

House \_\_\_\_\_ Amendment NO. \_\_\_\_\_

Offered By \_\_\_\_\_

1 AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 921, Page 1, in the title, Line 3, by  
2 deleting the phrase "domestic violence" and inserting in lieu thereof the phrase "court procedures";  
3 and  
4

5 Further amend said bill, Page 2, Section 173.2050, Line 27, by inserting after all of said section and  
6 line the following:  
7

8 "210.565. 1. Whenever a child is placed in a foster home and the court has determined  
9 pursuant to subsection 4 of this section that foster home placement with relatives is not contrary to  
10 the best interest of the child, the children's division shall give foster home placement to relatives of  
11 the child. Notwithstanding any rule of the division to the contrary, the children's division shall  
12 make diligent efforts to locate the grandparents of the child and determine whether they wish to be  
13 considered for placement of the child. Grandparents who request consideration shall be given  
14 preference and first consideration for foster home placement of the child. If more than one  
15 grandparent requests consideration, the family support team shall make recommendations to the  
16 juvenile or family court about which grandparent should be considered for placement.

17 2. As used in this section, the [term] following terms shall mean:

18 (1) "Kin" or "kinship", a person who is related to the child by blood or affinity beyond the  
19 third degree, or a person who is not so related to the child but has a close relationship with the child  
20 or the child's family, including but not limited to godparents, neighbors, teachers, or close family  
21 friends; and

22 (2) "Relative" [means], a grandparent or any other person related to another by blood or  
23 affinity within the third degree. The status of a grandparent shall not be affected by the death or the  
24 dissolution of the marriage of a son or daughter.

25 3. The following shall be the order or preference for placement of a child under this section:

26 (1) Grandparents and relatives;

27 (2) [A trusted adult that has a preexisting relationship with the child, such as a godparent,  
28 teacher, neighbor, or fellow parishioner] Kin, who voluntarily [agrees] agree to care for the child;  
29 and

30 (3) Any foster parent who is currently licensed and capable of accepting placement of the  
31 child.

32 4. The preference for placement and first consideration for grandparents or preference for  
33 placement with other relatives created by this section shall only apply where the court finds that  
34 placement with such grandparents or other relatives is not contrary to the best interest of the child  
35 considering all circumstances. If the court finds that it is contrary to the best interest of a child to be  
36 placed with grandparents or other relatives, the court shall make specific findings on the record

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1 detailing the reasons why the best interests of the child necessitate placement of the child with  
2 persons other than grandparents or other relatives.

3 5. Recognizing the critical nature of sibling bonds for children, the children's division shall  
4 make reasonable efforts to place siblings in the same foster care, kinship, guardianship, or adoptive  
5 placement, unless doing so would be contrary to the safety or well-being of any of the siblings. If  
6 siblings are not placed together, the children's division shall make reasonable efforts to provide  
7 frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the siblings, unless this interaction would  
8 be contrary to a sibling's safety or well-being.

9 6. The age of the child's grandparent or other relative shall not be the only factor that the  
10 children's division takes into consideration when it makes placement decisions and  
11 recommendations to the court about placing the child with such grandparent or other relative.

12 7. For any Native American child placed in protective custody, the children's division shall  
13 comply with the placement requirements set forth in 25 U.S.C. Section 1915.

14 8. A grandparent [or], other relative, or kin may, on a case-by-case basis, have standards for  
15 licensure not related to safety waived for specific children in care that would otherwise impede  
16 licensing of the [grandparent's or relative's] home of the grandparent, relative, or kin. In addition,  
17 any person receiving a preference may be licensed in an expedited manner if a child is placed under  
18 such person's care.

19 9. When placed in the home of a grandparent, other relative, or kin, foster children of the  
20 opposite sex who are siblings shall be permitted to sleep in the same room if doing so would be in  
21 the children's best interests and presents no safety concerns.

22 10. The guardian ad litem shall ascertain the child's wishes and feelings about his or her  
23 placement by conducting an interview or interviews with the child, if appropriate based on the  
24 child's age and maturity level, which shall be considered as a factor in placement decisions and  
25 recommendations, but shall not supersede the preference for relative placement created by this  
26 section or be contrary to the child's best interests.

27 211.093. 1. Any order or judgment entered by the court under authority of this chapter or  
28 chapter 210 shall, so long as [such order or judgment remains in effect] the juvenile court exercises  
29 continuing jurisdiction, take precedence over any order or judgment concerning the status or  
30 custody of a child under the age of twenty-one entered by a court under authority of chapter 452,  
31 453, 454 or 455, and orders of guardianship under chapter 475, but only to the extent inconsistent  
32 therewith.

