FIRST REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

HOUSE BILL NO. 705

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE HELMS.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 193.015, 195.100, 334.037, 334.104, 334.108, 334.735, 334.736, 334.747, 334.749, 337.050, 338.010, 630.175, and 630.875, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof fourteen new sections relating to professional registration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 193.015, 195.100, 334.037, 334.104, 334.108, 334.735, 334.736, 334.747, 334.749, 337.050, 338.010, 630.175, and 630.875, RSMo, are repealed and fourteen 2 new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 193.015, 195.100, 324.035, 3 334.037, 334.104, 334.108, 334.735, 334.736, 334.747, 334.749, 337.050, 338.010, 630.175, and 4 5 630.875, to read as follows: 193.015. As used in sections 193.005 to 193.325, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following terms shall mean: 2 3 (1) "Advanced practice registered nurse", a person licensed to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse under chapter 335, and who has been delegated tasks outlined in section 4 5 193.145 by a physician with whom they have entered into a collaborative practice arrangement under chapter 334; 6 7 (2) "Assistant physician", as such term is defined in section 334.036, and who has been delegated tasks outlined in section 193.145 by a physician with whom they have entered into a 8 9 collaborative practice arrangement under chapter 334; 10 (3) "Dead body", a human body or such parts of such human body from the condition of which it reasonably may be concluded that death recently occurred; 11

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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(4) "Department", the department of health and senior services;

(5) "Final disposition", the burial, interment, cremation, removal from the state, or other
authorized disposition of a dead body or fetus;

(6) "Institution", any establishment, public or private, which provides inpatient or
 outpatient medical, surgical, or diagnostic care or treatment or nursing, custodian, or domiciliary
 care, or to which persons are committed by law;

18 (7) "Live birth", the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a child, 19 irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, which after such expulsion or extraction, breathes or 20 shows any other evidence of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or 21 definite movement of voluntary muscles, whether or not the umbilical cord has been cut or the 22 placenta is attached;

(8) "Physician", a person authorized or licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy
 pursuant to chapter 334;

(9) "Physician assistant", a person licensed to practice as a physician assistant pursuant
to chapter 334, and who has been delegated tasks outlined in section 193.145 by a physician with
whom they have entered into a [supervision agreement] collaborative practice arrangement
under chapter 334;

(10) "Spontaneous fetal death", a noninduced death prior to the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a fetus, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy; the death is indicated by the fact that after such expulsion or extraction the fetus does not breathe or show any other evidence of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles;

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(11) "State registrar", state registrar of vital statistics of the state of Missouri;

(12) "System of vital statistics", the registration, collection, preservation, amendment and
certification of vital records; the collection of other reports required by sections 193.005 to
193.325 and section 194.060; and activities related thereto including the tabulation, analysis and
publication of vital statistics;

(13) "Vital records", certificates or reports of birth, death, marriage, dissolution of
 marriage and data related thereto;

(14) "Vital statistics", the data derived from certificates and reports of birth, death,
spontaneous fetal death, marriage, dissolution of marriage and related reports.

195.100. 1. It shall be unlawful to distribute any controlled substance in a commercial
container unless such container bears a label containing an identifying symbol for such substance
in accordance with federal laws.

2. It shall be unlawful for any manufacturer of any controlled substance to distribute such
substance unless the labeling thereof conforms to the requirements of federal law and contains
the identifying symbol required in subsection 1 of this section.

3. The label of a controlled substance in Schedule II, III or IV shall, when dispensed to
or for a patient, contain a clear, concise warning that it is a criminal offense to transfer such
narcotic or dangerous drug to any person other than the patient.

4. Whenever a manufacturer sells or dispenses a controlled substance and whenever a wholesaler sells or dispenses a controlled substance in a package prepared by him or her, the manufacturer or wholesaler shall securely affix to each package in which that drug is contained a label showing in legible English the name and address of the vendor and the quantity, kind, and form of controlled substance contained therein. No person except a pharmacist for the purpose of filling a prescription under this chapter, shall alter, deface, or remove any label so affixed.

16 5. Whenever a pharmacist or practitioner sells or dispenses any controlled substance on 17 a prescription issued by a physician, physician assistant, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, or advanced practice registered nurse, the pharmacist or practitioner shall affix to the container in 18 19 which such drug is sold or dispensed a label showing his or her own name and address of the 20 pharmacy or practitioner for whom he or she is lawfully acting; the name of the patient or, if the 21 patient is an animal, the name of the owner of the animal and the species of the animal; the name 22 of the physician assistant, dentist, podiatrist, advanced practice registered nurse, or 23 veterinarian by whom the prescription was written; the name of the collaborating physician if the 24 prescription is written by an advanced practice registered nurse or [the supervising physician if 25 the prescription is written by a physician assistant, and such directions as may be stated on the prescription. No person shall alter, deface, or remove any label so affixed. 26

324.035. No board, commission, or committee within the division of professional 2 registration shall utilize occupational fees, or any other fees associated with licensing 3 requirements, or contract or partner with any outside vendor or agency for the purpose

4 of offering continuing education classes.

334.037. 1. A physician may enter into collaborative practice arrangements with assistant physicians. Collaborative practice arrangements shall be in the form of written agreements, jointly agreed-upon protocols, or standing orders for the delivery of health care services. Collaborative practice arrangements, which shall be in writing, may delegate to an assistant physician the authority to administer or dispense drugs and provide treatment as long as the delivery of such health care services is within the scope of practice of the assistant physician and is consistent with that assistant physician's skill, training, and competence and the skill and training of the collaborating physician.

9 2. The written collaborative practice arrangement shall contain at least the following 10 provisions:

11 (1) Complete names, home and business addresses, zip codes, and telephone numbers 12 of the collaborating physician and the assistant physician;

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(2) A list of all other offices or locations besides those listed in subdivision (1) of this 14 subsection where the collaborating physician authorized the assistant physician to prescribe;

15 (3) A requirement that there shall be posted at every office where the assistant physician is authorized to prescribe, in collaboration with a physician, a prominently displayed disclosure 16 17 statement informing patients that they may be seen by an assistant physician and have the right to see the collaborating physician; 18

19 All specialty or board certifications of the collaborating physician and all (4) 20 certifications of the assistant physician;

21 (5) The manner of collaboration between the collaborating physician and the assistant 22 physician, including how the collaborating physician and the assistant physician shall:

23 (a) Engage in collaborative practice consistent with each professional's skill, training, 24 education, and competence;

25 (b) Maintain geographic proximity; except, the collaborative practice arrangement may 26 allow for geographic proximity to be waived for a maximum of twenty-eight days per calendar year for rural health clinics as defined by Pub. L. 95-210 (42 U.S.C. Section 1395x), as amended, 27 28 as long as the collaborative practice arrangement includes alternative plans as required in 29 paragraph (c) of this subdivision. Such exception to geographic proximity shall apply only to 30 independent rural health clinics, provider-based rural health clinics if the provider is a critical access hospital as provided in 42 U.S.C. Section 1395i-4, and provider-based rural health clinics 31 32 if the main location of the hospital sponsor is greater than fifty miles from the clinic. The 33 collaborating physician shall maintain documentation related to such requirement and present 34 it to the state board of registration for the healing arts when requested; and

35 (c) Provide coverage during absence, incapacity, infirmity, or emergency by the 36 collaborating physician;

37 (6) A description of the assistant physician's controlled substance prescriptive authority 38 in collaboration with the physician, including a list of the controlled substances the physician 39 authorizes the assistant physician to prescribe and documentation that it is consistent with each 40 professional's education, knowledge, skill, and competence;

41 (7) A list of all other written practice agreements of the collaborating physician and the 42 assistant physician;

43 (8) The duration of the written practice agreement between the collaborating physician and the assistant physician; 44

(9) A description of the time and manner of the collaborating physician's review of the assistant physician's delivery of health care services. The description shall include provisions that the assistant physician shall submit a minimum of ten percent of the charts documenting the assistant physician's delivery of health care services to the collaborating physician for review by the collaborating physician, or any other physician designated in the collaborative practice arrangement, every fourteen days; and

(10) The collaborating physician, or any other physician designated in the collaborative practice arrangement, shall review every fourteen days a minimum of twenty percent of the charts in which the assistant physician prescribes controlled substances. The charts reviewed under this subdivision may be counted in the number of charts required to be reviewed under subdivision (9) of this subsection.

3. The state board of registration for the healing arts under section 334.125 shall
promulgate rules regulating the use of collaborative practice arrangements for assistant
physicians. Such rules shall specify:

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(1) Geographic areas to be covered;

60 (2) The methods of treatment that may be covered by collaborative practice 61 arrangements;

62 (3) In conjunction with deans of medical schools and primary care residency program 63 directors in the state, the development and implementation of educational methods and programs 64 undertaken during the collaborative practice service which shall facilitate the advancement of 65 the assistant physician's medical knowledge and capabilities, and which may lead to credit 66 toward a future residency program for programs that deem such documented educational 67 achievements acceptable; and

68 (4) The requirements for review of services provided under collaborative practice69 arrangements, including delegating authority to prescribe controlled substances.

