FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 261

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE TAYLOR.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 287.220 and 287.280, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to workers' compensation law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 287.220 and 287.280, RSMo, are repealed and two new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 287.220 and 287.280, to read as follows:

287.220. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury a special fund to be known as the "Second Injury Fund" created exclusively for the purposes as in this section provided and for 2 special weekly benefits in rehabilitation cases as provided in section 287.141. Maintenance of 3 the second injury fund shall be as provided by section 287.710. The state treasurer shall be the 4 custodian of the second injury fund which shall be deposited the same as are state funds and any 5 interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto. The fund shall be subject to audit the same as 6 state funds and accounts and shall be protected by the general bond given by the state treasurer. 7 Upon the requisition of the director of the division of workers' compensation, warrants on the 8 9 state treasurer for the payment of all amounts payable for compensation and benefits out of the 10 second injury fund shall be issued.

2. All cases of permanent disability where there has been previous disability due to injuries occurring prior to January 1, 2014, shall be compensated as provided in this subsection. Compensation shall be computed on the basis of the average earnings at the time of the last injury. If any employee who has a preexisting permanent partial disability whether from compensable injury or otherwise, of such seriousness as to constitute a hindrance or obstacle to employment or to obtaining reemployment if the employee becomes unemployed, and the preexisting permanent partial disability, if a body as a whole injury, equals a minimum of fifty

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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18 weeks of compensation or, if a major extremity injury only, equals a minimum of fifteen percent 19 permanent partial disability, according to the medical standards that are used in determining such 20 compensation, receives a subsequent compensable injury resulting in additional permanent 21 partial disability so that the degree or percentage of disability, in an amount equal to a minimum 22 of fifty weeks compensation, if a body as a whole injury or, if a major extremity injury only, 23 equals a minimum of fifteen percent permanent partial disability, caused by the combined 24 disabilities is substantially greater than that which would have resulted from the last injury, 25 considered alone and of itself, and if the employee is entitled to receive compensation on the 26 basis of the combined disabilities, the employer at the time of the last injury shall be liable only 27 for the degree or percentage of disability which would have resulted from the last injury had 28 there been no preexisting disability. After the compensation liability of the employer for the last 29 injury, considered alone, has been determined by an administrative law judge or the commission, 30 the degree or percentage of employee's disability that is attributable to all injuries or conditions 31 existing at the time the last injury was sustained shall then be determined by that administrative 32 law judge or by the commission and the degree or percentage of disability which existed prior 33 to the last injury plus the disability resulting from the last injury, if any, considered alone, shall 34 be deducted from the combined disability, and compensation for the balance, if any, shall be paid 35 out of a special fund known as the second injury fund, hereinafter provided for. If the previous 36 disability or disabilities, whether from compensable injury or otherwise, and the last injury 37 together result in total and permanent disability, the minimum standards under this subsection 38 for a body as a whole injury or a major extremity injury shall not apply and the employer at the 39 time of the last injury shall be liable only for the disability resulting from the last injury 40 considered alone and of itself, except that if the compensation for which the employer at the time 41 of the last injury is liable is less than the compensation provided in this chapter for permanent 42 total disability, then in addition to the compensation for which the employer is liable and after 43 the completion of payment of the compensation by the employer, the employee shall be paid the 44 remainder of the compensation that would be due for permanent total disability under section 45 287.200 out of the second injury fund.

46 3. (1) All claims against the second injury fund for injuries occurring after January 1, 47 2014, and all claims against the second injury fund involving a subsequent compensable injury 48 which is an occupational disease filed after January 1, 2014, shall be compensated as provided 49 in this subsection.

50 (2) No claims for permanent partial disability occurring after January 1, 2014, shall be 51 filed against the second injury fund. Claims for permanent total disability under section 287.200 52 against the second injury fund shall be compensable only when the following conditions are met:

53 (a) a. An employee has a medically documented preexisting disability equaling a 54 minimum of fifty weeks of permanent partial disability compensation according to the medical 55 standards that are used in determining such compensation which is:

56 A direct result of active military duty in any branch of the United States Armed (i) 57 Forces; or

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(ii) A direct result of a compensable injury as defined in section 287.020; or

59 (iii) Not a compensable injury, but such preexisting disability directly and significantly 60 aggravates or accelerates the subsequent work-related injury and shall not include unrelated 61 preexisting injuries or conditions that do not aggravate or accelerate the subsequent work-related 62 injury; or

63 (iv) A preexisting permanent partial disability of an extremity, loss of eyesight in one 64 eye, or loss of hearing in one ear, when there is a subsequent compensable work-related injury 65 as set forth in subparagraph b of the opposite extremity, loss of eyesight in the other eye, or loss 66 of hearing in the other ear; and

67 b. Such employee thereafter sustains a subsequent compensable work-related injury that, 68 when combined with the preexisting disability, as set forth in items (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of 69 subparagraph a. of this paragraph, results in a permanent total disability as defined under this 70 chapter; or

71 (b) An employee is employed in a sheltered workshop as established in sections 205.968 72 to 205.972 or sections 178.900 to 178.960 and such employee thereafter sustains a compensable 73 work-related injury that, when combined with the preexisting disability, results in a permanent 74 total disability as defined under this chapter.

