House ______ Amendment NO.____

	Offered By
1	AMEND House Bill No. 1629, Page 6, Section 337.033, Line 57, by inserting after all of said
2	section and line the following:
3 4	"337.100. 1. Sections 337.100 to 337.165 shall be known as the "Psychology
5	Interjurisdictional Compact". The party states find that:
6	(1) States license psychologists, in order to protect the public through verification of
7	education, training and experience and ensure accountability for professional practice;
8	(2) This compact is intended to regulate the day to day practice of telepsychology, the
9	provision of psychological services using telecommunication technologies, by psychologists across
10	state boundaries in the performance of their psychological practice as assigned by an appropriate
11	authority;
12	(3) This compact is intended to regulate the temporary in-person, face-to-face practice of
13	psychology by psychologists across state boundaries for thirty days within a calendar year in the
14	performance of their psychological practice as assigned by an appropriate authority;
15	(4) This compact is intended to authorize state psychology regulatory authorities to afford
16	legal recognition, in a manner consistent with the terms of the compact, to psychologists licensed in
17	another state;
18	(5) This compact recognizes that states have a vested interest in protecting the public's
19	health and safety through their licensing and regulation of psychologists and that such state
20	regulation will best protect public health and safety;
21	(6) This compact does not apply when a psychologist is licensed in both the home and
22	receiving states; and
23	(7) This compact does not apply to permanent in-person, face-to-face practice, it does allow
24	for authorization of temporary psychological practice.
25	2. The general purposes of this compact are to:
26	(1) Increase public access to professional psychological services by allowing for
27	telepsychological practice across state lines as well as temporary in-person, face-to-face services
28	into a state which the psychologist is not licensed to practice psychology;
29	(2) Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's health and safety, especially
30	client/patient safety;
31	(3) Encourage the cooperation of compact states in the areas of psychology licensure and
32	regulation;
33	(4) Facilitate the exchange of information between compact states regarding psychologist
34	licensure, adverse actions and disciplinary history;
35	(5) Promote compliance with the laws governing psychological practice in each compact
36	state; and

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1	(6) Invest all compact states with the authority to hold licensed psychologists accountable
2	through the mutual recognition of compact state licenses.
3	337.105. As used in this compact, the following terms shall mean:
4	(1) "Adverse action", any action taken by a state psychology regulatory authority which
5	finds a violation of a statute or regulation that is identified by the state psychology regulatory
6	authority as discipline and is a matter of public record;
7	(2) "Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards (ASPPB)", the recognized
8	membership organization composed of state and provincial psychology regulatory authorities
9	responsible for the licensure and registration of psychologists throughout the United States and
10	Canada;
11	(3) "Authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology", a licensed psychologist's
12	authority to practice telepsychology, within the limits authorized under this compact, in another
13	compact state;
14	(4) "Bylaws", those bylaws established by the psychology interjurisdictional compact
15	commission pursuant to section 337.145 for its governance, or for directing and controlling its
16	actions and conduct;
17	(5) "Client/patient", the recipient of psychological services, whether psychological services
18	are delivered in the context of healthcare, corporate, supervision, or consulting services;
19	(6) "Commissioner", the voting representative appointed by each state psychology
20	regulatory authority pursuant to section 337.145;
20	(7) "Compact state", a state, the District of Columbia, or United States territory that has
22	enacted this compact legislation and which has not withdrawn pursuant to subsection 3 of section
23	337.160 or been terminated pursuant to subsection 2 of section 337.155;
24	(8) "Coordinated licensure information system" also referred to as "coordinated database",
25	an integrated process for collecting, storing, and sharing information on psychologists' licensure and
26	enforcement activities related to psychology licensure laws, which is administered by the recognized
27	membership organization composed of state and provincial psychology regulatory authorities;
28	(9) "Confidentiality", the principle that data or information is not made available or
29	disclosed to unauthorized persons or processes;
30	(10) "Day", any part of a day in which psychological work is performed;
31	(11) "Distant state", the compact state where a psychologist is physically present, not
32	through the use of telecommunications technologies, to provide temporary in-person, face-to-face
33	psychological services;
34	(12) "E.Passport", a certificate issued by the Association of State and Provincial Psychology
35	Boards (ASPPB) that promotes the standardization in the criteria of interjurisdictional
36	telepsychology practice and facilitates the process for licensed psychologists to provide
37	telepsychological services across state lines;
38	(13) "Executive board", a group of directors elected or appointed to act on behalf of, and
39	within the powers granted to them by, the commission;
40	(14) "Home state", a compact state where a psychologist is licensed to practice psychology.
41	If the psychologist is licensed in more than one compact state and is practicing under the
42	authorization to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology, the home state is the compact state
43	where the psychologist is physically present when the telepsychological services are delivered. If
44	the psychologist is licensed in more than one compact state and is practicing under the temporary
45	authorization to practice, the home state is any compact state where the psychologist is licensed;
46	(15) "Identity history summary", a summary of information retained by the Federal Bureau
47	of Investigation, or other designee with similar authority, in connection with arrests and, in some
48	instances, federal employment, naturalization, or military service:

