FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 269

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE ROEBER.

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal section 115.646, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to ethics.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 115.646, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as section 115.646, to read as follows:

115.646. 1. No contribution or expenditure of public funds shall be made directly or indirectly by any officer, board member, director, employee, or agent of any political 2 3 subdivision to advocate, support, or oppose any ballot measure, any measure proposed or pending before the general assembly, or candidate for public office. This section shall not be 4 5 construed to prohibit any [public official] officer, board member, director, employee, or agent of a political subdivision from making public appearances or from issuing press releases 6 concerning any such ballot measure or any measure proposed or pending before the general 7 8 assembly as long as such officer, board member, director, employee, or agent does not do 9 so in his or her official capacity.

2. If a contribution or expenditure of public funds to any person results in the use of any part of such funds to advocate, support, or oppose any ballot measure, any measure proposed or pending before the general assembly, or candidate for public office, the contribution or expenditure shall be considered to have been made indirectly in violation of subsection 1 of this section.

3. Any resident of a political subdivision who wishes to challenge a contribution or expenditure of public funds may bring an action in any circuit court of the political subdivision in which any alleged violation occurred. The political subdivision and the officer, board member, director, employee, or agent who allegedly violated this section

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19 shall be named as party defendants. The petition shall set forth the contribution, 20 expenditure, or contribution and expenditure at issue and the facts that gave rise to a 21 violation and shall pray leave to produce such proof. The court shall consider the petition 22 and evidence, hear arguments, and in its decision determine whether a violation of this 23 section occurred. If the court decides the contribution or expenditure of public funds was 24 made in violation of this section:

(1) The political subdivision shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount ten
times the amount of the contribution or expenditure or one thousand dollars, whichever
is greater;

(2) The officer, board member, director, employee, or agent shall be subject to a
civil penalty in an amount ten times the amount of the contribution or expenditure or one
thousand dollars, whichever is greater;

31 (3) The court shall order payment by the political subdivision of all the plaintiff's
32 costs and attorney fees; and

(4) The court shall enjoin the political subdivision from such actions in the future
and order a bond posted of at least one hundred thousand dollars to ensure compliance.

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