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71 Any rules relating to dispensing or distribution of medications or devices by prescription or 72 prescription drug orders under this section shall be subject to the approval of the state board of 73 pharmacy. Any rules relating to dispensing or distribution of controlled substances by prescription or prescription drug orders under this section shall be subject to the approval of the 74 75 department of health and senior services and the state board of pharmacy. The state board of 76 registration for the healing arts shall promulgate rules applicable to assistant physicians that shall 77 be consistent with guidelines for federally funded clinics. The rulemaking authority granted in 78 this subsection shall not extend to collaborative practice arrangements of hospital employees 79 providing inpatient care within hospitals as defined in chapter 197 or population-based public 80 health services as defined by 20 CSR 2150- 5.100 as of April 30, 2008.

4. The state board of registration for the healing arts shall not deny, revoke, suspend, or
otherwise take disciplinary action against a collaborating physician for health care services
delegated to an assistant physician provided the provisions of this section and the rules
promulgated thereunder are satisfied.

85 5. Within thirty days of any change and on each renewal, the state board of registration for the healing arts shall require every physician to identify whether the physician is engaged in 86 87 any collaborative practice arrangement, including collaborative practice arrangements delegating 88 the authority to prescribe controlled substances, and also report to the board the name of each 89 assistant physician with whom the physician has entered into such arrangement. The board may 90 make such information available to the public. The board shall track the reported information 91 and may routinely conduct random reviews of such arrangements to ensure that arrangements 92 are carried out for compliance under this chapter.

93 A collaborating physician [or supervising physician] shall not enter into a 6. 94 collaborative practice arrangement [or supervision agreement] with more than six full-time 95 equivalent assistant physicians, full-time equivalent physician assistants, or full-time equivalent 96 advance practice registered nurses, or any combination thereof. Such limitation shall not apply to collaborative arrangements of hospital employees providing inpatient care service in hospitals 97 98 as defined in chapter 197 or population-based public health services as defined by 20 CSR 2150-99 5.100 as of April 30, 2008, or to a certified registered nurse anesthetist providing anesthesia 100 services under the supervision of an anesthesiologist or other physician, dentist, or podiatrist who 101 is immediately available if needed as set out in subsection 7 of section 334.104.

102 7. The collaborating physician shall determine and document the completion of at least 103 a one-month period of time during which the assistant physician shall practice with the 104 collaborating physician continuously present before practicing in a setting where the 105 collaborating physician is not continuously present. No rule or regulation shall require the 106 collaborating physician to review more than ten percent of the assistant physician's patient charts 107 or records during such one-month period. Such limitation shall not apply to collaborative 108 arrangements of providers of population-based public health services as defined by 20 CSR 109 2150-5.100 as of April 30, 2008.

8. No agreement made under this section shall supersede current hospital licensing regulations governing hospital medication orders under protocols or standing orders for the purpose of delivering inpatient or emergency care within a hospital as defined in section 197.020 if such protocols or standing orders have been approved by the hospital's medical staff and pharmaceutical therapeutics committee.

9. No contract or other agreement shall require a physician to act as a collaboratingphysician for an assistant physician against the physician's will. A physician shall have the right

117 to refuse to act as a collaborating physician, without penalty, for a particular assistant physician.

118 No contract or other agreement shall limit the collaborating physician's ultimate authority over 119 any protocols or standing orders or in the delegation of the physician's authority to any assistant 120 physician, but such requirement shall not authorize a physician in implementing such protocols, 121 standing orders, or delegation to violate applicable standards for safe medical practice 122 established by a hospital's medical staff.

123 10. No contract or other agreement shall require any assistant physician to serve as a 124 collaborating assistant physician for any collaborating physician against the assistant physician's 125 will. An assistant physician shall have the right to refuse to collaborate, without penalty, with 126 a particular physician.

127 11. All collaborating physicians and assistant physicians in collaborative practice
128 arrangements shall wear identification badges while acting within the scope of their collaborative
129 practice arrangement. The identification badges shall prominently display the licensure status
130 of such collaborating physicians and assistant physicians.

131 12. (1) An assistant physician with a certificate of controlled substance prescriptive 132 authority as provided in this section may prescribe any controlled substance listed in Schedule 133 III, IV, or V of section 195.017, and may have restricted authority in Schedule II, when delegated 134 the authority to prescribe controlled substances in a collaborative practice arrangement. 135 Prescriptions for Schedule II medications prescribed by an assistant physician who has a 136 certificate of controlled substance prescriptive authority are restricted to only those medications 137 containing hydrocodone. Such authority shall be filed with the state board of registration for the healing arts. The collaborating physician shall maintain the right to limit a specific scheduled 138 139 drug or scheduled drug category that the assistant physician is permitted to prescribe. Any 140 limitations shall be listed in the collaborative practice arrangement. Assistant physicians shall 141 not prescribe controlled substances for themselves or members of their families. Schedule III 142 controlled substances and Schedule II - hydrocodone prescriptions shall be limited to a five-day 143 supply without refill, except that buprenorphine may be prescribed for up to a thirty-day supply 144 without refill for patients receiving medication-assisted treatment for substance use disorders 145 under the direction of the collaborating physician. Assistant physicians who are authorized to 146 prescribe controlled substances under this section shall register with the federal Drug 147 Enforcement Administration and the state bureau of narcotics and dangerous drugs, and shall 148 include the Drug Enforcement Administration registration number on prescriptions for controlled 149 substances.

(2) The collaborating physician shall be responsible to determine and document the
 completion of at least one hundred twenty hours in a four-month period by the assistant physician
 during which the assistant physician shall practice with the collaborating physician on-site prior

153 to prescribing controlled substances when the collaborating physician is not on-site. Such 154 limitation shall not apply to assistant physicians of population-based public health services as 155 defined in 20 CSR 2150-5.100 as of April 30, 2009, or assistant physicians providing opioid

156 addiction treatment.

(3) An assistant physician shall receive a certificate of controlled substance prescriptive
authority from the state board of registration for the healing arts upon verification of licensure
under section 334.036.

160 13. Nothing in this section or section 334.036 shall be construed to limit the authority 161 of hospitals or hospital medical staff to make employment or medical staff credentialing or 162 privileging decisions.

334.104. 1. A physician may enter into collaborative practice arrangements with registered professional nurses. Collaborative practice arrangements shall be in the form of written agreements, jointly agreed-upon protocols, or standing orders for the delivery of health care services. Collaborative practice arrangements, which shall be in writing, may delegate to a registered professional nurse the authority to administer or dispense drugs and provide treatment as long as the delivery of such health care services is within the scope of practice of the registered professional nurse and is consistent with that nurse's skill, training and competence.

9 2. Collaborative practice arrangements, which shall be in writing, may delegate to a 10 registered professional nurse the authority to administer, dispense or prescribe drugs and provide treatment if the registered professional nurse is an advanced practice registered nurse as defined 11 in subdivision (2) of section 335.016. Collaborative practice arrangements may delegate to an 12 13 advanced practice registered nurse, as defined in section 335.016, the authority to administer, dispense, or prescribe controlled substances listed in Schedules III, IV, and V of section 195.017, 14 15 and Schedule II - hydrocodone; except that, the collaborative practice arrangement shall not 16 delegate the authority to administer any controlled substances listed in Schedules III, IV, and V of section 195.017, or Schedule II - hydrocodone for the purpose of inducing sedation or general 17 anesthesia for therapeutic, diagnostic, or surgical procedures. Schedule III narcotic controlled 18 19 substance and Schedule II - hydrocodone prescriptions shall be limited to a one hundred twenty-20 hour supply without refill. Such collaborative practice arrangements shall be in the form of 21 written agreements, jointly agreed-upon protocols or standing orders for the delivery of health 22 care services. An advanced practice registered nurse may prescribe buprenorphine for up to a 23 thirty-day supply without refill for patients receiving medication-assisted treatment for substance 24 use disorders under the direction of the collaborating physician.

