

SECOND REGULAR SESSION  
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR  
**SENATE BILL NO. 577**  
**98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

4516H.06C

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

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**AN ACT**

To repeal sections 404.717, 456.590, 456.3-304, 456.4B-411, 456.7-706, 469.467, 473.050, 473.730, 473.748, and 475.125, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof nine new sections relating to the administration of estates and persons, with a penalty provision.

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*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:*

Section A. Sections 404.717, 456.590, 456.3-304, 456.4B-411, 456.7-706, 469.467, 2 473.050, 473.730, 473.748, and 475.125, RSMo, are repealed and nine new sections enacted in 3 lieu thereof, to be known as sections 404.717, 456.3-304, 456.4B-411, 456.7-706, 469.467, 4 473.050, 473.730, 473.748, and 475.125, to read as follows:

404.717. 1. As between the principal and attorney in fact or successor attorney in fact,

2 and any agents appointed by either of them, unless the power of attorney is coupled with an 3 interest, the authority granted in a power of attorney shall be modified or terminated as follows:

4 (1) On the date shown in the power of attorney and in accordance with the express 5 provisions of the power of attorney;

6 (2) When the principal, orally or in writing, or the principal's legal representative with 7 approval of the court in writing informs the attorney in fact or successor that the power of 8 attorney is modified or terminated, or when and under what circumstances it is modified or 9 terminated;

10 (3) When a written notice of modification or termination of the power of attorney is filed 11 by the principal or the principal's legal representative for record in the office of the recorder of 12 deeds in the city or county of the principal's residence or, if the principal is a nonresident of the 13 state, in the city or county of the residence of the attorney in fact last known to the principal, or 14 in the city or county in which is located any property specifically referred to in the power of 15 attorney;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

16 (4) On the death of the principal, except that if the power of attorney grants authority  
17 under subdivision (7) or (8) of subsection 6 of section 404.710, the power of attorney and the  
18 authority of the attorney in fact shall continue for the limited purpose of carrying out the  
19 authority granted under either or both of said subdivisions for a reasonable length of time after  
20 the death of the principal;

21 (5) When the attorney in fact under a durable power of attorney is not qualified to act for  
22 the principal;

23 (6) On the filing of any action for divorce or dissolution of the marriage of the principal  
24 and the principal's attorney in fact who were married to each other at or subsequent to the time  
25 the power of attorney was created, unless the power of attorney provides otherwise.

26 2. Whenever any of the events described in subsection 1 of this section operate merely  
27 to terminate the authority of the particular person designated as the attorney in fact, rather than  
28 terminating the power of attorney, if the power of attorney designates a successor or contingent  
29 attorney in fact or prescribes a procedure whereby a successor or contingent attorney in fact may  
30 be designated, then the authority provided in the power of attorney shall extend to and vest in the  
31 successor or contingent attorney in fact in lieu of the attorney in fact whose power and authority  
32 was terminated under any of the circumstances referred to in subsection 1 of this section.

33 3. As between the principal and attorney in fact or successor **attorney in fact**, acts and  
34 transactions of the attorney in fact or successor **attorney in fact** undertaken in good faith, in  
35 accordance with section 404.714, and without actual knowledge of the death of the principal or  
36 without actual knowledge, or constructive knowledge pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection  
37 1 of this section, that the authority granted in the power of attorney has been suspended, modified  
38 or terminated, relieves the attorney in fact or successor **attorney in fact** from liability to the  
39 principal and the principal's successors in interest.

40 4. This section does not prohibit the principal, acting individually, and the person  
41 designated as the attorney in fact from entering into a written agreement that sets forth their  
42 duties and liabilities as between themselves and their successors, and which expands or limits  
43 the application of sections 404.700 to 404.735, with the exception of those acts enumerated in  
44 subsection 7 of section 404.710.

