House	Amendment NO	
Offered By		
	ee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 718,	
Page 1, Section A, Line 2	by inserting after all of said section and line the following:	
"21 700 1 Ther	e is hereby established a joint committee of the general assembly, which	
	nt Committee on Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment". The	
	sed of six members from the house of representatives, six members from	
_	pers appointed by the governor. The senate members of the committee	
	president pro tempore of the senate and the house members by the spea	
	tives. There shall be at least two members from the minority party of the	
	mbers from the minority party of the house of representatives. The	
	e governor shall include one member from the health care industry, one	
	bonder or law enforcement officer, one member who is a member of th	
judiciary or a prosecuting	attorney, and one member representing a substance abuse prevention	
advocacy group.		
2. The committee	shall select a chairperson and a vice-chairperson, one of whom shall be	
member of the senate and	one a member of the house of representatives. A majority of the	
members shall constitute	a quorum. The committee shall meet at least once during each legislati	
	nes as the chairperson may designate.	
3. The committee		
* *	ngs on current and estimated future drug and substance use and abuse	
within the state;		
	ons to substance abuse issues; and	
* *	fy legislation as necessary to effectuate the goals of finding and funding	
	olutions to curb drug and substance use and abuse.	
	shall report annually to the general assembly and the governor. The	
	mendations for legislation pertaining to substance abuse prevention an	
treatment.	gastion shall be known and may be sited as the "Testical Degrange to	
Traumatic Injuries Act".	section shall be known and may be cited as the "Tactical Response to	
	f this section, "trauma public access kit" or "trauma PAK" means a first	
	at least all of the following:	
(1) Two tournique		
*	dressings that are inspected for replacement no less than every three ye	
*	ls that are inspected for replacement no less than every three years;	
* 	rials and equipment similar to those described in subdivisions (1), (2), a	
	any additional items that are approved by local law enforcement or fir	
Action Taken	Date	

responders, that adequately treat a traumatic injury, and can be stored in a readily available kit; and

- (5) Instructional documents based upon nationally or internationally recognized evidence-based treatment recommendations, guidelines, and programs.
- 3. In order to ensure public safety, a person or entity that supplies a trauma kit may provide the person or entity that acquires the trauma kit with all information governing the use, installation, operation, training, and maintenance of the trauma kit.
- 4. The placement of trauma PAKs in public or private buildings, facilities, or structures is voluntary, but this shall not preclude any state agency or political subdivision from adopting mandatory building standards requiring the placement of PAKs in public buildings, facilities, or structures. If any person or entity places or requires the placement of PAKs in private buildings, facilities, or structures, then such persons or entities shall comply with the requirements of subsection 5 of this section in order for such person or entity, or any agents thereof, to claim immunity from civil damages under subsection 6 of this section.
- 5. In order to ensure public safety, the entity responsible for managing the building, facility, or tenants of a structure in which a trauma PAK is placed that is an occupied structure shall do all of the following:
 - (1) Comply with all regulations governing the placement of a trauma PAK;
- (2) Inspect all trauma PAKs acquired and placed on the premises of a building, facility, or structure every three years from the date of installation to ensure that all materials, supplies, and equipment contained in the trauma PAK are not expired, and replace any expired materials, supplies, and equipment as necessary;
- (3) Restock the trauma PAK after each use and replace any materials, supplies, and equipment as necessary to ensure that all materials, supplies, and equipment required to be contained in the trauma PAK are contained in the trauma PAK;
- (4) At least once per year, notify tenants of the building, facility, or structure of the location of the trauma PAK and provide information to tenants regarding contact information for training in the use of the trauma PAK; and
- (5) Provide tenants with instructions in the use of the trauma PAK from the training programs described in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section.
- 6. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person or entity that acquires and places a trauma kit for emergency care in a structure shall not be liable for any civil damages resulting from any acts or omissions in the rendering of emergency care by use of the trauma kit if that person or entity has complied with subsection 5 of this section.
- 7. Any person who gratuitously and in good faith renders emergency care or treatment by the use of a trauma PAK at the scene of an emergency shall not be held liable for any civil damages as a result of such care or treatment, unless the person acts in a willful and wanton or reckless manner in providing the care or treatment. The person or entity who provides appropriate training to the person using the trauma PAK, the person or entity responsible for the site where the trauma PAK is located, the person or entity that owns the trauma PAK, the person or entity that provided clinical protocol for trauma PAK sites or programs, and the person or entity that reviews and approves the clinical protocol shall likewise not be held liable for civil damages resulting from the use of a trauma PAK. Nothing in this section shall affect any claims brought pursuant to chapter 537 or 538. The protections specified in this section shall not apply in the case of personal injury or wrongful death that results from the gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct of the person who renders emergency care or treatment by the use of a trauma PAK."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.