75 (3) When an employee is entitled to compensation as provided in this subsection, the 76 employer at the time of the last work-related injury shall only be liable for the disability resulting 77 from the subsequent work-related injury considered alone and of itself.

78 (4) Compensation for benefits payable under this subsection shall be based on the 79 employee's compensation rate calculated under section 287.250.

80 4. (1) In all cases in which a recovery against the second injury fund is sought for 81 permanent partial disability, permanent total disability, or death, the state treasurer as custodian 82 thereof shall be named as a party, and shall be entitled to defend against the claim.

83 (2) The state treasurer, with the advice and consent of the attorney general of Missouri, 84 may enter into compromise settlements as contemplated by section 287.390, or agreed statements 85 of fact that would affect the second injury fund. All awards for permanent partial disability, 86 permanent total disability, or death affecting the second injury fund shall be subject to the 87 provisions of this chapter governing review and appeal.

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88 (3) For all claims filed against the second injury fund on or after July 1, 1994, the 89 attorney general shall use assistant attorneys general except in circumstances where an actual or 90 potential conflict of interest exists, to provide legal services as may be required in all claims 91 made for recovery against the fund. Any legal expenses incurred by the attorney general's office 92 in the handling of such claims, including, but not limited to, medical examination fees incurred 93 under sections 287.210 and the expenses provided for under section 287.140, expert witness fees, 94 court reporter expenses, travel costs, and related legal expenses shall be paid by the fund. 95 Effective July 1, 1993, the payment of such legal expenses shall be contingent upon annual 96 appropriations made by the general assembly, from the fund, to the attorney general's office for 97 this specific purpose.

5. If more than one injury in the same employment causes concurrent temporarydisabilities, compensation shall be payable only for the longest and largest paying disability.

6. If more than one injury in the same employment causes concurrent and consecutive permanent partial disability, compensation payments for each subsequent disability shall not begin until the end of the compensation period of the prior disability.

103 7. If an employer fails to insure or self-insure as required in section 287.280, funds from 104 the second injury fund may be withdrawn to cover the fair, reasonable, and necessary expenses 105 incurred relating to claims for injuries occurring prior to January 1, 2014, to cure and relieve the 106 effects of the injury or disability of an injured employee in the employ of an uninsured employer 107 consistent with subsection 3 of section 287.140, or in the case of death of an employee in the 108 employ of an uninsured employer, funds from the second injury fund may be withdrawn to cover 109 fair, reasonable, and necessary expenses incurred relating to a death occurring prior to January 110 1, 2014, in the manner required in sections 287.240 and 287.241. In defense of claims arising 111 under this subsection, the treasurer of the state of Missouri, as custodian of the second injury 112 fund, shall have the same defenses to such claims as would the uninsured employer. Any funds 113 received by the employee or the employee's dependents, through civil or other action, must go 114 towards reimbursement of the second injury fund, for all payments made to the employee, the 115 employee's dependents, or paid on the employee's behalf, from the second injury fund [pursuant 116 to under this subsection. The office of the attorney general of the state of Missouri shall bring 117 suit in the circuit court of the county in which the accident occurred against any employer not 118 covered by this chapter as required in section 287.280.

8. Every year the second injury fund shall have an actuarial study made to determine the solvency of the fund taking into consideration any existing balance carried forward from a previous year, appropriate funding level of the fund, and forecasted expenditures from the fund. The first actuarial study shall be completed prior to July 1, 2014. The expenses of such actuarial studies shall be paid out of the fund for the support of the division of workers' compensation.

124 9. The director of the division of workers' compensation shall maintain the financial data 125 and records concerning the fund for the support of the division of workers' compensation and the 126 second injury fund. The division shall also compile and report data on claims made pursuant 127 to] under subsection 11 of this section. The attorney general shall provide all necessary 128 information to the division for this purpose.

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10. All claims for fees and expenses filed against the second injury fund and all records 130 pertaining thereto shall be open to the public.

