JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

First Regular Session, 99th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SIXTY-SEVENTH DAY, WEDNESDAY, MAY 3, 2017

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Speaker Pro Tem Haahr in the Chair.

Prayer by Reverend Monsignor Robert A. Kurwicki, Chaplain.

The Lord will give strength to His people; the Lord will bless His people with peace. (Psalm 29:11)

O Lord who is the good shepherd of our human hearts and souls, restore our minds and renew our spirits as we wait upon You in this our morning prayer. We would linger silently and reverently in Your presence until Your spirit comes to new life within us. Then with courage, strength, and wisdom we would face the trying duties of this turbulent day.

To Your loving care we commend our State. So guide our Governor, so bless our Speaker, so direct the members of the House of Representatives and Senate that, filled with Your spirit, they may lead our citizens in right paths, by just ways, and along the solid road that ultimately brings us to an honorable place, and enduring good will, and a willingness to work for the welfare of all humanity.

And the House says, "Amen!"

The Pledge of Allegiance to the flag was recited.

The Journal of the sixty-sixth day was approved as printed by the following vote:

AYES: 131

Adams	Alferman	Anders	Anderson	Austin
Bangert	Baringer	Barnes 60	Barnes 28	Basye
Beard	Beck	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black
Bondon	Brattin	Brown 27	Brown 57	Brown 94
Burnett	Burns	Butler	Cierpiot	Conway 10
Conway 104	Cookson	Corlew	Crawford	Cross
Curtman	Davis	DeGroot	Dogan	Dohrman
Eggleston	Engler	Evans	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater 49
Fraker	Francis	Franklin	Franks Jr	Frederick
Gannon	Green	Gregory	Grier	Haahr
Haefner	Hannegan	Hansen	Harris	Helms
Henderson	Higdon	Hill	Houghton	Houx
Hubrecht	Hurst	Justus	Kelley 127	Kendrick
Kidd	Korman	Lant	Lauer	Lavender
Lichtenegger	Love	Lynch	Marshall	Mathews
May	McCaherty	McCreery	McGaugh	Meredith 71
Merideth 80	Messenger	Miller	Moon	Morgan
Morris	Neely	Nichols	Peters	Pfautsch

Phillips	Pierson Jr	Pietzman	Pike	Pogue
Quade	Razer	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt
Reisch	Remole	Rhoads	Roberts	Roden
Roeber	Rone	Ross	Rowland 155	Runions
Ruth	Schroer	Shaul 113	Shull 16	Shumake
Sommer	Stacy	Stevens 46	Swan	Tate
Taylor	Trent	Unsicker	Vescovo	Walker 3
Wessels	White	Wiemann	Wilson	Wood

Mr. Speaker

NOES: 000

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 031

Andrews	Arthur	Bahr	Carpenter	Chipman
Christofanelli	Cornejo	Curtis	Dunn	Ellebracht
Ellington	Fitzwater 144	Gray	Johnson	Kelly 141
Kolkmeyer	Matthiesen	McCann Beatty	McDaniel	McGee
Mitten	Mosley	Muntzel	Newman	Plocher
Rowland 29	Smith 85	Smith 163	Spencer	Stephens 128

Walker 74

VACANCIES: 001

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS

Representative Ross offered House Resolution No. 2982.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Committee on Fiscal Review, Chairman Haefner reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Fiscal Review, to which was referred **HCS SB 501**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass** by the following vote:

Ayes (13): Alferman, Conway (104), Fraker, Haefner, Morgan, Morris, Rowland (29), Swan, Unsicker, Vescovo, Wessels, Wiemann and Wood

Noes (0)

Absent (1): Smith (163)

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILLS

HCS SS SB 34, as amended, with House Amendment No. 4, as amended, pending, relating to criminal offenses, was taken up by Representative Rhoads.

Representative Hannegan moved that **House Amendment No. 4**, **as amended**, be adopted.

Which motion was defeated.

Representative Conway (104) offered **House Amendment No. 5**.

House Amendment No. 5

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 21, Section 577.685, Line 15, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:

- "595.030. 1. No compensation shall be paid unless the claimant has incurred an out-of-pocket loss of at least fifty dollars or has lost two continuous weeks of earnings or support from gainful employment. "Out-of-pocket loss" shall mean unreimbursed or unreimbursable expenses or indebtedness reasonably incurred:
- (1) For medical care or other services, including psychiatric, psychological or counseling expenses, necessary as a result of the crime upon which the claim is based, except that the amount paid for psychiatric, psychological or counseling expenses per eligible claim shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars; or
- (2) As a result of personal property being seized in an investigation by law enforcement. Compensation paid for an out-of-pocket loss under this subdivision shall be in an amount equal to the loss sustained, but shall not exceed two hundred fifty dollars.
- 2. No compensation shall be paid unless the department of public safety finds that a crime was committed, that such crime directly resulted in personal physical injury to, or the death of, the victim, and that police records show that such crime was promptly reported to the proper authorities. In no case may compensation be paid if the police records show that such report was made more than forty-eight hours after the occurrence of such crime, unless the department of public safety finds that the report to the police was delayed for good cause. If the victim is under eighteen years of age such report may be made by the victim's parent, guardian or custodian; by a physician, a nurse, or hospital emergency room personnel; by the children's division personnel; or by any other member of the victim's family. In the case of a sexual offense, filing a report of the offense to the proper authorities may include, but not be limited to, the filing of the report of the forensic examination by the appropriate medical provider, as defined in section 595.220, with the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the alleged incident occurred.
- 3. No compensation shall be paid for medical care if the service provider is not a medical provider as that term is defined in section 595.027, and the individual providing the medical care is not licensed by the state of Missouri or the state in which the medical care is provided.
- 4. No compensation shall be paid for psychiatric treatment or other counseling services, including psychotherapy, unless the service provider is a:
- (1) Physician licensed pursuant to chapter 334 or licensed to practice medicine in the state in which the service is provided;
- (2) Psychologist licensed pursuant to chapter 337 or licensed to practice psychology in the state in which the service is provided;
 - (3) Clinical social worker licensed pursuant to chapter 337;
 - (4) Professional counselor licensed pursuant to chapter 337; or
- (5) Board-certified psychiatric-mental health clinical nurse specialist or board certified psychiatric-mental health nurse practitioner licensed under chapter 335 or licensed in the state in which the service is provided.
- 5. Any compensation paid pursuant to sections 595.010 to 595.075 for death or personal injury shall be in an amount not exceeding out-of-pocket loss, together with loss of earnings or support from gainful employment, not to exceed four hundred dollars per week, resulting from such injury or death. In the event of death of the victim, a claim for an award may be made for reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred for preparation and burial not to exceed five thousand dollars by the funeral home or a relative of the victim.
- 6. Any compensation for loss of earnings or support from gainful employment shall be in an amount equal to the actual loss sustained not to exceed four hundred dollars per week; provided, however, that no award pursuant to sections 595.010 to 595.075 shall exceed twenty-five thousand dollars. If two or more persons are entitled to compensation as a result of the death of a person which is the direct result of a crime or in the case of a sexual assault, the compensation shall be apportioned by the department of public safety among the claimants in proportion to their loss.
- 7. The method and timing of the payment of any compensation pursuant to sections 595.010 to 595.075 shall be determined by the department.
- 8. The department shall have the authority to negotiate the costs of medical care or other services directly with the providers of the care or services on behalf of any victim receiving compensation pursuant to sections 595.010 to 595.075."; and

Further amend said bill and page, Section 595.045, Lines 14 and 15, by deleting said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"3. The director of revenue shall deposit annually the amount of **at least** two hundred fifty thousand **dollars but no more than one million** dollars to the state forensic laboratory account administered by the department of public"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 23, Lines 59 and 60, by deleting said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"A or B felony; **fifty-five dollars upon a plea of guilty or a finding of guilt for a class C felony;** forty-six dollars upon a plea of guilty or finding of guilt for a class [C or] D or "; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Conway (104), **House Amendment No. 5** was adopted.

Representative Haefner offered **House Amendment No. 6**.

House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 11, Section 557.035, Line 13, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:

- "565.024. 1. A person commits the offense of involuntary manslaughter in the first degree if he or she recklessly causes the death of another person.
- 2. The offense of involuntary manslaughter in the first degree is a class C felony, unless the victim of such offense is a law enforcement officer, as defined under section 556.061, in which case it is a class B felony.
- 565.027. 1. A person commits the offense of involuntary manslaughter in the second degree if he or she acts with criminal negligence to cause the death of any person.
- 2. The offense of involuntary manslaughter in the second degree is a class E felony, unless the victim of such offense is a law enforcement officer, as defined under section 556.061, in which case it is a class D felony."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 13, Section 566.010, Line 40, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:

- "569.100. 1. A person commits the offense of property damage in the first degree if such person:
- (1) Knowingly damages property of another to an extent exceeding seven hundred fifty dollars; or
- (2) Damages property to an extent exceeding seven hundred fifty dollars for the purpose of defrauding an insurer; or
- (3) Knowingly damages a motor vehicle of another and the damage occurs while such person is making entry into the motor vehicle for the purpose of committing the crime of stealing therein or the damage occurs while such person is committing the crime of stealing within the motor vehicle.
- 2. The offense of property damage in the first degree committed under subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of this section is a class E felony. The offense of property damage in the first degree committed under subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section is a class D felony unless committed as a second or subsequent violation of subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section in which case it is a class B felony.
- 3. Notwithstanding subsection 2 of this section to the contrary, for a violation of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section in which the victim is a law enforcement officer, as defined under section 556.061, such offense is a class D felony.

- 569.120. 1. A person commits the offense of property damage in the second degree if he or she:
- (1) Knowingly damages property of another; or
- (2) Damages property for the purpose of defrauding an insurer.
- 2. The offense of property damage in the second degree is a class B misdemeanor.
- 3. Notwithstanding subsection 2 of this section, for a violation of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section in which the victim is a law enforcement officer, as defined under section 556.061, such offense is a class A misdemeanor.
- 569.140. 1. A person commits the offense of trespass in the first degree if he or she knowingly enters unlawfully or knowingly remains unlawfully in a building or inhabitable structure or upon real property.
- 2. A person does not commit the offense of trespass in the first degree by entering or remaining upon real property unless the real property is fenced or otherwise enclosed in a manner designed to exclude intruders or as to which notice against trespass is given by:
 - (1) Actual communication to the actor; or
 - (2) Posting in a manner reasonably likely to come to the attention of intruders.
- 3. The offense of trespass in the first degree is a class B misdemeanor, unless the victim of such offense is a law enforcement officer, as defined under section 556.061, in which case it is a class A misdemeanor.
- 571.030. 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons, except as otherwise provided by sections 571.101 to 571.121, if he or she knowingly:
- (1) Carries concealed upon or about his or her person a knife, a firearm, a blackjack or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any area where firearms are restricted under section 571.107; or
 - (2) Sets a spring gun; or
- (3) Discharges or shoots a firearm into a dwelling house, a railroad train, boat, aircraft, or motor vehicle as defined in section 302.010, or any building or structure used for the assembling of people; or
- (4) Exhibits, in the presence of one or more persons, any weapon readily capable of lethal use in an angry or threatening manner; or
- (5) Has a firearm or projectile weapon readily capable of lethal use on his or her person, while he or she is intoxicated, and handles or otherwise uses such firearm or projectile weapon in either a negligent or unlawful manner or discharges such firearm or projectile weapon unless acting in self-defense; or
- (6) Discharges a firearm within one hundred yards of any occupied schoolhouse, courthouse, or church building; or
- (7) Discharges or shoots a firearm at a mark, at any object, or at random, on, along or across a public highway or discharges or shoots a firearm into any outbuilding; or
- (8) Carries a firearm or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any church or place where people have assembled for worship, or into any election precinct on any election day, or into any building owned or occupied by any agency of the federal government, state government, or political subdivision thereof; or
- (9) Discharges or shoots a firearm at or from a motor vehicle, as defined in section 301.010, discharges or shoots a firearm at any person, or at any other motor vehicle, or at any building or habitable structure, unless the person was lawfully acting in self-defense; or
- (10) Carries a firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of any function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board; or
- (11) Possesses a firearm while also knowingly in possession of a controlled substance that is sufficient for a felony violation of section 579.015.
- 2. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to the persons described in this subsection, regardless of whether such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties except as otherwise provided in this subsection. Subdivisions (3), (4), (6), (7), and (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to or affect any of the following persons, when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties, except as otherwise provided in this subsection:
- (1) All state, county and municipal peace officers who have completed the training required by the police officer standards and training commission pursuant to sections 590.030 to 590.050 and who possess the duty and power of arrest for violation of the general criminal laws of the state or for violation of ordinances of counties or

municipalities of the state, whether such officers are on or off duty, and whether such officers are within or outside of the law enforcement agency's jurisdiction, or all qualified retired peace officers, as defined in subsection 12 of this section, and who carry the identification defined in subsection 13 of this section, or any person summoned by such officers to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while actually engaged in assisting such officer;

- (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of crime;
 - (3) Members of the Armed Forces or National Guard while performing their official duty;
- (4) Those persons vested by Article V, Section 1 of the Constitution of Missouri with the judicial power of the state and those persons vested by Article III of the Constitution of the United States with the judicial power of the United States, the members of the federal judiciary;
 - (5) Any person whose bona fide duty is to execute process, civil or criminal;
- (6) Any federal probation officer or federal flight deck officer as defined under the federal flight deck officer program, 49 U.S.C. Section 44921, regardless of whether such officers are on duty, or within the law enforcement agency's jurisdiction;
- (7) Any state probation or parole officer, including supervisors and members of the board of probation and parole;
- (8) Any corporate security advisor meeting the definition and fulfilling the requirements of the regulations established by the department of public safety under section 590.750;
 - (9) Any coroner, deputy coroner, medical examiner, or assistant medical examiner;
- (10) Any municipal or county prosecuting attorney or assistant prosecuting attorney; circuit attorney or assistant circuit attorney; municipal, associate, or circuit judge; or any person appointed by a court to be a special prosecutor who has completed the firearms safety training course required under subsection 2 of section 571.111;
- (11) Any member of a fire department or fire protection district who is employed on a full-time basis as a fire investigator and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a valid concealed carry permit under section 571.111 when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties; and
- (12) Upon the written approval of the governing body of a fire department or fire protection district, any paid fire department or fire protection district member who is employed on a full-time basis and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a valid concealed carry permit, when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties.
- 3. Subdivisions (1), (5), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section do not apply when the actor is transporting such weapons in a nonfunctioning state or in an unloaded state when ammunition is not readily accessible or when such weapons are not readily accessible. Subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply to any person nineteen years of age or older or eighteen years of age or older and a member of the United States Armed Forces, or honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces, transporting a concealable firearm in the passenger compartment of a motor vehicle, so long as such concealable firearm is otherwise lawfully possessed, nor when the actor is also in possession of an exposed firearm or projectile weapon for the lawful pursuit of game, or is in his or her dwelling unit or upon premises over which the actor has possession, authority or control, or is traveling in a continuous journey peaceably through this state. Subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply if the firearm is otherwise lawfully possessed by a person while traversing school premises for the purposes of transporting a student to or from school, or possessed by an adult for the purposes of facilitation of a school-sanctioned firearm-related event or club event.
- 4. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to any person who has a valid concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, a valid concealed carry endorsement issued before August 28, 2013, or a valid permit or endorsement to carry concealed firearms issued by another state or political subdivision of another state.
- 5. Subdivisions (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to persons who are engaged in a lawful act of defense pursuant to section 563.031.
- 6. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the state shall not prohibit any state employee from having a firearm in the employee's vehicle on the state's property provided that the vehicle is locked and the firearm is not visible. This subsection shall only apply to the state as an employer when the state employee's vehicle is on property owned or leased by the state and the state employee is conducting activities within the scope of his or her employment. For the purposes of this subsection, "state employee" means an employee of the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of the government of the state of Missouri.
- 7. Nothing in this section shall make it unlawful for a student to actually participate in school-sanctioned gun safety courses, student military or ROTC courses, or other school-sponsored or club-sponsored firearm-related

events, provided the student does not carry a firearm or other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of any other function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board.

- 8. A person who commits the [crime] **offense** of unlawful use of weapons under:
- (1) Subdivision (2), (3), (4), or (11) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class E felony;
- (2) Subdivision (1), (6), (7), or (8) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor, except when a concealed weapon is carried onto any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch, in which case the penalties of subsection 2 of section 571.107 shall apply;
- (3) Subdivision (5) or (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor if the firearm is unloaded and a class E felony if the firearm is loaded;
- (4) Subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class B felony, except that if the violation of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section results in injury or death to another person, it is a class A felony.
 - 9. Violations of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be punished as follows:
- (1) For the first violation a person shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony;
- (2) For any violation by a prior offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the possibility of parole, probation or conditional release for a term of ten years;
- (3) For any violation by a persistent offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the possibility of parole, probation, or conditional release:
- (4) For any violation which results in injury or death to another person, a person shall be sentenced to an authorized disposition for a class A felony.
- 10. Any person knowingly aiding or abetting any other person in the violation of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be subject to the same penalty as that prescribed by this section for violations by other persons.
- 11. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person who pleads guilty to or is found guilty of a felony violation of subsection 1 of this section shall receive a suspended imposition of sentence if such person has previously received a suspended imposition of sentence for any other firearms- or weapons-related felony offense.
 - 12. As used in this section "qualified retired peace officer" means an individual who:
- (1) Retired in good standing from service with a public agency as a peace officer, other than for reasons of mental instability;
- (2) Before such retirement, was authorized by law to engage in or supervise the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any violation of law, and had statutory powers of arrest:
- (3) Before such retirement, was regularly employed as a peace officer for an aggregate of fifteen years or more, or retired from service with such agency, after completing any applicable probationary period of such service, due to a service-connected disability, as determined by such agency;
 - (4) Has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the retirement plan of the agency if such a plan is available;
- (5) During the most recent twelve-month period, has met, at the expense of the individual, the standards for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry firearms;
 - (6) Is not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or substance; and
 - (7) Is not prohibited by federal law from receiving a firearm.
 - 13. The identification required by subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section is:
- (1) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired from service as a peace officer that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the agency to meet the standards established by the agency for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm; or
- (2) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired from service as a peace officer; and

- (3) A certification issued by the state in which the individual resides that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the state to meet the standards established by the state for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm.
- 14. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, for a violation of subdivision (2), (3), (4), (6), or (7) of subsection 1 of this section in which the victim is a law enforcement officer, as defined under section 556.061, such offense is a class D felony.
- 574.050. 1. A person commits the offense of rioting if he or she knowingly assembles with six or more other persons and agrees with such persons to violate any of the criminal laws of this state or of the United States with force or violence, and thereafter, while still so assembled, does violate any of said laws with force or violence.
- 2. The offense of rioting is a class A misdemeanor, unless the victim of such offense is a law enforcement officer, as defined under section 556.061, in which case it is a class E felony."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Roden offered House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 6.

House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Amendment No. 6 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Lines 7, 12, 34, and 35, Page 2, Lines 6, 7, and 17, Page 5, Lines 46 and 47, and Page 6, Line 5, by deleting in all instances the phrase "law enforcement officer, as defined under section 556.061," and inserting in lieu thereof the phrase "first responder, as defined under section 67.145,"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Ellington raised a point of order that a member was in violation of Rule 85.

The Chair ruled the point of order not well taken.

Representative Cierpiot moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 103

Alferman	Anderson	Austin	Barnes 60	Basye
Beard	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Bondon
Brattin	Brown 57	Brown 94	Chipman	Christofanelli
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Corlew	Cornejo
Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis	DeGroot
Dogan	Dohrman	Eggleston	Engler	Evans
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater 144	Fitzwater 49	Fraker	Frederick
Gannon	Gregory	Grier	Haahr	Haefner
Hannegan	Hansen	Helms	Higdon	Hill
Houghton	Houx	Hubrecht	Hurst	Justus
Kelley 127	Kelly 141	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lant
Lichtenegger	Love	Lynch	Marshall	Mathews
Matthiesen	McGaugh	Messenger	Moon	Morris
Neely	Pfautsch	Phillips	Pietzman	Pike
Plocher	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt
Reisch	Remole	Rhoads	Roden	Roeber

Rone Shaul 113 Spencer Trent Wilson	Ross Shull 16 Stacy Vescovo Wood	Rowland 155 Shumake Swan Walker 3 Mr. Speaker	Ruth Smith 163 Tate White	Schroer Sommer Taylor Wiemann
NOES: 041				
Adams Barnes 28 Butler Gray May Merideth 80 Peters Rowland 29 Wessels	Anders Beck Carpenter Green McCann Beatty Mitten Pierson Jr Smith 85	Arthur Brown 27 Conway 10 Harris McCreery Morgan Quade Stevens 46	Bangert Burnett Dunn Kendrick McGee Mosley Razer Unsicker	Baringer Burns Franks Jr Lavender Meredith 71 Nichols Roberts Walker 74
PRESENT: 000				
ABSENT WITH LEAVE	E: 018			
Andrews Francis Lauer Newman	Bahr Franklin McCaherty Runions	Curtis Henderson McDaniel Stephens 128	Ellebracht Johnson Miller	Ellington Kidd Muntzel

VACANCIES: 001

House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 6 was withdrawn.

Representative Barnes (60) offered House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6.

