# COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

#### **FISCAL NOTE**

L.R. No.: 1246-02

Bill No.: HCS for HJR 19

Subject: Elections; Taxation and Revenue-General

Type: Original

Date: March 5, 2019

Bill Summary: This proposal modifies voter turnout thresholds for tax increase elections.

## **FISCAL SUMMARY**

| ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND  |                                   |         |         |  |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|--|
| FUND AFFECTED                                 | FY 2020                           | FY 2021 | FY 2022 |  |
| General Revenue                               | \$0 or (More than \$7,800,000)    | \$0     | \$0     |  |
| Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue | \$0 or (More than<br>\$7,800,000) | \$0     | \$0     |  |

| ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS                    |         |         |         |  |
|--|---------|---------|---------|--|
| FUND AFFECTED  | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 |  |
|  |         |         | _       |  |
|  |         |         |         |  |
| Total Estimated<br>Net Effect on <u>Other</u><br>State Funds | \$0     | \$0     | \$0     |  |

Numbers within parentheses: ( ) indicate costs or losses.

This fiscal note contains 6 pages.

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| ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS                        |         |         |         |  |
|--|---------|---------|---------|--|
| FUND AFFECTED  | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 |  |
|  |         |         |         |  |
|  |         |         |         |  |
| Total Estimated<br>Net Effect on <u>All</u><br>Federal Funds | \$0     | \$0     | \$0     |  |

| ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE) |         |                     |   |  |  |
|--|---------|---------------------|---|--|--|
| FUND AFFECTED                                      | FY 2020 | Y 2020 FY 2021 FY 2 |   |  |  |
|  |         |                     |   |  |  |
|  |         |                     |   |  |  |
| Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE                  | 0       | 0                   | 0 |  |  |

Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$100,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act.

| ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS |         |         |         |  |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| FUND AFFECTED                       | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 |  |
| Local Government                    | \$0     | \$0     | \$0     |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Transfer out and transfer in net to zero.

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#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **ASSUMPTION**

Officials at the **Office of the Secretary of State (SOS)** assume each year, a number of joint resolutions that would refer to a vote of the people a constitutional amendment and bills that would refer to a vote of the people the statutory issue in the legislation may be considered by the General Assembly.

Unless a special election is called for the purpose, Joint Resolutions proposing a constitutional amendment are submitted to a vote of the people at the next general election. Article XII section 2(b) of the Missouri Constitution authorizes the governor to order a special election for constitutional amendments referred to the people. If a special election is called to submit a Joint Resolution to a vote of the people, §115.063.2, RSMo, requires the state to pay the costs. The cost of the special election has been estimated to be \$7.8 million based on the cost of the 2016 Presidential Preference Primary.

The SOS is required to pay for publishing in local newspapers the full text of each statewide ballot measure as directed by Article XII, Section 2(b) of the Missouri Constitution and Section 116.230-116.290, RSMo. Funding for this item is adjusted each year depending upon the election cycle. A new decision item is requested in odd numbered fiscal years and the amount requested is dependent upon the estimated number of ballot measures that will be approved by the General Assembly and the initiative petitions certified for the ballot. In FY 2014, the General Assembly changed the appropriation so that it was no longer an estimated appropriation.

In FY19, over \$5.8 million was spent to publish the full text of the measures for the August and November elections. The SOS estimates \$65,000 per page for the costs of publications based on the actual cost incurred for the one referendum that was on the August 2018 ballot.

The SOS will continue to assume, for the purposes of this fiscal note, that it should have the full appropriation authority it needs to meet the publishing requirements. Because these requirements are mandatory, we reserve the right to request funding to meet the cost of our publishing requirements if the Governor and the General Assembly again change the amount or continue to not designate it as an estimated appropriation.

**Oversight** has reflected in this fiscal note, the state potentially reimbursing local political subdivisions the cost of having this joint resolution voted on during a special election in fiscal year 2020. This reflects the decision made by the Joint Committee on Legislative Research, that the cost of the elections should be shown in the fiscal note. The next scheduled statewide primary election is in August 2020 and the next scheduled general election is in November 2020

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#### <u>ASSUMPTION</u> (continued)

(both in FY 2021). It is assumed the subject within this proposal could be on one of these ballots; however, it could also be on a special election called for by the Governor. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a potential election cost reimbursement to local political subdivisions in FY 2020.

Officials from the **Department of Revenue** assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their organization.

In response to a previous version, officials from the **Office of Administration-Budget and Planning** assumed the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their organization.

Officials from the **City of Kansas City** assume this proposal could have a negative fiscal impact of an indeterminate amount.

Kansas City has had elections with turnout of less than 50%. For instance, had this been the law in 2018, our capital improvements sales tax would not have passed, which has provided Kansas City approximately \$85 million, because voter turnout was less than 50%.

Officials from the **Ray County Clerk's Office** assume this proposal would hurt the county.

In response to a previous version, officials from the **City of Keytesville** assumed the proposal will have little fiscal impact.

**Oversight** notes that any fiscal impact to local governments would still depend on actions by the voters. Oversight assumes the proposal would have no direct fiscal impact.

In response to a previous version, officials from the **Monroe County Assessor** and **Buchanan County** both assumed the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their organization.

**Oversight** notes that the Office of Administration-Budget and Planning, Department of Revenue, has stated the proposal would not have a direct fiscal impact on their organization. Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact on the fiscal note.

**Oversight** only reflects the responses that we have received from state agencies and political subdivisions; however, other cities and counties were requested to respond to this proposed legislation but did not. For a general listing of political subdivisions included in our database, please refer to <a href="https://www.legislativeoversight.mo.gov">www.legislativeoversight.mo.gov</a>.

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| FISCAL IMPACT - State Government  GENERAL REVENUE FUND  | FY 2020<br>(10 Mo.)                        | FY 2021    | FY 2022    |
|---|--|------------|------------|
| <u>Transfer Out</u> - SOS - reimbursement of local election authority election costs <b>if</b> a special election is called by the Governor | \$0 or (More than \$7,800,000              | <u>\$0</u> | <u>\$0</u> |
| ESTIMATED NET EFFECT TO THE GENERAL REVENUE FUND  | \$0 or (More<br>than<br><u>\$7,800,000</u> | <u>\$0</u> | <u>\$0</u> |
| FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government  LOCAL POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS  | FY 2020<br>(10 Mo.)                        | FY 2021    | FY 2022    |
| <u>Transfer In</u> - Local Election Authorities - reimbursement of election costs by the State for a special election                       | \$0 or More<br>than<br>\$7,800,000         | \$0        | \$0        |
| <u>Costs</u> - Local Election Authorities - cost of a special election <b>if</b> called for by the Governor                                 | \$0 or (More<br>than<br>\$7,800,000)       | <u>\$0</u> | <u>\$0</u> |
| ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS  | <u>\$0</u>                                 | <u>\$0</u> | <u>\$0</u> |

# FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

## **FISCAL DESCRIPTION**

This bill requires that elections held to increase state, county, municipal, or political subdivision taxes or fees must meet a 50% eligible voter turnout rate to be legitimate, as well as requiring that the tax or fee measure be passed by majority vote at the requisite election.

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## FISCAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

#### SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Office of the Secretary of State
Office of Administration-Budget and Planning
Department of Revenue
City of Kansas City
Ray County
City of Keytesville
Monroe County Assessor
Buchanan County

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