131 11. Any employee who at the time a compensable work-related injury is sustained prior 132 to January 1, 2014, is employed by more than one employer, the employer for whom the 133 employee was working when the injury was sustained shall be responsible for wage loss benefits 134 applicable only to the earnings in that employer's employment and the injured employee shall be 135 entitled to file a claim against the second injury fund for any additional wage loss benefits 136 attributed to loss of earnings from the employment or employments where the injury did not 137 occur, up to the maximum weekly benefit less those benefits paid by the employer in whose 138 employment the employee sustained the injury. The employee shall be entitled to a total benefit 139 based on the total average weekly wage of such employee computed according to subsection 8 140 of section 287.250. The employee shall not be entitled to a greater rate of compensation than 141 allowed by law on the date of the injury. The employer for whom the employee was working 142 where the injury was sustained shall be responsible for all medical costs incurred in regard to that 143 injury.

144 12. No compensation shall be payable from the second injury fund if the employee files 145 a claim for compensation under the workers' compensation law of another state with jurisdiction 146 over the employee's injury or accident or occupational disease.

147 13. Notwithstanding the requirements of section 287.470, the life payments to an injured 148 employee made from the fund shall be suspended when the employee is able to obtain suitable 149 gainful employment or be self-employed in view of the nature and severity of the injury. The 150 division shall promulgate rules setting forth a reasonable standard means test to determine if such 151 employment warrants the suspension of benefits.

152 14. All awards issued under this chapter affecting the second injury fund shall be subject 153 to the provisions of this chapter governing review and appeal.

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15. The division shall pay any liabilities of the fund in the following priority:

155 (1) Expenses related to the legal defense of the fund under subsection 4 of this section; 156 (2) Permanent total disability awards in the order in which claims are settled or finally 157 adjudicated;

158 (3) Permanent partial disability awards in the order in which such claims are settled or 159 finally adjudicated;

160 (4) Medical expenses incurred prior to July 1, 2012, under subsection 7 of this section; 161 and

- 162 (5) Interest on unpaid awards.
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164 Such liabilities shall be paid to the extent the fund has a positive balance. Any unpaid amounts 165 shall remain an ongoing liability of the fund until satisfied.

166 16. Post-award interest for the purpose of second injury fund claims shall be set at the 167 adjusted rate of interest established by the director of revenue [pursuant to] under section 32.065 168 or five percent, whichever is greater.

169 17. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 15 of this section to the contrary,
170 the division may pay from the second injury fund any of the following second injury fund
171 liabilities prior to those liabilities listed under subsection 15 of this section:

(1) All death benefits incurred under subsection 7 of this section relating to claims
 for deaths occurring prior to January 1, 2014, consistent with a temporary or final award;
 and

(2) Ongoing medical expenses, but not past medical expenses, under subsection 7
 of this section relating to claims for injuries occurring prior to January 1, 2014, consistent
 with a temporary or final award that includes future medical benefits.

287.280. 1. Every employer subject to the provisions of this chapter shall, on either an individual or group basis, insure their entire liability under the workers' compensation law; and 2 may insure in whole or in part their employer liability, under a policy of insurance or a 3 4 self-insurance plan, except as hereafter provided, with some insurance carrier authorized to insure such liability in this state, except that an employer or group of employers may themselves 5 6 carry the whole or any part of the liability without insurance upon satisfying the division of their ability to do so. If an employer or group of employers have qualified to self-insure their liability 7 under this chapter, the division of workers' compensation may, if it finds after a hearing that the 8 9 employer or group of employers are willfully and intentionally violating the provisions of this chapter with intent to defraud their employees of their right to compensation, suspend or revoke 10 11 the right of the employer or group of employers to self-insure their liability. If the employer or 12 group of employers fail to comply with this section, an injured employee or his or her dependents 13 may elect after the injury either to bring an action against such employer or group of employers 14 to recover damages for personal injury or death and it shall not be a defense that the injury or 15 death was caused by the negligence of a fellow servant, or that the employee had assumed the 16 risk of the injury or death, or that the injury or death was caused to any degree by the negligence 17 of the employee; or to recover under this chapter with the compensation payments commuted and 18 immediately payable; or, if the employee elects to do so, he or she may file a request with the

19 division for payment to be made for medical expenses out of the second injury fund as provided 20 in subsection 7 of section 287.220. If the employer or group of employers are carrying their own 21 insurance, on the application of any person entitled to compensation and on proof of default in 22 the payment of any installment, the division shall require the employer or group of employers 23 to furnish security for the payment of the compensation, and if not given, all other compensation 24 shall be commuted and become immediately payable; provided, that employers engaged in the 25 mining business shall be required to insure only their liability hereunder to the extent of the 26 equivalent of the maximum liability under this chapter for ten deaths in any one accident, but the 27 employer or group of employers may carry their own risk for any excess liability. When a group 28 of employers enter into an agreement to pool their liabilities under this chapter, individual 29 members will not be required to qualify as individual self-insurers.

