therapeutic procedures;

61 (5) Recording diagnostic impressions and evaluating situations calling for attention of 62 a physician to institute treatment procedures;

63 (6) Instructing and counseling patients regarding mental and physical health using 64 procedures reviewed and approved by a licensed physician;

65 (7) Assisting the [supervising] **collaborating** physician in institutional settings, 66 including reviewing of treatment plans, ordering of tests and diagnostic laboratory and 67 radiological services, and ordering of therapies, using procedures reviewed and approved by a 68 licensed physician;

69 (8) Assisting in surgery; and

(9) Performing such other tasks not prohibited by law under the supervision of a licensed
 physician as the physician's assistant has been trained and is proficient to perform[; and

72 (10)].

73

74 Physician assistants shall not perform or prescribe abortions.

75 4. Physician assistants shall not prescribe nor dispense any drug, medicine, device or 76 therapy unless pursuant to a physician [supervision agreement] collaborative practice 77 arrangement in accordance with the law, nor prescribe lenses, prisms or contact lenses for the 78 aid, relief or correction of vision or the measurement of visual power or visual efficiency of the 79 human eye, nor administer or monitor general or regional block anesthesia during diagnostic 80 tests, surgery or obstetric procedures. Prescribing and dispensing of drugs, medications, devices 81 or therapies by a physician assistant shall be pursuant to a physician assistant [supervision 82 agreement] collaborative practice arrangement which is specific to the clinical conditions 83 treated by the [supervising] collaborating physician and the physician assistant shall be subject 84 to the following:

85 (1) A physician assistant shall only prescribe controlled substances in accordance with 86 section 334.747;

87 (2) The types of drugs, medications, devices or therapies prescribed or dispensed by a
 88 physician assistant shall be consistent with the scopes of practice of the physician assistant and
 89 the [supervising] collaborating physician;

90 (3) All prescriptions shall conform with state and federal laws and regulations and shall
 91 include the name, address and telephone number of the physician assistant and the [supervising]
 92 collaborating physician;

93 (4) A physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse as defined in section
 94 335.016 may request, receive and sign for noncontrolled professional samples and may distribute
 95 professional samples to patients;

96 (5) A physician assistant shall not prescribe any drugs, medicines, devices or therapies 97 the supervising physician is not qualified or authorized to prescribe; and

98 (6) A physician assistant may only dispense starter doses of medication to cover a period99 of time for seventy-two hours or less.

5. A physician assistant shall clearly identify himself or herself as a physician assistant and shall not use or permit to be used in the physician assistant's behalf the terms "doctor", "Dr." or "doc" nor hold himself or herself out in any way to be a physician or surgeon. No physician assistant shall practice or attempt to practice without physician supervision or in any location where the [supervising] **collaborating** physician is not immediately available for consultation, assistance and intervention, except as otherwise provided in this section, and in an emergency 106 situation, nor shall any physician assistant bill a patient independently or directly for any services 107 or procedure by the physician assistant.

108 6. For purposes of this section, the licensing of physician assistants shall take place 109 within processes established by the state board of registration for the healing arts through rule 110 and regulation. The board of healing arts is authorized to establish rules pursuant to chapter 536 111 establishing licensing and renewal procedures, supervision, [supervision agreements] 112 collaborative practice arrangements, fees, and addressing such other matters as are necessary 113 to protect the public and discipline the profession. An application for licensing may be denied 114 or the license of a physician assistant may be suspended or revoked by the board in the same 115 manner and for violation of the standards as set forth by section 334.100, or such other standards 116 of conduct set by the board by rule or regulation. Persons licensed pursuant to the provisions of 117 chapter 335 shall not be required to be licensed as physician assistants. All applicants for 118 physician assistant licensure who complete a physician assistant training program after January 119 1, 2008, shall have a master's degree from a physician assistant program.

120 7. ["Physician assistant supervision agreement" means a written agreement, jointly 121 agreed-upon protocols or standing order between a supervising physician and a physician 122 assistant, which provides for the delegation of health care services from a supervising physician 123 to a physician assistant and the review of such services. The agreement shall contain at least the 124 following provisions:

(1) Complete names, home and business addresses, zip codes, telephone numbers, andstate license numbers of the supervising physician and the physician assistant;

127 (2) A list of all offices or locations where the physician routinely provides patient care, 128 and in which of such offices or locations the supervising physician has authorized the physician 129 assistant to practice;

130

(3) All specialty or board certifications of the supervising physician;

131 (4) The manner of supervision between the supervising physician and the physician132 assistant, including how the supervising physician and the physician assistant shall:

(a) Attest on a form provided by the board that the physician shall provide supervision appropriate to the physician assistant's training and experience and that the physician assistant shall not practice beyond the scope of the physician assistant's training and experience nor the supervising physician's capabilities and training; and

137 (b) Provide coverage during absence, incapacity, infirmity, or emergency by the 138 supervising physician;

139 (5) The duration of the supervision agreement between the supervising physician and140 physician assistant; and

141 (6) A description of the time and manner of the supervising physician's review of the 142 physician assistant's delivery of health care services. Such description shall include provisions 143 that the supervising physician, or a designated supervising physician listed in the supervision 144 agreement review a minimum of ten percent of the charts of the physician assistant's delivery of 145 health care services every fourteen days] **The provisions of section 334.104 shall apply to all** 146 **physician assistant collaborative practice arrangements**.

8. When a physician assistant supervision agreement is utilized to provide health care services for conditions other than acute self-limited or well-defined problems, the supervising physician or other physician designated in the supervision agreement shall see the patient for evaluation and approve or formulate the plan of treatment for new or significantly changed conditions as soon as practical, but in no case more than two weeks after the patient has been seen by the physician assistant.

153 9. At all times the physician is responsible for the oversight of the activities of, and 154 accepts responsibility for, health care services rendered by the physician assistant.