3. The written collaborative practice arrangement shall contain at least the followingprovisions:

(1) Complete names, home and business addresses, zip codes, and telephone numbersof the collaborating physician and the advanced practice registered nurse;

(2) A list of all other offices or locations besides those listed in subdivision (1) of this
 subsection where the collaborating physician authorized the advanced practice registered nurse
 to prescribe;

32 (3) A requirement that there shall be posted at every office where the advanced practice
33 registered nurse is authorized to prescribe, in collaboration with a physician, a prominently
34 displayed disclosure statement informing patients that they may be seen by an advanced practice
35 registered nurse and have the right to see the collaborating physician;

36 (4) All specialty or board certifications of the collaborating physician and all37 certifications of the advanced practice registered nurse;

(5) The manner of collaboration between the collaborating physician and the advanced
 practice registered nurse, including how the collaborating physician and the advanced practice
 registered nurse will:

41 (a) Engage in collaborative practice consistent with each professional's skill, training,
42 education, and competence;

43 (b) Maintain geographic proximity, except the collaborative practice arrangement may 44 allow for geographic proximity to be waived for a maximum of twenty-eight days per calendar year for rural health clinics as defined by P.L. 95-210, as long as the collaborative practice 45 46 arrangement includes alternative plans as required in paragraph (c) of this subdivision. This 47 exception to geographic proximity shall apply only to independent rural health clinics, providerbased rural health clinics where the provider is a critical access hospital as provided in 42 U.S.C. 48 Section 1395i-4, and provider-based rural health clinics where the main location of the hospital 49 sponsor is greater than fifty miles from the clinic. The collaborating physician is required to 50 51 maintain documentation related to this requirement and to present it to the state board of 52 registration for the healing arts when requested; and

53 (c) Provide coverage during absence, incapacity, infirmity, or emergency by the 54 collaborating physician;

6) A description of the advanced practice registered nurse's controlled substance prescriptive authority in collaboration with the physician, including a list of the controlled substances the physician authorizes the nurse to prescribe and documentation that it is consistent with each professional's education, knowledge, skill, and competence;

59 (7) A list of all other written practice agreements of the collaborating physician and the 60 advanced practice registered nurse;

61 (8) The duration of the written practice agreement between the collaborating physician62 and the advanced practice registered nurse;

63 (9) A description of the time and manner of the collaborating physician's review of the 64 advanced practice registered nurse's delivery of health care services. The description shall 65 include provisions that the advanced practice registered nurse shall submit a minimum of ten 66 percent of the charts documenting the advanced practice registered nurse's delivery of health care 67 services to the collaborating physician for review by the collaborating physician, or any other 68 physician designated in the collaborative practice arrangement, every fourteen days; and

(10) The collaborating physician, or any other physician designated in the collaborative practice arrangement, shall review every fourteen days a minimum of twenty percent of the charts in which the advanced practice registered nurse prescribes controlled substances. The charts reviewed under this subdivision may be counted in the number of charts required to be reviewed under subdivision (9) of this subsection.

74 4. The state board of registration for the healing arts pursuant to section 334.125 and the 75 board of nursing pursuant to section 335.036 may jointly promulgate rules regulating the use of 76 collaborative practice arrangements. Such rules shall be limited to specifying geographic areas 77 to be covered, the methods of treatment that may be covered by collaborative practice 78 arrangements and the requirements for review of services provided pursuant to collaborative 79 practice arrangements including delegating authority to prescribe controlled substances. Any 80 rules relating to dispensing or distribution of medications or devices by prescription or 81 prescription drug orders under this section shall be subject to the approval of the state board of 82 pharmacy. Any rules relating to dispensing or distribution of controlled substances by 83 prescription or prescription drug orders under this section shall be subject to the approval of the 84 department of health and senior services and the state board of pharmacy. In order to take effect, such rules shall be approved by a majority vote of a quorum of each board. Neither the state 85 board of registration for the healing arts nor the board of nursing may separately promulgate rules 86 relating to collaborative practice arrangements. Such jointly promulgated rules shall be 87 consistent with guidelines for federally funded clinics. The rulemaking authority granted in this 88 89 subsection shall not extend to collaborative practice arrangements of hospital employees 90 providing inpatient care within hospitals as defined pursuant to chapter 197 or population-based 91 public health services as defined by 20 CSR 2150-5.100 as of April 30, 2008.

5. The state board of registration for the healing arts shall not deny, revoke, suspend or otherwise take disciplinary action against a physician for health care services delegated to a registered professional nurse provided the provisions of this section and the rules promulgated thereunder are satisfied. Upon the written request of a physician subject to a disciplinary action imposed as a result of an agreement between a physician and a registered professional nurse or registered physician assistant, whether written or not, prior to August 28, 1993, all records of such disciplinary licensure action and all records pertaining to the filing, investigation or review

99 of an alleged violation of this chapter incurred as a result of such an agreement shall be removed 100 from the records of the state board of registration for the healing arts and the division of 101 professional registration and shall not be disclosed to any public or private entity seeking such 102 information from the board or the division. The state board of registration for the healing arts 103 shall take action to correct reports of alleged violations and disciplinary actions as described in 104 this section which have been submitted to the National Practitioner Data Bank. In subsequent 105 applications or representations relating to his medical practice, a physician completing forms or 106 documents shall not be required to report any actions of the state board of registration for the 107 healing arts for which the records are subject to removal under this section.

108 6. Within thirty days of any change and on each renewal, the state board of registration 109 for the healing arts shall require every physician to identify whether the physician is engaged in 110 any collaborative practice agreement, including collaborative practice agreements delegating the 111 authority to prescribe controlled substances, or physician assistant agreement and also report to 112 the board the name of each licensed professional with whom the physician has entered into such 113 agreement. The board may make this information available to the public. The board shall track 114 the reported information and may routinely conduct random reviews of such agreements to 115 ensure that agreements are carried out for compliance under this chapter.

116 7. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a certified registered nurse anesthetist as 117 defined in subdivision (8) of section 335.016 shall be permitted to provide anesthesia services 118 without a collaborative practice arrangement provided that he or she is under the supervision of 119 an anesthesiologist or other physician, dentist, or podiatrist who is immediately available if 120 needed. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit or prevent a certified registered 121 nurse anesthetist as defined in subdivision (8) of section 335.016 from entering into a 122 collaborative practice arrangement under this section, except that the collaborative practice 123 arrangement may not delegate the authority to prescribe any controlled substances listed in 124 Schedules III, IV, and V of section 195.017, or Schedule II - hydrocodone.

125 8. A collaborating physician [or supervising physician] shall not enter into a 126 collaborative practice arrangement [or supervision agreement] with more than six full-time 127 equivalent advanced practice registered nurses, full-time equivalent licensed physician assistants, 128 or full-time equivalent assistant physicians, or any combination thereof. This limitation shall not 129 apply to collaborative arrangements of hospital employees providing inpatient care service in 130 hospitals as defined in chapter 197 or population-based public health services as defined by 20 131 CSR 2150- 5.100 as of April 30, 2008, or to a certified registered nurse anesthetist providing 132 anesthesia services under the supervision of an anesthesiologist or other physician, dentist, or 133 podiatrist who is immediately available if needed as set out in subsection 7 of this section.

9. It is the responsibility of the collaborating physician to determine and document the completion of at least a one-month period of time during which the advanced practice registered nurse shall practice with the collaborating physician continuously present before practicing in a setting where the collaborating physician is not continuously present. This limitation shall not apply to collaborative arrangements of providers of population-based public health services as defined by 20 CSR 2150-5.100 as of April 30, 2008.

140 10. No agreement made under this section shall supersede current hospital licensing 141 regulations governing hospital medication orders under protocols or standing orders for the 142 purpose of delivering inpatient or emergency care within a hospital as defined in section 197.020 143 if such protocols or standing orders have been approved by the hospital's medical staff and 144 pharmaceutical therapeutics committee.

145 11. No contract or other agreement shall require a physician to act as a collaborating physician for an advanced practice registered nurse against the physician's will. A physician 146 147 shall have the right to refuse to act as a collaborating physician, without penalty, for a particular 148 advanced practice registered nurse. No contract or other agreement shall limit the collaborating 149 physician's ultimate authority over any protocols or standing orders or in the delegation of the 150 physician's authority to any advanced practice registered nurse, but this requirement shall not 151 authorize a physician in implementing such protocols, standing orders, or delegation to violate 152 applicable standards for safe medical practice established by hospital's medical staff.

153 12. No contract or other agreement shall require any advanced practice registered nurse 154 to serve as a collaborating advanced practice registered nurse for any collaborating physician 155 against the advanced practice registered nurse's will. An advanced practice registered nurse shall 156 have the right to refuse to collaborate, without penalty, with a particular physician.