1	(16) "In-person, face-to-face", interactions in which the psychologist and the client/patient
2	are in the same physical space and which does not include interactions that may occur through the
3	use of telecommunication technologies;
4	(17) "Interjurisdictional practice certificate (IPC)", a certificate issued by the Association of
5	State and Provincial Psychology Boards (ASPPB) that grants temporary authority to practice based
6	on notification to the state psychology regulatory authority of intention to practice temporarily, and
7	verification of one's qualifications for such practice;
8	(18) "License", authorization by a state psychology regulatory authority to engage in the
9	independent practice of psychology, which would be unlawful without the authorization;
10	(19) "Noncompact state", any state which is not at the time a compact state;
11	(20) "Psychologist", an individual licensed for the independent practice of psychology;
12	(21) "Psychology interjurisdictional compact commission" also referred to as "commission",
13	the national administration of which all compact states are members;
14	(22) "Receiving state", a compact state where the client/patient is physically located when
15	the telepsychological services are delivered;
16	(23) "Rule", a written statement by the psychology interjurisdictional compact commission
17	promulgated pursuant to section 337.150 of the compact that is of general applicability, implements,
18	interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or an organizational, procedural, or
19	practice requirement of the commission and has the force and effect of statutory law in a compact
20	state, and includes the amendment, repeal or suspension of an existing rule;
21	(24) "Significant investigatory information":
22	(a) Investigative information that a state psychology regulatory authority, after a
23	preliminary inquiry that includes notification and an opportunity to respond if required by state law,
24	has reason to believe, if proven true, would indicate more than a violation of state statute or ethics
25	code that would be considered more substantial than minor infraction; or
26	(b) Investigative information that indicates that the psychologist represents an immediate
27	threat to public health and safety regardless of whether the psychologist has been notified and had
28	an opportunity to respond;
29	(25) "State", a state, commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States, the
30	District of Columbia;
31	(26) "State psychology regulatory authority", the board, office or other agency with the
32	legislative mandate to license and regulate the practice of psychology;
33	(27) "Telepsychology", the provision of psychological services using telecommunication
34	technologies;
35	(28) "Temporary authorization to practice", a licensed psychologist's authority to conduct
36	temporary in-person, face-to-face practice, within the limits authorized under this compact, in
37	another compact state;
38 39	(29) "Temporary in-person, face-to-face practice", where a psychologist is physically present, not through the use of telecommunications technologies, in the distant state to provide for
39 40	the practice of psychology for thirty days within a calendar year and based on notification to the
40 41	distant state.
42	337.110. 1. The home state shall be a compact state where a psychologist is licensed to
43	practice psychology.
44	2. A psychologist may hold one or more compact state licenses at a time. If the
44	psychologist is licensed in more than one compact state, the home state is the compact state where
46	the psychologist is physically present when the services are delivered as authorized by the authority
47	to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology under the terms of this compact.
48	3. Any compact state may require a psychologist not previously licensed in a compact state
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1	to obtain and retain a license to be authorized to practice in the compact state under circumstances
2	not authorized by the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology under the terms of this
3	<u>compact.</u>
4	4. Any compact state may require a psychologist to obtain and retain a license to be
5	authorized to practice in a compact state under circumstances not authorized by temporary
6	authorization to practice under the terms of this compact.
7	5. A home state's license authorizes a psychologist to practice in a receiving state under the
8	authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology only if the compact state:
9	(1) Currently requires the psychologist to hold an active E.Passport;
10	(2) Has a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints about licensed
11	individuals;
12	(3) Notifies the commission, in compliance with the terms herein, of any adverse action or
13	significant investigatory information regarding a licensed individual;
14	(4) Requires an identity history summary of all applicants at initial licensure, including the
15	use of the results of fingerprints or other biometric data checks compliant with the requirements of
16	the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or other designee with similar authority, no later than ten years
17	after activation of the compact; and
18	(5) Complies with the bylaws and rules of the commission.
19	6. A home state's license grants temporary authorization to practice to a psychologist in a
20	distant state only if the compact state:
20	(1) Currently requires the psychologist to hold an active IPC;
22	(2) Has a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints about licensed
22	individuals;
23	(3) Notifies the commission, in compliance with the terms herein, of any adverse action or
2 4 25	significant investigatory information regarding a licensed individual;
26	(4) Requires an identity history summary of all applicants at initial licensure, including the
20 27	use of the results of fingerprints or other biometric data checks compliant with the requirements of
28	the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or other designee with similar authority, no later than ten years
28 29	after activation of the compact; and
29 30	•
30 31	(5) Complies with the bylaws and rules of the commission.
31 32	<u>337.115. 1. Compact states shall recognize the right of a psychologist, licensed in a</u>
	compact state in conformance with section 337.110, to practice telepsychology in receiving states in
33	which the psychologist is not licensed, under the authority to practice interjurisdictional
34	telepsychology as provided in the compact.
35	2. To exercise the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology under the terms
36	and provisions of this compact, a psychologist licensed to practice in a compact state shall:
37	(1) Hold a graduate degree in psychology from an institute of higher education that was, at
38	the time the degree was awarded:
39	(a) Regionally accredited by an accrediting body recognized by the United States
40	Department of Education to grant graduate degrees, or authorized by provincial statute or royal
41	charter to grant doctoral degrees; or
42	(b) A foreign college or university deemed to be equivalent to the requirements of
43	paragraph (a) of this subdivision by a foreign credential evaluation service that is a member of the
44	National Association of Credential Evaluation Services (NACES) or by a recognized foreign
45	credential evaluation service;
46	(2) Hold a graduate degree in psychology that meets the following criteria:
47	(a) The program, wherever it may be administratively housed, shall be clearly identified and
48	labeled as a psychology program. Such a program shall specify in pertinent institutional catalogues

