

House \_\_\_\_\_ Amendment NO. \_\_\_\_\_

Offered By

1 AMEND House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 132, Page 1, In the Title, Line 3, by  
2 deleting the words, "motor fuel tax exemptions" and inserting in lieu thereof the word, "taxation";  
3 and  
4

5 Further amend said bill, page, Section A, Line 2, by inserting after all of said line and section the  
6 following:

7 "32.110. 1. Any business firm which engages in the activities of providing physical  
8 revitalization, economic development, job training or education for individuals, community services,  
9 or crime prevention in the state of Missouri shall receive a tax credit as provided in section 32.115 if  
10 the director of the department of economic development annually approves the proposal of the  
11 business firm; except that, no proposal shall be approved which does not have the endorsement of the  
12 agency of local government within the area in which the business firm is engaging in such activities  
13 which has adopted an overall community or neighborhood development plan that the proposal is  
14 consistent with such plan. The proposal shall set forth the program to be conducted, the  
15 neighborhood area to be served, why the program is needed, the estimated amount to be contributed  
16 to the program and the plans for implementing the program. If, in the opinion of the director of the  
17 department of economic development, a business firm's contribution can more consistently with the  
18 purposes of sections 32.100 to 32.125 be made through contributions to a neighborhood organization  
19 as defined in subdivision (13) of section 32.105, tax credits may be allowed as provided in section  
20 32.115. The director of the department of economic development is hereby authorized to  
21 promulgate rules and regulations for establishing criteria for evaluating such proposals by business  
22 firms for approval or disapproval and for establishing priorities for approval or disapproval of such  
23 proposals by business firms with the assistance and approval of the director of the department of  
24 revenue. The total amount of tax credit granted for programs approved pursuant to sections 32.100  
25 to 32.125 shall not exceed fourteen million dollars in fiscal year 1999 and twenty-six million dollars  
26 in fiscal year 2000, and any subsequent fiscal year, except as otherwise provided for proposals  
27 approved pursuant to section 32.111, 32.112 or 32.117. All tax credits authorized pursuant to the  
28 provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125 may be used as a state match to secure additional federal  
29 funding.

30 2. No new tax credits shall be authorized under the provisions of this section after December  
31 31, 2015.

Action Taken \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

1           32.115. 1. The department of revenue shall grant a tax credit, to be applied in the following  
2 order until used, against:

- 3           (1) The annual tax on gross premium receipts of insurance companies in chapter 148;  
4           (2) The tax on banks determined pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of section  
5 148.030;  
6           (3) The tax on banks determined in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 148.030;  
7           (4) The tax on other financial institutions in chapter 148;  
8           (5) The corporation franchise tax in chapter 147;  
9           (6) The state income tax in chapter 143; and  
10          (7) The annual tax on gross receipts of express companies in chapter 153.

11          2. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.110:

12          (1) The amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty percent of the total amount contributed  
13 during the taxable year by the business firm or, in the case of a financial institution, where  
14 applicable, during the relevant income period in programs approved pursuant to section 32.110;

15          (2) Except as provided in subsection 2 or 5 of this section, a tax credit of up to seventy  
16 percent may be allowed for contributions to programs where activities fall within the scope of  
17 special program priorities as defined with the approval of the governor in regulations promulgated  
18 by the director of the department of economic development;

19          (3) Except as provided in subsection 2 or 5 of this section, the tax credit allowed for  
20 contributions to programs located in any community shall be equal to seventy percent of the total  
21 amount contributed where such community is a city, town or village which has fifteen thousand or  
22 less inhabitants as of the last decennial census and is located in a county which is either located in:

23           (a) An area that is not part of a standard metropolitan statistical area;  
24           (b) A standard metropolitan statistical area but such county has only one city, town or village  
25 which has more than fifteen thousand inhabitants; or

26           (c) A standard metropolitan statistical area and a substantial number of persons in such  
27 county derive their income from agriculture. Such community may also be in an unincorporated  
28 area in such county as provided in subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection. Except in no case  
29 shall the total economic benefit of the combined federal and state tax savings to the taxpayer exceed  
30 the amount contributed by the taxpayer during the tax year;

31          (4) Such tax credit allocation, equal to seventy percent of the total amount contributed, shall  
32 not exceed four million dollars in fiscal year 1999 and six million dollars in fiscal year 2000 and any  
33 subsequent fiscal year. When the maximum dollar limit on the seventy percent tax credit allocation  
34 is committed, the tax credit allocation for such programs shall then be equal to fifty percent credit of  
35 the total amount contributed. Regulations establishing special program priorities are to be  
36 promulgated during the first month of each fiscal year and at such times during the year as the public  
37 interest dictates. Such credit shall not exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars annually except  
38 as provided in subdivision (5) of this subsection. No tax credit shall be approved for any bank, bank  
39 and trust company, insurance company, trust company, national bank, savings association, or  
40 building and loan association for activities that are a part of its normal course of business. Any tax  
41 credit not used in the period the contribution was made may be carried over the next five succeeding

1 calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been claimed. Except as otherwise provided for  
 2 proposals approved pursuant to section 32.111, 32.112 or 32.117, in no event shall the total amount  
 3 of all other tax credits allowed pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125 exceed thirty-two million  
 4 dollars in any one fiscal year, of which six million shall be credits allowed pursuant to section  
 5 135.460. If six million dollars in credits are not approved, then the remaining credits may be used  
 6 for programs approved pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125. No new tax credits shall be authorized  
 7 under the provisions of sections 32.110 and 135.460 after December 31, 2015;

8 (5) The credit may exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars annually and shall not be  
 9 limited if community services, crime prevention, education, job training, physical revitalization or  
 10 economic development, as defined by section 32.105, is rendered in an area defined by federal or  
 11 state law as an impoverished, economically distressed, or blighted area or as a neighborhood  
 12 experiencing problems endangering its existence as a viable and stable neighborhood, or if the  
 13 community services, crime prevention, education, job training, physical revitalization or economic  
 14 development is limited to impoverished persons.

15 3. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.111:

16 (1) The amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty-five percent of the total amount  
 17 invested in affordable housing assistance activities or market rate housing in distressed communities  
 18 as defined in section 135.530 by a business firm. Whenever such investment is made in the form of  
 19 an equity investment or a loan, as opposed to a donation alone, tax credits may be claimed only  
 20 where the loan or equity investment is accompanied by a donation which is eligible for federal  
 21 income tax charitable deduction, and where the total value of the tax credits herein plus the value of  
 22 the federal income tax charitable deduction is less than or equal to the value of the donation. Any tax  
 23 credit not used in the period for which the credit was approved may be carried over the next ten  
 24 succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been allowed. If the affordable housing  
 25 units or market rate housing units in distressed communities for which a tax is claimed are within a  
 26 larger structure, parts of which are not the subject of a tax credit claim, then expenditures applicable  
 27 to the entire structure shall be reduced on a prorated basis in proportion to the ratio of the number of  
 28 square feet devoted to the affordable housing units or market rate housing units in distressed  
 29 communities, for purposes of determining the amount of the tax credit. The total amount of tax  
 30 credit granted for programs approved pursuant to section 32.111 for the fiscal year beginning July 1,  
 31 1991, shall not exceed two million dollars, to be increased by no more than two million dollars each  
 32 succeeding fiscal year, until the total tax credits that may be approved reaches ten million dollars in  
 33 any fiscal year;

34 (2) For any year during the compliance period indicated in the land use restriction  
 35 agreement, the owner of the affordable housing rental units for which a credit is being claimed shall  
 36 certify to the commission that all tenants renting claimed units are income eligible for affordable  
 37 housing units and that the rentals for each claimed unit are in compliance with the provisions of  
 38 sections 32.100 to 32.125. The commission is authorized, in its discretion, to audit the records and  
 39 accounts of the owner to verify such certification;

40 (3) In the case of owner-occupied affordable housing units, the qualifying owner occupant  
 41 shall, before the end of the first year in which credits are claimed, certify to the commission that the

1 occupant is income eligible during the preceding two years, and at the time of the initial purchase  
2 contract, but not thereafter. The qualifying owner occupant shall further certify to the commission,  
3 before the end of the first year in which credits are claimed, that during the compliance period  
4 indicated in the land use restriction agreement, the cost of the affordable housing unit to the occupant  
5 for the claimed unit can reasonably be projected to be in compliance with the provisions of sections  
6 32.100 to 32.125. Any succeeding owner occupant acquiring the affordable housing unit during the  
7 compliance period indicated in the land use restriction agreement shall make the same certification;

8 (4) If at any time during the compliance period the commission determines a project for  
9 which a proposal has been approved is not in compliance with the applicable provisions of sections  
10 32.100 to 32.125 or rules promulgated therefor, the commission may within one hundred fifty days  
11 of notice to the owner either seek injunctive enforcement action against the owner, or seek legal  
12 damages against the owner representing the value of the tax credits, or foreclose on the lien in the  
13 land use restriction agreement, selling the project at a public sale, and paying to the owner the  
14 proceeds of the sale, less the costs of the sale and less the value of all tax credits allowed herein. The  
15 commission shall remit to the director of revenue the portion of the legal damages collected or the  
16 sale proceeds representing the value of the tax credits. However, except in the event of intentional  
17 fraud by the taxpayer, the proposal's certificate of eligibility for tax credits shall not be revoked.

18 4. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.112, the amount of the tax credit shall not  
19 exceed fifty-five percent of the total amount contributed to a neighborhood organization by business  
20 firms. Any tax credit not used in the period for which the credit was approved may be carried over  
21 the next ten succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been allowed. The total  
22 amount of tax credit granted for programs approved pursuant to section 32.112 shall not exceed one  
23 million dollars for each fiscal year.

24 5. The total amount of tax credits used for market rate housing in distressed communities  
25 pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125 shall not exceed thirty percent of the total amount of all tax  
26 credits authorized pursuant to sections 32.111 and 32.112.

27 100.850. 1. The approved company shall remit to the board a job development assessment  
28 fee, not to exceed five percent of the gross wages of each eligible employee whose job was created as  
29 a result of the economic development project, or not to exceed ten percent if the economic  
30 development project is located within a distressed community as defined in section 135.530, for the  
31 purpose of retiring bonds which fund the economic development project.

32 2. Any approved company remitting an assessment as provided in subsection 1 of this  
33 section shall make its payroll books and records available to the board at such reasonable times as the  
34 board shall request and shall file with the board documentation respecting the assessment as the  
35 board may require.

36 3. Any assessment remitted pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall cease on the date  
37 the bonds are retired.

38 4. Any approved company which has paid an assessment for debt reduction shall be allowed  
39 a tax credit equal to the amount of the assessment. The tax credit may be claimed against taxes  
40 otherwise imposed by chapters 143 and 148, except withholding taxes imposed under the provisions  
41 of sections 143.191 to 143.265, which were incurred during the tax period in which the assessment

1 was made.

2 5. In no event shall the aggregate amount of tax credits authorized by subsection 4 of this  
3 section exceed twenty-five million dollars annually. Of such amount, nine hundred fifty thousand  
4 dollars shall be reserved for an approved project for a world headquarters of a business whose  
5 primary function is tax return preparation that is located in any home rule city with more than four  
6 hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county, which amount reserved shall end  
7 in the year of the final maturity of the certificates issued for such approved project.