45 5. As between the principal and any attorney in fact or successor **attorney in fact**, if the  
46 attorney in fact or successor **attorney in fact** undertakes to act, and if in respect to such act, the  
47 attorney in fact or successor [acts in bad faith, fraudulently or otherwise dishonestly] **attorney**  
48 **in fact engages in willful misconduct or fraud or acts with willful disregard for the**  
49 **purposes, terms, or conditions of the power of attorney**, or if the attorney in fact or successor  
50 **attorney in fact** intentionally acts after receiving actual notice that the power of attorney has  
51 been revoked or terminated, and thereby causes damage or loss to the principal or to the

52 principal's successors in interest, such attorney in fact or successor **attorney in fact** shall be  
53 liable to the principal or to the principal's successors in interest, or both, for such damages,  
54 together with reasonable attorney's fees, and punitive damages as allowed by law.

55 **6. For purposes of this section, the principal's "successors in interest" shall include**  
56 **those persons who can prove they have been damaged as a result of the actions of the**  
57 **attorney in fact or successor attorney in fact, such as a conservator of the principal or a**  
58 **personal representative of a deceased principal. If more than one person claims a recovery**  
59 **under this section the court shall determine the priority of their respective claims.**

456.3-304. 1. Unless otherwise represented, a minor, incapacitated, or unborn  
2 individual, or a person whose identity or location is unknown and not reasonably ascertainable,  
3 may be represented by and bound by another having a substantially identical interest with respect  
4 to the particular question or dispute, but only to the extent there is no conflict of interest between  
5 the representative and the person represented with respect to a particular question or dispute.

6 2. Unless otherwise represented, a beneficiary who is not a qualified beneficiary may be  
7 represented by and bound by a qualified beneficiary having a substantially identical interest with  
8 respect to the particular question or dispute, but only to the extent there is no conflict of interest  
9 with respect to the particular question or dispute between the representative and the person  
10 represented, in any court proceeding under subsection 2 of section 456.4-412, or in a nonjudicial  
11 settlement agreement entered into under section 456.1-111 **or section 456.4A-411** in lieu of such  
12 a court proceeding.

456.4B-411. 1. When all of the adult beneficiaries having the capacity to contract  
2 consent, the court may, upon finding that the interest of any nonconsenting beneficiary will be  
3 adequately protected, modify the terms of a noncharitable irrevocable trust so as to reduce or  
4 eliminate the interests of some beneficiaries and increase those of others, change the times or  
5 amounts of payments and distributions to beneficiaries, or provide for termination of the trust  
6 at a time earlier or later than that specified by its terms. The court may at any time upon its own  
7 motion appoint a representative pursuant to section 456.3-305 to represent a nonconsenting  
8 beneficiary. The court shall appoint such a representative upon the motion of any party, unless  
9 the court determines such an appointment is not appropriate under the circumstances.

10 2. Upon termination of a trust under subsection 1 of this section, the trustee shall  
11 distribute the trust property as directed by the court.

12 3. If a trust cannot be terminated or modified under subsection 1 of this section because  
13 not all adult beneficiaries having capacity to contract consent or the terms of the trust prevent  
14 such modification or termination, the modification or termination may be approved by the court  
15 if the court is satisfied that the interests of a beneficiary, other than the settlor, who does not

16 consent will be adequately protected, modification or termination will benefit a living settlor who  
17 is also a beneficiary, and:

18 (1) in the case of a termination, the party seeking termination establishes that  
19 continuance of the trust is not necessary to achieve any material purpose of the trust; or

20 (2) in the case of a modification, the party seeking modification establishes that the  
21 modification is not inconsistent with a material purpose of the trust, and the modification is not  
22 specifically prohibited by the terms of the trust.

23 4. This section shall [apply to trusts created under trust instruments that become  
24 irrevocable on or after January 1, 2005.] **replace** the provisions of section 456.590 **and** shall  
25 apply to all trusts that were created under trust instruments that become irrevocable prior to, **on,**  
26 **or after** January 1, 2005.