1	and brochures its intent to educate and train professional psychologists;
2	(b) The psychology program shall stand as a recognizable, coherent, organizational entity
3	within the institution;
4	(c) There shall be a clear authority and primary responsibility for the core and specialty
5	areas whether or not the program cuts across administrative lines;
6	(d) The program shall consist of an integrated, organized sequence of study;
7	(e) There shall be an identifiable psychology faculty sufficient in size and breadth to carry
8	out its responsibilities;
9	(f) The designated director of the program shall be a psychologist and a member of the core
10	faculty;
11	(g) The program shall have an identifiable body of students who are matriculated in that
12	program for a degree;
13	(h) The program shall include supervised practicum, internship, or field training appropriate
14	to the practice of psychology;
15	(i) The curriculum shall encompass a minimum of three academic years of full-time
16	graduate study for doctoral degree and a minimum of one academic year of full-time graduate study
17	for master's degree;
18	(j) The program includes an acceptable residency as defined by the rules of the commission;
19	(3) Possess a current, full and unrestricted license to practice psychology in a home state
20	which is a compact state;
21	(4) Have no history of adverse action that violate the rules of the commission;
22	(5) Have no criminal record history reported on an identity history summary that violates
23	the rules of the commission;
24	(6) Possess a current, active E.Passport;
25	(7) Provide attestations in regard to areas of intended practice, conformity with standards of
26	practice, competence in telepsychology technology; criminal background; and knowledge and
27	adherence to legal requirements in the home and receiving states, and provide a release of
28	information to allow for primary source verification in a manner specified by the commission; and
29	(8) Meet other criteria as defined by the rules of the commission.
30	3. The home state maintains authority over the license of any psychologist practicing into a
31	receiving state under the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology.
32	4. A psychologist practicing into a receiving state under the authority to practice
33	interjurisdictional telepsychology will be subject to the receiving state's scope of practice. A
34	receiving state may, in accordance with that state's due process law, limit or revoke a psychologist's
35	authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology in the receiving state and may take any other
36	necessary actions under the receiving state's applicable law to protect the health and safety of the
37	receiving state's citizens. If a receiving state takes action, the state shall promptly notify the home
38	state and the commission.
39	5. If a psychologist's license in any home state, another compact state, or any authority to
40	practice interjurisdictional telepsychology in any receiving state, is restricted, suspended or
41	otherwise limited, the E.Passport shall be revoked and therefore the psychologist shall not be
42	eligible to practice telepsychology in a compact state under the authority to practice
43	interjurisdictional telepsychology.
44	<u>337.120. 1. Compact states shall also recognize the right of a psychologist, licensed in a</u>
45	compact state in conformance with section 337.110, to practice temporarily in distant states in
46	which the psychologist is not licensed, as provided in the compact.
47	2. To exercise the temporary authorization to practice under the terms and provisions of this
48	compact, a psychologist licensed to practice in a compact state shall:

1	(1) Hold a graduate degree in psychology from an institute of higher education that was, at
2	the time the degree was awarded:
3	(a) Regionally accredited by an accrediting body recognized by the United States
4	Department of Education to grant graduate degrees, or authorized by provincial statute or royal
5	charter to grant doctoral degrees; or
6	(b) A foreign college or university deemed to be equivalent to the requirements of
7	paragraph (a) of this subdivision by a foreign credential evaluation service that is a member of the
8	National Association of Credential Evaluation Services (NACES) or by a recognized foreign
9	credential evaluation service;
10	(2) Hold a graduate degree in psychology that meets the following criteria:
11	(a) The program, wherever it may be administratively housed, shall be clearly identified and
12	labeled as a psychology program. Such a program shall specify in pertinent institutional catalogues
13	and brochures its intent to educate and train professional psychologists;
14	(b) The psychology program shall stand as a recognizable, coherent, organizational entity
15	within the institution;
16	(c) There shall be a clear authority and primary responsibility for the core and specialty
17	areas whether or not the program cuts across administrative lines;
18	(d) The program shall consist of an integrated, organized sequence of study;
19	(e) There shall be an identifiable psychology faculty sufficient in size and breadth to carry
20	out its responsibilities;
21	(f) The designated director of the program shall be a psychologist and a member of the core
22	faculty;
23	(g) The program shall have an identifiable body of students who are matriculated in that
24	program for a degree;
25	(h) The program shall include supervised practicum, internship, or field training appropriate
26	to the practice of psychology;
27	(i) The curriculum shall encompass a minimum of three academic years of full-time
28	graduate study for doctoral degrees and a minimum of one academic year of full-time graduate
29	study for master's degree;
30	(j) The program includes an acceptable residency as defined by the rules of the commission;
31	(3) Possess a current, full and unrestricted license to practice psychology in a home state
32	which is a compact state;
33	(4) No history of adverse action that violate the rules of the commission;
34	(5) No criminal record history that violates the rules of the commission;
35	(6) Possess a current, active IPC; (7) Preside attractions in monoid to encode a finite data and the encoder and the encoder and
36	(7) Provide attestations in regard to areas of intended practice and work experience and
37	provide a release of information to allow for primary source verification in a manner specified by
38	the commission; and (8) Most other emitaric as defined by the rules of the commission
39 40	(8) Meet other criteria as defined by the rules of the commission.
40	3. A psychologist practicing into a distant state under the temporary authorization to
41 42	practice shall practice within the scope of practice authorized by the distant state.
	4. A psychologist practicing into a distant state under the temporary authorization to
43 44	practice will be subject to the distant state's authority and law. A distant state may, in accordance with that state's due process law, limit or revoke a psychologist's temporary authorization to practice
44 45	in the distant state and may take any other necessary actions under the distant state's applicable law
43 46	to protect the health and safety of the distant state's citizens. If a distant state takes action, the state
40 47	shall promptly notify the home state and the commission.
48	5. If a psychologist's license in any home state, another compact state, or any temporary
TU I	$\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{I}}$ is a psychologist s inverse in any norme state, another compact state. Or any computative

1	authorization to practice in any distant state, is restricted, suspended or otherwise limited, the IPC
2	shall be revoked and therefore the psychologist shall not be eligible to practice in a compact state
3	under the temporary authorization to practice.
4	<u>337.125. A psychologist may practice in a receiving state under the authority to practice</u>
5	interjurisdictional telepsychology only in the performance of the scope of practice for psychology as
6	assigned by an appropriate state psychology regulatory authority, as defined in the rules of the
7	commission, and under the following circumstances:
8	(1) The psychologist initiates a client/patient contact in a home state via telecommunications
9	technologies with a client/patient in a receiving state;
10	(2) Other conditions regarding telepsychology as determined by rules promulgated by the
11	commission.
12	<u>337.130.</u> 1. A home state shall have the power to impose adverse action against a
13	psychologist's license issued by the home state. A distant state shall have the power to take adverse
14	action on a psychologist's temporary authorization to practice within that distant state.
15	2. A receiving state may take adverse action on a psychologist's authority to practice
16	interjurisdictional telepsychology within that receiving state. A home state may take adverse action
17	against a psychologist based on an adverse action taken by a distant state regarding temporary in-
18	person, face-to-face practice.
19	3. (1) If a home state takes adverse action against a psychologist's license, that
20	psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology is terminated and the
21	E.Passport is revoked. Furthermore, that psychologist's temporary authorization to practice is
22	terminated and the IPC is revoked.
23	(2) All home state disciplinary orders which impose adverse action shall be reported to the
24	commission in accordance with the rules promulgated by the commission. A compact state shall
25	report adverse actions in accordance with the rules of the commission.
26	(3) In the event discipline is reported on a psychologist, the psychologist will not be eligible
27	for telepsychology or temporary in-person, face-to-face practice in accordance with the rules of the
28	commission.
29	(4) Other actions may be imposed as determined by the rules promulgated by the
30	commission.
31	4. A home state's psychology regulatory authority shall investigate and take appropriate
32	action with respect to reported inappropriate conduct engaged in by a licensee which occurred in a
33	receiving state as it would if such conduct had occurred by a licensee within the home state. In such
34	cases, the home state's law shall control in determining any adverse action against a psychologist's
35	license.
36	5. A distant state's psychology regulatory authority shall investigate and take appropriate
37	action with respect to reported inappropriate conduct engaged in by a psychologist practicing under
38	temporary authorization practice which occurred in that distant state as it would if such conduct had
39	occurred by a licensee within the home state. In such cases, distant state's law shall control in
40	determining any adverse action against a psychologist's temporary authorization to practice.
41	6. Nothing in this compact shall override a compact state's decision that a psychologist's
42	participation in an alternative program may be used in lieu of adverse action and that such
43	participation shall remain non-public if required by the compact state's law. Compact states shall
44	require psychologists who enter any alternative programs to not provide telepsychology services
45	under the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology or provide temporary psychological
46	services under the temporary authorization to practice in any other compact state during the term of
47	the alternative program.
48	7. No other judicial or administrative remedies shall be available to a psychologist in the