> House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 11, Section 557.035, Line 13, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:

- "565.024. 1. A person commits the offense of involuntary manslaughter in the first degree if he or she recklessly causes the death of another person.
- 2. The offense of involuntary manslaughter in the first degree is a class C felony, unless the victim is intentionally targeted due to his or her employment as a law enforcement officer, as defined in 556.061, or as a first responder, as defined in 67.145, or the victim is targeted because he or she is a relative within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity to a law enforcement officer or first responder, in which case it is a class B felony.
- 565.027. 1. A person commits the offense of involuntary manslaughter in the second degree if he or she acts with criminal negligence to cause the death of any person.
- 2. The offense of involuntary manslaughter in the second degree is a class E felony, unless the victim is intentionally targeted due to his or her employment as a law enforcement officer, as defined in 556.061, or as a first responder, as defined in 67.145, or the victim is targeted because he or she is a relative within the

second degree of consanguinity or affinity to a law enforcement officer or first responder, in which case it is a class D felony."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 12, Section 565.091, Line 12, by inserting immediately after all of said section and line the following:

- "565.225. 1. As used in this section and section 565.227, the term "disturbs" shall mean to engage in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that serves no legitimate purpose and that would cause a reasonable person under the circumstances to be frightened, intimidated, or emotionally distressed.
- 2. A person commits the offense of stalking in the first degree if he or she purposely, through his or her course of conduct, disturbs or follows with the intent of disturbing another person and:
- (1) Makes a threat communicated with the intent to cause the person who is the target of the threat to reasonably fear for his or her safety, the safety of his or her family or household member, or the safety of domestic animals or livestock as defined in section 276.606 kept at such person's residence or on such person's property. The threat shall be against the life of, or a threat to cause physical injury to, or the kidnapping of the person, the person's family or household members, or the person's domestic animals or livestock as defined in section 276.606 kept at such person's residence or on such person's property; or
- (2) At least one of the acts constituting the course of conduct is in violation of an order of protection and the person has received actual notice of such order; or
- (3) At least one of the actions constituting the course of conduct is in violation of a condition of probation, parole, pretrial release, or release on bond pending appeal; or
- (4) At any time during the course of conduct, the other person is seventeen years of age or younger and the person disturbing the other person is twenty-one years of age or older; or
- (5) He or she has previously been found guilty of domestic assault, violation of an order of protection, or any other crime where the other person was the victim; or
- (6) At any time during the course of conduct, the other person is a participant of the address confidentiality program under sections 589.660 to 589.681, and the person disturbing the other person knowingly accesses or attempts to access the address of the other person.
- 3. Any law enforcement officer may arrest, without a warrant, any person he or she has probable cause to believe has violated the provisions of this section.
- 4. This section shall not apply to activities of federal, state, county, or municipal law enforcement officers conducting investigations of any violation of federal, state, county, or municipal law.
- 5. The offense of stalking in the first degree is a class E felony, unless the defendant has previously been found guilty of a violation of this section or section 565.227, or any offense committed in another jurisdiction which, if committed in this state, would be chargeable or indictable as a violation of any offense listed in this section or section 565.227, or unless the victim is intentionally targeted due to his or her employment as a law enforcement officer, as defined in 556.061, or as a first responder, as defined in 67.145, or the victim is targeted because he or she is a relative within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity to a law enforcement officer or first responder, in which case stalking in the first degree is a class D felony.
- 565.227. 1. A person commits the offense of stalking in the second degree if he or she purposely, through his or her course of conduct, disturbs, or follows with the intent to disturb another person.
- 2. This section shall not apply to activities of federal, state, county, or municipal law enforcement officers conducting investigations of any violation of federal, state, county, or municipal law.
- 3. Any law enforcement officer may arrest, without a warrant, any person he or she has probable cause to believe has violated the provisions of this section.
- 4. The offense of stalking in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor, unless the defendant has previously been found guilty of a violation of this section or section 565.225, or of any offense committed in another jurisdiction which, if committed in this state, would be chargeable or indictable as a violation of any offense listed in this section or section 565.225, or unless the victim is intentionally targeted due to his or her employment as a law enforcement officer, as defined in 556.061, or as a first responder, as defined in 67.145, or the victim is targeted because he or she is a relative within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity to a law enforcement officer or first responder, in which case stalking in the second degree is a class E felony."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 13, Section 566.010, Line 40, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:

- "569.100. 1. A person commits the offense of property damage in the first degree if such person:
- (1) Knowingly damages property of another to an extent exceeding seven hundred fifty dollars; or
- (2) Damages property to an extent exceeding seven hundred fifty dollars for the purpose of defrauding an insurer; or
- (3) Knowingly damages a motor vehicle of another and the damage occurs while such person is making entry into the motor vehicle for the purpose of committing the crime of stealing therein or the damage occurs while such person is committing the crime of stealing within the motor vehicle.
- 2. The offense of property damage in the first degree committed under subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of this section is a class E felony, unless the offense of property damage in the first degree was committed under subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section and the victim was intentionally targeted due to his or her employment as a law enforcement officer, as defined in 556.061, or as a first responder, as defined in 67.145, or the victim is targeted because he or she is a relative within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity to a law enforcement officer or first responder, in which case it is a class D felony. The offense of property damage in the first degree committed under subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section is a class D felony unless committed as a second or subsequent violation of subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section in which case it is a class B felony.
 - 569.120. 1. A person commits the offense of property damage in the second degree if he or she:
 - (1) Knowingly damages property of another; or
 - (2) Damages property for the purpose of defrauding an insurer.
- 2. The offense of property damage in the second degree is a class B misdemeanor, unless the offense of property damage in the second degree was committed under subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section and the victim was intentionally targeted due to his or her employment as a law enforcement officer, as defined in 556.061, or as a first responder, as defined in 67.145, or the victim is targeted because he or she is a relative within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity to a law enforcement officer or first responder, in which it is a class A misdemeanor.
- 569.140. 1. A person commits the offense of trespass in the first degree if he or she knowingly enters unlawfully or knowingly remains unlawfully in a building or inhabitable structure or upon real property.
- 2. A person does not commit the offense of trespass in the first degree by entering or remaining upon real property unless the real property is fenced or otherwise enclosed in a manner designed to exclude intruders or as to which notice against trespass is given by:
 - (1) Actual communication to the actor; or
 - (2) Posting in a manner reasonably likely to come to the attention of intruders.
- 3. The offense of trespass in the first degree is a class B misdemeanor, unless the victim is intentionally targeted due to his or her employment as a law enforcement officer, as defined in 556.061, or as a first responder, as defined in 67.145, or the victim is targeted because he or she is a relative within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity to a law enforcement officer or first responder, in which case it is a class A misdemeanor."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Hill offered **House Amendment No. 1 to House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6**.

House Amendment No. 1 to House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Lines 8 and 15, Page 2, Lines 25 and 41, and Page 3, Lines 14, 27, and 40, by deleting in all instances the phrase "or as a first responder, as defined in 67.145,"; and

Further amend said amendment, Page 3, Line 42, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

"Further amend said bill, Page 24, Section 595.045, Line 118, by inserting immediately after all of said section and line the following:

- "650.520. 1. There is hereby created a statewide program called the "Blue Alert System" referred to in this section as the "system" to aid in the identification, location, and apprehension of any individual or individuals suspected of killing or seriously wounding any local, state, or federal law enforcement officer.
- 2. For the purposes of this section, "law enforcement officer" means any public servant having both the power and duty to make arrests for violations of the laws of this state, and federal law enforcement officers authorized to carry firearms and to make arrests for violations of the laws of the United States.
- 3. The department of public safety shall develop regions to provide the system. The department of public safety shall coordinate local law enforcement agencies and public commercial television and radio broadcasters to provide an effective system. In the event that a local law enforcement agency opts not to set up a system and a killing or serious wounding of a law enforcement officer occurs within the jurisdiction, it shall notify the department of public safety who will notify local media in the region.
- 4. The blue alert system shall include all state agencies capable of providing urgent and timely information to the public together with broadcasters and other private entities that volunteer to participate in the dissemination of urgent public information. At a minimum, the blue alert system shall include the department of public safety, highway patrol, department of transportation, and Missouri lottery.
- 5. The department of public safety shall have the authority to develop, implement, and manage the blue alert system.
- 6. Participation in a blue alert system is entirely at the option of local law enforcement agencies, federally licensed radio and television broadcasters, and other private entities that volunteer to participate in the dissemination of urgent public information.
- 7. Any person who knowingly makes a false report that triggers an alert under this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor; except that, if the false report results in serious physical injury or death, such person is guilty of a class E felony.
- 8. The department of public safety may promulgate rules for the implementation of the blue alert system. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2017, shall be invalid and void."; and"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Roden requested a division of the question on **House Amendment No. 1** to House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6.

PART I
of
House Amendment No. 1
to
House Substitute Amendment No. 1
for
House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Lines 8 and 15, Page 2, Lines 25 and 41, and Page 3, Lines 14, 27, and 40, by deleting in all instances the phrase "or as a first responder, as defined in 67.145,"; and

On motion of Representative Hill, **Part I of House Amendment No. 1 to House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6** was adopted by the following vote, the ayes and noes having been demanded by Representative Ellington:

A٦	YE	S:	091	

Alferman	Anderson	Andrews	Austin	Basye
Beard	Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown 57
Brown 94	Chipman	Christofanelli	Cierpiot	Conway 104
Cornejo	Crawford	Curtman	Davis	Dogan
Dohrman	Eggleston	Evans	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater 144
Fitzwater 49	Fraker	Francis	Frederick	Gannon
Gregory	Grier	Haahr	Haefner	Hannegan
Helms	Henderson	Higdon	Hill	Houghton
Houx	Hubrecht	Hurst	Justus	Kelley 127
Kelly 141	Kolkmeyer	Lant	Lichtenegger	Love
Lynch	Marshall	Mathews	Matthiesen	McCaherty
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Moon	Morris
Pfautsch	Phillips	Pietzman	Pike	Plocher
Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Reisch	Remole
Rhoads	Roeber	Rone	Rowland 155	Ruth
Schroer	Shaul 113	Shumake	Smith 163	Sommer
Spencer	Stacy	Swan	Taylor	Trent
Vescovo	Walker 3	White	Wilson	Wood
Mr. Speaker				

NOES: 057

Adams	Anders	Arthur	Bahr	Bangert
Baringer	Barnes 60	Barnes 28	Beck	Black
Brown 27	Burnett	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Conway 10	Cookson	Corlew	Dunn	Ellebracht
Ellington	Engler	Franks Jr	Gray	Green
Hansen	Harris	Kendrick	Korman	Lavender
May	McCann Beatty	McCreery	McGee	Meredith 71
Merideth 80	Mitten	Morgan	Mosley	Neely
Nichols	Peters	Pierson Jr	Pogue	Quade
Razer	Roberts	Roden	Ross	Rowland 29
Runions	Smith 85	Stevens 46	Tate	Unsicker
Walker 74	Wessels			

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 014

Bondon	Cross	Curtis	DeGroot	Franklin
Johnson	Kidd	Lauer	McDaniel	Muntzel
Newman	Shull 16	Stephens 128	Wiemann	

VACANCIES: 001

PART II

of

House Amendment No. 1

to

House Substitute Amendment No. 1

for

House Amendment No. 6

Further amend said amendment, Page 3, Line 42, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

"Further amend said bill, Page 24, Section 595.045, Line 118, by inserting immediately after all of said section and line the following:

- "650.520. 1. There is hereby created a statewide program called the "Blue Alert System" referred to in this section as the "system" to aid in the identification, location, and apprehension of any individual or individuals suspected of killing or seriously wounding any local, state, or federal law enforcement officer.
- 2. For the purposes of this section, "law enforcement officer" means any public servant having both the power and duty to make arrests for violations of the laws of this state, and federal law enforcement officers authorized to carry firearms and to make arrests for violations of the laws of the United States.
- 3. The department of public safety shall develop regions to provide the system. The department of public safety shall coordinate local law enforcement agencies and public commercial television and radio broadcasters to provide an effective system. In the event that a local law enforcement agency opts not to set up a system and a killing or serious wounding of a law enforcement officer occurs within the jurisdiction, it shall notify the department of public safety who will notify local media in the region.
- 4. The blue alert system shall include all state agencies capable of providing urgent and timely information to the public together with broadcasters and other private entities that volunteer to participate in the dissemination of urgent public information. At a minimum, the blue alert system shall include the department of public safety, highway patrol, department of transportation, and Missouri lottery.
- 5. The department of public safety shall have the authority to develop, implement, and manage the blue alert system.
- 6. Participation in a blue alert system is entirely at the option of local law enforcement agencies, federally licensed radio and television broadcasters, and other private entities that volunteer to participate in the dissemination of urgent public information.
- 7. Any person who knowingly makes a false report that triggers an alert under this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor; except that, if the false report results in serious physical injury or death, such person is guilty of a class E felony.
- 8. The department of public safety may promulgate rules for the implementation of the blue alert system. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2017, shall be invalid and void."; and"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Cierpiot moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 108

Alferman Anderson Andrews Austin Bahr Barnes 60 Basye Beard Bernskoetter Berry Brown 94 Black Bondon Brattin Brown 57 Cierpiot Conway 104 Corlew Christofanelli Cookson

Cornejo	Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis
DeGroot	Dogan	Dohrman	Eggleston	Engler
Evans	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater 144	Fitzwater 49	Fraker
Francis	Frederick	Gannon	Gregory	Grier
Haahr	Haefner	Hannegan	Hansen	Helms
Henderson	Higdon	Hill	Houghton	Houx
Hubrecht	Hurst	Justus	Kelley 127	Kelly 141
Kidd	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lant	Lichtenegger
Love	Lynch	Marshall	Matthiesen	McCaherty
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Moon	Morris
Muntzel	Neely	Pfautsch	Phillips	Pietzman
Pike	Plocher	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Reisch	Remole	Rhoads	Roeber
Rone	Ross	Rowland 155	Ruth	Schroer
Shaul 113	Shull 16	Shumake	Smith 163	Sommer
Spencer	Stacy	Swan	Tate	Taylor
Trent	Vescovo	Walker 3	White	Wiemann
Wilson	Wood	Mr. Speaker		

NOES: 043

Adams	Anders	Arthur	Bangert	Baringer
Barnes 28	Beck	Brown 27	Burnett	Burns
Butler	Carpenter	Conway 10	Dunn	Ellebracht
Ellington	Franks Jr	Gray	Green	Harris
Kendrick	Lavender	May	McCann Beatty	McCreery
McGee	Meredith 71	Merideth 80	Morgan	Mosley
Nichols	Peters	Pierson Jr	Quade	Razer
Roberts	Rowland 29	Runions	Smith 85	Stevens 46
Unsicker	Walker 74	Wessels		

PRESENT: 001

Roden

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 010

ChipmanCurtisFranklinJohnsonLauerMathewsMcDanielMittenNewmanStephens 128

VACANCIES: 001

On motion of Representative Hill, **Part II of House Amendment No. 1 to House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6** was adopted by the following vote, the ayes and noes having been demanded by Representative Ellington:

AYES: 133

Alferman	Anders	Anderson	Andrews	Arthur
Austin	Bahr	Baringer	Barnes 60	Basye
Beard	Beck	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black
Bondon	Brattin	Brown 57	Brown 94	Burnett
Burns	Carpenter	Christofanelli	Cierpiot	Conway 10
Conway 104	Cookson	Corlew	Cornejo	Crawford
Cross	Curtman	Davis	DeGroot	Dogan
Dohrman	Eggleston	Ellebracht	Engler	Evans

Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater 144	Fitzwater 49	Fraker	Francis
Frederick	Gannon	Green	Gregory	Grier
Haahr	Haefner	Hannegan	Hansen	Harris
Helms	Henderson	Higdon	Hill	Houghton
Houx	Hubrecht	Hurst	Justus	Kelley 127
Kelly 141	Kendrick	Kidd	Kolkmeyer	Korman
Lant	Lichtenegger	Love	Lynch	Marshall
Mathews	Matthiesen	McCaherty	McGaugh	McGee
Merideth 80	Messenger	Miller	Moon	Morgan
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Nichols	Peters
Pfautsch	Phillips	Pietzman	Pike	Plocher
Quade	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Reisch
Remole	Rhoads	Roden	Roeber	Rone
Ross	Rowland 155	Rowland 29	Runions	Ruth
Schroer	Shaul 113	Shull 16	Shumake	Smith 163
Sommer	Spencer	Stacy	Stevens 46	Swan
Tate	Taylor	Trent	Unsicker	Vescovo
Walker 3	Walker 74	Wessels	White	Wiemann
Wilson	Wood	Mr. Speaker		
NOES 010				
NOES: 019				
Adams	Barnes 28	Brown 27	Butler	Dunn
Ellington	Franks Jr	Gray	Lavender	May
McCann Beatty	McCreery	Meredith 71	Mosley	Pierson Jr
Pogue	Razer	Roberts	Smith 85	
PRESENT: 000				
ABSENT WITH LEAV	E: 010			
Bangert	Chipman	Curtis	Franklin	Johnson
Lauer	McDaniel	Mitten	Newman	Stephens 128

VACANCIES: 001

Representative Merideth (80) offered House Amendment No. 2 to House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6.

House Amendment No. 2 House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 3, Line 43, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

"Further amend said bill, Page 24, Section 594.045, Line 118, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:

"Section 1. If a blue alert is triggered under section 650.520, such alert shall include an advisory to the public that it should contact the local law enforcement agency to report information and should not attempt to follow the suspect or apprehend the suspect."; and"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Merideth (80), **House Amendment No. 2 to House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6** was adopted.

Representative Ross assumed the Chair.

Representative Marshall offered **House Amendment No. 3 to House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6**.

House Amendment No. 3 to House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Lines 7 and 14, Page 2, Lines 24 and 40, and Page 3, Lines 13, 26, and 39, by deleting in all instances the phrase "due to his or her employment"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Marshall, **House Amendment No. 3 to House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6** was adopted.

Representative Cierpiot moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 101

Alferman	Anderson	Andrews	Austin	Barnes 60
Basye	Beard	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black
Bondon	Brattin	Brown 57	Brown 94	Christofanelli
Cierpiot	Cookson	Corlew	Crawford	Cross
Curtman	Davis	DeGroot	Dogan	Dohrman
Eggleston	Ellebracht	Engler	Evans	Fitzwater 144
Fitzwater 49	Fraker	Francis	Frederick	Gannon
Gregory	Grier	Haahr	Haefner	Hannegan
Hansen	Helms	Henderson	Higdon	Hill
Houghton	Houx	Hubrecht	Hurst	Justus
Kelley 127	Kelly 141	Kidd	Kolkmeyer	Korman
Lant	Lichtenegger	Love	Lynch	Marshall
Mathews	Matthiesen	McCaherty	McGaugh	Messenger
Miller	Moon	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Pfautsch	Phillips	Pietzman	Pike	Plocher
Pogue	Rehder	Reisch	Remole	Rhoads
Roeber	Rone	Ross	Ruth	Schroer
Shaul 113	Shull 16	Shumake	Smith 163	Sommer
Stacy	Swan	Tate	Taylor	Trent
Vescovo	Walker 3	White	Wiemann	Wilson
Mr. Speaker				

NOES: 039

Adams	Anders	Arthur	Baringer	Barnes 28
Beck	Brown 27	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Conway 10	Dunn	Ellington	Franks Jr	Gray
Green	Harris	Kendrick	Lavender	May
McCann Beatty	McCreery	McGee	Meredith 71	Merideth 80
Morgan	Mosley	Nichols	Peters	Pierson Jr
Quade	Razer	Roberts	Rowland 29	Runions
Smith 85	Stevens 46	Walker 74	Wessels	

PRESENT: 001

Roden

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 021

Bahr	Bangert	Burnett	Chipman	Conway 104
Cornejo	Curtis	Fitzpatrick	Franklin	Johnson
Lauer	McDaniel	Mitten	Newman	Redmon
Reiboldt	Rowland 155	Spencer	Stephens 128	Unsicker
XX 1				

Wood

VACANCIES: 001

Speaker Richardson assumed the Chair.

On motion of Representative Barnes (60), **House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 6, as amended**, was adopted.

Representative Swan offered **House Amendment No. 7**.

House Amendment No. 7

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 13, Section 566.010, Line 40, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:

"566.150. 1. Any person who has been found guilty of:

- (1) Violating any of the provisions of this chapter or the provisions of section 568.020, incest; section 568.045, endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree; section 573.200, use of a child in a sexual performance; section 573.205, promoting a sexual performance by a child; section 573.023, sexual exploitation of a minor; section 573.025, promoting child pornography; or section 573.040, furnishing pornographic material to minors; or
- (2) Any offense in any other jurisdiction which, if committed in this state, would be a violation listed in this section;

shall not knowingly be present in or loiter within five hundred feet of any real property comprising any public park with playground equipment [or], a public swimming pool, or any museum with the primary purpose of entertaining or educating children under eighteen years of age.

- 2. The first violation of the provisions of this section is a class E felony.
- 3. A second or subsequent violation of this section is a class D felony."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative McGaugh offered House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 7.

House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 7

AMEND House Amendment No. 7 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Line 17, by inserting after said line the following:

"Further amend said bill, Page 21, Section 577.685, Line 15, by inserting immediately after all of said section and line the following:

- "589.664. 1. If an individual is a participant in the Address Confidentiality Program pursuant to section 589.663, no person or entity shall be compelled to disclose the participant's actual address during the discovery phase of or during a proceeding before a court or other tribunal unless the court or tribunal first finds, on the record, that:
- (1) There is a reasonable belief that the address is needed to obtain information or evidence without which the investigation, prosecution, or litigation cannot proceed; and
 - (2) There is no other practicable way of obtaining the information or evidence.
- 2. The court must first provide the program participant and the secretary of state notice that address disclosure is sought.
- 3. The program participant shall have an opportunity to present evidence regarding the potential harm to the safety of the program participant if the address is disclosed. In determining whether to compel disclosure, the court must consider whether the potential harm to the safety of the participant is outweighed by the interest in disclosure. In a criminal proceeding, the court must order disclosure of a program participant's address if protecting the address would violate a defendant's constitutional right to confront a witness.
- 4. Notwithstanding any other provision in law, no court shall order an individual who has had their application accepted by the secretary to disclose their actual address or location of their residence without giving the secretary proper notice. The secretary shall have the right to intervene in any civil proceeding in which a court is considering a participant to disclose their actual address.
- 5. Disclosure of a participant's actual address under this section shall be limited under the terms of the order to ensure that the disclosure and dissemination of the actual address will be no wider than necessary for the purposes of the investigation, prosecution, or litigation.
- 6. Nothing in this section prevents the court or other tribunal from issuing a protective order to prevent disclosure of information other than the participant's actual address that could reasonably lead to the discovery of the program participant's location.
- 589.675. If the secretary deems it appropriate, the secretary [shall] may make a program participant's address and mailing address available for inspection or copying [under the following circumstances:
- (1)—] to a person identified in a court order, upon the secretary's receipt of such court order that **complies** with section 559.664 [specifically orders the disclosure of a particular program participant's address and mailing address and the reasons stated for the disclosure; or
- (2) If the certification has been cancelled because the applicant or program participant violated subdivision (2) of section 589.663]."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 24, Section B, Lines 1-2, by deleting said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to protect the citizens of Missouri from criminal offenses, the repeal and reenactment of sections"; and

Further amend said bill, page and section, Lines 3 and 8, by inserting immediately after the number "577.010," the number "589.675,"; and

Further amend said bill, page and section, Lines 4 and 8, by deleting the phrase "section 252.069" in both instances and inserting in lieu thereof the phrase "sections 252.069 and 589.664"; and"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative McGaugh, **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 7** was adopted.

Representative Brown (57) offered **House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 7**.

House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 7

AMEND House Amendment No. 7 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Line 14, by inserting after the word "pool," the phrase "**swimming beach**,"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Brown (57), **House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 7** was adopted.

Representative Brattin offered House Amendment No. 3 to House Amendment No. 7.

House Amendment No. 3 to House Amendment No. 7

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Section A, Line 5, by inserting after said section and line the following:

- "67.307. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Law enforcement officer", a sheriff or peace officer of a municipality with the duty and power of arrest for violation of the general criminal laws of the state or for violation of ordinances of municipalities;
 - (2) "Municipality", any county, city, town, or village;
- (3) "Municipality official", any elected or appointed official or any law enforcement officer serving the municipality;
- (4) "Sanctuary policy", any municipality's order [97], ordinance, or law enforcement policy, regardless of whether formally enacted or [followed] informally adopted, that:
- (a) Limits or prohibits any municipality official or person employed by the municipality from communicating or cooperating with federal agencies or officials to verify or report the immigration status of any alien within such municipality; [or]
- (b) Grants to illegal aliens the right to lawful presence or status within the municipality in violation of federal law[-];
 - (c) Violates 8 U.S.C. Section 1373 in any way;
- (d) Restricts in any way, or imposes any conditions upon, the municipality's cooperation or compliance with detainers or other requests from United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement to maintain custody of any alien or to transfer any alien to the custody of United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement;
- (e) Requires United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement to obtain a warrant or demonstrate probable cause before complying with detainers or other requests from United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement to maintain custody of any alien or to transfer any alien to the custody of United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement; or

- (f) Prevents the municipality's law enforcement officers from asking any individual his or her citizenship or immigration status.
- 2. No municipality shall enact or adopt any sanctuary policy. Any municipality that enacts or adopts a sanctuary policy shall be ineligible for any moneys provided through grants administered by any state agency or department until the sanctuary policy is repealed or is no longer in effect. Upon the complaint of any state resident regarding a specific government entity, agency, or political subdivision of this state or prior to the provision of funds or awarding of any grants to a government entity, agency, or political subdivision of this state, any member of the general assembly may request that the attorney general of the state of Missouri issue an opinion stating whether the government entity, agency, or political subdivision has current policies in contravention of this section.
- 3. The governing body, sheriff, or chief of police of each municipality shall provide each law enforcement officer with written notice of their duty to cooperate with state and federal agencies and officials on matters pertaining to enforcement of state and federal laws governing immigration.
 - 4. This section shall become effective on January 1, 2009."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

House Amendment No. 3 to House Amendment No. 7 was withdrawn.