334.108. 1. Prior to prescribing any drug, controlled substance, or other treatment
through telemedicine, as defined in section 191.1145, or the internet, a physician shall establish
a valid physician-patient relationship as described in section 191.1146. This relationship shall
include:

5 (1) Obtaining a reliable medical history and performing a physical examination of the 6 patient, adequate to establish the diagnosis for which the drug is being prescribed and to identify 7 underlying conditions or contraindications to the treatment recommended or provided;

8 (2) Having sufficient dialogue with the patient regarding treatment options and the risks
9 and benefits of treatment or treatments;

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(3) If appropriate, following up with the patient to assess the therapeutic outcome;

11 (4) Maintaining a contemporaneous medical record that is readily available to the patient

12 and, subject to the patient's consent, to the patient's other health care professionals; and

- 13 (5) Maintaining the electronic prescription information as part of the patient's medical record. 14
- 15 2. The requirements of subsection 1 of this section may be satisfied by the prescribing 16 physician's designee when treatment is provided in:
- 17 (1) A hospital as defined in section 197.020;
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- (2) A hospice program as defined in section 197.250;
- 19 (3) Home health services provided by a home health agency as defined in section 20 197.400;
- 21 22
- (4) Accordance with a collaborative practice agreement as defined in section 334.104;
- (5) Conjunction with a physician assistant licensed pursuant to section 334.738;
- 23
- (6) Conjunction with an assistant physician licensed under section 334.036;
- 24 (7) Consultation with another physician who has an ongoing physician-patient 25 relationship with the patient, and who has agreed to supervise the patient's treatment, including use of any prescribed medications; or 26
- 27
- (8) On-call or cross-coverage situations.
- 28 3. No health care provider, as defined in section 376.1350, shall prescribe any drug, 29 controlled substance, or other treatment to a patient based solely on an evaluation over the 30 telephone; except that, a physician[,] or such physician's on-call designee, or an advanced 31 practice registered nurse, a physician assistant, or an assistant physician in a collaborative 32 practice arrangement with such physician, [a physician assistant in a supervision agreement with such physician, or an assistant physician in a supervision agreement with such physician] may 33 34 prescribe any drug, controlled substance, or other treatment that is within his or her scope of 35 practice to a patient based solely on a telephone evaluation if a previously established and 36 ongoing physician-patient relationship exists between such physician and the patient being 37 treated.
- 38 4. No health care provider shall prescribe any drug, controlled substance, or other 39 treatment to a patient based solely on an internet request or an internet questionnaire.

(1) "Applicant", any individual who seeks to become licensed as a physician assistant;

334.735. 1. As used in sections 334.735 to 334.749, the following terms mean:

- 2 3
- (2) "Certification" or "registration", a process by a certifying entity that grants
- recognition to applicants meeting predetermined qualifications specified by such certifying 4 5 entity;
- 6 (3) "Certifying entity", the nongovernmental agency or association which certifies or registers individuals who have completed academic and training requirements; 7

8 (4) "Collaborative practice arrangement", written agreements, jointly agreed upon
9 protocols, or standing orders, all of which shall be in writing, for the delivery of health care
10 services;

(5) "Department", the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional
 registration or a designated agency thereof;

[(5)] (6) "License", a document issued to an applicant by the board acknowledging that
 the applicant is entitled to practice as a physician assistant;

15 [(6)] (7) "Physician assistant", a person who has graduated from a physician assistant program accredited by the [American Medical Association's Committee on Allied Health 16 17 Education and Accreditation or by its successor agency] Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant or its successor agency, prior to 2001, or the 18 Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation or the Commission on 19 20 Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs, who has passed the certifying examination administered by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants 21 22 and has active certification by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants who provides health care services delegated by a licensed physician. A person who has been 23 24 employed as a physician assistant for three years prior to August 28, 1989, who has passed the 25 National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants examination, and has active 26 certification of the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants;

[(7)] (8) "Recognition", the formal process of becoming a certifying entity as required
by the provisions of sections 334.735 to 334.749;

29 [(8) "Supervision", control exercised over a physician assistant working with a supervising physician and oversight of the activities of and accepting responsibility for the 30 physician assistant's delivery of care. The physician assistant shall only practice at a location 31 32 where the physician routinely provides patient care, except existing patients of the supervising physician in the patient's home and correctional facilities. The supervising physician must be 33 immediately available in person or via telecommunication during the time the physician assistant 34 35 is providing patient care. Prior to commencing practice, the supervising physician and physician 36 assistant shall attest on a form provided by the board that the physician shall provide supervision appropriate to the physician assistant's training and that the physician assistant shall not practice 37 beyond the physician assistant's training and experience. Appropriate supervision shall require 38 the supervising physician to be working within the same facility as the physician assistant for at 39 40 least four hours within one calendar day for every fourteen days on which the physician assistant 41 provides patient care as described in subsection 3 of this section. Only days in which the 42 physician assistant provides patient care as described in subsection 3 of this section shall be 43 counted toward the fourteen-day period. The requirement of appropriate supervision shall be

44 applied so that no more than thirteen calendar days in which a physician assistant provides

45 patient care shall pass between the physician's four hours working within the same facility. The

46 board shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 536 for documentation of joint review of the

47 physician assistant activity by the supervising physician and the physician assistant.

48 2. (1) A supervision agreement shall limit the physician assistant to practice only at
 49 locations described in subdivision (8) of subsection 1 of this section, within a geographic
 50 proximity to be determined by the board of registration for the healing arts.

51 (2) For a physician-physician assistant team working in a certified community behavioral

52 health clinic as defined by P.L. 113-93 and a rural health clinic under the federal Rural Health

53 Clinic Services Act, P.L. 95-210, as amended, or a federally qualified health center as defined

in 42 U.S.C. Section 1395 of the Public Health Service Act, as amended, no supervision
 requirements in addition to the minimum federal law shall be required.

56 <u>3.</u>] **2.** The scope of practice of a physician assistant shall consist only of the following 57 services and procedures:

58

(1) Taking patient histories;

59 (2) Performing physical examinations of a patient;

60 (3) Performing or assisting in the performance of routine office laboratory and patient61 screening procedures;

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(4) Performing routine therapeutic procedures;

63 (5) Recording diagnostic impressions and evaluating situations calling for attention of64 a physician to institute treatment procedures;

(6) Instructing and counseling patients regarding mental and physical health using
 procedures reviewed and approved by a [licensed] collaborating physician;

67 (7) Assisting the supervising physician in institutional settings, including reviewing of
68 treatment plans, ordering of tests and diagnostic laboratory and radiological services, and
69 ordering of therapies, using procedures reviewed and approved by a licensed physician;

70 (8) Assisting in surgery; and

(9) Performing such other tasks not prohibited by law under the [supervision of]
 collaborative practice arrangement with a licensed physician as the physician['s] assistant has
 been trained and is proficient to perform[; and

74 - (10)].

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3. Physician assistants shall not perform or prescribe abortions.

4. Physician assistants shall not prescribe any drug, medicine, device or therapy unless pursuant to a [physician supervision agreement] collaborative practice arrangement in accordance with the law, nor prescribe lenses, prisms or contact lenses for the aid, relief or correction of vision or the measurement of visual power or visual efficiency of the human eye,

80 nor administer or monitor general or regional block anesthesia during diagnostic tests, surgery

or obstetric procedures. Prescribing of drugs, medications, devices or therapies by a physician
 assistant shall be pursuant to a [physician assistant supervision agreement] collaborative
 practice arrangement which is specific to the clinical conditions treated by the supervising
 physician and the physician assistant shall be subject to the following:

85 (1) A physician assistant shall only prescribe controlled substances in accordance with 86 section 334.747;

87 (2) The types of drugs, medications, devices or therapies prescribed by a physician 88 assistant shall be consistent with the scopes of practice of the physician assistant and the 89 [supervising] collaborating physician;

(3) All prescriptions shall conform with state and federal laws and regulations and shall
 include the name, address and telephone number of the physician assistant and the supervising
 physician;

93 (4) A physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse as defined in section
 94 335.016 may request, receive and sign for noncontrolled professional samples and may distribute
 95 professional samples to patients; and

96 (5) A physician assistant shall not prescribe any drugs, medicines, devices or therapies
97 the [supervising] collaborating physician is not qualified or authorized to prescribe.

98 5. A physician assistant shall clearly identify himself or herself as a physician assistant 99 and shall not use or permit to be used in the physician assistant's behalf the terms "doctor", "Dr." or "doc" nor hold himself or herself out in any way to be a physician or surgeon. No physician 100 assistant shall practice or attempt to practice without physician [supervision] collaboration or 101 102 in any location where the [supervising] collaborating physician is not immediately available for 103 consultation, assistance and intervention, except as otherwise provided in this section, and in an 104 emergency situation, nor shall any physician assistant bill a patient independently or directly for 105 any services or procedure by the physician assistant; except that, nothing in this subsection shall 106 be construed to prohibit a physician assistant from enrolling with a third party plan or the 107 department of social services as a MO HealthNet or Medicaid provider while acting under a 108 [supervision agreement] collaborative practice arrangement between the physician and 109 physician assistant.