456.7-706. 1. The settlor, a cotrustee, or a qualified beneficiary may request the court  
2 to remove a trustee, or a trustee may be removed **and replaced** by the court **within its discretion**  
3 on its own initiative.

4 2. The court **within its discretion** may remove **and replace** a trustee [if] **under the**  
5 **following circumstances:**

6 (1) the trustee has committed a serious breach of trust;

7 (2) lack of cooperation among cotrustees substantially impairs the administration of the  
8 trust;

9 (3) because of unfitness, unwillingness, or persistent failure of the trustee to administer  
10 the trust effectively, the court determines that removal of the trustee best serves the interests of  
11 the beneficiaries; or

12 (4) the trustee has substantially and materially reduced the level of services provided to  
13 that trust and has failed to reinstate a substantially equivalent level of services within ninety days  
14 after receipt of notice by the settlor, a cotrustee, or a qualified beneficiary or removal is requested  
15 by all of the qualified beneficiaries and in either such case the party seeking removal establishes  
16 to the court that:

17 (a) removal of the trustee best serves the interests of all of the beneficiaries;

18 (b) removal of the trustee is not inconsistent with a material purpose of the trust; and

19 (c) a suitable cotrustee or successor trustee is available and willing to serve.

20 3. In an action to remove a trustee under subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of this section,  
21 the following apply:

22 (1) In the event that a corporation is the trustee being removed, a [suitable] replacement  
23 cotrustee or successor trustee shall be [another corporation qualified to conduct trust business  
24 in this state] **such trustee or trustees as the court finds suitable under the circumstances.**

25 (2) In the event that a successor trustee is not appointed under the provisions of section  
26 456.7-704 or the court finds that all potential successor trustees are not suitable, then the court  
27 may appoint such trustee or trustees as the court finds suitable under the circumstances.

28 (3) With respect to a trust created under an instrument executed before January 1, 2005,  
29 the provisions of subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of this section shall not apply if the instrument  
30 contains any **language or** procedures concerning removal of any trustee **designated in the trust**  
31 **instrument.**

32 4. Pending a final decision on a request to remove a trustee, or in lieu of or in addition  
33 to removing a trustee, the court may order such appropriate relief under subsection 2 of section  
34 456.10-1001 as may be necessary to protect the trust property or the interests of the beneficiaries.

469.467. Sections 469.401 to 469.467 apply to every trust or decedent's estate existing  
2 on **or after** August 28, 2001, except as otherwise expressly provided in the will or terms of the  
3 trust or in sections 469.401 to 469.467.

473.050. 1. A will, to be effective as a will, must be presented for and admitted to  
2 probate.

3 2. When used in chapter 472, chapter 474, chapter 475, and this chapter, the term  
4 "presented" means:

5 (1) Either the delivery of a will of a decedent, if such will has not previously been  
6 delivered, to the probate division of the circuit court which would be the proper venue for the  
7 administration of the estate of such decedent, or the delivery of a verified statement to such court,  
8 if the will of such decedent is lost, destroyed, suppressed or otherwise not available, setting forth  
9 the reason such will is not available and setting forth the provisions of such will so far as known;  
10 and

11 (2) One of the following:

12 (a) An affidavit pursuant to section 473.097, which requests such will be admitted to  
13 probate; or

14 (b) A petition which seeks to have such will admitted to probate; or

15 (c) An authenticated copy of the order admitting such will to probate in any state,  
16 territory or district of the United States, other than this state.