On motion of Representative Swan, **House Amendment No. 7**, **as amended**, was adopted.

Representative Brattin offered **House Amendment No. 8**.

House Amendment No. 8

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Section A, Line 5, by inserting after said section and line the following:

- "67.307. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Law enforcement officer", a sheriff or peace officer of a municipality with the duty and power of arrest for violation of the general criminal laws of the state or for violation of ordinances of municipalities;
 - (2) "Municipality", any county, city, town, or village;
- (3) "Municipality official", any elected or appointed official or any law enforcement officer serving the municipality;
- (4) "Sanctuary policy", any municipality's order [0+], ordinance, or law enforcement policy, regardless of whether formally enacted or [followed] informally adopted, that:
- (a) Limits or prohibits any municipality official or person employed by the municipality from communicating or cooperating with federal agencies or officials to verify or report the immigration status of any alien within such municipality; [or]
- (b) Grants to illegal aliens the right to lawful presence or status within the municipality in violation of federal law[-];
 - (c) Violates 8 U.S.C. Section 1373 in any way;
- (d) Restricts in any way, or imposes any conditions upon, the municipality's cooperation or compliance with detainers or other requests from United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement to maintain custody of any alien or to transfer any alien to the custody of United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement;
- (e) Requires United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement to obtain a warrant or demonstrate probable cause before complying with detainers or other requests from United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement to maintain custody of any alien or to transfer any alien to the custody of United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement; or
- (f) Prevents the municipality's law enforcement officers from asking any individual his or her citizenship or immigration status.

- 2. No municipality shall enact or adopt any sanctuary policy. Any municipality that enacts or adopts a sanctuary policy shall be ineligible for any moneys provided through grants administered by any state agency or department until the sanctuary policy is repealed or is no longer in effect. Upon the complaint of any state resident regarding a specific government entity, agency, or political subdivision of this state or prior to the provision of funds or awarding of any grants to a government entity, agency, or political subdivision of this state, any member of the general assembly may request that the attorney general of the state of Missouri issue an opinion stating whether the government entity, agency, or political subdivision has current policies in contravention of this section.
- 3. The governing body, sheriff, or chief of police of each municipality shall provide each law enforcement officer with written notice of their duty to cooperate with state and federal agencies and officials on matters pertaining to enforcement of state and federal laws governing immigration.
 - 4. This section shall become effective on January 1, 2009."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Plocher offered House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 8.

House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 8

AMEND House Amendment No. 8 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 2, Line 7, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"Further amend said bill, Page 9, Section 252.069, Line 3, by inserting immediately after all of said section and line the following:

- "479.020. 1. Any city, town or village, including those operating under a constitutional or special charter, may, and cities with a population of four hundred thousand or more shall, provide by ordinance or charter for the selection, tenure and compensation of a municipal judge or judges consistent with the provisions of this chapter who shall have original jurisdiction to hear and determine all violations against the ordinances of the municipality. The method of selection of municipal judges shall be provided by charter or ordinance. Each municipal judge shall be selected for a term of not less than two years as provided by charter or ordinance.
- 2. Except where prohibited by charter or ordinance, the municipal judge may be a part-time judge and may serve as municipal judge in more than one municipality.
- 3. No person shall serve as a municipal judge of any municipality with a population of seven thousand five hundred or more or of any municipality in a county of the first class with a charter form of government unless the person is licensed to practice law in this state unless, prior to January 2, 1979, such person has served as municipal judge of that same municipality for at least two years.
- 4. Notwithstanding any other statute, a municipal judge need not be a resident of the municipality or of the circuit in which the municipal judge serves except where ordinance or charter provides otherwise. Municipal judges shall be residents of Missouri.
- 5. Judges selected under the provisions of this section shall be municipal judges of the circuit court and shall be divisions of the circuit court of the circuit in which the municipality, or major geographical portion thereof, is located. The judges of these municipal divisions shall be subject to the rules of the circuit court which are not inconsistent with the rules of the supreme court. The presiding judge of the circuit shall have general administrative authority over the judges and court personnel of the municipal divisions within the circuit.
- 6. No municipal judge shall hold any other office in the municipality which the municipal judge serves as judge. The compensation of any municipal judge and other court personnel shall not be dependent in any way upon the number of cases tried, the number of guilty verdicts reached or the amount of fines imposed or collected.
- 7. Municipal judges shall be at least twenty-one years of age. No person shall serve as municipal judge after that person has reached that person's seventy-fifth birthday.
- 8. Within six months after selection for the position, each municipal judge who is not licensed to practice law in this state shall satisfactorily complete the course of instruction for municipal judges prescribed by the supreme court. The state courts administrator shall certify to the supreme court the names of those judges who satisfactorily complete the prescribed course. If a municipal judge fails to complete satisfactorily the prescribed

course within six months after the municipal judge's selection as municipal judge, the municipal judge's office shall be deemed vacant and such person shall not thereafter be permitted to serve as a municipal judge, nor shall any compensation thereafter be paid to such person for serving as municipal judge.

9. No municipal judge shall serve as a municipal judge in more than five municipalities at one time. A court that serves more than one municipality shall be treated as a single municipality for the purposes of this subsection."; and

Further amend said bill and page, Section 479.170, Line 10, by inserting immediately after all of said section and line the following:

- "479.353. **1.** Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary, the following conditions shall apply to minor traffic violations and municipal ordinance violations:
 - (1) The court shall not assess a fine, if combined with the amount of court costs, totaling in excess of:
 - (a) Two hundred twenty-five dollars for minor traffic violations; and
- (b) For municipal ordinance violations committed within a twelve-month period beginning with the first violation: two hundred dollars for the first municipal ordinance violation, two hundred seventy-five dollars for the second municipal ordinance violation, three hundred fifty dollars for the third municipal ordinance violation, and four hundred fifty dollars for the fourth and any subsequent municipal ordinance violations;
- (2) The court shall not sentence a person to confinement, except the court may sentence a person to confinement for any violation involving alcohol or controlled substances, violations endangering the health or welfare of others, or eluding or giving false information to a law enforcement officer;
- (3) A person shall not be placed in confinement for failure to pay a fine unless such nonpayment violates terms of probation or unless the due process procedures mandated by Missouri supreme court rule 37.65 or its successor rule are strictly followed by the court;
- (4) Court costs that apply shall be assessed against the defendant unless the court finds that the defendant is indigent based on standards set forth in determining such by the presiding judge of the circuit. Such standards shall reflect model rules and requirements to be developed by the supreme court; and
- (5) No court costs shall be assessed if the defendant is found to be indigent under subdivision (4) of this section or if the case is dismissed.
- 2. When an individual has been held in custody on a notice to show cause warrant for an underlying minor traffic violation, the court, on its own motion or on the motion of any interested party, may review the original fine and sentence and waive or reduce such fine or sentence when the court finds it reasonable given the circumstances of the case.
- 479.354. For any notice to appear in court, citation, or summons on a minor traffic violation, the date and time the defendant is to appear in court shall be given when such notice to appear in court, citation, or summons is first provided to the defendant. Failure to provide such date and time shall render such notice to appear in court, citation, or summons void."; and"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Plocher, **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 8** was adopted.

Representative Spencer offered House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 8.

House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 8

AMEND House Amendment No. 8 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Lines 1 through 2, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 9, Section 252.069, Line 3, by inserting after said section and line the following:

- "302.335. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 of this section, any motorist charged with a traffic violation in this state or any county or municipality of this state shall receive notification, in person, within twenty-four hours of the violation from a law enforcement officer employed by the law enforcement agency issuing the violation.
 - 2. The in-person notification requirement of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to:
 - (1) Parking tickets;
 - (2) Violations under section 577.060;
 - (3) Incidents requiring further investigation; or
 - (4) Any other situation in which in-person notification is not possible.
- 304.288. 1. As used in this section "automated traffic enforcement system" means a camera or optical device designed to record images that depict the motor vehicle, the motor vehicle operator, the license plate of the motor vehicle, or other images to establish evidence that the motor vehicle or its operator is not in compliance with state law, ordinance, order, or other provision.
- 2. Beginning on the effective date of this section, no county, city, town, village, municipality, state agency, or other political subdivision of this state may enact, adopt, or enforce any law, ordinance, regulation, order, or other provision that authorizes the use of an automated traffic enforcement system or systems to establish evidence that a motor vehicle or its operator is not in compliance with traffic signals, traffic speeds, or other traffic laws, ordinances, rules, or regulations on any public street, road, or highway within this state or to impose or collect any civil or criminal fine, fee, or penalty for any such noncompliance, except as permitted under subsection 3 of this section.
- 3. Any county, city, town, village, municipality, state agency, or other political subdivision of this state that has an automated traffic enforcement system installation or maintenance contract with a company or entity on the effective date of this section shall arrange to complete or terminate the contract within one year after the effective date of this section. The provisions of subsection 2 of this section shall apply to the county, city, town, village, municipality, state agency, or other political subdivision after the termination or completion of such installation or maintenance contracts.
- 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no county, city, town, village, municipality, state agency, or political subdivision shall be exempted from the provisions of this section except by explicit reference to, or modification of, this section
- 5. This section shall not apply to any data or information recorded at weigh stations managed by the department of transportation or the highway patrol."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 11, Section 557.035, Line 13, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Spencer, **House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 8** was adopted.

Representative Barnes (60) assumed the Chair.

Representative Cierpiot moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 097

Alferman Anderson Andrews Austin Bahr Barnes 60 Berry Basye Beard Bernskoetter Black Bondon Brattin Brown 57 Brown 94 Conway 104 Chipman Christofanelli Cierpiot Corlew

Cornejo	Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis
DeGroot	Dogan	Dohrman	Eggleston	Ellebracht
Engler	Evans	Fitzwater 144	Fitzwater 49	Fraker
Frederick	Gannon	Gregory	Grier	Haahr
Haefner	Hannegan	Hansen	Helms	Henderson
Hill	Houx	Hubrecht	Hurst	Kelley 127
Kelly 141	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lant	Lichtenegger
Love	Lynch	Marshall	Mathews	Matthiesen
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Moon	Morris
Pfautsch	Phillips	Pietzman	Pike	Plocher
Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reisch	Remole
Rhoads	Roden	Roeber	Ross	Ruth
Shaul 113	Shull 16	Shumake	Smith 163	Sommer
Spencer	Stacy	Swan	Tate	Taylor
Trent	Vescovo	Walker 3	White	Wiemann
Wilson	Wood			

NOES: 034

Adams	Anders	Arthur	Bangert	Barnes 28
Beck	Brown 27	Burnett	Burns	Butler
Conway 10	Dunn	Ellington	Franks Jr	Green
Harris	Kendrick	Lavender	May	McCann Beatty
McCreery	Meredith 71	Merideth 80	Morgan	Peters
Pierson Jr	Quade	Razer	Roberts	Rowland 29
Smith 85	Stevens 46	Unsicker	Wessels	

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 031

Baringer	Carpenter	Cookson	Curtis	Fitzpatrick
Francis	Franklin	Gray	Higdon	Houghton
Johnson	Justus	Kidd	Lauer	McCaherty
McDaniel	McGee	Mitten	Mosley	Muntzel
Neely	Newman	Nichols	Reiboldt	Rone
Rowland 155	Runions	Schroer	Stephens 128	Walker 74

Mr. Speaker

VACANCIES: 001

On motion of Representative Brattin, **House Amendment No. 8, as amended**, was adopted.

Representative Fitzwater (144) offered House Amendment No. 9.

House Amendment No. 9

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Section A, Line 5, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"105.713. 1. By no later than the final business day of the month of September 2017, and the last business day of each calendar month thereafter, the attorney general and the commissioner of administration shall submit a report to the general assembly and to the director of the Missouri department of corrections, the speaker of the house of representatives, the president pro tempore of the senate, the chair of the house

budget committee or its successor committee, the chair of the house committee on corrections and public institutions or its successor committee, and the chair of the subcommittee on appropriations - public safety, corrections, transportation, and revenue or its successor committee detailing the last twelve months of activity, terminating the month prior to the month in which the report is made, concerning the state legal expense fund, including:

- (1) Each settlement or judgment from such fund, delineated by payee, which shall include the case name and number of any settlement or judgment payments from such fund;
 - (2) Each individual deposit to such fund, including:
 - (a) The transferring state fund's name and section number authorizing the transfer of such funds; and
- (b) The case name and case number that correspond to any settlement or judgment authorized under section 105.711 for which the deposit is being made; and
 - (3) The total amount of expenses from such fund's creation for each case included in the report.
- 2. In cases concerning the legal expenses incurred by the department of transportation, department of conservation, or a public institution that awards baccalaureate degrees, the report required under subsection 1 of this section shall be submitted by the legal counsel provided by the respective entity and by the designated keeper of accounts of the respective entity."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Speaker Richardson resumed the Chair.

On motion of Representative Fitzwater (144), **House Amendment No. 9** was adopted.

Representative May offered **House Amendment No. 10**.

House Amendment No. 10

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 13, Section 566.010, Line 40, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:

- "568.040. 1. A person commits the offense of nonsupport if he or she knowingly fails to provide adequate support for his or her spouse; a parent commits the offense of nonsupport if such parent knowingly fails to provide adequate support which such parent is legally obligated to provide for his or her child or stepchild who is not otherwise emancipated by operation of law.
 - 2. For purposes of this section:
 - (1) "Arrearage":
- (a) The amount of moneys created by a failure to provide support to a child under an administrative or judicial support order;
- (b) Support to an estranged or former spouse if the judgment or order requiring payment of spousal support also requires payment of child support and such estranged or former spouse is the custodial parent; or
 - (c) Both paragraphs (a) and (b).

The arrearage shall reflect any retroactive support ordered under a modification and any judgments entered by a court of competent jurisdiction or any authorized agency and any satisfactions of judgment filed by the custodial parent;

- (2) "Child" means any biological or adoptive child, or any child whose paternity has been established under chapter 454, or chapter 210, or any child whose relationship to the defendant has been determined, by a court of law in a proceeding for dissolution or legal separation, to be that of child to parent;
- [(2)] (3) "Good cause" means any substantial reason why the defendant is unable to provide adequate support. Good cause does not exist if the defendant purposely maintains his inability to support;
 - [(3)] (4) "Support" means food, clothing, lodging, and medical or surgical attention;
- [(4)] (5) It shall not constitute a failure to provide medical and surgical attention, if nonmedical remedial treatment recognized and permitted under the laws of this state is provided.

- 3. Inability to provide support for good cause shall be an affirmative defense under this section. A defendant who raises such affirmative defense has the burden of proving the defense by a preponderance of the evidence.
- 4. The defendant shall have the burden of injecting the issues raised by subdivision [(4)] (5) of subsection 2 of this section.
- 5. The offense of criminal nonsupport is a class A misdemeanor, unless the total arrearage is in excess of an aggregate of twelve monthly payments due under any order of support issued by any court of competent jurisdiction or any authorized administrative agency, in which case it is a class E felony.
- 6. (1) If at any time an offender convicted of criminal nonsupport or pleads guilty to a charge of criminal nonsupport is placed on probation or parole, there may be ordered as a condition of probation or parole that the offender commence payment of current support as well as satisfy the arrearages. Arrearages may be satisfied first by making such lump sum payment as the offender is capable of paying, if any, as may be shown after examination of the offender's financial resources or assets, both real, personal, and mixed, and second by making periodic payments. Periodic payments toward satisfaction of arrears when added to current payments due [may] shall be in such aggregate sums as is not greater than fifty percent of the offender's adjusted gross income after deduction of payroll taxes, medical insurance that also covers a dependent spouse or children, and any other courtor administrative-ordered support, only.
- (2) If the offender fails to pay the [eurrent] support and arrearages [as ordered] under the terms of his or her probation, the court may revoke probation or parole and then impose an appropriate sentence within the range for the class of offense that the offender was convicted of as provided by law, unless the offender proves good cause for the failure to pay as required under subsection 3 of this section.
- (3) (a) An individual whose children were the subject of a child support order and the obligation of such individual to make child support payments has been terminated under subsection 3 of section 452.340, who has pled guilty to or has been convicted of a felony offense for criminal nonsupport under this section, and who has successfully completed probation after a plea of guilty or was sentence may petition the court for expungement of all official records all recordations of his or her arrest, plea, trial, or conviction. If the court determines after hearing that such person:
- a. Has not been convicted of any subsequent offense, unless such offense is eligible for expungement under a different section;
- b. Does not have any other felony pleas of guilt, findings of guilt, or convictions, unless such felony pleas of guilt, findings of guilt, or convictions are eligible for expungement under a different section;
 - c. Has paid off all arrearages; and
- d. Has no administrative child support actions pending at the time of the hearing on the application for expungement with respect to all children subject to orders of payment of child support the court shall enter an order of expungement. In addition, the court may consider successful completion of a criminal nonsupport courts program under section 478.1000, or any other circumstances or factors deemed relevant by the court.
- (b) Upon granting the order of expungement, the records and files maintained in any court proceeding in an associate or a circuit division of the circuit court under this section shall be confidential and only available to the parties or by order of the court for good cause shown.
- (c) The effect of such order shall be to restore such person to the status he or she occupied prior to such arrest, plea, or conviction, and as if such event had never taken place. No person for whom such order has been entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of his or her failure to recite or acknowledge such arrest, plea, trial, conviction, or expungement in response to any inquiry made of him or her for any purpose whatsoever and no such inquiry shall be made for information relating to an expungement under this section.
- (d) A person shall only be entitled to one expungement under this section. Nothing in this section shall prevent the director of the department of social services from maintaining such records as to ensure that an individual receives only one expungement under this section for the purpose of informing the proper authorities of the contents of any record maintained under this section.
- 7. During any period that a nonviolent offender is incarcerated for criminal nonsupport, if the offender is ready, willing, and able to be gainfully employed during said period of incarceration, the offender, if he or she meets the criteria established by the department of corrections, may be placed on work release to allow the offender to satisfy his or her obligation to pay support. Arrearages shall be satisfied as outlined in the collection agreement.

- 8. Beginning August 28, 2009, every nonviolent first- and second-time offender then incarcerated for criminal nonsupport, who has not been previously placed on probation or parole for conviction of criminal nonsupport, may be considered for parole, under the conditions set forth in subsection 6 of this section, or work release, under the conditions set forth in subsection 7 of this section.
- 9. Beginning January 1, 1991, every prosecuting attorney in any county which has entered into a cooperative agreement with the [child support enforcement service of the] family support division [of] within the department of social services regarding child support enforcement services shall report to the division on a quarterly basis the number of charges filed and the number of convictions obtained under this section by the prosecuting attorney's office on all IV-D cases. The division shall consolidate the reported information into a statewide report by county and make the report available to the general public.
 - 10. Persons accused of committing the offense of nonsupport of the child shall be prosecuted:
- (1) In any county in which the child resided during the period of time for which the defendant is charged; or
- (2) In any county in which the defendant resided during the period of time for which the defendant is charged."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 24, Section 595.045, Line 118, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:

- "610.145. 1. (1) If a person is named in a charge for an infraction or offense, whether a misdemeanor or a felony, as a result of another person using the identifying information of the named person or mistaken identity and a finding of not guilty is entered, or the conviction is set aside, the named person may apply by petition or written motion to the court where the charge was last pending on a form approved by the office of state courts administrator and supplied by the clerk of the court for an order to expunge from all official records any entries relating to the person's apprehension, charge, or trial. The court, after providing notice to the prosecuting attorney, shall hold a hearing on the motion or petition and, upon finding that the person's identity was used without permission and the charges were dismissed or the person was found not guilty, the court shall order the expungement.
- (2) If any person is named in a charge for an infraction or offense, whether a misdemeanor or a felony, as a result of another person using the identifying information of the named person or mistaken identity, and the charge against the named person is dismissed, the prosecutor or other judicial officer who ordered the dismissal shall provide notice to the court of the dismissal, and the court shall order the expungement of all official records containing any entries relating to the person's apprehension, charge, or trial.
- 2. No person as to whom such an order has been entered under this section shall be held thereafter under any provision of law to be guilty of perjury or to be guilty of otherwise giving a false statement or response to any inquiry made for any purpose, by reason of the person's failure to recite or acknowledge any expunged entries concerning apprehension, charge, or trial.
- 3. The court shall also order that such entries shall be expunged from the records of the court and direct all law enforcement agencies, the department of corrections, the department of revenue, or any other state or local government agency identified by the petitioner, or the person eligible for automatic expungement under subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, as bearing record of the same to expunge their records of the entries. The clerk shall notify state and local agencies of the court's order. The costs of expunging the records, as provided in this chapter, shall not be taxed against the person eligible for expungement under this section.
- 4. The department of revenue shall expunge from its records entries made as a result of the charge or conviction ordered expunged under this section. The department of revenue shall also reverse any administrative actions taken against a person whose record is expunged under this section as a result of the charges or convictions expunged, including the assessment of the driver's license points and driver's license suspension or revocation. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the department of revenue shall provide to the person whose motor vehicle record is expunged under this section a certified corrected driver history at no cost and shall reinstate at no cost any driver's license suspended or revoked as a result of a charge or conviction expunged under this section.
- 5. The department of corrections and any other applicable state or local government agency shall expunge its records. The agency shall also reverse any administrative actions taken against a person whose record is expunged under this section as a result of the charges or convictions being expunged.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the normal fee for any reinstatement of a license or privilege resulting under this section shall be waived.

- 6. Any insurance company that charged any additional premium based on insurance points assessed against a policyholder as a result of a charge or conviction that was expunged under this section shall refund such additional premiums to the policyholder upon notification of the expungement.
- 7. For purposes of this section, the term "mistaken identity" means the erroneous arrest of a person for an offense as a result of misidentification by a witness or law enforcement, confusion on the part of a witness or law enforcement as to the identity of the person who committed the offense, misinformation provided to law enforcement as to the identity of the person who committed the offense, or some other mistake on the part of a witness or law enforcement as to the identity of the person who committed the offense.

650.055. 1. Every individual who:

- (1) Is found guilty of a felony or any offense under chapter 566; or
- (2) Is seventeen years of age or older and arrested for burglary in the first degree under section 569.160, or burglary in the second degree under section 569.170, or a felony offense under chapter 565, 566, 567, 568, or 573; or
 - (3) Has been determined to be a sexually violent predator pursuant to sections 632.480 to 632.513; or
 - (4) Is an individual required to register as a sexual offender under sections 589.400 to 589.425;

shall have a fingerprint and blood or scientifically accepted biological sample collected for purposes of DNA profiling analysis.