6. [For purposes of this section, the] The licensing of physician assistants shall take place within processes established by the state board of registration for the healing arts through rule and regulation. The board of healing arts is authorized to establish rules pursuant to chapter 536 establishing licensing and renewal procedures, [supervision, supervision agreements] collaboration, collaborative practice arrangements, fees, and addressing such other matters as are necessary to protect the public and discipline the profession. An application for licensing

116 may be denied or the license of a physician assistant may be suspended or revoked by the board in the same manner and for violation of the standards as set forth by section 334.100, or such 117 118 other standards of conduct set by the board by rule or regulation. Persons licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 335 shall not be required to be licensed as physician assistants. All 119 applicants for physician assistant licensure who complete a physician assistant training program 120 121 after January 1, 2008, shall have a master's degree from a physician assistant program. 122 7. ["Physician assistant supervision agreement" means a written agreement, jointly agreed-upon protocols or standing order between a supervising physician and a physician 123 124 assistant, which provides for the delegation of health care services from a supervising physician to a physician assistant and the review of such services. The agreement shall contain at least the 125 126 following provisions: 127 (1) Complete names, home and business addresses, zip codes, telephone numbers, and

state license numbers of the supervising physician and the physician assistant; 128

129 (2) A list of all offices or locations where the physician routinely provides patient care,

and in which of such offices or locations the supervising physician has authorized the physician 130 131 assistant to practice;

(3) All specialty or board certifications of the supervising physician; 132

133 (4) The manner of supervision between the supervising physician and the physician

assistant, including how the supervising physician and the physician assistant shall: 134

135 (a) Attest on a form provided by the board that the physician shall provide supervision appropriate to the physician assistant's training and experience and that the physician assistant 136 shall not practice beyond the scope of the physician assistant's training and experience nor the 137

supervising physician's capabilities and training; and 138

139 (b) Provide coverage during absence, incapacity, infirmity, or emergency by the supervising physician; 140

141 (5) The duration of the supervision agreement between the supervising physician and 142 physician assistant; and

(6) A description of the time and manner of the supervising physician's review of the 143 144 physician assistant's delivery of health care services. Such description shall include provisions that the supervising physician, or a designated supervising physician listed in the supervision 145 146 agreement review a minimum of ten percent of the charts of the physician assistant's delivery of 147 health care services every fourteen days.

148 8. When a physician assistant supervision agreement is utilized to provide health care

services for conditions other than acute self-limited or well-defined problems, the supervising 149

physician or other physician designated in the supervision agreement shall see the patient for 150

evaluation and approve or formulate the plan of treatment for new or significantly changed 151

conditions as soon as practical, but in no case more than two weeks after the patient has been
seen by the physician assistant.

154 — 9.] At all times the physician is responsible for the oversight of the activities of, and 155 accepts responsibility for, health care services rendered by the physician assistant.

- 156 [10. It is the responsibility of the supervising physician to determine and document the 157 completion of at least a one-month period of time during which the licensed physician assistant 158 shall practice with a supervising physician continuously present before practicing in a setting 159 where a supervising physician is not continuously present.
- 160 161 physician assistants. Collaborative practice arrangements, which shall be in writing, may delegate to a physician assistant the authority to prescribe, administer, or dispense drugs 162 163 and provide treatment which is within the skill, training, and competence of the physician 164 assistant. Collaborative practice arrangements may delegate to a physician assistant, as defined in section 334.735, the authority to administer, dispense, or prescribe controlled 165 166 substances listed in Schedules III, IV, and V of section 195.017, and Schedule II hydrocodone. Schedule III narcotic controlled substances and Schedule II - hydrocodone 167 168 prescriptions shall be limited to a one hundred twenty-hour supply without refill. Such 169 collaborative practice arrangements shall be in the form of a written arrangement, jointly 170 agreed-upon protocols, or standing orders for the delivery of health care services.

171 9. The written collaborative practice arrangement shall contain at least the 172 following provisions:

173 (1) Complete names, home and business addresses, zip codes, and telephone
174 numbers of the collaborating physician and the physician assistant;

(2) A list of all other offices or locations, other than those listed in subdivision (1)
of this subsection, where the collaborating physician has authorized the physician assistant
to prescribe;

(3) A requirement that there shall be posted at every office where the physician
assistant is authorized to prescribe, in collaboration with a physician, a prominently
displayed disclosure statement informing patients that they may be seen by a physician
assistant and have the right to see the collaborating physician;

(4) All specialty or board certifications of the collaborating physician and all
 certifications of the physician assistant;

(5) The manner of collaboration between the collaborating physician and the
 physician assistant, including how the collaborating physician and the physician assistant
 will:

187 (a) Engage in collaborative practice consistent with each professional's skill,
 188 training, education, and competence;

(b) Maintain geographic proximity, as determined by the board of registration for
 the healing arts; and

(c) Provide coverage during absence, incapacity, infirmity, or emergency of the
 collaborating physician;

193 (6) A list of all other written collaborative practice arrangements of the 194 collaborating physician and the physician assistant;

(7) The duration of the written practice arrangement between the collaborating
 physician and the physician assistant;

(8) A description of the time and manner of the collaborating physician's review of the physician assistant's delivery of health care services. The description shall include provisions that the physician assistant shall submit a minimum of ten percent of the charts documenting the physician assistant's delivery of health care services to the collaborating physician for review by the collaborating physician, or any other physician designated in the collaborative practice arrangement, every fourteen days. Reviews may be conducted electronically;

(9) The collaborating physician, or any other physician designated in the collaborative practice arrangement, shall review every fourteen days a minimum of twenty percent of the charts in which the physician assistant prescribes controlled substances. The charts reviewed under this subdivision may be counted in the number of charts required to be reviewed under subdivision (8) of this subsection; and

(10) A statement that no collaboration requirements in addition to the federal law shall be required for a physician-physician assistant team working in a certified community behavioral health clinic as defined by Pub.L. 113-93, or a rural health clinic under the federal Rural Health Services Act, Pub.L. 95-210, as amended, or a federally qualified health center as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 1395 of the Public Health Service Act, as amended.

215 10. The state board of registration for the healing arts under section 334.125 may
 216 promulgate rules regulating the use of collaborative practice arrangements.

217 11. The state board of registration for the healing arts shall not deny, revoke, 218 suspend, or otherwise take disciplinary action against a collaborating physician for health 219 care services delegated to a physician assistant, provided that the provisions of this section 220 and the rules promulgated thereunder are satisfied.

12. Within thirty days of any change and on each renewal, the state board of registration for the healing arts shall require every physician to identify whether the

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physician is engaged in any collaborative practice arrangement, including collaborative practice arrangements delegating the authority to prescribe controlled substances, and also report to the board the name of each physician assistant with whom the physician has entered into such arrangement. The board may make such information available to the public. The board shall track the reported information and may routinely conduct random

public. The board shall track the reported information and may routinely conduct random
reviews of such arrangements to ensure that the arrangements are carried out in
compliance with this chapter.

13. The collaborating physician shall determine and document the completion of a period of time during which the physician assistant shall practice with the collaborating physician continuously present before practicing in a setting where the collaborating physician is not continuously present. This limitation shall not apply to collaborative arrangements of providers of population-based public health services as defined by 20 CSR 2150-5.100 as of April 30, 2009.

236 14. No contract or other [agreement] arrangement shall require a physician to act as a 237 [supervising] collaborating physician for a physician assistant against the physician's will. A 238 physician shall have the right to refuse to act as a supervising physician, without penalty, for a 239 particular physician assistant. No contract or other agreement shall limit the [supervising] 240 collaborating physician's ultimate authority over any protocols or standing orders or in the delegation of the physician's authority to any physician assistant[, but this requirement shall not 241 authorize a physician in implementing such protocols, standing orders, or delegation to violate 242 243 applicable standards for safe medical practice established by the hospital's medical staff]. No 244 contract or other arrangement shall require any physician assistant to collaborate with any 245 physician against the physician assistant's will. A physician assistant shall have the right 246 to refuse to collaborate, without penalty, with a particular physician.

[12.] 15. Physician assistants shall file with the board a copy of their [supervising]
collaborating physician form.

249 [13.] 16. No physician shall be designated to serve as [supervising physician or] a 250 collaborating physician for more than six full-time equivalent licensed physician assistants, full-251 time equivalent advanced practice registered nurses, or full-time equivalent assistant physicians, 252 or any combination thereof. This limitation shall not apply to physician assistant [agreements] 253 collaborative practice arrangements of hospital employees providing inpatient care service in 254 hospitals as defined in chapter 197, or to a certified registered nurse anesthetist providing 255 anesthesia services under the supervision of an anesthesiologist or other physician, dentist, or 256 podiatrist who is immediately available if needed as set out in subsection 7 of section 334.104. 257 17. No arrangement made under this section shall supercede current hospital

258 licensing regulations governing hospital medication orders under protocols or standing

259 orders for the purpose of delivering inpatient or emergency care within a hospital, as

260 defined in section 197.020, if such protocols or standing orders have been approved by the

261 hospital's medical staff and pharmaceutical therapeutics committee.

334.736. Notwithstanding any other provision of sections 334.735 to 334.749, the board may issue without examination a temporary license to practice as a physician assistant. Upon the applicant paying a temporary license fee and the submission of all necessary documents as determined by the board, the board may grant a temporary license to any person who meets the gualifications provided in [section] sections 334.735 to 334.749 which shall be valid until the results of the next examination are announced. The temporary license may be renewed at the discretion of the board and upon payment of the temporary license fee.

