House	Amendment NO
Offered By	
AMEND House Committee Substitute for House Bill N	o. 381, Page 3, Section 191.227, Line 70, by
inserting after all of said line the following:	
"191.1500. 1. Sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 s	hall be known and cited as the "Missouri
Death with Dignity Act".	
2. As used in sections 191.1500 to 191.1565, th	
(1) "Adult", any individual who is eighteen year	
(2) "Attending physician", the physician who ha	as primary responsibility for the care of the
patient and treatment of the patient's terminal disease;	
(3) "Capable", in the opinion of a court or in the	
or consulting physician, psychiatrist, or psychologist, a	•
communicate health care decisions to health care provid	
persons familiar with the patient's manner of communic	
(4) "Consulting physician", a physician who is o	
a professional diagnosis and prognosis regarding the pat	
(5) "Counseling", one or more consultations as i	
psychiatrist or psychologist and a patient for the purpose	
and not suffering from a psychiatric or psychological di	sorder or depression causing impaired
judgment;	
(6) "Health care provider", a person licensed, ce	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
by the laws of this state to administer health care or disp	
business or practice of a profession and includes a health	
(7) "Informed decision", a decision by a qualified	
prescription for medication to end his or her life in a hu	
an appreciation of the relevant facts and after being fully	y informed by the attending physician of:
(a) His or her medical diagnosis;	
(b) His or her prognosis;	
(c) The potential risks associated with taking the	
(d) The probable result of taking the medication	
(e) The feasible alternatives including, but not l	imited to, comfort care, hospice care, and
pain control;	
(8) "Medically confirmed", the medical opinion	
confirmed by a consulting physician who has examined	the patient and the patient's relevant medical
records;	1
(9) "Patient", a person who is under the care of	
(10) "Physician", a doctor of medicine or osteop	patny licensed to practice medicine in the
state of Missouri;	
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- (11) "Qualified patient", a capable adult who is a resident of this state and has satisfied the requirements of sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 in order to obtain a prescription for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner;
- (12) "Terminal disease", an incurable and irreversible disease that has been medically confirmed and shall, within reasonable medical judgment, produce death within six months.
 - 191.1503. 1. An adult who:
 - (1) Is capable;
 - (2) Is a resident of this state;
- (3) Has been determined by the attending physician and consulting physician to be suffering from a terminal disease; and
 - (4) Has voluntarily expressed his or her wish to die;

- may make a written request for medication for the purpose of ending his or her life in a humane and dignified manner in accordance with sections 191.1500 to 191.1565.
- 2. No person shall qualify under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 solely because of age or disability.
- 191.1506. 1. A valid request for medication under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 shall be in substantially the form described in section 191.1560, signed and dated by the patient, and witnessed by at least two individuals who, in the presence of the patient, attest that to the best of their knowledge and belief the patient is capable, acting voluntarily, and is not being coerced to sign the request.
 - 2. One of the witnesses shall be a person who is not:
 - (1) A relative of the patient by blood, marriage, or adoption;
- (2) A person, who at the time the request is signed, would be entitled to any portion of the estate of the qualified patient upon death under any will or by operation of law; or
- (3) An owner, operator, or employee of a health care facility where the qualified patient is receiving medical treatment or is a resident.
 - 3. The patient's attending physician at the time the request is signed shall not be a witness.
- 4. If the patient is in a long-term care facility at the time the written request is made, one of the witnesses shall be an individual designated by the facility and having the qualifications specified by the department of health and senior services by rule.
 - 191.1509. 1. The attending physician shall:
- (1) Make the initial determination of whether a patient has a terminal disease, is capable, and has made the request voluntarily;
 - (2) Request that the patient demonstrate Missouri state residency under section 191.1536;
 - (3) To ensure that the patient is making an informed decision, inform the patient of:
 - (a) His or her medical diagnosis;
 - (b) His or her prognosis;
 - (c) The potential risks associated with taking the medication to be prescribed;
 - (d) The probable result of taking the medication to be prescribed; and
- (e) The feasible alternatives including, but not limited to, comfort care, hospice care, and pain control;
- (4) Refer the patient to a consulting physician for medical confirmation of the diagnosis and for a determination that the patient is capable and acting voluntarily;
 - (5) Refer the patient for counseling if appropriate under section 191.1515;
 - (6) Recommend that the patient notify next of kin;
- (7) Counsel the patient about the importance of having another person present when the patient takes the medication prescribed under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 and of not taking the

medication in a public place;