33 2. In addition to all other powers conveyed upon the court by this chapter and chapter 210,  
34 any court exercising jurisdiction over a juvenile pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of  
35 section 211.031 shall have authority to enter an order placing that juvenile into the legal and  
36 physical custody of any parent of the juvenile, enter a child support order, and establish rights of  
37 visitation for the parents of the juvenile, and the court shall have authority to enter an order  
38 establishing the paternity of the juvenile's biological father under the uniform paternity act, sections  
39 210.817 to 210.852.

40 3. Any custody, support, or visitation order entered by the court pursuant to subsection 2 of  
41 this section shall remain in full force and effect after the termination of juvenile court proceeding if  
42 the court's order expressly states that the order shall be continuing. Any such custody, child support,  
43 or visitation order shall take precedence over, and shall automatically stay, any prior orders  
44 concerning custody, child support, guardianship, or visitation. Such orders shall remain in full force  
45 and effect until a subsequent order with respect to custody, child support, guardianship, or visitation  
46 of the juvenile is entered by a court under authority of chapters 452, 453, 454, 455, or orders of  
47 guardianship under chapter 475.

48 4. If the juvenile court terminates jurisdiction without entering a continuing custody,

1 support, or visitation order pursuant to subsections 2 and 3 of this section, then legal and physical  
2 custody of the juvenile shall be returned to the custodian or legal guardian who exercised custody  
3 prior to the juvenile court assuming jurisdiction pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of  
4 section 211.031, and any custody or visitation orders in effect at the time the juvenile court assumed  
5 jurisdiction shall be restored.

6 5. The juvenile court shall not have the authority to hear modification motions or other  
7 actions to rehear any orders entered under this section after the juvenile court terminates jurisdiction  
8 on the underlying case. Any future actions shall be conducted under chapters 452, 453, 454, 455, or  
9 475, as appropriate.

10 6. Any child support order entered under this section shall be established and enforced  
11 under the procedures set forth in chapter 454. The circuit clerk shall, upon the entry of a child  
12 support order, send a certified copy to the family support division for enforcement as provided for  
13 by law.

14 211.171. 1. The procedure to be followed at the hearing shall be determined by the  
15 juvenile court judge and may be as formal or informal as he or she considers desirable, consistent  
16 with constitutional and statutory requirements. The judge may take testimony and inquire into the  
17 habits, surroundings, conditions and tendencies of the child and the family to enable the court to  
18 render such order or judgment as will best promote the welfare of the child and carry out the  
19 objectives of this chapter.

20 2. The hearing may, in the discretion of the court, proceed in the absence of the child and  
21 may be adjourned from time to time.

22 3. The current foster parents of a child, or any preadoptive parent or relative currently  
23 providing care for the child, shall be provided with notice of, and an opportunity to be heard in, any  
24 hearing to be held with respect to the child, and a foster parent shall have standing to participate in  
25 all court hearings pertaining to a child in their care. In a juvenile court case proceeding under  
26 subdivisions (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of section 211.031, a foster parent, relative, or kin as defined  
27 in section 210.565 with whom a child has been placed for at least three months shall have the right  
28 to intervene as a party. The court may dismiss the intervening foster parent, relative, or kin from  
29 the case if he or she no longer has the child in their care. The court shall not dismiss an intervening  
30 foster parent, relative, or kin for the sole purpose of terminating the foster parent, relative, or kin  
31 relationship. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the court to join a foster parent  
32 as a party to the case without the foster parent's consent. No state or local agency or other  
33 governmental body shall be liable for the legal fees or associated costs incurred by the foster parent,  
34 relative, or kin intervening under this subsection.

35 4. All cases of children shall be heard separately from the trial of cases against adults.

36 5. Stenographic notes or an authorized recording of the hearing shall be required if the court  
37 so orders or, if requested by any party interested in the proceeding.

38 6. The general public shall be excluded and only such persons admitted as have a direct  
39 interest in the case or in the work of the court except in cases where the child is accused of conduct  
40 which, if committed by an adult, would be considered a class A or B felony; or for conduct which  
41 would be considered a class C felony, if the child has previously been formally adjudicated for the  
42 commission of two or more unrelated acts which would have been class A, B or C felonies, if  
43 committed by an adult.