- 2. Any individual subject to DNA collection and profiling analysis under this section shall provide a DNA sample:
 - (1) Upon booking at a county jail or detention facility; or
 - (2) Upon entering or before release from the department of corrections reception and diagnostic centers; or
- (3) Upon entering or before release from a county jail or detention facility, state correctional facility, or any other detention facility or institution, whether operated by a private, local, or state agency, or any mental health facility if committed as a sexually violent predator pursuant to sections 632.480 to 632.513; or
- (4) When the state accepts a person from another state under any interstate compact, or under any other reciprocal agreement with any county, state, or federal agency, or any other provision of law, whether or not the person is confined or released, the acceptance is conditional on the person providing a DNA sample if the person was found guilty of a felony offense in any other jurisdiction; or
- (5) If such individual is under the jurisdiction of the department of corrections. Such jurisdiction includes persons currently incarcerated, persons on probation, as defined in section 217.650, and on parole, as also defined in section 217.650; or
 - (6) At the time of registering as a sex offender under sections 589.400 to 589.425.
- 3. The Missouri state highway patrol and department of corrections shall be responsible for ensuring adherence to the law. Any person required to provide a DNA sample pursuant to this section shall be required to provide such sample, without the right of refusal, at a collection site designated by the Missouri state highway patrol and the department of corrections. Authorized personnel collecting or assisting in the collection of samples shall not be liable in any civil or criminal action when the act is performed in a reasonable manner. Such force may be used as necessary to the effectual carrying out and application of such processes and operations. The enforcement of these provisions by the authorities in charge of state correctional institutions and others having custody or jurisdiction over individuals included in subsection 1 of this section which shall not be set aside or reversed is hereby made mandatory. The board of probation or parole shall recommend that an individual on probation or parole who refuses to provide a DNA sample have his or her probation or parole revoked. In the event that a person's DNA sample is not adequate for any reason, the person shall provide another sample for analysis.
- 4. The procedure and rules for the collection, analysis, storage, expungement, use of DNA database records and privacy concerns shall not conflict with procedures and rules applicable to the Missouri DNA profiling system and the Federal Bureau of Investigation's DNA databank system.
- 5. Unauthorized use or dissemination of individually identifiable DNA information in a database for purposes other than criminal justice or law enforcement is a class A misdemeanor.
- 6. Implementation of sections 650.050 to 650.100 shall be subject to future appropriations to keep Missouri's DNA system compatible with the Federal Bureau of Investigation's DNA databank system.

- 7. All DNA records and biological materials retained in the DNA profiling system are considered closed records pursuant to chapter 610. All records containing any information held or maintained by any person or by any agency, department, or political subdivision of the state concerning an individual's DNA profile shall be strictly confidential and shall not be disclosed, except to:
- (1) Peace officers, as defined in section 590.010, and other employees of law enforcement agencies who need to obtain such records to perform their public duties;
- (2) The attorney general or any assistant attorneys general acting on his or her behalf, as defined in chapter 27;
- (3) Prosecuting attorneys or circuit attorneys as defined in chapter 56, and their employees who need to obtain such records to perform their public duties;
 - (4) The individual whose DNA sample has been collected, or his or her attorney; or
- (5) Associate circuit judges, circuit judges, judges of the courts of appeals, supreme court judges, and their employees who need to obtain such records to perform their public duties.
- 8. Any person who obtains records pursuant to the provisions of this section shall use such records only for investigative and prosecutorial purposes, including but not limited to use at any criminal trial, hearing, or proceeding; or for law enforcement identification purposes, including identification of human remains. Such records shall be considered strictly confidential and shall only be released as authorized by this section.
- 9. (1) An individual may request expungement of his or her DNA sample and DNA profile through the court issuing the reversal or dismissal, or through the court granting an expungement of all official records under section 568.040. A certified copy of the court order establishing that such conviction has been reversed [eff], guilty plea has been set aside, or expungement has been granted under section 568.040 shall be sent to the Missouri state highway patrol crime laboratory. Upon receipt of the court order, the laboratory will determine that the requesting individual has no other qualifying offense as a result of any separate plea or conviction and no other qualifying arrest prior to expungement.
- [(1)] (2) A person whose DNA record or DNA profile has been included in the state DNA database in accordance with this section and sections 650.050, 650.052, and 650.100 may request expungement on the grounds that the conviction has been reversed, [ef] the guilty plea on which the authority for including that person's DNA record or DNA profile was based has been set aside, or an expungement of all official records has been granted by the court under section 568.040.
- [(2)] (3) Upon receipt of a written request for expungement, a certified copy of the final court order reversing the conviction [or], setting aside the plea, or granting an expungement of all official records under section 568.040, and any other information necessary to ascertain the validity of the request, the Missouri state highway patrol crime laboratory shall expunge all DNA records and identifiable information in the state DNA database pertaining to the person and destroy the DNA sample of the person, unless the Missouri state highway patrol determines that the person is otherwise obligated to submit a DNA sample. Within thirty days after the receipt of the court order, the Missouri state highway patrol shall notify the individual that it has expunged his or her DNA sample and DNA profile, or the basis for its determination that the person is otherwise obligated to submit a DNA sample.
- [(3)] (4) The Missouri state highway patrol is not required to destroy any item of physical evidence obtained from a DNA sample if evidence relating to another person would thereby be destroyed.
- [(4)] (5) Any identification, warrant, arrest, or evidentiary use of a DNA match derived from the database shall not be excluded or suppressed from evidence, nor shall any conviction be invalidated or reversed or plea set aside due to the failure to expunge or a delay in expunging DNA records.
- 10. When a DNA sample is taken from an individual pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section and the prosecutor declines prosecution and notifies the arresting agency of that decision, the arresting agency shall notify the Missouri state highway patrol crime laboratory within ninety days of receiving such notification. Within thirty days of being notified by the arresting agency that the prosecutor has declined prosecution, the Missouri state highway patrol crime laboratory shall determine whether the individual has any other qualifying offenses or arrests that would require a DNA sample to be taken and retained. If the individual has no other qualifying offenses or arrests, the crime laboratory shall expunge all DNA records in the database taken at the arrest for which the prosecution was declined pertaining to the person and destroy the DNA sample of such person.
- 11. When a DNA sample is taken of an arrestee for any offense listed under subsection 1 of this section and charges are filed:
- (1) If the charges are later withdrawn, the prosecutor shall notify the state highway patrol crime laboratory that such charges have been withdrawn;
 - (2) If the case is dismissed, the court shall notify the state highway patrol crime laboratory of such dismissal;

- (3) If the court finds at the preliminary hearing that there is no probable cause that the defendant committed the offense, the court shall notify the state highway patrol crime laboratory of such finding;
- (4) If the defendant is found not guilty, the court shall notify the state highway patrol crime laboratory of such verdict.

If the state highway patrol crime laboratory receives notice under this subsection, such crime laboratory shall determine, within thirty days, whether the individual has any other qualifying offenses or arrests that would require a DNA sample to be taken. If the individual has no other qualifying arrests or offenses, the crime laboratory shall expunge all DNA records in the database pertaining to such person and destroy the person's DNA sample."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Wiemann offered House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 10.

House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 10

AMEND House Amendment No. 10 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 4, Lines 26 and 27, by deleting said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"section shall refund such additional premiums for the three-year period immediately prior to the entry of the expungement by the court to the policyholder upon notification and verification of the expungement."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Wiemann, **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 10** was adopted.

Representative Dogan offered House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 10.

House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 10

AMEND House Amendment No. 10 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Line 1, by deleting all of said line and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 10, Section 488.5050, Line 20, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:

- "513.655. 1. No law enforcement agency or prosecuting authority shall enter into an agreement to transfer or refer seized property to a federal agency directly, indirectly, by adoption, through an intergovernmental joint task force, or by any other means for the purposes of forfeiture litigation unless the seized property includes United States currency in excess of one hundred thousand dollars.
- 2. All law enforcement agencies shall refer seized property to the appropriate prosecuting authority for forfeiture litigation unless the seized property includes United States currency in excess of one hundred thousand dollars. If seized property includes United States currency in excess of one hundred thousand dollars, the law enforcement agency may refer or transfer the seized property to either a:
 - (1) Federal agency for forfeiture litigation under federal law; or
 - (2) Local or state agency for forfeiture litigation under state law.
- 3. Nothing in subsection 1 or 2 of this section shall be construed to restrict a law enforcement agency from collaborating with a federal agency through an intergovernmental joint task force to seize contraband or property that the law enforcement agency has probable cause to believe is the proceeds or instruments of a crime."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 13,"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Dogan, **House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 10** was adopted.

On motion of Representative May, **House Amendment No. 10**, **as amended**, was adopted.

Representative Remole offered **House Amendment No. 11**.

House Amendment No. 11

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 9, Section 167.117, Line 44, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:

- "221.102. 1. The sheriff of any county may establish and operate a canteen or commissary in the county jail for the use and benefit of the inmates, prisoners, and detainees.
- 2. Each county jail shall keep revenues received from its canteen or commissary in a separate account. The acquisition cost of goods sold and other expenses shall be paid from this account. A minimum amount of money necessary to meet cash flow needs and current operating expenses may be kept in this account. The remaining funds from sales of each canteen or commissary shall be deposited into the "Inmate Prisoner Detainee Security Fund" and shall be expended for the purposes provided in subsection 3 of section 488.5026. The provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary notwithstanding, the money in the inmate prisoner detainee security fund shall be retained for the purposes specified in section 488.5026 and shall not revert or be transferred to general revenue.
- 3. Upon notice of release or discharge and receipt of authorizing documentation, a check for the inmate's, prisoner's, or detainee's canteen or commissary account balance shall be prepared if the inmate's, prisoner's, or detainee's account balance is ten dollars or more. The check shall be mailed within thirty days of discharge to an address provided by the inmate, prisoner, or detainee. The inmate, prisoner, or detainee may receive the check at the facility upon discharge. If the inmate's, prisoner's, or detainee's account balance is less than ten dollars, the remaining funds in the inmate's, prisoner's, or detainee's account shall be deposited into the inmate prisoner detainee security fund and shall be expended for the purposes provided in subsection 3 of section 488.5026. The provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary notwithstanding, the money in the inmate prisoner detainee security fund shall be retained for the purposes specified in section 488.5026 and shall not revert or be transferred to general revenue."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Fitzwater (144) offered **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 11**.

House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 11

AMEND House Amendment No. 11 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Line 25, by deleting said line and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"revert or be transferred to general revenue.

221.111. 1. A person commits the offense of possession of unlawful items in a prison or jail if such person knowingly delivers, attempts to deliver, possesses, deposits, or conceals in or about the premises of any correctional center as the term "correctional center" is defined under section 217.010, or any city, county, or private jail:

- (1) Any controlled substance as that term is defined by law, except upon the written prescription of a licensed physician, dentist, or veterinarian;
- (2) Any other alkaloid of any kind or any intoxicating liquor as the term intoxicating liquor is defined in section 311.020;
- (3) Any article or item of personal property which a prisoner is prohibited by law, by rule made pursuant to section 221.060, or by regulation of the department of corrections from receiving or possessing, except as herein provided;
- (4) Any gun, knife, weapon, or other article or item of personal property that may be used in such manner as to endanger the safety or security of the institution or as to endanger the life or limb of any prisoner or employee thereof;
 - (5) Any two-way telecommunications device or its component parts.
- 2. The violation of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section shall be a class D felony; the violation of subdivision (2) **or** (5) **of subsection 1** of this section shall be a class E felony; the violation of subdivision (3) **of subsection 1** of this section shall be a class A misdemeanor; and the violation of subdivision (4) **of subsection 1** of this section shall be a class B felony.
- 3. The chief operating officer of a county or city jail or other correctional facility or the administrator of a private jail may deny visitation privileges to or refer to the county prosecuting attorney for prosecution any person who knowingly delivers, attempts to deliver, possesses, deposits, or conceals in or about the premises of such jail or facility any personal item which is prohibited by rule or regulation of such jail or facility. Such rules or regulations, including a list of personal items allowed in the jail or facility, shall be prominently posted for viewing both inside and outside such jail or facility in an area accessible to any visitor, and shall be made available to any person requesting such rule or regulation. Violation of this subsection shall be an infraction if not covered by other statutes.
- 4. Any person who has been found guilty of a violation of subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section involving any alkaloid shall be entitled to expungement of the record of the violation. The procedure to expunge the record shall be pursuant to section 610.123. The record of any person shall not be expunged if such person has been found guilty of knowingly delivering, attempting to deliver, possessing, depositing, or concealing any alkaloid of any controlled substance in or about the premises of any correctional center, or city or county jail, or private prison or jail.
 - 5. Subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to:
- (1) Any law enforcement officer employed by a state agency, federal agency, or political subdivision lawfully engaged in his or her duties as a law enforcement officer;
- (2) Any other person who is authorized by the correctional center or city, county, or private jail to possess or use a two-way telecommunications device in the correctional center or city, county, or private jail; or
- (3) Any person, unless the correctional center or city, county, or private jail posts a conspicuous notice that two-way telecommunications devices or their component parts are not permitted beyond a certain point and the person knowingly possesses the two-way telecommunications device or its component parts beyond that point.

However, no individual referenced in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection shall knowingly deliver, attempt to deliver, or deposit a two-way telecommunications device or its component parts to an inmate or a prisoner or detainee in any correctional center or city, county, or private jail."; and"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Fitzwater (144), **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 11** was adopted.

Representative McGaugh offered **House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 11**.

House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 11

AMEND House Amendment No. 11 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Line 4, by deleting said line and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

""211.510. 1. There is established a permanent joint committee of the general assembly to be known as the "Joint Committee on Juvenile Court Jurisdiction and Implementation" to be composed of five members of the senate, with one such member being the chair of the judiciary committee or its successor committee and five members of the house of representatives, with one such member being the chair of the house judiciary committee or its successor committee. Of the ten members to be appointed to the joint committee, the five senate members of the joint committee shall be appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate and the minority leader of the senate and the five house members shall be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and the minority floor leader of the house of representatives. The five senate members shall be composed, as nearly as may be, of majority and minority party members in the same proportion as the number of majority and minority party members in the senate bears to the total membership of the senate. No major party shall be represented by more than three members from the house of representatives. The joint committee shall meet within thirty days after its creation and select a chair and a vice chair, one of whom shall be the chair of the senate judiciary committee or its successor committee and one of whom shall be the chair of the house judiciary committee or its successor committee. A majority of the committee shall constitute a quorum, but the concurrence of a majority of the members shall be required for the determination of any matter within the committee's duties.

- 2. The joint committee on juvenile court jurisdiction and implementation shall review current juvenile court jurisdiction as it pertains to status and delinquency offenses and develop a plan for full implementation of raising the age of juvenile court jurisdiction from seventeen to eighteen years of age.
 - 3. The implementation plan shall include the following:
- (1) Analysis of the impact raising the age of juvenile court jurisdiction will have on state and county budgets;
 - (2) An appropriate fiscal note that is based on the analysis under subdivision (1) of this subsection;
 - (3) Allocating the agreed upon appropriations in the state budget and a timeline for doing so;
- (4) Analysis of projected cases relating to subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 211.031 and examination of best practices and alternatives for status offenders seventeen years of age;
 - (5) Examination of alternate strategies such as civil citations or other diversion processes;
 - (6) Identification of resource issues and cost mitigation strategies; and
- (7) Identification of statutory implications of raising the age of juvenile court jurisdiction to include the following:
 - (a) Compulsory school age attendance;
 - (b) Age of commitment to division of youth services;
 - (c) Juvenile certification;
 - (d) Dual jurisdiction; and
 - (e) Implementation date.
- 4. The committee shall meet at least quarterly. The committee may meet at locations other than Jefferson City when the committee deems it necessary.
- 5. The committee shall be staffed by legislative personnel as is deemed necessary to assist the committee in the performance of its duties.
- 6. The members of the committee shall serve without compensation but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.
- 7. It shall be the duty of the committee to compile a full report of its activities for submission to the general assembly by January 15, 2018. Copies of the report containing such recommendations shall be sent to the appropriate directors of state or local government agencies or departments included in the report.
- 8. The joint committee on juvenile court jurisdiction and implementation shall ensure that information or testimony is received from the state courts administrator, division of youth services within the department of social services, department of corrections, chief juvenile officer of a single county judicial circuit, a chief juvenile officer from a multicounty judicial circuit, department of elementary and secondary

education, Missouri sheriffs' association, a community based religious organization, and the county commissioners association of Missouri.

221.102. 1. The sheriff of any county may establish and operate a canteen or commissary"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative McGaugh, **House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 11** was adopted by the following vote, the ayes and noes having been demanded by Representative McGaugh:

AYES: 090				
Alferman	Anders	Anderson	Andrews	Austin
Barnes 60	Basye	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black
Bondon	Brown 57	Brown 94	Cierpiot	Corlew
Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Dogan	Dohrman
Eggleston	Ellebracht	Engler	Evans	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater 144	Fitzwater 49	Francis	Frederick	Gregory
Grier	Haahr	Haefner	Hannegan	Hansen
Helms	Hill	Houghton	Houx	Hubrecht
Johnson	Justus	Kelley 127	Kelly 141	Kolkmeyer
Korman	Lant	Lichtenegger	Love	Lynch
Mathews	Matthiesen	McGaugh	Messenger	Miller
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Pfautsch	Phillips
Pietzman	Pike	Plocher	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Reisch	Remole	Rhoads	Roberts
Roden	Ross	Rowland 155	Rowland 29	Shaul 113
Shull 16	Shumake	Smith 85	Sommer	Stacy
Swan	Tate	Taylor	Vescovo	Walker 3
White	Wiemann	Wilson	Wood	Mr. Speaker
NOES: 050				
Adams	Bangert	Baringer	Barnes 28	Brown 27
Burnett	Burns	Butler	Chipman	Christofanelli
Conway 10	Conway 104	Cornejo	Curtis	Dunn
Ellington	Franks Jr	Gannon	Gray	Green
Harris	Henderson	Hurst	Lavender	Marshall
May	McCann Beatty	McCreery	McGee	Meredith 71
Merideth 80	Moon	Morgan	Mosley	Nichols
Peters	Pierson Jr	Pogue	Quade	Razer
Roeber	Runions	Ruth	Schroer	Smith 163
Spencer	Stevens 46	Trent	Unsicker	Wessels
PRESENT: 000				
ABSENT WITH LEAV	E: 022			
Arthur	Bahr	Beard	Beck	Brattin
Carpenter	Cookson	Davis	DeGroot	Fraker
Franklin	Higdon	Kendrick	Kidd	Lauer
McCaherty	McDaniel	Mitten	Newman	Rone
Stephens 128	Walker 74			

VACANCIES: 001

Representative Franks Jr. offered **House Amendment No. 3 to House Amendment No. 11**.

House Amendment No. 3 to House Amendment No. 11

AMEND House Amendment No. 11 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 34, Page 1, Lines 17 and 20, by deleting the word "**ten**" in both instances and inserting in lieu thereof the word "**five**"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Franks Jr., **House Amendment No. 3 to House Amendment No. 11** was adopted.

Representative Cierpiot moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

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А	Y	г.>		11	18

Alferman	Anderson	Andrews	Austin	Bahr
Barnes 60	Basye	Beard	Bernskoetter	Berry
Black	Bondon	Brattin	Brown 57	Brown 94
Chipman	Christofanelli	Cierpiot	Conway 104	Corlew
Cornejo	Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis
Dogan	Dohrman	Eggleston	Engler	Evans
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater 144	Fitzwater 49	Fraker	Francis
Frederick	Gannon	Gregory	Grier	Haahr
Haefner	Hannegan	Hansen	Helms	Henderson
Hill	Houx	Hurst	Johnson	Justus
Kelley 127	Kelly 141	Korman	Lant	Lichtenegger
Love	Lynch	Marshall	Mathews	Matthiesen
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Moon	Morris
Muntzel	Neely	Pfautsch	Phillips	Pike
Plocher	Rehder	Reiboldt	Reisch	Remole
Rhoads	Roden	Roeber	Ross	Rowland 155
Ruth	Schroer	Shull 16	Smith 163	Sommer
Spencer	Stacy	Swan	Tate	Taylor
Trent	Vescovo	Walker 3	White	Wiemann
Wilson	Wood	Mr. Speaker		
NOES: 042				

Adams	Anders	Arthur	Bangert	Baringer
Barnes 28	Beck	Brown 27	Burnett	Burns
Butler	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellebracht
Ellington	Franks Jr	Gray	Harris	Kendrick
Lavender	May	McCann Beatty	McCreery	McGee
Meredith 71	Mitten	Morgan	Mosley	Nichols
Peters	Pierson Jr	Pogue	Quade	Roberts
Rowland 29	Runions	Smith 85	Stevens 46	Unsicker
Walker 74	Wessels			

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 022

Carpenter	Cookson	DeGroot	Franklin	Green
Higdon	Houghton	Hubrecht	Kidd	Kolkmeyer
Lauer	McCaherty	McDaniel	Merideth 80	Newman
Pietzman	Razer	Redmon	Rone	Shaul 113

Shumake Stephens 128

VACANCIES: 001

Representative Remole moved that **House Amendment No. 11, as amended**, be adopted.

Which motion was defeated by the following vote, the ayes and noes having been demanded by Representative Remole:

AYES: 044

Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Basye	Bernskoetter
Brown 94	Chipman	Cierpiot	Cornejo	Crawford
Cross	Eggleston	Fitzwater 144	Fitzwater 49	Fraker
Francis	Haefner	Hansen	Henderson	Houghton
Johnson	Kelly 141	Lant	Lichtenegger	Love
Lynch	Matthiesen	McGaugh	Messenger	Moon
Morris	Neely	Phillips	Redmon	Reiboldt
Remole	Rhoads	Roden	Shull 16	Shumake
Spencer	Swan	Walker 3	Wood	

NOES: 101

Adams	Alferman	Anders	Andrews	Arthur
Bangert	Baringer	Barnes 28	Beard	Beck
Berry	Black	Bondon	Brattin	Brown 27
Brown 57	Burnett	Burns	Butler	Christofanelli
Conway 10	Conway 104	Corlew	Curtis	Curtman
Davis	Dogan	Dohrman	Dunn	Ellebracht
Ellington	Engler	Evans	Fitzpatrick	Franks Jr
Frederick	Gannon	Gray	Gregory	Grier
Haahr	Hannegan	Harris	Helms	Hill
Houx	Hubrecht	Hurst	Justus	Kelley 127
Kendrick	Kidd	Lavender	Marshall	Mathews
May	McCann Beatty	McCreery	McGee	Meredith 71
Merideth 80	Miller	Mitten	Morgan	Mosley
Muntzel	Nichols	Peters	Pfautsch	Pierson Jr
Pike	Plocher	Pogue	Quade	Razer
Rehder	Reisch	Roberts	Roeber	Ross
Rowland 29	Runions	Ruth	Schroer	Shaul 113
Smith 85	Smith 163	Sommer	Stacy	Stevens 46
Tate	Taylor	Trent	Unsicker	Vescovo
Walker 74	Wessels	White	Wiemann	Wilson
Mr. Speaker				

PRESENT: 002

Barnes 60 Kolkmeyer

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 015

Carpenter	Cookson	DeGroot	Franklin	Green
Higdon	Korman	Lauer	McCaherty	McDaniel
Newman	Pietzman	Rone	Rowland 155	Stephens 128

VACANCIES: 001

HCS SS SB 34, as amended, was referred to the Committee on Fiscal Review pursuant to Rule 53.