334.747. 1. A physician assistant with a certificate of controlled substance prescriptive 2 authority as provided in this section may prescribe any controlled substance listed in Schedule III, IV, or V of section 195.017, and may have restricted authority in Schedule II, when delegated 3 the authority to prescribe controlled substances in a [supervision agreement] collaborative 4 5 practice arrangement. Such authority shall be listed on the [supervision verification] collaborating physician form on file with the state board of healing arts. The [supervising] 6 7 collaborating physician shall maintain the right to limit a specific scheduled drug or scheduled drug category that the physician assistant is permitted to prescribe. Any limitations shall be 8 listed on the [supervision] collaborating physician form. Prescriptions for Schedule II 9 medications prescribed by a physician assistant with authority to prescribe delegated in a 10 11 [supervision agreement] collaborative practice arrangement are restricted to only those medications containing hydrocodone. Physician assistants shall not prescribe controlled 12 13 substances for themselves or members of their families. Schedule III controlled substances and 14 Schedule II - hydrocodone prescriptions shall be limited to a five-day supply without refill, except that buprenorphine may be prescribed for up to a thirty-day supply without refill for 15 patients receiving medication-assisted treatment for substance use disorders under the direction 16 of the [supervising] collaborating physician. Physician assistants who are authorized to 17 18 prescribe controlled substances under this section shall register with the federal Drug 19 Enforcement Administration and the state bureau of narcotics and dangerous drugs, and shall 20 include the Drug Enforcement Administration registration number on prescriptions for controlled 21 substances.

22 2. The [supervising] collaborating physician shall be responsible to determine and 23 document the completion of at least one hundred twenty hours in a four-month period by the 24 physician assistant during which the physician assistant shall practice with the [supervising] 25 collaborating physician on-site prior to prescribing controlled substances when the [supervising]

collaborating physician is not on-site. Such limitation shall not apply to physician assistants
 of population-based public health services as defined in 20 CSR 2150-5.100 as of April 30, 2009.

3. A physician assistant shall receive a certificate of controlled substance prescriptive
authority from the board of healing arts upon verification of the completion of the following
educational requirements:

(1) Successful completion of an advanced pharmacology course that includes clinical
training in the prescription of drugs, medicines, and therapeutic devices. A course or courses
with advanced pharmacological content in a physician assistant program accredited by the
Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant (ARC-PA) or its
predecessor agency shall satisfy such requirement;

(2) Completion of a minimum of three hundred clock hours of clinical training by the
 [supervising] collaborating physician in the prescription of drugs, medicines, and therapeutic
 devices;

39 (3) Completion of a minimum of one year of supervised clinical practice or supervised
40 clinical rotations. One year of clinical rotations in a program accredited by the Accreditation
41 Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant (ARC-PA) or its predecessor
42 agency, which includes pharmacotherapeutics as a component of its clinical training, shall satisfy
43 such requirement. Proof of such training shall serve to document experience in the prescribing
44 of drugs, medicines, and therapeutic devices;

45 (4) A physician assistant previously licensed in a jurisdiction where physician assistants 46 are authorized to prescribe controlled substances may obtain a state bureau of narcotics and 47 dangerous drugs registration if a [supervising] collaborating physician can attest that the 48 physician assistant has met the requirements of subdivisions (1) to (3) of this subsection and 49 provides documentation of existing federal Drug Enforcement Agency registration.

334.749. 1. There is hereby established an "Advisory Commission for Physician
Assistants" which shall guide, advise and make recommendations to the board. The commission
shall also be responsible for the ongoing examination of the scope of practice and promoting the
continuing role of physician assistants in the delivery of health care services. The commission
shall assist the board in carrying out the provisions of sections 334.735 to 334.749.

6 2. The commission shall be appointed no later than October 1, 1996, and shall consist 7 of five members, one member of the board, two licensed physician assistants, one physician and 8 one lay member. The two licensed physician assistant members, the physician member and the 9 lay member shall be appointed by the director of the division of professional registration. Each 10 licensed physician assistant member shall be a citizen of the United States and a resident of this 11 state, and shall be licensed as a physician assistant by this state. The physician member shall be 12 a United States citizen, a resident of this state, have an active Missouri license to practice

medicine in this state and shall be a [supervising] collaborating physician, at the time of 13 14 appointment, to a licensed physician assistant. The lay member shall be a United States citizen and a resident of this state. The licensed physician assistant members shall be appointed to serve 15 three-year terms, except that the first commission appointed shall consist of one member whose 16 term shall be for one year and one member whose term shall be for two years. The physician 17 18 member and lay member shall each be appointed to serve a three-year term. No physician 19 assistant member nor the physician member shall be appointed for more than two consecutive 20 three-year terms. The president of the Missouri Academy of Physicians Assistants in office at 21 the time shall, at least ninety days prior to the expiration of a term of a physician assistant 22 member of a commission member or as soon as feasible after such a vacancy on the commission 23 otherwise occurs, submit to the director of the division of professional registration a list of five 24 physician assistants qualified and willing to fill the vacancy in question, with the request and 25 recommendation that the director appoint one of the five persons so listed, and with the list so 26 submitted, the president of the Missouri Academy of Physicians Assistants shall include in his 27 or her letter of transmittal a description of the method by which the names were chosen by that 28 association.

3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any appointed member of the commission shall receive as compensation an amount established by the director of the division of professional registration not to exceed seventy dollars per day for commission business plus actual and necessary expenses. The director of the division of professional registration shall establish by rule guidelines for payment. All staff for the commission shall be provided by the state board of registration for the healing arts.

4. The commission shall hold an open annual meeting at which time it shall elect from its membership a chairman and secretary. The commission may hold such additional meetings as may be required in the performance of its duties, provided that notice of every meeting shall be given to each member at least ten days prior to the date of the meeting. A quorum of the commission shall consist of a majority of its members.

5. On August 28, 1998, all members of the advisory commission for registered physician assistants shall become members of the advisory commission for physician assistants and their successor shall be appointed in the same manner and at the time their terms would have expired as members of the advisory commission for registered physician assistants.

337.050. 1. There is hereby created and established a "State Committee of
Psychologists", which shall consist of seven licensed psychologists and one public member. The
state committee of psychologists existing on August 28, 1989, is abolished. Nothing in this
section shall be construed to prevent the appointment of any current member of the state

5 committee of psychologists to the new state committee of psychologists created on August 28,6 1989.

7 2. Appointments to the committee shall be made by the governor upon the recommendations of the director of the division, upon the advice and consent of the senate. The 8 9 division, prior to submitting nominations, shall solicit nominees from professional psychological associations and licensed psychologists in the state. The term of office for committee members 10 shall be five years, and committee members shall not serve more than ten years. No person who 11 12 has previously served on the committee for ten years shall be eligible for appointment. In 13 making initial appointments to the committee, the governor shall stagger the terms of the appointees so that two members serve initial terms of two years, two members serve initial terms 14 15 of three years, and two members serve initial terms of four years.

16 3. Each committee member shall be a resident of the state of Missouri for one year, shall be a United States citizen, and shall, other than the public member, have been licensed as a 17 18 psychologist in this state for at least three years. Committee members shall reflect a diversity 19 of practice specialties. To ensure adequate representation of the diverse fields of psychology, 20 the committee shall consist of at least two psychologists who are engaged full time in the 21 doctoral teaching and training of psychologists, and at least two psychologists who are engaged 22 full time in the professional practice of psychology. In addition, the first appointment to the 23 committee shall include at least one psychologist who shall be licensed on the basis of a master's 24 degree who shall serve a full term of five years. Nothing in sections 337.010 to 337.090 shall 25 be construed to prohibit full membership rights on the committee for psychologists licensed on the basis of a master's degree. If a member of the committee shall, during the member's term as 26 a committee member, remove the member's domicile from the state of Missouri, then the 27 28 committee shall immediately notify the director of the division, and the seat of that committee 29 member shall be declared vacant. All such vacancies shall be filled by appointment of the 30 governor with the advice and consent of the senate, and the member so appointed shall serve for 31 the unexpired term of the member whose seat has been declared vacant.

32 4. The public member shall be at the time of the public member's appointment a citizen 33 of the United States; a resident of this state for a period of one year and a registered voter; a 34 person who is not and never was a member of any profession licensed or regulated pursuant to 35 sections 337.010 to 337.093 or the spouse of such person; and a person who does not have and 36 never has had a material, financial interest in either the providing of the professional services 37 regulated by sections 337.010 to 337.093, or an activity or organization directly related to any profession licensed or regulated pursuant to sections 337.010 to 337.093. The duties of the 38 39 public member shall not include the determination of the technical requirements to be met for 40 licensure or whether any person meets such technical requirements or of the technical41 competence or technical judgment of a licensee or a candidate for licensure.

5. The committee shall hold a regular annual meeting at which it shall select from among
its members a chairperson and a secretary. A quorum of the committee shall consist of a
majority of its members. In the absence of the chairperson, the secretary shall conduct the office
of the chairperson.

6. Each member of the committee shall receive, as compensation, an amount set by the
division not to exceed fifty dollars for each day devoted to the affairs of the committee and shall
be entitled to reimbursement for necessary and actual expenses incurred in the performance of
the member's official duties.