155 10. It is the responsibility of the [supervising] **collaborating** physician to determine and 156 document the completion of at least a one-month period of time during which the licensed 157 physician assistant shall practice with a [supervising] **collaborating** physician continuously 158 present before practicing in a setting where a [supervising] **collaborating** physician is not 159 continuously present.

160 [11. No contract or other agreement shall require a physician to act as a supervising 161 physician for a physician assistant against the physician's will. A physician shall have the right 162 to refuse to act as a supervising physician, without penalty, for a particular physician assistant. 163 No contract or other agreement shall limit the supervising physician's ultimate authority over any 164 protocols or standing orders or in the delegation of the physician's authority to any physician 165 assistant, but this requirement shall not authorize a physician in implementing such protocols, 166 standing orders, or delegation to violate applicable standards for safe medical practice 167 established by the hospital's medical staff.

168 12. Physician assistants shall file with the board a copy of their supervising physician 169 form.

170 13. No physician shall be designated to serve as supervising physician for more than 171 three full-time equivalent licensed physician assistants. This limitation shall not apply to 172 physician assistant agreements of hospital employees providing inpatient care service in hospitals 173 as defined in chapter 197.]

354.535. 1. If a pharmacy, operated by or contracted with by a health maintenance organization, is closed or is unable to provide health care services to an enrollee in an emergency, a pharmacist may take an assignment of such enrollee's right to reimbursement, if

4 the policy or contract provides for such reimbursement, for those goods or services provided to 5 an enrollee of a health maintenance organization. No health maintenance organization shall 6 refuse to pay the pharmacist any payment due the enrollee under the terms of the policy or 7 contract.

8 2. No health maintenance organization, conducting business in the state of Missouri, 9 shall contract with a pharmacy, pharmacy distributor or wholesale drug distributor, nonresident 10 or otherwise, unless such pharmacy or distributor has been granted a permit or license from the 11 Missouri board of pharmacy to operate in this state.

12 3. Every health maintenance organization shall apply the same coinsurance, co-payment 13 and deductible factors to all drug prescriptions filled by a pharmacy provider who participates 14 in the health maintenance organization's network if the provider meets the contract's explicit 15 product cost determination. If any such contract is rejected by any pharmacy provider, the health 16 maintenance organization may offer other contracts necessary to comply with any network 17 adequacy provisions of this act. However, nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit 18 the health maintenance organization from applying different coinsurance, co-payment and 19 deductible factors between generic and brand name drugs.

4. If the co-payment applied by a health maintenance organization exceeds the usual and customary retail price of the prescription drug, enrollees shall only be required to pay the usual and customary retail price of the prescription drug, and no further charge to the enrollee or plan sponsor shall be incurred on such prescription.

5. Health maintenance organizations shall not set a limit on the quantity of drugs which an enrollee may obtain at any one time with a prescription, unless such limit is applied uniformly to all pharmacy providers in the health maintenance organization's network.

27 [5.] 6. Health maintenance organizations shall not insist or mandate any physician or 28 other licensed health care practitioner to change an enrollee's maintenance drug unless the 29 provider and enrollee agree to such change. For the purposes of this provision, a maintenance 30 drug shall mean a drug prescribed by a practitioner who is licensed to prescribe drugs, used to treat a medical condition for a period greater than thirty days. Violations of this provision shall 31 32 be subject to the penalties provided in section 354.444. Notwithstanding other provisions of law 33 to the contrary, health maintenance organizations that change an enrollee's maintenance drug 34 without the consent of the provider and enrollee shall be liable for any damages resulting from 35 such change. Nothing in this subsection, however, shall apply to the dispensing of generically 36 equivalent products for prescribed brand name maintenance drugs as set forth in section 338.056.

376.387. If the co-payment for prescription drugs applied by a health insurer or 2 health carrier, as defined in section 376.1350, exceeds the usual and customary retail price

3 of the prescription drug, enrollees shall only be required to pay the usual and customary

retail price of the prescription drug, and no further charge to the enrollee or plan sponsor 4 5 shall be incurred on such prescription.

376.393. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

2

3 (2) "Provider", the same meaning as such term is defined in section 376.1350, and in addition, orthotic and prosthetic services and rehabilitative centers. 4

(1) "Health carrier", the same meaning as such term is defined in section 376.1350;

5 2. Each health carrier shall provide each contracted provider with access to the 6 health carrier's standard fee schedule, specific to the provider's geographic area, through a secure website. Such fee schedule shall reflect the current payment rates for all goods 7 8 and services pertinent to the provider's practice or business, defined by procedure codes, diagnosis related groups, or defined by another payment mechanism. All contracted 9 10 providers in such geographic area shall be paid for the goods and services provided at such rates, unless different rates have been specifically agreed upon contractually with an 11 12 individual provider. In no case shall the standard fee schedule include a rate for a specific 13 good or service that is less than the lowest rate individually contracted for by the providers 14 of such good or service in the applicable geographic area if all the providers in such area have individually contracted to be paid at different rates for such good or service. 15

16 No health carrier, or any of its subsidiaries, networks, contractors, or 3. 17 subcontractors, shall refuse to contract with any Missouri provider who is located within 18 the geographic coverage area of a health benefit plan and who is willing to meet the terms 19 and conditions for provider participation established for such health benefit plan, 20 including the MO HealthNet and Medicare programs, if such provider is willing, as a term 21 of such contract, to be paid at rates equal to the standard rates provided under subsection 22 2 of this section.

376.444. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

2 (1) "Health carrier", shall have the same meaning ascribed to it as in section 3 376.1350:

4 (2) "Provider", shall have the same meaning ascribed to it as in section 376.1350 5 and shall include licensed pharmacies and home health agencies.

