SECOND REGULAR SESSION **HOUSE BILL NO. 2029**

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE BECK.

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To amend chapter 34, RSMo, by adding thereto one new section relating to reciprocal resident bidding, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 34, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto one new section, to be 2 known as section 34.075, to read as follows:

34.075. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Department", the department of labor and industrial relations;
- 3 (2) "Director", the director of the department of labor and industrial relations or 4 the director's designee;
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(3) "Nonresident bidder", a person or entity who does not meet the definition of a resident bidder:

7 (4) "Public body", the state and any of its political subdivisions including, but not limited to, a school district or public utility; 8

9 (5) "Public improvement", a building or other construction work to be paid for in whole or in part by the use of funds of the state, its agencies, and any of its political 10 11 subdivisions, including road construction, reconstruction, and maintenance projects;

12 (6) "Public utility", includes municipally owned utilities and municipally owned waterworks; 13

14 (7) "Resident bidder", a person or entity authorized to transact business in this state and having a place of business for transacting business within the state at which it is 15 16 conducting and has conducted business for at least three years prior to the date of the first 17 advertisement for the public improvement. If another state or foreign country has a more

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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stringent definition of a resident bidder, the more stringent definition is applicable as to
bidders from that state or foreign country;

(8) "Resident labor force preference" means a requirement inwhich all or a portion
of a labor force working on a public improvement is a resident of a particular state or
country.

23 2. Notwithstanding this chapter, when a contract for a public improvement is to be 24 awarded to the lowest and best bidder, a resident bidder shall be allowed a preference as 25 against a nonresident bidder from a state or foreign country if that state or foreign country 26 gives or requires any preference to bidders from that state or foreign country including, 27 but not limited to, any preference to bidders, the imposition of any type of labor force 28 preference, or any other form of preferential treatment to bidders or laborers from that 29 state or foreign country. The preference allowed shall be equal to the preference given or 30 required by the state or foreign country in which the nonresident bidder is a resident. In 31 the instance of a resident labor force preference, a nonresident bidder shall apply the same 32 resident labor force preference to a public improvement in this state as would be required 33 in the construction of a public improvement by the state or foreign country in which the 34 nonresident bidder is a resident.

35 **3.** If it is determined that this section shall cause denial of federal funds which 36 would otherwise be available, or would otherwise be inconsistent with requirements of any 37 federal law or regulation, this section shall be suspended, but only to the extent necessary 38 to prevent denial of the funds or to eliminate the inconsistency with federal requirements. 39 **4.** The public body involved in a public improvement shall require a nonresident

bidder to specify on all project bid specifications and contract documents whether any
preference as described in subsection 2 is in effect in the nonresident bidder's state or
country of domicile at the time of a bid submittal.

43 5. The director and the department shall administer and enforce this section, and 44 the director shall adopt rules for the administration and enforcement of this section.

6. The director shall have the following powers and duties for the purposes of this
 section:

47 (1) The director shall hold hearings and investigate charges of violations of this
 48 section;

(2) The director shall, consistent with due process of law, enter any place of employment to inspect records concerning labor force residency; to question an employer or employee; and to investigate such facts, conditions, or matters as are deemed appropriate in determining whether any person has violated the provisions of this section. The director shall only make such an entry in response to a written complaint; HB 2029

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(3) The director shall develop a written complaint form applicable to this section
 and make it available in department offices and on the department's interest site;

(4) The director shall sue for injunctive relief against the awarding of a contract,
the undertaking of a public improvement, or the continuation of a public improvement in
response to a violation of this section;

59 (5) The director shall investigate and ascertain the residency of a worker engaged 60 in any public improvement in this state;

61 (6) The director shall administer oaths, take or cause to be taken deposition of 62 witnesses, and require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the 63 production of all books, registers, payrolls, and other evidence relevant to a matter under 64 investigation or hearing;

65 (7) The director shall employ qualified personnel as arenecessary for the 66 enforcement of this section; and

67 (8) The director shall require a contractor or subcontractor to file, within ten days of receipt of a request, any records enumerated in subsection 7. If the contractor or 68 69 subcontractor fails to provide the requested records within ten days, the director shall 70 direct, within fifteen days after the end of the ten-day period, the fiscal or financial office 71 charged with the custody and disbursement of funds of the public body that contracted for 72 construction of the public improvement or undertook the public improvement, to 73 immediately withhold from payment to the contractor or subcontractor up to twenty-five 74 percent of the amount to be paid to the contractor or subcontractor under the terms of the 75 contract or written instrument under which the public improvement is being performed. 76 The amount withheld shall be immediately released upon receipt by the public body of a 77 notice from the director indicating that the request for records as required by this section 78 has been satisfied.

79 7. While participating in a public improvement, a nonresident bidder domiciled in 80 a state or country that has established a resident labor force preference shall make and 81 keep, for a period of not less than three years, accurate records of all workers employed 82 by the contractor or subcontractor on the public improvement. The records shall include 83 each worker's name, address, telephone number when available, social security number, 84 trade classification, and the starting and ending time of employment.

85 8. Any person or entity that violates the provisions of this section is subject to a civil 86 penalty in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars for each violation found in a first 87 investigation by the department, not to exceed five thousand dollars for each violation 88 found in a second investigation by the department, and not to exceed fifteen thousand 89 dollars for a third or subsequent violation found in any subsequent investigation by the 90 department. Each violation of this section for each worker and for each day the violation 91 continues constitutes a separate and distinct violation. In determining the amount of the 92 penalty, the department shall consider the appropriateness of the penalty to the person or 93 entity charged, upon determination of the gravity of the violations. The collection of these 94 penalties shall be enforced in a civil action brought by the attorney general on behalf of the 95 department.

96 9. A party seeking review of the department's determination pursuant to this section 97 shall file a written request for an informal conference. The request shall be received by the 98 department within fifteen days after the date of issuance of the department's 99 determination. During the conference, the party seeking review shall present written or 100 oral information and arguments as to why the department's determination should be 101 amended or vacated. The department shall consider the information and arguments 102 presented and issue a written decision advising all parties of the outcome of the conference.

103 10. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 104 created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 105 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, 106 section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers 107 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 108 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 109 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2018, shall be invalid and void. 110

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