CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE SUBSTITUTE

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SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 397

AN	ACT
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To repeal sections 208.044, 208.151, 210.025, 210.192, 210.194, 210.195, 210.201, 210.211, 210.221, 210.245, 210.252, 210.254, 210.565, 210.1014, 210.1080, 452.377, 454.507, 454.600, 454.603, 513.430, 566.147, 567.020, 567.050, 578.421, 578.423, and 610.131, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twenty-seven new sections relating to the protection of children, with penalty provisions and an emergency clause for certain sections.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

Section A. Sections 208.044, 208.151, 210.025, 210.192,
210.194, 210.195, 210.201, 210.211, 210.221, 210.245, 210.252,
210.254, 210.565, 210.1014, 210.1080, 452.377, 454.507, 454.600,
454.603, 513.430, 566.147, 567.020, 567.050, 578.421, 578.423,
and 610.131, RSMo, are repealed and twenty-seven new sections
enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 191.250,
208.044, 208.151, 210.025, 210.192, 210.194, 210.195, 210.201,

1	210.211, 210.221, 210.245, 210.252, 210.254, 210.565, 210.1014,
2	210.1080, 452.377, 454.507, 454.600, 454.603, 513.430, 566.147,
3	567.020, 567.050, 578.421, 578.423, and 610.131, to read as
4	follows:
5	191.250. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited
6	<u>as "Simon's Law".</u>
7	2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
8	(1) "End-of-life medical decision order", a decision issued
9	by a juvenile or family court pertaining to life-sustaining
10	treatment, including do-not-resuscitate orders, provided on
11	behalf of and in the best interests of a child under juvenile or
12	family court jurisdiction under section 211.031;
13	(2) "Reasonable medical judgment", a medical judgment that
14	would be made by a reasonably prudent health care provider who is
15	knowledgeable about the case and the treatment possibilities with
16	respect to the medical conditions involved.
17	3. For a child who is not under juvenile or family court
18	jurisdiction under section 211.031, no health care facility,
19	nursing home, physician, nurse, or medical staff shall institute
20	<u>a do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order, either</u>
21	orally or in writing, without the written or oral consent of at
22	least one parent or legal guardian of the patient or resident
23	under eighteen years of age who is not emancipated. If consent
24	<u>to implement a do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's</u>
25	order is granted orally, two witnesses other than the parent,
26	legal guardian, or physician shall be present and willing to
27	attest to the consent given by at least one parent or legal
28	guardian of the patient or resident. The provision of such

1	consent shall be immediately recorded in the patient's or
2	resident's medical record, specifying who provided the
3	information, to whom the information was provided, which parent
4	or legal guardian gave the consent, who the witnesses were, and
5	the date and time the consent was obtained.
6	4. The requirements of subsection 3 of this section shall
7	not apply if a reasonably diligent effort of at least forty-eight
8	hours without success has been made to contact and inform each
9	known parent or legal guardian of the intent to implement a
10	<u>do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order.</u>
11	5. Consent previously given under subsection 3 of this
12	section may be revoked orally or in writing by the parent or
13	legal guardian of the patient or resident who granted the
14	original permission. Such revocation of prior consent shall take
15	precedence over any prior consent to implement a
15 16	<u>precedence over any prior consent to implement a</u> <u>do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order and shall</u>
16	do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order and shall
16 17	<u>do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order and shall</u> <u>be immediately recorded in the patient's or resident's medical</u>
16 17 18	<u>do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order and shall</u> <u>be immediately recorded in the patient's or resident's medical</u> <u>record, specifying who provided the information, to whom the</u>
16 17 18 19	do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order and shall be immediately recorded in the patient's or resident's medical record, specifying who provided the information, to whom the information was provided, which parent or legal guardian revoked
16 17 18 19 20	do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order and shall be immediately recorded in the patient's or resident's medical record, specifying who provided the information, to whom the information was provided, which parent or legal guardian revoked consent, who the witnesses were, and the date and time the
16 17 18 19 20 21	do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order and shall be immediately recorded in the patient's or resident's medical record, specifying who provided the information, to whom the information was provided, which parent or legal guardian revoked consent, who the witnesses were, and the date and time the revocation was obtained.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order and shall be immediately recorded in the patient's or resident's medical record, specifying who provided the information, to whom the information was provided, which parent or legal guardian revoked consent, who the witnesses were, and the date and time the revocation was obtained. 6. For a child under juvenile court jurisdiction under</pre>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order and shall be immediately recorded in the patient's or resident's medical record, specifying who provided the information, to whom the information was provided, which parent or legal guardian revoked consent, who the witnesses were, and the date and time the revocation was obtained. 6. For a child under juvenile court jurisdiction under section 211.031, a juvenile or family court may issue an end-of-</pre>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<pre>do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order and shall be immediately recorded in the patient's or resident's medical record, specifying who provided the information, to whom the information was provided, which parent or legal guardian revoked consent, who the witnesses were, and the date and time the revocation was obtained. 6. For a child under juvenile court jurisdiction under section 211.031, a juvenile or family court may issue an end-of- life medical decision order, a physician's order, or any other</pre>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	<pre>do-not-resuscitate order or similar physician's order and shall be immediately recorded in the patient's or resident's medical record, specifying who provided the information, to whom the information was provided, which parent or legal quardian revoked consent, who the witnesses were, and the date and time the revocation was obtained. 6. For a child under juvenile court jurisdiction under section 211.031, a juvenile or family court may issue an end-of- life medical decision order, a physician's order, or any other medical decision order, or may appoint a quardian for the child</pre>

1	the jurisdiction of a juvenile or family court under section
2	211.031 is returned to the custody of the parent or legal
3	guardian, the parent or legal guardian may revoke the consent for
4	the end-of-life medical decision or similar physician's orders
5	ordered by the court, including a do-not-resuscitate order for
6	the child. Revocation may be orally or in writing and shall be
7	immediately recorded in the patient's or resident's medical
8	records, specifying who provided the information, to whom the
9	information was provided, which parent or legal guardian revoked
10	consent, who the witnesses were, and the date and time the
11	revocation was obtained.
12	7. For the purposes of this section, a relative caregiver
13	under the provisions of section 431.058 shall have the same
14	authority given to a parent or legal guardian of a nonemancipated
15	patient or resident under eighteen years of age, provided that
16	such a patient or resident is not under juvenile or family court
17	jurisdiction under section 211.031.
18	8. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require
19	any health care facility, nursing home, physician, nurse, or
20	medical staff to provide or continue any treatment, including
21	resuscitative efforts, food, medication, oxygen, intravenous
22	fluids, or nutrition, that would be:
23	(1) Medically inappropriate because, in their reasonable
24	medical judgment, providing such treatment would create a greater
25	risk of causing or hastening the death of the patient or
26	resident; or
27	(2) Medically inappropriate because, in their reasonable
28	medical judgment, providing such treatment would be potentially

1 <u>harmful or cause unnecessary pain, suffering, or injury to the</u> 2 <u>patient or resident.</u>

<u>9. Nothing in this section shall require health care</u>
<u>providers to continue cardiopulmonary resuscitation or manual</u>
<u>ventilation beyond a time in which, in their reasonable medical</u>
<u>judgment, there is no further benefit to the patient or resident</u>
<u>or likely recovery of the patient or resident.</u>

8 208.044. 1. The children's division shall provide child 9 day care services to any person who meets the qualifications set 10 forth at sections 301 and 302 of the Family Support Act of 1988 11 (P.L. 100-485).

12 2. The division shall purchase the child day care services 13 required by this section by making payments directly to any 14 providers of day care services licensed pursuant to chapter 210 15 or to providers of day care services who are not required by 16 chapter 210 to be licensed because they are providing care to 17 [relative children or] no more than [four] six children pursuant 18 to section 210.211.

3. When a person who has been eligible and receiving day care services under this section becomes ineligible due to the end of the twelve-month period of transitional day care, as defined in section 208.400, such person may receive day care services from the division if otherwise eligible for such services.

25 208.151. 1. Medical assistance on behalf of needy persons 26 shall be known as "MO HealthNet". For the purpose of paying MO 27 HealthNet benefits and to comply with Title XIX, Public Law 28 89-97, 1965 amendments to the federal Social Security Act (42

1 U.S.C. Section 301, et seq.) as amended, the following needy 2 persons shall be eligible to receive MO HealthNet benefits to the 3 extent and in the manner hereinafter provided:

4 (1) All participants receiving state supplemental payments
5 for the aged, blind and disabled;

All participants receiving aid to families with 6 (2) 7 dependent children benefits, including all persons under nineteen years of age who would be classified as dependent children except 8 9 for the requirements of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of 10 section 208.040. Participants eligible under this subdivision who are participating in treatment court, as defined in section 11 12 478.001, shall have their eligibility automatically extended sixty days from the time their dependent child is removed from 13 the custody of the participant, subject to approval of the 14 15 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services;

16

(3) All participants receiving blind pension benefits;

(4) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for
old age assistance benefits, permanent and total disability
benefits, or aid to the blind benefits under the eligibility
standards in effect December 31, 1973, or less restrictive
standards as established by rule of the family support division,
who are sixty-five years of age or over and are patients in state
institutions for mental diseases or tuberculosis;

(5) All persons under the age of twenty-one years who would
be eligible for aid to families with dependent children except
for the requirements of subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of
section 208.040, and who are residing in an intermediate care
facility, or receiving active treatment as inpatients in

psychiatric facilities or programs, as defined in 42 U.S.C.
 Section 1396d, as amended;

3 (6) All persons under the age of twenty-one years who would 4 be eligible for aid to families with dependent children benefits 5 except for the requirement of deprivation of parental support as 6 provided for in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 7 208.040;

8

(7) All persons eligible to receive nursing care benefits;

9 (8) All participants receiving family foster home or 10 nonprofit private child-care institution care, subsidized 11 adoption benefits and parental school care wherein state funds 12 are used as partial or full payment for such care;

(9) All persons who were participants receiving old age assistance benefits, aid to the permanently and totally disabled, or aid to the blind benefits on December 31, 1973, and who continue to meet the eligibility requirements, except income, for these assistance categories, but who are no longer receiving such benefits because of the implementation of Title XVI of the federal Social Security Act, as amended;

20 (10) Pregnant women who meet the requirements for aid to 21 families with dependent children, except for the existence of a 22 dependent child in the home;

(11) Pregnant women who meet the requirements for aid to families with dependent children, except for the existence of a dependent child who is deprived of parental support as provided for in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 208.040;

27 (12) Pregnant women or infants under one year of age, or
28 both, whose family income does not exceed an income eligibility

1 standard equal to one hundred eighty-five percent of the federal 2 poverty level as established and amended by the federal 3 Department of Health and Human Services, or its successor agency;

Children who have attained one year of age but have 4 (13)5 not attained six years of age who are eligible for medical assistance under 6401 of P.L. 101-239 (Omnibus Budget 6 7 Reconciliation Act of 1989). The family support division shall use an income eligibility standard equal to one hundred 8 9 thirty-three percent of the federal poverty level established by 10 the Department of Health and Human Services, or its successor 11 agency;

12 Children who have attained six years of age but have (14)not attained nineteen years of age. For children who have 13 14 attained six years of age but have not attained nineteen years of 15 age, the family support division shall use an income assessment 16 methodology which provides for eligibility when family income is equal to or less than equal to one hundred percent of the federal 17 18 poverty level established by the Department of Health and Human 19 Services, or its successor agency. As necessary to provide MO 20 HealthNet coverage under this subdivision, the department of 21 social services may revise the state MO HealthNet plan to extend 22 coverage under 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a (a) (10) (A) (i) (III) to 23 children who have attained six years of age but have not attained 24 nineteen years of age as permitted by paragraph (2) of subsection 25 (n) of 42 U.S.C. Section 1396d using a more liberal income assessment methodology as authorized by paragraph (2) of 26 subsection (r) of 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a; 27

28 (15) The family support division shall not establish a

resource eligibility standard in assessing eligibility for persons under subdivision (12), (13) or (14) of this subsection. The MO HealthNet division shall define the amount and scope of benefits which are available to individuals eligible under each of the subdivisions (12), (13), and (14) of this subsection, in accordance with the requirements of federal law and regulations promulgated thereunder;

8 (16) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the 9 contrary, ambulatory prenatal care shall be made available to 10 pregnant women during a period of presumptive eligibility 11 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-1, as amended;

12 (17) A child born to a woman eligible for and receiving MO HealthNet benefits under this section on the date of the child's 13 14 birth shall be deemed to have applied for MO HealthNet benefits 15 and to have been found eligible for such assistance under such 16 plan on the date of such birth and to remain eligible for such assistance for a period of time determined in accordance with 17 applicable federal and state law and regulations so long as the 18 child is a member of the woman's household and either the woman 19 20 remains eligible for such assistance or for children born on or 21 after January 1, 1991, the woman would remain eligible for such 22 assistance if she were still pregnant. Upon notification of such 23 child's birth, the family support division shall assign a MO HealthNet eligibility identification number to the child so that 24 25 claims may be submitted and paid under such child's identification number; 26