50 7. Staff for the committee shall be provided by the director of the division of professional51 registration.

8. The governor may remove any member of the committee for misconduct, inefficiency,incompetency, or neglect of office.

9. In addition to the powers set forth elsewhere in sections 337.010 to 337.090, the division may adopt rules and regulations, not otherwise inconsistent with sections 337.010 to 337.090, to carry out the provisions of sections 337.010 to 337.090. The committee may promulgate, by rule, "Ethical Rules of Conduct" governing the practices of psychology which rules shall be based upon the ethical principles promulgated and published by the American Psychological Association.

60 10. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is promulgated to administer and enforce sections 337.010 to 337.090, shall become effective only 61 if the agency has fully complied with all of the requirements of chapter 536 including but not 62 limited to section 536.028 if applicable, after August 28, 1998. All rulemaking authority 63 64 delegated prior to August 28, 1998, is of no force and effect and repealed as of August 28, 1998, 65 however nothing in this act shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the validity of any rule adopted and promulgated prior to August 28, 1998. If the provisions of section 536.028 apply, the 66 provisions of this section are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general 67 68 assembly pursuant to section 536.028 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule or portion of a rule are held unconstitutional or invalid, the purported grant of 69 70 rulemaking authority and any rule so proposed and contained in the order of rulemaking shall be 71 invalid and void, except that nothing in this act shall affect the validity of any rule adopted and 72 promulgated prior to August 28, 1998.

11. The committee may sue and be sued in its official name, and shall have a seal which
shall be affixed to all certified copies or records and papers on file, and to such other instruments
as the committee may direct. All courts shall take judicial notice of such seal. Copies of records

and proceedings of the committee, and of all papers on file with the division on behalf of thecommittee certified under the seal shall be received as evidence in all courts of record.

12. When applying for a renewal of a license pursuant to section 337.030, each licensed psychologist shall submit proof of the completion of at least forty hours of continuing education credit within the two-year period immediately preceding the date of the application for renewal of the license, with a minimum of three of the forty hours of continuing education dedicated to professional ethics. The type of continuing education to be considered shall include, but not be limited to:
(1) Attending recognized educational seminars, the content of which are primarily

85 psychological, as defined by rule; 86 (2) Attending a graduate level source at a recognized educational institution where the

86 (2) Attending a graduate level course at a recognized educational institution where the 87 contents of which are primarily psychological, as defined by rule;

88 (3) Presenting a recognized educational seminar, the contents of which are primarily89 psychological, as defined by rule;

90 (4) Presenting a graduate level course at a recognized educational institution where the91 contents of which are primarily psychological, as defined by rule; and

92 (5) Independent course of studies, the contents of which are primarily psychological,93 which have been approved by the committee and defined by rule.

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The committee shall determine by administrative rule the amount of training, instruction, self-instruction or teaching that shall be counted as an hour of continuing education credit.

338.010. 1. The "practice of pharmacy" means the interpretation, implementation, and evaluation of medical prescription orders, including any legend drugs under 21 U.S.C. Section 2 353; receipt, transmission, or handling of such orders or facilitating the dispensing of such 3 orders; the designing, initiating, implementing, and monitoring of a medication therapeutic plan 4 as defined by the prescription order so long as the prescription order is specific to each patient 5 6 for care by a pharmacist; the compounding, dispensing, labeling, and administration of drugs and 7 devices pursuant to medical prescription orders and administration of viral influenza, pneumonia, 8 shingles, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, and meningitis vaccines by written protocol authorized by a physician for persons at least seven years of age or the age 9 10 recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, whichever is higher, or the administration of pneumonia, shingles, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, 11 12 meningitis, and viral influenza vaccines by written protocol authorized by a physician for a 13 specific patient as authorized by rule; the participation in drug selection according to state law 14 and participation in drug utilization reviews; the proper and safe storage of drugs and devices and 15 the maintenance of proper records thereof; consultation with patients and other health care

practitioners, and veterinarians and their clients about legend drugs, about the safe and effective 16 use of drugs and devices; and the offering or performing of those acts, services, operations, or 17 18 transactions necessary in the conduct, operation, management and control of a pharmacy. No 19 person shall engage in the practice of pharmacy unless he is licensed under the provisions of this 20 chapter. This chapter shall not be construed to prohibit the use of auxiliary personnel under the 21 direct supervision of a pharmacist from assisting the pharmacist in any of his or her duties. This 22 assistance in no way is intended to relieve the pharmacist from his or her responsibilities for 23 compliance with this chapter and he or she will be responsible for the actions of the auxiliary 24 personnel acting in his or her assistance. This chapter shall also not be construed to prohibit or 25 interfere with any legally registered practitioner of medicine, dentistry, or podiatry, or veterinary 26 medicine only for use in animals, or the practice of optometry in accordance with and as

provided in sections 195.070 and 336.220 in the compounding, administering, prescribing, or
dispensing of his or her own prescriptions.

29 2. Any pharmacist who accepts a prescription order for a medication therapeutic plan 30 shall have a written protocol from the physician who refers the patient for medication therapy 31 services. The written protocol and the prescription order for a medication therapeutic plan shall 32 come from the physician only, and shall not come from a nurse engaged in a collaborative 33 practice arrangement under section 334.104, or from a physician assistant engaged in a 34 [supervision agreement] collaborative practice arrangement under section 334.735.

35 3. Nothing in this section shall be construed as to prevent any person, firm or corporation 36 from owning a pharmacy regulated by sections 338.210 to 338.315, provided that a licensed 37 pharmacist is in charge of such pharmacy.

4. Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to or interfere with the sale of
nonprescription drugs and the ordinary household remedies and such drugs or medicines as are
normally sold by those engaged in the sale of general merchandise.

5. No health carrier as defined in chapter 376 shall require any physician with which they
contract to enter into a written protocol with a pharmacist for medication therapeutic services.

6. This section shall not be construed to allow a pharmacist to diagnose or independentlyprescribe pharmaceuticals.

7. The state board of registration for the healing arts, under section 334.125, and the state board of pharmacy, under section 338.140, shall jointly promulgate rules regulating the use of protocols for prescription orders for medication therapy services and administration of viral influenza vaccines. Such rules shall require protocols to include provisions allowing for timely communication between the pharmacist and the referring physician, and any other patient protection provisions deemed appropriate by both boards. In order to take effect, such rules shall be approved by a majority vote of a quorum of each board. Neither board shall separately

52 promulgate rules regulating the use of protocols for prescription orders for medication therapy 53 services and administration of viral influenza vaccines. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 54 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 55 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of 56 the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the 57 58 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 59 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be 60 invalid and void.

8. The state board of pharmacy may grant a certificate of medication therapeutic plan authority to a licensed pharmacist who submits proof of successful completion of a boardapproved course of academic clinical study beyond a bachelor of science in pharmacy, including but not limited to clinical assessment skills, from a nationally accredited college or university, or a certification of equivalence issued by a nationally recognized professional organization and approved by the board of pharmacy.

9. Any pharmacist who has received a certificate of medication therapeutic plan authority may engage in the designing, initiating, implementing, and monitoring of a medication therapeutic plan as defined by a prescription order from a physician that is specific to each patient for care by a pharmacist.

10. Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a pharmacist to make a therapeutic
substitution of a pharmaceutical prescribed by a physician unless authorized by the written
protocol or the physician's prescription order.

11. "Veterinarian", "doctor of veterinary medicine", "practitioner of veterinary medicine", "DVM", "VMD", "BVSe", "BVMS", "BSe (Vet Science)", "VMB", "MRCVS", or an equivalent title means a person who has received a doctor's degree in veterinary medicine from an accredited school of veterinary medicine or holds an Educational Commission for Foreign Veterinary Graduates (EDFVG) certificate issued by the American Veterinary Medical Association (AVMA).

80 12. In addition to other requirements established by the joint promulgation of rules by81 the board of pharmacy and the state board of registration for the healing arts:

82 (1) A pharmacist shall administer vaccines by protocol in accordance with treatment83 guidelines established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC);

84 (2) A pharmacist who is administering a vaccine shall request a patient to remain in the 85 pharmacy a safe amount of time after administering the vaccine to observe any adverse reactions.

86 Such pharmacist shall have adopted emergency treatment protocols;

103

(3) In addition to other requirements by the board, a pharmacist shall receive additional
training as required by the board and evidenced by receiving a certificate from the board upon
completion, and shall display the certification in his or her pharmacy where vaccines are
delivered.

91 13. A pharmacist shall inform the patient that the administration of the vaccine will be 92 entered into the ShowMeVax system, as administered by the department of health and senior 93 services. The patient shall attest to the inclusion of such information in the system by signing 94 a form provided by the pharmacist. If the patient indicates that he or she does not want such 95 information entered into the ShowMeVax system, the pharmacist shall provide a written report 96 within fourteen days of administration of a vaccine to the patient's primary health care provider, 97 if provided by the patient containing.