8 6. The director of revenue shall issue a refund to the approved company to the extent that the  
9 amount of credits allowed in subsection 4 of this section exceeds the amount of the approved  
10 company's income tax.

11 7. No new tax credits shall be authorized under the provisions of this section after December  
12 31, 2015.

13 135.020. 1. A credit for property taxes shall be allowed for the amount provided in section  
14 135.030. If the amount allowable as a credit exceeds the income tax reduced by other credits, then  
15 the excess shall be considered an overpayment of the income tax.

16 2. No new tax credits shall be authorized under the provisions of sections 135.010 to  
17 135.030 after December 31, 2015.

18 135.352. 1. A taxpayer owning an interest in a qualified Missouri project shall, subject to  
19 the limitations provided under the provisions of [subsection] subsections 3 and 4 of this section, be  
20 allowed a state tax credit, whether or not allowed a federal tax credit, to be termed the Missouri  
21 low-income housing tax credit, if the commission issues an eligibility statement for that project.

22 2. For qualified Missouri projects placed in service after January 1, 1997, the Missouri  
23 low-income housing tax credit available to a project shall be such amount as the commission shall  
24 determine is necessary to ensure the feasibility of the project, up to an amount equal to the federal  
25 low-income housing tax credit for a qualified Missouri project, for a federal tax period, and such  
26 amount shall be subtracted from the amount of state tax otherwise due for the same tax period.

27 3. No more than six million dollars in tax credits shall be authorized each fiscal year for  
28 projects financed through tax-exempt bond issuance. The total amount of tax credits eligible to be  
29 awarded for projects that are financed through tax exempt bond issuance shall be reduced for each  
30 year for ten years in equal amounts beginning with the 2017 fiscal year until the total amount of tax  
31 credits authorized is thirty million dollars.

32 4. The total amount of tax credits eligible to be awarded for projects that are not financed  
33 through tax exempt bond issuance shall be reduced each year for ten years in equal amounts  
34 beginning with the 2017 fiscal year until the total amount of tax credits authorized is one hundred  
35 five million dollars.

36 5. The Missouri low-income housing tax credit shall be taken against the taxes and in the  
37 order specified pursuant to section 32.115. The credit authorized by this section shall not be  
38 refundable. Any amount of credit that exceeds the tax due for a taxpayer's taxable year may be  
39 carried back to any of the taxpayer's three prior taxable years or carried forward to any of the  
40 taxpayer's five subsequent taxable years.

41 [5.] 6. All or any portion of Missouri tax credits issued in accordance with the provisions of

sections 135.350 to 135.362 may be allocated to parties who are eligible pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of this section. Beginning January 1, 1995, for qualified projects which began on or after January 1, 1994, an owner of a qualified Missouri project shall certify to the director the amount of credit allocated to each taxpayer. The owner of the project shall provide to the director appropriate information so that the low-income housing tax credit can be properly allocated.

[6.] 7. In the event that recapture of Missouri low-income housing tax credits is required pursuant to subsection 2 of section 135.355, any statement submitted to the director as provided in this section shall include the proportion of the state credit required to be recaptured, the identity of each taxpayer subject to the recapture and the amount of credit previously allocated to such taxpayer.

[7.] 8. The director of the department may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer the provisions of this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024.

9. No new tax credits shall be authorized under the provisions of sections 135.350 to 135.362 after December 31, 2030.

135.750. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Highly compensated individual", any individual who receives compensation in excess of one million dollars in connection with a single qualified film production project;

(2) "Qualified film production project", any film, video, commercial, or television production, as approved by the department of economic development and the office of the Missouri film commission, that is under thirty minutes in length with an expected in-state expenditure budget in excess of fifty thousand dollars, or that is over thirty minutes in length with an expected in-state expenditure budget in excess of one hundred thousand dollars. Regardless of the production costs, "qualified film production project" shall not include any:

(a) News or current events programming;

(b) Talk show;

(c) Production produced primarily for industrial, corporate, or institutional purposes, and for internal use;

(d) Sports event or sports program;

(e) Gala presentation or awards show;

(f) Infomercial or any production that directly solicits funds;

(g) Political ad;

(h) Production that is considered obscene, as defined in section 573.010;

(3) "Qualifying expenses", the sum of the total amount spent in this state for the following by a production company in connection with a qualified film production project:

(a) Goods and services leased or purchased by the production company. For goods with a purchase price of twenty-five thousand dollars or more, the amount included in qualifying expenses shall be the purchase price less the fair market value of the goods at the time the production is completed;

(b) Compensation and wages paid by the production company on which the production company remitted withholding payments to the department of revenue under chapter 143. For

1 purposes of this section, compensation and wages shall not include any amounts paid to a highly  
2 compensated individual;

3 (4) "Tax credit", a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, excluding  
4 withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or otherwise due under chapter 148;

5 (5) "Taxpayer", any individual, partnership, or corporation as described in section 143.441,  
6 143.471, or section 148.370 that is subject to the tax imposed in chapter 143, excluding withholding  
7 tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax imposed in chapter 148 or any charitable  
8 organization which is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business  
9 taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143.

10 2. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, but ending on or before  
11 December 31, 2007, a taxpayer shall be granted a tax credit for up to fifty percent of the amount of  
12 investment in production or production-related activities in any film production project with an  
13 expected in-state expenditure budget in excess of three hundred thousand dollars. For all taxable  
14 years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, a taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit for up to  
15 thirty-five percent of the amount of qualifying expenses in a qualified film production project. Each  
16 film production company shall be limited to one qualified film production project per year.  
17 Activities qualifying a taxpayer for the tax credit pursuant to this subsection shall be approved by the  
18 office of the Missouri film commission and the department of economic development.

19 3. Taxpayers shall apply for the film production tax credit by submitting an application to the  
20 department of economic development, on a form provided by the department. As part of the  
21 application, the expected in-state expenditures of the qualified film production project shall be  
22 documented. In addition, the application shall include an economic impact statement, showing the  
23 economic impact from the activities of the film production project. Such economic impact statement  
24 shall indicate the impact on the region of the state in which the film production or production-related  
25 activities are located and on the state as a whole.

26 4. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2007, tax credits certified pursuant  
27 to subsection 2 of this section shall not exceed one million dollars per taxpayer per year, and shall  
28 not exceed a total for all tax credits certified of one million five hundred thousand dollars per year.  
29 For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, tax credits certified under subsection 1 of  
30 this section shall not exceed a total for all tax credits certified of four million five hundred thousand  
31 dollars per year. Taxpayers may carry forward unused credits for up to five tax periods, provided all  
32 such credits shall be claimed within ten tax periods following the tax period in which the film  
33 production or production-related activities for which the credits are certified by the department  
34 occurred.

35 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any taxpayer may sell, assign,  
36 exchange, convey or otherwise transfer tax credits allowed in subsection 2 of this section. The  
37 taxpayer acquiring the tax credits may use the acquired credits to offset the tax liabilities otherwise  
38 imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or  
39 chapter 148. Unused acquired credits may be carried forward for up to five tax periods, provided all  
40 such credits shall be claimed within ten tax periods following the tax period in which the film  
41 production or production-related activities for which the credits are certified by the department

1 occurred.

2 6. [Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:

3 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall automatically  
4 sunset six years after November 28, 2007, unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and

5 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall  
6 automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and

7 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately  
8 following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset.] No new  
9 tax credits shall be authorized under the provisions of this section after December 31, 2015."; and

10  
11 Further amend said bill, Page 4, Section 142.815, Line 111, by inserting after all of said section and  
12 line the following:

13 "143.011. 1. A tax is hereby imposed for every taxable year on the Missouri taxable income  
14 of every resident. The tax shall be determined by applying the tax table or the rate provided in  
15 section 143.021, which is based upon the following rates:

16 If the Missouri taxable income is: The tax is:

17 Not over \$1,000.00 . . . . . 1 1/2% of the Missouri  
18 taxable income

19 Over \$1,000 but not over \$2,000 \$15 plus 2% of excess  
20 over \$1,000

21 Over \$2,000 but not over \$3,000 \$35 plus 2 1/2% of excess  
22 over \$2,000

23 Over \$3,000 but not over \$4,000 \$60 plus 3% of excess  
24 over \$3,000

25 Over \$4,000 but not over \$5,000 \$90 plus 3 1/2% of excess  
26 over \$4,000

27 Over \$5,000 but not over \$6,000 \$125 plus 4% of excess  
28 over \$5,000

29 Over \$6,000 but not over \$7,000 \$165 plus 4 1/2% of  
30 excess over \$6,000

31 Over \$7,000 but not over \$8,000 \$210 plus 5% of excess  
32 over \$7,000

33 Over \$8,000 but not over \$9,000 \$260 plus 5 1/2% of  
34 excess over \$8,000

35 Over \$9,000 . . . . . \$315 plus 6% of excess  
36 over \$9,000

37 2. Beginning with the 2016 calendar year, the department of revenue shall calculate the  
38 amount of additional tax revenue resulting from this act after any revenue reduction required in  
39 subsection 3 of this section. The director of the department of revenue shall, by rule, adjust the tax  
40 brackets under subsection 1 of this section to offset any additional tax revenue so as to produce a  
41 revenue neutral effect. The resulting rates of tax shall be rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent.



1 The director shall notify the revisor of statutes of any changes to the tax tables of subsection 1 of this  
 2 section for updating as appropriate.

3 3. (1) Beginning with the 2017 calendar year, the top rate of tax under subsection 1 of this  
 4 section may be reduced over a period of years. Each reduction in the top rate of tax shall be by  
 5 one-tenth of a percent and no more than one reduction shall occur in a calendar year. The top rate of  
 6 tax shall not be reduced below [five] three and one-half percent. Reductions in the rate of tax shall  
 7 take effect on January first of a calendar year and such reduced rates shall continue in effect until the  
 8 next reduction occurs.

9 (2) A reduction in the rate of tax shall only occur if the amount of net general revenue  
 10 collected in the previous fiscal year exceeds the highest amount of net general revenue collected in  
 11 any of the three fiscal years prior to such fiscal year by at least one hundred fifty million dollars.

12 (3) Any modification of tax rates under this subsection shall only apply to tax years that  
 13 begin on or after a modification takes effect.

14 (4) The director of the department of revenue shall, by rule, adjust the tax tables under  
 15 subsection 1 of this section to effectuate the provisions of this subsection. [The bracket for income  
 16 subject to the top rate of tax shall be eliminated once the top rate of tax has been reduced to five and  
 17 one-half of a percent.]

18 [3.] 4. Beginning with the 2017 calendar year, the brackets of Missouri taxable income  
 19 identified in subsection 1 of this section shall be adjusted annually by the percent increase in  
 20 inflation. The director shall publish such brackets annually beginning on or after October 1, 2016.  
 21 Modifications to the brackets shall take effect on January first of each calendar year and shall apply  
 22 to tax years beginning on or after the effective date of the new brackets.

23 [4.] 5. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

24 (1) "CPI", the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the United States as  
 25 reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, or its successor index;

26 (2) "CPI for the preceding calendar year", the average of the CPI as of the close of the twelve  
 27 month period ending on August thirty-first of such calendar year;

28 (3) "Percent increase in inflation", the percentage, if any, by which the CPI for the preceding  
 29 calendar year exceeds the CPI for the year beginning September 1, 2014, and ending August 31,  
 30 2015.