6

2. An agreement between a health carrier and a participating provider under this 7 chapter or chapter 354 shall not contain a provision that:

8 (1) Prohibits, or grants the health carrier an option to prohibit, the participating 9 provider from contracting with another health carrier to provide health care services at 10 a lower price than the payment specified in the agreement;

11 (2) Requires, or grants the health carrier an option to require, the participating 12 provider to accept a lower payment from the health carrier if the participating provider agrees to provide health care services to another health carrier at a lower price; 13

14 (3) Requires, or grants the health carrier an option to require, termination or renegotiation of the existing agreement in the event the participating provider agrees to 15 16 provide health care services to any other health carrier at a lower price; or

17 (4) Requires the participating provider to disclose the participating provider's 18 contractual reimbursement rates with other health carriers.

19 3. Any contract provision that violates any provision of this section shall be void 20 and unenforceable.

376.1425. 1. Every health care provider, as defined in section 376.1350, making a 2 referral of a patient to a medical facility for health care services shall fully inform the patient of every medical facility within a health carrier's or health benefit plan's provider 3 4 network at which the health care provider has privileges to provide the services for which the patient is being referred and which are medically appropriate for the provision of such 5 6 services.

7 2. If a patient is not insured, the health care provider shall fully inform the patient of every medical facility at which the health care provider has privileges to provide the 8 9 services for which the patient is being referred and which are medically appropriate for 10 the provision of such services.

11 3. In accordance with the options provided to a patient under subsections 1 and 2 12 of this section, a health care provider shall provide the heath care services at the medical 13 facility of a patient's choosing.

14 4. No referral by a provider or selection of facility by a patient shall be required or 15 otherwise restricted by a health carrier or health benefit plan, as defined in section 16 376.1350, if the medical facility referred to and selected by a patient is in the provider network and is medically appropriate for the health care service to be provided. 17

18 5. No health carrier or health benefit plan shall discriminate between medically 19 appropriate facilities within the provider network regarding benefit coverage or reimbursement for provider services for the same health care service. 20

21 6. Any health care provider, health carrier, or health benefit plan shall be subject 22 to licensure sanction for failure to comply with the provisions of this section.

376.2020. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:

(1) "Enrollee", shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in section 376.1350;

3 (2) "Health care provider", shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in section 4 376.1350:

2

5 (3) "Health care service", shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in section 6 376.1350;

7

(4) "Health carrier", shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in section 376.1350.

8 2. No provision in a contract in existence or entered into, amended, or renewed on 9 or after August 28, 2014, between a health carrier and a health care provider shall be enforceable if such contractual provision prohibits, conditions, or in any way restricts any 10 party to such contract from disclosing to an enrollee, patient, potential patient, or such 11 12 person's parent or legal guardian, the contractual payment amount for a health care 13 service if such payment amount is less than the health care provider's usual charge for the health care service, and if such contractual provision prevents the determination of the 14 15 potential out-of-pocket cost for the health care service by the enrollee, patient, potential 16 patient, parent or legal guardian.

431.205. Notwithstanding section 431.202 to the contrary, any contract or 2 agreement which creates or establishes the terms of a partnership, employment, or any other form of professional relationship between a nonprofit organization or entity and a 3 4 physician licensed to practice in this state under chapter 334, which includes any restriction of the right of such physician to practice medicine in any geographic area for 5 any period of time after the termination of such partnership, employment, or professional 6 relationship shall be void and unenforceable with respect to said restriction; provided, 7 8 however, that nothing under this section shall render void or unenforceable the remaining 9 provisions of any such contract or agreement.

484.400. The general assembly finds and declares that contingency fees play a 2 useful and often critical role in ensuring access to counsel and the courts on the part of 3 those persons who would otherwise be unable to afford such access, but that:

4 (1) Personal injury claimants are often subjected to unnecessary costs, delays, and 5 inefficiencies in processing their compensation claims;

6 (2) Virtually all such claimants who are represented by attorneys are charged 7 contingent fees;

8 (3) The ethical and legal validity of a contingent fee is dependent upon an attorney
 9 undertaking risk in exchange for sharing proportionately in the proceeds of a claim;

- 10 (4) The perverse incentives of the existing system often encourage and reward 11 defendants who take intransigent settlement positions and otherwise unethically add to the 12 costs and delays of settling meritorious claims for, among other reasons, the purpose of 13 reducing the marginal rates of compensation received by claimants' counsel;
- 14

(5) Many deserving claimants receive inequitable compensation because:

(a) Such claimants are required to pay attorneys approximately one-third or more
 of any recovery even when there is little or no issue of liability or damages and therefore
 little or no assumption of risk by the attorney; and

18 (b) When a defendant or a defendant's insurer has made a substantial settlement 19 offer before the attorney's retention or shortly thereafter and the attorney has added little 20 or nothing to the value of the claim to that point, payment of a substantial contingent fee 21 is nonetheless generally required;

(6) The current compensation system often fails to provide sufficient financial
 incentives to effectuate prompt and adequate compensation to deserving claimants
 resulting in:

(a) Delays in adjudications and case settlements often caused by intransigent
 defendant conduct that the present system perversely rewards and thereby deprives
 claimants of prompt compensation;

(b) A substantial burden on federal and state courts contributing to very high case
 backlogs; and

30 (c) Regressive costs burdens and substantial avoidable costs imposed on all parties
 31 resulting from the long delays in resolving many claims;

(7) The current tort compensation system which results in delays in resolving claims and which effectively provides for increased noneconomic damages and, therefore, increased legal fees as medical care costs increase provides perverse financial incentives for both more intensive and unnecessary use of medical care providers and the fraudulent incurrence of medical care expenses, thereby adding materially to our state and the nation's health care costs and burdens;

38 (8) Delays in resolving claims often result in more intensive and unnecessary use
 39 of medical care providers, thereby adding to our state and nation's health care burden;

40 (9) The claims process gives rise to substantial avoidable transaction costs because 41 of the lack of adequate incentives for defendants and their insurers to offer prompt and 42 equitable settlements to meritorious claimants and because claimants' attorneys exact a 43 significant share of any settlement even when their efforts do not generate or augment the 44 settlement offer;