97 if provided by the patient, containing:

98 (1) The identity of the patient;

99 (2) The identity of the vaccine or vaccines administered;

100 (3) The route of administration;

101 (4) The anatomic site of the administration;

102 (5) The dose administered; and

(6) The date of administration.

630.175. 1. No person admitted on a voluntary or involuntary basis to any mental health 2 facility or mental health program in which people are civilly detained pursuant to chapter 632 3 and no patient, resident or client of a residential facility or day program operated, funded or 4 licensed by the department shall be subject to physical or chemical restraint, isolation or seclusion unless it is determined by the head of the facility, the attending licensed physician, or 5 in the circumstances specifically set forth in this section, by an advanced practice registered 6 nurse in a collaborative practice arrangement, or a physician assistant or an assistant physician 7 with a [supervision agreement] collaborative practice arrangement, with the attending licensed 8 physician that the chosen intervention is imminently necessary to protect the health and safety 9 10 of the patient, resident, client or others and that it provides the least restrictive environment. An 11 advanced practice registered nurse in a collaborative practice arrangement, or a physician 12 assistant or an assistant physician with a [supervision agreement] collaborative practice 13 arrangement, with the attending licensed physician may make a determination that the chosen 14 intervention is necessary for patients, residents, or clients of facilities or programs operated by the department, in hospitals as defined in section 197.020 that only provide psychiatric care and 15 in dedicated psychiatric units of general acute care hospitals as hospitals are defined in section 16 197.020. Any determination made by the advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, 17 18 or assistant physician shall be documented as required in subsection 2 of this section and

reviewed in person by the attending licensed physician if the episode of restraint is to extendbeyond:

21 22 (1) Four hours duration in the case of a person under eighteen years of age;

(2) Eight hours duration in the case of a person eighteen years of age or older; or

23 (3) For any total length of restraint lasting more than four hours duration in a twenty-

four-hour period in the case of a person under eighteen years of age or beyond eight hours duration in the case of a person eighteen years of age or older in a twenty-four-hour period.

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The review shall occur prior to the time limit specified under subsection 6 of this section andshall be documented by the licensed physician under subsection 2 of this section.

29 2. Every use of physical or chemical restraint, isolation or seclusion and the reasons 30 therefor shall be made a part of the clinical record of the patient, resident or client under the 31 signature of the head of the facility, or the attending licensed physician, or the advanced practice 32 registered nurse in a collaborative practice arrangement, or a physician assistant or an assistant 33 physician with a [supervision agreement] collaborative practice arrangement, with the 34 attending licensed physician.

35 3. Physical or chemical restraint, isolation or seclusion shall not be considered standard 36 treatment or habilitation and shall cease as soon as the circumstances causing the need for such 37 action have ended.

38 4. The use of security escort devices, including devices designed to restrict physical 39 movement, which are used to maintain safety and security and to prevent escape during transport 40 outside of a facility shall not be considered physical restraint within the meaning of this section. 41 Individuals who have been civilly detained under sections 632.300 to 632.475 may be placed in 42 security escort devices when transported outside of the facility if it is determined by the head of 43 the facility, or the attending licensed physician, or the advanced practice registered nurse in a 44 collaborative practice arrangement, or a physician assistant or an assistant physician with a 45 [supervision agreement] collaborative practice arrangement, with the attending licensed physician that the use of security escort devices is necessary to protect the health and safety of 46 47 the patient, resident, client, or other persons or is necessary to prevent escape. Individuals who have been civilly detained under sections 632.480 to 632.513 or committed under chapter 552 48 49 shall be placed in security escort devices when transported outside of the facility unless it is 50 determined by the head of the facility, or the attending licensed physician, or the advanced 51 practice registered nurse in a collaborative practice arrangement, or a physician assistant or an 52 assistant physician with a [supervision agreement] collaborative practice arrangement, with the attending licensed physician that security escort devices are not necessary to protect the 53

health and safety of the patient, resident, client, or other persons or is not necessary to preventescape.

56 5. Extraordinary measures employed by the head of the facility to ensure the safety and 57 security of patients, residents, clients, and other persons during times of natural or man-made 58 disasters shall not be considered restraint, isolation, or seclusion within the meaning of this 59 section.

60 6. Orders issued under this section by the advanced practice registered nurse in a 61 collaborative practice arrangement, or a physician assistant or an assistant physician with a 62 [supervision agreement] collaborative practice arrangement, with the attending licensed 63 physician shall be reviewed in person by the attending licensed physician of the facility within 64 twenty-four hours or the next regular working day of the order being issued, and such review 65 shall be documented in the clinical record of the patient, resident, or client.

7. For purposes of this subsection, "division" shall mean the division of developmental 66 67 disabilities. Restraint or seclusion shall not be used in habilitation centers or community programs that serve persons with developmental disabilities that are operated or funded by the 68 69 division unless such procedure is part of an emergency intervention system approved by the 70 division and is identified in such person's individual support plan. Direct-care staff that serve 71 persons with developmental disabilities in habilitation centers or community programs operated 72 or funded by the division shall be trained in an emergency intervention system approved by the 73 division when such emergency intervention system is identified in a consumer's individual 74 support plan.

630.875. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Improved Access to 2 Treatment for Opioid Addictions Act" or "IATOA Act".

3

2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

4

(1) "Department", the department of mental health;

5 (2) "IATOA program", the improved access to treatment for opioid addictions program 6 created under subsection 3 of this section.

3. Subject to appropriations, the department shall create and oversee an "Improved
8 Access to Treatment for Opioid Addictions Program", which is hereby created and whose

9 purpose is to disseminate information and best practices regarding opioid addiction and to 10 facilitate collaborations to better treat and prevent opioid addiction in this state. The IATOA 11 program shall facilitate partnerships between assistant physicians, physician assistants, and

advanced practice registered nurses practicing in federally qualified health centers, rural health

13 clinics, and other health care facilities and physicians practicing at remote facilities located in

14 this state. The IATOA program shall provide resources that grant patients and their treating

15 assistant physicians, physician assistants, advanced practice registered nurses, or physicians

16 access to knowledge and expertise through means such as telemedicine and Extension for

17 Community Healthcare Outcomes (ECHO) programs established under section 191.1140.

4. Assistant physicians, physician assistants, and advanced practice registered nurses
who participate in the IATOA program shall complete the necessary requirements to prescribe
buprenorphine within at least thirty days of joining the IATOA program.

- 5. For the purposes of the IATOA program, a remote collaborating [or supervising] physician working with an on-site assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse shall be considered to be on-site. An assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse collaborating with a remote physician shall comply with all laws and requirements applicable to assistant physicians, physician assistants, or advanced practice registered nurses with on-site supervision before providing treatment to a patient.
- 6. An assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse collaborating with a physician who is waiver-certified for the use of buprenorphine may participate in the IATOA program in any area of the state and provide all services and functions of an assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse.
- 31 7. The department may develop curriculum and benchmark examinations on the subject 32 of opioid addiction and treatment. The department may collaborate with specialists, institutions 33 of higher education, and medical schools for such development. Completion of such a 34 curriculum and passing of such an examination by an assistant physician, physician assistant, 35 advanced practice registered nurse, or physician shall result in a certificate awarded by the 36 department or sponsoring institution, if any.
- 8. An assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse
 participating in the IATOA program may also:
- 39 (1) Engage in community education;
- 40 (2) Engage in professional education outreach programs with local treatment providers;
- 41 (3) Serve as a liaison to courts;
- 42 (4) Serve as a liaison to addiction support organizations;
- 43 (5) Provide educational outreach to schools;
- 44 (6) Treat physical ailments of patients in an addiction treatment program or considering45 entering such a program;
- 46 (7) Refer patients to treatment centers;
- 47 (8) Assist patients with court and social service obligations;
- 48 (9) Perform other functions as authorized by the department; and
- 49 (10) Provide mental health services in collaboration with a qualified licensed physician.
- 50

51 The list of authorizations in this subsection is a nonexclusive list, and assistant physicians,

physician assistants, or advanced practice registered nurses participating in the IATOA program
 may perform other actions.

9. When an overdose survivor arrives in the emergency department, the assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse serving as a recovery coach or, if the assistant physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse is unavailable, another properly trained recovery coach shall, when reasonably practicable, meet with the overdose survivor and provide treatment options and support available to the overdose survivor. The department shall assist recovery coaches in providing treatment options and support to overdose survivors.

10. The provisions of this section shall supersede any contradictory statutes, rules, or regulations. The department shall implement the improved access to treatment for opioid addictions program as soon as reasonably possible using guidance within this section. Further refinement to the improved access to treatment for opioid addictions program may be done through the rules process.

66 11. The department shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of the improved access to treatment for opioid addictions act as soon as reasonably possible. Any rule or portion 67 68 of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 69 70 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 71 72 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after 73 74 August 28, 2018, shall be invalid and void.

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