

House _____ Amendment NO. _____

Offered By _____

1 AMEND House Bill No. 575, Page 3, Section 173.2551, Line 61, by inserting after all of said
2 section and line the following:

3
4 "571.107. 1. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, a
5 valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed carry
6 endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision of another state shall
7 authorize the person in whose name the permit or endorsement is issued to carry concealed firearms
8 on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No concealed carry permit issued
9 pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August
10 28, 2013, or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision
11 of another state shall authorize any person to carry concealed firearms into:

12 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the chief
13 law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on
14 the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not
15 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

16 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a firearm
17 in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so long as the
18 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

19 (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or jail.
20 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or correctional
21 institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from
22 the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

23 (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any
24 courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries or other rooms of any such court whether or not such
25 court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but not be
26 limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein any of the
27 courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the
28 jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as may be specified
29 by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this subdivision
30 shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 571.030 while within
31 their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 2
32 of section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law enforcement capacity for a court as
33 may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying
34 a concealed firearm within any of the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in
35 a vehicle on the premises of any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense
36 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the

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premises;

(5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government; or any meeting of the general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a member. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a full-time employee of the general assembly employed under Section 17, Article III, Constitution of Missouri, legislative employees of the general assembly as determined under section 21.155, or statewide elected officials and their employees, holding a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement, from carrying a concealed firearm in the state capitol building or at a meeting whether of the full body of a house of the general assembly or a committee thereof, that is held in the state capitol building;

(6) The general assembly, supreme court, county or municipality may by rule, administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by permit or endorsement holders in that portion of a building owned, leased or controlled by that unit of government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited or limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted area. The statute, rule or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The statute, rule or ordinance shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons violating the statute, rule or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to leave the building and if employees of the unit of government, be subjected to disciplinary measures for violation of the provisions of the statute, rule or ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any other unit of government;

(7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the owner or manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said establishment. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant open to the general public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that receives at least fifty-one percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of food. This subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the establishment and shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision authorizes any individual who has been issued a concealed carry permit or endorsement to possess any firearm while intoxicated;

(8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

(10) Any ~~higher education institution or~~ public elementary or secondary school facility without the consent of ~~[the governing body of the higher education institution or]~~ a school official or the district school board, unless the person with the concealed carry endorsement or permit is a teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been designated by his or her school district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in a school within that district, in which case no consent is required. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on

1 the premises;

2 (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the
3 manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a family
4 home from owning or possessing a firearm or a concealed carry permit or endorsement;

5 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent of the
6 owner or manager pursuant to rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of a
7 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal
8 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on
9 the premises;

10 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the
11 premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not
12 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

13 (14) Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister or
14 person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place of
15 religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal
16 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on
17 the premises;

18 (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to
19 concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum
20 size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch.
21 The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business enterprise, or any other
22 organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a concealed carry permit or
23 endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and may prohibit employees, not
24 authorized by the employer, holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying
25 concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the building or the premises are open to the
26 public, the employer of the business enterprise shall post signs on or about the premises if carrying a
27 concealed firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a
28 criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the
29 vehicle is on the premises. An employer may prohibit employees or other persons holding a
30 concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm in vehicles owned by the
31 employer;

32 (16) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more.
33 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the
34 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

35 (17) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the
36 premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the
37 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

38 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to (17) of
39 subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a concealed carry permit issued pursuant to
40 sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013,
41 shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the premises or removal from the
42 premises. If such person refuses to leave the premises and a peace officer is summoned, such person
43 may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars for the first offense. If a
44 second citation for a similar violation occurs within a six-month period, such person shall be fined
45 an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her permit, and, if applicable, endorsement
46 to carry concealed firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. If a third citation for a
47 similar violation is issued within one year of the first citation, such person shall be fined an amount
48 not to exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his or her concealed carry permit, and, if
49 applicable, endorsement revoked and such person shall not be eligible for a concealed carry permit

1 for a period of three years. Upon conviction of charges arising from a citation issued pursuant to
2 this subsection, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the concealed carry
3 permit, or, if the person is a holder of a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28,
4 2013, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the certificate of qualification for a
5 concealed carry endorsement and the department of revenue. The sheriff shall suspend or revoke
6 the concealed carry permit or, if applicable, the certificate of qualification for a concealed carry
7 endorsement. If the person holds an endorsement, the department of revenue shall issue a notice of
8 such suspension or revocation of the concealed carry endorsement and take action to remove the
9 concealed carry endorsement from the individual's driving record. The director of revenue shall
10 notify the licensee that he or she must apply for a new license pursuant to chapter 302 which does
11 not contain such endorsement. The notice issued by the department of revenue shall be mailed to
12 the last known address shown on the individual's driving record. The notice is deemed received
13 three days after mailing.

14 571.109. 1. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, public institutions of
15 higher education shall be allowed to construct policies regarding concealed carry permits or
16 endorsements issued under sections 571.101 to 571.121, valid lifetime or extended concealed carry
17 permits issued under sections 571.205 to 571.230, valid concealed carry endorsements issued prior
18 to August 28, 2013, or concealed carry endorsements or permits issued by another state or political
19 subdivision of another state, but such policies shall not generally prohibit or have the effect of
20 generally prohibiting the carrying, chambering, or active operation or storage of a concealed firearm
21 on the campus of such institution.

22 2. No institution of higher education shall impose any contractual requirement or condition
23 of employment upon any employee, faculty member, or student that generally prohibits or has the
24 effect of generally prohibiting the lawful possession or carry of firearms by such persons, nor shall
25 such institution impose any taxes, fees, or other monetary charges as a condition for the lawful
26 possession or carry of firearms under the provisions of this chapter."; and

27
28 Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references
29 accordingly.