44 7. The practice and procedure customary in proceedings in equity shall govern all  
45 proceedings in the juvenile court; except that, the court shall not grant a continuance in such  
46 proceedings absent compelling extenuating circumstances, and in such cases, the court shall make  
47 written findings on the record detailing the specific reasons for granting a continuance.

48 [8.] 7. The court shall allow the victim of any offense to submit a written statement to the

1 court. The court shall allow the victim to appear before the court personally or by counsel for the  
 2 purpose of making a statement, unless the court finds that the presence of the victim would not  
 3 serve justice. The statement shall relate solely to the facts of the case and any personal injuries or  
 4 financial loss incurred by the victim. A member of the immediate family of the victim may appear  
 5 personally or by counsel to make a statement if the victim has died or is otherwise unable to appear  
 6 as a result of the offense committed by the child.

7 211.464. [1. Where a child has been placed with a foster parent, with relatives or with  
 8 other persons who are able and willing to permanently integrate the child into the family by  
 9 adoption, the court shall provide the opportunity for such foster parent, relative or other person to  
 10 present evidence for the consideration of the court.

11 2.] Current foster parents or other legal custodians who are not seeking to adopt the child  
 12 shall be given an opportunity to testify at all hearings regarding the child. Upon the filing of a  
 13 petition concerning a minor child who is in the care of foster parents or other legal custodians, the  
 14 court shall give notice to such foster parents or legal custodians of the filing, any future hearings  
 15 held on such petition and their opportunity to testify at any subsequent hearings held in relation to  
 16 such petition, unless such notice and opportunity is waived by such foster or custodial parent.

17 302.341. 1. If a Missouri resident charged with a moving traffic violation of this state or  
 18 any county or municipality of this state fails to dispose of the charges of which the resident is  
 19 accused through authorized prepayment of fine and court costs and fails to appear on the return date  
 20 or at any subsequent date to which the case has been continued, or without good cause fails to pay  
 21 any fine or court costs assessed against the resident for any such violation within the period of time  
 22 specified or in such installments as approved by the court or as otherwise provided by law, any court  
 23 having jurisdiction over the charges shall within ten days of the failure to comply inform the  
 24 defendant by ordinary mail at the last address shown on the court records that the court [will] may  
 25 order the director of revenue to suspend the defendant's driving privileges if the charges are not  
 26 disposed of and fully paid within thirty days from the date of mailing at the request of the  
 27 prosecutor having original jurisdiction. Thereafter, if the defendant fails to timely act to dispose of  
 28 the charges and fully pay any applicable fines and court costs, the court [shall] may notify the  
 29 director of revenue of such failure and of the pending charges against the defendant. Upon receipt  
 30 of this notification, the director shall suspend the license of the driver, effective immediately, and  
 31 provide notice of the suspension to the driver at the last address for the driver shown on the records  
 32 of the department of revenue. Such suspension shall remain in effect until the court with the subject  
 33 pending charge requests setting aside the noncompliance suspension pending final disposition, or  
 34 satisfactory evidence of disposition of pending charges and payment of fine and court costs, if  
 35 applicable, is furnished to the director by the individual. The filing of financial responsibility with  
 36 the bureau of safety responsibility, department of revenue, shall not be required as a condition of  
 37 reinstatement of a driver's license suspended solely under the provisions of this section.

38 2. The provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to minor traffic violations as  
 39 defined in section 479.350.

40 302.440. In addition to any other provisions of law, a court may require that any person  
 41 who is found guilty of a first intoxication-related traffic offense, as defined in section 577.001, and a  
 42 court shall require that any person who is found guilty of a second or subsequent intoxication-  
 43 related traffic offense, as defined in section 577.001, shall not operate any motor vehicle unless that  
 44 vehicle is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device for a period of not less  
 45 than six months from the date of reinstatement of the person's driver's license. In addition, any  
 46 court authorized to grant a limited driving privilege under section 302.309 to any person who is  
 47 found guilty of a second or subsequent intoxication-related traffic offense shall require the use of an  
 48 ignition interlock device on all vehicles operated by the person as a required condition of the limited

driving privilege, except as provided in section 302.441, and the court may order the person to submit to continuous alcohol monitoring as defined in section 577.023, and beginning January 1, 2017, section 577.001, or random alcohol monitoring. These requirements shall be in addition to any other provisions of this chapter or chapter 577 requiring installation and maintenance of an ignition interlock device. Any person required to use an ignition interlock device shall comply with such requirement subject to the penalties provided by section 577.599.

