## FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 505

## **100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE SCHROER.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 217.810 and 548.241, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to the interstate compact for the supervision of parolees and probationers.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 217.810 and 548.241, RSMo, are repealed and two new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 217.810 and 548.241, to read as follows:

217.810. 1. The governor is hereby authorized and directed to enter into the interstate compact for the supervision of parolees and probationers on behalf of the state of Missouri with 2 3 the commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the District of Columbia and any and all other states of the United States legally joining therein and pursuant to the provisions of an act 4 of the Congress of the United States of America granting the consent of Congress to the 5 commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the District of Columbia and any two or more 6 states to enter into agreements or compacts for cooperative effort and mutual assistance in the 7 prevention of crime and for other purposes, which compact shall have as its objective the 8 permitting of persons placed on probation or released on parole to reside in any other state 9 10 signatory to the compact assuming the duties of visitation and supervision over such probationers 11 and parolees; permitting the extradition and transportation without interference of prisoners, being retaken, through any and all states signatory to the compact under such terms, conditions, 12 rules and regulations, and for such duration as in the opinion of the governor of this state shall 13 14 be necessary and proper and in a form substantially as contained in subsection 2 of this section. 15 The [chairman of the board] director of the department of corrections or his or her designee 16 shall administer the compact for the state.

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

0849H.01I

HB 505

## 17 2. INTERSTATE COMPACT FOR THE SUPERVISION OF PAROLEES AND18 PROBATIONERS

19

This compact shall be entered into by and among the contracting states, signatories hereto, with the consent of the Congress of the United States of America, granted by an act entitled "An act granting the consent of Congress to any two or more states to enter into agreements or compacts for cooperative effort and mutual assistance in the prevention of crime and for other purposes."

25

The contracting states solemnly agree:

(1) That it shall be competent for the duly constituted judicial and administrative authorities of a state party to this compact (herein called "sending state") to permit any person convicted of an offense within such state and placed on probation or released on parole to reside in any other state party to this compact (herein called "receiving state"), while on probation or parole, if

(a) Such a person is in fact a resident of or has his family residing within the receiving
state and can obtain employment there;

(b) Though not a resident of the receiving state and not having his family residing there,the receiving state consents to such person being sent there.

Before granting such permission, opportunity shall be granted to the receiving state to investigate the home and prospective employment of such person.

A resident of the receiving state, within the meaning of this section, is one who has been an actual inhabitant of such state continuously for more than one year prior to his coming to the sending state and has not resided within the sending state more than six continuous months immediately preceding the commission of the offense for which he has been convicted.

(2) The receiving state shall assume the duties of visitation and supervision over
probationers or parolees of any sending state transferred under the compact and will apply the
same standards of supervision that prevail for its own probationers and parolees.

44 (3) That duly accredited officers of a sending state may at all times enter a receiving state 45 and there apprehend and retake any person on probation or parole. For that purpose no formalities will be required other than establishing the authority of the officer and the identity 46 47 of the person to be retaken. All legal requirements to obtain extradition of fugitives from justice 48 are hereby expressly waived on the part of states party hereto, as to such persons. The decision 49 of the sending state to retake a person on probation or parole shall be conclusive upon and not 50 reviewable within the receiving state. Provided, however, that if at the time when a state seeks 51 to retake a probationer or parolee there should be pending against him within the receiving state 52 any criminal charge, or he should be suspected of having committed within such state a criminal

HB 505

3

offense, he shall not be retaken without the consent of the receiving state until discharged fromprosecution or from imprisonment for such offense.

55 (4) That the duly accredited officers of the sending state will be permitted to transport 56 prisoners being retaken through any and all states parties to this compact, without interference.

57 (5) Each state may designate an officer who, acting jointly with like officers of other 58 contracting states shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to 59 more effectively carry out the terms of this compact.

60 (6) That this compact shall become operative immediately upon its execution by any 61 state as between it and any other state or states so executing. When executed it shall have the 62 full force and effect of law within such state, the form of execution to be in accordance with the 63 laws of the executing state.

64 (7) That this compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each executing 65 state until renounced by it. The duties and obligations hereunder of a renouncing state shall 66 continue as to parolees or probationers residing therein at the time of withdrawal until retaken 67 or finally discharged by the sending state. Renunciation of this compact shall be by the same 68 authority which executed it, by sending six months' notice in writing of its intention to withdraw 69 from the compact to the other states party hereto.

70 (8) (a) Upon a petition from the state, a circuit court is authorized to add any 71 condition to a term of probation for an offender supervised in this state for a term of 72 probation ordered by another state, including shock incarceration. However, the court 73 shall not reduce, extend, or revoke such a term of probation. The circuit court for the 74 jurisdiction in which a probationer is under supervision shall serve as the authorizing 75 court for the purposes of this section. The prosecuting attorney or circuit attorney for the 76 jurisdiction in which a probationer is under supervision shall serve as the authorized person to petition the court to add a condition of probation. Notwithstanding any 77 78 provision of section 559.125 or 549.500, the division of probation and parole may submit 79 violation reports to the prosecuting attorney or circuit attorney with authority to petition the court to add a condition to a term of probation under this section. 80

(b) If supervision of a parolee in Missouri is administered pursuant to this compact,
the division of probation and parole shall have the authority to impose a sanction or
additional conditions in response to written violations of supervision, as is permitted for
a Missouri parolee. However, the division of probation and parole shall not reduce,
extend, or revoke such a term of parole.

3. If any section, sentence, subdivision or clause within subsection 2 of this section is
for any reason held invalid or to be unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity
of the remaining provisions of that subsection or this section.

HB 505

4. All necessary and proper expenses accruing as a result of a person being returned to
this state by order of a court or the parole board shall be paid by the state as provided in section
548.241 or 548.243.

92 5. (1) A Missouri probationer or parolee seeking transfer of his or her supervision 93 through this compact shall pay a fee for each transfer application submitted in the amount 94 of one hundred seventy-five dollars. The transfer application fee shall be paid to the 95 compact commissioner upon submission of the transfer application. The commissioner or 96 the commissioner's designee may waive the application fee if either the commissioner or 97 the commissioner's designee finds that payment of the fee constitutes an undue economic 98 burden on the offender.

99 (2) (a) All fees collected pursuant to this section shall be paid and deposited to the 100 credit of the "Missouri Interstate Compact Fund", which is hereby created in the state 101 treasury. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 102 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a 103 dedicated fund, and, upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used for the sole 104 benefit of the department of corrections in support of administration of this section, 105 expenses related to retaking, assessment, staff development and training, and implementation of evidence-based practices in support of offenders under supervision. 106

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys
 remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the
 general revenue fund.

(c) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other
funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited
to the fund.

548.241. 1. All necessary and proper expenses accruing under section 548.221, upon
being ascertained to the satisfaction of the governor, shall be allowed on his or her certificate
and paid out of the state treasury as other demands against the state.

2. All necessary and proper expenses accruing as a result of a person being returned to this state pursuant to the provisions of section 548.243 [or 217.810] shall be allowed and paid out of the state treasury as if the person were being returned to this state pursuant to section 548.221.

8 3. Any necessary and proper expenses accruing as a result of a person being 9 returned to this state under the provisions of section 217.810 may be paid either from the 10 Missouri interstate compact fund established in section 217.810 or from the state treasury,

11 as if the person is returning to this state under section 548.221.