45 (10) Contingency fee practices, as described in the preceding subdivisions, expose
46 a clear and impermissible gap between the ethical standards established and promulgated
47 by courts and professed by the legal bar, and the actual practices of the legal bar;

48 (11) Contingency fee practices, as described in the preceding subdivisions, bring
 49 substantial disrepute to the legal bar and the legal system as a whole and loss of confidence

in the rule of law itself, not the least because they create and expose broad gaps between
the stated ethical principles of the legal profession and its real world practices;

(12) The inability of the legal bar and the courts to curb contingency fee abuses has
 led to higher settlement costs, lowered compensation to injured persons, excessive medical
 care costs, and delayed claims processing; and

55 (13) There is a need for adopting a procedure to implement appropriate ethical and 56 legal standards and to resolve personal injury claims more fairly and promptly.

57

2. The purpose of sections 484.400 to 484.430 are to:

(1) Enforce more efficiently and effectively ethical standards governing the
 reasonableness of attorneys' fees and correspondingly to implement the stricter scrutiny
 that courts are obliged to apply to contingent fees;

61 (2) Reverse systemic incentives now in effect so as to reward, and not to penalize,
 62 defendants who make substantial early settlement offers;

63 (3) Compensate claimants' attorneys more rationally by calculating their 64 compensation in relation to the value of services rendered and risks undertaken;

65 (4) Compensate more fairly those seeking redress for injuries by giving them a 66 larger share of promptly achieved settlements;

67 (5) Further enhance the likelihood of early settlement of claims by preserving a
 68 larger share of early settlement offers for claimants;

69 (6) Lower the costs of the personal injury tort compensation system, including
 70 unnecessary medical and defense costs;

(7) Remove the burdensome interstate commerce and our state's and the nation's
 health care programs that are imposed by the current tort compensation system;

(8) Create a simple self-enforcing system controlled by the parties which forms an
 early basis for establishing the sums and issues that are in dispute;

75 (9) Reduce unworkable burdens now placed on courts and legal bar grievance 76 boards presently charged with enforcing ethical standards through ex post facto case-by-77 case fact finding processes that pose difficult burdens of proof and impose disproportionate 78 transaction costs on both parties and fact finders; and

(10) Provide alternatives to across-the-board fee cap reforms, which often provide
 defendants with unearned advantages and further encourage many defendants in unethical
 protraction of settlement or meritorious claims.

484.402. As used in sections 484.400 to 484.430, the following terms shall mean:

2 (1) "Allegedly responsible party", a person, partnership, corporation, and an
3 insurer thereof alleged by a claimant to be responsible for at least some portion of a
4 personal injury alleged by a claimant;

5 (2) "Claim", an assertion of entitlement to compensation for personal injury from 6 an allegedly responsible party and, to the extent subject to a contingent fee agreement, to 7 all other related claims arising from such injury;

8 (3) "Claimant", an individual who in his or her own right or vicariously as 9 otherwise permitted by law is seeking compensation for personal injury;

10 (4) "Contingent fee", the fee negotiated in a contingent fee agreement that is payable in fact or in effect only from the proceeds of any recovery on behalf of a claimant; 11

12 (5) "Contingent fee agreement", a fee agreement between an attorney and a 13 claimant wherein the attorney agrees to bear the risk of no or inadequate compensation 14 in exchange for a proportionate share of any recovery by settlement of a verdict obtained 15 for a claimant;

16 (6) "Contingent fee attorney", an attorney who agrees to represent a claimant in 17 exchange for a contingent fee;

18 (7) "Fixed fee", an agreement between an attorney and a claimant whereby the 19 attorney agrees to perform a specific legal task in exchange for a specified sum to be paid 20 by a claimant;

21 (8) "Hourly rate fee", the fee generated by an agreement or otherwise by operation 22 of law between an attorney and a claimant providing that a claimant pay the attorney a fee 23 determined by multiplying the hourly rate negotiated or otherwise set by law between the 24 attorney and a claimant by the number of hours that the attorney has worked on behalf 25 of a claimant in furtherance of a claimant's interest. An hourly rate fee may also be a 26 contingent fee to the extent it is only payable in fact or in effect from the proceeds of any 27 recovery on behalf of a claimant;

28

(9) "Injury", personal injury;

29 (10) "Personal injury", an occurrence resulting from any act giving rise to a tort 30 claim, including without limitation, bodily injury, sickness, disease, death, or property 31 damage accompanying bodily injury;

- 32 (11) "Post-retention offer", an offer of settlement in response to a demand for 33 compensation made within the time constraints, and conforming to the provisions of 34 sections 484.400 to 484.430 made to a claimant who is represented by a contingent fee 35 attorney;
- 36 (12) "Preretention offer", an offer to settle a claim for compensation made to a 37 claimant not represented by an attorney at the time of the offer;

38 "Response", a written communication by a claimant or an allegedly (13) 39 responsible party, or the attorney for either, deposited into the United States mail and sent 40 certified mail or delivered by an overnight delivery service;

(14) "Settlement offer", a written offer of settlement set forth in a response within
the time limits set forth in sections 484.400 to 484.430.

484.404. For purposes of sections 484.400 to 484.430, a fiduciary relationship commences when a claimant consults a contingent fee attorney to seek professional services.

484.406. Contingent fee agreements for the representation of parties with claims shall also include alternate hourly rate fees. If a contingent fee attorney has not entered into a written agreement with a claimant at the time of retention setting forth the attorney's hourly rate, a reasonable hourly rate is payable, subject to the limitations set forth in sections 484.400 to 484.430.