302.302. 1. The director of revenue shall put into effect a point system for the suspension and revocation of licenses. Points shall be assessed only after a conviction or forfeiture of collateral. The initial point value is as follows:

- (1) Any moving violation of a state law or county or municipal or federal traffic ordinance or regulation not listed in this section, other than a violation of vehicle equipment provisions or a court-ordered supervision as provided in section 302.303..... 2 points  
(except any violation of municipal stop sign ordinance where no accident is involved 1 point)
- (2) Speeding
  - In violation of a state law..... 3 points
  - In violation of a county or municipal ordinance..... 2 points
- (3) Leaving the scene of an accident in violation of section 577.060 12 points
  - In violation of any county or municipal ordinance..... 6 points
- (4) Careless and imprudent driving in violation of subsection 4 of section 304.016..... 4 points
  - In violation of a county or municipal ordinance..... 2 points
- (5) Operating without a valid license in violation of subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of section 302.020:
  - (a) For the first conviction..... 2 points
  - (b) For the second conviction..... 4 points
  - (c) For the third conviction..... 6 points
  - (6) Operating with a suspended or revoked license prior to restoration of operating privileges 12 points
  - (7) Obtaining a license by misrepresentation..... 12 points
  - (8) For the first conviction of driving while in an intoxicated condition or under the influence of controlled substances or drugs..... 8 points
  - (9) For the second or subsequent conviction of any of the following offenses however combined: driving while in an intoxicated condition, driving under the influence of controlled substances or drugs or driving with a blood alcohol content of eight-hundredths of one percent or more by weight..... 12 points
- (10) For the first conviction for driving with blood alcohol content eight-hundredths of one percent or more by weight
  - In violation of state law..... 8 points

- 1 In violation of a county or municipal ordinance or  
 2 federal law or regulation..... 8 points  
 3 (11) Any felony involving the use of a motor vehicle..... 12 points  
 4 (12) Knowingly permitting unlicensed  
 5 operator to operate a motor vehicle..... 4 points  
 6 (13) For a conviction for failure to maintain  
 7 financial responsibility pursuant to county or  
 8 municipal ordinance or pursuant to section  
 9 303.025 4 points  
 10 (14) Endangerment of a highway worker in violation of section  
 11 304.585 4 points  
 12 (15) Aggravated endangerment of a highway  
 13 worker in violation of section 304.585..... 12 points  
 14 (16) For a conviction of violating a municipal ordinance  
 15 that prohibits tow truck operators from stopping at or  
 16 proceeding to the scene of an accident unless they have been  
 17 requested to stop or proceed to such scene by a party involved  
 18 in such accident or by an officer of a public safety agency..... 4  
 19 points  
 20 (17) Endangerment of an emergency responder in violation  
 21 of section 304.894..... 4 points  
 22 (18) Aggravated endangerment of an  
 23 emergency responder in violation of section  
 24 304.894 12 points

25 2. The director shall, as provided in subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of this section, assess an  
 26 operator points for a conviction pursuant to subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of section  
 27 302.020, when the director issues such operator a license or permit pursuant to the provisions of  
 28 sections 302.010 to 302.340.

29 3. An additional two points shall be assessed when personal injury or property damage  
 30 results from any violation listed in subdivisions (1) to (13) of subsection 1 of this section and if  
 31 found to be warranted and certified by the reporting court.

32 4. When any of the acts listed in subdivision (2), (3), (4) or (8) of subsection 1 of this  
 33 section constitutes both a violation of a state law and a violation of a county or municipal ordinance,  
 34 points may be assessed for either violation but not for both. Notwithstanding that an offense arising  
 35 out of the same occurrence could be construed to be a violation of subdivisions (8), (9) and (10) of  
 36 subsection 1 of this section, no person shall be tried or convicted for more than one offense pursuant  
 37 to subdivisions (8), (9) and (10) of subsection 1 of this section for offenses arising out of the same  
 38 occurrence.