event a compact state imposes an adverse action pursuant to subsection 3 of this section. 1 2 337.135. 1. In addition to any other powers granted under state law, a compact state's 3 psychology regulatory authority shall have the authority under this compact to: 4 (1) Issue subpoenas, for both hearings and investigations, which require the attendance and 5 testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a compact state's 6 psychology regulatory authority for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, or the production of 7 evidence from another compact state shall be enforced in the latter state by any court of competent 8 jurisdiction, according to that court's practice and procedure in considering subpoenas issued in its 9 own proceedings. The issuing state psychology regulatory authority shall pay any witness fees, 10 travel expenses, mileage and other fees required by the service statutes of the state where the 11 witnesses or evidence are located; and 12 (2) Issue cease and desist or injunctive relief orders to revoke a psychologist's authority to 13 practice interjurisdictional telepsychology or temporary authorization to practice. 14 2. During the course of any investigation, a psychologist may not change his or her home 15 state licensure. A home state psychology regulatory authority is authorized to complete any 16 pending investigations of a psychologist and to take any actions appropriate under its law. The 17 home state psychology regulatory authority shall promptly report the conclusions of such 18 investigations to the commission. Once an investigation has been completed, and pending the 19 outcome of said investigation, the psychologist may change his or her home state licensure. The 20 commission shall promptly notify the new home state of any such decisions as provided in the rules 21 of the commission. All information provided to the commission or distributed by compact states 22 pursuant to the psychologist shall be confidential, filed under seal and used for investigatory or 23 disciplinary matters. The commission may create additional rules for mandated or discretionary 24 sharing of information by compact states. 337.140. 1. The commission shall provide for the development and maintenance of a 25 26 coordinated licensure information system "coordinated database" and reporting system containing licensure and disciplinary action information on all psychologist individuals to whom this compact 27 28 is applicable in all compact states as defined by the rules of the commission. 29 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a compact state shall 30 submit a uniform data set to the coordinated database on all licensees as required by the rules of the 31 commission, including: 32 (1) Identifying information; 33 (2) Licensure data; 34 (3) Significant investigatory information; 35 (4) Adverse actions against a psychologist's license; 36 (5) An indicator that a psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology 37 or temporary authorization to practice is revoked; 38 (6) Nonconfidential information related to alternative program participation information; 39 (7) Any denial of application for licensure, and the reasons for such denial; and 40 (8) Other information which may facilitate the administration of this compact, as 41 determined by the rules of the commission. 42 3. The coordinated database administrator shall promptly notify all compact states of any 43 adverse action taken against, or significant investigative information on, any licensee in a compact 44 state. 45 4. Compact states reporting information to the coordinated database may designate 46 information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of the compact 47 state reporting the information. 48 5. Any information submitted to the coordinated database that is subsequently required to be