484.408. 1. At any time after retention, a contingent fee attorney pursuing a claim 2 shall send a demand for compensation by certified mail to an allegedly responsible party 3 which shall set forth the material facts relevant to the claim, including:

4 (1) The name, address, age, marital status, and occupation of a claimant. For 5 purposes of this section, claimant includes the injured party if a claimant is operating in 6 a representative capacity;

7

(2) A brief description of how the injury occurred;

8 (3) The names and, if known, the addresses, telephone numbers, and occupations
9 of all known witnesses to the injury;

10

(4) Copies of photographs in a claimant's possession that relate to the injury;

(5) The basis for claiming that the party to whom the claim is addressed is at least
 partially responsible for causing the injury;

13 (6) A description of the nature of the injury, the names and addresses of all 14 physicians, other health care providers, and hospitals, clinics, or other medical service 15 entities that provided medical care to a claimant or the injured party, including the date 16 and nature of the service;

17 (7) Medical records relating to the injury and those involving a prior injury or 18 preexisting medical condition which an allegedly responsible party would be able to 19 introduce into evidence in a trial or, in lieu of either or both, executed releases authorizing 20 the allegedly responsible party to obtain such records directly from health care providers 21 that produced or possess them; and

(8) Relevant documentation, including records of earnings if a claimant is self employed and employer records of earnings if a claimant is employed, or any medical
 expenses, wages lost, or other pertinent damages suffered as a consequence of the injury.

25 2. At the time of the mailing of the demand for compensation, a claimant's attorney
 26 shall mail copies of each such demand to the claimant and every other allegedly responsible
 27 party.

3. A fee received by or contracted for by a contingent fee attorney that exceeds ten percent of any settlement or judgment received by his or her client after reasonable expenses have been deducted is unreasonable and excessive if the attorney has sent a timely demand for compensation but has omitted information of a material nature that is required by this section which he or she had in his or her possession or which was readily available to him or her at the time of filing.

484.410. 1. To qualify its response as a post-retention offer under sections 484.400 2 to 484.430, an allegedly responsible party shall:

3 (1) Issue a response stating a settlement offer within sixty days from receipt of a
4 demand for compensation;

5

(2) Send the response to the claimant's attorney with a copy to the claimant;

6 (3) State that the offer is open for acceptance for a minimum of thirty days from 7 the time of its receipt by the claimant's attorney and further state whether it expires at the 8 end of such period or remains open for acceptance for a longer period or until a notice of 9 withdrawal is given; and

(4) Include with the offer copies of materials in its or its attorney's possession concerning the alleged injury upon which the allegedly responsible party relied in making the settlement offer except material that such party or its attorney believes in good faith would not be discoverable by a claimant during the course of litigation. If reproduction costs under this subdivision would be significant relative to the size of the offer, the allegedly responsible party may, in the alternative, offer other forms of access to the materials convenient and at reasonable costs to a claimant's attorney.

17 2. If within thirty days of receipt of a claimant's demand for compensation an allegedly responsible party notifies an unrepresented claimant or a claimant's attorney that 18 19 it seeks to have a medical examination of the claimant, and the claimant is not made 20 available for such examination within ten days of receipt of the request, the time provided 21 for issuing a response is extended by one day for each day that the request is not honored 22 after the expiration of ten days from the date of the request. Any such extension also 23 includes a further period of ten days from the date of the completion of the medical 24 examination.

25 **3.** The settlement offer may be increased during the sixty-day period set for in 26 subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section by issuing an additional offer stating that the 27 time for acceptance is ten days after receipt of the additional offer by the claimant's

28 attorney or thirty days from receipt of the initial response, whichever is longer, unless the

 $29 \quad \text{additional response specifies a longer period of time for acceptance as set for in subdivision}$

30 (3) of subsection 1 of this section.

484.412. 1. If an allegedly responsible party or its attorney willfully fails to include the material required in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 484.410 with a response stating a settlement offer or does not otherwise make such material available:

4 (1) A claimant may revoke its acceptance of such settlement offer within two years 5 of having accepted it; and

6 (2) Any fees and costs reasonably incurred by a claimant in revoking its acceptance 7 of such settlement offer and reinstating its claim is recoverable from the allegedly 8 responsible party, including the losses suffered by a claimant who is precluded from 9 reinstating its claim by operation of a statute of limitations.

2. Willful failure of an attorney for an allegedly responsible party to comply with subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 484.410 shall subject such party to the sanctions applicable to a party who fails to comply with requests for the production of documents.

3. Willful failure of an attorney for an allegedly responsible party to comply with subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 484.410 shall subject such attorney to the same sanctions applicable to attorneys who improperly counsel their clients not to produce documents for which there has been discovery request.

484.414. 1. Nothing in sections 484.400 to 484.430 shall be construed as imposing 2 on an allegedly responsible party an obligation to issue a response to a demand for 3 compensation.

2. Demands for compensation, early settlement offers, or the failure of an allegedly
responsible party to issue the same are admissible in any subsequent litigation, proceeding,
or arbitration to the extent that evidence of settlement negotiations is inadmissible in the
jurisdiction where the case is brought.

484.416. A settlement offer to an injured party represented by a contingent fee counsel made before receipt of a demand for compensation, which is open for acceptance for sixty days or more from the time of its receipt, is deemed a post-retention offer and has the same effect under sections 484.400 to 484.430 as if it were a response to a demand for compensation.

484.418. 1. It is a violation of sections 484.400 to 484.430 for an attorney retained after claimant has received a pre-retention offer to enter into an agreement with a claimant to receive a contingent fee based upon or payable from the proceeds of the pre-retention offer, provided that the pre-retention offer remains in effect or is renewed until the time

5 has elapsed for issuing a response containing a settlement offer as described in section
6 484.410.

7 2. An attorney entering into a fee agreement that would effectively result in 8 payment of a percentage of a pre-retention offer to a claimant has charged an 9 unreasonable and excessive fee.

3. An attorney who contracts with a claimant for a reasonable hourly rate or a
 reasonable fixed fee, or who is paid such a fee for advising a claimant regarding the
 fairness of the pre-retention offer, has charged a presumptively reasonable fee.