31 144.010. 1. The following words, terms, and phrases when used in sections 144.010 to  
 32 144.525 have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except when the context indicates a  
 33 different meaning:

34 (1) "Admission" includes seats and tables, reserved or otherwise, and other similar  
 35 accommodations and charges made therefor and amount paid for admission, exclusive of any  
 36 admission tax imposed by the federal government or by sections 144.010 to 144.525;

37 (2) "Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person, or caused to be engaged in by  
 38 him, with the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either direct or indirect, and the classification of  
 39 which business is of such character as to be subject to the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525. A  
 40 person is "engaging in business" in this state for purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 if such  
 41 person "engages in business in this state" or "maintains a place of business in this state" under section

1 144.605. The isolated or occasional sale of tangible personal property, service, substance, or thing,  
2 by a person not engaged in such business, does not constitute engaging in business within the  
3 meaning of sections 144.010 to 144.525 unless the total amount of the gross receipts from such sales,  
4 exclusive of receipts from the sale of tangible personal property by persons which property is sold in  
5 the course of the partial or complete liquidation of a household, farm or nonbusiness enterprise,  
6 exceeds three thousand dollars in any calendar year. The provisions of this subdivision shall not be  
7 construed to make any sale of property which is exempt from sales tax or use tax on June 1, 1977,  
8 subject to that tax thereafter;

9 (3) "Captive wildlife", includes but is not limited to exotic partridges, gray partridge,  
10 northern bobwhite quail, ring-necked pheasant, captive waterfowl, captive white-tailed deer, captive  
11 elk, and captive furbearers held under permit issued by the Missouri department of conservation for  
12 hunting purposes. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to sales tax on a harvested  
13 animal;

14 (4) "Gross receipts", except as provided in section 144.012, means the total amount of the  
15 sale price of the sales at retail including any services other than charges incident to the extension of  
16 credit that are a part of such sales made by the businesses herein referred to, capable of being valued  
17 in money, whether received in money or otherwise; except that, the term "gross receipts" shall not  
18 include the sale price of property returned by customers when the full sale price thereof is refunded  
19 either in cash or by credit. In determining any tax due under sections 144.010 to 144.525 on the  
20 gross receipts, charges incident to the extension of credit shall be specifically exempted. For the  
21 purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 the total amount of the sale price above mentioned shall be  
22 deemed to be the amount received. It shall also include the lease or rental consideration where the  
23 right to continuous possession or use of any article of tangible personal property is granted under a  
24 lease or contract and such transfer of possession would be taxable if outright sale were made and, in  
25 such cases, the same shall be taxable as if outright sale were made and considered as a sale of such  
26 article, and the tax shall be computed and paid by the lessee upon the rentals paid;

27 (5) "Livestock", cattle, calves, sheep, swine, ratite birds, including but not limited to, ostrich  
28 and emu, aquatic products as defined in section 277.024, llamas, alpaca, buffalo, elk documented as  
29 obtained from a legal source and not from the wild, goats, horses, other equine, or rabbits raised in  
30 confinement for human consumption;

31 (6) "Motor vehicle leasing company" shall be a company obtaining a permit from the  
32 director of revenue to operate as a motor vehicle leasing company. Not all persons renting or leasing  
33 trailers or motor vehicles need to obtain such a permit; however, no person failing to obtain such a  
34 permit may avail itself of the optional tax provisions of subsection 5 of section 144.070, as  
35 hereinafter provided;

36 (7) "Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint adventure, association,  
37 corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political  
38 subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, except the state transportation  
39 department, estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court,  
40 syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular  
41 number;

1 (8) "Purchaser" means a person who purchases tangible personal property or to whom are  
2 rendered services, receipts from which are taxable under sections 144.010 to 144.525;

3 (9) "Research or experimentation activities" are the development of an experimental or pilot  
4 model, plant process, formula, invention or similar property, and the improvement of existing  
5 property of such type. Research or experimentation activities do not include activities such as  
6 ordinary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality control, efficiency surveys,  
7 advertising promotions or research in connection with literary, historical or similar projects;

8 (10) "Sale" or "sales" includes installment and credit sales, and the exchange of properties as  
9 well as the sale thereof for money, every closed transaction constituting a sale, and means any  
10 transfer, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of  
11 tangible personal property for valuable consideration and the rendering, furnishing or selling for a  
12 valuable consideration any of the substances, things and services herein designated and defined as  
13 taxable under the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525;

14 (11) "Sale at retail" means any transfer made by any person engaged in business as defined  
15 herein of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property to the purchaser, for use or  
16 consumption and not for resale in any form as tangible personal property, for a valuable  
17 consideration; except that, for the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed  
18 thereby:

19 (i) purchases of tangible personal property made by duly licensed physicians, dentists,  
20 optometrists and veterinarians and used in the practice of their professions shall be deemed to be  
21 purchases for use or consumption and not for resale; and

22 (ii) the selling of computer printouts, computer output or microfilm or microfiche and  
23 computer-assisted photo compositions to a purchaser to enable the purchaser to obtain for his or her  
24 own use the desired information contained in such computer printouts, computer output on  
25 microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions shall be considered as the sale of  
26 a service and not as the sale of tangible personal property. The provisions of this item shall expire on  
27 December 31, 2015.

28 Where necessary to conform to the context of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax  
29 imposed thereby, the term "sale at retail" shall be construed to embrace:

30 (a) Sales of admission tickets, cash admissions, charges and fees to or in places of  
31 amusement, entertainment and recreation, games and athletic events;

32 (b) Sales of electricity, electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to domestic,  
33 commercial or industrial consumers;

34 (c) Sales of local and long distance telecommunications service to telecommunications  
35 subscribers and to others through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the transmission  
36 of messages and conversations, and the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services pertaining  
37 or incidental thereto;

38 (d) Sales of service for transmission of messages by telegraph companies;

39 (e) Sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern,  
40 inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist camp, tourist cabin, or other place in  
41 which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the public;

1 (f) Sales of tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car,  
2 boat, airplane, and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and railroad  
3 safety of the department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of  
4 persons for hire;

5 (12) "Seller" means a person selling or furnishing tangible personal property or rendering  
6 services, on the receipts from which a tax is imposed pursuant to section 144.020;

7 (13) The noun "tax" means either the tax payable by the purchaser of a commodity or service  
8 subject to tax, or the aggregate amount of taxes due from the vendor of such commodities or services  
9 during the period for which he or she is required to report his or her collections, as the context may  
10 require;

11 (14) "Telecommunications service", for the purpose of this chapter, the transmission of  
12 information by wire, radio, optical cable, coaxial cable, electronic impulses, or other similar means.  
13 As used in this definition, "information" means knowledge or intelligence represented by any form  
14 of writing, signs, signals, pictures, sounds, or any other symbols. Telecommunications service does  
15 not include the following if such services are separately stated on the customer's bill or on records of  
16 the seller maintained in the ordinary course of business:

17 (a) Access to the internet, access to interactive computer services or electronic publishing  
18 services, except the amount paid for the telecommunications service used to provide such access;

19 (b) Answering services and one-way paging services;

20 (c) Private mobile radio services which are not two-way commercial mobile radio services  
21 such as wireless telephone, personal communications services or enhanced specialized mobile radio  
22 services as defined pursuant to federal law; or

23 (d) Cable or satellite television or music services; and

24 (15) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption" means  
25 tangible personal property, or any service that is subject to state or local sales or use taxes, or any tax  
26 that is substantially equivalent thereto, in this state or any other state.

27 2. For purposes of the taxes imposed under sections 144.010 to 144.525, and any other  
28 provisions of law pertaining to sales or use taxes which incorporate the provisions of sections  
29 144.010 to 144.525 by reference, the term "manufactured homes" shall have the same meaning given  
30 it in section 700.010.

31 3. Sections 144.010 to 144.525 may be known and quoted as the "Sales Tax Law".

32 144.011. 1. For purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.748, and the  
33 taxes imposed thereby, the definition of "retail sale" or "sale at retail" shall not be construed to  
34 include any of the following:

35 (1) The transfer by one corporation of substantially all of its tangible personal property to  
36 another corporation pursuant to a merger or consolidation effected under the laws of the state of  
37 Missouri or any other jurisdiction;

38 (2) The transfer of tangible personal property incident to the liquidation or cessation of a  
39 taxpayer's trade or business, conducted in proprietorship, partnership or corporate form, except to the  
40 extent any transfer is made in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business;

41 (3) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation solely in exchange for its

1 stock or securities;

2 (4) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation by a shareholder as a  
3 contribution to the capital of the transferee corporation;

4 (5) The transfer of tangible personal property to a partnership solely in exchange for a  
5 partnership interest therein;

6 (6) The transfer of tangible personal property by a partner as a contribution to the capital of  
7 the transferee partnership;

8 (7) The transfer of tangible personal property by a corporation to one or more of its  
9 shareholders as a dividend, return of capital, distribution in the partial or complete liquidation of the  
10 corporation or distribution in redemption of the shareholder's interest therein;

11 (8) The transfer of tangible personal property by a partnership to one or more of its partners  
12 as a current distribution, return of capital or distribution in the partial or complete liquidation of the  
13 partnership or of the partner's interest therein;

14 (9) The transfer of reusable containers used in connection with the sale of tangible personal  
15 property contained therein for which a deposit is required and refunded on return. The provisions of  
16 this subdivision shall expire on December 31, 2015;

17 (10) The purchase by persons operating eating or food service establishments, of items of a  
18 nonreusable nature which are furnished to the customers of such establishments with or in  
19 conjunction with the retail sales of their food or beverage. Such items shall include, but not be  
20 limited to, wrapping or packaging materials and nonreusable paper, wood, plastic and aluminum  
21 articles such as containers, trays, napkins, dishes, silverware, cups, bags, boxes, straws, sticks and  
22 toothpicks;

23 (11) The purchase by persons operating hotels, motels or other transient accommodation  
24 establishments, of items of a nonreusable nature which are furnished to the guests in the guests'  
25 rooms of such establishments and such items are included in the charge made for such  
26 accommodations. Such items shall include, but not be limited to, soap, shampoo, tissue and other  
27 toiletries and food or confectionery items offered to the guests without charge. The provisions of  
28 this subdivision shall expire on December 31, 2015;

29 (12) The transfer of a manufactured home other than:

30 (a) A transfer which involves the delivery of the document known as the "Manufacturer's  
31 Statement of Origin" to a person other than a manufactured home dealer, as defined in section  
32 700.010, for purposes of allowing such person to obtain a title to the manufactured home from the  
33 department of revenue of this state or the appropriate agency or officer of any other state;

34 (b) A transfer which involves the delivery of a "Repossessed Title" to a resident of this state  
35 if the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525 was not paid on the transfer of the manufactured  
36 home described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision;

37 (c) The first transfer which occurs after December 31, 1985, if the tax imposed by sections  
38 144.010 to 144.525 was not paid on any transfer of the same manufactured home which occurred  
39 before December 31, 1985; or

40 (13) Charges for initiation fees or dues to:

41 (a) Fraternal beneficiaries societies, or domestic fraternal societies, orders or associations

operating under the lodge system a substantial part of the activities of which are devoted to religious, charitable, scientific, literary, educational or fraternal purposes; or

(b) Posts or organizations of past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States or an auxiliary unit or society of, or a trust or foundation for, any such post or organization substantially all of the members of which are past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States or who are cadets, spouses, widows, or widowers of past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

2. The assumption of liabilities of the transferor by the transferee incident to any of the transactions enumerated in the above subdivisions (1) to (8) of subsection 1 of this section shall not disqualify the transfer from the exclusion described in this section, where such liability assumption is related to the property transferred and where the assumption does not have as its principal purpose the avoidance of Missouri sales or use tax.