2. Groups of employers qualified to insure their liability [pursuant to] under chapter 537 or this chapter shall utilize a uniform experience rating plan promulgated by an approved advisory organization. Such groups shall develop experience ratings for their members based on the plan. Nothing in this section shall relieve an employer from remitting, without any charge to the employer, the employer's claims history to an approved advisory organization.

35 3. For every entity qualified to group self-insure their liability [pursuant_to] under this 36 chapter or chapter 537, each entity shall not authorize total discounts for any individual member 37 exceeding twenty-five percent beginning January 1, 1999. All discounts shall be based on 38 objective quantitative factors and applied uniformly to all trust members.

39 4. Any group of employers that have qualified to self-insure their liability [pursuant to] 40 under this chapter shall file with the division premium rates, based on pure premium rate data, 41 adjusted for loss development and loss trending as filed by the advisory organization with the 42 department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration [pursuant to] under 43 section 287.975, plus any estimated expenses and other factors or based on average rate 44 classifications calculated by the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional 45 registration as taken from the premium rates filed by the twenty insurance companies providing 46 the greatest volume of workers' compensation insurance coverage in this state. The rate is 47 inadequate if funds equal to the full ultimate cost of anticipated losses and loss adjustment 48 expenses are not produced when the prospective loss costs are applied to anticipated payrolls. 49 The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to those political subdivisions of this state that 50 have qualified to self-insure their liability [pursuant to] under this chapter as authorized by 51 section 537.620 on an assessment plan. Any such group may file with the division a composite 52 rate for all coverages provided under that section.

53 5. When considering applications for new trust self-insurers, as described under 8 CSR 54 50-3.010, the division shall require proof of payment by each member of not less than

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55 twenty-five percent of the estimated annual premium; except that, for new members who wish 56 to join an existing trust self-insurer during the policy year rather than at the beginning of the 57 policy year, the division shall require proof of payment of the lesser of the estimated premium 58 of three months or the estimated premium for the balance of the policy year.

59 6. Self-insured trusts, as described under 8 CSR 50-3.010, may invest surplus moneys from a prior trust year not needed for current obligations. Notwithstanding any provision of law 60 61 to the contrary, upon approval by the division, a self-insured trust may invest up to one hundred 62 percent of surplus moneys in securities designated by the state treasurer as acceptable collateral 63 to secure state deposits under section 30.270.

64 7. Any finding or determination made by the division under this section may be reviewed 65 as provided in sections 287.470 and 287.480.

66 8. If a group of employers who have been granted self-insurance authority under 67 this chapter or chapter 537 or a public sector individual employer granted self-insurance 68 authority under this chapter is deemed insolvent, is determined to be insolvent, or files for 69 bankruptcy, and fails to pay any of its obligations that are owed to an injured employee 70 or an injured employee's dependent or dependents under this chapter, whether based upon 71 a stipulation approved under section 287.390 or based upon an award issued under this 72 chapter, the division shall call upon the entire security posted by the group of employers 73 or public sector individual employer. The division may refer all known losses or cases of 74 the group of employers or public sector individual employer to a third-party administrator 75 or any such entity authorized in this state to administer the workers' compensation cases. 76 The third-party administrator or entity to which the losses are transferred shall have the 77 authority to receive the security proceeds from the division and use the proceeds, after 78 deducting reasonable administrative expenses, to pay the compensation benefits owed 79 under this chapter. The security proceeds shall not be considered state property and shall 80 not be subject to appropriation by the general assembly, the treasurer, or any other state 81 agency. Any unused portion of the security proceeds shall be returned to the division. The 82 group of employers or public sector individual employer may apply to the division for 83 release of the unused portion of the security proceeds as set forth in rules promulgated by 84 the division. Neither the division nor any third-party administrator shall be obligated or 85 required to pay any obligations or moneys in an amount in excess of the security proceeds, 86 and neither the division nor any third-party administrator shall be liable for any interest 87 or penalties. The joint and several liability of the members of a group that is deemed 88 insolvent, that is determined to be insolvent, or that files for bankruptcy shall continue and 89 shall not be terminated by payment of benefits under this subsection.

90 9. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this section shall
91 become effective unless it has been promulgated [pursuant to] under the provisions of section
92 536.024.

93 [9.] 10. Any records submitted [pursuant to] under this section, and [pursuant to] under 94 any rule promulgated by the division [pursuant to] under this section, shall be considered 95 confidential and not subject to chapter 610. Any party to a workers' compensation case involving 96 the party that submitted the records shall be able to subpoen the records for use in a workers' 97 compensation case, if the information is otherwise relevant.

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