FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 447

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE HOUX.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 58.095 and 193.145, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to coroners.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 58.095 and 193.145, RSMo, are repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 58.035, 58.095, 58.208, and 193.145, to read as follows:

58.035. 1. There is hereby established within the department of public safety a 2 "Coroner Standards and Training Commission" which shall be composed of eleven members, appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate. No more 3 4 than two members of the coroner standards and training commission shall reside in the same congressional district as any other at the time of their appointments but this 5 provision shall not apply to any state director. No two members of the commission shall 6 be employees of the same county. Six members of the coroner standards and training 7 commission shall be elected county coroners, two members shall be currently appointed 8 9 medical examiners, one member shall be an elected county prosecutor, one member shall 10 be the director of the department of public safety or his or her designee, and one member shall be the director of the department of health and senior services or his or her designee. 11 Each member of the coroner standards and training commission shall have been at the 12 13 time of his appointment a citizen of the United States and a resident of this state for a period of at least one year, and members who are coroners shall be qualified as established 14 15 by chapter 58. No member of the commission, except the directors of state departments,

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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16 serving a full term of three years may be reappointed to the coroner standards and training

17 commission until at least one year after the expiration of his or her most recent term.

18 2. Three of the original members of the coroner standards and training commission 19 shall be appointed for terms of one year, three of the original members shall be appointed 20 for terms of two years, and three of the original members shall be appointed for terms of 21 three years. Thereafter the terms of the members of the coroner standards and training 22 commission, except the state department directors, shall be for three years or until their successors are appointed. The governor may remove any member of the coroner standards 23 24 and training commission for misconduct or neglect of office. Any member of the coroner 25 standards and training commission may be removed for cause by the governor but such 26 member shall first be presented with a written statement of the reasons thereof, and shall 27 have a hearing before the coroner standards and training commission if the member so 28 requests.

3. Annually the commission shall elect one of the members as chairperson. The coroner standards and training commission shall meet at least twice each year as determined by the director of public safety, the chairperson, or a majority of the members to perform its duties. A majority of the members of the coroner standards and training commission shall constitute a quorum.

4. No member of the coroner standards and training commission shall receive any
 compensation for the performance of his or her official duties.

5. The coroner standards and training commission shall establish training standards relating to the office of county coroner. These standards shall relate to the operation of the office, the legal responsibilities of the office, and the technical skills and knowledge required of the office.

58.095. 1. The county coroner in any county, other than in a first classification chartered county, shall receive an annual salary computed on a basis as set forth in the following schedule.

3 The provisions of this section shall not permit or require a reduction in the amount of 4 compensation being paid for the office of coroner on January 1, 1997:

5	Assessed Valuation	Salary
6	\$ 18,000,000 to 40,999,999	\$8,000
7	41,000,000 to 53,999,999	8,500
8	54,000,000 to 65,999,999	9,000
9	66,000,000 to 85,999,999	9,500
10	86,000,000 to 99,999,999	10,000
11	100,000,000 to 130,999,999	11,000
12	131,000,000 to 159,999,999	12,000

13	160,000,000 to 189,999,999	13,000
14	190,000,000 to 249,999,999	14,000
15	250,000,000 to 299,999,999	15,000
16	300,000,000 or more	16,000

17 2. One thousand dollars of the salary authorized in this section shall be payable to the 18 coroner only if the coroner has completed at least twenty hours of classroom instruction each 19 calendar year [relating to the operations of the coroner's office when approved by a professional 20 association of the county coroners of Missouri] as established by the coroners standards and 21 training commission unless exempted from the training by the [professional association] 22 Missouri Coroners' and Medical Examiners' Association for good cause. The [professional 23 association approving the program] Missouri Coroners' and Medical Examiners' Association 24 shall provide a certificate of completion to each coroner who completes the training program and 25 shall send a list of certified coroners to the treasurer of each county and the department of 26 health and senior services. The coroners standards and training commission may certify 27 training programs that satisfy the requirements of this section in lieu of the training 28 provided by the Missouri Coroners' and Medical Examiners' Association. Certified 29 training completion shall be submitted to the Missouri Coroners' and Medical Examiners' 30 Association, which, upon validating the certified training, shall submit the individuals 31 name to the county treasurer and department of health and senior services indicating the 32 individual is compliant with the training requirements. Expenses incurred for attending the 33 training session may be reimbursed to the county coroner in the same manner as other expenses 34 as may be appropriated for that purpose. All elected or appointed coroners, deputy coroners, and 35 assistants to the coroner shall complete the annual training described in this subsection within 36 six months of election or appointment.

