SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 1558

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE FLANIGAN.

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal section 165.011, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to safetyrelated capital projects for schools.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 165.011, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as section 165.011, to read as follows:

165.011. 1. The following funds are created for the accounting of all school moneys: teachers' fund, incidental fund, capital projects fund and debt service fund. The treasurer of the 2 school district shall open an account for each fund specified in this section, and all moneys 3 received from the county school fund and all moneys derived from taxation for teachers' wages 4 shall be placed to the credit of the teachers' fund. All tuition fees, state moneys received under 5 6 section 163.031, and all other moneys received from the state except as herein provided shall be placed to the credit of the teachers' and incidental funds at the discretion of the district board of 7 8 education, except as provided in subsection 6 of section 163.031. Money received from other 9 districts for transportation and money derived from taxation for incidental expenses shall be 10 credited to the incidental fund. All money derived from taxation or received from any other 11 source for the erection of buildings or additions thereto and the remodeling or reconstruction of 12 buildings and the furnishing thereof, for the payment of lease-purchase obligations, for the purchase of real estate, or from sale of real estate, schoolhouses or other buildings of any kind, 13 14 or school furniture, from insurance, from sale of bonds other than refunding bonds shall be placed to the credit of the capital projects fund. All moneys derived from the sale or lease of 15 16 sites, buildings, facilities, furnishings, and equipment by a school district as authorized under 17 section 177.088 shall be credited to the capital projects fund. Money derived from taxation for

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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18 the retirement of bonds and the payment of interest thereon shall be credited to the debt service 19 fund, which shall be maintained as a separate bank account. Receipts from delinquent taxes shall 20 be allocated to the several funds on the same basis as receipts from current taxes, except that 21 where the previous years' obligations of the district would be affected by such distribution, the 22 delinquent taxes shall be distributed according to the tax levies made for the years in which the 23 obligations were incurred. All refunds received shall be placed to the credit of the fund from 24 which the original expenditures were made. Money donated to the school districts shall be 25 placed to the credit of the fund where it can be expended to meet the purpose for which it was 26 donated and accepted. Money received from any other source whatsoever shall be placed to the

27 credit of the fund or funds designated by the board.

28 2. The school board may transfer any portion of the unrestricted balance remaining in 29 the incidental fund to the teachers' fund. Any district that uses an incidental fund transfer to pay 30 for more than twenty-five percent of the annual certificated compensation obligation of the 31 district and has an incidental fund balance on June thirtieth in any year in excess of fifty percent 32 of the combined incidental teachers' fund expenditures for the fiscal year just ended shall be 33 required to transfer the excess from the incidental fund to the teachers' fund. If a balance remains 34 in the debt service fund, after the total outstanding indebtedness for which the fund was levied 35 is paid, the board may transfer the unexpended balance to the capital projects fund. If a balance 36 remains in the bond proceeds after completion of the project for which the bonds were issued, 37 the balance shall be transferred from the incidental or capital projects fund to the debt service 38 fund. After making all placements of interest otherwise provided by law, a school district may 39 transfer from the capital projects fund to the incidental fund the interest earned from 40 undesignated balances in the capital projects fund. A school district may borrow from one of the 41 following funds: teachers' fund, incidental fund, or capital projects fund, as necessary to meet 42 obligations in another of those funds; provided that the full amount is repaid to the lending fund 43 within the same fiscal year.

3. Tuition shall be paid from either the teachers' or incidental funds. Employee benefitsfor certificated staff shall be paid from the teachers' fund.

46 4. Other provisions of law to the contrary notwithstanding, the school board of a school 47 district that meets the provisions of subsection 6 of section 163.031 may transfer from the 48 incidental fund to the capital projects fund the sum of:

49 (1) The amount to be expended for transportation equipment that is considered an
50 allowable cost under state board of education rules for transportation reimbursements during the
51 current year; plus

52 (2) Any amount necessary to satisfy obligations of the capital projects fund for 53 state-approved area vocational-technical schools; plus HB 1558

54 (3) Current year obligations for lease-purchase obligations entered into prior to January 55 1, 1997; plus

56 (4) The amount necessary to repay costs of one or more guaranteed energy savings 57 performance contracts to renovate buildings in the school district, provided that the contract is 58 only for energy conservation measures as defined in section 640.651 and provided that the 59 contract specifies that no payment or total of payments shall be required from the school district 60 until at least an equal total amount of energy and energy-related operating savings and payments 61 from the vendor pursuant to the contract have been realized by the school district; plus

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(5) An amount not to exceed the greater of:

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(a) One hundred sixty-two thousand three hundred twenty-six dollars; or

64 (b) Seven percent of the state adequacy target multiplied by the district's weighted 65 average daily attendance, provided that transfer amounts in excess of current year obligations of 66 the capital projects fund authorized under this subdivision may be transferred only by a 67 resolution of the school board approved by a majority of the board members in office when the 68 resolution is voted on and identifying the specific capital projects to be funded directly by the 69 district by the transferred funds and an estimated expenditure date.

5. Beginning in the 2006-07 school year, a district meeting the provisions of subsection 6 of section 163.031 and not making the transfer under subdivision (5) of subsection 4 of this section, nor making payments or expenditures related to obligations made under section 177.088 may transfer from the incidental fund to the debt service fund or the capital projects fund the greater of:

(1) The state aid received in the 2005-06 school year as a result of no more than eighteen cents of the sum of the debt service and capital projects levy used in the foundation formula and placed in the respective debt service or capital projects fund, whichever fund had the designated tax levy; or

79 (2) Five percent of the state adequacy target multiplied by the district's weighted average80 daily attendance.

81 6. A district with territory in a county of the first classification with more than one 82 hundred fifteen thousand but fewer than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants that 83 maintains the district office in a home rule city with more than thirteen thousand five 84 hundred but fewer than fifteen thousand inhabitants shall be permitted a one-time transfer 85 during school year 2014-15 of unrestricted funds from the incidental fund to the capital 86 projects fund in an amount that leaves the incidental fund at a balance no lower than 87 twenty percent for the purpose of constructing capital projects to improve student safety. 88 7. Beginning in the 2006-07 school year, the department of elementary and secondary

89 education shall deduct from a school district's state aid calculated pursuant to section 163.031

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90 an amount equal to the amount of any transfer of funds from the incidental fund to the capital 91 projects fund or debt service fund performed during the previous year in violation of this section; 92 except that the state aid shall be deducted over no more than five school years following the 93 school year of an unlawful transfer based on a plan from the district approved by the 94 commissioner of elementary and secondary education.

95 [7.] 8. A school district may transfer unrestricted funds from the capital projects fund to 96 the incidental fund in any year to avoid becoming financially stressed as defined in subsection 97 1 of section 161.520. If on June thirtieth of any fiscal year the sum of unrestricted balances in 98 a school district's incidental fund and teacher's fund is less than twenty percent of the sum of the 99 school district's expenditures from those funds for the fiscal year ending on that June thirtieth, 100 the school district may, during the next succeeding fiscal year, transfer to its incidental fund an 101 amount up to and including the amount of the unrestricted balance in its capital projects fund on 102 that June thirtieth. For purposes of this subsection, in addition to any other restrictions that may 103 apply to funds in the school district's capital projects fund, any funds that are derived from the 104 proceeds of one or more general obligation bond issues shall be considered restricted funds and shall not be transferred to the school district's incidental fund. 105

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