17 3. No proof shall be taken of any will nor a certificate of probate thereof issued unless  
18 such will has been presented within the applicable time set forth as follows:

19 (1) In cases where notice has previously been given in accordance with section 473.033  
20 of the granting of letters on the estate of such testator, within six months after the date of the first  
21 publication of the notice of granting of letters, or within thirty days after the commencement of  
22 an action under section 473.083 to establish or contest the validity of a will of the testator named  
23 in such will, whichever later occurs;

24 (2) In cases where notice has not previously been given in accordance with section  
25 473.033 of the granting of letters on the estate of testator, within one year after the date of death  
26 of the testator;

27 (3) In cases involving a will admitted to probate in any state, territory or district of the  
28 United States, other than this state, which was the decedent's domicile, at any time during the  
29 course of administration of the decedent's domiciliary estate in such other state, territory or  
30 district of the United States.

31 4. A will presented for probate within the time limitations provided in subsection 3 of  
32 this section may be exhibited to be proven, and proof received and administration granted on  
33 such will at any time after such presentation.

34 5. A will not presented for probate within the time limitations provided in subsection 3  
35 of this section is forever barred from admission to probate in this state.

36 6. Except as provided in **subsection 4 of this section and** section 537.021, no letters of  
37 administration shall be issued unless application is made to the court for such letters within one  
38 year from the date of death of the decedent.

473.730. 1. Every county in this state, except the City of St. Louis, shall elect a public  
2 administrator at the general election in the year 1880, and every four years thereafter, who shall  
3 be ex officio public guardian and conservator in and for the public administrator's county. A  
4 candidate for public administrator shall be at least twenty-one years of age and a resident of the  
5 state of Missouri and the county in which he or she is a candidate for at least one year prior to  
6 the date of the general election for such office. The candidate shall also be a registered voter and  
7 shall be current in the payment of all personal and business taxes. **Each candidate for public**  
8 **administrator shall provide to the election authority a copy of a signed affidavit from a**  
9 **surety company, indicating that the candidate meets the bond requirements for the office**  
10 **of public administrator under this section.**

11 2. Before entering on the duties of the public administrator's office, the public  
12 administrator shall take the oath required by the constitution, and enter into bond to the state of  
13 Missouri in a sum not less than ten thousand dollars, with [two] **one** or more securities, approved  
14 by the court and conditioned that the public administrator will faithfully discharge all the duties  
15 of the public administrator's office, which bond shall be given and oath of office taken on or  
16 before the first day of January following the public administrator's election, and it shall be the  
17 duty of the judge of the court to require the public administrator to make a statement annually,  
18 under oath, of the amount of property in the public administrator's hands or under the public  
19 administrator's control as such administrator, for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of bond  
20 necessary to secure such property; and such court may from time to time, as occasion shall

21 require, demand additional security of such administrator, and, in default of giving the same  
22 within twenty days after such demand, may remove the administrator and appoint another.

23 [2.] 3. The public administrator in all counties, in the performance of the duties required  
24 by chapters 473, 474, and 475, is a public officer. The duties specified by section 475.120 are  
25 discretionary. The county shall defend and indemnify the public administrator against any  
26 alleged breach of duty, provided that any such alleged breach of duty arose out of an act or  
27 omission occurring within the scope of duty or employment.

28 [3.] 4. After January 1, 2001, all salaried public administrators shall be considered  
29 county officials for purposes of section 50.333, subject to the minimum salary requirements set  
30 forth in section 473.742.

31 [4.] 5. The public administrator for the city of St. Louis shall be appointed by a majority  
32 of the circuit judges and associate circuit judges of the twenty-second judicial circuit, en banc.  
33 Such public administrator shall meet the same qualifications and requirements specified in  
34 subsection 1 of this section for elected public administrators. The elected public administrator  
35 holding office on August 28, 2013, shall continue to hold such office for the remainder of his or  
36 her term.

473.748. 1. As used in this section, the terms conservator, guardian, protectee, and ward  
2 shall have the same definitions as in section 475.010.

3 2. Any term, provision, consideration, or covenant in any contract for treatment, goods,  
4 or services shall be unenforceable if such term, provision, consideration, or covenant requires  
5 a public administrator who is acting as a guardian or conservator to personally pay, assume, or  
6 guarantee the debt or account of a ward or protectee.