MOTION

Representative Cierpiot moved that Rule 22 be suspended.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 117

Alferman	Anderson	Andrews	Austin	Bahr
Bangert	Baringer	Barnes 60	Basye	Beard
Bernskoetter	Berry	Bondon	Brattin	Brown 57
Brown 94	Burns	Chipman	Christofanelli	Cierpiot
Conway 10	Conway 104	Corlew	Cornejo	Crawford
Cross	Curtis	Curtman	Davis	Dogan
Dohrman	Dunn	Eggleston	Engler	Evans
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater 144	Fitzwater 49	Fraker	Francis
Frederick	Gannon	Green	Gregory	Grier
Haahr	Haefner	Hannegan	Hansen	Harris
Helms	Henderson	Hill	Houghton	Houx
Hubrecht	Hurst	Johnson	Justus	Kelley 127
Kelly 141	Kidd	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lant
Lichtenegger	Love	Lynch	Marshall	Mathews
Matthiesen	McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Moon
Morgan	Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Peters
Pfautsch	Phillips	Pietzman	Pike	Plocher
Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Reisch	Remole
Rhoads	Roden	Roeber	Ross	Rowland 155
Rowland 29	Ruth	Schroer	Shaul 113	Shull 16
Shumake	Smith 85	Smith 163	Sommer	Spencer
Stacy	Swan	Tate	Taylor	Trent
Vescovo	Walker 3	White	Wiemann	Wilson
Wood	Mr. Speaker			
NOEG 022				

NOES: 033

Adams	Anders	Arthur	Barnes 28	Beck
Brown 27	Burnett	Butler	Ellebracht	Ellington
Franks Jr	Gray	Kendrick	Lavender	May
McCann Beatty	McCreery	McGee	Meredith 71	Merideth 80
Mitten	Mosley	Nichols	Pierson Jr	Pogue
Quade	Razer	Roberts	Runions	Stevens 46
Unsicker	Walker 74	Wessels		

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 012

Black Carpenter Cookson DeGroot Franklin Higdon Lauer McCaherty McDaniel Newman

Rone Stephens 128

VACANCIES: 001

On motion of Representative Cierpiot, the House recessed until 4:00 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The hour of recess having expired, the House was called to order by Speaker Pro Tem Haahr.

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILLS

HCS SB 302, relating to local enterprise zones, was taken up by Representative Ruth.

Representative Rone offered House Amendment No. 1.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 302, Page 4, Section 135.963, Line 54, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

- "393.355. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
- (1) "Electrical corporation", as defined in section 386.020, but shall not include an electrical corporation as defined and set forth in subsection 2 of section 393.110;
- (2) "Aluminum smelting facility", a facility whose primary industry is the smelting of aluminum and primary metals, Standard Industrial Classification Code 3334, is located in a county of the third classification, and has had electrical service provided to said facility in the past, in part or whole, by a municipally-owned utility and, in part or whole, by an electric generating cooperative owned by rural electric cooperatives;
- (3) "Steel works facility", a facility whose primary industry is the production or fabrication of steel, North American Industrial Classification System 331110, and is located in a county of the third classification.
- 2. Notwithstanding section 393.130 or any other provision of law to the contrary, the public service commission shall have the authority to approve a special rate that is not based on the electrical corporation's cost of service for an aluminum smelting facility or a steel works facility if the commission:
- (1) Determines the special rate is in the interest of the state of Missouri when considering the collective interests of the customers of the electrical corporation serving the facility and the interests of the citizens of the state generally in promoting economic development, improving the tax base, providing employment opportunities in the state, and promoting such other benefits to the state as the commission may determine are created by approval of the special rate;
- (2) In each general rate proceeding of the electrical corporation serving the facility, allocates the reduced revenues from the special rate as compared to the revenues that would have been generated at the rate the facility would have paid without the special rate to the electrical corporation's other customers through a uniform percentage adjustment to all components of the base rates of all customer classes; and
 - (3) Approves a tracking mechanism meeting the requirements of subsection 3 of this section.
- 3. Any commission order approving a special rate authorized by this section to provide service to an aluminum smelting facility or steel works facility in the manner specified in subsection 4 of this section must establish a tracking mechanism to track changes in the net margin experienced by the electrical corporation

serving the smelting facility because of changes in the smelting facility's load between the electrical corporation's general rate proceedings, with the tracker to apply retroactively to the date the electrical corporation's base rates were last set in its last general rate proceeding concluded prior to the effective date of this section. The commission shall ensure that the changes in net margin experienced by the electrical corporation due to such changes in the facility's load between general rate proceedings is calculated in such a manner that the electrical corporation's net income is neither increased nor decreased because of such changes in the facility's load. The changes in net margin shall be deferred to a regulatory liability or regulatory asset, as applicable, with the balance of such regulatory asset or liability to be included in the revenue requirement of the electrical corporation in each of its general rate proceedings through an amortization of the balance over a reasonable period until fully returned to or collected from the electrical corporation's customers.

- 4. An electrical corporation is authorized to provide electric service to an aluminum smelting facility or steel works facility at a special rate authorized by this section in one of two ways, as follows:
- (1) Under a rate schedule reflecting the special rate if the facility is located within the electrical corporation's certificated service territory; or
- (2) Notwithstanding section 393.170, under a contract reflecting the special rate approved by the commission under the terms and conditions of this section.

In any case where the electric service is provided under contract referenced in subdivision (2) of this subsection, the facility shall be a commission-regulated retail electric customer of the electrical corporation and the rates, charges, and revenues under the contract shall, for ratemaking purposes, be treated by the commission as if the rates, charges, and revenues arise under the electrical corporation's tariff.

- 5. To receive a special rate, the facility must file a written application with the commission specifying the requested special rate, any terms or conditions proposed by the facility respecting the requested special rate, and provide information regarding how the requested special rate meets the criteria specified in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section. A special rate provided for by this section shall not continue beyond December 31, 2027. The commission may impose such conditions on the special rate as it deems appropriate so long as it otherwise complies with the provisions of this section.
- 393.356. Electrical corporations may file proposed rate or regulatory mechanisms or plans with the commission for the commission's approval. If such a mechanism or plan is approved by the commission as filed or is approved by the commission with modifications acceptable to the electrical corporation, or if the commission approves a special rate under section 393.355, the commission shall lack the authority to modify or eliminate any such mechanism, plan, or special rate during the specified term."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Speaker Richardson resumed the Chair.

On motion of Representative Rone, House Amendment No. 1 was adopted.

Representative Plocher offered **House Amendment No. 2**.

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 302, Page 4, Section 135.963, Line 54, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"393.1410. 1. It shall be the policy of the state of Missouri for the commission to support expenditures by electrical corporations that maintain or improve the reliability, safety, security, or automation of electric infrastructure, including through the use of the latest technologies to meet the needs and expectations of customers. It shall also be the policy of the state of Missouri for the commission to approve rates designed to allow electrical corporations to recover their full cost of service and provide a reasonable opportunity to earn a fair return.

2. The commission may utilize rate adjustment mechanisms not otherwise specifically authorized by statute including, but not limited to, mechanisms to promote modernization and replacement of an electrical corporation's infrastructure. The commission may also use partially forecasted test years, true-ups of retail revenue requirement components, tracking mechanisms, grid modernization incentive mechanisms, interim rates, performance-based ratemaking, revenue decoupling with regular adjustments, or decisional preapproval with post construction review of construction projects. To the extent the commission's approval of a rate adjustment mechanism or other mechanism provided for by this section specifies a term over which the approval is to continue, the commission shall lack the authority to modify or eliminate the electrical corporation's use of the mechanism or tool during the specified term."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Chipman assumed the Chair.

On motion of Representative Plocher, **House Amendment No. 2** was adopted.

Representative Engler offered **House Amendment No. 3**.

House Amendment No. 3

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 302, Page 3, Section 68.075, Line 53, by inserting immediately after all of said section and line the following:

- "99.585. 1. In addition to the powers granted under section 99.580, the state of Missouri, acting through the department of economic development and the office of administration, and any other public body, may, upon such terms and with reasonable consideration as it may determine, appropriate funds for the purpose of aiding and cooperating in the planning, undertaking, or carrying out of a land clearance project or projects within the area in which the public body is authorized to act to develop, construct, reconstruct, rehabilitate, repair, or improve any tourism infrastructure facilities within such land clearance project area or areas. Any annual appropriation by a public body for such land clearance projects related to tourism infrastructure facilities shall be limited to a portion of tax revenues derived directly or indirectly from any such land clearance project or projects supported by such annual appropriations within such designated land clearance project area or areas, as stated in an agreement entered into between the authority and the public body under subdivision (10) of section 99.580; provided, however, that the annual amount of the state appropriation contemplated by this section shall not exceed six million dollars per year for any one such agreement and shall be determined to produce a positive net fiscal impact for the state over the term of such agreement, with such public or private assurances as the director of the department of economic development may reasonably require.
- 2. As used in this section, "tourism infrastructure facilities" means structures, fixtures, systems, and facilities including, but not limited to, convention centers, multipurpose sports and entertainment venues, exhibition and trade facilities, transportation facilities, cultural facilities, field houses, indoor and outdoor convention and recreational facilities and centers, playing fields, or parking facilities owned by any public body and which the authority determines are a contributing factor in the attraction of convention, sports, recreational, transportation, cultural, or meeting activities, either professional or amateur, commercial or private. Such structures, fixtures, systems, and facilities may include, but are not limited to, foundations, roofs, interior and exterior walls or windows, floors, steps, stairs, concourses, hallways, restrooms, event or meeting spaces or other hospitality-related areas, concession or food preparation areas, and services systems such as mechanical, gas utility, electrical, lighting, communication, sound, sanitary, HVAC, elevator, escalator, plumbing, sprinkler, cabling and wiring, life-safety, or other building systems."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Cierpiot moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 1

Anderson	Andrews	Austin	Barnes 60	Basye
Beard	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Bondon
Brattin	Brown 57	Brown 94	Chipman	Christofanelli
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Corlew	Crawford
Cross	Curtman	Davis	DeGroot	Dohrman
Eggleston	Engler	Evans	Fitzwater 144	Fitzwater 49
Fraker	Francis	Frederick	Gannon	Gregory
Grier	Haahr	Haefner	Hannegan	Hansen
Helms	Henderson	Hill	Houghton	Houx
Hurst	Johnson	Justus	Kelley 127	Kelly 141
Kidd	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lant	Lauer
Lichtenegger	Love	Lynch	Marshall	Mathews
Matthiesen	McCaherty	McGaugh	Messenger	Miller
Moon	Morris	Neely	Pfautsch	Phillips
Pietzman	Pike	Plocher	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Reisch	Remole	Rhoads	Roden
Roeber	Rone	Ross	Rowland 155	Ruth
Schroer	Shaul 113	Shull 16	Shumake	Smith 163
Sommer	Stacy	Stephens 128	Swan	Tate
Taylor	Trent	Vescovo	Walker 3	White
Wiemann	Wilson	Mr. Speaker		

NOES: 038

Adams	Anders	Bangert	Baringer	Barnes 28
Beck	Brown 27	Burnett	Burns	Butler
Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellebracht	Ellington
Franks Jr	Gray	Green	Harris	Kendrick
Lavender	May	McCann Beatty	McCreery	Meredith 71
Mitten	Morgan	Mosley	Peters	Pogue
Razer	Roberts	Rowland 29	Runions	Smith 85
Stevens 46	Unsicker	Wessels		

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 021

Alferman	Arthur	Bahr	Carpenter	Cornejo
Dogan	Fitzpatrick	Franklin	Higdon	Hubrecht
McDaniel	McGee	Merideth 80	Muntzel	Newman
Nichols	Pierson Jr	Quade	Spencer	Walker 74

Wood

VACANCIES: 001

Speaker Richardson resumed the Chair.

On motion of Representative Engler, **House Amendment No. 3** was adopted.

Representative Rowland (155) offered House Amendment No. 4.

House Amendment No. 4

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 302, Page 1, Section A, Line 3, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

- "67.402. 1. The governing body of the following counties may enact nuisance abatement ordinances as provided in this section:
- (1) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred thirty-five thousand four hundred but fewer than one hundred thirty-five thousand five hundred inhabitants;
- (2) Any county of the first classification with more than seventy-one thousand three hundred but fewer than seventy-one thousand four hundred inhabitants;
- (3) Any county of the first classification without a charter form of government and with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but fewer than one hundred ninety-nine thousand two hundred inhabitants;
- (4) Any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine hundred but fewer than eighty-six thousand inhabitants;
- (5) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than sixteen thousand four hundred but fewer than sixteen thousand five hundred inhabitants;
- (6) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and with more than fourteen thousand five hundred but fewer than fourteen thousand six hundred inhabitants;
- (7) Any county of the first classification with more than eighty-two thousand but fewer than eighty-two thousand one hundred inhabitants;
- (8) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but fewer than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants;
- (9) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and with more than seven thousand nine hundred but fewer than eight thousand inhabitants; [and]
- (10) Any county of the second classification with more than fifty-two thousand six hundred but fewer than fifty-two thousand seven hundred inhabitants;
- (11) Any county of the first classification with more than sixty-five thousand but fewer than seventy-five thousand inhabitants and with a county seat with more than fifteen thousand but fewer than seventeen thousand inhabitants; and
- (12) Any county of the first classification with more than fifty thousand but fewer than seventy thousand inhabitants and with a county seat with more than two thousand one hundred but fewer than two thousand four hundred inhabitants.
- 2. The governing body of any county described in subsection 1 of this section may enact ordinances to provide for the abatement of a condition of any lot or land that has the presence of rubbish and trash, lumber, bricks, tin, steel, parts of derelict motorcycles, derelict cars, derelict trucks, derelict construction equipment, derelict appliances, broken furniture, or overgrown or noxious weeds in residential subdivisions or districts which may endanger public safety or which is unhealthy or unsafe and declared to be a public nuisance.
 - 3. Any ordinance enacted pursuant to this section shall:
- (1) Set forth those conditions which constitute a nuisance and which are detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents of the county;
- (2) Provide for duties of inspectors with regard to those conditions which may be declared a nuisance, and shall provide for duties of the building commissioner or designated officer or officers to supervise all inspectors and to hold hearings regarding such property;
- (3) Provide for service of adequate notice of the declaration of nuisance, which notice shall specify that the nuisance is to be abated, listing a reasonable time for commencement, and may provide that such notice be served either by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested, but if service cannot be had by either of these modes of service, then service may be had by publication. The ordinances shall further provide that the owner, occupant, lessee, mortgagee, agent, and all other persons having an interest in the property as shown by the land records of the recorder of deeds of the county wherein the property is located shall be made parties;
- (4) Provide that upon failure to commence work of abating the nuisance within the time specified or upon failure to proceed continuously with the work without unnecessary delay, the building commissioner or designated officer or officers shall call and have a full and adequate hearing upon the matter before the county commission, giving the affected parties at least ten days' written notice of the hearing. Any party may be represented by counsel,

and all parties shall have an opportunity to be heard. After the hearings, if evidence supports a finding that the property is a nuisance or detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents of the county, the county commission shall issue an order making specific findings of fact, based upon competent and substantial evidence, which shows the property to be a nuisance and detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents of the county and ordering the nuisance abated. If the evidence does not support a finding that the property is a nuisance or detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents of the county, no order shall be issued.

- 4. Any ordinance authorized by this section may provide that if the owner fails to begin abating the nuisance within a specific time which shall not be longer than seven days of receiving notice that the nuisance has been ordered removed, the building commissioner or designated officer shall cause the condition which constitutes the nuisance to be removed. If the building commissioner or designated officer causes such condition to be removed or abated, the cost of such removal shall be certified to the county clerk or officer in charge of finance who shall cause the certified cost to be included in a special tax bill or added to the annual real estate tax bill, at the county collector's option, for the property and the certified cost shall be collected by the county collector in the same manner and procedure for collecting real estate taxes. If the certified cost is not paid, the tax bill shall be considered delinquent, and the collection of the delinquent bill shall be governed by the laws governing delinquent and back taxes. The tax bill from the date of its issuance shall be deemed a personal debt against the owner and shall also be a lien on the property until paid.
- 5. Nothing in this section authorizes any county to enact nuisance abatement ordinances that provide for the abatement of any condition relating to agricultural structures or agricultural operations, including but not limited to the raising of livestock or row crops.
- 6. No county of the first, second, third, or fourth classification shall have the power to adopt any ordinance, resolution, or regulation under this section governing any railroad company regulated by the Federal Railroad Administration."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Rowland (155), House Amendment No. 4 was adopted.

Representative Vescovo offered House Amendment No. 5.

House Amendment No. 5

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 302, Page 3, Section 68.075, Line 53, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"108.170. 1. Notwithstanding any other provisions of any law or charter to the contrary, any issue of bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness, including bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness payable solely from revenues derived from any revenue-producing facility, hereafter issued under any law of this state by any county, city, town, village, school district, educational institution, drainage district, levee district, nursing home district, hospital district, library district, road district, fire protection district, water supply district, sewer district, housing authority, land clearance for redevelopment authority, special authority created under section 64.920, authority created pursuant to the provisions of chapter 238, or other municipality, political subdivision or district of this state shall be negotiable, may be issued in bearer form or registered form with or without coupons to evidence interest payable thereon, may be issued in any denomination, and may bear interest at a rate not exceeding ten percent per annum, and may be sold, at any sale, at the best price obtainable, not less than ninety-five percent of the par value thereof, anything in any proceedings heretofore had authorizing such bonds, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness, or in any law of this state or charter provision to the contrary notwithstanding. Such issue of bonds, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness may bear interest at a rate not exceeding fourteen percent per annum if sold at public sale after giving reasonable notice of such sale, at the best price obtainable, not less than ninety-five percent of the par value thereof; provided, that such bonds, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness may be sold to any agency or corporate or other instrumentality of the state of Missouri or of the federal government at private sale at a rate not exceeding fourteen percent per annum. Any political subdivision that maintains a credit rating by a nationally recognized bond rating agency of A, AA, or AAA issuing more than ten million dollars debt in a calendar year shall issue such debt through a competitive process unless the political subdivision employs the

services of a municipal advisor, at which point the political subdivision may use a negotiated or competitive process. A municipal advisor shall not be allowed to profit financially or otherwise, either directly or indirectly, from the underwriter of a negotiated bond issuance.

- 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the contrary, the sale of bonds, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness issued by the state board of public buildings created under section 8.010, the state board of fund commissioners created under section 33.300, any port authority created under section 68.010, the bistate metropolitan development district authorized under section 70.370, any special business district created under section 71.790, any county, as defined in section 108.465, exercising the powers granted by sections 108.450 to 108.470, the industrial development board created under section 100.265, any planned industrial expansion authority created under section 100.320, the higher education loan authority created under section 173.360, the Missouri housing development commission created under section 215.020, the state environmental improvement and energy resources authority created under section 260.010, the agricultural and small business development authority created under section 348.020, any industrial development corporation created under section 349.035, or the health and educational facilities authority created under section 360.020 shall, with respect to the sales price, manner of sale and interest rate, be governed by the specific sections applicable to each of these entities.
- 3. Any person who is engaged as a municipal advisor by a political corporation or subdivision with respect to a particular issue of securities shall be independent of the underwriter of that issue of securities. For the purposes of this section, "municipal advisor" shall mean a person registered as a municipal advisor under the rules of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, and "independent" shall have the same meaning as defined by the rules of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. In determining the individuals or entities that may serve as a municipal advisor, nothing in this section shall be construed to be more restrictive than the definition of a municipal advisor as established by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- **4.** Notwithstanding other provisions of this section or other law, the sale of bonds, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued by any housing authority created under section 99.040 may be sold at any sale, at the best price obtainable, not less than ninety-five percent of the par value thereof, and may bear interest at a rate not exceeding fourteen percent per annum. The sale shall be a public sale unless the issuing jurisdiction adopts a resolution setting forth clear justification why the sale should be a private sale except that private activity bonds may be sold either at public or private sale.
- [4-] 5. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section or law, industrial development revenue bonds may be sold at private sale and bear interest at a rate not exceeding fourteen percent per annum at the best price obtainable, not less than ninety-five percent of the par value thereof.
- [5:] **6.** Notwithstanding other provisions in subsection 1 of this section to the contrary, revenue bonds issued for airport purposes by any constitutional charter city in this state which now has or may hereafter acquire a population of more than three hundred thousand but less than six hundred thousand inhabitants, according to the last federal decennial census, may bear interest at a rate not exceeding fourteen percent per annum if sold at public sale after giving reasonable notice, at the best price obtainable, not less than ninety-five percent of the par value thereof.
- [6-] 7. For purposes of the interest rate limitations set forth in this section, the interest rate on bonds, notes or other evidence of indebtedness described in this section means the rate at which the present value of the debt service payments on an issue of bonds, notes or other evidence of indebtedness, discounted to the date of issuance, equals the original price at which such bonds, notes or other evidence of indebtedness are sold by the issuer. Interest on bonds, notes or other evidence of indebtedness may be paid periodically at such times as shall be determined by the governing body of the issuer and may be compounded in accordance with section 408.080.
 - [7-] 8. Notwithstanding any provision of law or charter to the contrary:
- (1) Any entity referenced in subsection 1 or 2 of this section and any other political corporation of the state which entity or political corporation has an annual operating budget for the current year exceeding twenty-five million dollars may, in connection with managing the cost to such entity or political corporation of purchasing fuel, electricity, natural gas, and other commodities used in the ordinary course of its lawful operations, enter into agreements providing for fixing the cost of such commodity, including without limitation agreements commonly referred to as hedges, futures, and options; provided that as of the date of such agreement, such entity or political corporation shall have complied with subdivision (3) of this subsection; and further provided that no eligible school, as defined in section 393.310, shall be authorized by this subsection to enter into such agreements in connection with the purchase of natural gas while the tariffs required under section 393.310 are in effect;

- (2) Any entity referenced in subsection 1 or 2 of this section and any other political corporation of the state may, in connection with its bonds, notes, or other obligations then outstanding or to be issued and bearing interest at a fixed or variable rate, enter into agreements providing for payments based on levels of or changes in interest rates, including without limitation certain derivative agreements commonly referred to as interest rate swaps, hedges, caps, floors, and collars, provided that:
- (a) As of the date of issuance of the bonds, notes, or other obligations to which such agreement relates, such entity or political corporation will have bonds, notes, or other obligations outstanding in an aggregate principal amount of at least fifty million dollars; and
- (b) As of the date of such agreement, such entity's or political corporation's bonds, notes, or other obligations then outstanding or to be issued have received a stand-alone credit rating in one of the two highest categories, without regard to any gradation within such categories, from at least one nationally recognized credit rating agency, or such entity or political corporation has an issuer or general credit rating, in one of the two highest categories, without regard to any gradation within such categories, from at least one nationally recognized credit rating agency; and
- (c) As of the date of such agreement, such entity or political corporation shall have complied with subdivision (3) of this subsection;
- (3) Prior to entering into any agreements pursuant to subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection, the governing body of the entity or political corporations entering into such agreements shall have adopted a written policy governing such agreements. Such policy shall be prepared by integrating the recommended practices published by the Government Finance Officers Association or comparable nationally recognized professional organization and shall provide guidance with respect to the permitted purposes, authorization process, mitigation of risk factors, ongoing oversight responsibilities, market disclosure, financial strategy, and any other factors in connection with such agreements determined to be relevant by the governing body of such entity or political corporation. Such entity or political corporation may enter into such agreements at such times and such agreements may contain such payment, security, default, remedy, and other terms and conditions as shall be consistent with the written policy adopted under this subdivision and as may be approved by the governing body of such entity or other obligated party, including any rating by any nationally recognized rating agency and any other criteria as may be appropriate;
- (4) Nothing in this subsection shall be applied or interpreted to authorize any such entity or political corporation to enter into any such agreement for investment purposes or to diminish or alter the special or general power any such entity or political corporation may otherwise have under any other provisions of law including the special or general power of any interstate transportation authority.
- 9. The state treasurer shall make available to municipalities, political subdivisions, or districts listed under subsection 1 of this section relevant information regarding debt issuance and bidding processes, including best practices resources published by a national association of government finance officers on debt issuance, to aid such entities with the process of issuing debt and awarding bonds to the best bidder."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Vescovo, **House Amendment No. 5** was adopted.

Representative Davis offered **House Amendment No. 6**.

