SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 1669

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE SWAN.

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal section 160.415, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to distribution of state school aid for charter schools, with an emergency clause.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 160.415, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as section 160.415, to read as follows:

160.415. 1. For the purposes of calculation and distribution of state school aid under section 163.031, pupils enrolled in a charter school shall be included in the pupil enrollment of 2 3 the school district within which each pupil resides. Each charter school shall report the names, addresses, and eligibility for free and reduced price lunch, special education, or limited English 4 proficiency status, as well as eligibility for categorical aid, of pupils resident in a school district 5 who are enrolled in the charter school to the school district in which those pupils reside. The 6 charter school shall report the average daily attendance data, free and reduced price lunch count, 7 special education pupil count, and limited English proficiency pupil count to the state department 8 of elementary and secondary education. Each charter school shall promptly notify the state 9 10 department of elementary and secondary education and the pupil's school district when a student 11 discontinues enrollment at a charter school. 12 2. Except as provided in subsections 3 and 4 of this section, the aid payments for charter schools shall be as described in this subsection. 13

(1) A school district having one or more resident pupils attending a charter school shall pay to the charter school an annual amount equal to the product of the charter school's weighted average daily attendance and the state adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value modifier for the district, plus local tax revenues per weighted average daily attendance from the incidental

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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and teachers' funds in excess of the performance levy as defined in section 163.011 plus all otherstate aid attributable to such pupils.

20 (2) The district of residence of a pupil attending a charter school shall also pay to the 21 charter school any other federal or state aid that the district receives on account of such child.

(3) If the department overpays or underpays the amount due to the charter school, such
 overpayment or underpayment shall be repaid by the public charter school or credited to the
 public charter school in twelve equal payments in the next fiscal year.

(4) The amounts provided pursuant to this subsection shall be prorated for partial yearenrollment for a pupil.

(5) A school district shall pay the amounts due pursuant to this subsection as the
disbursal agent and no later than twenty days following the receipt of any such funds. The
department of elementary and secondary education shall pay the amounts due when it acts as the
disbursal agent within five days of the required due date.

3. A workplace charter school shall receive payment for each eligible pupil as provided 32 under subsection 2 of this section, except that if the student is not a resident of the district and 33 is participating in a voluntary interdistrict transfer program, the payment for such pupils shall be 34 the same as provided under section 162.1060.

35 4. A charter school that has declared itself as a local educational agency shall receive 36 from the department of elementary and secondary education an annual amount equal to the 37 product of the charter school's weighted average daily attendance and the state adequacy target, 38 multiplied by the dollar value modifier for the district, plus local tax revenues per weighted 39 average daily attendance from the incidental and teachers funds in excess of the performance 40 levy as defined in section 163.011 except those funds designated by taxpayers in an urban 41 **district as early childhood education funds,** plus all other state aid attributable to such pupils. 42 If a charter school declares itself as a local educational agency, the department of elementary and secondary education shall, upon notice of the declaration, reduce the payment made to the school 43 44 district by the amount specified in this subsection and pay directly to the charter school the 45 annual amount reduced from the school district's payment.

46 5. If a school district fails to make timely payments of any amount for which it is the disbursal agent, the state department of elementary and secondary education shall authorize 47 48 payment to the charter school of the amount due pursuant to subsection 2 of this section and shall 49 deduct the same amount from the next state school aid apportionment to the owing school 50 district. If a charter school is paid more or less than the amounts due pursuant to this section, the amount of overpayment or underpayment shall be adjusted equally in the next twelve 51 payments by the school district or the department of elementary and secondary education, as 52 53 appropriate. Any dispute between the school district and a charter school as to the amount owing

54 to the charter school shall be resolved by the department of elementary and secondary education,

and the department's decision shall be the final administrative action for the purposes of review pursuant to chapter 536. During the period of dispute, the department of elementary and secondary education shall make every administrative and statutory effort to allow the continued education of children in their current public charter school setting.

6. The charter school and a local school board may agree by contract for services to be provided by the school district to the charter school. The charter school may contract with any other entity for services. Such services may include but are not limited to food service, custodial service, maintenance, management assistance, curriculum assistance, media services and libraries and shall be subject to negotiation between the charter school and the local school board or other entity. Documented actual costs of such services shall be paid for by the charter school.