1	expunged by the law of the compact state reporting the information shall be removed from the
2	coordinated database.
3	337.145. 1. The compact states hereby create and establish a joint public agency known as
4	the psychology interjurisdictional compact commission.
5	(1) The commission is a body politic and an instrumentality of the compact states.
6	(2) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the commission shall be brought
7	solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the
8	commission is located. The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent
9	it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
10	(3) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity.
11	2. The commission shall consist of one voting representative appointed by each compact
12	state who shall serve as that state's commissioner. The state psychology regulatory authority shall
13	appoint its delegate. This delegate shall be empowered to act on behalf of the compact state. This
14	delegate shall be limited to:
15	(1) Executive director, executive secretary or similar executive;
16	(2) Current member of the state psychology regulatory authority of a compact state; or
17	(3) Designee empowered with the appropriate delegate authority to act on behalf of the
18	$\frac{\text{compact state.}}{2}$
19 20	3. (1) Any commissioner may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the law
20	of the state from which the commissioner is appointed. Any vacancy occurring in the commission shall be filled in accordance with the laws of the compact state in which the vacancy exists.
21	(2) Each commissioner shall be entitled to one vote with regard to the promulgation of rules
23	and creation of bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business and
24	affairs of the commission. A commissioner shall vote in person or by such other means as provided
25	in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for commissioners' participation in meetings by telephone or
26	other means of communication.
27	(3) The commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional meetings
28	shall be held as set forth in the bylaws.
29	(4) All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings shall be given in
30	the same manner as required under the rulemaking provisions in section 337.150.
31	(5) The commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic meeting if the commission shall
32	discuss:
33	(a) Noncompliance of a compact state with its obligations under the compact;
34	(b) The employment, compensation, discipline or other personnel matters, practices or
35	procedures related to specific employees or other matters related to the commission's internal
36	personnel practices and procedures;
37	(c) Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation against the commission;
38	(d) Negotiation of contracts for the purchase or sale of goods, services or real estate;
39	(e) Accusation against any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;
40	(f) Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is privileged or
41	<u>confidential;</u>
42	(g) Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a
43	<u>clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;</u>
44 45	(h) Disclosure of investigatory records compiled for law enforcement purposes; (i) Disclosure of information related to any investigatory reports prepared by or on babalf of
45 46	(i) Disclosure of information related to any investigatory reports prepared by or on behalf of
46 47	or for use of the commission or other committee charged with responsibility for investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to the compact;
47	(j) Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal and state statute.
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 (6) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to subdivision (5) of subsectit 3 of this section, the commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant exempting provision. The commission shall keep minute which fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, of any person participating in the meeting, and the reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release only by a majority vote of the commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction. 4. The commission shall, by a majority vote of the commissioners, prescribe bylaws or ru to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and exercise th powers of the compact, including but not limited to: (1) Establishing the fiscal year of the commission; (2) Providing reasonable standards and procedures; (a) For the establishment and meetings of other committees; and (b) Governing any general or specific delegation of any authority or function of the commission, ensuring reasonable advance notice of all meetings and providing an opportunity for attendance of such meetings by interested parties, with enumerated exceptions designed to protect the public's interest, the privacy of individuals of such proceedings, and proprietary information, including trade secrets. The commission may meet in closed session only after a majority of the 	<u>es</u>
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37 <u>5. (1) The commission shall publish its bylaws in a convenient form and file a copy there</u>	
 and a copy of any amendment thereto, with the appropriate agency or officer in each of the compa states; 	<u></u>
 39 <u>states;</u> 40 (2) The commission shall maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws; an 	1
40 (2) The commission shall meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions	_
41 (5) The commission shar meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions 42 this compact and the bylaws.	<u>J1</u>
43 <u>6. The commission shall have the following powers:</u>	
44 (1) The authority to promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate implementation	
44 and administration of this compact. The rule shall have the force and effect of law and shall be	
46 binding in all compact states;	
47 (2) To bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the commission,	
48 provided that the standing of any state psychology regulatory authority or other regulatory body	