House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 302, Page 4, Section 135.963, Line 54, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"173.1600. 1. As used in this section, the following words mean:

- (1) "Educational institution" or "school", a private or public institution that offers participants, students, or trainees an organized course of study or training that is academic, technical, trade-oriented, or preparatory for gainful employment in a recognized occupation;
- (2) "Personal social media account", an account with an electronic medium or service where users may create, share, and view user-generated content including, but not limited to, videos or still photographs, blogs, video blogs, podcasts, messages, emails, or internet website profiles or locations. The term "personal social media account" does not include:

- (a) An account opened at an employer's behest, or provided by an employer, and intended to be used solely on behalf of the employer; or
- (b) An account opened at a school's behest, or provided by a school, and intended to be used solely on behalf of the school:
 - (3) "Prospective student", an applicant for admission to an educational institution;
- (4) "Student", any student, participant, or trainee, whether full-time or part-time, in an organized course of study at an educational institution.
 - 2. An educational institution shall not:
- (1) Require, request, or coerce a student or prospective student to disclose the username and password, password, or any other means of authentication, or provide access through the username or password, to a personal social media account;
- (2) Except as provided under subsection 4 of this section, require, request, or coerce a student or prospective student to access a personal social media account in the presence of a school employee or school volunteer including, but not limited to, a coach, teacher, or school administrator, in a manner that enables the school employee or school volunteer to observe the contents of such account; or
- (3) Compel a student or prospective student to add anyone, including a coach, teacher, school administrator, or other school employee or school volunteer, to his or her list of contacts associated with a personal social media account or require, request, or otherwise coerce a student or prospective student to change the settings that affect a third party's ability to view the contents of a personal social media account.
 - 3. An educational institution shall not:
- (1) Take any action or threaten to take any action to discharge, discipline, prohibit from participating in curricular or extracurricular activities, or otherwise penalize a student for a student's refusal to disclose any information specified in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section, for refusal to take any action specified in subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this section, or for refusal to add a coach, teacher, school administrator, or other school employee or school volunteer to his or her list of contacts associated with a personal social media account or to change the settings that affect a third party's ability to view the contents of a personal social media account, as specified in subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section; or
- (2) Fail or refuse to admit any prospective student as a result of the prospective student's refusal to disclose any information specified in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section, refusal to take any action specified in subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this section, or refusal to add a coach, teacher, school administrator, or other school employee or school volunteer to his or her list of contacts associated with a personal social media account or to change the settings that affect a third party's ability to view the contents of a personal social media account, as specified in subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section.
 - 4. Nothing in this section prevents an educational institution from:
 - (1) Accessing information about a student or prospective student that is publicly available;
- (2) Complying with state and federal laws, rules, and regulations and the rules of self-regulatory organizations, where applicable;
- (3) Requesting or requiring a student or prospective student to share specific content that has been reported to the school, without requesting or requiring a student or prospective student to provide a username and password, password, or other means of authentication that provides access to a personal social media account, as part of:
- (a) An investigation for the purpose of ensuring compliance with applicable laws or regulatory requirements; or
- (b) An investigation of actual disruption to school functions based on receipt of specific information about the unlawful harassment or bullying of a student by the student or prospective student from whom the content is requested or required;
- (4) Prohibiting a student or prospective student from using a personal social media account for school purposes; or
- (5) Prohibiting a student or prospective student from accessing or operating a personal social media account during school hours or while on school property.
- 5. If a school inadvertently receives the username and password, password, or other means of authentication that provides access to a personal social media account of a student or prospective student through the use of an otherwise lawful virus scan or firewall that monitors the school's network or school-

provided devices, the school is not liable for having the information but shall not use the information to access the personal social media account of the student or prospective student or share the information with anyone. The school shall delete the information immediately, if reasonably practicable.

- 6. It shall be an unlawful employment practice for an educational institution to violate the provisions of this section. A student or prospective student may bring a cause of action for general or specific damages based on any violation of this section.
 - 285.045. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as "The Password Privacy Protection Act".
 - 2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
 - (1) "Applicant", any person applying for employment;
- (2) "Electronic communications device", any device that uses electronic signals to create, transmit, and receive information. The term "electronic communications device" shall include, but not be limited to, computers, telephones, personal digital assistants, and other similar devices;
- (3) "Employee", any person performing work or service of any kind or character for hire within the state of Missouri, including independent contractors;
- (4) "Employer", any person or entity employing any person for hire within the state of Missouri, including a public employer;
- (5) "Employment", the act of employing or state of being employed, engaged, or hired to perform work or services of any kind or character within the state of Missouri;
- (6) "Personal online account", an online account that is used by an employee or applicant exclusively for personal communications unrelated to any business purposes of the employer. Such account shall not include any account created, maintained, used, or accessed by an employee or applicant for business-related communications or for a business purpose of the employer;
- (7) "Personal online service", an online service that is used by an employee or applicant exclusively for personal communication or use unrelated to any business purposes of the employer. Such service shall not include any service maintained, used, or accessed by an employee or applicant for business-related communications or uses or for a business purpose of the employer;
- (8) "Political subdivision", any agency of the state, county, city, town, township, village, special district, subdistrict, or any unit of the state authorized to levy taxes;
- (9) "Public employer", every department, agency, or instrumentality of the state or political subdivision of the state;
- (10) "Work", any job, task, labor, services, or any other activity for which compensation is provided, expected, or due.
- 3. Subject to the exceptions provided in subsection 4 of this section, an employer shall not request or require an employee or applicant to disclose any username, password, or other authentication means for accessing any personal online account or personal online service or compel an employee or applicant for employment to add the employer or an employment agency to the employee's or applicant's list of contacts associated with a personal online account.
- 4. An employer may request or require an employee to disclose any username, password, or other authentication means for accessing:
- (1) Any electronic communications device supplied by or paid for, in whole or in part, by the employer;
 - (2) Any accounts or services provided by the employer;
 - (3) Any accounts or services the employee uses for business purposes; or
- (4) Any accounts or services used as a result of the employee's employment relationship with the employer.
 - 5. An employer shall not:
- (1) Discharge, discipline, or otherwise penalize or threaten to discharge, discipline, or otherwise penalize an employee solely for an employee's refusal to disclose any information specified in subsection 3 of this section;
- (2) Fail or refuse to hire any applicant as a result of the applicant's refusal to disclose any information specified in subsection 3 of this section; or
- (3) Be held liable for failure to request or require that an applicant or employee disclose any information specified in subsection 3 of this section.
- 6. An employee shall not transfer an employer's proprietary or confidential information or financial data to an employee's personal online account or personal online service without the employer's authorization.

- 7. This section shall not be construed to prevent an employer from engaging in any of the following activities:
- (1) Conducting an investigation for the purposes of ensuring compliance with applicable laws or regulations against work-related employee misconduct based on the receipt of specific information about activity on a personal online account or personal online service by an employee or other source;
- (2) Conducting an investigation of an employee's actions based on the receipt of specific information about the unauthorized transfer of an employer's proprietary information, confidential information, or financial data to a personal online account or personal online service by an employee or other source;
- (3) Conducting an investigation as specified in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection that requires the employee's cooperation to share the content that has been reported in order to make a factual determination:
- (4) Disciplining or discharging an employee for transferring the employer's proprietary or confidential information or financial data to an employee's personal online account or personal online service without the employer's authorization;
- (5) Restricting or prohibiting an employee's access to certain websites while using an electronic communications device that is paid for, in whole or in part, by the employer or while using an employer's network or resources, in compliance with state and federal law; or
- (6) Monitoring, reviewing, accessing, or blocking electronic data stored on an electronic communications device that is paid for, in whole or in part, by the employer, or such data that is traveling through or stored on an employer's network, in compliance with state and federal law.
- 8. This section shall not prohibit or restrict any employer from viewing, accessing, or utilizing information about any employee or applicant that can be obtained without the information specified in subsection 3 of this section or that is available to the public.
- 9. This section shall not be construed to prevent an employer from complying with state or federal laws or regulations or the rules of self-regulatory organizations, as that term is defined in 15 U.S.C. Section 78c(a)(26).
- 10. This section shall not be construed to prohibit an employer from requesting an employee to provide an email address in order to conduct business-related communications with the employee. However, such address shall not be disclosed to any third party."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Plocher offered House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 6.

House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Amendment No. 6 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 302, Page 2, Line 39, by deleting the word "**specific**" on said line and inserting in lieu thereof the word "**special**"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Plocher, **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 6** was adopted.

On motion of Representative Davis, **House Amendment No. 6, as amended**, was adopted.

Representative Miller offered **House Amendment No. 7**.

House Amendment No. 7

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 302, Page 3, Section 68.075, Line 53, by inserting immediately after all of said section and line the following:

- "99.845. 1. A municipality, either at the time a redevelopment project is approved or, in the event a municipality has undertaken acts establishing a redevelopment plan and redevelopment project and has designated a redevelopment area after the passage and approval of sections 99.800 to 99.865 but prior to August 13, 1982, which acts are in conformance with the procedures of sections 99.800 to 99.865, may adopt tax increment allocation financing by passing an ordinance providing that after the total equalized assessed valuation of the taxable real property in a redevelopment project exceeds the certified total initial equalized assessed valuation of the taxable real property in the redevelopment project, the ad valorem taxes, and payments in lieu of taxes, if any, arising from the levies upon taxable real property in such redevelopment project by taxing districts and tax rates determined in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 99.855 each year after the effective date of the ordinance until redevelopment costs have been paid shall be divided as follows:
- (1) That portion of taxes, penalties and interest levied upon each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property which is attributable to the initial equalized assessed value of each such taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the area selected for the redevelopment project shall be allocated to and, when collected, shall be paid by the county collector to the respective affected taxing districts in the manner required by law in the absence of the adoption of tax increment allocation financing;
- (2) (a) Payments in lieu of taxes attributable to the increase in the current equalized assessed valuation of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the area selected for the redevelopment project and any applicable penalty and interest over and above the initial equalized assessed value of each such unit of property in the area selected for the redevelopment project shall be allocated to and, when collected, shall be paid to the municipal treasurer who shall deposit such payment in lieu of taxes into a special fund called the "Special Allocation Fund" of the municipality for the purpose of paying redevelopment costs and obligations incurred in the payment thereof. Beginning August 28, 2014, if the voters in a taxing district vote to approve an increase in such taxing district's levy rate for ad valorem tax on real property, any additional revenues generated within an existing redevelopment project area that are directly attributable to the newly voter-approved incremental increase in such taxing district's levy rate shall not be considered payments in lieu of taxes subject to deposit into a special allocation fund without the consent of such taxing district. Revenues will be considered directly attributable to the newly voter-approved incremental increase to the extent that they are generated from the difference between the taxing district's actual levy rate currently imposed and the maximum voter-approved levy rate at the time that the redevelopment project was adopted. Payments in lieu of taxes which are due and owing shall constitute a lien against the real estate of the redevelopment project from which they are derived and shall be collected in the same manner as the real property tax, including the assessment of penalties and interest where applicable. The municipality may, in the ordinance, pledge the funds in the special allocation fund for the payment of such costs and obligations and provide for the collection of payments in lieu of taxes, the lien of which may be foreclosed in the same manner as a special assessment lien as provided in section 88.861. No part of the current equalized assessed valuation of each lot, block, tract, or parcel of property in the area selected for the redevelopment project attributable to any increase above the total initial equalized assessed value of such properties shall be used in calculating the general state school aid formula provided for in section 163.031 until such time as all redevelopment costs have been paid as provided for in this section and section 99.850.
- (b) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section to the contrary, for purposes of determining the limitation on indebtedness of local government pursuant to Article VI, Section 26(b) of the Missouri Constitution, the current equalized assessed value of the property in an area selected for redevelopment attributable to the increase above the total initial equalized assessed valuation shall be included in the value of taxable tangible property as shown on the last completed assessment for state or county purposes.
- (c) The county assessor shall include the current assessed value of all property within the taxing district in the aggregate valuation of assessed property entered upon the assessor's book and verified pursuant to section 137.245, and such value shall be utilized for the purpose of the debt limitation on local government pursuant to Article VI, Section 26(b) of the Missouri Constitution;
- (3) For purposes of this section, "levies upon taxable real property in such redevelopment project by taxing districts" shall not include the blind pension fund tax levied under the authority of Article III, Section 38(b) of the Missouri Constitution, or the merchants' and manufacturers' inventory replacement tax levied under the authority of

subsection 2 of Section 6 of Article X of the Missouri Constitution, except in redevelopment project areas in which tax increment financing has been adopted by ordinance pursuant to a plan approved by vote of the governing body of the municipality taken after August 13, 1982, and before January 1, 1998.

- 2. In addition to the payments in lieu of taxes described in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or redevelopment projects approved by ordinance after July 12, 1990, and prior to August 31, 1991, fifty percent of the total additional revenue from taxes, penalties and interest imposed by the municipality, or other taxing districts, which are generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project over the amount of such taxes generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the redevelopment project by ordinance, while tax increment financing remains in effect, but excluding taxes imposed on sales or charges for sleeping rooms paid by transient guests of hotels and motels, taxes levied pursuant to section 70.500, licenses, fees or special assessments other than payments in lieu of taxes and any penalty and interest thereon, or, effective January 1, 1998, taxes levied pursuant to section 94.660, for the purpose of public transportation, shall be allocated to, and paid by the local political subdivision collecting officer to the treasurer or other designated financial officer of the municipality, who shall deposit such funds in a separate segregated account within the special allocation fund. Any provision of an agreement, contract or covenant entered into prior to July 12, 1990, between a municipality and any other political subdivision which provides for an appropriation of other municipal revenues to the special allocation fund shall be and remain enforceable.
- 3. In addition to the payments in lieu of taxes described in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or redevelopment projects approved by ordinance after August 31, 1991, fifty percent of the total additional revenue from taxes, penalties and interest which are imposed by the municipality or other taxing districts, and which are generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project over the amount of such taxes generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the redevelopment project by ordinance, while tax increment financing remains in effect, but excluding personal property taxes, taxes imposed on sales or charges for sleeping rooms paid by transient guests of hotels and motels, taxes levied pursuant to section 70.500, taxes levied for the purpose of public transportation pursuant to section 94.660, taxes imposed on sales pursuant to subsection 2 of section 67.1712 for the purpose of operating and maintaining a metropolitan park and recreation district, licenses, fees or special assessments other than payments in lieu of taxes and penalties and interest thereon, any sales tax imposed by a county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, for the purpose of sports stadium improvement or levied by such county under section 238.410 for the purpose of the county transit authority operating transportation facilities, or for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or redevelopment projects approved by ordinance after August 28, 2013, taxes imposed on sales under and pursuant to section 67.700 or 650.399 for the purpose of emergency communication systems, shall be allocated to, and paid by the local political subdivision collecting officer to the treasurer or other designated financial officer of the municipality, who shall deposit such funds in a separate segregated account within the special allocation fund. Beginning August 28, 2014, if the voters in a taxing district vote to approve an increase in such taxing district's sales tax or use tax, other than the renewal of an expiring sales or use tax, any additional revenues generated within an existing redevelopment project area that are directly attributable to the newly voter-approved incremental increase in such taxing district's levy rate shall not be considered economic activity taxes subject to deposit into a special allocation fund without the consent of such taxing district.
- 4. Beginning January 1, 1998, for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or redevelopment projects approved by ordinance and which have complied with subsections 4 to 12 of this section, in addition to the payments in lieu of taxes and economic activity taxes described in subsections 1, 2 and 3 of this section, up to fifty percent of the new state revenues, as defined in subsection 8 of this section, estimated for the businesses within the project area and identified by the municipality in the application required by subsection 10 of this section, over and above the amount of such taxes reported by businesses within the project area as identified by the municipality in their application prior to the approval of the redevelopment project by ordinance, while tax increment financing remains in effect, may be available for appropriation by the general assembly as provided in subsection 10 of this section to the department of economic development supplemental tax increment financing fund, from the general revenue fund, for distribution to the treasurer or other designated financial officer of the municipality with approved plans or projects.
- 5. The treasurer or other designated financial officer of the municipality with approved plans or projects shall deposit such funds in a separate segregated account within the special allocation fund established pursuant to section 99.805.

- 6. No transfer from the general revenue fund to the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund shall be made unless an appropriation is made from the general revenue fund for that purpose. No municipality shall commit any state revenues prior to an appropriation being made for that project. For all redevelopment plans or projects adopted or approved after December 23, 1997, appropriations from the new state revenues shall not be distributed from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund into the special allocation fund unless the municipality's redevelopment plan ensures that one hundred percent of payments in lieu of taxes and fifty percent of economic activity taxes generated by the project shall be used for eligible redevelopment project costs while tax increment financing remains in effect. This account shall be separate from the account into which payments in lieu of taxes are deposited, and separate from the account into which economic activity taxes are deposited.
- 7. In order for the redevelopment plan or project to be eligible to receive the revenue described in subsection 4 of this section, the municipality shall comply with the requirements of subsection 10 of this section prior to the time the project or plan is adopted or approved by ordinance. The director of the department of economic development and the commissioner of the office of administration may waive the requirement that the municipality's application be submitted prior to the redevelopment plan's or project's adoption or the redevelopment plan's or project's approval by ordinance.
 - 8. For purposes of this section, "new state revenues" means:
- (1) The incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues received pursuant to section 144.020, excluding sales taxes that are constitutionally dedicated, taxes deposited to the school district trust fund in accordance with section 144.701, sales and use taxes on motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors and future sales taxes earmarked by law. In no event shall the incremental increase include any amounts attributable to retail sales unless the municipality or authority has proven to the Missouri development finance board and the department of economic development and such entities have made a finding that the sales tax increment attributable to retail sales is from new sources which did not exist in the state during the baseline year. The incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues for an existing or relocated facility shall be the amount that current state sales tax revenue exceeds the state sales tax revenue in the base year as stated in the redevelopment plan as provided in subsection 10 of this section; or
- (2) The state income tax withheld on behalf of new employees by the employer pursuant to section 143.221 at the business located within the project as identified by the municipality. The state income tax withholding allowed by this section shall be the municipality's estimate of the amount of state income tax withheld by the employer within the redevelopment area for new employees who fill new jobs directly created by the tax increment financing project.
 - 9. Subsection 4 of this section shall apply only to the following:
- (1) Blighted areas located in enterprise zones, pursuant to sections 135.200 to 135.256, blighted areas located in federal empowerment zones, or to blighted areas located in central business districts or urban core areas of cities which districts or urban core areas at the time of approval of the project by ordinance, provided that the enterprise zones, federal empowerment zones or blighted areas contained one or more buildings at least fifty years old; and
- (a) Suffered from generally declining population or property taxes over the twenty-year period immediately preceding the area's designation as a project area by ordinance; or
- (b) Was a historic hotel located in a county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population according to the most recent federal decennial census in excess of one hundred fifty thousand and containing a portion of a city with a population according to the most recent federal decennial census in excess of three hundred fifty thousand;
- (2) Blighted areas consisting solely of the site of a former automobile manufacturing plant located in any county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants. For the purposes of this section, "former automobile manufacturing plant" means a redevelopment area containing a minimum of one hundred acres, and such redevelopment area was previously used primarily for the manufacture of automobiles but ceased such manufacturing after the 2007 calendar year; or
- (3) Blighted areas consisting solely of the site of a former insurance company national service center containing a minimum of one hundred acres located in any county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants.
- 10. The initial appropriation of up to fifty percent of the new state revenues authorized pursuant to subsection 4 of this section shall not be made to or distributed by the department of economic development to a municipality until all of the following conditions have been satisfied:
- (1) The director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee have approved a tax increment financing application made by the municipality for the appropriation of the new state revenues. The municipality shall include in the application the following items in addition to the items in section 99.810:

- (a) The tax increment financing district or redevelopment area, including the businesses identified within the redevelopment area;
- (b) The base year of state sales tax revenues or the base year of state income tax withheld on behalf of existing employees, reported by existing businesses within the project area prior to approval of the redevelopment project;
- (c) The estimate of the incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenue or the estimate for the state income tax withheld by the employer on behalf of new employees expected to fill new jobs created within the redevelopment area after redevelopment;
 - (d) The official statement of any bond issue pursuant to this subsection after December 23, 1997;
- (e) An affidavit that is signed by the developer or developers attesting that the provisions of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 99.810 have been met and specifying that the redevelopment area would not be reasonably anticipated to be developed without the appropriation of the new state revenues;
- (f) The cost-benefit analysis required by section 99.810 includes a study of the fiscal impact on the state of Missouri;
- (g) The statement of election between the use of the incremental increase of the general revenue portion of the state sales tax revenues or the state income tax withheld by employers on behalf of new employees who fill new jobs created in the redevelopment area;
- (h) The name, street and mailing address, and phone number of the mayor or chief executive officer of the municipality;
 - (i) The street address of the development site;
- (j) The three-digit North American Industry Classification System number or numbers characterizing the development project;
 - (k) The estimated development project costs;
 - (1) The anticipated sources of funds to pay such development project costs;
 - (m) Evidence of the commitments to finance such development project costs;
 - (n) The anticipated type and term of the sources of funds to pay such development project costs;
 - (o) The anticipated type and terms of the obligations to be issued;
 - (p) The most recent equalized assessed valuation of the property within the development project area;
- (q) An estimate as to the equalized assessed valuation after the development project area is developed in accordance with a development plan;
 - (r) The general land uses to apply in the development area;
- (s) The total number of individuals employed in the development area, broken down by full-time, part-time, and temporary positions;
 - (t) The total number of full-time equivalent positions in the development area;
- (u) The current gross wages, state income tax withholdings, and federal income tax withholdings for individuals employed in the development area;
- (v) The total number of individuals employed in this state by the corporate parent of any business benefitting from public expenditures in the development area, and all subsidiaries thereof, as of December thirty-first of the prior fiscal year, broken down by full-time, part-time, and temporary positions;
- (w) The number of new jobs to be created by any business benefitting from public expenditures in the development area, broken down by full-time, part-time, and temporary positions;
- (x) The average hourly wage to be paid to all current and new employees at the project site, broken down by full-time, part-time, and temporary positions;
- (y) For project sites located in a metropolitan statistical area, as defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget, the average hourly wage paid to nonmanagerial employees in this state for the industries involved at the project, as established by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics;
- (z) For project sites located outside of metropolitan statistical areas, the average weekly wage paid to nonmanagerial employees in the county for industries involved at the project, as established by the United States Department of Commerce;
 - (aa) A list of other community and economic benefits to result from the project;
- (bb) A list of all development subsidies that any business benefitting from public expenditures in the development area has previously received for the project, and the name of any other granting body from which such subsidies are sought;

- (cc) A list of all other public investments made or to be made by this state or units of local government to support infrastructure or other needs generated by the project for which the funding pursuant to this section is being sought;
- (dd) A statement as to whether the development project may reduce employment at any other site, within or without the state, resulting from automation, merger, acquisition, corporate restructuring, relocation, or other business activity;
- (ee) A statement as to whether or not the project involves the relocation of work from another address and if so, the number of jobs to be relocated and the address from which they are to be relocated;
- (ff) A list of competing businesses in the county containing the development area and in each contiguous county;
 - (gg) A market study for the development area;
 - (hh) A certification by the chief officer of the applicant as to the accuracy of the development plan;
- (2) The methodologies used in the application for determining the base year and determining the estimate of the incremental increase in the general revenue portion of the state sales tax revenues or the state income tax withheld by employers on behalf of new employees who fill new jobs created in the redevelopment area shall be approved by the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee. Upon approval of the application, the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee shall issue a certificate of approval. The department of economic development may request the appropriation following application approval;
- (3) The appropriation shall be either a portion of the estimate of the incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues in the redevelopment area or a portion of the estimate of the state income tax withheld by the employer on behalf of new employees who fill new jobs created in the redevelopment area as indicated in the municipality's application, approved by the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee. At no time shall the annual amount of the new state revenues approved for disbursements from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund exceed thirty-two million dollars; provided, however, that such thirty-two million dollar cap shall not apply to redevelopment plans or projects initially listed by name in the applicable appropriations bill after August 28, 2015, which involve either:
 - (a) A former automobile manufacturing plant; or
 - (b) The retention of a federal employer employing over two thousand geospatial intelligence jobs.