37 3. The county coroner in any county, other than a first classification charter county, shall 38 not, except upon two-thirds vote of all the members of the salary commission, receive an annual 39 compensation in an amount less than the total compensation being received for the office of 40 county coroner in the particular county for services rendered or performed on the date the salary 41 commission votes.

42 4. For the term beginning in 1997, the compensation of the coroner, in counties in which 43 the salary commission has not voted to pay one hundred percent of the maximum allowable 44 salary, shall be a percentage of the maximum allowable salary established by this section. The 45 percentage applied shall be the same percentage of the maximum allowable salary received or 46 allowed, whichever is greater, to the presiding commissioner or sheriff, whichever is greater, of 47 that county for the year beginning January 1, 1997. In those counties in which the salary 48 commission has voted to pay one hundred percent of the maximum allowable salary, the

49 compensation of the coroner shall be based on the maximum allowable salary in effect at each

50 time a coroner's term of office commences following the vote to pay one hundred percent of the 51 maximum allowable compensation. Subsequent compensation shall be determined as provided

52 in section 50.333.

53 5. Effective January 1, 1997, the county coroner in any county, other than a county of 54 the first classification with a charter form of government, may, upon the approval of the county 55 commission, receive additional compensation for any month during which investigations or other 56 services are performed for three or more decedents in the same incident during such month. The 57 additional compensation shall be an amount that when added to the regular compensation the 58 sum shall equal the monthly compensation of the county sheriff.

58.208. 1. For any death certificate issued under section 193.265 there shall be a fee of one dollar, which shall be deposited into the Missouri state coroners' training fund established under subsection 2 of this section. Moneys in such fund shall be used by the Missouri Coroners' and Medical Examiners' Association:

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(1) For in-state training, equipment, and necessary supplies; and

6 (2) To provide aid to training programs approved by the Missouri Coroners' and 7 Medical Examiners' Association.

8 2. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Missouri State Coroners' 9 Training Fund", which shall consist of moneys collected under subsection 1 of this section. 10 The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 11 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund 12 and, upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely for the administration of 13 subsection 1 of this section.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys
 remaining in the fund over the amount of five hundred thousand dollars shall revert to the
 credit of the general revenue fund.

(3) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other
 funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited
 to the fund.

20 **3.** Local registrars may, during states of emergency or disaster, request 21 reimbursement from the fund for copies of death certificates issued to individuals who are 22 unable to afford the associated fees.

193.145. 1. A certificate of death for each death which occurs in this state shall be filed
with the local registrar, or as otherwise directed by the state registrar, within five days after death
and shall be registered if such certificate has been completed and filed pursuant to this section.
All data providers in the death registration process, including, but not limited to, the state

5 registrar, local registrars, the state medical examiner, county medical examiners, coroners, 6 funeral directors or persons acting as such, embalmers, sheriffs, attending physicians and resident 7 physicians, physician assistants, assistant physicians, advanced practice registered nurses, and 8 the chief medical officers of licensed health care facilities, and other public or private institutions 9 providing medical care, treatment, or confinement to persons, shall be required to use and utilize 10 any electronic death registration system required and adopted under subsection 1 of section 193.265 within six months of the system being certified by the director of the department of 11 health and senior services, or the director's designee, to be operational and available to all data 12 13 providers in the death registration process. However, should the person or entity that certifies 14 the cause of death not be part of, or does not use, the electronic death registration system, the 15 funeral director or person acting as such may enter the required personal data into the electronic death registration system and then complete the filing by presenting the signed cause of death 16 certification to the local registrar, in which case the local registrar shall issue death certificates 17 as set out in subsection 2 of section 193.265. Nothing in this section shall prevent the state 18 registrar from adopting pilot programs or voluntary electronic death registration programs until 19 20 such time as the system can be certified; however, no such pilot or voluntary electronic death 21 registration program shall prevent the filing of a death certificate with the local registrar or the 22 ability to obtain certified copies of death certificates under subsection 2 of section 193.265 until 23 six months after such certification that the system is operational.

24 2. If the place of death is unknown but the dead body is found in this state, the certificate 25 of death shall be completed and filed pursuant to the provisions of this section. The place where 26 the body is found shall be shown as the place of death. The date of death shall be the date on 27 which the remains were found.

3. When death occurs in a moving conveyance in the United States and the body is first removed from the conveyance in this state, the death shall be registered in this state and the place where the body is first removed shall be considered the place of death. When a death occurs on a moving conveyance while in international waters or air space or in a foreign country or its air space and the body is first removed from the conveyance in this state, the death shall be registered in this state but the certificate shall show the actual place of death if such place may be determined.