484.420. 1. A fee paid or contracted to be paid to a contingent fee attorney by a claimant who has rejected a preretention offer and who later accepts a post-retention offer of a greater amount is an unreasonable and excessive fee unless it is an hourly rate fee that does not exceed twenty-five percent of the excess of the post-retention offer over the preretention offer.

6 2. If the accepted post-retention offer is less than the preretention offer, a total fee 7 for all services rendered that is greater than ten percent of the first one hundred thousand 8 dollars of the post-retention offer plus five percent of any amount that exceeds one 9 hundred thousand dollars after all reasonable expenses have been deducted is an 10 unreasonable and excessive fee.

484.422. A fee paid or contracted to be paid to a contingent fee attorney by a claimant who has not received a preretention offer and who has accepted a post-retention offer is unreasonable and excessive unless it is an hourly rate fee that does not exceed ten percent of the first one hundred thousand dollars of the offer plus five percent of any amount that exceeds one hundred thousand dollars after all reasonable expenses have been deducted.

484.424. Irrespective of any preretention offer, the provisions of section 484.422 regarding maximum allowable fees remain in effect if a post-retention offer is not accepted by a claimant within the time provided in sections 484.400 to 484.430. Contingent fees are unreasonable and excessive unless charged against the difference between an unaccepted post-retention offer and the judgment or settlement ultimately obtained by a claimant. When such judgment or settlement is lower than the unaccepted offer, the fee limitations of section 484.422 apply against the judgment or settlement.

484.426. Upon receipt of any settlement or judgment and prior to the disbursement thereof, a contingent fee attorney shall provide a claimant with a written statement detailing how the proceeds are to be distributed, including the amount of the expenses paid out or to be paid out of the proceeds, the amount of the fee, how the fee amount is calculated, and the amount due a claimant.

484.428. 1. A contingent fee attorney who charges a fee that contravenes sections 2 484.400 to 484.430 has charged an unreasonable and excessive fee.

2. If the fee violates subsection 1 of this section, it is also excessive and unreasonable
to the extent that it has not been reduced by any reasonable fees and costs incurred by a
claimant in establishing that the fee agreement contravened sections 484.400 to 484.430.

6 **3.** Fee agreements between claimants and contingent fee attorneys who have 7 charged fees described in sections 484.400 to 484.430 as unreasonable or excessive are 8 illegal and unenforceable except to the extent provided under sections 484.400 to 484.430.

484.430. 1. Except for the provisions of section 484.406, nothing in sections 484.400 2 to 484.430 applies to an agreement between a claimant and an attorney to retain the 3 attorney:

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(1) On an hourly rate fee or fixed fee basis solely to evaluate a preretention offer;

5 (2) To collect overdue amounts from an accepted preretention or post-retention 6 settlement offer.

7 2. The provisions of sections 484.400 to 484.430 prohibiting the charging of 8 contingency fees in the absence of assuming meaningful risk and defining reasonable and 9 unreasonable fees shall have no effect on contingent fee agreements in cases in which 10 neither a preretention nor a post-retention offer of settlement is made.

3. Sections 484.400 to 484.430 shall not apply to accidental bodily injury caused by the operation or use of a motor vehicle in claims in which an uninsured motorist or personal protection insured is involved. For purposes of this subsection, "operation or use":

(1) Means operation or use of a motor vehicle as a motor vehicle, including, incident
 to its operation or use as a vehicle, the occupation of the vehicle;

(2) Does not cover conduct within the course of a business of manufacturing,
 selling, or maintaining a motor vehicle, including repairing, servicing, washing, loading,
 or unloading; and

20 (3) Does not include such conduct not within the course of such a business unless
 21 such conduct occurs while occupying a motor vehicle.

538.220. 1. In any action against a health care provider for damages for personal injury
or death arising out of the rendering of or the failure to render health care services, past damages
shall be payable in a lump sum.

2. At the request of any party to such action made prior to the entry of judgment, the court shall include in the judgment a requirement that future damages be paid in whole or in part in periodic or installment payments if the total award of damages in the action exceeds one hundred thousand dollars. Any judgment ordering such periodic or installment payments shall

8 specify a future medical periodic payment schedule, which shall include the recipient, the amount 9 of each payment, the interval between payments, and the number of payments. The duration of 10 the future medical payment schedule shall be for a period of time equal to the life expectancy of the person to whom such services were rendered, as determined by the court, based solely on the 11 12 evidence of such life expectancy presented by the plaintiff at trial. The amount of each of the 13 future medical periodic payments shall be determined by dividing the total amount of future 14 medical damages by the number of future medical periodic payments. The court shall apply 15 interest on such future periodic payments at a per annum interest rate no greater than the coupon 16 issue yield equivalent, as determined by the Federal Reserve Board, of the average accepted 17 auction price for the last auction of fifty-two-week United States Treasury bills settled 18 immediately prior to the date of the judgment. The judgment shall state the applicable interest 19 rate. The parties shall be afforded the opportunity to agree on the manner of payment of future 20 damages, including the rate of interest, if any, to be applied, subject to court approval. However, 21 in the event the parties cannot agree, the unresolved issues shall be submitted to the court for 22 resolution, either with or without a posttrial evidentiary hearing which may be called at the 23 request of any party or the court. If a defendant makes the request for payment pursuant to this 24 section, such request shall be binding only as to such defendant and shall not apply to or bind any 25 other defendant.

3. As a condition to authorizing periodic payments of future damages, the court may require a judgment debtor who is not adequately insured to post security or purchase an annuity adequate to assure full payment of such damages awarded by the judgment. Upon termination of periodic payments of future damages, the court shall order the return of this security or so much as remains to the judgment debtor.