At no time shall the annual amount of the new state revenues for disbursements from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund for redevelopment plans and projects eligible under the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subdivision exceed four million dollars in the aggregate. At no time shall the annual amount of the new state revenues for disbursements from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund for redevelopment plans and projects eligible under the provisions of paragraph (b) of this subdivision exceed twelve million dollars in the aggregate. To the extent a redevelopment plan or project independently meets the eligibility criteria set forth in both paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision, then at no such time shall the annual amount of new state revenues for disbursements from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund for such eligible redevelopment plan or project exceed twelve million dollars in the aggregate;

- (4) At no time shall the annual amount of the new state revenues approved for disbursements from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund for redevelopment plans or projects approved on or after August 28, 2017, and before August 28, 2027, be increased by or exceed ten million dollars. Redevelopment plans or projects approved prior to August 28, 2017, which are expanded with buildings of new construction shall not be increased by more than ten million dollars in excess of the original previously approved maximum projected amount. At no time shall the annual amount of the new state revenues approved for disbursements from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund for redevelopment plans or projects approved on or after August 28, 2027, exceed twenty million dollars; provided however, that such ceilings shall not apply to redevelopment plans or projects exempted from such ceilings under subdivision (3) of this subsection;
- (5) Redevelopment plans and projects receiving new state revenues shall have a duration of up to fifteen years, unless prior approval for a longer term is given by the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee; except that, in no case shall the duration exceed twenty-three years.

- 11. In addition to the areas authorized in subsection 9 of this section, the funding authorized pursuant to subsection 4 of this section shall also be available in a federally approved levee district, where construction of a levee begins after December 23, 1997, and which is contained within a county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population between fifty thousand and one hundred thousand inhabitants which contains all or part of a city with a population in excess of four hundred thousand or more inhabitants.
- 12. There is hereby established within the state treasury a special fund to be known as the "Missouri Supplemental Tax Increment Financing Fund", to be administered by the department of economic development. The department shall annually distribute from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund the amount of the new state revenues as appropriated as provided in the provisions of subsection 4 of this section if and only if the conditions of subsection 10 of this section are met. The fund shall also consist of any gifts, contributions, grants or bequests received from federal, private or other sources. Moneys in the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund shall be disbursed per project pursuant to state appropriations.
- 13. Redevelopment project costs may include, at the prerogative of the state, the portion of salaries and expenses of the department of economic development and the department of revenue reasonably allocable to each redevelopment project approved for disbursements from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund for the ongoing administrative functions associated with such redevelopment project. Such amounts shall be recovered from new state revenues deposited into the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund created under this section.
- 14. For redevelopment plans or projects approved by ordinance that result in net new jobs from the relocation of a national headquarters from another state to the area of the redevelopment project, the economic activity taxes and new state tax revenues shall not be based on a calculation of the incremental increase in taxes as compared to the base year or prior calendar year for such redevelopment project, rather the incremental increase shall be the amount of total taxes generated from the net new jobs brought in by the national headquarters from another state. In no event shall this subsection be construed to allow a redevelopment project to receive an appropriation in excess of up to fifty percent of the new state revenues.
- 15. Notwithstanding any other provision of the law to the contrary, the adoption of any tax increment financing authorized under sections 99.800 to 99.865 shall not supersede, alter, or reduce in any way a property tax levied under section 205.971."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Miller, **House Amendment No. 7** was adopted.

Representative Korman offered House Amendment No. 8.

House Amendment No. 8

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 302, Page 4, Section 135.963, Line 54, by inserting after said section and line the following:

- "393.1130. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as "The Nuclear Energy Standard".
- 2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
- (1) "Commission", the public service commission;
- (2) "Small modular nuclear reactor", a nuclear reactor based on fission that is approved under federal and state laws and regulations to be constructed in this state which produces less than three hundred megawatts of clean electrical energy; and
- (3) "Utility", any electrical corporation as defined under section 386.020, but this term shall not include any electrical corporation as defined and set forth under subsection 2 of section 393.110.
- 3. Upon the fulfillment of subsection 4 of this section, the commission shall prescribe by rule that all utilities in this state produce electricity using small modular nuclear reactors such that two percent of each utility's total electricity retail sales are made based on electricity generated by such reactors. The commission shall have discretion with regard to the time for requiring compliance with the nuclear energy standard, but in no case shall it require full compliance less than three years from the fulfillment of the conditions for the

effective date of this section. The commission may promulgate such rules or regulations as are necessary to administer the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2017, shall be invalid and void.

- 4. This section shall become effective only if a production facility for small modular nuclear reactors has been built in this state and is operational. A facility shall be classified as operational if such facility has produced no fewer than three small modular nuclear reactors in accordance with all federal and state laws and regulations, and such reactors are legally available for sale or use. If the commission determines that a production facility is properly operational in accordance with this section, then it shall comply with the requirements of subsection 3 of this section. The commission shall notify the revisor of statutes when a facility has been built and becomes operational.
- 5. Notwithstanding subsection 3 to the contrary, a utility may petition the commission to satisfy the two percent generation requirement from renewable or hydroelectric sources, or with the purchase of renewable energy credits as defined in section 393.1025. The commission may grant such a petition upon a finding of undue hardship for compliance or due to a lack of increase in demand for energy generation by the utility.

393.1025. As used in sections 393.1020 to 393.1030, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Commission", the public service commission;
- (2) "Department", the department of natural resources;
- (3) "Electric utility", any electrical corporation as defined by section 386.020;
- (4) "Renewable energy credit" or "REC", a tradeable certificate of proof that one megawatt-hour of electricity has been generated from renewable energy sources; and
- (5) "Renewable energy resources", electric energy produced from wind, solar thermal sources, photovoltaic cells and panels, dedicated crops grown for energy production, cellulosic agricultural residues, plant residues, processed solid biomass engineered fiber fuel as defined in section 393.1600, methane from landfills, from agricultural operations, or from wastewater treatment, thermal depolymerization or pyrolysis for converting waste material to energy, clean and untreated wood such as pallets, hydropower (not including pumped storage) that does not require a new diversion or impoundment of water and that has a nameplate rating of ten megawatts or less, fuel cells using hydrogen produced by one of the above-named renewable energy sources, and other sources of energy not including nuclear that become available after November 4, 2008, and are certified as renewable by rule by the department.
- 393.1030. 1. The commission shall, in consultation with the department, prescribe by rule a portfolio requirement for all electric utilities to generate or purchase electricity generated from renewable energy resources. Such portfolio requirement shall provide that electricity from renewable energy resources shall constitute the following portions of each electric utility's sales:
 - (1) No less than two percent for calendar years 2011 through 2013;
 - (2) No less than five percent for calendar years 2014 through 2017;
 - (3) No less than ten percent for calendar years 2018 through 2020; and
 - (4) No less than fifteen percent in each calendar year beginning in 2021.

At least two percent of each portfolio requirement shall be derived from solar energy. The portfolio requirements shall apply to all power sold to Missouri consumers whether such power is self-generated or purchased from another source in or outside of this state. A utility may comply with the standard in whole or in part by purchasing RECs. Each kilowatt-hour of eligible energy generated in Missouri shall count as 1.25 kilowatt-hours for purposes of compliance. Each kilowatt-hour of eligible energy generated from processed solid biomass engineered fiber fuel, as defined in section 393.1600, shall count as 1.50 kilowatt-hours for purposes of compliance.

2. The commission, in consultation with the department and within one year of November 4, 2008, shall select a program for tracking and verifying the trading of renewable energy credits. An unused credit may exist for up to three years from the date of its creation. A credit may be used only once to comply with sections 393.1020 to 393.1030 and may not also be used to satisfy any similar nonfederal requirement. An electric utility may not use a credit derived from a green pricing program. Certificates from net-metered sources shall initially be owned by the customer-generator. The commission, except where the department is specified, shall make whatever rules are necessary to enforce the renewable energy standard. Such rules shall include:

- (1) A maximum average retail rate increase of one percent determined by estimating and comparing the electric utility's cost of compliance with least-cost renewable generation and the cost of continuing to generate or purchase electricity from entirely nonrenewable sources, taking into proper account future environmental regulatory risk including the risk of greenhouse gas regulation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, until June 30, 2020, if the maximum average retail rate increase would be less than or equal to one percent if an electric utility's investment in solar-related projects initiated, owned or operated by the electric utility is ignored for purposes of calculating the increase, then additional solar rebates shall be paid and included in rates in an amount up to the amount that would produce a retail rate increase equal to the difference between a one percent retail rate increase and the retail rate increase calculated when ignoring an electric utility's investment in solar-related projects initiated, owned, or operated by the electric utility. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this section, even if the payment of additional solar rebates will produce a maximum average retail rate increase of greater than one percent when an electric utility's investment in solar-related projects initiated, owned or operated by the electric utility are included in the calculation, the additional solar rebate costs shall be included in the prudently incurred costs to be recovered as contemplated by subdivision (4) of this subsection;
- (2) Penalties of at least twice the average market value of renewable energy credits for the compliance period for failure to meet the targets of subsection 1 of this section. An electric utility will be excused if it proves to the commission that failure was due to events beyond its reasonable control that could not have been reasonably mitigated, or that the maximum average retail rate increase has been reached. Penalties shall not be recovered from customers. Amounts forfeited under this section shall be remitted to the department to purchase renewable energy credits needed for compliance. Any excess forfeited revenues shall be used by the department's energy center solely for renewable energy and energy efficiency projects;
- (3) Provisions for an annual report to be filed by each electric utility in a format sufficient to document its progress in meeting the targets;
- (4) Provision for recovery outside the context of a regular rate case of prudently incurred costs and the pass-through of benefits to customers of any savings achieved by an electrical corporation in meeting the requirements of this section.
- 3. As provided for in this section, except for those electrical corporations that qualify for an exemption under section 393.1050, each electric utility shall make available to its retail customers a solar rebate for new or expanded solar electric systems sited on customers' premises, up to a maximum of twenty-five kilowatts per system, measured in direct current that were confirmed by the electric utility to have become operational in compliance with the provisions of section 386.890. The solar rebates shall be two dollars per watt for systems becoming operational on or before June 30, 2014; one dollar and fifty cents per watt for systems becoming operational between July 1, 2014, and June 30, 2015; one dollar per watt for systems becoming operational between July 1, 2015, and June 30, 2016; fifty cents per watt for systems becoming operational between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017; fifty cents per watt for systems becoming operational between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2019; twenty-five cents per watt for systems becoming operational between July 1, 2019, and June 30, 2020; and zero cents per watt for systems becoming operational after June 30, 2020. An electric utility may, through its tariffs, require applications for rebates to be submitted up to one hundred eighty-two days prior to the June thirtieth operational date. Nothing in this section shall prevent an electrical corporation from offering rebates after July 1, 2020, through an approved tariff. If the electric utility determines the maximum average retail rate increase provided for in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section will be reached in any calendar year, the electric utility shall be entitled to cease paying rebates to the extent necessary to avoid exceeding the maximum average retail rate increase if the electrical corporation files with the commission to suspend its rebate tariff for the remainder of that calendar year at least sixty days prior to the change taking effect. The filing with the commission to suspend the electrical corporation's rebate tariff shall include the calculation reflecting that the maximum average retail rate increase will be reached and supporting documentation reflecting that the maximum average retail rate increase will be reached. The commission shall rule on the suspension filing within sixty days of the date it is filed. If the commission determines that the maximum average retail rate increase will be reached, the commission shall approve the tariff suspension. The electric utility shall continue to process and pay applicable solar rebates until a final commission ruling; however, if the continued payment causes the electric utility to pay rebates that cause it to exceed the maximum average retail rate increase, the expenditures shall be considered prudently incurred costs as contemplated by subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of this section and shall be recoverable as such by the electric utility. As a condition of receiving a rebate, customers shall transfer to the electric utility all right, title, and interest in and to the renewable energy credits associated with

the new or expanded solar electric system that qualified the customer for the solar rebate for a period of ten years from the date the electric utility confirmed that the solar electric system was installed and operational.

- 4. The department shall, in consultation with the commission, establish by rule a certification process for electricity generated from renewable resources and used to fulfill the requirements of subsection 1 of this section. Certification criteria for renewable energy generation shall be determined by factors that include fuel type, technology, and the environmental impacts of the generating facility. Renewable energy facilities shall not cause undue adverse air, water, or land use impacts, including impacts associated with the gathering of generation feedstocks. If any amount of fossil fuel is used with renewable energy resources, only the portion of electrical output attributable to renewable energy resources shall be used to fulfill the portfolio requirements.
- 5. In carrying out the provisions of this section, the commission and the department shall include methane generated from the anaerobic digestion of farm animal waste and thermal depolymerization or pyrolysis for converting waste material to energy as renewable energy resources for purposes of this section.
- 6. The commission shall have the authority to promulgate rules for the implementation of this section, but only to the extent such rules are consistent with, and do not delay the implementation of, the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2013, shall be invalid and void.

620.3080. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Job creation, worker training, and infrastructure development programs", the Missouri works program established under sections 620.2000 to 620.2020, Missouri business use incentives for large-scale development act established under sections 100.700 to 100.850, the Missouri works training program established under sections 620.800 to 620.809, and the real property tax increment allocation redevelopment act established under sections 99.800 to 99.865;
- (2) "SMR production facility", a facility which produces nuclear reactors based on fission that is approved under federal and state law and regulations to be constructed which produce less than three hundred megawatts of clean electrical energy.
- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no benefits authorized under job creation, worker training, and infrastructure development programs for a SMR production facility shall be considered in determining compliance with applicable limitations on the aggregate amount of benefits that may be awarded annually or cumulatively under subdivision (3) of subsection 10 of section 99.845, subsection 5 of section 100.850, subsection 7 of section 620.809, and subsection 7 of section 620.2020. No SMR production facility shall be authorized for state benefits under job creation, worker training, and infrastructure development programs that exceed, in the aggregate, one hundred and fifty million dollars annually under all such programs."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Korman, **House Amendment No. 8** was adopted.

Representative Redmon offered **House Amendment No. 9**.

House Amendment No. 9

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 302, Page 4, Section 135.963, Line 54, by inserting immediately after said section and line the following:

"304.120. 1. Municipalities, by ordinance, may establish reasonable speed regulations for motor vehicles within the limits of such municipalities. No person who is not a resident of such municipality and who has not been within the limits thereof for a continuous period of more than forty-eight hours shall be convicted of a violation of such ordinances, unless it is shown by competent evidence that there was posted at the place where the boundary of

such municipality joins or crosses any highway a sign displaying in black letters not less than four inches high and one inch wide on a white background the speed fixed by such municipality so that such sign may be clearly seen by operators and drivers from their vehicles upon entering such municipality.

- 2. Municipalities, by ordinance, may:
- (1) Make additional rules of the road or traffic regulations to meet their needs and traffic conditions;
- (2) Establish one-way streets and provide for the regulation of vehicles thereon;
- (3) Require vehicles to stop before crossing certain designated streets and boulevards;
- (4) Limit the use of certain designated streets and boulevards to passenger vehicles, except that each municipality shall allow at least one route, with lawful traffic movement and access from both directions, to be available for use by commercial motor vehicles to access any roads in the state highway system. Under no circumstances shall the provisions of this subdivision be construed to authorize a municipality to limit the use of all routes in the municipality. The use by commercial motor vehicles of a municipality-designated route for such vehicles in compliance with any ordinances of the designating municipality shall not be deemed a nuisance or evidence of a nuisance. Nothing contained in this subdivision is intended to modify or limit recovery for any claim that is independent of a nuisance claim;
 - (5) Prohibit the use of certain designated streets to vehicles with metal tires, or solid rubber tires;
- (6) Regulate the parking of vehicles on streets by the installation of parking meters for limiting the time of parking and exacting a fee therefor or by the adoption of any other regulatory method that is reasonable and practical, and prohibit or control left-hand turns of vehicles;
 - (7) Require the use of signaling devices on all motor vehicles; and
 - (8) Prohibit sound-producing warning devices, except horns directed forward.
- 3. No ordinance shall be valid which contains provisions contrary to or in conflict with this chapter, except as herein provided.
- 4. No ordinance shall impose liability on the owner-lessor of a motor vehicle when the vehicle is being permissively used by a lessee and is illegally parked or operated if the registered owner-lessor of such vehicle furnishes the name, address and operator's license number of the person renting or leasing the vehicle at the time the violation occurred to the proper municipal authority within three working days from the time of receipt of written request for such information. Any registered owner-lessor who fails or refuses to provide such information within the period required by this subsection shall be liable for the imposition of any fine established by municipal ordinance for the violation. Provided, however, if a leased motor vehicle is illegally parked due to a defect in such vehicle, which renders it inoperable, not caused by the fault or neglect of the lessee, then the lessor shall be liable on any violation for illegal parking of such vehicle.
- 5. No ordinance shall deny the use of commercial motor vehicles on all routes within the municipality. For purposes of this section, the term "route" shall mean any state road, county road, or public street, avenue, boulevard, or parkway.
- 6. No ordinance shall prohibit the operator of a motor vehicle from being in an intersection while a red signal is being displayed if the operator of the motor vehicle entered the intersection during a yellow signal interval. The provisions of this subsection shall supercede any local laws, ordinances, orders, rules, or regulations enacted by a county, municipality, or other political subdivision that are to the contrary."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Redmon, **House Amendment No. 9** was adopted.

Representative Berry offered House Amendment No. 10.

House Amendment No. 10

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 302, Page 1, Section A, Line 3, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"67.2050. 1. As used in this section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Facility", a location composed of real estate, buildings, fixtures, machinery, and equipment;
- (2) "Municipality", any county, city, incorporated town, or village of the state;
- (3) "NAICS", the 2007 edition of the North American Industry Classification System developed under the direction and guidance of the federal Office of Management and Budget. Any NAICS sector, subsector, industry group, or industry identified in this section shall include its corresponding classification in previous and subsequent federal industry classification systems;
- (4) "Technology business facility", a facility purchased, constructed, extended, or improved under this section, provided that such business facility is engaged in:
 - (a) Wired telecommunications carriers (NAICS 517110);
 - (b) Data processing, hosting, and related services (NAICS 518210); or
- (c) Internet publishing and broadcasting and web search portals (NAICS 519130) at the business facility;
- (5) "Technology business facility project" or "project", the purchase, construction, extension, or improvement of technology business facilities, whether of the facility as a whole or of any one or more of the facility's components of real estate, buildings, fixtures, machinery, and equipment.
 - 2. The governing body of any municipality may:
 - (1) Carry out technology business facility projects for economic development under this section;
- (2) Accept grants from the federal and state governments for technology business facility project purposes and may enter into such agreements as are not contrary to the laws of this state which may be required as a condition of grants by the federal government or its agencies; and
- (3) Receive gifts and donations from private sources to be used for technology business facility project purposes.
- 3. The governing body of the municipality may enter into loan agreements, and may sell, lease, or mortgage to private persons, partnerships, or corporations any one or more of the components of a facility received, purchased, constructed, or extended by the municipality for development of a technology business facility project. The loan agreement, installment sale agreement, lease, or other such document shall contain such other terms as are agreed upon between the municipality and the obligor, provided that such terms shall be consistent with this section. If, in the judgment of the governing body of the municipality, the technology business facility project will result in economic benefits to the municipality, the governing body may lawfully enter into an agreement that includes nominal monetary consideration to the municipality in exchange for the use of one or more components of the facility.
- 4. Transactions involving the lease or rental of any components of a project under this section shall be specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined under sections 32.085, 144.010 to 144.525, 144.600 to 144.761, and 238.235 and exempted from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under the local sales tax law as defined under sections 32.085, 144.010 to 144.525, 144.600 to 144.745, and 238.235.
 - 5. Leasehold interests granted and held under this section shall not be subject to property taxes.
- 6. Any payments in lieu of taxes expected to be made by any lessee of the project shall be applied in accordance with this section. The lessee may reimburse the municipality for its actual costs of administering the plan. All amounts paid in excess of such actual costs shall, immediately upon receipt thereof, be disbursed by the municipality's treasurer or other financial officer to each affected taxing entity in proportion to the current ad valorem tax levy of each affected taxing entity.
- 7. The county assessor shall include the current assessed value of all property within the affected taxing entities in the aggregate valuation of assessed property entered upon the assessor's book and verified under section 137.245, and such value shall be used for the purpose of the debt limitation on local government under article VI, section 26(b) of the Constitution of Missouri.
- 8. The governing body of any municipality may sell or otherwise dispose of the property, buildings, or plants acquired under this section to private persons or corporations for technology business facility project purposes upon approval by the governing body. The terms and method of the sale or other disposal shall be established by the governing body so as to reasonably protect the economic well-being of the municipality and to promote the development of technology business facility projects. A private person or corporation that initially transfers property to the municipality for the purposes of a technology business facility project and that does not charge a purchase price to the municipality shall retain the right, upon request to the municipality, to have the municipality retransfer the donated property to the person or corporation at no cost.

9. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to allow political subdivisions to provide telecommunications services or telecommunications facilities to the extent that they are prohibited from doing so under section 392.410."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Berry, **House Amendment No. 10** was adopted.

Representative Cierpiot moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 0	98
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AYES: 098				
Alferman	Anderson	Andrews	Austin	Bahr
Barnes 60	Basye	Beard	Bernskoetter	Berry
Black	Bondon	Brattin	Brown 94	Christofanelli
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Corlew	Crawford	Cross
Curtman	Davis	DeGroot	Dogan	Dohrman
Eggleston	Evans	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater 49	Fraker
Francis	Frederick	Gannon	Grier	Haahr
Haefner	Hannegan	Hansen	Helms	Henderson
Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Justus	Kelley 127
Kelly 141	Kidd	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lant
Lauer	Lichtenegger	Love	Lynch	Marshall
Mathews	McCaherty	McGaugh	Messenger	Miller
Moon	Morris	Neely	Pfautsch	Phillips
Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt
Reisch	Remole	Rhoads	Roeber	Rone
Ross	Rowland 155	Ruth	Schroer	Shaul 113
Shull 16	Shumake	Smith 163	Sommer	Spencer
Stacy	Stephens 128	Swan	Tate	Taylor
Trent	Vescovo	Walker 3	White	Wiemann
Wilson	Wood	Mr. Speaker		
NOES: 037				
Adams	Anders	Arthur	Baringer	Barnes 28
Beck	Brown 27	Burnett	Butler	Carpenter
Curtis	Dunn	Ellebracht	Ellington	Franks Jr
Gray	Green	Harris	Kendrick	Lavender
May	McCann Beatty	McCreery	McGee	Meredith 71
Merideth 80	Morgan	Mosley	Nichols	Peters
Quade	Razer	Roberts	Runions	Stevens 46

PRESENT: 001

Rowland 29

Unsicker

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 026

Walker 74

BangertBrown 57BurnsChipmanConway 10CooksonCornejoEnglerFitzwater 144FranklinGregoryHigdonHillHouxHubrecht

MatthiesenMcDanielMittenMuntzelNewmanPierson JrPietzmanPlocherRodenSmith 85

Wessels

VACANCIES: 001

On motion of Representative Ruth, the title of **HCS SB 302, as amended**, relating to political subdivisions, was agreed to.