4. The funeral director or person in charge of final disposition of the dead body shall file
the certificate of death. The funeral director or person in charge of the final disposition of the
dead body shall obtain or verify and enter into the electronic death registration system:

38 (1) The personal data from the next of kin or the best qualified person or source39 available;

40 (2) The medical certification from the person responsible for such certification if 41 designated to do so under subsection 5 of this section; and

42 (3) Any other information or data that may be required to be placed on a death certificate 43 or entered into the electronic death certificate system including, but not limited to, the name and 44 license number of the embalmer.

45 5. The medical certification shall be completed, attested to its accuracy either by 46 signature or an electronic process approved by the department, and returned to the funeral director or person in charge of final disposition within seventy-two hours after death by the 47 48 physician, physician assistant, assistant physician, or advanced practice registered nurse in 49 charge of the patient's care for the illness or condition which resulted in death. In the absence of the physician, physician assistant, assistant physician, advanced practice registered nurse or 50 51 with the physician's, physician assistant's, assistant physician's, or advanced practice registered 52 nurse's approval the certificate may be completed and attested to its accuracy either by signature 53 or an approved electronic process by the physician's associate physician, the chief medical officer 54 of the institution in which death occurred, or the physician who performed an autopsy upon the 55 decedent, provided such individual has access to the medical history of the case, views the 56 deceased at or after death and death is due to natural causes. The person authorized to complete 57 the medical certification may, in writing, designate any other person to enter the medical 58 certification information into the electronic death registration system if the person authorized to 59 complete the medical certificate has physically or by electronic process signed a statement stating 60 the cause of death. Any persons completing the medical certification or entering data into the 61 electronic death registration system shall be immune from civil liability for such certification 62 completion, data entry, or determination of the cause of death, absent gross negligence or willful misconduct. The state registrar may approve alternate methods of obtaining and processing the 63 64 medical certification and filing the death certificate. The Social Security number of any 65 individual who has died shall be placed in the records relating to the death and recorded on the 66 death certificate.

67 6. When death occurs from natural causes more than thirty-six hours after the decedent 68 was last treated by a physician, physician assistant, assistant physician, advanced practice registered nurse, the case shall be referred to the county medical examiner or coroner or 69 70 physician or local registrar for investigation to determine and certify the cause of death. If the 71 death is determined to be of a natural cause, the medical examiner or coroner or local registrar 72 shall refer the certificate of death to the attending physician, physician assistant, assistant 73 physician, or advanced practice registered nurse for such certification. If the attending physician, 74 physician assistant, assistant physician, or advanced practice registered nurse refuses or is 75 otherwise unavailable, the medical examiner or coroner or local registrar shall attest to the

accuracy of the certificate of death either by signature or an approved electronic process withinthirty-six hours.

78 7. If the circumstances suggest that the death was caused by other than natural causes, 79 the medical examiner or coroner shall determine the cause of death and shall [complete and attest 80 to the accuracy], either by signature or an approved electronic process, complete and attest to 81 the accuracy of the medical certification within seventy-two hours after taking charge of the 82 case.

83 8. If the cause of death cannot be determined within seventy-two hours after death, the 84 attending medical examiner, coroner, attending physician, physician assistant, assistant 85 physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or local registrar shall give the funeral director, 86 or person in charge of final disposition of the dead body, notice of the reason for the delay, and 87 final disposition of the body shall not be made until authorized by the medical examiner, coroner, 88 attending physician, physician assistant, assistant physician, advanced practice registered nurse, 89 or local registrar.

90 9. When a death is presumed to have occurred within this state but the body cannot be 91 located, a death certificate may be prepared by the state registrar upon receipt of an order of a 92 court of competent jurisdiction which shall include the finding of facts required to complete the 93 death certificate. Such a death certificate shall be marked "Presumptive", show on its face the 94 date of registration, and identify the court and the date of decree.

10. (1) The department of health and senior services shall notify all physicians,
physician assistants, assistant physicians, and advanced practice registered nurses licensed under
chapters 334 and 335 of the requirements regarding the use of the electronic vital records system
provided for in this section.

99 (2) On or before August 30, 2015, the department of health and senior services, division 100 of community and public health shall create a working group comprised of representation from 101 the Missouri electronic vital records system users and recipients of death certificates used for 102 professional purposes to evaluate the Missouri electronic vital records system, develop 103 recommendations to improve the efficiency and usability of the system, and to report such 104 findings and recommendations to the general assembly no later than January 1, 2016.

105 **11.** Notwithstanding any provision of law, if a coroner or deputy coroner is not 106 current with or is without the approved training required under chapter 58, the 107 department of health and senior services shall prohibit such coroner from attesting to the 108 accuracy of a certificate of death.

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