- (8) Inform the patient that he or she has an opportunity to rescind the request at any time and in any manner and offer the patient an opportunity to rescind at the end of the fifteen-day waiting period under section 191.1524;
- (9) Verify, immediately before writing the prescription for medication under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565, that the patient is making an informed decision;
 - (10) Fulfill the medical record documentation requirements of section 191.1533;
- (11) Ensure that all appropriate steps are carried out in accordance with sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 prior to writing a prescription for medication to enable a qualified patient to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner; and
- (12) (a) Dispense medications directly, including ancillary medications intended to facilitate the desired effect to minimize the patient's discomfort; provided that, the attending physician is authorized under state law and rule to dispense, has a current drug enforcement administration certificate, and complies with any applicable administrative rule; or
 - (b) With the patient's written consent:
 - a. Contact a pharmacist and inform the pharmacist of the prescription; and
- b. Deliver the written prescription personally, by mail, or facsimile to the pharmacist, who shall dispense the medications to either the patient, the attending physician, or an expressly identified agent of the patient.
- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the attending physician may sign the patient's death certificate.
- 191.1512. Before a patient is qualified under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565, a consulting physician shall examine the patient and his or her relevant medical records and confirm in writing the attending physician's diagnosis that the patient is suffering from a terminal disease and verify that the patient is capable, is acting voluntarily, and has made an informed decision.
- 191.1515. If, in the opinion of the attending physician or the consulting physician, a patient may be suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression causing impaired judgment, either physician shall refer the patient for counseling. No medication to end a patient's life in a humane and dignified manner shall be prescribed until the person performing the counseling determines that the patient is not suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression causing impaired judgment.
- 191.1518. No person shall receive a prescription for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner unless he or she has made an informed decision, as defined in section 191.1500. Immediately prior to writing a prescription for medication under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565, the attending physician shall verify that the qualified patient is making an informed decision.
- 191.1521. The attending physician shall recommend that the patient notify the next of kin of his or her request for medication under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565. A patient who declines or is unable to notify next of kin shall not have his or her request denied for that reason.
- 191.1524. In order to receive a prescription for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner, a qualified patient shall have made an oral request and a written request and reiterate the oral request to his or her attending physician at least fifteen days after making the initial oral request. At the time the qualified patient makes his or her second oral request, the attending physician shall offer the qualified patient an opportunity to rescind the request.
- 191.1527. A patient may rescind his or her request at any time and in any manner without regard to his or her mental state. No prescription for medication under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 shall be written without the attending physician offering the qualified patient an opportunity to rescind the request.

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- 191.1530. No less than fifteen days shall elapse between the patient's initial oral request and the writing of a prescription under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565. No less than forty-eight hours shall elapse between the date of the patient's written request and the writing of a prescription under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565.
 - 191.1533. The following shall be documented or filed in the patient's medical record:
- (1) All oral requests made by the patient for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner;
- (2) All written requests made by the patient for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner;
- (3) The attending physician's diagnosis and prognosis and determination that the patient is capable, is acting voluntarily, and has made an informed decision;
- (4) The consulting physician's diagnosis and prognosis and verification that the patient is capable, is acting voluntarily, and has made an informed decision;
 - (5) A report of the outcome and determinations made during counseling, if performed;
- (6) The attending physician's offer to the patient to rescind his or her request at the time of the patient's second oral request under section 191.1524; and
- (7) A note by the attending physician indicating that all requirements under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 have been met and indicating the steps taken to carry out the request including a notation of the medication prescribed.
- 191.1536. Only requests made by Missouri residents under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 shall be granted. Factors demonstrating Missouri residency include, but are not limited to:
 - (1) Possession of a Missouri driver's license;
 - (2) Registration to vote in Missouri;