On motion of Representative Ruth, HCS SB 302, as amended, was adopted.

On motion of Representative Ruth, **HCS SB 302, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

$\Delta \mathbf{V}$	ES:	0	22

Adams	Anders	Andrews	Austin	Bangert
Baringer	Beard	Beck	Bernskoetter	Berry
Brown 57	Brown 94	Burns	Butler	Cierpiot
Conway 10	Conway 104	Corlew	Crawford	Cross
Davis	Dogan	Dohrman	Engler	Evans
Fitzwater 144	Fitzwater 49	Fraker	Francis	Franks Jr
Gannon	Green	Haahr	Haefner	Hannegan
Hansen	Harris	Henderson	Houghton	Hubrecht
Justus	Kelley 127	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lant
Lauer	Lichtenegger	Love	Lynch	Mathews
McCaherty	McGaugh	Merideth 80	Messenger	Miller
Morris	Nichols	Peters	Pfautsch	Phillips
Pike	Razer	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt
Reisch	Remole	Rhoads	Rone	Rowland 155
Rowland 29	Runions	Ruth	Shaul 113	Shull 16
Shumake	Sommer	Stephens 128	Swan	Tate
Unsicker	Vescovo	Walker 3	Walker 74	Wessels
Wiemann	Wood	Mr. Speaker		

NOES: 062

Alferman	Anderson	Arthur	Bahr	Barnes 60
Barnes 28	Basye	Black	Bondon	Brattin
Brown 27	Burnett	Carpenter	Christofanelli	Curtis
Curtman	DeGroot	Dunn	Eggleston	Ellebracht
Ellington	Fitzpatrick	Frederick	Gray	Gregory
Grier	Helms	Hill	Hurst	Johnson
Kelly 141	Kendrick	Kidd	Lavender	Marshall
Matthiesen	May	McCann Beatty	McCreery	McGee
Meredith 71	Mitten	Moon	Morgan	Mosley
Neely	Pierson Jr	Pietzman	Pogue	Quade
Roberts	Roeber	Ross	Schroer	Smith 163
Spencer	Stacy	Stevens 46	Taylor	Trent
White	Wilson			

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 012

ChipmanCooksonCornejoFranklinHigdonHouxMcDanielMuntzelNewmanPlocher

Roden Smith 85

VACANCIES: 001

Speaker Richardson declared the bill passed.

BILLS CARRYING REQUEST MESSAGES

SB 8, with House Amendment No. 1, House Amendment No. 2, House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 3, House Amendment No. 3, as amended, House Amendment No. 4, House Amendment No. 5, House Amendment No. 6, House Amendment No. 7, House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 8, House Amendment No. 8, as amended, House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 9, House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 9, House Amendment No. 9 and House Amendment No. 9, as amended, relating to transportation, was taken up by Representative Rhoads.

Representative Rhoads moved that the House refuse to recede from its position on House Amendment No. 1, House Amendment No. 2, House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 3, House Amendment No. 3, as amended, House Amendment No. 4, House Amendment No. 5, House Amendment No. 6, House Amendment No. 7, House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 8, House Amendment No. 8, as amended, House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 9, House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 9, House Amendment No. 9 and House Amendment No. 9, as amended, to SB 8 and grant the Senate a conference.

Which motion was adopted.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

The Speaker appointed the following Conference Committee to act with a like committee from the Senate on the following bill:

SB 8: Representatives Rhoads, Bernskoetter, Fitzwater (144), McCreery, and Mitten

REFERRAL OF HOUSE RESOLUTIONS

The following House Resolution was referred to the Committee indicated:

HR 2982 - Consent and House Procedure

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Committee on Agriculture Policy, Chairman Houghton reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Agriculture Policy, to which was referred **SB 373**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(c) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (9): Bernskoetter, Harris, Houghton, Kelly (141), Lavender, Love, McCreery, Rone and Stevens (46)

Noes (2): Eggleston and Hurst

Present (2): Redmon and Reiboldt

Absent (0)

Committee on Crime Prevention and Public Safety, Chairman Phillips reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Crime Prevention and Public Safety, to which was referred **HB 1213** and **HB 1214**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(c) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (6): Baringer, Barnes (60), Dogan, Franks Jr., Hannegan and Phillips

Noes (1): Hill

Absent (4): Lauer, McDaniel, Newman and Rhoads

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Crime Prevention and Public Safety, to which was referred **SB 25**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass** with House Committee Substitute, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(c) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (6): Baringer, Barnes (60), Dogan, Franks Jr., Hannegan and Phillips

Noes (0)

Absent (5): Hill, Lauer, McDaniel, Newman and Rhoads

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Crime Prevention and Public Safety, to which was referred **SCS SB 84**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(c) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (5): Baringer, Dogan, Franks Jr., Hannegan and Phillips

Noes (0)

Present (1): Barnes (60)

Absent (5): Hill, Lauer, McDaniel, Newman and Rhoads

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Crime Prevention and Public Safety, to which was referred **SB 282**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(c) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (6): Baringer, Barnes (60), Dogan, Franks Jr., Hannegan and Phillips

Noes (0)

Absent (5): Hill, Lauer, McDaniel, Newman and Rhoads

Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education, Chairman Swan reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education, to which was referred **HB 785**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(b) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (9): Anders, Bangert, Barnes (60), Basye, Burnett, Matthiesen, Morgan, Swan and Wood

Noes (1): Spencer

Absent (3): Bahr, Dogan and Roeber

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education, to which was referred **HB 1113**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(b) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (11): Anders, Bahr, Bangert, Barnes (60), Basye, Burnett, Matthiesen, Morgan, Spencer, Swan and Wood

Noes (0)

Absent (2): Dogan and Roeber

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education, to which was referred **SCS SBs 300 & 306**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(b) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (11): Anders, Bahr, Bangert, Barnes (60), Basye, Burnett, Matthiesen, Morgan, Spencer, Swan and Wood

Noes (0)

Absent (2): Dogan and Roeber

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education, to which was referred **SB 434**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(b) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (9): Anders, Bahr, Bangert, Barnes (60), Basye, Matthiesen, Spencer, Swan and Wood

Noes (2): Burnett and Morgan

Absent (2): Dogan and Roeber

Committee on General Laws, Chairman Cornejo reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on General Laws, to which was referred **SB 65**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(c) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (11): Anderson, Arthur, Basye, Cornejo, Cross, Evans, Mathews, McCreery, Merideth (80), Roeber and Schroer

Noes (0)

Absent (2): Carpenter and Taylor

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on General Laws, to which was referred **SS SB 293**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(c) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (12): Anderson, Arthur, Basye, Carpenter, Cornejo, Cross, Evans, Mathews, McCreery, Merideth (80), Roeber and Schroer

Noes (0)

Absent (1): Taylor

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on General Laws, to which was referred **SB 332**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(c) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (11): Anderson, Arthur, Basye, Carpenter, Cornejo, Cross, Evans, Mathews, McCreery, Roeber and Schroer

Noes (1): Merideth (80)

Absent (1): Taylor

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on General Laws, to which was referred **SB 363**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(c) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (12): Anderson, Arthur, Basye, Carpenter, Cornejo, Cross, Evans, Mathews, McCreery, Merideth (80), Roeber and Schroer

Noes (0)

Absent (1): Taylor

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on General Laws, to which was referred **SB 376**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(c) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (9): Anderson, Arthur, Basye, Cornejo, Cross, Mathews, McCreery, Roeber and Schroer

Noes (3): Carpenter, Evans and Merideth (80)

Absent (1): Taylor

Committee on Health and Mental Health Policy, Chairman Frederick reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Health and Mental Health Policy, to which was referred **SS SB 490**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(b) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (8): Frederick, Haefner, Morris, Pfautsch, Smith (163), Stevens (46), Walker (74) and Wiemann

Noes (0)

Absent (3): Arthur, Messenger and Stephens (128)

Committee on Judiciary, Chairman McGaugh reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred **SB 99**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(c) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (9): Beard, Corlew, Ellebracht, Gregory, Marshall, McGaugh, Mitten, Toalson Reisch and White

Noes (0)

Absent (2): DeGroot and Roberts

Committee on Local Government, Chairman Fraker reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Local Government, to which was referred **SS SCS SB 49**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(b) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (12): Adams, Baringer, Brattin, Burnett, Fraker, Grier, Hannegan, Houghton, McCaherty, Muntzel, Wessels and Wilson

Noes (0)

Absent (1): Vescovo

Special Committee on Government Oversight, Chairman Brattin reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Special Committee on Government Oversight, to which was referred **SB 478**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(b) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (10): Barnes (28), Brattin, Brown (57), Christofanelli, Fitzwater (144), Hill, Merideth (80), Messenger, Taylor and Toalson Reisch

Noes (1): Bangert

Absent (2): Mitten and Moon

Committee on Ways and Means, Chairman Curtman reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred **SB 248**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(b) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (8): Brown (27), Christofanelli, Curtman, Eggleston, Ellington, Gray, Roden and Shull (16)

Noes (0)

Absent (5): Cross, Kelley (127), Mosley, Rhoads and Schroer

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted **HCR 35**.

RECESS

On motion of Representative Cierpiot, the House will stand in recess until such time as **CCR SCS HCS HB 2** through **CCR SCS HCS HB 12**, and **CCR SCS HCS HB 17** are distributed or 4:00 a.m., whichever is earlier, and then stand adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Thursday, May 4, 2017.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 2

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 2, as amended, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 2, as amended.
- 2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 2.
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 2, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE: FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Rep. Scott Fitzpatrick	/s/ Sen. Dan Brown
/s/ Rep. Justin Alferman	/s/ Sen. David Sater
/s/ Rep. Lyle Rowland	/s/ Sen. Mike Cunningham
/s/ Rep. Michael Butler	/s/ Sen. S. Kiki Curls
/s/ Rep. Kip Kendrick	/s/ Sen. Jamilah Nasheed

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 3

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3.

- 2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3.
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Rep. Scott Fitzpatrick	/s/ Sen. Dan Brown
/s/ Rep. Justin Alferman	/s/ Sen. David Sater
/s/ Rep. Lyle Rowland	/s/ Sen. Dan Hegeman
/s/ Rep. Kip Kendrick	/s/ Sen. S. Kiki Curls
/s/ Rep. Daron McGee	/s/ Sen. Jamilah Nasheed

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 4

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 4, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 4.
- 2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 4.
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 4, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Rep. Scott Fitzpatrick	/s/ Sen. Dan Brown
/s/ Rep. Justin Alferman	/s/ Sen. David Sater
/s/ Rep. Kathie Conway	/s/ Sen. Wayne Wallingford
/s/ Rep. Michael Butler	/s/ Sen. S. Kiki Curls
/s/ Rep. Kip Kendrick	/s/ Sen. Jason Holsman

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 5

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 5, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 5.
- 2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 5.
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 5, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE: FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Rep. Scott Fitzpatrick	/s/ Sen. Dan Brown
/s/ Rep. Justin Alferman	/s/ Sen. David Sater
/s/ Rep. Kurt Bahr	/s/ Sen. Wayne Wallingford
/s/ Rep. Michael Butler	/s/ Sen. S. Kiki Curls
/s/ Rep. Greg Razer	/s/ Sen. Jamilah Nasheed

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 6

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 6, as amended, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 6, as amended.

- 2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 6.
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 6, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Sen. Dan Brown
/s/ Sen. David Sater
/s/ Sen. Dan Hegeman
/s/ Sen. S. Kiki Curls
/s/ Sen. Jason Holsman

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 7

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 7, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 7.
- 2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 7.
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 7, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Rep. Scott Fitzpatrick	/s/ Sen. Dan Brown
/s/ Rep. Justin Alferman	/s/ Sen. David Sater
/s/ Rep. Craig Redmon	/s/ Sen. Mike Cunningham
/s/ Rep. Michael Butler	/s/ Sen. Jamilah Nasheed
/s/ Rep. Randy Dunn	/s/ Sen. Gina Walsh

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 8

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 8, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 8.
- 2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 8.
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 8, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Rep. Scott Fitzpatrick	/s/ Sen. Dan Brown
/s/ Rep. Justin Alferman	/s/ Sen. David Sater
/s/ Rep. Kathie Conway	/s/ Sen. Wayne Wallingford
/s/ Rep. Michael Butler	/s/ Sen. S. Kiki Curls
/s/ Rep. Karla May	/s/ Sen. Jamilah Nasheed

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 9

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 9, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 9.
- 2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 9.
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 9, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE: FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Rep. Scott Fitzpatrick	/s/ Sen. Dan Brown
/s/ Rep. Justin Alferman	/s/ Sen. David Sater
/s/ Rep. Kathie Conway	/s/ Sen. Dan Hegeman
/s/ Rep. Michael Butler	/s/ Sen. S. Kiki Curls
/s/ Rep. Karla May	/s/ Sen. Jamilah Nasheed

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 10

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 10, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 10.
- 2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 10.
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 10, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE: FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Rep. Scott Fitzpatrick	/s/ Sen. Dan Brown
/s/ Rep. Justin Alferman	/s/ Sen. David Sater
/s/ Rep. David Wood	/s/ Sen. Mike Cunningham
/s/ Rep. Crystal Quade	/s/ Sen. S. Kiki Curls
	/s/ Sen. Jamilah Nasheed

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 11

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 11, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 11.
- 2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 11.
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 11, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Rep. Scott Fitzpatrick	/s/ Sen. Dan Brown
/s/ Rep. Justin Alferman	/s/ Sen. David Sater
/s/ Rep. David Wood	/s/ Sen. Mike Cunningham
/s/ Rep. Crystal Quade	/s/ Sen. S. Kiki Curls
-	/s/ Sen. Jamilah Nasheed

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 12

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 12, as amended, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 12, as amended.
- 2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 12.
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 12, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Rep. Scott Fitzpatrick	/s/ Sen. Dan Brown
/s/ Rep. Justin Alferman	/s/ Sen. David Sater
/s/ Rep. Kurt Bahr	/s/ Sen. Dan Hegeman
/s/ Rep. Deb Lavender	/s/ Sen. S. Kiki Curls
/s/ Rep. Peter Merideth	/s/ Sen. Jamilah Nasheed

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 17

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 17, as amended, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 17, as amended.
- 2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 17.
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 17, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Rep. Scott Fitzpatrick	/s/ Sen. Dan Brown
/s/ Rep. Justin Alferman	/s/ Sen. David Sater
/s/ Rep. Kurt Bahr	/s/ Sen. Mike Cunningham
/s/ Rep. Michael Butler	/s/ Sen. S. Kiki Curls
/s/ Rep. Kip Kendrick	/s/ Sen. Jamilah Nasheed

ADJOURNMENT

Pursuant to the motion of Representative Cierpiot, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Thursday, May 4, 2017.

COMMITTEE HEARINGS

BUDGET

Thursday, May 4, 2017, 12:00 PM, House Hearing Room 3.

Executive session will be held: SS SB 22

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON BUDGET

Thursday, May 4, 2017, 8:15 AM, House Lounge.

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

Conference Committee on Budget for SCS HCS HB 2, as amended; SCS HCS HB 3; SCS HCS HB 4; SCS HCS HB 5; SCS HCS HB 6, as amended; SCS HCS HB 7; SCS HCS HB 8;

SCS HCS HB 9; SCS HCS HB 10; SCS HCS HB 11; SCS HCS HB 12, as amended; SCS HCS HB 17, as amended; SCS HCS HB 19

FISCAL REVIEW

Thursday, May 4, 2017, 8:30 AM, House Hearing Room 6.

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

Executive session.

FISCAL REVIEW

Friday, May 5, 2017, 8:30 AM, House Hearing Room 7.

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE ON DYSLEXIA

Thursday, May 18, 2017, 9:00 AM, House Hearing Room 7.

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

We will be hearing testimony on teacher preparation and professional development.

RULES - ADMINISTRATIVE OVERSIGHT

Thursday, May 4, 2017, 5:00 PM or upon adjournment (whichever is later), House Hearing Room 6.

Executive session will be held: SS SCS SB 49, SB 248, HCS SCS SBs 300 & 306, HCS SB 434, HCS SB 478, SS SB 490

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

RULES - LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT

Monday, May 8, 2017, 2:00 PM, House Hearing Room 5.

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

Please be prepared to take action on any bill referred to committee.

RULES - LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT

Tuesday, May 9, 2017, upon conclusion of morning session, House Hearing Room 1.

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

Please be prepared to take action on any bill referred to committee.

RULES - LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT

Wednesday, May 10, 2017, upon conclusion of morning session, House Hearing Room 1.

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

Please be prepared to take action on any bill referred to committee.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON POLICE/COMMUNITY RELATIONS

Tuesday, May 9, 2017, 8:00 AM, House Hearing Room 5.

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

Planning to adjourn at 9:45 AM.

VETERANS

Tuesday, May 9, 2017, 8:00 AM, House Hearing Room 1.

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

Missouri Coalition for Community Behavioral Health will be presenting a virtual reality demo for veterans with PTSD.

HOUSE CALENDAR

SIXTY-EIGHTH DAY, THURSDAY, MAY 4, 2017

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS FOR PERFECTION

HCS HJR 29 - Dohrman HJR 2 - Shumake

HJR 18 - Moon

HOUSE COMMITTEE BILLS FOR PERFECTION

HCB 2 - Reiboldt

HCS HCB 8 - McGaugh

HCB 9 - McGaugh

HOUSE BILLS FOR PERFECTION

HB 459 - Kolkmeyer

HB 463 - Kolkmeyer

HB 39 - Higdon

HB 182 - Hurst

HCS HB 326 - Miller

HB 358 - Bahr

HCS HB 415 - McGaugh

HB 426 - Cornejo

HCS HBs 908 & 757 - Lichtenegger

HB 708 - Hill

HB 56 - Love

HB 110 - Davis

HCS HB 574 - Davis

HCS HB 677 - Rowland (155)

HB 738 - Kolkmeyer

HB 799 - Lauer

HCS HB 890 - Mathews

HB 114 - McGaugh

HB 301 - Hill

HB 305 - Pike

HB 322 - Neely

HCS HB 379 - Plocher

HCS HB 436 - Hill

HB 705 - Cross

HCS HB 754 - Schroer

HCS HB 827 - DeGroot

HB 889 - Rehder

HCS HB 136 - Spencer

HCS HB 351 - McGaugh

HB 352 - Eggleston

HB 603 - Rone

HB 897 - Houghton

HB 102 - Swan

HB 257 - Pfautsch

HCS HB 291 - Crawford

HB 356 - Bahr

HCS HB 432 - Conway (10)

HCS HB 611 - Carpenter

HCS HB 717 - Curtman

HB 723 - Walker (3)

HB 899 - Brown (57)

HB 1008 - Kelly (141)

HB 187 - Swan

HCS HB 226 - Hubrecht

HB 254 - Swan

HB 268 - Brattin

HCS HB 405 - Hubrecht

HCS HB 642 - Kelly (141)

HCS HB 696 - Kelly (141)

HB 768 - Lant

HB 790 - Wiemann

HB 794 - Walker (3)

HCS HB 878 - Dogan

HB 888 - Basye

HB 906 - DeGroot

HCS HB 957 - Rhoads

HCS#2 HBs 48, 69, 495 & 589 - Lichtenegger

HB 287 - Beard

HB 457 - Swan

HB 665 - Walker (3)

HB 761 - Barnes (60)

HB 486 - Dunn

HB 397 - Nichols

HCS HBs 1007 & 937 - Evans

HB 637 - Helms

HB 472 - Smith (85)

HB 630 - Taylor

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS FOR THIRD READING

HCR 48 - Kidd

HCR 20 - Kidd

HCR 36 - Walker (74)

HCR 30 - May

HOUSE BILLS FOR THIRD READING

HB 401 - McDaniel

HCS HB 654 - Rowland (155)

HCS HB 1116 - Shaul (113)

HOUSE BILLS FOR THIRD READING - CONSENT

HCS HB 914 - Kidd

SENATE BILLS FOR THIRD READING - CONSENT

SCS SB 52, E.C. - Frederick

SENATE BILLS FOR THIRD READING

SB 45 - Corlew

SCS SB 108 - Davis

SS#2 SCS SB 43 - McGaugh

SB 329 - Kolkmeyer

SS SCS SB 16 - Engler

SB 194, as amended (Fiscal Review 5/2/17), E.C. - Trent

SCS SB 229 - Fitzwater (49)

HCS SCS SB 11 - Fraker

HCS SB 30 - Fitzpatrick

SS SB 31 - McGaugh

HCS SS SB 34, as amended (Fiscal Review 5/3/17), E.C. - Rhoads

SCS SB 82, E.C. - Shaul (113)

SCS SB 93 - Cierpiot

HCS SB 95 - Fraker

SB 222 - Korman

HCS SCS SB 237 - Austin

SCS SB 279 - Davis

HCS SCS SB 139 - Wood

HCS SCS SB 421 - Kidd

HCS SB 488 - Bernskoetter

SB 296, E.C. - Baringer

HCS SB 283 - Andrews

SCS SB 322 - Gannon

SB 503, E.C. - Lauer

HCS SS SB 35 - Ross

HCS SB 225 - Davis

SCS SB 240 - Mathews

HCS SCS SB 309 - Walker (3)

HCS SCS SB 355 - Alferman

SCS SB 404 - Alferman

HCS SB 501, E.C. - Stephens (128)

SCS SB 88 - McGaugh

SB 395 - Sommer

SCS SB 217 - Dogan

SCS#2 SB 128 - Roeber

HCS SB 134, (Fiscal Review 5/2/17) - Mosley

HCS SB 114 - Alferman

HOUSE BILLS WITH SENATE AMENDMENTS

SCS HCS HB 13 - Fitzpatrick

SCS HCS HB 18, as amended - Fitzpatrick

BILLS CARRYING REQUEST MESSAGES

SS HCS HBs 90 & 68, as amended (request Senate recede/grant conference) - Rehder

BILLS IN CONFERENCE

CCR SCS HCS HB 2, as amended - Fitzpatrick

CCR SCS HCS HB 3 - Fitzpatrick

CCR SCS HCS HB 4 - Fitzpatrick

CCR SCS HCS HB 5 - Fitzpatrick

CCR SCS HCS HB 6, as amended - Fitzpatrick

CCR SCS HCS HB 7 - Fitzpatrick

CCR SCS HCS HB 8 - Fitzpatrick

CCR SCS HCS HB 9 - Fitzpatrick

CCR SCS HCS HB 10 - Fitzpatrick

CCR SCS HCS HB 11 - Fitzpatrick

CCR SCS HCS HB 12, as amended - Fitzpatrick

CCR SCS HCS HB 17, as amended - Fitzpatrick

SCS HCS HB 19 - Fitzpatrick

SB 8, with HA 1, HA 2, HA 1 HA 3, HA 3, a.a., HA 4, HA 5, HA 6, HA 7, HA 1 HA 8,

HA 8, a.a., HA 1 HA 9, HA 2 HA 9, HA 3 HA 9, HA 9, a.a., E.C. - Rhoads

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS

HR 11 - Peters

HR 395 - Ruth

ACTIONS PURSUANT TO ARTICLE IV, SECTION 27

HCS HB 2001 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2002 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2003 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2004 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2005 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2006 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2007 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2008 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2009 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2010 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2011 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2012 - Fitzpatrick

HCS HB 2013 - Fitzpatrick

SCS HCS HB 2017 - Fitzpatrick

SS SCS HCS HB 2018 - Fitzpatrick