144.014. 1. Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, beginning October 1, 1997, and ending December 31, 2015, the tax levied and imposed pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 and sections 144.600 to 144.746 on all retail sales of food shall be at the rate of one percent. The revenue derived from the one percent rate pursuant to this section shall be deposited by the state treasurer in the school district trust fund and shall be distributed as provided in section 144.701.

2. For the purposes of this section, the term "food" shall include only those products and types of food for which food stamps may be redeemed pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Food Stamp Program as contained in 7 U.S.C. Section 2012, as that section now reads or as it may be amended hereafter, and shall include food dispensed by or through vending machines. For the purpose of this section, except for vending machine sales, the term "food" shall not include food or drink sold by any establishment where the gross receipts derived from the sale of food prepared by such establishment for immediate consumption on or off the premises of the establishment constitutes more than eighty percent of the total gross receipts of that establishment, regardless of whether such prepared food is consumed on the premises of that establishment, including, but not limited to, sales of food by any restaurant, fast food restaurant, delicatessen, eating house, or cafe.

3. The provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, 2015.

144.020. 1. A tax is hereby levied and imposed for the privilege of titling new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and, except as provided in subdivision (9) of this subsection, upon all sellers for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable service at retail in this state. The rate of tax shall be as follows:

(1) Upon every retail sale in this state of tangible personal property, excluding motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of this subsection, a tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price paid or charged, or in case such sale involves the exchange of property, a tax equivalent to four percent of the consideration paid or charged, including the fair market value of the property exchanged at the time and place of the

1 exchange, except as otherwise provided in section 144.025;

2 (2) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid for admission and seating  
3 accommodations, or fees paid to, or in any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games  
4 and athletic events;

5 (3) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged on all sales of electricity  
6 or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to domestic, commercial or industrial  
7 consumers;

8 (4) A tax equivalent to four percent on the basic rate paid or charged on all sales of local and  
9 long distance telecommunications service to telecommunications subscribers and to others through  
10 equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and conversations  
11 and upon the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services pertaining or incidental thereto;  
12 except that, the payment made by telecommunications subscribers or others, pursuant to section  
13 144.060, and any amounts paid for access to the internet or interactive computer services shall not be  
14 considered as amounts paid for telecommunications services prior to December 31, 2015;

15 (5) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged for all sales of services  
16 for transmission of messages of telegraph companies;

17 (6) A tax equivalent to four percent on the amount of sales or charges for all rooms, meals  
18 and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car,  
19 tourist cabin, tourist camp or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the  
20 public;

21 (7) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for intrastate tickets by  
22 every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat, airplane and such buses  
23 and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of  
24 economic development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;

25 (8) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for rental or lease of  
26 tangible personal property, provided that if the lessor or renter of any tangible personal property had  
27 previously purchased the property under the conditions of "sale at retail" or leased or rented the  
28 property and the tax was paid at the time of purchase, lease or rental, the lessor, sublessor, renter or  
29 subrenter shall not apply or collect the tax on the subsequent lease, sublease, rental or subrental  
30 receipts from that property. The purchase, rental or lease of motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles,  
31 mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors shall be taxed and the tax paid as provided in  
32 this section and section 144.070. In no event shall the rental or lease of boats and outboard motors  
33 be considered a sale, charge, or fee to, for or in places of amusement, entertainment or recreation nor  
34 shall any such rental or lease be subject to any tax imposed to, for, or in such places of amusement,  
35 entertainment or recreation. Rental and leased boats or outboard motors shall be taxed under the  
36 provisions of the sales tax laws as provided under such laws for motor vehicles and trailers. Tangible  
37 personal property which is exempt from the sales or use tax under section 144.030 upon a sale  
38 thereof is likewise exempt from the sales or use tax upon the lease or rental thereof;

39 (9) A tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price, as defined in section 144.070, of  
40 new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on  
41 the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of the state of

1 Missouri. This tax is imposed on the person titling such property, and shall be paid according to the  
2 procedures in section 144.440.

3 2. All tickets sold which are sold under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 which  
4 are subject to the sales tax shall have printed, stamped or otherwise endorsed thereon, the words  
5 "This ticket is subject to a sales tax."."; and  
6

7 Further amend said bill, Page 6, Section 144.030, Line 74, by deleting all of said line and inserting in  
8 lieu thereof the following:

9 "commercial display. The provisions of this subdivision shall expire on December 31, 2015;"; and  
10

11 Further amend said bill, Page 7, section, Line 114, by deleting all of said line and inserting in lieu  
12 thereof the following:

13 " revenue-sharing agreement. The provisions of this subdivision shall expire on December 31,  
14 2015;"; and  
15

16 Further amend said bill, Page 8, section, Lines 141-142, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in  
17 lieu thereof the following:

18 "charitable functions and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary institutions, and all sales  
19 made to penal institutions prior to December 31, 2015, and all sales made to industries of the state,  
20 and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution of higher"; and  
21

22 Further amend said bill, Page 11, section, Line 234, by deleting all of said line and inserting in lieu  
23 thereof the following:

24 "of at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri. The  
25 provisions of this subdivision shall expire on December 31, 2015;"; and  
26

27 Further amend said bill, Page 12, section, Line 281, by deleting all of said line and inserting in lieu  
28 thereof the following:

29 "is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event. The  
30 provisions of this subdivision shall expire on December 31, 2015;"; and  
31

32 Further amend said bill, page, section, Line 284, by deleting all of said line and inserting in lieu  
33 thereof the following:

34 "the operation of a sports complex leased to a professional sports team. The provisions of this  
35 subdivision shall expire on December 31, 2015;"; and  
36

37 Further amend said bill, Page 13, section, Line 305, by inserting after all of said section and line the  
38 following:

39 "144.037. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 144.030,  
40 there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.635, sections  
41 67.500 to 67.545, sections 67.671 to 67.685, sections 67.700 to 67.729, sections 92.400 to 92.420,



sections 94.500 to 94.570, sections 94.600 to 94.655, sections 94.700 to 94.755, and sections 144.010 to 144.510 and 144.600 to 144.745, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable under sections 66.600 to 66.635, sections 67.500 to 67.545, sections 67.671 to 67.685, sections 67.700 to 67.729, sections 92.400 to 92.420, sections 94.500 to 94.570, sections 94.600 to 94.655, sections 94.700 to 94.755, and sections 144.010 to 144.510 and 144.600 to 144.745, all sales at retail made through the use of federal food stamp coupons. The provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, 2015.

144.039. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 144.030, there shall also be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.635, sections 67.500 to 67.545, 67.547, 67.581, 67.582, 67.671 to 67.685, 67.700 to 67.729, 67.730 to 67.739, 67.782, sections 92.400 to 92.420, sections 94.500 to 94.570, 94.600 to 94.655, 94.700 to 94.755, and sections 144.010 to 144.510 and 144.600 to 144.745 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable under sections 66.600 to 66.635, sections 67.500 to 67.545, 67.547, 67.581, 67.582, 67.671 to 67.685, 67.700 to 67.729, 67.730 to 67.739, 67.782, sections 92.400 to 92.420, sections 94.500 to 94.570, 94.600 to 94.655, 94.700 to 94.755, and sections 144.010 to 144.510 and 144.600 to 144.745, purchases of all tangible personal property made by, or on behalf of, a state senator or state representative if such purchases are made from funds in such state senator's or state representative's state expense account. The provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, 2015.

144.044. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Sale of a modular unit", a transfer of a modular unit as defined in section 700.010; (2) "Sale of a new manufactured home", a transfer of a manufactured home, as defined in section 700.010, which involves the delivery of the document known as the manufacturer's statement of origin to a person other than a manufactured home dealer, as dealer is defined in section 700.010, for purposes of allowing such person to obtain a title to the manufactured home from the department of revenue of this state or the appropriate agency or officer of any other state.

2. In the event of the sale of a new manufactured home, forty percent of the purchase price, as defined in section 700.320, shall be considered the sale of a service and not the sale of tangible personal property. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 144.030, the sale of services as defined in this section shall be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 238.235 and 238.410, the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable under sections 238.235 and 238.410, the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745, and section 238.235.

3. In the event of the sale of a new modular unit, forty percent of the retail sale of the unit or forty percent of the manufacturer's sales price of the unit if the manufacturer makes a sale to a consumer that is not a retail sale, plus any carrier charge and freight charges shall be considered the sale of a service and sixty percent shall be the retail sale of tangible personal property. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 144.030, the sale of services as defined in this section shall be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 238.235 and 238.410, the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745, and

1 from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 238.235 and 238.410, the  
 2 local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745,  
 3 and section 238.235.

4 4. The provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, 2015.

5 144.045. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the department of  
 6 revenue shall not consider the transfer for consideration of court transcripts, depositions, compressed  
 7 transcripts, exhibits, computer disks containing any such item, or copies of any such item which are  
 8 prepared by a court reporter as tangible personal property, but rather as a nontaxable service for  
 9 purposes of administrative interpretation. [In addition, the department of revenue shall, for purposes  
 10 of administrative interpretation, consider as nontaxable any machinery or equipment meeting the  
 11 definition of "farm machinery" under subdivision (23) of subsection 2 of section 144.030, whether or  
 12 not such machinery or equipment is attached to a vehicle or real property.]

13 2. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 144.030, there shall  
 14 also be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600  
 15 to 144.748, section 238.235, and from the provisions of any local sales tax law, as defined in section  
 16 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable under sections 144.010 to  
 17 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, and under any local sales tax law, as defined  
 18 in section 32.085, all sales of court transcripts, depositions, compressed transcripts, exhibits,  
 19 computer disks containing any such item, and all copies of any such item, which are prepared by a  
 20 court reporter.

21 3. The provisions of subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall expire on December 31, 2015.

22 4. The department of revenue shall, for purposes of administrative interpretation, consider as  
 23 nontaxable any machinery or equipment meeting the definition of "farm machinery" under  
 24 subdivision (23) of subsection 2 of section 144.030, whether or not such machinery or equipment is  
 25 attached to a vehicle or real property.

26 144.054. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

27 (1) "Processing", any mode of treatment, act, or series of acts performed upon materials to  
 28 transform or reduce them to a different state or thing, including treatment necessary to maintain or  
 29 preserve such processing by the producer at the production facility;

30 (2) "Recovered materials", those materials which have been diverted or removed from the  
 31 solid waste stream for sale, use, reuse, or recycling, whether or not they require subsequent  
 32 separation and processing.

33 2. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically  
 34 exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and from the  
 35 computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to  
 36 144.761, electrical energy and gas, whether natural, artificial, or propane, water, coal, and energy  
 37 sources, chemicals, machinery, equipment, and materials used or consumed in the manufacturing,  
 38 processing, compounding, mining, or producing of any product, or used or consumed in the  
 39 processing of recovered materials, or used in research and development related to manufacturing,  
 40 processing, compounding, mining, or producing any product. The exemptions granted in this  
 41 subsection shall not apply to local sales taxes as defined in section 32.085 and the provisions of this

subsection shall be in addition to any state and local sales tax exemption provided in section 144.030.

3. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, all utilities, machinery, and equipment used or consumed directly in television or radio broadcasting and all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax when such sales are made to or purchases are made by a contractor for use in fulfillment of any obligation under a defense contract with the United States government prior to December 31, 2015, and all sales and leases of tangible personal property by any county, city, incorporated town, or village, made prior to December 31, 2015, provided such sale or lease is authorized under chapter 100, and such transaction is certified for sales tax exemption by the department of economic development, and tangible personal property used for railroad infrastructure brought into this state for processing, fabrication, or other modification for use outside the state in the regular course of business.

4. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax when such sales are made to or purchases are made by a private partner for use in completing a project under sections 227.600 to 227.669.

144.057. In addition to the exemptions granted under this chapter, there shall also be specifically exempted from state and local sales and use taxes defined, levied, or calculated under section 32.085, sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.761, or section 238.235, all tangible personal property included on the United States munitions list, as provided in 22 CFR 121.1, sold to or purchased by any foreign government or agency or instrumentality of such foreign government which is used for a governmental purpose. The provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, 2015.

144.062. 1. With respect to exempt sales at retail of tangible personal property and materials for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for:

(1) A county, other political subdivision or instrumentality thereof exempt from taxation under subdivision (10) of Section 39 of Article III of the Constitution of Missouri; or

(2) An organization sales to which are exempt from taxation under the provisions of subdivision (20) of subsection 2 of section 144.030; or

(3) Any institution of higher education supported by public funds or any private not-for-profit institution of higher education, exempt from taxation under subdivision (21) of subsection 2 of section 144.030; or

(4) Any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school exempt from taxation under

1 subdivision (23) of subsection 2 of section 144.030; or

2 (5) Any authority exempt from taxation under subdivision (40) of subsection 2 of section  
3 144.030; or

4 (6) After June 30, 2007, but before December 31, 2015, the department of transportation or  
5 the state highways and transportation commission; hereinafter collectively referred to as exempt  
6 entities, such exemptions shall be allowed for such purchases if the purchases are related to the  
7 entities' exempt functions and activities. In addition, the sales shall not be rendered nonexempt nor  
8 shall any material supplier or contractor be obligated to pay, collect or remit sales tax with respect to  
9 such purchases made by or on behalf of an exempt entity due to such purchases being billed to or  
10 paid for by a contractor or the exempt entity contracting with any entity to render any services in  
11 relation to such purchases, including but not limited to selection of materials, ordering, pickup,  
12 delivery, approval on delivery, taking of delivery, transportation, storage, assumption of risk of loss  
13 to materials or providing warranties on materials as specified by contract, use of materials or other  
14 purchases for construction of the building or other facility, providing labor, management services,  
15 administrative services, design or technical services or advice to the exempt entity, whether or not  
16 the contractor or other entity exercises dominion or control in any other manner over the materials in  
17 conjunction with services or labor provided to the exempt entity.

18 2. When any exempt entity contracts for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling  
19 facilities, and purchases of tangible personal property and materials to be incorporated into or  
20 consumed in the construction of the project are to be made on a tax-exempt basis, such entity shall  
21 furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate authorizing such purchases for the construction,  
22 repair or remodeling project. The form and content of such project exemption certificate shall be  
23 approved by the director of revenue. The project exemption certificate shall include but not be  
24 limited to:

25 (1) The exempt entity's name, address, Missouri tax identification number and signature of  
26 authorized representative;

27 (2) The project location, description, and unique identification number;

28 (3) The date the contract is entered into, which is the earliest date materials may be  
29 purchased for the project on a tax-exempt basis;

30 (4) The estimated project completion date; and

31 (5) The certificate expiration date.

32 Such certificate is renewable for a given project at the option of the exempt entity, only for the  
33 purpose of revising the certificate expiration date as necessary to complete the project.

34 3. The contractor shall furnish the certificate prescribed in subsection 2 of this section to all  
35 subcontractors, and any contractor purchasing materials shall present such certificate to all material  
36 suppliers as authorization to purchase, on behalf of the exempt entity, all tangible personal property  
37 and materials to be incorporated into or consumed in the construction of that project and no other on  
38 a tax-exempt basis. Such suppliers shall execute to the purchasing contractor invoices bearing the  
39 name of the exempt entity and the project identification number. Nothing in this section shall be  
40 deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in  
41 constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the exempt entity. All invoices for all personal

1 property and materials purchased under a project exemption certificate shall be retained by the  
2 purchasing contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of  
3 revenue.

4 4. Any excess resalable tangible personal property or materials which were purchased for the  
5 project by a contractor under a project exemption certificate but which were not incorporated into or  
6 consumed in the construction of the project shall either be returned to the supplier for credit or the  
7 appropriate sales or use tax on such excess property or materials shall be reported on a return and  
8 paid by such contractor not later than the due date of the contractor's Missouri sales or use tax return  
9 following the month in which it was determined that the materials were not to be used in the project.

10 5. No contractor or material supplier shall, upon audit, be required to pay tax on tangible  
11 personal property and materials incorporated into or consumed in the construction of the project due  
12 to the failure of the exempt entity to revise the certificate expiration date as necessary to complete  
13 any work required by the contract. If it is determined that tax is owed on such property and materials  
14 due to the failure of the exempt entity to revise such certificate expiration date, the exempt entity  
15 shall be liable for the tax owed.

16 6. If an entity issues exemption certificates for the purchase of tangible personal property  
17 and materials which are incorporated into or consumed in the construction of its project and such  
18 entity is found not to have had the authority granted by this section to issue such exemption  
19 certificates, then such entity shall be liable for the tax owed on such personal property and materials.  
20 In addition, if an entity which does have the authority granted by this section to issue exemption  
21 certificates issues such certificates for the purchase of tangible personal property and materials which  
22 are incorporated into or consumed in the construction of a project, or part of a project, which is  
23 found not to be related to such entity's exempt functions and activities, then such entity shall be  
24 liable for the tax owed on such personal property and materials.

25 144.518. 1. In addition to the exemptions granted pursuant to section 144.030, there is  
26 hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600  
27 to 144.761, sections 190.335 to 190.337, section 238.235, section 238.236, section 238.410, section  
28 321.242, section 573.505, section 644.032, and any local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085,  
29 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to  
30 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.761, sections 190.335 to 190.337, section 238.235, section  
31 238.236, section 238.410, section 321.242, section 573.505, section 644.032, and any local sales tax  
32 law as defined in section 32.085, coin-operated amusement devices and parts for such devices  
33 purchased prior to September 1, 2007, where sales tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from the  
34 use of such devices. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on December 31, 2015.

35 2. Beginning September 1, 2007, in addition to any other exemption provided by law, there  
36 is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600  
37 to 144.761, sections 190.335 to 190.337, section 238.235, section 238.236, section 238.410, section  
38 321.242, section 573.505, section 644.032, and any local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085,  
39 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to  
40 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.761, sections 190.335 to 190.337, section 238.235, section  
41 238.236, section 238.410, section 321.242, section 573.505, section 644.032, and any local sales tax

law as defined in section 32.085, amounts paid for the temporary use of a coin-operated amusement device. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on December 31, 2015.

3. As used in this section, "coin-operated amusement device" means a device accepting payment or items representing payments to allow one or more users temporary use of the device for entertainment or amusement purposes. Examples of coin-operated amusement devices include, but are not limited to, video games, pinball games, table games such as billiards and air hockey, and redemption games such as the claw and skee ball that may award prizes of tangible personal property.

4. In addition to any other exemptions provided by law, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.761, sections 190.335 to 190.337, section 238.235, section 238.236, section 238.410, section 321.242, section 573.505, section 644.032, and any local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.761, sections 190.335 to 190.337, section 238.235, section 238.236, section 238.410, section 321.242, section 573.505, section 644.032, and any local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, vending machines or parts for vending machines used in a commercial vending business where sales tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from such vending machines.

144.526. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Show Me Green Sales Tax Holiday".

2. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, trash compactors, dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges, stoves, air conditioners, furnaces, refrigerators and freezers; and

(2) "Energy star certified", any appliance approved by both the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the United States Department of Energy as eligible to display the energy star label, as amended from time to time.

3. In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, there is hereby specifically exempted from state sales tax law all retail sales of any energy star certified new appliance, up to one thousand five hundred dollars per appliance, during a seven-day period beginning at 12:01 a.m. on April nineteenth and ending at midnight on April twenty-fifth.

4. A political subdivision may allow the sales tax holiday under this section to apply to its local sales taxes by enacting an ordinance to that effect. Any such political subdivision shall notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any such ordinance or order.

5. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent of the retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax holiday. The retailer shall offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax holiday.

6. The provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, 2015.

253.550. 1. Any taxpayer incurring costs and expenses for the rehabilitation of eligible property, which is a certified historic structure or structure in a certified historic district, may, subject to the provisions of this section and section 253.559, receive a credit against the taxes imposed pursuant to chapters 143 and 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265, on such taxpayer in an

1 amount equal to twenty-five percent of the total costs and expenses of rehabilitation incurred after  
2 January 1, 1998, which shall include, but not be limited to, qualified rehabilitation expenditures as  
3 defined under section 47(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the related  
4 regulations thereunder, provided the rehabilitation costs associated with rehabilitation and the  
5 expenses exceed fifty percent of the total basis in the property and the rehabilitation meets standards  
6 consistent with the standards of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior for  
7 rehabilitation as determined by the state historic preservation officer of the Missouri department of  
8 natural resources.

9 2. During the period beginning on January 1, 2010, but ending on or after June 30, 2010, the  
10 department of economic development shall not approve applications for tax credits under the  
11 provisions of subsections 3 and 8 of section 253.559 which, in the aggregate, exceed seventy million  
12 dollars, increased by any amount of tax credits for which approval shall be rescinded under the  
13 provisions of section 253.559. For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2010, but ending on  
14 or before June 30, 2016, the department of economic development shall not approve applications for  
15 tax credits under the provisions of subsections 3 and 8 of section 253.559 which, in the aggregate,  
16 exceed one hundred forty million dollars, increased by any amount of tax credits for which approval  
17 shall be rescinded under the provisions of section 253.559. The total amount of tax credits eligible  
18 to be awarded under the provisions of subsections 3 and 8 of section 253.559 shall be reduced each  
19 year for ten years in equal amounts beginning with the 2017 fiscal year until the total amount of tax  
20 credits eligible to be awarded is one hundred twenty million dollars, increased by any amount of tax  
21 credits for which approval shall be rescinded under the provisions of section 253.559. The  
22 limitations provided under this subsection shall not apply to applications approved under the  
23 provisions of subsection 3 of section 253.559 for projects to receive less than two hundred  
24 seventy-five thousand dollars in tax credits. The total amount of tax credits eligible to be awarded  
25 under the provisions of section 253.559 for projects to receive less than two hundred seventy-five  
26 thousand dollars in tax credits shall be reduced each year for ten years in equal amounts beginning  
27 with the 2017 fiscal year until the total amount of tax credits eligible to be awarded is twenty million  
28 dollars.

29 3. For all applications for tax credits approved on or after January 1, 2010, no more than two  
30 hundred fifty thousand dollars in tax credits may be issued for eligible costs and expenses incurred in  
31 the rehabilitation of an eligible property which is a nonincome producing single-family,  
32 owner-occupied residential property and is either a certified historic structure or a structure in a  
33 certified historic district.