- (3) Evidence that the person owns or leases property in Missouri; or
- (4) Filing of a Missouri tax return for the most recent tax year.
- 191.1539. 1. (1) The department of health and senior services shall annually review all records maintained under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565.
- (2) The department of health and senior services shall require any health care provider upon dispensing medication under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 to file a copy of the dispensing record with the department.
- 2. The department of health and senior services shall adopt rules to facilitate the collection of information regarding compliance with sections 191.1500 to 191.1565. Except as otherwise required by law, the information collected shall not be a public record and shall not be made available for inspection by the public.
- 3. The department of health and senior services shall generate and make available to the public an annual statistical report of information collected under subsection 2 of this section.
- 191.1542. 1. No provision in a contract, will, or other agreement, whether written or oral, to the extent the provision would affect whether a person may make or rescind a request for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner, shall be valid.
- 2. No obligation owing under any currently existing contract shall be conditioned or affected by the making or rescinding of a request by a person for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner.
- 191.1545. The sale, procurement, or issuance of any life, health, or accident insurance or annuity policy or the rate charged for any policy shall not be conditioned upon or affected by the making or rescinding of a request by a person for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner. A qualified patient's act of ingesting medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner shall not have an effect upon a life, health, or accident insurance or annuity policy.

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191.1548. Nothing in sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 shall be construed to authorize a physician or any other person to end a patient's life by lethal injection, mercy killing, or active euthanasia. Actions taken in accordance with sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 shall not for any purpose constitute suicide, assisted suicide, mercy killing, or homicide under the law.

- 191.1551. 1. Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section and section 191.1557:
- (1) No person shall be subject to civil or criminal liability or professional disciplinary action for participating in good faith compliance with sections 191.1500 to 191.1565, including being present when a qualified patient takes the prescribed medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner;
- (2) No professional organization or association or health care provider shall subject a person to censure, discipline, suspension, loss of license, loss of privileges, loss of membership, or other penalty for participating or refusing to participate in good faith compliance with sections 191.1500 to 191.1565;
- (3) No request by a patient for or provision by an attending physician of medication in good faith compliance with sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 shall constitute neglect for any purpose of law or provide the sole basis for the appointment of a guardian or conservator; and
- (4) No health care provider shall be under any duty, whether by contract, statute, or any other legal requirement to participate in the provision to a qualified patient of medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner. If a health care provider is unable or unwilling to carry out a patient's request under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 and the patient transfers his or her care to a new health care provider, the prior health care provider shall, upon request, transfer a copy of the patient's relevant medical records to the new health care provider.
- 2. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a health care provider may prohibit another health care provider from participating under the Missouri death with dignity act on the premises of the prohibiting provider if the prohibiting provider has notified the health care provider of the prohibiting provider's policy regarding participation in the Missouri death with dignity act. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent a health care provider from providing health care services to a patient that do not constitute participation in the Missouri death with dignity act.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, a health care provider may subject another health care provider to the following sanctions if the sanctioning health care provider has notified the sanctioning provider prior to participation under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 that it prohibits participation in the Missouri death with dignity act:
- (a) Loss of privileges, loss of membership, or other sanctions provided under the medical staff bylaws, policies, and procedures of the sanctioning health care provider if the sanctioned provider is a member of the sanctioning provider's medical staff and participates under the Missouri death with dignity act while on the health care facility premises of the sanctioning health care provider, but not including the private medical office of a physician or other provider;
- (b) Termination of a lease or other property contract or other nonmonetary remedies provided by a lease contract, not including loss or restriction of medical staff privileges or exclusion from a provider panel, if the sanctioned provider participates under the Missouri death with dignity act while on the premises of the sanctioning health care provider or on property that is owned by or under the direct control of the sanctioning health care provider; or
- (c) Termination of a contract or other nonmonetary remedies provided by contract if the sanctioned provider participates under the Missouri death with dignity act while acting in the course and scope of the sanctioned provider's capacity as an employee or independent contractor of the sanctioning health care provider. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent:
- a. A health care provider from participating under the Missouri death with dignity act while acting outside the course and scope of the provider's capacity as an employee or independent