7. In the case of a proposed charter school that intends to contract with an education
service provider for substantial educational services or management services, the request for
proposals shall additionally require the charter school applicant to:

(1) Provide evidence of the education service provider's success in serving student
 populations similar to the targeted population, including demonstrated academic achievement
 as well as successful management of nonacademic school functions, if applicable;

(2) Provide a term sheet setting forth the proposed duration of the service contract; roles and responsibilities of the governing board, the school staff, and the service provider; scope of services and resources to be provided by the service provider; performance evaluation measures and time lines; compensation structure, including clear identification of all fees to be paid to the service provider; methods of contract oversight and enforcement; investment disclosure; and conditions for renewal and termination of the contract;

(3) Disclose any known conflicts of interest between the school governing board andproposed service provider or any affiliated business entities;

(4) Disclose and explain any termination or nonrenewal of contracts for equivalentservices for any other charter school in the United States within the past five years;

81 (5) Ensure that the legal counsel for the charter school shall report directly to the charter82 school's governing board; and

(6) Provide a process to ensure that the expenditures that the education service provider
intends to bill to the charter school shall receive prior approval of the governing board or its
designee.

86 8. A charter school may enter into contracts with community partnerships and state 87 agencies acting in collaboration with such partnerships that provide services to children and their 88 families linked to the school.

9. A charter school shall be eligible for transportation state aid pursuant to section
163.161 and shall be free to contract with the local district, or any other entity, for the provision
of transportation to the students of the charter school.

92 10. (1) The proportionate share of state and federal resources generated by students with 93 disabilities or staff serving them shall be paid in full to charter schools enrolling those students 94 by their school district where such enrollment is through a contract for services described in this 95 section. The proportionate share of money generated under other federal or state categorical aid 96 programs shall be directed to charter schools serving such students eligible for that aid.

97 (2) A charter school shall provide the special services provided pursuant to section
98 162.705 and may provide the special services pursuant to a contract with a school district or any
99 provider of such services.

100 11. A charter school may not charge tuition or impose fees that a school district is 101 prohibited from charging or imposing, except that a charter school may receive tuition payments 102 from districts in the same or an adjoining county for nonresident students who transfer to an 103 approved charter school, as defined in section 167.131, from an unaccredited district.

104 12. A charter school is authorized to incur debt in anticipation of receipt of funds. A 105 charter school may also borrow to finance facilities and other capital items. A school district 106 may incur bonded indebtedness or take other measures to provide for physical facilities and other 107 capital items for charter schools that it sponsors or contracts with. Except as otherwise 108 specifically provided in sections 160.400 to 160.425, upon the dissolution of a charter school, 109 any liabilities of the corporation will be satisfied through the procedures of chapter 355. A 110 charter school shall satisfy all its financial obligations within twelve months of notice from the 111 sponsor of the charter school's closure under subsection 8 of section 160.405. After satisfaction 112 of all its financial obligations, a charter school shall return any remaining state and federal funds 113 to the department of elementary and secondary education for disposition as stated in subdivision 114 (17) of subsection 1 of section 160.405. The department of elementary and secondary education 115 may withhold funding at a level the department determines to be adequate during a school's last year of operation until the department determines that school records, liabilities, and reporting 116 requirements, including a full audit, are satisfied. 117

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13. Charter schools shall not have the power to acquire property by eminent domain.

119 14. The governing body of a charter school is authorized to accept grants, gifts or 120 donations of any kind and to expend or use such grants, gifts or donations. A grant, gift or 121 donation may not be accepted by the governing body if it is subject to any condition contrary to 122 law applicable to the charter school or other public schools, or contrary to the terms of the 123 charter.

Section B. Because of the importance of funding early childhood education programs,

2 the repeal and reenactment of section 160.415 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate

3 preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and the repeal and reenactment of

- 4 section 160.415 of this act is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the
- 5 constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of section 160.415 of this act shall be in full force6 and effect on July 1, 2018, or upon its passage and approval, whichever occurs later.

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