39 5. The director of revenue shall put into effect a system for staying the assessment of points  
 40 against an operator. The system shall provide that the satisfactory completion of a driver-  
 41 improvement program or, in the case of violations committed while operating a motorcycle, a  
 42 motorcycle-rider training course approved by the state highways and transportation commission, by  
 43 an operator, when so ordered and verified by any court having jurisdiction over any law of this state  
 44 or county or municipal ordinance, regulating motor vehicles, other than a violation committed in a  
 45 commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 302.700 or a violation committed by an individual  
 46 who has been issued a commercial driver's license or is required to obtain a commercial driver's  
 47 license in this state or any other state, shall be accepted by the director in lieu of the assessment of  
 48 points for a violation pursuant to subdivision (1), (2) or (4) of subsection 1 of this section or

pursuant to subsection 3 of this section. The operator shall be given the option to complete the driver-improvement program through an online or in-person course. A court using a centralized violation bureau established under section 476.385 may elect to have the bureau order and verify completion of a driver-improvement program or motorcycle-rider training course as prescribed by order of the court. For the purposes of this subsection, the driver-improvement program shall meet or exceed the standards of the National Safety Council's eight-hour "Defensive Driving Course" or, in the case of a violation which occurred during the operation of a motorcycle, the program shall meet the standards established by the state highways and transportation commission pursuant to sections 302.133 to 302.137. The completion of a driver-improvement program or a motorcycle-rider training course shall not be accepted in lieu of points more than one time in any thirty-six-month period and shall be completed within sixty days of the date of conviction in order to be accepted in lieu of the assessment of points. Every court having jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall, within fifteen days after completion of the driver-improvement program or motorcycle-rider training course by an operator, forward a record of the completion to the director, all other provisions of the law to the contrary notwithstanding. The director shall establish procedures for record keeping and the administration of this subsection.

6. If a person who is a resident of this state obtains a traffic ticket in another state for a motor vehicle violation and such state does not have a point system identical to the point system provided for in this section, no points shall be assessed against such person's driving record by the Missouri department of revenue.

302.441. 1. If a person is required to have an ignition interlock device installed on such person's vehicle, he or she may apply to the court for an employment exemption variance to allow him or her to drive an employer-owned vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device for employment purposes only. Such exemption shall not be granted to a person who is self-employed or who wholly or partially owns an entity that owns an employer-owned vehicle, except if the court has ordered the person to submit to continuous alcohol monitoring as defined in section 577.023, and beginning January 1, 2017, section 577.001, or random alcohol monitoring.

2. A person who is granted an employment exemption variance under subsection 1 of this section shall not drive, operate, or be in physical control of an employer-owned vehicle used for transporting children under eighteen years of age or vulnerable persons, as defined in section 630.005, or an employer-owned vehicle for personal use, except if the court has ordered the person to submit to continuous alcohol monitoring as defined in section 577.023, and beginning January 1, 2017, section 577.001, or random alcohol monitoring."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 3, Section 455.545, Line 4, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"476.385. 1. The judges of the supreme court may appoint a committee consisting of at least seven associate circuit judges, who shall meet en banc and establish and maintain a schedule of fines to be paid for violations of sections 210.104, 577.070, and 577.073, and chapters 252, 301, 302, 304, 306, 307 and 390, with such fines increasing in proportion to the severity of the violation. The associate circuit judges of each county may meet en banc and adopt the schedule of fines and participation in the centralized bureau pursuant to this section. Notice of such adoption and participation shall be given in the manner provided by supreme court rule. Upon order of the supreme court, the associate circuit judges of each county may meet en banc and establish and maintain a schedule of fines to be paid for violations of municipal ordinances for cities, towns and villages electing to have violations of its municipal ordinances heard by associate circuit judges, pursuant to section 479.040; and for traffic court divisions established pursuant to section 479.500.

1 The schedule of fines adopted for violations of municipal ordinances may be modified from time to  
2 time as the associate circuit judges of each county en banc deem advisable. No fine established  
3 pursuant to this subsection may exceed the maximum amount specified by statute or ordinance for  
4 such violation.

5 2. In no event shall any schedule of fines adopted pursuant to this section include offenses  
6 involving the following:

7 (1) Any violation resulting in personal injury or property damage to another person;

8 (2) Operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated or under the influence of intoxicants or  
9 drugs;

10 (3) Operating a vehicle with a counterfeited, altered, suspended or revoked license;

11 (4) Fleeing or attempting to elude an officer.

12 3. There shall be a centralized bureau to be established by supreme court rule in order to  
13 accept pleas of not guilty or guilty and payments of fines and court costs for violations of the laws  
14 and ordinances described in subsection 1 of this section, made pursuant to a schedule of fines  
15 established pursuant to this section. The centralized bureau shall collect, with any plea of guilty and  
16 payment of a fine, all court costs which would have been collected by the court of the jurisdiction  
17 from which the violation originated.