4. (1) If a plaintiff and his **or her** attorney have agreed that attorney's fees shall be paid from the award, as part of a contingent fee arrangement, it shall be presumed that the fee will be paid at the time the judgment becomes final. If the attorney elects to receive part or all of such fees in periodic or installment payments from future damages, the method of payment and all incidents thereto shall be a matter between such attorney and the plaintiff and not subject to the terms of the payment of future damages, whether agreed to by the parties or determined by the court.

(2) In any action against a health care provider for damages for personal injury or
 death arising out of the rendering of or the failure to render health care services:

40 (a) If the case is settled prior to trial, attorneys' fees shall be limited to the 41 attorney's regular hourly rate of compensation; and

42 (b) If the case proceeds to trial, the prevailing party shall recover all expert witness
43 fees and costs incurred by such prevailing party.

44 5. Upon the death of a judgment creditor, the right to receive payments of future 45 damages, other than future medical damages, being paid by installments or periodic payments 46 will pass in accordance with the Missouri probate code unless otherwise transferred or alienated 47 prior to death. Payment of future medical damages will continue to the estate of the judgment 48 creditor only for as long as necessary to enable the estate to satisfy medical expenses of the 49 judgment creditor that were due and owing at the time of death, which resulted directly from the 50 injury for which damages were awarded, and do not exceed the dollar amount of the total 51 payments for such future medical damages outstanding at the time of death.

52 6. Nothing in this section shall prevent the parties from contracting and agreeing to settle 53 and resolve the claim for future damages. If such an agreement is reached by the parties, the 54 future periodic payment schedule shall not apply.

Section 1. To aid the discovery of how and if MO HealthNet recipients covered under managed care organization health plans are improving in health outcomes and to provide data to the state to target health disparities, the state of Missouri shall establish and maintain an accountability system utilizing health information technology. Such system shall:

6 (1) Have the ability to interoperate to collect and aggregate data from disparate 7 systems. Such disparate systems shall include, but not be limited to electronic medical 8 records, claims and eligibility databases, state-managed registries such as public health and 9 immunizations registries, and health information organizations;

10 (2) Provide a quarterly analysis of each of the state managed care organizations to 11 ensure such organizations are meeting required metrics, goals, and quality measurements 12 as defined in the managed care contract such as costs of managed care services as 13 compared to fee-for-service providers, and to provide the state with needed data for future 14 contract negotiations and incentive management;

(3) Meet all state health privacy laws and federal Health Insurance Portability and
 Accountability Act (HIPAA) requirements; and

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(4) Meet federal data security requirements.

[208.955. 1. There is hereby established in the department of social services the "MO HealthNet Oversight Committee", which shall be appointed by January 1, 2008, and shall consist of nineteen members as follows:

4 (1) Two members of the house of representatives, one from each party, 5 appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and the minority floor 6 leader of the house of representatives;

7 (2) Two members of the Senate, one from each party, appointed by the 8 president pro tem of the senate and the minority floor leader of the senate;

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9 (3) One consumer representative who has no financial interest in the 10 health care industry and who has not been an employee of the state within the last 11 five years;

(4) Two primary care physicians, licensed under chapter 334, who care for participants, not from the same geographic area, chosen in the same manner as described in section 334.120;

(5) Two physicians, licensed under chapter 334, who care for participants but who are not primary care physicians and are not from the same geographic area, chosen in the same manner as described in section 334.120;

(6) One representative of the state hospital association;

19 (7) Two nonphysician health care professionals, the first nonphysician 20 health care professional licensed under chapter 335 and the second nonphysician 21 health care professional licensed under chapter 337, who care for participants;

(8) One dentist, who cares for participants, chosen in the same manner as described in section 332.021;

(9) Two patient advocates who have no financial interest in the health care industry and who have not been employees of the state within the last five years;

(10) One public member who has no financial interest in the health care industry and who has not been an employee of the state within the last five years; and

(11) The directors of the department of social services, the department
of mental health, the department of health and senior services, or the respective
directors' designees, who shall serve as ex officio members of the committee.

33 The members of the oversight committee, other than the members 2. 34 from the general assembly and ex officio members, shall be appointed by the 35 governor with the advice and consent of the senate. A chair of the oversight 36 committee shall be selected by the members of the oversight committee. Of the 37 members first appointed to the oversight committee by the governor, eight members shall serve a term of two years, seven members shall serve a term of 38 39 one year, and thereafter, members shall serve a term of two years. Members shall 40 continue to serve until their successor is duly appointed and qualified. Any 41 vacancy on the oversight committee shall be filled in the same manner as the 42 original appointment. Members shall serve on the oversight committee without 43 compensation but may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses 44 from moneys appropriated to the department of social services for that purpose. 45 The department of social services shall provide technical, actuarial, and 46 administrative support services as required by the oversight committee. The 47 oversight committee shall:

48 (1) Meet on at least four occasions annually, including at least four before
49 the end of December of the first year the committee is established. Meetings can
50 be held by telephone or video conference at the discretion of the committee;