34 4. The limitations on tax credit authorization provided under the provisions of subsections 2  
35 and 3 of this section shall not apply to:

36 (1) Any application submitted by a taxpayer, which has received approval from the  
37 department prior to January 1, 2010; or

38 (2) Any taxpayer applying for tax credits, provided under this section, which, on or before  
39 January 1, 2010, has filed an application with the department evidencing that such taxpayer:

40 (a) Has incurred costs and expenses for an eligible property which exceed the lesser of five  
41 percent of the total project costs or one million dollars and received an approved Part I from the

1 Secretary of the United States Department of Interior; or

2 (b) Has received certification, by the state historic preservation officer, that the rehabilitation  
3 plan meets the standards consistent with the standards of the Secretary of the United States  
4 Department of the Interior, and the rehabilitation costs and expenses associated with such  
5 rehabilitation shall exceed fifty percent of the total basis in the property.

6 5. No new tax credits shall be authorized under the provisions of sections 253.545 to  
7 253.559 after December 31, 2030.

8 262.250. 1. The commission may charge a fee on any entry to be paid at the time of entry.  
9 All animals and articles must be entered in their proper classes and no other. The director shall  
10 determine all questions of classification.

11 2. In addition to any exemption in chapter 144, no sales taxes shall be levied and collected on  
12 any entry fee or charge authorized in this section. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on  
13 December 31, 2015.

14 313.821. 1. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 144.030,  
15 there shall also be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.635, sections  
16 67.500 to 67.545, 67.547, 67.581, 67.582, 67.671 to 67.685, 67.700 to 67.729, 67.730 to 67.739, and  
17 67.782, sections 92.400 to 92.420, sections 94.500 to 94.570, 94.600 to 94.655, and 94.700 to  
18 94.755, and sections 144.010 to 144.510 and 144.600 to 144.745, and from the computation of the  
19 tax levied, assessed or payable under sections 66.600 to 66.635, sections 67.500 to 67.545, 67.547,  
20 67.581, 67.582, 67.671 to 67.685, 67.700 to 67.729, 67.730 to 67.739, and 67.782, sections 92.400  
21 to 92.420, sections 94.500 to 94.570, 94.600 to 94.655, and 94.700 to 94.755, and sections 144.010  
22 to 144.510 and 144.600 to 144.745, any state or local admission fees imposed upon excursion  
23 gambling boat operators to be collected from each passenger boarding such excursion gambling  
24 boats. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on December 31, 2015.

25 2. Nothing in this section shall exempt from the taxes referenced in subsection 1 of this  
26 section any fees of admission voluntarily charged by excursion boat gambling operators to  
27 passengers boarding such excursion gambling boats.

28 447.708. 1. For eligible projects, the director of the department of economic development,  
29 with notice to the directors of the departments of natural resources and revenue, and subject to the  
30 other provisions of sections 447.700 to 447.718, may not create a new enterprise zone but may  
31 decide that a prospective operator of a facility being remedied and renovated pursuant to sections  
32 447.700 to 447.718 may receive the tax credits and exemptions pursuant to sections 135.100 to  
33 135.150 and sections 135.200 to 135.257. The tax credits allowed pursuant to this subsection shall  
34 be used to offset the tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections  
35 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 147, or the tax otherwise imposed by  
36 chapter 148. For purposes of this subsection:

37 (1) For receipt of the ad valorem tax abatement pursuant to section 135.215, the eligible  
38 project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five  
39 existing jobs. The city, or county if the eligible project is not located in a city, must provide ad  
40 valorem tax abatement of at least fifty percent for a period not less than ten years and not more than  
41 twenty-five years;



1           (2) For receipt of the income tax exemption pursuant to section 135.220 and tax credit for  
2 new or expanded business facilities pursuant to sections 135.100 to 135.150, and 135.225, the  
3 eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which supply at least  
4 twenty-five existing jobs, or combination thereof. For purposes of sections 447.700 to 447.718, the  
5 tax credits described in section 135.225 are modified as follows: the tax credit shall be four hundred  
6 dollars per employee per year, an additional four hundred dollars per year for each employee  
7 exceeding the minimum employment thresholds of ten and twenty-five jobs for new and existing  
8 businesses, respectively, an additional four hundred dollars per year for each person who is a person  
9 difficult to employ as defined by section 135.240, and investment tax credits at the same amounts  
10 and levels as provided in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 135.225;

11           (3) For eligibility to receive the income tax refund pursuant to section 135.245, the eligible  
12 project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five  
13 existing jobs, or combination thereof, and otherwise comply with the provisions of section 135.245  
14 for application and use of the refund and the eligibility requirements of this section;

15           (4) The eligible project operates in compliance with applicable environmental laws and  
16 regulations, including permitting and registration requirements, of this state as well as the federal  
17 and local requirements;

18           (5) The eligible project operator shall file such reports as may be required by the director of  
19 economic development or the director's designee;

20           (6) The taxpayer may claim the state tax credits authorized by this subsection and the state  
21 income exemption for a period not in excess of ten consecutive tax years. For the purpose of this  
22 section, "taxpayer" means an individual proprietorship, partnership or corporation described in  
23 section 143.441 or 143.471 who operates an eligible project. The director shall determine the  
24 number of years the taxpayer may claim the state tax credits and the state income exemption based  
25 on the projected net state economic benefits attributed to the eligible project;

26           (7) For the purpose of meeting the new job requirement prescribed in subdivisions (1), (2)  
27 and (3) of this subsection, it shall be required that at least ten new jobs be created and maintained  
28 during the taxpayer's tax period for which the credits are earned, in the case of an eligible project that  
29 does not replace a similar facility in Missouri. "New job" means a person who was not previously  
30 employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer within the twelve-month period immediately preceding  
31 the time the person was employed by that taxpayer to work at, or in connection with, the eligible  
32 project on a full-time basis. "Full-time basis" means the employee works an average of at least  
33 thirty-five hours per week during the taxpayer's tax period for which the tax credits are earned. For  
34 the purposes of this section, related taxpayer has the same meaning as defined in subdivision (9) of  
35 section 135.100;

36           (8) For the purpose of meeting the existing job retention requirement, if the eligible project  
37 replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax  
38 period in which the tax credits are earned, it shall be required that at least twenty-five existing jobs  
39 be retained at, and in connection with the eligible project, on a full-time basis during the taxpayer's  
40 tax period for which the credits are earned. "Retained job" means a person who was previously  
41 employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer, at a facility similar to the eligible project that closed

1 elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned,  
2 within the tax period immediately preceding the time the person was employed by the taxpayer to  
3 work at, or in connection with, the eligible project on a full-time basis. "Full-time basis" means the  
4 employee works an average of at least thirty-five hours per week during the taxpayer's tax period for  
5 which the tax credits are earned;

6 (9) In the case where an eligible project replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in  
7 Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, the owner  
8 and operator of the eligible project shall provide the director with a written statement explaining the  
9 reason for discontinuing operations at the closed facility. The statement shall include a comparison  
10 of the activities performed at the closed facility prior to the date the facility ceased operating, to the  
11 activities performed at the eligible project, and a detailed account describing the need and rationale  
12 for relocating to the eligible project. If the director finds the relocation to the eligible project  
13 significantly impaired the economic stability of the area in which the closed facility was located, and  
14 that such move was detrimental to the overall economic development efforts of the state, the director  
15 may deny the taxpayer's request to claim tax benefits;

16 (10) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, for the purpose of this section, the  
17 number of new jobs created and maintained, the number of existing jobs retained, and the value of  
18 new qualified investment used at the eligible project during any tax year shall be determined by  
19 dividing by twelve, in the case of jobs, the sum of the number of individuals employed at the eligible  
20 project, or in the case of new qualified investment, the value of new qualified investment used at the  
21 eligible project, on the last business day of each full calendar month of the tax year. If the eligible  
22 project is in operation for less than the entire tax year, the number of new jobs created and  
23 maintained, the number of existing jobs retained, and the value of new qualified investment created  
24 at the eligible project during any tax year shall be determined by dividing the sum of the number of  
25 individuals employed at the eligible project, or in the case of new qualified investment, the value of  
26 new qualified investment used at the eligible project, on the last business day of each full calendar  
27 month during the portion of the tax year during which the eligible project was in operation, by the  
28 number of full calendar months during such period;

29 (11) For the purpose of this section, "new qualified investment" means new business facility  
30 investment as defined and as determined in subdivision (7) of section 135.100 which is used at and in  
31 connection with the eligible project. "New qualified investment" shall not include small tools,  
32 supplies and inventory. "Small tools" means tools that are portable and can be hand held.

33 2. The determination of the director of economic development pursuant to subsection 1 of  
34 this section shall not affect requirements for the prospective purchaser to obtain the approval of the  
35 granting of real property tax abatement by the municipal or county government where the eligible  
36 project is located.

37 3. (1) The director of the department of economic development, with the approval of the  
38 director of the department of natural resources, may, in addition to the tax credits allowed in  
39 subsection 1 of this section, grant a remediation tax credit to the applicant for up to one hundred  
40 percent of the costs of materials, supplies, equipment, labor, professional engineering, consulting and  
41 architectural fees, permitting fees and expenses, demolition, asbestos abatement, and direct utility

1 charges for performing the voluntary remediation activities for the preexisting hazardous substance  
2 contamination and releases, including, but not limited to, the costs of performing operation and  
3 maintenance of the remediation equipment at the property beyond the year in which the systems and  
4 equipment are built and installed at the eligible project and the costs of performing the voluntary  
5 remediation activities over a period not in excess of four tax years following the taxpayer's tax year  
6 in which the system and equipment were first put into use at the eligible project, provided the  
7 remediation activities are the subject of a plan submitted to, and approved by, the director of natural  
8 resources pursuant to sections 260.565 to 260.575. The tax credit may also include up to one  
9 hundred percent of the costs of demolition that are not directly part of the remediation activities,  
10 provided that the demolition is on the property where the voluntary remediation activities are  
11 occurring, the demolition is necessary to accomplish the planned use of the facility where the  
12 remediation activities are occurring, and the demolition is part of a redevelopment plan approved by  
13 the municipal or county government and the department of economic development. The demolition  
14 may occur on an adjacent property if the project is located in a municipality which has a population  
15 less than twenty thousand and the above conditions are otherwise met. The adjacent property shall  
16 independently qualify as abandoned or underutilized. The amount of the credit available for  
17 demolition not associated with remediation cannot exceed the total amount of credits approved for  
18 remediation including demolition required for remediation.

19 (2) The amount of remediation tax credits issued shall be limited to the least amount  
20 necessary to cause the project to occur, as determined by the director of the department of economic  
21 development.

22 (3) The director may, with the approval of the director of natural resources, extend the tax  
23 credits allowed for performing voluntary remediation maintenance activities, in increments of  
24 three-year periods, not to exceed five consecutive three-year periods. The tax credits allowed in this  
25 subsection shall be used to offset the tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed  
26 by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 147, or the tax otherwise  
27 imposed by chapter 148. The remediation tax credit may be taken in the same tax year in which the  
28 tax credits are received or may be taken over a period not to exceed twenty years.

29 (4) The project facility shall be projected to create at least ten new jobs or at least  
30 twenty-five retained jobs, or a combination thereof, as determined by the department of economic  
31 development, to be eligible for tax credits pursuant to this section.