7 3. **No public administrator acting as a guardian or conservator shall be required**  
8 **to disclose any personal or financial information including, but not limited to, his or her**  
9 **Social Security number or personal bank account number to any party with which they**  
10 **are contracting on behalf of a ward or protectee.**

11 4. **A public administrator acting as a guardian or conservator shall not be held**  
12 **personally liable, or act as the guarantor, for the debts of their ward or protectee.**

13 5. **Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of subsection 4 of this section**  
14 **shall be held liable in a civil action for any damage caused to the public administrator's**  
15 **credit by the violation, and may be required to pay a fine of up to fifty dollars. Any**  
16 **moneys collected from the fine shall be deposited into the general revenue fund.**

17 6. **Upon request, a consumer credit reporting agency shall provide a public**  
18 **administrator a copy of his or her credit report on a quarterly basis at no cost. A**  
19 **consumer credit reporting agency shall remove all references to any debt owed by a ward**  
20 **of the public administrator from the public administrator's credit report. A consumer**

21 **credit reporting agency may request that the public administrator provide a copy of the**  
22 **order appointing him or her as the public administrator for a ward.**

475.125. 1. The court may make orders for the management of the estate of the protectee  
2 for the care, education, treatment, habilitation, **respite**, support and maintenance of the protectee  
3 and for the maintenance of his **or her** family and education of his **or her** children, according to  
4 his **or her** means and obligation, if any, out of the proceeds of his **or her** estate, and may direct  
5 that payments for such purposes shall be made weekly, monthly, quarterly, semiannually or  
6 annually. The payments ordered under this section may be decreased or increased from time to  
7 time as ordered by the court.

8 2. Appropriations for any such purposes, expenses of administration and allowed claims  
9 shall be paid from the property or income of the estate. The court may authorize the conservator  
10 to borrow money and obligate the estate for the payment thereof if the court finds that funds of  
11 the estate for the payment of such obligation will be available within a reasonable time and that  
12 the loan is necessary. If payments are made to another under the order of the court, the  
13 conservator of the estate is not bound to see to the application thereof.

14 3. In acting under this section the court shall take into account any duty imposed by law  
15 or contract upon a parent or spouse of the protectee, a government agency, a trustee, or other  
16 person or corporation, to make payments for the benefit of or provide support, education, care,  
17 treatment, habilitation, **respite**, maintenance or safekeeping of the protectee and his **or her**  
18 dependents. The guardian of the person and the conservator of the estate shall endeavor to  
19 enforce any such duty.

20

[456.590. 1. Where, in the management or administration of any  
2 property vested in trustees, any sale, lease, mortgage, surrender, release, or other  
3 disposition, or any purchase, investment, acquisition, expenditure, or other  
4 transaction is in the opinion of the court expedient, but the same cannot be  
5 effected by reason of the absence of any power for that purpose vested in the  
6 trustees by the trust instrument, if any, or by law, the court may by order confer  
7 upon the trustees, either generally or in any particular instance, the necessary  
8 power for the purpose, on such terms, and subject to such provisions and  
9 conditions, if any, as the court may think fit and may direct in what manner any  
10 money authorized to be expended, and the costs of any transaction, are to be paid  
11 or borne as between capital and income.

12 2. When all of the adult beneficiaries who are not disabled consent, the  
13 court may, upon finding that such variation will benefit the disabled, minor,  
14 unborn and unascertained beneficiaries, vary the terms of a private trust so as to  
15 reduce or eliminate the interests of some beneficiaries and increase those of  
16 others, to change the times or amounts of payments and distributions to



17 beneficiaries, or to provide for termination of the trust at a time earlier or later  
18 than that specified by the terms.

19 3. The court may, from time to time, rescind or vary any order made  
20 under this section, or may make any new or further order.

21 4. An application to the court under this section may be made by the  
22 trustees, or by any of them, or by any person beneficially interested under the  
23 trust.]

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