(18) Pregnant women and children eligible for MO HealthNet
benefits pursuant to subdivision (12), (13) or (14) of this

subsection shall not as a condition of eligibility for MO 1 2 HealthNet benefits be required to apply for aid to families with 3 dependent children. The family support division shall utilize an application for eligibility for such persons which eliminates 4 5 information requirements other than those necessary to apply for MO HealthNet benefits. The division shall provide such 6 7 application forms to applicants whose preliminary income information indicates that they are ineligible for aid to 8 9 families with dependent children. Applicants for MO HealthNet 10 benefits under subdivision (12), (13) or (14) of this subsection shall be informed of the aid to families with dependent children 11 12 program and that they are entitled to apply for such benefits. Any forms utilized by the family support division for assessing 13 14 eligibility under this chapter shall be as simple as practicable;

15 (19)Subject to appropriations necessary to recruit and 16 train such staff, the family support division shall provide one 17 or more full-time, permanent eligibility specialists to process applications for MO HealthNet benefits at the site of a health 18 19 care provider, if the health care provider requests the placement 20 of such eligibility specialists and reimburses the division for 21 the expenses including but not limited to salaries, benefits, 22 travel, training, telephone, supplies, and equipment of such 23 eligibility specialists. The division may provide a health care 24 provider with a part-time or temporary eligibility specialist at 25 the site of a health care provider if the health care provider requests the placement of such an eligibility specialist and 26 reimburses the division for the expenses, including but not 27 28 limited to the salary, benefits, travel, training, telephone,

supplies, and equipment, of such an eligibility specialist. The division may seek to employ such eligibility specialists who are otherwise qualified for such positions and who are current or former welfare participants. The division may consider training such current or former welfare participants as eligibility specialists for this program;

7 Pregnant women who are eligible for, have applied for (20)and have received MO HealthNet benefits under subdivision (2), 8 9 (10), (11) or (12) of this subsection shall continue to be 10 considered eligible for all pregnancy-related and postpartum MO HealthNet benefits provided under section 208.152 until the end 11 12 of the sixty-day period beginning on the last day of their pregnancy. Pregnant women receiving substance abuse treatment 13 14 within sixty days of giving birth shall, subject to 15 appropriations and any necessary federal approval, be eligible for MO HealthNet benefits for substance abuse treatment and 16 mental health services for the treatment of substance abuse for 17 18 no more than twelve additional months, as long as the woman 19 remains adherent with treatment. The department of mental health 20 and the department of social services shall seek any necessary 21 waivers or state plan amendments from the Centers for Medicare 22 and Medicaid Services and shall develop rules relating to 23 treatment plan adherence. No later than fifteen months after 24 receiving any necessary waiver, the department of mental health 25 and the department of social services shall report to the house of representatives budget committee and the senate appropriations 26 27 committee on the compliance with federal cost neutrality 28 requirements;

(21) Case management services for pregnant women and young 1 2 children at risk shall be a covered service. To the greatest 3 extent possible, and in compliance with federal law and regulations, the department of health and senior services shall 4 5 provide case management services to pregnant women by contract or agreement with the department of social services through local 6 7 health departments organized under the provisions of chapter 192 or chapter 205 or a city health department operated under a city 8 9 charter or a combined city-county health department or other 10 department of health and senior services designees. To the 11 greatest extent possible the department of social services and 12 the department of health and senior services shall mutually coordinate all services for pregnant women and children with the 13 14 crippled children's program, the prevention of intellectual 15 disability and developmental disability program and the prenatal 16 care program administered by the department of health and senior 17 services. The department of social services shall by regulation 18 establish the methodology for reimbursement for case management 19 services provided by the department of health and senior services. For purposes of this section, the term "case 20 21 management" shall mean those activities of local public health 22 personnel to identify prospective MO HealthNet-eligible high-risk 23 mothers and enroll them in the state's MO HealthNet program, 24 refer them to local physicians or local health departments who 25 provide prenatal care under physician protocol and who participate in the MO HealthNet program for prenatal care and to 26 ensure that said high-risk mothers receive support from all 27 28 private and public programs for which they are eligible and shall

1 not include involvement in any MO HealthNet prepaid, case-managed 2 programs;

By January 1, 1988, the department of social services 3 (22)and the department of health and senior services shall study all 4 5 significant aspects of presumptive eligibility for pregnant women and submit a joint report on the subject, including projected 6 7 costs and the time needed for implementation, to the general The department of social services, at the direction of 8 assemblv. 9 the general assembly, may implement presumptive eligibility by 10 regulation promulgated pursuant to chapter 207;

11 (23) All participants who would be eligible for aid to 12 families with dependent children benefits except for the 13 requirements of paragraph (d) of subdivision (1) of section 14 208.150;

15 (24)(a) All persons who would be determined to be 16 eligible for old age assistance benefits under the eligibility 17 standards in effect December 31, 1973, as authorized by 42 U.S.C. 18 Section 1396a(f), or less restrictive methodologies as contained 19 in the MO HealthNet state plan as of January 1, 2005; except 20 that, on or after July 1, 2005, less restrictive income 21 methodologies, as authorized in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(r)(2), 22 may be used to change the income limit if authorized by annual 23 appropriation;

(b) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for
aid to the blind benefits under the eligibility standards in
effect December 31, 1973, as authorized by 42 U.S.C. Section
1396a(f), or less restrictive methodologies as contained in the
MO HealthNet state plan as of January 1, 2005, except that less

restrictive income methodologies, as authorized in 42 U.S.C.
Section 1396a(r)(2), shall be used to raise the income limit to
one hundred percent of the federal poverty level;

4 (C) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for 5 permanent and total disability benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31, 1973, as authorized by 42 U.S.C. 6 7 Section 1396a(f); or less restrictive methodologies as contained in the MO HealthNet state plan as of January 1, 2005; except 8 9 that, on or after July 1, 2005, less restrictive income 10 methodologies, as authorized in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(r)(2), may be used to change the income limit if authorized by annual 11 12 appropriations. Eligibility standards for permanent and total disability benefits shall not be limited by age; 13

14 (25) Persons who have been diagnosed with breast or 15 cervical cancer and who are eligible for coverage pursuant to 42 16 U.S.C. Section 1396a(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XVIII). Such persons shall be 17 eligible during a period of presumptive eligibility in accordance 18 with 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-1;

19 (26)[Effective August 28, 2013,] Persons who are in foster 20 care under the responsibility of the state of Missouri on the 21 date such persons attained the age of eighteen years, or at any 22 time during the thirty-day period preceding their eighteenth 23 birthday, or persons who received foster care for at least six 24 months in another state, are residing in Missouri, and are at 25 least eighteen years of age, without regard to income or assets, 26 if such persons:

27

(a) Are under twenty-six years of age;

28 (b) Are not eligible for coverage under another mandatory

1 coverage group; and

2 (c) Were covered by Medicaid while they were in foster3 care.

4 2. Rules and regulations to implement this section shall be 5 promulgated in accordance with chapter 536. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 6 7 created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all 8 9 of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 10 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to 11 12 chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 13 14 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any 15 rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid 16 and void.

17 3. After December 31, 1973, and before April 1, 1990, any 18 family eligible for assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 601, 19 et seq., as amended, in at least three of the last six months 20 immediately preceding the month in which such family became 21 ineligible for such assistance because of increased income from 22 employment shall, while a member of such family is employed, 23 remain eligible for MO HealthNet benefits for four calendar months following the month in which such family would otherwise 24 25 be determined to be ineligible for such assistance because of income and resource limitation. After April 1, 1990, any family 26 receiving aid pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 601, et seq., as 27 28 amended, in at least three of the six months immediately

preceding the month in which such family becomes ineligible for 1 such aid, because of hours of employment or income from 2 3 employment of the caretaker relative, shall remain eligible for MO HealthNet benefits for six calendar months following the month 4 5 of such ineligibility as long as such family includes a child as provided in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-6. Each family which has 6 7 received such medical assistance during the entire six-month period described in this section and which meets reporting 8 9 requirements and income tests established by the division and 10 continues to include a child as provided in 42 U.S.C. Section 11 1396r-6 shall receive MO HealthNet benefits without fee for an 12 additional six months. The MO HealthNet division may provide by rule and as authorized by annual appropriation the scope of MO 13 14 HealthNet coverage to be granted to such families.

15 4. When any individual has been determined to be eligible 16 for MO HealthNet benefits, such medical assistance will be made available to him or her for care and services furnished in or 17 after the third month before the month in which he made 18 19 application for such assistance if such individual was, or upon 20 application would have been, eligible for such assistance at the 21 time such care and services were furnished; provided, further, 22 that such medical expenses remain unpaid.

5. The department of social services may apply to the federal Department of Health and Human Services for a MO HealthNet waiver amendment to the Section 1115 demonstration waiver or for any additional MO HealthNet waivers necessary not to exceed one million dollars in additional costs to the state, unless subject to appropriation or directed by statute, but in no

event shall such waiver applications or amendments seek to waive 1 the services of a rural health clinic or a federally qualified 2 3 health center as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396d(1)(1) and (2) or the payment requirements for such clinics and centers as 4 5 provided in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(a)(15) and 1396a(bb) unless such waiver application is approved by the oversight committee 6 7 created in section 208.955. A request for such a waiver so submitted shall only become effective by executive order not 8 9 sooner than ninety days after the final adjournment of the 10 session of the general assembly to which it is submitted, unless it is disapproved within sixty days of its submission to a 11 12 regular session by a senate or house resolution adopted by a majority vote of the respective elected members thereof, unless 13 14 the request for such a waiver is made subject to appropriation or 15 directed by statute.

16 6. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
17 contrary, in any given fiscal year, any persons made eligible for
18 MO HealthNet benefits under subdivisions (1) to (22) of
19 subsection 1 of this section shall only be eligible if annual
20 appropriations are made for such eligibility. This subsection
21 shall not apply to classes of individuals listed in 42 U.S.C.
22 Section 1396a (a) (10) (A) (I).

23 210.025. 1. An applicant child care provider; persons24 employed by the applicant child care provider for compensation,25 including contract employees or self-employed individuals;26 individuals or volunteers whose activities involve the care or27 supervision of children for the applicant child care provider or28 unsupervised access to children who are cared for or supervised

by the applicant child care provider; or individuals residing in 1 the applicant's family child care home who are seventeen years of 2 age or older shall be required to submit to a criminal background 3 check under section 43.540 prior to an applicant being granted a 4 5 registration and every five years thereafter and an annual check of the central registry for child abuse established in section 6 7 210.109 in order for the applicant to qualify for receipt of state or federal funds for providing child-care services either 8 9 by direct payment or through reimbursement to a child-care 10 beneficiary. Any costs associated with such checks shall be paid 11 by the applicant.

12 2. Upon receipt of an application for state or federal 13 funds for providing child-care services in the home, the 14 children's division shall:

(1) Determine if a finding of child abuse or neglect by probable cause prior to August 28, 2004, or by a preponderance of the evidence after August 28, 2004, involving the applicant or any person over the age of seventeen who is living in the applicant's home has been recorded pursuant to section 210.145 or 210.221;

(2) Determine if the applicant or any person over the age
of seventeen who is living in the applicant's home has been
refused licensure or has experienced licensure suspension or
revocation pursuant to section 210.221 or 210.496; and

(3) Upon initial application, require the applicant to
submit to fingerprinting and request a criminal background check
of the applicant and any person over the age of seventeen who is
living in the applicant's home pursuant to section 43.540 and

section 210.487, and inquire of the applicant whether any children less than seventeen years of age residing in the applicant's home have ever been certified as an adult and convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to any crime.

5 Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4 of this 3. section, upon completion of the background checks in subsection 2 6 7 of this section, an applicant shall be denied state or federal funds for providing child care if such applicant, any person over 8 9 the age of seventeen who is living in the applicant's home, and 10 any child less than seventeen years of age who is living in the applicant's home and who the division has determined has been 11 12 certified as an adult for the commission of a crime:

(1) Has had a finding of child abuse or neglect by probable cause prior to August 28, 2004, or by a preponderance of the evidence after August 28, 2004, pursuant to section 210.145 or section 210.152;

17 (2) Has been refused licensure or has experienced licensure
18 suspension or revocation pursuant to section 210.496;

19 (3)Has pled quilty or nolo contendere to or been found 20 quilty of any felony for an offense against the person as defined 21 by chapter 565, or any other offense against the person involving 22 the endangerment of a child as prescribed by law; of any 23 misdemeanor or felony for a sexual offense as defined by chapter 566; of any misdemeanor or felony for an offense against the 24 25 family as defined in chapter 568, with the exception of the sale of fireworks, as defined in section 320.110, to a child under the 26 age of eighteen; of any misdemeanor or felony for pornography or 27 28 related offense as defined by chapter 573; or of any similar

crime in any federal, state, municipal or other court of similar jurisdiction of which the director has knowledge or any offenses or reports which will disqualify an applicant from receiving state or federal funds.