32 (5) No more than seventy-five percent of earned remediation tax credits may be issued when  
33 the remediation costs were paid, and the remaining percentage may be issued when the department  
34 of natural resources issues a letter of completion letter or covenant not to sue following completion  
35 of the voluntary remediation activities. It shall not include any costs associated with ongoing  
36 operational environmental compliance of the facility or remediation costs arising out of spills, leaks,  
37 or other releases arising out of the ongoing business operations of the facility. In the event the  
38 department of natural resources issues a letter of completion for a portion of a property, an impacted  
39 media such as soil or groundwater, or for a site or a portion of a site improvement, a prorated amount  
40 of the remaining percentage may be released based on the percentage of the total site receiving a  
41 letter of completion.

4. In the exercise of the sound discretion of the director of the department of economic development or the director's designee, the tax credits and exemptions described in this section may be terminated, suspended or revoked, if the eligible project fails to continue to meet the conditions set forth in this section. In making such a determination, the director shall consider the severity of the condition violation, actions taken to correct the violation, the frequency of any condition violations and whether the actions exhibit a pattern of conduct by the eligible facility owner and operator. The director shall also consider changes in general economic conditions and the recommendation of the director of the department of natural resources, or his or her designee, concerning the severity, scope, nature, frequency and extent of any violations of the environmental compliance conditions. The taxpayer or person claiming the tax credits or exemptions may appeal the decision regarding termination, suspension or revocation of any tax credit or exemption in accordance with the procedures outlined in subsections 4 [to 6] and 5 of section 135.250. The director of the department of economic development shall notify the directors of the departments of natural resources and revenue of the termination, suspension or revocation of any tax credits as determined in this section or pursuant to the provisions of section 447.716.

5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no taxpayer shall earn the tax credits, exemptions or refund otherwise allowed in subdivisions (2), (3) and (4) of subsection 1 of this section and the tax credits otherwise allowed in section 135.110, or the tax credits, exemptions and refund otherwise allowed in sections 135.215, 135.220, 135.225 and 135.245, respectively, for the same facility for the same tax period.

6. The total amount of the tax credits allowed in subsection 1 of this section may not exceed the greater of:

(1) That portion of the taxpayer's income attributed to the eligible project; or  
 (2) One hundred percent of the total business' income tax if the eligible facility does not replace a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, and further provided the taxpayer does not operate any other facilities besides the eligible project in Missouri; fifty percent of the total business' income tax if the eligible facility replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the credits are earned, and further provided the taxpayer does not operate any other facilities besides the eligible project in Missouri; or twenty-five percent of the total business income if the taxpayer operates, in addition to the eligible facility, any other facilities in Missouri. In no case shall a taxpayer operating more than one eligible project in Missouri be allowed to offset more than twenty-five percent of the taxpayer's business income in any tax period. That portion of the taxpayer's income attributed to the eligible project as referenced in subdivision (1) of this subsection, for which the credits allowed in sections 135.110 and 135.225 and subsection 3 of this section, may apply, shall be determined in the same manner as prescribed in subdivision [(6)] (7) of section 135.100. That portion of the taxpayer's franchise tax attributed to the eligible project for which the remediation tax credit may offset, shall be determined in the same manner as prescribed in paragraph (a) of subdivision [(6)] (7) of section 135.100.

7. Taxpayers claiming the state tax benefits allowed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section shall be required to file all applicable tax credit applications, forms and schedules

prescribed by the director during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the eligible project was first put into use. Otherwise, the taxpayer's right to claim such state tax benefits shall be forfeited. Unused business facility and enterprise zone tax credits shall not be carried forward but shall be initially claimed for the tax period during which the eligible project was first capable of being used, and during any applicable subsequent tax periods.

8. Taxpayers claiming the remediation tax credit allowed in subsection 3 of this section shall be required to file all applicable tax credit applications, forms and schedules prescribed by the director during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the eligible project was first put into use, or during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the voluntary remediation activities were performed.

9. The recipient of remediation tax credits, for the purpose of this subsection referred to as assignor, may assign, sell or transfer, in whole or in part, the remediation tax credit allowed in subsection 3 of this section to any other person, for the purpose of this subsection referred to as assignee. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice to the director of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the assignee, the date the transfer is effective, the assignee's name, address and the assignee's tax period and the amount of tax credits to be transferred. The number of tax periods during which the assignee may subsequently claim the tax credits shall not exceed twenty tax periods, less the number of tax periods the assignor previously claimed the credits before the transfer occurred.

10. In the case where an operator and assignor of an eligible project has been certified to claim state tax benefits allowed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section, and sells or otherwise transfers title of the eligible project to another taxpayer or assignee who continues the same or substantially similar operations at the eligible project, the director shall allow the assignee to claim the credits for a period of time to be determined by the director; except that, the total number of tax periods the tax credits may be earned by the assignor and the assignee shall not exceed ten. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice to the director of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the assignee, the date the transfer is effective, the assignee's name, address, and the assignee's tax period, and the amount of tax credits to be transferred.

11. For the purpose of the state tax benefits described in this section, in the case of a corporation described in section 143.471 or partnership, in computing Missouri's tax liability, such state benefits shall be allowed to the following:

(1) The shareholders of the corporation described in section 143.471;

(2) The partners of the partnership. The credit provided in this subsection shall be apportioned to the entities described in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of the taxpayer's tax period.

12. No new tax credits shall be authorized under the provisions of this section after December 31, 2015.

620.1881. 1. The department of economic development shall respond within thirty days to a company who provides a notice of intent with either an approval or a rejection of the notice of intent. The department shall give preference to qualified companies and projects targeted at an area of the state which has recently been classified as a disaster area by the federal government. Failure to

1 respond on behalf of the department of economic development shall result in the notice of intent  
2 being deemed an approval for the purposes of this section. A qualified company who is provided an  
3 approval for a project shall be allowed a benefit as provided in this program in the amount and  
4 duration provided in this section. A qualified company may receive additional periods for  
5 subsequent new jobs at the same facility after the full initial period if the minimum thresholds are  
6 met as set forth in sections 620.1875 to 620.1890. There is no limit on the number of periods a  
7 qualified company may participate in the program, as long as the minimum thresholds are achieved  
8 and the qualified company provides the department with the required reporting and is in proper  
9 compliance for this program or other state programs. A qualified company may elect to file a notice  
10 of intent to start a new project period concurrent with an existing project period if the minimum  
11 thresholds are achieved and the qualified company provides the department with the required  
12 reporting and is in proper compliance for this program and other state programs; however, the  
13 qualified company may not receive any further benefit under the original approval for jobs created  
14 after the date of the new notice of intent, and any jobs created before the new notice of intent may  
15 not be included as new jobs for the purpose of benefit calculation in relation to the new approval.  
16 When a qualified company has filed and received approval of a notice of intent and subsequently  
17 files another notice of intent, the department shall apply the definition of project facility under  
18 subdivision (19) of section 620.1878 to the new notice of intent as well as all previously approved  
19 notices of intent and shall determine the application of the definitions of new job, new payroll,  
20 project facility base employment, and project facility base payroll accordingly.

21 2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any qualified company that is  
22 awarded benefits under this program may not simultaneously receive tax credits or exemptions under  
23 sections 135.100 to 135.150, sections 135.200 to 135.286, section 135.535, or sections 135.900 to  
24 135.906 at the same project facility. The benefits available to the company under any other state  
25 programs for which the company is eligible and which utilize withholding tax from the new jobs of  
26 the company must first be credited to the other state program before the withholding retention level  
27 applicable under the Missouri quality jobs act will begin to accrue. These other state programs  
28 include, but are not limited to, the Missouri works jobs training program under sections 620.800 to  
29 620.809, the real property tax increment allocation redevelopment act, sections 99.800 to 99.865, or  
30 the Missouri downtown and rural economic stimulus act under sections 99.915 to 99.980. If any  
31 qualified company also participates in the Missouri works jobs training program in sections 620.800  
32 to 620.809, the company shall retain no withholding tax, but the department shall issue a refundable  
33 tax credit for the full amount of benefit allowed under this subdivision. The calendar year annual  
34 maximum amount of tax credits which may be issued to a qualifying company that also participates  
35 in the new job training program shall be increased by an amount equivalent to the withholding tax  
36 retained by that company under the new jobs training program. However, if the combined benefits  
37 of the quality jobs program and the new jobs training program exceed the projected state benefit of  
38 the project, as determined by the department of economic development through a cost-benefit  
39 analysis, the increase in the maximum tax credits shall be limited to the amount that would not cause  
40 the combined benefits to exceed the projected state benefit. Any taxpayer who is awarded benefits  
41 under this program who knowingly hires individuals who are not allowed to work legally in the

1 United States shall immediately forfeit such benefits and shall repay the state an amount equal to any  
2 state tax credits already redeemed and any withholding taxes already retained.

3 3. The types of projects and the amount of benefits to be provided are:

4 (1) Small and expanding business projects: in exchange for the consideration provided by  
5 the new tax revenues and other economic stimuli that will be generated by the new jobs created by  
6 the program, a qualified company may retain an amount equal to the withholding tax as calculated  
7 under subdivision (33) of section 620.1878 from the new jobs that would otherwise be withheld and  
8 remitted by the qualified company under the provisions of sections 143.191 to 143.265 for a period  
9 of three years from the date the required number of new jobs were created if the average wage of the  
10 new payroll equals or exceeds the county average wage or for a period of five years from the date the  
11 required number of new jobs were created if the average wage of the new payroll equals or exceeds  
12 one hundred twenty percent of the county average wage;

13 (2) Technology business projects: in exchange for the consideration provided by the new tax  
14 revenues and other economic stimuli that will be generated by the new jobs created by the program,  
15 a qualified company may retain an amount equal to a maximum of five percent of new payroll for a  
16 period of five years from the date the required number of jobs were created from the withholding tax  
17 of the new jobs that would otherwise be withheld and remitted by the qualified company under the  
18 provisions of sections 143.191 to 143.265 if the average wage of the new payroll equals or exceeds  
19 the county average wage. An additional one-half percent of new payroll may be added to the five  
20 percent maximum if the average wage of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred twenty  
21 percent of the county average wage in the county in which the project facility is located, plus an  
22 additional one-half percent of new payroll may be added if the average wage of the new payroll in  
23 any year exceeds one hundred forty percent of the average wage in the county in which the project  
24 facility is located. The department shall issue a refundable tax credit for any difference between the  
25 amount of benefit allowed under this subdivision and the amount of withholding tax retained by the  
26 company, in the event the withholding tax is not sufficient to provide the entire amount of benefit  
27 due to the qualified company under this subdivision;

28 (3) High impact projects: in exchange for the consideration provided by the new tax  
29 revenues and other economic stimuli that will be generated by the new jobs created by the program,  
30 a qualified company may retain an amount from the withholding tax of the new jobs that would  
31 otherwise be withheld and remitted by the qualified company under the provisions of sections  
32 143.191 to 143.265, equal to three percent of new payroll for a period of five years from the date the  
33 required number of jobs were created if the average wage of the new payroll equals or exceeds the  
34 county average wage of the county in which the project facility is located. For high-impact projects  
35 in a facility located within two adjacent counties, the new payroll shall equal or exceed the higher  
36 county average wage of the adjacent counties. The percentage of payroll allowed under this  
37 subdivision shall be three and one-half percent of new payroll if the average wage of the new payroll  
38 in any year exceeds one hundred twenty percent of the county average wage in the county in which  
39 the project facility is located. The percentage of payroll allowed under this subdivision shall be four  
40 percent of new payroll if the average wage of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred forty  
41 percent of the county average wage in the county in which the project facility is located. An