1	responsible for psychology licensure to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected;
2	(3) To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
3	(4) To borrow, accept or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to,
4	employees of a compact state;
5	(5) To hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such
6	individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the compact, and to establish the
7	commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of
8	personnel, and other related personnel matters;
9	(6) To accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies,
10	materials and services, and to receive, utilize and dispose of the same; provided that at all times the
11	commission shall strive to avoid any appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest;
12	(7) To lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold,
13	improve or use, any property, real, personal or mixed; provided that at all times the commission
14	shall strive to avoid any appearance of impropriety;
15	(8) To lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold,
16	improve or use, any property, real, personal or mixed; provided that at all times the commission
17	shall strive to avoid any appearance of impropriety;
18	(9) To establish a budget and make expenditures;
19	(10) To borrow money;
20	(11) To appoint committees, including advisory committees comprised of members, state
21	regulators, state legislators or their representatives, and consumer representatives, and such other
22	interested persons as may be designated in this compact and the bylaws;
23	(12) To provide and receive information from, and to cooperate with, law enforcement
24	agencies;
25	(13) To adopt and use an official seal; and
26	(14) To perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the
27	purposes of this compact consistent with the state regulation of psychology licensure, temporary in-
28	person, face-to-face practice and telepsychology practice.
29	7. (1) The elected officers shall serve as the executive board, which shall have the power to
30	act on behalf of the commission according to the terms of this compact.
31	(2) The executive board shall be comprised of six members:
32	(a) Five voting members who are elected from the current membership of the commission
33	by the commission;
34	(b) One ex officio, nonvoting member from the recognized membership organization
35	composed of state and provincial psychology regulatory authorities.
36	(3) The ex officio member shall have served as staff or member on a state psychology
37	regulatory authority and will be selected by its respective organization.
38	(4) The commission may remove any member of the executive board as provided in bylaws.
39	(5) The executive board shall meet at least annually.
40	(6) The executive board shall have the following duties and responsibilities:
41	(a) Recommend to the entire commission changes to the rules or bylaws, changes to this
42	compact legislation, fees paid by compact states such as annual dues, and any other applicable fees;
43	(b) Ensure compact administration services are appropriately provided, contractual or
44	otherwise;
45	(c) Prepare and recommend the budget;
46	(d) Maintain financial records on behalf of the commission;
47	(e) Monitor compact compliance of member states and provide compliance reports to the
48	commission;

1 (f) Establish additional committees as necessary; and 2 (g) Other duties as provided in rules or bylaws. 3 8. (1) The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of the reasonable expenses of 4 its establishment, organization and ongoing activities. 5 (2) The commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources, donations and 6 grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services. 7 (3) The commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each compact state 8 or impose fees on other parties to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the commission 9 and its staff which shall be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each 10 year for which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount 11 shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the commission which shall promulgate 12 a rule binding upon all compact states. 13 (4) The commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds 14 adequate to meet the same; nor shall the commission pledge the credit of any of the compact states, 15 except by and with the authority of the compact state. 16 (5) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The 17 receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled 18 19 by the commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report 20 of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the commission. 21 9. (1) The members, officers, executive director, employees and representatives of the 22 commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, 23 for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by 24 or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred, or that the person against 25 whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of 26 commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this subsection shall be 27 construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury or liability 28 caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person. 29 (2) The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee or 30 representative of the commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment. 31 32 duties or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis 33 for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties or responsibilities; 34 provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own 35 counsel; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct. 36 37 (3) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive 38 director, employee or representative of the commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that 39 40 occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that such person 41 had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from the 42 43 intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person. 44 337.150. 1. The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria 45 set forth in this section and the rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become 46 binding as of the date specified in each rule or amendment. 47 2. If a majority of the legislatures of the compact states rejects a rule, by enactment of a 48 statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact, then such rule shall have no

fu	rther force and effect in any compact state.
	3. Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of the
<u>cc</u>	ommission.
	4. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by the commission, and at least
si	xty days in advance of the meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted upon, the
<u>cc</u>	mmission shall file a notice of proposed rulemaking:
	(1) On the website of the commission; and
	(2) On the website of each compact states' psychology regulatory authority or the
pι	ublication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed rules.
	5. The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:
	(1) The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in which the rule will be
cc	onsidered and voted upon;
	(2) The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason for the proposed rule;
	(3) A request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested person;
	(4) The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the commission of their
in	tention to attend the public hearing and any written comments.
	6. Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the commission shall allow persons to submit
W	ritten data, facts, opinions and arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
	7. The commission shall grant an opportunity for a public hearing before it adopts a rule or
ar	nendment if a hearing is requested by:
	(1) At least twenty-five persons who submit comments independently of each other;
	(2) A governmental subdivision or agency; or
	(3) A duly appointed person in an association that has at least twenty-five members.
	8. (1) If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or amendment, the commission shall publish
th	e place, time, and date of the scheduled public hearing.
	(2) All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the executive director of the
<u>cc</u>	mmission or other designated member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at the
16	earing not less than five business days before the scheduled date of the hearing.
	(3) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to comment
a	fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or in writing.
	(4) No transcript of the hearing is required, unless a written request for a transcript is made,
in	which case the person requesting the transcript shall bear the cost of producing the transcript. A
re	cording may be made in lieu of a transcript under the same terms and conditions as a transcript.
T	his subdivision shall not preclude the commission from making a transcript or recording of the
	earing if it so chooses.
	(5) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each rule.
R	ules may be grouped for the convenience of the commission at hearings required by this section.
	9. Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled
he	earing date if the hearing was not held, the commission shall consider all written and oral
	omments received.
-	10. The commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the
pı	oposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on the rulemaking
	cord and the full text of the rule.
	11. If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is
re	ceived, the commission may proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule without a public
	earing.
	12. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the commission may consider and adopt
ar	emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that the