5 An applicant shall be given an opportunity by the 4. 6 division to offer any extenuating or mitigating circumstances 7 regarding the findings, refusals or violations against such applicant or any person over the age of seventeen or less than 8 9 seventeen who is living in the applicant's home listed in 10 subsection 2 of this section. Such extenuating and mitigating circumstances may be considered by the division in its 11 12 determination of whether to permit such applicant to receive state or federal funds for providing child care in the home. 13

5. An applicant who has been denied state or federal funds for providing child care in the home may appeal such denial decision in accordance with the provisions of section 208.080.

6. If an applicant is denied state or federal funds for providing child care in the home based on the background check results for any person over the age of seventeen who is living in the applicant's home, the applicant shall not apply for such funds until such person is no longer living in the applicant's home.

7. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. All rulemaking authority delegated prior to August 28, 1999, is of no force and effect and repealed.

Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or affect 1 2 the validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to August 28, 3 1999, if it fully complied with all applicable provisions of law. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the 4 5 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul 6 7 a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after 8 9 August 28, 1999, shall be invalid and void.

10 8. (1) The provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to any child care facility, as defined in section 11 210.201, maintained or operated under the exclusive control of a 12 13 religious organization, as described in subdivision [(5)] (4) of 14 subsection 1 of section 210.211, unless such facility is a 15 recipient of federal funds for providing care for children, 16 except for federal funds for those programs that meet the 17 requirements for participation in the Child and Adult Care Food Program under 42 U.S.C. Section 1766. 18

19 (2) The provisions of subsection 1 of this section, as 20 enacted by the ninety-ninth general assembly, second regular 21 session, and any rules or regulations promulgated under such 22 section, shall expire if 42 U.S.C. Section 9858f, as enacted by 23 the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014, 24 and 45 CFR 98.43 are repealed or if Missouri no longer receives 25 federal funds from the CCDBG.

26 210.192. 1. The prosecuting attorney or the circuit 27 attorney shall impanel a child fatality review panel for the 28 county or city not within a county in which he or she serves to

investigate the deaths of children under the age of eighteen years, who are eligible to receive a certificate of live birth. The panel shall be formed and shall operate according to the rules, guidelines and protocols provided by the department of social services.

6 2. The panel shall include, but shall not be limited to,7 the following:

8

(1) The prosecuting or circuit attorney;

9 (2) The coroner or medical examiner for the county or city 10 not within a county;

11 (3) Law enforcement personnel in the county or city not 12 within a county;

13

(4) A representative from the children's division;

14 (5) A provider of public health care services;

15 (6) A representative of the juvenile court;

16 (7) A provider of emergency medical services.

The prosecuting or circuit attorney shall organize the 17 3. 18 panel and shall call the first organizational meeting of the The panel shall elect a chairman who shall convene the 19 panel. panel to meet to review all deaths of children under the age of 20 21 eighteen years, who are eligible to receive a certificate of live 22 birth, which meet guidelines for review as set forth by the 23 department of social services. In addition, the panel may review 24 at its own discretion any child death reported to it by the medical examiner or coroner, even if it does not meet criteria 25 26 for review as set forth by the department. The panel shall issue a final report, which shall be a public record, of each 27 28 investigation to the department of social services, state

technical assistance team and to the director of the department 1 2 of health and senior services. The final report shall include a 3 completed summary report form. The form shall be developed by the director of the department of social services in consultation 4 5 with the director of the department of health and senior 6 services. [The department of health and senior services shall 7 analyze the child fatality review panel reports and periodically 8 prepare epidemiological reports which describe the incidence, 9 causes, location and other factors pertaining to childhood 10 The department of health and senior services and deaths.1 11 department of social services shall make recommendations and 12 develop programs to prevent childhood injuries and deaths.

4. The child fatality review panel shall enjoy suchofficial immunity as exists at common law.

15 210.194. 1. The director of the department of social 16 services, in consultation with the director of the department of 17 health and senior services, shall promulgate rules, guidelines 18 and protocols for child fatality review panels established 19 pursuant to section 210.192 and for state child fatality review 20 panels.

2. The director shall promulgate guidelines and protocols 22 for coroner and medical examiners to use to help them to identify 23 suspicious deaths of children under the age of eighteen years, 24 who are eligible to receive a certificate of live birth.

3. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of sections 210.192 to 210.196 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024.

All meetings conducted [, all reports and records] and 1 4. 2 work product, including internal memoranda, summaries or minutes of meetings, and written, audio, or electronic records and 3 communications, made and maintained pursuant to sections 210.192 4 to 210.196 by the department of social services and department of 5 6 health and senior services and its divisions, including the state 7 technical assistance team, or other appropriate persons, 8 officials, or state child fatality review panel and local child 9 fatality review panel shall be confidential [and shall not be 10 open to the general public except for the annual report pursuant 11 to section 210.195], unless otherwise provided in this 12 subsection, section 210.150, section 210.195, or section 660.520. The state technical assistance team shall make nonidentifiable, 13 14 aggregate data on child fatalities publicly available. Identifiable data shall be released at the discretion of the 15 16 director of the department of social services, except for any data that was obtained only from birth or death certificate 17 records provided by the department of health and senior services. 18 19 In those cases, the release of identifiable data shall be at the 20 discretion of the state registrar. 21 210.195. 1. The director of the department of social 22 services shall establish a special team which shall: 23 Develop and implement protocols for the evaluation and (1)review of child fatalities; 24 25 (2)Provide training, expertise and assistance to county 26 child fatality review panels for the review of child fatalities; 27 (3) When required and unanimously requested by the county 28 fatality review panel, assist in the review and prosecution of

1 specific child fatalities; and

2 (4) The special team may be known as the department of3 social services, state technical assistance team.

2. The director of the department of social services shall
appoint regional coordinators to serve as resources to child
fatality review panels established pursuant to section 210.192.

7 The director of the department of social services shall 3. appoint a state child fatality review panel which shall meet at 8 9 least biannually to provide oversight and make recommendations to 10 the department of social services, state technical assistance The department of social services, state technical 11 team. assistance team shall gather data from local child fatality 12 review panels to identify systemic problems and shall submit 13 findings and recommendations to the director of the department of 14 15 social services, the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, the president pro tempore of the senate, the 16 17 children's services commission, juvenile officers, and the chairman of the local child fatality review panel, at least once 18 19 a year, on ways to prevent further child abuse and injury deaths. 20 The report shall include a summary of compliance with the 21 provisions of sections 210.192 to 210.196 for each county or city 22 not within a county. 23 210.201. As used in sections 210.201 to 210.257, the

23 210.201. As used in sections 210.201 to 210.257, the 24 following terms mean:

25 (1) "Child", an individual who is under the age of 26 seventeen;

(2) "Child-care facility", a house or other place conducted
or maintained by any person who advertises or holds himself <u>or</u>

herself out as providing care for more than [four] six children 1 2 during the daytime, for compensation or otherwise, except those operated by a school system or in connection with a business 3 establishment which provides child care as a convenience for its 4 customers or its employees for no more than four hours per day, 5 6 but a child-care facility shall not include any private or 7 religious organization elementary or secondary school, a 8 religious organization academic preschool or kindergarten for 9 four- and five-year-old children, a home school, as defined in 10 section 167.031, a weekly Sunday or Sabbath school, a vacation Bible school or child care made available while the parents or 11 12 guardians are attending worship services or other meetings and 13 activities conducted or sponsored by a religious organization. 14 If a facility or program is exempt from licensure based on the 15 school exception established in this subdivision, such facility 16 or program shall submit documentation annually to the department 17 to verify its licensure-exempt status; except that, under no 18 circumstances shall any public or religious organization 19 elementary or secondary school, a religious organization academic 20 preschool or kindergarten for four- and five-year-old children, a home school, as defined in section 167.031, a weekly Sunday or 21 22 Sabbath school, a vacation Bible school or child care made 23 available while the parents or guardians are attending worship 24 services or other meetings and activities conducted or sponsored 25 by a religious organization be required to submit documentation annually to the department to verify its licensure-exempt status; 26

(3) "Person", any person, firm, corporation, association,
 institution or other incorporated or unincorporated organization;

(4) "Religious organization", a church, synagogue or
 mosque; an entity that has or would qualify for federal
 tax-exempt status as a nonprofit religious organization under
 Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code; or an entity whose
 real estate on which the child-care facility is located is exempt
 from taxation because it is used for religious purposes.

7 210.211. 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to
8 establish, maintain or operate a child-care facility for
9 children, or to advertise or hold himself or herself out as being
10 able to perform any of the services as defined in section
11 210.201, without having in effect a written license granted by
12 the department of health and senior services; except that nothing
13 in sections 210.203 to 210.245 shall apply to:

14 (1)Any person who is caring for [four] six or fewer 15 children, including a maximum of three children under the age of 16 two, at the same physical address. For purposes of this 17 subdivision, children who [are related by blood, marriage or 18 adoption to such person within the third degree shall not be considered in the total number of children being cared for] live 19 20 in the caregiver's home and who are eligible for enrollment in a 21 public kindergarten, elementary, or high school shall not be considered in the total number of children being cared for; 22

(2) [Any person who has been duly appointed by a court of
 competent jurisdiction the guardian of the person of the child or
 children, or the person who has legal custody of the child or
 children;

27 (3)] Any person who receives free of charge, and not as a
 28 business, for periods not exceeding ninety consecutive days, as

bona fide, occasional and personal guests the child or children of personal friends of such person, and who receives custody of no other unrelated child or children;

4 [(4)] (3) Any graded boarding school, summer camp,
5 hospital, sanitarium or home which is conducted in good faith
6 primarily to provide education, recreation, medical treatment, or
7 nursing or convalescent care for children;

8 [(5)] (4) Any child-care facility maintained or operated 9 under the exclusive control of a religious organization. When a 10 nonreligious organization, having as its principal purpose the 11 provision of child-care services, enters into an arrangement with 12 a religious organization for the maintenance or operation of a 13 child-care facility, the facility is not under the exclusive 14 control of the religious organization;

15 [(6)] (5) Any residential facility or day program licensed 16 by the department of mental health pursuant to sections 630.705 17 to 630.760 which provides care, treatment and habilitation 18 exclusively to children who have a primary diagnosis of mental 19 disorder, mental illness, intellectual disability or 20 developmental disability, as defined in section 630.005; and

21

[(7)] (6) Any nursery school.

22 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this 23 section, no child-care facility shall be exempt from licensure if 24 such facility receives any state or federal funds for providing 25 care for children, except for federal funds for those programs 26 which meet the requirements for participation in the Child and 27 Adult Care Food Program pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 1766. 28 Grants to parents for child care pursuant to sections 210.201 to

1 210.257 shall not be construed to be funds received by a person 2 or facility listed in subdivisions (1) and [-(5)] (4) of 3 subsection 1 of this section.

3. Any child care facility not exempt from licensure shall disclose the licensure status of the facility to the parents or guardians of children for which the facility provides care. No child care facility exempt from licensure shall represent to any parent or guardian of children for which the facility provides care that the facility is licensed when such facility is in fact not licensed.

11 4. Any in-home licensed child care facility that is 12 organized as a corporation, association, firm, partnership, 13 proprietorship, limited liability company, or any other type of business entity in this state shall qualify for the exemption for 14 related children for children who are related to the member of 15 16 the corporation, association, firm, partnership, proprietorship, 17 limited liability company, or other type of business entity who is responsible for the daily operation of the child care facility 18 19 and who meets the requirements of the child care provider. If 20 more than one member of the corporation, association, firm, 21 partnership, proprietorship, limited liability company, or other 22 type of business entity is responsible for the daily operation of 23 the child care facility, the exemption for related children shall 24 only be granted for children who are related to one of the members. All child care facilities under this subsection shall 25 26 disclose the licensure status of the facility to the parents or 27 quardians of children for which the facility provides care]. A 28 parent or guardian shall sign a written notice indicating he or

she is aware of the licensure status of the facility. The facility shall keep a copy of this signed written notice on file. All child care facilities shall provide the parent or guardian enrolling a child in the facility with a written explanation of the disciplinary philosophy and policies of the child care facility.