1 additional one percent of new payroll may be added to these percentages if local incentives equal  
 2 between ten percent and twenty-four percent of the new direct local revenue; an additional two  
 3 percent of new payroll is added to these percentages if the local incentives equal between twenty-five  
 4 percent and forty-nine percent of the new direct local revenue; or an additional three percent of  
 5 payroll is added to these percentages if the local incentives equal fifty percent or more of the new  
 6 direct local revenue. The department shall issue a refundable tax credit for any difference between  
 7 the amount of benefit allowed under this subdivision and the amount of withholding tax retained by  
 8 the company, in the event the withholding tax is not sufficient to provide the entire amount of benefit  
 9 due to the qualified company under this subdivision;

10 (4) Job retention projects: a qualified company may receive a tax credit for the retention of  
 11 jobs in this state, provided the qualified company and the project meets all of the following  
 12 conditions:

13 (a) For each of the twenty-four months preceding the year in which application for the  
 14 program is made the qualified company must have maintained at least one thousand full-time  
 15 employees at the employer's site in the state at which the jobs are based, and the average wage of  
 16 such employees must meet or exceed the county average wage;

17 (b) The qualified company retained at the project facility the level of full-time employees  
 18 that existed in the taxable year immediately preceding the year in which application for the program  
 19 is made;

20 (c) The qualified company is considered to have a significant statewide effect on the  
 21 economy, and has been determined to represent a substantial risk of relocation from the state by the  
 22 quality jobs advisory task force established in section 620.1887; provided, however, until such time  
 23 as the initial at-large members of the quality jobs advisory task force are appointed, this  
 24 determination shall be made by the director of the department of economic development;

25 (d) The qualified company in the project facility will cause to be invested a minimum of  
 26 seventy million dollars in new investment prior to the end of two years or will cause to be invested a  
 27 minimum of thirty million dollars in new investment prior to the end of two years and maintain an  
 28 annual payroll of at least seventy million dollars during each of the years for which a credit is  
 29 claimed; and

30 (e) The local taxing entities shall provide local incentives of at least fifty percent of the new  
 31 direct local revenues created by the project over a ten-year period.

32 The quality jobs advisory task force may recommend to the department of economic development  
 33 that appropriate penalties be applied to the company for violating the agreement. The amount of the  
 34 job retention credit granted may be equal to up to fifty percent of the amount of withholding tax  
 35 generated by the full-time jobs at the project facility for a period of five years. The calendar year  
 36 annual maximum amount of tax credit that may be issued to any qualified company for a job  
 37 retention project or combination of job retention projects shall be seven hundred fifty thousand  
 38 dollars per year, but the maximum amount may be increased up to one million dollars if such action  
 39 is proposed by the department and approved by the quality jobs advisory task force established in  
 40 section 620.1887; provided, however, until such time as the initial at-large members of the quality  
 41 jobs advisory task force are appointed, this determination shall be made by the director of the



1 department of economic development. In considering such a request, the task force shall rely on  
2 economic modeling and other information supplied by the department when requesting the increased  
3 limit on behalf of the job retention project. In no event shall the total amount of all tax credits issued  
4 for the entire job retention program under this subdivision exceed three million dollars annually.  
5 Notwithstanding the above, no tax credits shall be issued for job retention projects approved by the  
6 department after August 30, 2013;

7 (5) Small business job retention and flood survivor relief: a qualified company may receive  
8 a tax credit under sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 for the retention of jobs and flood survivor relief in  
9 this state for each job retained over a three-year period, provided that:

10 (a) The qualified company did not receive any state or federal benefits, incentives, or tax  
11 relief or abatement in locating its facility in a flood plain;

12 (b) The qualified company and related companies have fewer than one hundred employees at  
13 the time application for the program is made;

14 (c) The average wage of the qualified company's and related companies' employees must  
15 meet or exceed the county average wage;

16 (d) All of the qualified company's and related companies' facilities are located in this state;

17 (e) The facilities at the primary business site in this state have been directly damaged by  
18 floodwater rising above the level of a five hundred year flood at least two years, but fewer than eight  
19 years, prior to the time application is made;

20 (f) The qualified company made significant efforts to protect the facilities prior to any  
21 impending danger from rising floodwaters;

22 (g) For each year it receives tax credits under sections 620.1875 to 620.1890, the qualified  
23 company and related companies retained, at the company's facilities in this state, at least the level of  
24 full-time, year-round employees that existed in the taxable year immediately preceding the year in  
25 which application for the program is made; and

26 (h) In the years it receives tax credits under sections 620.1875 to 620.1890, the company  
27 cumulatively invests at least two million dollars in capital improvements in facilities and equipment  
28 located at such facilities that are not located within a five hundred year flood plain as designated by  
29 the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and amended from time to time. The amount of the  
30 small business job retention and flood survivor relief credit granted may be equal to up to one  
31 hundred percent of the amount of withholding tax generated by the full-time jobs at the project  
32 facility for a period of three years. The calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credit that  
33 may be issued to any qualified company for a small business job retention and survivor relief project  
34 shall be two hundred fifty thousand dollars per year, but the maximum amount may be increased up  
35 to five hundred thousand dollars if such action is proposed by the department and approved by the  
36 quality jobs advisory task force established in section 620.1887. In considering such a request, the  
37 task force shall rely on economic modeling and other information supplied by the department when  
38 requesting an increase in the limit on behalf of the small business job retention and flood survivor  
39 relief project. In no event shall the total amount of all tax credits issued for the entire small business  
40 job retention and flood survivor relief program under this subdivision exceed five hundred thousand  
41 dollars annually. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision to the contrary, no tax credits

1 shall be issued for small business job retention and flood survivor relief projects approved by the  
2 department after August 30, 2010.

3 4. The qualified company shall provide an annual report of the number of jobs and such  
4 other information as may be required by the department to document the basis for the benefits of this  
5 program. The department may withhold the approval of any benefits until it is satisfied that proper  
6 documentation has been provided, and shall reduce the benefits to reflect any reduction in full-time  
7 employees or new payroll. Upon approval by the department, the qualified company may begin the  
8 retention of the withholding taxes when it reaches the minimum number of new jobs and the average  
9 wage exceeds the county average wage. Tax credits, if any, may be issued upon satisfaction by the  
10 department that the qualified company has exceeded the county average wage and the minimum  
11 number of new jobs. In such annual report, if the average wage is below the county average wage,  
12 the qualified company has not maintained the employee insurance as required, or if the number of  
13 new jobs is below the minimum, the qualified company shall not receive tax credits or retain the  
14 withholding tax for the balance of the benefit period. In the case of a qualified company that initially  
15 filed a notice of intent and received an approval from the department for high-impact benefits and  
16 the minimum number of new jobs in an annual report is below the minimum for high-impact  
17 projects, the company shall not receive tax credits for the balance of the benefit period but may  
18 continue to retain the withholding taxes if it otherwise meets the requirements of a small and  
19 expanding business under this program.

20 5. The maximum calendar year annual tax credits issued for the entire program shall not  
21 exceed eighty million dollars. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the maximum  
22 annual tax credits authorized under section 135.535 are hereby reduced from ten million dollars to  
23 eight million dollars, with the balance of two million dollars transferred to this program. There shall  
24 be no limit on the amount of withholding taxes that may be retained by approved companies under  
25 this program.

26 6. The department shall allocate the annual tax credits based on the date of the approval,  
27 reserving such tax credits based on the department's best estimate of new jobs and new payroll of the  
28 project, and the other factors in the determination of benefits of this program. However, the annual  
29 issuance of tax credits is subject to the annual verification of the actual new payroll. The allocation  
30 of tax credits for the period assigned to a project shall expire if, within two years from the date of  
31 commencement of operations, or approval if applicable, the minimum thresholds have not been  
32 achieved. The qualified company may retain authorized amounts from the withholding tax under  
33 this section once the minimum new jobs thresholds are met for the duration of the project period. No  
34 benefits shall be provided under this program until the qualified company meets the minimum new  
35 jobs thresholds. In the event the qualified company does not meet the minimum new job threshold,  
36 the qualified company may submit a new notice of intent or the department may provide a new  
37 approval for a new project of the qualified company at the project facility or other facilities.

38 7. For a qualified company with flow-through tax treatment to its members, partners, or  
39 shareholders, the tax credit shall be allowed to members, partners, or shareholders in proportion to  
40 their share of ownership on the last day of the qualified company's tax period.

41 8. Tax credits may be claimed against taxes otherwise imposed by chapters 143 and 148, and

1 may not be carried forward but shall be claimed within one year of the close of the taxable year for  
2 which they were issued, except as provided under subdivision (4) of subsection 3 of this section.

3 9. Tax credits authorized by this section may be transferred, sold, or assigned by filing a  
4 notarized endorsement thereof with the department that names the transferee, the amount of tax  
5 credit transferred, and the value received for the credit, as well as any other information reasonably  
6 requested by the department.

7 10. Prior to the issuance of tax credits, the department shall verify through the department of  
8 revenue, or any other state department, that the tax credit applicant does not owe any delinquent  
9 income, sales, or use tax or interest or penalties on such taxes, or any delinquent fees or assessments  
10 levied by any state department and through the department of insurance, financial institutions and  
11 professional registration that the applicant does not owe any delinquent insurance taxes. Such  
12 delinquency shall not affect the authorization of the application for such tax credits, except that at  
13 issuance credits shall be first applied to the delinquency and any amount issued shall be reduced by  
14 the applicant's tax delinquency. If the department of revenue or the department of insurance,  
15 financial institutions and professional registration, or any other state department, concludes that a  
16 taxpayer is delinquent after June fifteenth but before July first of any year and the application of tax  
17 credits to such delinquency causes a tax deficiency on behalf of the taxpayer to arise, then the  
18 taxpayer shall be granted thirty days to satisfy the deficiency in which interest, penalties, and  
19 additions to tax shall be tolled. After applying all available credits toward a tax delinquency, the  
20 administering agency shall notify the appropriate department and that department shall update the  
21 amount of outstanding delinquent tax owed by the applicant. If any credits remain after satisfying all  
22 insurance, income, sales, and use tax delinquencies, the remaining credits shall be issued to the  
23 applicant, subject to the restrictions of other provisions of law.

24 11. Except as provided under subdivision (4) of subsection 3 of this section, the director of  
25 revenue shall issue a refund to the qualified company to the extent that the amount of credits allowed  
26 in this section exceeds the amount of the qualified company's income tax.

27 12. An employee of a qualified company will receive full credit for the amount of tax  
28 withheld as provided in section 143.211.

29 13. If any provision of sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 or application thereof to any person or  
30 circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or application of these  
31 sections which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end, the  
32 provisions of sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 are hereby declared severable.

33 14. The provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, 2027. The total amount of  
34 tax credits eligible to be awarded under subsection 5 of this section shall be reduced each year for ten  
35 years in equal amounts beginning with the 2017 fiscal year until no tax credits are eligible to be  
36 awarded under this section."; and

37  
38 Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references  
39 accordingly.