51 (2) Review the participant and provider satisfaction reports and the reports of health outcomes, social and behavioral outcomes, use of 52 53 evidence-based medicine and best practices as required of the health 54 improvement plans and the department of social services under section 208.950; 55 (3) Review the results from other states of the relative success or failure 56 of various models of health delivery attempted; 57 (4) Review the results of studies comparing health plans conducted under 58 section 208.950: 59 (5) Review the data from health risk assessments collected and reported 60 under section 208.950: 61 (6) Review the results of the public process input collected under section 208.950: 62 63 (7) Advise and approve proposed design and implementation proposals 64 for new health improvement plans submitted by the department, as well as make recommendations and suggest modifications when necessary; 65 66 (8) Determine how best to analyze and present the data reviewed under 67 section 208.950 so that the health outcomes, participant and provider satisfaction, 68 results from other states, health plan comparisons, financial impact of the various health improvement plans and models of care, study of provider access, and 69 70 results of public input can be used by consumers, health care providers, and public officials: 71 72 (9) Present significant findings of the analysis required in subdivision (8) 73 of this subsection in a report to the general assembly and governor, at least annually, beginning January 1, 2009; 74 75 (10) Review the budget forecast issued by the legislative budget office, 76 and the report required under subsection (22) of subsection 1 of section 208.151, 77 and after study: 78 (a) Consider ways to maximize the federal drawdown of funds; 79 (b) Study the demographics of the state and of the MO HealthNet 80 population, and how those demographics are changing; (c) Consider what steps are needed to prepare for the increasing numbers 81 82 of participants as a result of the baby boom following World War II; (11) Conduct a study to determine whether an office of inspector general 83 84 shall be established. Such office would be responsible for oversight, auditing, 85 investigation, and performance review to provide increased accountability, 86 integrity, and oversight of state medical assistance programs, to assist in 87 improving agency and program operations, and to deter and identify fraud, abuse, and illegal acts. The committee shall review the experience of all states that have 88 89 created a similar office to determine the impact of creating a similar office in this 90 state: and 91 Perform other tasks as necessary, including but not limited to (12)92 making recommendations to the division concerning the promulgation of rules

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- and emergency rules so that quality of care, provider availability, and participant
 satisfaction can be assured.
 3. By July 1, 2011, the oversight committee shall issue findings to the
- 95 S. By July 1, 2011, the oversight commute shall issue induligs to the 96 general assembly on the success and failure of health improvement plans and 97 shall recommend whether or not any health improvement plans should be 98 discontinued.
- 4. The oversight committee shall designate a subcommittee devoted to
 advising the department on the development of a comprehensive entry point
 system for long-term care that shall:
- 102 (1) Offer Missourians an array of choices including community-based,
 103 in-home, residential and institutional services;
- 104 (2) Provide information and assistance about the array of long-term care 105 services to Missourians;
- 106 (3) Create a delivery system that is easy to understand and access through 107 multiple points, which shall include but shall not be limited to providers of 108 services;
- 109 (4) Create a delivery system that is efficient, reduces duplication, and 110 streamlines access to multiple funding sources and programs;
 - (5) Strengthen the long-term care quality assurance and quality improvement system;
- (6) Establish a long-term care system that seeks to achieve timely access
 to and payment for care, foster quality and excellence in service delivery, and
 promote innovative and cost-effective strategies; and
 - (7) Study one-stop shopping for seniors as established in section 208.612.
 - 5. The subcommittee shall include the following members:
 - (1) The lieutenant governor or his or her designee, who shall serve as the subcommittee chair;
- (2) One member from a Missouri area agency on aging, designated by thegovernor;
- (3) One member representing the in-home care profession, designated bythe governor;
- 124 (4) One member representing residential care facilities, predominantly
 125 serving MO HealthNet participants, designated by the governor;
- 126 (5) One member representing assisted living facilities or continuing care
 127 retirement communities, predominantly serving MO HealthNet participants,
 128 designated by the governor;
- (6) One member representing skilled nursing facilities, predominantly
 serving MO HealthNet participants, designated by the governor;
- (7) One member from the office of the state ombudsman for long-termcare facility residents, designated by the governor;
- (8) One member representing Missouri centers for independent living,designated by the governor;

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One member from a county developmental disability board,

(9) One consumer representative with expertise in services for seniors orpersons with a disability, designated by the governor;

137 (10) One member with expertise in Alzheimer's disease or related138 dementia;

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140 141 designated by the governor;(12) One member representing the hospice care profession, designated by the governor;

143 (13) One member representing the home health care profession,
144 designated by the governor;

145 (14) One member representing the adult day care profession, designated146 by the governor;

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(15) One member gerontologist, designated by the governor;

148 (16) Two members representing the aged, blind, and disabled population,
149 not of the same geographic area or demographic group designated by the
150 governor;

151 (17) The directors of the departments of social services, mental health,152 and health and senior services, or their designees; and

153 (18) One member of the house of representatives and one member of the 154 senate serving on the oversight committee, designated by the oversight committee 155 chair.

156 Members shall serve on the subcommittee without compensation but may be 157 reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses from moneys appropriated to 158 the department of health and senior services for that purpose. The department of 159 health and senior services shall provide technical and administrative support 160 services as required by the committee.

161 By October 1, 2008, the comprehensive entry point system 6. 162 subcommittee shall submit its report to the governor and general assembly 163 containing recommendations for the implementation of the comprehensive entry 164 point system, offering suggested legislative or administrative proposals deemed necessary by the subcommittee to minimize conflict of interests for successful 165 166 implementation of the system. Such report shall contain, but not be limited to, recommendations for implementation of the following consistent with the 167 168 provisions of section 208.950:

169 (1) A complete statewide universal information and assistance system 170 that is integrated into the web-based electronic patient health record that can be accessible by phone, in-person, via MO HealthNet providers and via the internet 171 172 that connects consumers to services or providers and is used to establish 173 consumers' needs for services. Through the system, consumers shall be able to 174 independently choose from a full range of home, community-based, and 175 facility-based health and social services as well as access appropriate services to 176 meet individual needs and preferences from the provider of the consumer's 177 choice:

178 (2) A mechanism for developing a plan of service or care via the 179 web-based electronic patient health record to authorize appropriate services;

- 180 (3) A preadmission screening mechanism for MO HealthNet participants
- 181 for nursing home care;
- 182 183

(4) A case management or care coordination system to be available as needed; and

184 (5) An electronic system or database to coordinate and monitor the 185 services provided which are integrated into the web-based electronic patient 186 health record.

187 7. Starting July 1, 2009, and for three years thereafter, the subcommittee
188 shall provide to the governor, lieutenant governor and the general assembly a
189 yearly report that provides an update on progress made by the subcommittee
190 toward implementing the comprehensive entry point system.

191 8. The provisions of section 23.253 shall not apply to sections 208.950 192 to 208.955.]

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