7 210.221. 1. The department of health and senior services8 shall have the following powers and duties:

9 (1)After inspection, to grant licenses to persons to 10 operate child-care facilities if satisfied as to the good character and intent of the applicant and that such applicant is 11 qualified and equipped to render care or service conducive to the 12 13 welfare of children, and to renew the same when expired. No 14 license shall be granted for a term exceeding two years. Each 15 license shall specify the kind of child-care services the 16 licensee is authorized to perform, the number of children that can be received or maintained, and their ages and sex; 17

To inspect the conditions of the homes and other places 18 (2)19 in which the applicant operates a child-care facility, inspect 20 their books and records, premises and children being served, 21 examine their officers and agents, deny, suspend, place on probation or revoke the license of such persons as fail to obey 22 23 the provisions of sections 210.201 to 210.245 or the rules and 24 regulations made by the department of health and senior services. 25 The director also may revoke or suspend a license when the licensee fails to renew or surrenders the license; 26

27 (3) To promulgate and issue rules and regulations the28 department deems necessary or proper in order to establish

standards of service and care to be rendered by such licensees to children. No rule or regulation promulgated by the division shall in any manner restrict or interfere with any religious instruction, philosophies or ministries provided by the facility and shall not apply to facilities operated by religious organizations which are not required to be licensed;

7 (4) To approve training concerning the safe sleep
8 recommendations of the American Academy of Pediatrics in
9 accordance with section 210.223; and

10 (5) To determine what records shall be kept by such persons 11 and the form thereof, and the methods to be used in keeping such 12 records, and to require reports to be made to the department at 13 regular intervals.

2. 14 Any child-care facility may request a variance from a 15 rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to this section. The 16 request for a variance shall be made in writing to the department 17 of health and senior services and shall include the reasons the 18 facility is requesting the variance. The department shall 19 approve any variance request that does not endanger the health or 20 safety of the children served by the facility. The burden of 21 proof at any appeal of a disapproval of a variance application 22 shall be with the department of health and senior services. 23 Local inspectors may grant a variance, subject to approval by the 24 department of health and senior services.

3. The department shall deny, suspend, place on probation or revoke a license if it receives official written notice that the local governing body has found that license is prohibited by any local law related to the health and safety of children. <u>The</u>

department may deny an application for a license if the 1 2 department determines that a home or other place in which an 3 applicant would operate a child-care facility is located within one thousand feet of any location where a person required to 4 5 register under sections 589.400 to 589.425 either resides, as that term is defined in subsection 3 of section 566.147, or 6 7 regularly receives treatment or services, excluding any treatment or services delivered in a hospital, as that term is defined in 8 9 197.020, or in facilities owned or operated by a hospital system. 10 The department may, after inspection, find the licensure, denial 11 of licensure, suspension or revocation to be in the best interest 12 of the state.

4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined 13 14 in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in sections 210.201 to 210.245 shall become effective only if it 15 16 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 17 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. All rulemaking authority delegated prior to August 28, 1999, is of no force and 18 19 effect and repealed. Nothing in this section shall be 20 interpreted to repeal or affect the validity of any rule filed or 21 adopted prior to August 28, 1999, if it fully complied with all 22 applicable provisions of law. This section and chapter 536 are 23 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the 24 25 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 26 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 1999, 27 28 shall be invalid and void.

210.245. 1. Any person who violates any provision of 1 2 sections 210.201 to 210.245, or who for such person or for any 3 other person makes materially false statements in order to obtain a license or the renewal thereof pursuant to sections 210.201 to 4 5 210.245, shall be guilty of [an infraction] a class C misdemeanor for the first offense and shall be assessed a fine not to exceed 6 7 [two] seven hundred fifty dollars and shall be quilty of a class A misdemeanor and shall be assessed a fine of up to two [hundred] 8 9 thousand dollars per day, not to exceed a total of ten thousand 10 dollars for subsequent offenses. In case such quilty person is a 11 corporation, association, institution or society, the officers 12 thereof who participate in such misdemeanor shall be subject to 13 the penalties provided by law.

2. If the department of health and senior services proposes 14 15 to deny, suspend, place on probation or revoke a license, the 16 department of health and senior services shall serve upon the applicant or licensee written notice of the proposed action to be 17 18 taken. The notice shall contain a statement of the type of action proposed, the basis for it, the date the action will 19 20 become effective, and a statement that the applicant or licensee 21 shall have thirty days to request in writing a hearing before the 22 administrative hearing commission and that such request shall be 23 made to the department of health and senior services. If no written request for a hearing is received by the department of 24 25 health and senior services within thirty days of the delivery or 26 mailing by certified mail of the notice to the applicant or 27 licensee, the proposed discipline shall take effect on the 28 thirty-first day after such delivery or mailing of the notice to

the applicant or licensee. If the applicant or licensee makes a written request for a hearing, the department of health and senior services shall file a complaint with the administrative hearing commission within ninety days of receipt of the request for a hearing.

3. The department of health and senior services may issue
letters of censure or warning without formal notice or hearing.
Additionally, the department of health and senior services may
place a licensee on probation pursuant to chapter 621.

10 4. The department of health and senior services may suspend any license simultaneously with the notice of the proposed action 11 12 to be taken in subsection 2 of this section, if the department of health and senior services finds that there is a threat of 13 14 imminent bodily harm to the children in care. The notice of 15 suspension shall include the basis of the suspension and the 16 appeal rights of the licensee pursuant to this section. The 17 licensee may appeal the decision to suspend the license to the department of health and senior services. The appeal shall be 18 19 filed within ten days from the delivery or mailing by certified mail of the notice of appeal. A hearing shall be conducted by 20 21 the department of health and senior services within ten days from 22 the date the appeal is filed. The suspension shall continue in 23 effect until the conclusion of the proceedings, including review 24 thereof, unless sooner withdrawn by the department of health and 25 senior services, dissolved by a court of competent jurisdiction 26 or stayed by the administrative hearing commission. Any person aggrieved by a final decision of the department made pursuant to 27 28 this section shall be entitled to judicial review in accordance

1 with chapter 536.

In addition to initiating proceedings pursuant to 2 5. 3 subsection 1 of this section, or in lieu thereof, the prosecuting attorney of the county where the child-care facility is located 4 5 may file suit for a preliminary and permanent order overseeing or preventing the operation of a child-care facility for violating 6 7 any provision of sections 210.201 to 210.245. The order shall remain in force until such a time as the court determines that 8 9 the child-care facility is in substantial compliance. If the 10 prosecuting attorney refuses to act or fails to act after receipt of notice from the department of health and senior services, the 11 12 department of health and senior services may request that the attorney general seek an injunction of the operation of such 13 14 child-care facility.

15 6. In cases of imminent bodily harm to children in the care 16 of a child-care facility, including an unlicensed, nonexempt facility, the department may file suit in the circuit court of 17 18 the county in which the child-care facility is located for 19 injunctive relief, which may include removing the children from 20 the facility, overseeing the operation of the facility or closing 21 the facility. Failure by the department to file suit under the 22 provisions of this subsection shall not be construed as creating 23 any liability in tort or incurring other obligations or duties except as otherwise specified. 24

25 <u>7. Any person who operates an unlicensed, nonexempt child-</u>
 26 <u>care facility in violation of the provisions of sections 210.201</u>
 27 <u>to 210.245 shall be liable for a civil penalty of not less than</u>
 28 <u>seven hundred fifty dollars and not more than two thousand</u>

1	dollars. The department shall serve upon such person written
2	notice of the department's findings as to the child-care
3	facility's unlicensed, nonexempt status, along with educational
4	materials about Missouri's child-care facility laws and
5	regulations, how a facility may become exempt or licensed, and
6	penalties for operating an unlicensed, nonexempt child-care
7	facility. The notice shall contain a statement that the person
8	shall have thirty days to become compliant with sections 210.201
9	to 210.245, including attaining exempt status or becoming
10	licensed. The person's failure to do so shall result in a civil
11	action in the circuit court of Cole County or criminal charges
12	under this section. If, following the receipt of the written
13	notice, the person operating the child-care facility fails to
14	become compliant with sections 210.201 to 210.245, the department
15	may bring a civil action in the circuit court of Cole County
15 16	may bring a civil action in the circuit court of Cole County against such person. The department may, but shall not be
16	against such person. The department may, but shall not be
16 17	against such person. The department may, but shall not be required to, request that the attorney general bring the action
16 17 18	against such person. The department may, but shall not be required to, request that the attorney general bring the action in place of the department. No civil action provided by this
16 17 18 19	against such person. The department may, but shall not be required to, request that the attorney general bring the action in place of the department. No civil action provided by this subsection shall be brought if the criminal penalties under
16 17 18 19 20	against such person. The department may, but shall not be required to, request that the attorney general bring the action in place of the department. No civil action provided by this subsection shall be brought if the criminal penalties under subsection 1 of this section have been previously ordered against
16 17 18 19 20 21	against such person. The department may, but shall not be required to, request that the attorney general bring the action in place of the department. No civil action provided by this subsection shall be brought if the criminal penalties under subsection 1 of this section have been previously ordered against the person for the same violation. Failure by the department to
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	aqainst such person. The department may, but shall not be required to, request that the attorney general bring the action in place of the department. No civil action provided by this subsection shall be brought if the criminal penalties under subsection 1 of this section have been previously ordered against the person for the same violation. Failure by the department to file suit under the provisions of this subsection shall not be
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	against such person. The department may, but shall not be required to, request that the attorney general bring the action in place of the department. No civil action provided by this subsection shall be brought if the criminal penalties under subsection 1 of this section have been previously ordered against the person for the same violation. Failure by the department to file suit under the provisions of this subsection shall not be construed as creating any liability in tort or incurring other
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	against such person. The department may, but shall not be required to, request that the attorney general bring the action in place of the department. No civil action provided by this subsection shall be brought if the criminal penalties under subsection 1 of this section have been previously ordered against the person for the same violation. Failure by the department to file suit under the provisions of this subsection shall not be construed as creating any liability in tort or incurring other obligations or duties except as otherwise specified.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	aqainst such person. The department may, but shall not be required to, request that the attorney general bring the action in place of the department. No civil action provided by this subsection shall be brought if the criminal penalties under subsection 1 of this section have been previously ordered against the person for the same violation. Failure by the department to file suit under the provisions of this subsection shall not be construed as creating any liability in tort or incurring other obligations or duties except as otherwise specified. <u>8. There shall be established the "Family Child Care</u>
sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve 1 2 disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and moneys in 3 the fund shall by used solely by the department for the dissemination of information concerning compliance with child-4 5 care facility laws and regulations, including licensed or exempt 6 status; educational initiatives relating to, inter alia, child 7 care, safe sleep practices, and child nutrition; and the provision of financial assistance on the basis of need for family 8 9 child care homes to become licensed, as determined by the 10 department and subject to available moneys in the fund. 11 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall 12 not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state 13 14 treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as 15 other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such 16 investments shall be credited to the fund.

17 210.252. 1. All buildings and premises used by a child-care facility to care for more than [four] six children 18 except those exempted from the licensing provisions of the 19 20 department of health and senior services pursuant to subdivisions 21 (1), (2), (3), [(4) and (6)] and (5) of section 210.211, shall be 22 inspected annually for fire and safety by the state fire marshal, 23 the marshal's designee or officials of a local fire district and 24 for health and sanitation by the department of health and senior 25 services or officials of the local health department. Evidence 26 of compliance with the inspections required by this section shall 27 be kept on file and available to parents of children enrolling in 28 the child-care facility.

Local inspection of child-care facilities may be
 accomplished if the standards employed by local personnel are
 substantially equivalent to state standards and local personnel
 are available for enforcement of such standards.

5 Any child-care facility may request a variance from a 3. 6 rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to this section. The 7 request for a variance shall be made in writing to the department of health and senior services and shall include the reasons the 8 9 facility is requesting the variance. The department shall 10 approve any variance request that does not endanger the health or safety of the children served by the facility. The burden of 11 12 proof at any appeal of a disapproval of a variance application shall be with the department of health and senior services. 13 14 Local inspectors may grant a variance, subject to approval by the 15 department.

4. The department of health and senior services shall
administer the provisions of sections 210.252 to 210.256, with
the cooperation of the state fire marshal, local fire departments
and local health agencies.

5. The department of health and senior services shall promulgate rules and regulations to implement and administer the provisions of sections 210.252 to 210.256. Such rules and regulations shall provide for the protection of children in all child-care facilities whether or not such facility is subject to the licensing provisions of sections 210.201 to 210.245.

6. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in sections 210.252 to 210.256 shall become effective only if it

complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 1 2 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. All rulemaking 3 authority delegated prior to August 28, 1999, is of no force and effect and repealed. Nothing in this section shall be 4 5 interpreted to repeal or affect the validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to August 28, 1999, if it fully complied with all 6 7 applicable provisions of law. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general 8 9 assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the 10 effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and 11 12 any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 1999, shall be invalid and void. 13

14 210.254. 1. Child-care facilities operated by religious 15 organizations pursuant to the exempt status recognized in subdivision [(5)] (4) of subsection 1 of section 210.211 shall 16 17 upon enrollment of any child provide the parent or quardian enrolling the child two copies of a notice of parental 18 19 responsibility, one copy of which shall be retained in the files 20 of the facility after the enrolling parent acknowledges, by 21 signature, having read and accepted the information contained 22 therein.