1	usual rulemaking procedures provided in the compact and in this section shall be retroactively
2	applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety days after the
3	effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this provision, an emergency rule is one that shall be
4	adopted immediately in order to:
5	(1) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;
6	(2) Prevent a loss of commission or compact state funds;
7	(3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule that is established by
8	federal law or rule; or
9	(4) Protect public health and safety.
10	13. (1) The commission or an authorized committee of the commission may direct
11	revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors,
12	errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be
13	posted on the website of the commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person
14	for a period of thirty days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the
15	revision results in a material change to a rule.
16	(2) A challenge shall be made in writing, and delivered to the chair of the commission prior
17	to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further
18	action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval of the
19	commission.
20	<u>337.155. 1. (1) The executive, legislative and judicial branches of state government in each</u>
21	compact state shall enforce this compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate
22	the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this compact and the rules promulgated
23	hereunder shall have standing as statutory law.
24	(2) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any judicial or
25	administrative proceeding in a compact state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact which
26	may affect the powers, responsibilities or actions of the commission.
27	(3) The commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any such proceeding,
28	and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide
29	service of process to the commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the commission,
30	this compact or promulgated rules.
31	2. (1) If the commission determines that a compact state has defaulted in the performance
32	of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact or the promulgated rules, the commission
33	shall:
34	(a) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other compact states of the nature of
35	the default, the proposed means of remedying the default or any other action to be taken by the
36	commission; and
37	(b) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
38	(2) If a state in default fails to remedy the default, the defaulting state may be terminated
39	from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the compact states, and all rights,
40	privileges and benefits conferred by this compact shall be terminated on the effective date of
41	termination. A remedy of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities
42	incurred during the period of default.
43	(3) Termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed only after all other means
44	of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be
45	submitted by the commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting
46	state's legislature, and each of the compact states.
47	(4) A compact state which has been terminated is responsible for all assessments,
48	obligations and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations

1	which extend beyond the effective date of termination.
2	(5) The commission shall not bear any costs incurred by the state which is found to be in
3	default or which has been terminated from the compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the
4	commission and the defaulting state.
5	(6) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by petitioning the U.S.
6	District Court for the state of Georgia or the federal district where the compact has its principal
7	offices. The prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable
8	attorney's fees.
9	3. (1) Upon request by a compact state, the commission shall attempt to resolve disputes
10	related to the compact which arise among compact states and between compact and noncompact
11	states.
12	(2) The commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding
13	dispute resolution for disputes that arise before the commission.
14	4. (1) The commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the
15	provisions and rules of this compact.
16	(2) By majority vote, the commission may initiate legal action in the United States District
17	Court for the State of Georgia or the federal district where the compact has its principal offices
18	against a compact state in default to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact and its
19	promulgated rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages.
20	In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of
21	such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.
22	(3) The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the commission. The
23	commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or state law.
24	337.160. 1. The compact shall come into effect on the date on which the compact is enacted
25	into law in the seventh compact state. The provisions which become effective at that time shall be
26	limited to the powers granted to the commission relating to assembly and the promulgation of rules.
27	Thereafter, the commission shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers necessary to the
28	implementation and administration of the compact.
29	2. Any state which joins the compact subsequent to the commission's initial adoption of the
30	rules shall be subject to the rules as they exist on the date on which the compact becomes law in that
31	state. Any rule which has been previously adopted by the commission shall have the full force and
32	effect of law on the day the compact becomes law in that state.
33	3. (1) Any compact state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing
34	the same.
35	(2) A compact state's withdrawal shall not take effect until six months after enactment of the
36	repealing statute.
37	(3) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing state's
38	psychology regulatory authority to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting
39	requirements of this act prior to the effective date of withdrawal.
40	4. Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any
41	psychology licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a compact state and a
42	noncompact state which does not conflict with the provisions of this compact.
43	5. This compact may be amended by the compact states. No amendment to this compact
44	shall become effective and binding upon any compact state until it is enacted into the law of all
45	compact states.
46	337.165. This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof.
47	If this compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any state member thereto, the compact
48	shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining compact states.

Section B. Sections 337.100, 337.105, 337.110, 337.115, 337.120, 337.125, 337.130,

337.135, 337.140, 337.145, 337.150, 337.155, 337.160, and 337.165 shall become effective upon

2 3 4 notification by the commission to the revisor of statutes that seven states have adopted the psychology interjurisdictional compact."; and

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6 Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references

7 accordingly.