18 4. If a person elects not to contest the alleged violation, the person shall send payment in the  
19 amount of the fine and any court costs established for the violation to the centralized bureau. Such  
20 payment shall be payable to the central violations bureau, shall be made by mail or in any other  
21 manner established by the centralized bureau, and shall constitute a plea of guilty, waiver of trial  
22 and a conviction for purposes of section 302.302, and for purposes of imposing any collateral  
23 consequence of a criminal conviction provided by law. By paying the fine and costs, the person also  
24 consents to attendance either online or in person at any driver-improvement program or motorcycle-  
25 rider training course ordered by the court and consents to verification of such attendance as directed  
26 by the bureau. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the prosecutor shall not be  
27 required to sign any information, ticket or indictment if disposition is made pursuant to this  
28 subsection. In the event that any payment is made pursuant to this section by credit card or similar  
29 method, the centralized bureau may charge an additional fee in order to reflect any transaction cost,  
30 surcharge or fee imposed on the recipient of the credit card payment by the credit card company.

31 5. If a person elects to plead not guilty, such person shall send the plea of not guilty to the  
32 centralized bureau. The bureau shall send such plea and request for trial to the prosecutor having  
33 original jurisdiction over the offense. Any trial shall be conducted at the location designated by the  
34 court. The clerk of the court in which the case is to be heard shall notify in writing such person of  
35 the date certain for the disposition of such charges. The prosecutor shall not be required to sign any  
36 information, ticket or indictment until the commencement of any proceeding by the prosecutor with  
37 respect to the notice of violation.

38 6. In courts adopting a schedule of fines pursuant to this section, any person receiving a  
39 notice of violation pursuant to this section shall also receive written notification of the following:

40 (1) The fine and court costs established pursuant to this section for the violation or  
41 information regarding how the person may obtain the amount of the fine and court costs for the  
42 violation;

43 (2) That the person must respond to the notice of violation by paying the prescribed fine and  
44 court costs, or pleading not guilty and appearing at trial, and that other legal penalties prescribed by  
45 law may attach for failure to appear and dispose of the violation. The supreme court may modify  
46 the suggested forms for uniform complaint and summons for use in courts adopting the procedures  
47 provided by this section, in order to accommodate such required written notifications.

48 7. Any moneys received in payment of fines and court costs pursuant to this section shall



1 not be considered to be state funds, but shall be held in trust by the centralized bureau for benefit of  
2 those persons or entities entitled to receive such funds pursuant to this subsection. All amounts paid  
3 to the centralized bureau shall be maintained by the centralized bureau, invested in the manner  
4 required of the state treasurer for state funds by sections 30.240, 30.250, 30.260 and 30.270, and  
5 disbursed as provided by the constitution and laws of this state. Any interest earned on such fund  
6 shall be payable to the director of the department of revenue for deposit into a revolving fund to be  
7 established pursuant to this subsection. The state treasurer shall be the custodian of the revolving  
8 fund, and shall make disbursements, as allowed by lawful appropriations, only to the judicial branch  
9 of state government for goods and services related to the administration of the judicial system.

10 8. Any person who receives a notice of violation subject to this section who fails to dispose  
11 of such violation as provided by this section shall be guilty of failure to appear provided by section  
12 544.665; and may be subject to suspension of driving privileges in the manner provided by section  
13 302.341. The centralized bureau shall notify the appropriate prosecutor of any person who fails to  
14 either pay the prescribed fine and court costs, or plead not guilty and request a trial within the time  
15 allotted by this section, for purposes of application of section 544.665. The centralized bureau shall  
16 also notify the department of revenue of any failure to appear subject to section 302.341, and the  
17 [department shall thereupon] prosecutor shall determine whether to suspend the license of the driver  
18 in the manner provided by section 302.341[, as if notified by the court].

19 9. In addition to the remedies provided by subsection 8 of this section, the centralized  
20 bureau and the courts may use the remedies provided by sections 488.010 to 488.020 for the  
21 collection of court costs payable to courts, in order to collect fines and court costs for violations  
22 subject to this section.

23 478.705. 1. There shall be [two] three circuit judges in the twenty-sixth judicial circuit  
24 consisting of the counties of Camden, Laclede, Miller, Moniteau and Morgan. These judges shall sit  
25 in divisions numbered one [and], two, and three.

26 2. The circuit judge in division two shall be elected in 1980. The circuit judge in division  
27 one shall be elected in 1982. The governor shall appoint a judge for division three and  
28 notwithstanding the provisions of section 105.030, that judge shall serve until January 1, 2021. A  
29 judge for division three shall be elected in 2020."; and

30  
31 Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references  
32 accordingly.  
33