2. The notice of parental responsibility shall include thefollowing:

(1) Notification that the child-care facility is exempt as
 a religious organization from state licensing and therefore not
 inspected or supervised by the department of health and senior
 services other than as provided herein and that the facility has

been inspected by those designated in section 210.252 and is complying with the fire, health and sanitation requirements of sections 210.252 to 210.257;

4 (2) The names, addresses and telephone numbers of agencies
5 and authorities which inspect the facility for fire, health and
6 safety and the date of the most recent inspection by each;

7 (3) The staff/child ratios for enrolled children under two 8 years of age, for children ages two to four and for those five 9 years of age and older as required by the department of health 10 and senior services regulations in licensed facilities, the 11 standard ratio of staff to number of children for each age level 12 maintained in the exempt facility, and the total number of 13 children to be enrolled by the facility;

14 (4) Notification that background checks have been conducted 15 under the provisions of section 210.1080;

16 (5) The disciplinary philosophy and policies of the 17 child-care facility; and

18 (6) The educational philosophy and policies of the19 child-care facility.

3. A copy of notice of parental responsibility, signed by the principal operating officer of the exempt child-care facility and the individual primarily responsible for the religious organization conducting the child-care facility and copies of the annual fire and safety inspections shall be filed annually during the month of August with the department of health and senior services.

27 210.565. 1. Whenever a child is placed in a foster home28 and the court has determined pursuant to subsection 4 of this

section that foster home placement with relatives is not contrary 1 to the best interest of the child, the children's division shall 2 3 give foster home placement to relatives of the child. 4 Notwithstanding any rule of the division to the contrary, the 5 children's division shall make diligent efforts to locate the grandparents, adult siblings, and parents of siblings of the 6 7 child and determine whether they wish to be considered for placement of the child. Grandparents who request consideration 8 9 shall be given preference and first consideration for foster home 10 placement of the child. If more than one grandparent requests consideration, the family support team shall make recommendations 11 12 to the juvenile or family court about which grandparent should be considered for placement. 13

14 2. As used in this section, the [term] following terms
15 shall mean:

16 <u>(1) "Adult sibling", any brother or sister of whole or</u> 17 <u>half-blood who is at least eighteen years of age;</u>

18 (2) "Relative" [means], a grandparent or any other person 19 related to another by blood or affinity or a person who is not so 20 related to the child but has a close relationship with the child 21 or the child's family. The status of a grandparent shall not be 22 affected by the death or the dissolution of the marriage of a son 23 or daughter;

24 (3) "Sibling", one of two or more individuals who have one
25 or both parents in common through blood, marriage, or adoption,
26 including siblings as defined by the child's tribal code or
27 custom.

28

3. The following shall be the order or preference for

1 placement of a child under this section:

- 2 (1) Grandparents;
- 3 (2) Adult siblings or parents of siblings;

4 <u>(3)</u> Relatives related by blood or affinity within the third 5 degree;

6

[(3)] <u>(4)</u> Other relatives; and

7 [(4)] (5) Any foster parent who is currently licensed and 8 capable of accepting placement of the child.

9 The preference for placement and first consideration for 4. 10 grandparents or preference for placement with other relatives 11 created by this section shall only apply where the court finds 12 that placement with such grandparents or other relatives is not 13 contrary to the best interest of the child considering all 14 circumstances. If the court finds that it is contrary to the best interest of a child to be placed with grandparents or other 15 16 relatives, the court shall make specific findings on the record 17 detailing the reasons why the best interests of the child 18 necessitate placement of the child with persons other than grandparents or other relatives. 19

5. Recognizing the critical nature of sibling bonds for 20 children, the children's division shall make reasonable efforts 21 22 to place siblings in the same foster care, kinship, guardianship, 23 or adoptive placement, unless doing so would be contrary to the 24 safety or well-being of any of the siblings. If siblings are not 25 placed together, the children's division shall make reasonable 26 efforts to provide frequent visitation or other ongoing 27 interaction between the siblings, unless this interaction would 28 be contrary to a sibling's safety or well-being.

6. The age of the child's grandparent or other relative shall not be the only factor that the children's division takes into consideration when it makes placement decisions and recommendations to the court about placing the child with such grandparent or other relative.

For any Native American child placed in protective
custody, the children's division shall comply with the placement
requirements set forth in 25 U.S.C. Section 1915.

9 8. A grandparent or other relative may, on a case-by-case 10 basis, have standards for licensure not related to safety waived 11 for specific children in care that would otherwise impede 12 licensing of the grandparent's or relative's home. In addition, 13 any person receiving a preference may be licensed in an expedited 14 manner if a child is placed under such person's care.

9. The guardian ad litem shall ascertain the child's wishes and feelings about his or her placement by conducting an interview or interviews with the child, if appropriate based on the child's age and maturity level, which shall be considered as a factor in placement decisions and recommendations, but shall not supersede the preference for relative placement created by this section or be contrary to the child's best interests.

22 210.1014. 1. There is hereby created the "Amber Alert 23 System Oversight Committee", whose primary duty shall be to 24 develop criteria and procedures for the Amber alert system and 25 shall be housed within the department of public safety. The committee shall regularly review the function of the Amber alert 26 system and revise its criteria and procedures in cooperation with 27 28 the department of public safety to provide for efficient and

effective public notification <u>and meet at least annually to</u> <u>discuss potential improvements to the Amber alert system</u>. As soon as practicable, the committee shall adopt criteria and procedures to expand the Amber alert system to provide urgent public alerts related to homeland security, criminal acts, health emergencies, and other imminent dangers to the public health and welfare.

The Amber alert system oversight committee shall consist 8 2. 9 of ten members of which seven members shall be appointed by the 10 governor with the advice and consent of the senate. Such members shall represent the following entities: two representatives of 11 12 the Missouri Sheriffs' Association; two representatives of the Missouri Police Chiefs Association; one representative of small 13 14 market radio broadcasters; one representative of large market 15 radio broadcasters; one representative of television 16 broadcasters. The director of the department of public safety 17 shall also be a member of the committee and shall serve as chair of the committee. Additional members shall include one 18 19 representative of the highway patrol and one representative of 20 the department of health and senior services. Notwithstanding 21 the provisions of this subsection, any Amber alert system 22 oversight committee member, other than the director of the 23 department of public safety and law enforcement committee members, may alternatively be a representative of the outdoor 24 25 advertising industry, a representative of the Missouri broadcasters association, or a representative of the public at 26 27 large; except that no more than one committee member shall be a 28 representative of the outdoor advertising industry, no more than

<u>one committee member shall be a representative of the Missouri</u> <u>broadcasters association, and no more than one committee member</u> <u>shall be a representative of the public at large.</u>

3. Members of the oversight committee shall serve a term of four years, except that members first appointed to the committee shall have staggered terms of two, three, and four years and shall serve until their successor is duly appointed and qualified.

9 4. Members of the oversight committee shall serve without 10 compensation, except that members shall be reimbursed for their 11 actual and necessary expenses required for the discharge of their 12 duties.

5. The Amber alert system oversight committee shall 13 14 promulgate rules for the implementation of the Amber alert 15 system. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined 16 in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated 17 in this section shall become effective only if it complies with 18 and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if 19 applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are 20 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general 21 assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the 22 effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 23 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2003, shall be 24 25 invalid and void.

26 <u>6. Amber alerts issued in this state may include an</u>
 27 <u>embedded Uniform Resource Locator (URL) that references a</u>
 28 <u>resource on the internet that provides additional information or</u>

1

technological capabilities.

2 7. (1) The provisions of this subsection shall be known 3 and may be cited as the "Honing Alerts Issued by Law Enforcement for Youth Safety Act," or "HAILEY'S Law". 4 5 (2) The Amber alert system shall be integrated into the 6 Missouri uniform law enforcement system (MULES) and the Regional 7 Justice Information Service (REJIS) to expedite the reporting of child abductions. 8 9 8. The Amber alert system oversight committee shall submit 10 a report to the general assembly on or before January 1, 2020, 11 and annually thereafter, regarding the activities and rules 12 promulgated throughout the preceding year. The report shall 13 include the following: 14 (1) The changes in criteria and procedures for the Amber alert<u>system;</u> 15 16 (2) The Amber alert system oversight committee's review of 17 the function of the Amber alert system; 18 (3) The meeting notices and minutes; 19 (4) A list of members; 20 (5) Reimbursements; and 21 (6) Any new rules promulgated. 22 210.1080. 1. As used in this section, the following terms 23 mean: 24 "Child care staff member", a child care provider; (1)25 persons employed by the child care provider for compensation, 26 including contract employees or self-employed individuals; individuals or volunteers whose activities involve the care or 27 28 supervision of children for a child care provider or unsupervised 1 access to children who are cared for or supervised by a child 2 care provider; or individuals residing in a family child care 3 home who are seventeen years of age and older;

4

(2) "Criminal background check":

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(a) A Federal Bureau of Investigation fingerprint check;

6 (b) A search of the National Crime Information Center's
7 National Sex Offender Registry; and

8 (c) A search of the following registries, repositories, or 9 databases in Missouri, the state where the child care staff 10 member resides, and each state where such staff member resided 11 during the preceding five years:

a. The state criminal registry or repository, with the use
of fingerprints being required in the state where the staff
member resides and optional in other states;

15

b. The state sex offender registry or repository; and

16 c. The state-based child abuse and neglect registry and 17 database.

2. (1) Prior to the employment or presence of a child care staff member in a family child care home, group child care home, child care center, or license-exempt child care facility, the child care provider shall request the results of a criminal background check for such child care staff member from the department of health and senior services.

(2) A prospective child care staff member may begin work
for a child care provider after the criminal background check has
been requested from the department; however, pending completion
of the criminal background check, the prospective child care
staff member shall be supervised at all times by another child

care staff member who received a qualifying result on the
 criminal background check within the past five years.

3 A family child care home, group child care home, child (3)care center, or license-exempt child care facility that has child 4 5 care staff members at the time this section becomes effective shall request the results of a criminal background check for all 6 child care staff members by January 31, 2019, unless the 7 requirements of subsection 5 of this section are met by the child 8 9 care provider and proof is submitted to the department of health 10 and senior services by January 31, 2019.

3. The costs of the criminal background check shall be the responsibility of the child care staff member but may be paid or reimbursed by the child care provider at the provider's discretion. The fees charged for the criminal background check shall not exceed the actual cost of processing and administration.

4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 of this section, upon completion of the criminal background check, any child care staff member or prospective child care staff member shall be ineligible for employment or presence at a family child care home, a group child care home, a licensed child care center, or a license-exempt child care facility if such person:

(1) Refuses to consent to the criminal background check as
required by this section;

25 (2) Knowingly makes a materially false statement in 26 connection with the criminal background check as required by this 27 section;

28

(3) Is registered, or is required to be registered, on a

state sex offender registry or repository or the National Sex
 Offender Registry;

3 (4) Has a finding of child abuse or neglect under section
4 210.145 or 210.152 or any other finding of child abuse or neglect
5 based on any other state's registry or database;

6 (5) Has been convicted of a felony consisting of:

7 (a) Murder, as described in 18 U.S.C. Section 1111;

8 (b) Child abuse or neglect;

9 (c) A crime against children, including child pornography;

10 (d) Spousal abuse;

11 (e) A crime involving rape or sexual assault;

12 (f) Kidnapping;

13 (g) Arson;

14 (h) Physical assault or battery; or

(i) Subject to subsection 5 of this section, a drug-related
offense committed during the preceding five years;

17 (6) Has been convicted of a violent misdemeanor committed 18 as an adult against a child, including the following crimes: 19 child abuse, child endangerment, or sexual assault, or of a 20 misdemeanor involving child pornography; or

(7) Has been convicted of any similar crime in any federal,
state, municipal, or other court.

23

Adult household members seventeen years of age and older in a family child care home shall be ineligible to maintain a presence at a family child care home if any one or more of the provisions of this subsection applies to them.

28 5. A child care provider shall not be required to submit a

1 request for a criminal background check under this section for a 2 child care staff member if:

3 (1) The staff member received a criminal background check
4 within five years before the latest date on which such a
5 submission may be made and while employed by or seeking
6 employment by another child care provider within Missouri;

7 (2) The department of health and senior services provided
8 to the first provider a qualifying criminal background check
9 result, consistent with this section, for the staff member; and

10 (3) The staff member is employed by a child care provider 11 within Missouri or has been separated from employment from a 12 child care provider within Missouri for a period of not more than 13 one hundred eighty consecutive days.