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contractor; or

- b. A patient from contracting with his or her attending physician and consulting physician to act outside the course and scope of the provider's capacity as an employee or independent contractor of the sanctioning health care provider.
- (3) A health care provider that imposes sanctions under subdivision (2) of this subsection shall follow all due process and other procedures the sanctioning health care provider may have that are related to the imposition of sanctions on another health care provider.
 - (4) For the purposes of this subsection, the following terms shall mean:
- (a) "Notify", a separate statement in writing to the health care provider specifically informing the health care provider before the provider's participation under the Missouri death with dignity act of the sanctioning health care provider's policy about participation in activities covered by the Missouri death with dignity act;
- (b) "Participate under the Missouri death with dignity act", to perform the duties of an attending physician under section 191.1512, the consulting physician function under section 191.1512, or the counseling function under section 191.1515. Participate under the Missouri death with dignity act does not include:
- a. Making an initial determination that a patient has a terminal disease and informing the patient of the medical prognosis;
- b. Providing information about the Missouri death with dignity act to a patient upon the request of the patient;
- c. Providing a patient, upon the request of the patient, with a referral to another physician; or
- d. A patient contracting with his or her attending physician and consulting physician to act outside of the course and scope of the provider's capacity as an employee or independent contractor of the sanctioning health care provider.
- 3. Suspension or termination of staff membership or privileges under subsection 2 of this section is not reportable to the department or state board of registration for the healing arts. Action taken under sections 191.1506 to 191.1515 shall not be the sole basis for a report of unprofessional conduct.
- 4. No provision of sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 shall be construed to allow a lower standard of care for patients in the community where the patient is treated or a similar community.
- 191.1554. 1. A person, who without authorization of the patient, willfully alters or forges a request for medication or conceals or destroys a rescission of that request with the intent or effect of causing the patient's death is guilty of a class A felony.
- 2. A person who coerces or exerts undue influence on a patient to request medication to end the patient's life or to destroy a rescission of a request is guilty of a class A felony.
- 3. Nothing in sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 shall limit further liability for civil damages resulting from other negligent conduct or intentional misconduct by any person.
- 4. The penalties in sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 do not preclude criminal penalties applicable under other law for conduct that is inconsistent with sections 191.1500 to 191.1565.
- 191.1557. Any governmental entity that incurs costs resulting from a person terminating his or her life under sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 in a public place has a claim against the estate of the person to recover such costs and reasonable attorneys' fees related to enforcing the claim.
- 191.1560. A request for a medication as authorized by sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 shall be in substantially the following form:
- 46 REQUEST FOR MEDICATION TO END MY LIFE
- 47 IN A HUMANE AND DIGNIFIED MANNER
- 48 I,, am an adult of sound mind.

1092H02.02H I am suffering from, which my attending physician has determined is a terminal 1 2 disease and which has been medically confirmed by a consulting physician. 3 I have been fully informed of my diagnosis, prognosis, the nature of medication to be 4 prescribed and potential associated risks, the expected result, and the feasible alternatives, including 5 comfort care, hospice care, and pain control. 6 I request that my attending physician prescribe medication that will end my life in a humane 7 and dignified manner. 8 INITIAL ONE: 9 I have informed my family of my decision and taken their opinions into consideration. 10 I have decided not to inform my family of my decision. I have no family to inform of my decision. 11 I understand that I have the right to rescind this request at any time. 12 13 I understand the full import of this request and I expect to die when I take the medication to 14 be prescribed. I further understand that although most deaths occur within three hours, my death 15 may take longer, and my physician has counseled me about this possibility. 16 I make this request voluntarily and without reservation, and I accept full moral responsibility 17 for my actions. 18 Signed: 19 Dated: 20 **DECLARATION OF WITNESSES** 21 We declare that the person making and signing the above request: 22 (1) Is personally known to us or has provided proof of identity; 23 (2) Signed this request in our presence on the date of the 24 person's signature; 25 (3) Appears to be of sound mind and not under duress, fraud, or undue influence; and 26 (4) Is not a patient for whom either of us is the attending physician. Witness 1/Date 27 Witness 2/Date 28

NOTE: One witness shall not be a relative (by blood, marriage, or adoption) of the person signing this request, shall not be entitled to any portion of the person's estate upon death, and shall not own, operate, or be employed at a health care facility where the person is a patient or resident. If the patient is an inpatient at a health care facility, one of the witnesses shall be an individual designated by the facility.

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- 191.1563. 1. Any person who, without authorization of the principal, willfully alters, forges, conceals, or destroys an instrument, the reinstatement or revocation of an instrument, or any other evidence or document reflecting the principal's desires and interests with the intent and effect of causing a withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining procedures or of artificially administered nutrition and hydration which hastens the death of the principal is guilty of a class A felony.
- 2. Except as provided in subsection 1 of this section, any person who, without authorization of the principal, willfully alters, forges, conceals, or destroys an instrument, the reinstatement or revocation of an instrument, or any other evidence or document reflecting the principal's desires and interests with the intent and effect of affecting a health care decision is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- 191.1565. The department of health may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of sections 191.1500 to 191.1565. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. Sections 191.1500 to 191.1565 and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and

- if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2017, shall be invalid and void."; and
- 5 Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.