6. (1) The department of health and senior services shall process the request for a criminal background check for any prospective child care staff member or child care staff member as expeditiously as possible, but not to exceed forty-five days after the date on which the provider submitted the request.

19 (2)The department shall provide the results of the criminal background check to the child care provider in a 20 21 statement that indicates whether the prospective child care staff 22 member or child care staff member is eligible or ineligible for 23 employment or presence at the child care facility. The 24 department shall not reveal to the child care provider any 25 disqualifying crime or other related information regarding the prospective child care staff member or child care staff member. 26

(3) If such prospective child care staff member or childcare staff member is ineligible for employment or presence at the

1 child care facility, the department shall, when providing the 2 results of criminal background check, include information related 3 to each disqualifying crime or other related information, in a 4 report to such prospective child care staff member or child care 5 staff member, along with information regarding the opportunity to 6 appeal under subsection 7 of this section.

7 The prospective child care staff member or child care 7. staff member may appeal in writing to the department to challenge 8 9 the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in his 10 or her criminal background check, or to offer information mitigating the results and explaining why an eligibility 11 12 exception should be granted. The department of health and senior 13 services shall attempt to verify the accuracy of the information challenged by the individual, including making an effort to 14 15 locate any missing disposition information related to the 16 disqualifying crime. The appeal shall be filed within ten days 17 from the delivery or mailing of the notice of ineligibility. The 18 department shall make a decision on the appeal in a timely 19 manner.

20 8. The department may adopt emergency rules to implement 21 the requirements of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, 22 as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under 23 the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions 24 25 of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested 26 with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to 27 28 delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are

subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2018, shall be invalid and void.

9. (1) The provisions of this section shall not apply to 4 5 any child care facility, as defined in section 210.201, maintained or operated under the exclusive control of a religious 6 7 organization, as described in subdivision $\left[\frac{(5)}{(4)}\right]$ (4) of subsection 1 of section 210.211, unless such facility is a recipient of 8 9 federal funds for providing care for children, except for federal 10 funds for those programs that meet the requirements for participation in the Child and Adult Care Food Program under 42 11 12 U.S.C. Section 1766.

(2) The provisions of this section, and any rules or
regulations promulgated under this section, shall expire if 42
U.S.C. Section 9858f, as enacted by the Child Care and
Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014, and 45 CFR 98.43 are
repealed or if Missouri no longer receives federal funds from the
CCDBG.

19 452.377. 1. For purposes of this section and section 20 452.375, "relocate" or "relocation" means a change in the 21 principal residence of a child for a period of ninety days or 22 more, but does not include a temporary absence from the principal 23 residence.

2. Notice of a proposed relocation of the residence of the 25 child, or any party entitled to custody or visitation of the 26 child, shall be given in writing by certified mail, return 27 receipt requested, to any party with custody or visitation 28 rights. Absent exigent circumstances as determined by a court

1 with jurisdiction, written notice shall be provided at least 2 sixty days in advance of the proposed relocation. The notice of 3 the proposed relocation shall include the following information:

4 (1) The intended new residence, including the specific
5 address and mailing address, if known, and if not known, the
6 city;

7 (2) The home telephone number of the new residence, if8 known;

9 (3) The date of the intended move or proposed relocation;
10 (4) A brief statement of the specific reasons for the
11 proposed relocation of a child, if applicable; [and]

12 (5) A proposal for a revised schedule of custody or 13 visitation with the child, if applicable; and

14 (6) The other party's right, if that party is a parent, to 15 file a motion, pursuant to this section, seeking an order to 16 prevent the relocation and an accompanying affidavit setting 17 forth the specific good faith factual basis for opposing the 18 relocation within thirty days of receipt of the notice.

3. If a party seeking to relocate a child is a participant in the address confidentiality program under section 589.663, such party shall not be required to provide the information in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section, but may be required to submit such information under seal to the court for in camera review. Prior to disclosure of this information, a court shall comply with the provisions of section 589.664.

4. A party required to give notice of a proposed relocation
pursuant to subsection 2 of this section has a continuing duty to
provide a change in or addition to the information required by

1 this section as soon as such information becomes known.

5. In exceptional circumstances where the court makes a finding that the health or safety of any adult or child would be unreasonably placed at risk by the disclosure of the required identifying information concerning a proposed relocation of the child, the court may order that:

7 (1) The specific residence address and telephone number of 8 the child, parent or person, and other identifying information 9 shall not be disclosed in the pleadings, notice, other documents 10 filed in the proceeding or the final order except for an in 11 camera disclosure;

12 (2) The notice requirements provided by this section shall 13 be waived to the extent necessary to protect the health or safety 14 of a child or any adult; or

15 (3) Any other remedial action the court considers necessary 16 to facilitate the legitimate needs of the parties and the best 17 interest of the child.

18 6. The court shall consider a failure to provide notice of19 a proposed relocation of a child as:

20 (1) A factor in determining whether custody and visitation21 should be modified;

(2) A basis for ordering the return of the child if therelocation occurs without notice; and

(3) Sufficient cause to order the party seeking to relocate
the child to pay reasonable expenses and attorneys fees incurred
by the party objecting to the relocation.

27 7. If the parties agree to a revised schedule of custody28 and visitation for the child, which includes a parenting plan,

they may submit the terms of such agreement to the court with a written affidavit signed by all parties with custody or visitation assenting to the terms of the agreement, and the court may order the revised parenting plan and applicable visitation schedule without a hearing.

The residence of the child may be relocated sixty days 6 8. after providing notice, as required by this section, unless a 7 parent files a motion seeking an order to prevent the relocation 8 9 within thirty days after receipt of such notice. Such motion 10 shall be accompanied by an affidavit setting forth the specific good-faith factual basis supporting a prohibition of the 11 12 relocation. The person seeking relocation shall file a response to the motion within fourteen days, unless extended by the court 13 14 for good cause, and include a counter-affidavit setting forth the 15 facts in support of the relocation as well as a proposed revised 16 parenting plan for the child.

9. If relocation of the child is proposed, a third party entitled by court order to legal custody of or visitation with a child and who is not a parent may file a cause of action to obtain a revised schedule of legal custody or visitation, but shall not prevent a relocation.

10. The party seeking to relocate shall have the burden of proving that the proposed relocation is made in good faith and is in the best interest of the child.

25

11. If relocation is permitted:

(1) The court shall order contact with the nonrelocating
party including custody or visitation and telephone access
sufficient to assure that the child has frequent, continuing and

1 meaningful contact with the nonrelocating party unless the 2 child's best interest warrants otherwise; and

3 (2) The court shall specify how the transportation costs 4 will be allocated between the parties and adjust the child 5 support, as appropriate, considering the costs of transportation.

6 12. After August 28, 1998, every court order establishing
7 or modifying custody or visitation shall include the following
8 language:

9 "Absent exigent circumstances as determined by a court with 10 jurisdiction, you, as a party to this action, are ordered to 11 notify, in writing by certified mail, return receipt requested, 12 and at least sixty days prior to the proposed relocation, each 13 party to this action of any proposed relocation of the principal 14 residence of the child, including the following information:

(1) The intended new residence, including the specific address and mailing address, if known, and if not known, the city;

18 (2) The home telephone number of the new residence, if 19 known;

20 (3) The date of the intended move or proposed relocation;
21 (4) A brief statement of the specific reasons for the

22 proposed relocation of the child; [and]

23 (5) A proposal for a revised schedule of custody or
24 visitation with the child; and

25 (6) The other party's right, if that party is a parent, to
26 file a motion, pursuant to Section 452.377, RSMo, seeking an
27 order to prevent the relocation and an accompanying affidavit
28 setting forth the specific good-faith factual basis for opposing

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the relocation within thirty days of receipt of the notice.

Your obligation to provide this information to each party 2 3 continues as long as you or any other party by virtue of this order is entitled to custody of a child covered by this order. 4 Your failure to obey the order of this court regarding the 5 proposed relocation may result in further litigation to enforce 6 such order, including contempt of court. In addition, your 7 failure to notify a party of a relocation of the child may be 8 9 considered in a proceeding to modify custody or visitation with 10 the child. Reasonable costs and attorney fees may be assessed against you if you fail to give the required notice.". 11

13. A participant in the address confidentiality program 12 under section 589.663 shall not be required to provide a 13 14 requesting party with the specific physical or mailing address of 15 the child's proposed relocation destination, but in the event of 16 an objection by a requesting party, a participant may be required to submit such information under seal to the court for in camera 17 18 review. Prior to disclosure of this information, a court shall comply with the provisions of section 589.664. 19

14. Violation of the provisions of this section or a court order under this section may be deemed a change of circumstance under section 452.410, allowing the court to modify the prior custody decree. In addition, the court may utilize any and all powers relating to contempt conferred on it by law or rule of the Missouri supreme court.

15. Any party who objects in good faith to the relocation of a child's principal residence shall not be ordered to pay the costs and attorney's fees of the party seeking to relocate.

1 454.507. 1. In addition to the authority of the division 2 to request information pursuant to section 454.440, the division 3 may request information from financial institutions pursuant to 4 this section.

5

2. As used in this section:

6 (1) "Account" includes a demand deposit, checking or
7 negotiable withdrawal order account, savings account, time
8 deposit account or money market mutual fund account, or
9 <u>individual retirement account qualified pursuant to Section 408</u>
10 or 408A of the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (2) "Encumbered assets", the noncustodial parent's interest

12 in an account which is encumbered by a lien arising by operation 13 of law or otherwise;

14

(3) "Financial institution" includes:

(a) A depository institution as defined in Section 3(c) of
the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. Section 1813(c));

(b) An institution affiliated party as defined in Section 3(u) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. Section 1813(u));

(c) Any federal credit union or state credit union, as
defined in Section 101 of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C.
Section 1752), including an institution affiliated party of such
a credit union as defined in Section 206(r) of the Federal Credit
Union Act (12 U.S.C. Section 1786(r)); or

(d) Any benefit association, insurance company, safe
deposit company, money market fund or similar entity authorized
to do business in the state.

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3. The division and each financial institution doing

business in this state shall enter into [agreements with 1 financial institutions] an agreement to develop and operate a 2 data match system which uses automated exchanges to the maximum 3 extent feasible, unless the financial institution does business 4 in two or more states and enters into an agreement with the 5 6 federal Office of Child Support Enforcement to effectuate a data 7 match. Such agreements shall require the financial institution to provide to the division, for each calendar guarter, the name, 8 9 record address, Social Security number or other taxpayer 10 identification number, and other identifying information of each 11 noncustodial parent who maintains an account at such institution 12 and who owes past due support, as identified by the division by 13 name and Social Security number or other taxpayer identification 14 number. The financial institution shall only provide such information stated in this subsection that is readily available 15 16 through existing data systems, and as such data systems are 17 enhanced, solely at the financial institution's discretion and 18 for its business purposes, the financial institution shall 19 provide any original and additional information which becomes 20 readily available for any new data match request.

4. The division shall pay a reasonable fee to the financial
institution for conducting the data match pursuant to this
section, but such amount shall not exceed the costs incurred by
the financial institution.

5. The division or a IV-D agency may issue liens against any account in a financial institution and may release such liens.

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6. (1) If a notice of lien is received from the division

or a IV-D agency, the financial institution shall immediately 1 encumber the assets held by such institution on behalf of any 2 noncustodial parent who is subject to such lien. However, if the 3 4 account is in the name of a noncustodial parent and such parent's 5 spouse or parent, the financial institution at its discretion may not encumber the assets and when it elects not to encumber such 6 7 assets, shall so notify the division or IV-D agency. The amount of assets to be encumbered shall be stated in the notice and 8 9 shall not exceed the amount of unpaid support due at the time of 10 The financial institution shall, within ten business issuance. days of receipt of a notice of lien, notify the division or IV-D 11 12 agency of the financial institution's response to the notice of lien. 13

14 (2)Within ten business days of notification by the 15 financial institution that assets have been encumbered, the 16 division or IV-D agency shall notify by mail the noncustodial parent of the issuance of the lien and the reasons for such 17 The notice shall advise the noncustodial parent of the 18 issuance. 19 procedures to contest such lien pursuant to section 454.475 by 20 requesting a hearing within thirty days from the date the notice 21 was mailed by the division to the noncustodial parent.

7. (1) Except as provided in subsection 6 of this section, the interest of the noncustodial parent shall be presumed equal to all other joint owners, unless at least one of the joint owners provides the division or IV-D agency with a true copy of a written agreement entered prior to the date of issuance of notice of lien, or other clear and convincing evidence regarding the various ownership interests of the joint owners within [twenty]

<u>thirty</u> days of the [financial institution's] division's or IV-D agency's mailing of the notice [of lien] to the noncustodial parent. The financial institution shall only encumber the amount presumed to belong to the noncustodial parent. The division or IV-D agency may proceed to issue an order for the amount in the account presumed to belong to the noncustodial parent if no prior written agreement or other evidence is provided.

8 If a prior written agreement or other clear and (2)9 convincing evidence is furnished to the division, and based on 10 such agreement or evidence the division or IV-D agency determines 11 that the interest of the noncustodial parent is less than the 12 presumed amount, the division or IV-D agency shall amend the lien 13 to reflect the amount in the account belonging to the noncustodial parent or shall release the lien if the noncustodial 14 15 parent has no interest in the account. In no event shall the 16 division or IV-D agency obtain more than the presumed amount of 17 the account without a judicial determination that a greater 18 amount of the account belongs to the noncustodial parent. The division or IV-D agency may by levy and execution on a judgment 19 20 in a court of competent jurisdiction seek to obtain an amount 21 greater than the amount presumed to belong to the noncustodial 22 parent upon proof that the noncustodial parent's interest is 23 greater than the amount presumed pursuant to this subsection.

(3) For purposes of this subsection, accounts are not joint accounts when the noncustodial parent has no legal right to the funds, but is either a contingent owner or agent. Such nonjoint accounts shall include, but are not limited to, a pay-on-death account or any other account in which the noncustodial parent

owner may act as agent by a power of attorney or otherwise.
Furthermore, when any account naming the noncustodial parent has
not been disclosed to the noncustodial parent which is evidenced
by a signature card or other deposit agreement not containing the
signature of such noncustodial parent, then for the purposes of
this subsection, such account shall not be treated as a joint
account.

8 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a 9 financial institution shall not encumber any account of less than 10 one hundred dollars.

11 8. Upon service of an order to surrender issued pursuant to 12 this section, any financial institution in possession of a 13 jointly owned account may interplead such property as otherwise 14 provided by law.

15 9. Any other joint owner may petition a court of competent 16 jurisdiction for a determination that the interests of the joint owners are disproportionate. The party filing the petition shall 17 have the burden of proof on such a claim. If subject to the 18 19 jurisdiction of the court, all persons owning affected accounts 20 with a noncustodial parent shall be made parties to any 21 proceeding to determine the respective interests of the joint 22 The court shall enter an appropriate order determining owners. 23 the various interests of each of the joint owners and authorizing 24 payment against the obligor's share for satisfaction of the child 25 support or maintenance obligation.

10. The court may assess costs and reasonable attorney's fees against the noncustodial parent if the court determines that the noncustodial parent has an interest in the affected joint

1 account.

11. The division may order the financial institution to surrender all or part of the encumbered assets. The order shall not issue until sixty days after the notice of lien is sent to the financial institution. The financial institution shall, within seven days of receipt of the order, pay the encumbered amount as directed in the order to surrender.

8 12. A financial institution shall not be liable pursuant to 9 any state or federal law, including 42 U.S.C. Section 669A, to 10 any person for:

11 (1) Any disclosure of information to the division pursuant 12 to this section;

13 (2) Encumbering or surrendering any assets held by the 14 financial institution in response to a lien or order pursuant to 15 this section and notwithstanding any other provisions in this 16 section to the contrary, encumbering or surrendering assets from 17 any account in the financial institution connected in any way to 18 the noncustodial parent; or

19 (3) Any other action taken in good faith to comply with the20 requirements of this section.

A financial institution that fails without due cause to 21 13. 22 comply with a notice of lien or order to surrender issued 23 pursuant to this section shall be liable for the amount of the 24 encumbered assets and the division may bring an action against 25 the financial institution in circuit court for such amount. For purposes of this subsection, "due cause" shall include, but not 26 27 be limited to, when a financial institution demonstrates to a 28 court of competent jurisdiction that the institution established

in good faith a routine to comply with the requirements of this section and that one or more transactions to enforce the lien or order to surrender were not completed due to an accidental error, a misplaced computer entry, or other accidental human or mechanical problems.

6 454.600. As used in sections 454.600 to 454.645, the 7 following terms mean:

8 (1) "Court", any circuit court establishing a support 9 obligation pursuant to an action under this chapter, chapter 210, 10 chapter 211 or chapter 452;

11 (2) "Director", the director of the family support division 12 of the department of social services;

13 (3) "Division", the family support division of the14 department of social services;

15 (4) "Employer", any individual, organization, agency,16 business or corporation hiring an obligor for pay;

17 "Health benefit plan", any benefit plan or combination (5) 18 of plans [, other than public assistance programs,] providing medical or dental care or benefits through insurance or 19 20 otherwise, including but not limited to, health service corporations, as defined in section 354.010; prepaid dental 21 plans, as defined in section 354.700; health maintenance 22 23 organization plans, as defined in section 354.400; and 24 self-insurance plans, to the extent allowed by federal law;

25 (6) "Minor child", a child for whom a support obligation 26 exists under law;

(7) "Obligee", a person to whom a duty of support is owedor a person, including any division of the department of social

services, who has commenced a proceeding for enforcement of an alleged duty of support or for registration of a support order, regardless of whether the person to whom a duty of support is owed is a recipient of public assistance;

5 (8) "Obligor", a person owing a duty of support or against 6 whom a proceeding for the enforcement of a duty of support or 7 registration of a support order is commenced;

8 (9) "IV-D case", a case in which support rights have been 9 assigned to the state of Missouri pursuant to section 208.040, or 10 in which the family support division is providing support 11 enforcement services pursuant to section 454.425.

12 454.603. 1. At any state of a proceeding in which the 13 circuit court or the division has jurisdiction to establish or 14 modify an order for child support, including but not limited to 15 actions brought pursuant to this chapter, chapters 210, 211, and 16 452, the court or the division shall determine whether to require 17 a parent to provide medical care for the child through a health 18 benefit plan.

19 2. [With or without the agreement of the parents,] The 20 court or the division may require that a child be covered under a 21 health benefit plan that is accessible to the child. Such a 22 requirement shall be imposed in any IV-D case. The court or division shall require that a child be covered under a private 23 24 health benefit plan whenever such a health benefit plan is available at reasonable cost through a parent's employer or union 25 26 [or in any IV-D case]. If [such] a private health benefit plan is not available at reasonable cost through an employer or union 27 28 [and the case is not a IV-D case], the court, in determining

whether to require a parent to provide such coverage, shall consider:

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(1) The best interests of the child;

4 (2) The child's present and anticipated needs for medical5 care;

6 (3) The financial ability of the parents to afford the cost 7 of a health benefit plan; and

8 (4) The extent to which the cost of the health benefit plan 9 is subsidized or reduced by participation on a group basis or 10 otherwise.

3. To the extent that such options are available under the terms of the health benefit plan, an order may specify required terms of the health benefit plan, including:

14 (1) Minimum required policy limits;

15 (2) Minimum required coverage;

16 (3) Maximum terms for deductibles or required co-payments; 17 or

(4) Other significant terms, including, but not limited to,
any provision required for a health benefit plan under the
federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as
amended.

4. If the child is not covered by a <u>private</u> health benefit plan but such a plan is available to one of the parents <u>at a</u> <u>reasonable cost</u>, the court or the division shall order that coverage under the health benefit plan be provided for the child<u>,</u> unless there is available to the other parent a <u>private</u> health benefit plan with comparable or better benefits at comparable or reduced cost. If <u>private</u> health benefit plans are available to

both parents upon terms which provide comparable benefits and costs, the court or the division shall determine which health benefit plan, if any, shall be required, giving due regard to the possible advantages of each plan.

5 5. The court shall require the obligor to be liable for all 6 or a portion of the medical or dental expenses of the minor child 7 that are not covered by the required health benefit plan coverage 8 if:

9 (1) The court finds that the health benefit plan coverage 10 required to be obtained by the obligor or available to the 11 obligee does not pay all the reasonable and necessary medical or 12 dental expenses of the minor child; and

13 (2) The court finds that the obligor has the financial 14 resources to contribute to the payment of these medical or dental 15 expenses; and

16 (3) The court finds the obligee has substantially complied17 with the terms of the health benefit coverage.

6. The cost of health benefit plan employee contributions or premiums shall not be a direct offset to child support awards established pursuant to this chapter, chapters 210, 211, and 452, but it shall be considered when determining the amount of child support to be paid by the obligor.

7. If two or more health benefit plans are available to one or both parents that are complementary to one another or are compatible as primary and secondary coverage for the child, the court or the division may order each parent to maintain one or more health benefit plans for the child.

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8. Prior to terminating enrollment in a health benefit plan

or changing from one health benefit plan to another,
consideration by the court or division shall be given to the
child's medical condition and best interests and whether there is
reason to believe that a new health benefit plan would omit or
limit benefits because of a preexisting condition.

6 9. An abatement of a parent's child support obligation 7 shall not automatically abate that parent's duty to provide for the child's health care needs. Unless an order of the court or 8 9 the division specifically provides for abatement or termination 10 of health care coverage, an order to maintain health benefits or otherwise provide for a child's health care needs shall continue 11 12 in force until further order of the court or the division, or until the child's right to parental support terminates. 13

14 513.430. 1. The following property shall be exempt from 15 attachment and execution to the extent of any person's interest 16 therein:

(1) Household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for personal, family or household use of such person or a dependent of such person, not to exceed three thousand dollars in value in the aggregate;

(2) A wedding ring not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars in value and other jewelry held primarily for the personal, family or household use of such person or a dependent of such person, not to exceed five hundred dollars in value in the aggregate;

27 (3) Any other property of any kind, not to exceed in value28 six hundred dollars in the aggregate;

1 (4) Any implements or professional books or tools of the 2 trade of such person or the trade of a dependent of such person 3 not to exceed three thousand dollars in value in the aggregate;

4 (5) Any motor vehicles, not to exceed three thousand
5 dollars in value in the aggregate;

6 (6) Any mobile home used as the principal residence but not 7 attached to real property in which the debtor has a fee interest, 8 not to exceed five thousand dollars in value;

9 (7) Any one or more unmatured life insurance contracts 10 owned by such person, other than a credit life insurance 11 contract, and up to fifteen thousand dollars of any matured life 12 insurance proceeds for actual funeral, cremation, or burial 13 expenses where the deceased is the spouse, child, or parent of 14 the beneficiary;

15 (8) The amount of any accrued dividend or interest under, 16 or loan value of, any one or more unmatured life insurance contracts owned by such person under which the insured is such 17 18 person or an individual of whom such person is a dependent; 19 provided, however, that if proceedings under Title 11 of the 20 United States Code are commenced by or against such person, the 21 amount exempt in such proceedings shall not exceed in value one 22 hundred fifty thousand dollars in the aggregate less any amount 23 of property of such person transferred by the life insurance company or fraternal benefit society to itself in good faith if 24 25 such transfer is to pay a premium or to carry out a nonforfeiture insurance option and is required to be so transferred 26 automatically under a life insurance contract with such company 27 28 or society that was entered into before commencement of such

proceedings. No amount of any accrued dividend or interest under, or loan value of, any such life insurance contracts shall be exempt from any claim for child support. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, no such amount shall be exempt in such proceedings under any such insurance contract which was purchased by such person within one year prior to the commencement of such proceedings;

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(9) Professionally prescribed health aids for such person or a dependent of such person;

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(10) Such person's right to receive:

11 (a) A Social Security benefit, unemployment compensation or 12 a public assistance benefit;

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(b) A veteran's benefit;

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(c) A disability, illness or unemployment benefit;

15 (d) Alimony, support or separate maintenance, not to exceed 16 seven hundred fifty dollars a month;

17 Any payment under a stock bonus plan, pension plan, (e) disability or death benefit plan, profit-sharing plan, nonpublic 18 19 retirement plan or any plan described, defined, or established 20 pursuant to section 456.014, the person's right to a participant 21 account in any deferred compensation program offered by the state 22 of Missouri or any of its political subdivisions, or annuity or 23 similar plan or contract on account of illness, disability, death, age or length of service, to the extent reasonably 24 25 necessary for the support of such person and any dependent of 26 such person unless:

a. Such plan or contract was established by or under theauspices of an insider that employed such person at the time such

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person's rights under such plan or contract arose;

2 b. Such payment is on account of age or length of service;3 and

4 c. Such plan or contract does not qualify under Section
5 401(a), 403(a), 403(b), 408, 408A or 409 of the Internal Revenue
6 Code of 1986, as amended, (26 U.S.C. Section 401(a), 403(a),
7 403(b), 408, 408A or 409);

8

9 except that any such payment to any person shall be subject to 10 attachment or execution pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order, as defined by Section 414(p) of the Internal 11 12 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, issued by a court in any proceeding for dissolution of marriage or legal separation or a 13 proceeding for disposition of property following dissolution of 14 marriage by a court which lacked personal jurisdiction over the 15 16 absent spouse or lacked jurisdiction to dispose of marital property at the time of the original judgment of dissolution; 17

Any money or assets, payable to a participant or 18 (f) 19 beneficiary from, or any interest of any participant or 20 beneficiary in, a retirement plan, profit-sharing plan, health 21 savings plan, or similar plan, including an inherited account or 22 plan, that is qualified under Section 401(a), 403(a), 403(b), 23 408, 408A or 409 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, whether such participant's or beneficiary's interest 24 25 arises by inheritance, designation, appointment, or otherwise, except as provided in this paragraph. Any plan or arrangement 26 described in this paragraph shall not be exempt from the claim of 27 28 an alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order;

however, the interest of any and all alternate payees under a 1 2 qualified domestic relations order shall be exempt from any and 3 all claims of any creditor, other than the state of Missouri 4 through its department of social services. As used in this 5 paragraph, the terms "alternate payee" and "qualified domestic relations order" have the meaning given to them in Section 414(p) 6 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. If proceedings 7 under Title 11 of the United States Code are commenced by or 8 9 against such person, no amount of funds shall be exempt in such 10 proceedings under any such plan, contract, or trust which is fraudulent as defined in subsection 2 of section 428.024 and for 11 12 the period such person participated within three years prior to the commencement of such proceedings. For the purposes of this 13 14 section, when the fraudulently conveyed funds are recovered and 15 after, such funds shall be deducted and then treated as though 16 the funds had never been contributed to the plan, contract, or 17 trust;

18 (11) The debtor's right to receive, or property that is 19 traceable to, a payment on account of the wrongful death of an 20 individual of whom the debtor was a dependent, to the extent 21 reasonably necessary for the support of the debtor and any 22 dependent of the debtor;

(12) Firearms, firearm accessories, and ammunition, not to
 exceed one thousand five hundred dollars in value in the
 aggregate.

Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to exempt
 from attachment or execution for a valid judicial or
 administrative order for the payment of child support or

maintenance any money or assets, payable to a participant or beneficiary from, or any interest of any participant or beneficiary in, a retirement plan which is qualified pursuant to [Section] Sections 408 and 408A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

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566.147. 1. Any person who, since July 1, 1979, has been or hereafter has been found guilty of:

8 (1)Violating any of the provisions of this chapter or the 9 provisions of section 568.020, incest; section 568.045, endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree; 10 subsection 2 of section 568.080 as it existed prior to January 1, 11 12 2017, or section 573.200, use of a child in a sexual performance; 13 section 568.090 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, or 14 section 573.205, promoting a sexual performance by a child; 15 section 573.023, sexual exploitation of a minor; section 573.025, 16 promoting child pornography in the first degree; section 573.035, 17 promoting child pornography in the second degree; section 18 573.037, possession of child pornography, or section 573.040, 19 furnishing pornographic material to minors; or

20 (2) Any offense in any other jurisdiction which, if 21 committed in this state, would be a violation listed in this 22 section;

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shall not reside within one thousand feet of any public school as defined in section 160.011, any private school giving instruction in a grade or grades not higher than the twelfth grade, or any child care facility that is licensed under chapter 210, or any child care facility as defined in section 210.201 that is exempt

from state licensure but subject to state regulation under section 210.252 and holds itself out to be a child care facility, where the school or facility is in existence at the time the individual begins to reside at the location. Such person shall also not reside within one thousand feet of the property line of the residence of a former victim of such person.

7 2. If such person has already established a residence and a public school, a private school, or child care facility is 8 9 subsequently built or placed within one thousand feet of such 10 person's residence, or a former victim subsequently resides on 11 property with a property line within one thousand feet of such 12 person's residence, then such person shall, within one week of the opening of such public school, private school, or child care 13 14 facility, or the former victim residing on the property, notify 15 the county sheriff where such public school, private school, 16 child care facility, or residence of a former victim is located that he or she is now residing within one thousand feet of such 17 public school, private school, child care facility, or property 18 line of the residence of a former victim, and shall provide 19 20 verifiable proof to the sheriff that he or she resided there 21 prior to the opening of such public school, private school, or 22 child care facility, or the former victim residing on the 23 property.

3. For purposes of this section, "resides" means sleeps in a residence, which may include more than one location and may be mobile or transitory, but shall not include transitory or longer term presence in facilities licensed under chapters 197 and 198 for purposes of receiving care, treatment, or services from such

1 licensed facility.

4. For the purposes of the section, one thousand feet shall
be measured from the edge of the offender's property nearest the
public school, private school, child care facility, or former
victim to the nearest edge of the public school, private school,
child care facility, or former victim's property.

5. Violation of the provisions of subsection 1 of this section is a class E felony except that the second or any subsequent violation is a class B felony. Violation of the provisions of subsection 2 of this section is a class A misdemeanor except that the second or subsequent violation is a class E felony.

13 567.020. 1. A person commits the offense of prostitution 14 if he or she engages in or offers or agrees to engage in sexual 15 conduct with another person in return for something of value to 16 be received by any person.

17 2. The offense of prostitution is a class B misdemeanor 18 unless the person knew prior to performing the act of 19 prostitution that he or she was infected with HIV in which case 20 prostitution is a class B felony. The use of condoms is not a 21 defense to this offense.

3. As used in this section, "HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus that causes acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.

4. The judge may order a drug and alcohol abuse treatment
program for any person found guilty of prostitution, either after
trial or upon a plea of guilty, before sentencing. For the class
B misdemeanor offense, upon the successful completion of such

program by the defendant, the court may at its discretion allow 1 2 the defendant to withdraw the plea of guilty or reverse the 3 verdict and enter a judgment of not guilty. For the class B 4 felony offense, the court shall not allow the defendant to 5 withdraw the plea of guilty or reverse the verdict and enter a judgment of not guilty. The judge, however, has discretion to 6 7 take into consideration successful completion of a drug or alcohol treatment program in determining the defendant's 8 9 sentence.

10 5. In addition to the affirmative defense provided in subsection 2 of section 566.223, it shall be an affirmative 11 12 defense to prosecution pursuant to this section that the 13 defendant was under the age of eighteen and was acting under the 14 coercion, as defined in section 566.200, of an agent at the time 15 of the offense charged. In such cases where the defendant was under the age of eighteen, the defendant shall be classified as a 16 victim of abuse, as defined under section 210.110, and such abuse 17 shall be reported, as required under section 210.115. 18 19 567.050. 1. A person commits the offense of promoting 20 prostitution in the first degree if he or she knowingly: 21 Promotes prostitution by compelling a person to enter (1)into, engage in, or remain in prostitution; [or] 22 23 (2)Promotes prostitution of a person less than sixteen 24 years of age; or

25 (3) Owns, manages, or operates an interactive computer
26 service, or conspires or attempts to do so, with the intent to
27 promote or facilitate the prostitution of another. As used in
28 this subdivision, the term "interactive computer service" shall

mean: any information service, system, or access software 1 2 provider that provides or enables computer access by multiple 3 users to a computer server, including specifically a service or system that provides access to the internet and such systems 4 5 operated or services offered by libraries or educational 6 institutions. The term "compelling" includes: 7 2. The use of forcible compulsion; 8 (1)9 (2)The use of a drug or intoxicating substance to render a 10 person incapable of controlling his conduct or appreciating its 11 nature; 12 Withholding or threatening to withhold dangerous drugs (3)or a narcotic from a drug dependent person. 13 (1) The offense of promoting prostitution in the first 14 3. degree under subdivision (1) or (3) of subsection 1 of this 15 16 section is a class B felony. 17 (2) The offense of promoting prostitution in the first degree under subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section is a 18 19 class A felony if a person acts in reckless disregard of the fact 20 that such conduct contributed to the offense of trafficking for 21 the purposes of sexual exploitation under section 566.209. 22 The offense of promoting prostitution in the first (3) 23 degree under subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section is a 24 felony punishable by a term of imprisonment not less than ten 25 years and not to exceed fifteen years. 26 4. A person injured by the acts committed in violation of subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section or subdivision 27 28 (2) of subsection 3 of this section shall have a civil cause of

1 <u>action to recover damages and reasonable attorneys' fees for such</u> 2 <u>injury.</u>

3 5. In addition to the court's authority to order a defendant to make restitution for the damage or loss caused by 4 5 his or her offense as provided in section 559.105, the court 6 shall enter a judgment of restitution against the defendant 7 convicted of violating subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section and subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section. 8 9 578.421. As used in sections 578.421 to 578.437, the 10 following terms mean:

(1) "Criminal street gang", any ongoing organization, association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having as one of its primary activities the commission of one or more of the criminal acts enumerated in subdivision (2) of this section, which has a common name or common identifying sign or symbol, whose members individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal gang activity;

18 (2) "Pattern of criminal street gang activity", the 19 commission, attempted commission, or solicitation of two or more 20 of the following offenses, provided at least one of those 21 offenses occurred after August 28, 1993, and the last of those 22 offenses occurred within three years after a prior offense, and 23 the offenses are committed on separate occasions, or by two or 24 more persons:

(a) Assault with a deadly weapon or by means of force
likely to cause serious physical injury, as provided in sections
565.050 and 565.052;

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(b) Robbery, arson and those offenses under chapter 569

1 which are related to robbery and arson;

2 (c) Murder or manslaughter, as provided in sections 565.020
3 to 565.024;

4 (d) Any violation of the provisions of chapter 579 which
5 involves the distribution, delivery or manufacture of a substance
6 prohibited by chapter 579;

- 7 (e) Unlawful use of a weapon which is a felony pursuant to 8 section 571.030; [or]
- 9 (f) Tampering with witnesses and victims, as provided in 10 section 575.270;
- 11 (g) Promoting online sexual solicitation, as provided in 12 section 566.103;
- 13 (h) Sexual trafficking of a child in the first degree, as 14 provided in section 566.210;
- 15 (i) Sexual trafficking of a child in the second degree, as 16 provided in section 566.211;
- 17 (j) Patronizing prostitution, as provided in subsection 4 18 of section 567.030;
- 19 <u>(k) Promoting prostitution in the first degree, as provided</u>
 20 <u>in section 567.050;</u>
- 21 (1) Promoting prostitution in the second degree, as
- 22 provided in section 567.060;
- 23 (m) Abuse or neglect of a child, as provided in subsection
 24 6 of section 568.060;
- 25 (n) Sexual exploitation of a minor, as provided in section
 26 <u>573.023;</u>
- 27 (o) Child used in sexual performance, as provided in
 28 section 573.200; or

1 (p) Promoting sexual performance by a child, as provided in 2 section 573.205.

3 578.423. Any person who actively participates in any 4 criminal street gang with knowledge that its members engage in or 5 have engaged in a pattern of criminal street gang activity, and who willfully promotes, furthers, or assists in any felonious 6 7 criminal conduct by gang members shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not to exceed one 8 9 year, or by imprisonment in a state correctional facility for 10 one, two, or three years. [For any person between the ages of fourteen and seventeen who is alleged to have violated the 11 12 provisions of sections 578.421 to 578.437 the prosecuting 13 attorney or circuit attorney may move for dismissal of a petition 14 and transfer to a court of general jurisdiction.]

15 610.131. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 16 610.140 to the contrary, [an individual] a person who at the time of the offense was under the age of eighteen, and has pleaded 17 quilty or has been convicted for the offense of prostitution 18 under section 567.020 may apply to the court in which he or she 19 20 pled guilty or was sentenced for an order to expunge from all 21 official records all recordations of his or her arrest, plea, trial, or conviction. If the court determines [, after a 22 23 hearing, that such person was under the age of eighteen or was 24 acting under the coercion, as defined in section 566.200, of an 25 agent when committing the offense that resulted in a plea of quilty or conviction under section 567.020, the court shall enter 26 an order of expungement. 27

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2. Upon granting of the order of expungement, the records

and files maintained in any administrative or court proceeding in 1 an associate or circuit division of the circuit court under this 2 3 section shall be confidential and only available to the parties 4 or by order of the court for good cause shown. The effect of 5 such order shall be to restore such person to the status he or 6 she occupied prior to such arrest, plea, or conviction and as if 7 such event had never taken place. No person as to whom such order has been entered shall be held thereafter under any 8 9 provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving 10 a false statement by reason of his or her failure to recite or acknowledge such arrest, plea, trial, conviction, or expungement 11 12 in response to any inquiry made of him or her for any purpose whatsoever and no such inquiry shall be made for information 13 14 relating to an expungement under this section.

15 Section B. Because of the necessity of securing the safety 16 and welfare of children being cared for in certain child care facilities, the repeal and reenactment of sections 210.221 and 17 18 566.147 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate 19 preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and 20 is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of 21 the constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of sections 210.221 and 566.147 of this act shall be in full force and effect 22 23 upon its passage and approval.

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29 Representative Mary Elizabeth Coleman Senator Jeanie Riddle